

TORONTO DOMINION BANK
Form 424B2
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The information in this pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. This pricing supplement is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these Notes in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, Dated October 25, 2017.

Pricing Supplement dated October , 2017 to the

Product Prospectus Supplement MLN-ES-ETF-1 dated July 8, 2016 and

Prospectus Dated June 30, 2016

The
Toronto-Dominion
Bank

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Autocallable
Contingent Interest
Barrier Notes
Linked to the
shares of the
VanEck Vectors®
Junior Gold Miners
ETF Due
November 3, 2021.

The Toronto-Dominion Bank ("TD" or "we") is offering the Autocallable Contingent Interest Barrier Notes (the "Notes") linked to the shares of the VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF (the "Reference Asset"). The Notes will pay a Contingent Interest Payment on a Contingent Interest Payment Date (including the Maturity Date) at a per annum rate of between 7.30% and 8.30% (to be determined on the Pricing Date), such rate (the "Contingent Interest Rate") only if the Closing Price of the Reference Asset is greater than or equal to the Contingent Interest Barrier Price of 65% of the Initial Price on the related Valuation Date. The Notes will be automatically called if the Closing Price of the Reference Asset is greater than or equal to the Initial Price on any Valuation Date other than the Final Valuation Date. If the Notes are automatically called, on the first following Contingent Interest Payment Date (the "Call Payment Date"), we will pay a cash payment per Note equal to their Principal Amount, plus the Contingent Interest Payment otherwise due. No further amounts will be owed under the Notes. If the Notes are not automatically called, on the Maturity Date, in addition to any Contingent Interest Payment otherwise due, we will pay a cash payment, if anything, per Note equal to:

· If the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Barrier Price of 60% of the Initial Price, the Principal Amount of \$1,000.

· If the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price, the sum of (1) \$1,000 plus (2) the product of (i) \$1,000 times (ii) the Percentage Change

If the Notes are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price, investors will lose 1% of the Principal Amount of the Notes for each 1% that the Final Price is less than the Initial Price, and may lose the entire Principal Amount. Any payments on the Notes are subject to our credit risk.

The Notes are unsecured and are not savings accounts or insured deposits of a bank. The Notes are not insured or guaranteed by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation, the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality of Canada or the United States. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

The Notes do not guarantee the payment of any Contingent Interest Payments or the return of the Principal Amount and, if the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price, investors may lose up to their entire investment in the Notes.

The Notes have complex features and investing in the Notes involves a number of risks. See “Additional Risk Factors” beginning on page P-6 of this pricing supplement, “Additional Risk Factors Specific to the Notes” beginning on page PS-5 of the product prospectus supplement MLN-ES-ETF-1 dated July 8, 2016, (the “product prospectus supplement”) and “Risk Factors” beginning on page 1 of the prospectus dated June 30, 2016 (the “prospectus”).

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these Notes or determined that this pricing supplement, the product prospectus supplement or the prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

We will deliver the Notes in book-entry only form through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company on or about November 3, 2017, against payment in immediately available funds.

The estimated value of your Notes at the time the terms of your Notes are set on the Pricing Date is expected to be between \$950.00 and \$965.00 per Note, as discussed further under “Additional Risk Factors — Estimated Value” on page P-8 and “Additional Information Regarding the Estimated Value of the Notes” on page P-18 of this pricing supplement. The estimated value is expected to be less than the public offering price of the Notes.

	Public Offering Price ¹	Underwriting Discount ²	Proceeds to TD
Per Note	\$1,000.00	Up to \$27.50	At least \$972.50
Total	\$	\$	\$

The public offering price, underwriting discount and proceeds to TD listed above relate to the Notes we issue initially. We may decide to sell additional Notes after the date of the final pricing supplement, at public offering prices and with underwriting discounts and proceeds to TD that differ from the amounts set forth above. The return (whether positive or negative) on your investment in the Notes will depend in part on the public offering price you pay for such Notes.

¹ Certain dealers who purchase the Notes for sale to certain fee-based advisory accounts may forego some or all of their selling concessions, fees or commissions. The public offering price for investors purchasing the Notes in these accounts may be as low as \$972.50 (97.25%) per Note.

² TD Securities (USA) LLC (“TDS”) will purchase the Notes from TD at the public offering price less an underwriting discount of up to \$27.50 (2.75%) per Note for distribution to other registered broker-dealers, or will offer the Notes directly to investors. The underwriting discount represents the selling concessions for other dealers in connection with the distribution of the Notes. The other dealers may forgo, in their sole discretion, some or all of their selling concessions. TD will reimburse TDS for certain expenses in connection with its role in the offer and sale of the Notes, and TD will pay TDS a fee in connection with its role in the offer and sale of the Notes. See “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” on page P-18 of this pricing supplement.

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Autocallable Contingent Interest Barrier Notes

Linked to the shares of the VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF

Due November 3, 2021

Summary

The information in this “Summary” section is qualified by the more detailed information set forth in this pricing supplement, the product prospectus supplement and the prospectus.

Issuer: TD
Issue: Senior Debt Securities
Type of Note: Autocallable Contingent Interest Barrier Notes
Term: Approximately 4 years, subject to an automatic call
Reference Asset: The shares of the VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF (ticker: GDXJ)
CUSIP / ISIN: 89114QJU3 / US89114QJU31
Agent: TDS
Currency: U.S. Dollars
Minimum Investment: \$1,000 and minimum denominations of \$1,000 in excess thereof
Principal Amount: \$1,000 per Note
Pricing Date: October 31, 2017
November 3, 2017, which is three Business Days following the Pricing Date. Under Rule 15c6-1 under the Exchange Act, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in two business days (T+2), unless the parties to a trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the Notes in the secondary market on any date prior to two business days before delivery of the Notes will be required, by virtue of the fact that each Note initially will settle in three business days (T+3), to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement of the secondary market trade.
Issue Date: If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on any Valuation Date other than the Final Valuation Date is greater than or equal to the Initial Price, we will automatically call the Notes and, on the applicable Call Payment Date, will pay you a cash payment equal to the Principal Amount, plus the Contingent Interest Payment otherwise due. No further amounts will be owed to you under the Notes.
Call Feature: If the Notes are subject to an automatic call, the Call Payment Date will be the Contingent Interest Payment Date immediately following the relevant Valuation Date.
Call Payment Date:

Valuation Dates: The last calendar day of each January, April, July and October, commencing on January 31, 2018 and ending on October 31, 2021 (the “Final Valuation Date”), unless any such date is not a Trading Day, in which case the relevant Valuation Date (or Final Valuation Date) will be the next following Trading Day. If a Market Disruption Event occurs or is continuing on any Valuation Date (including the Final Valuation Date), the Valuation Date will be postponed to the next Trading Day on which no Market Disruption Event occurs or is continuing. In no event, however, will any Valuation Date be postponed by more than ten Trading Days. If the determination of the Closing Price of the Reference Asset for any Valuation Date is postponed to the last possible day, but a Market Disruption Event occurs or is continuing on that day, that day will nevertheless be the date on which the Closing Price of the Reference Asset will be determined. In such an event, the Calculation Agent will estimate the price that would have prevailed in the absence of the Market Disruption Event.

Contingent Interest Payment Dates: With respect to each Valuation Date, the second Business Day following the related Valuation Date, subject to postponement as described above under “— Valuation Dates”.

If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset is greater than or equal to the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on the relevant Valuation Date, a Contingent Interest Payment will be paid to you on the corresponding Contingent Interest Payment Date, in an amount equal to:

Principal Amount x Contingent Interest Rate x $\frac{1}{4}$

Contingent Interest Payment: **Contingent Interest Payments on the Notes are not guaranteed. You will not receive a Contingent Interest Payment on a Contingent Interest Payment Date if the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on the related Valuation Date is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price.**

Any Contingent Interest Payment due on a Note will be paid to the registered holder of such Note, as determined on the record date, which will be the Business Day preceding the relevant Contingent Interest Payment Date, provided that if you sell your Notes in the secondary market on a Valuation Date, the purchaser of the Notes shall be deemed to be the record holder on the applicable record date and therefore you will not be entitled to any payment attributable to that date.

Contingent Interest Rate: Expected to be between 7.30% and 8.30% per annum (to be determined on the Pricing Date).

Contingent Interest Barrier Price: 65% of the Initial Price (to be determined on the Pricing Date), subject to adjustment as described under “General Terms of the Notes— Anti-Dilution Adjustments” in the product prospectus supplement.

Maturity Date: November 3, 2021, which is three Business Days following the Final Valuation Date, subject to postponement as described above under “— Valuation Dates”.

Payment at Maturity: If the Notes are not automatically called, on the Maturity Date, in addition to any Contingent Interest Payment otherwise due, we will pay a cash payment, if anything, per Note equal to:

(If Not Called):

- If the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Barrier Price:

The Principal Amount of \$1,000.

- If the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price:

The sum of (1) \$1,000 plus (2) the product of (i) \$1,000 times (ii) the Percentage Change

If the Notes are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price, investors will lose 1% of the Principal Amount of the Notes for each 1% that the Final Price is less than the Initial Price, and may lose the entire Principal Amount. Any payments on the Notes are subject to our credit risk.

All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to the Notes, including the Payment at Maturity, will be rounded upward or downward as appropriate, to the nearest cent.

The Percentage Change is the quotient, expressed as a percentage, of the following formula:

Percentage

Change:
$$\frac{\text{Final Price} - \text{Initial Price}}{\text{Initial Price}}$$

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Initial Price: The Closing Price of the Reference Asset on the Pricing Date, subject to adjustment as described under “General Terms of the Notes— Anti-Dilution Adjustments” in the product prospectus supplement.

Final Price: The Closing Price of the Reference Asset on the Final Valuation Date.

Barrier Price: 60% of the Initial Price (to be determined on the Pricing Date), subject to adjustment as described under “General Terms of the Notes— Anti-Dilution Adjustments” in the product prospectus supplement.

Monitoring Period: Final Valuation Date Monitoring

Business Day: Any day that is a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law to close in New York City or Toronto.

U.S. Tax Treatment: By purchasing the Notes, you agree, in the absence of a statutory, regulatory, administrative or judicial ruling to the contrary, to treat the Notes, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as pre-paid derivative contracts with respect to the Reference Asset. Pursuant to this approach, it is likely that any Contingent Interest Payment that you receive should be included in ordinary income at the time you receive the payment or when it accrues, depending on your regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Based on certain factual representations received from us, in the opinion of our special U.S. tax counsel, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, it is reasonable to treat the Notes in the manner described above. However, because there is no authority that specifically addresses the tax treatment of the Notes, it is possible that your Notes could alternatively be treated for tax purposes as a single contingent payment debt instrument, or pursuant to some other characterization, such that the timing and character of your income from the Notes could differ materially from the treatment described above, as described further herein under “Supplemental Discussion of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” beginning on page P-16 and in the product prospectus supplement under “Supplemental Discussion of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” beginning on page PS-38.

Canadian Tax Treatment: Please see the discussion in the product prospectus supplement under “Supplemental Discussion of Canadian Tax Consequences,” which applies to the Notes.

Calculation Agent: TD

Listing: The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Clearance and Settlement: DTC global (including through its indirect participants Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as described under “Forms of the Debt Securities” and “Book-Entry Procedures and Settlement” in the prospectus).

The Pricing Date, the Issue Date, and all other dates listed above are subject to change. These dates will be set forth in the final pricing supplement that will be made available in connection with sales of the Notes.

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Additional Terms of Your Notes

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus, as supplemented by the product prospectus supplement, relating to our Senior Debt Securities, of which these Notes are a part. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this pricing supplement will have the meanings given to them in the product prospectus supplement. In the event of any conflict the following hierarchy will govern: first, this pricing supplement; second, the product prospectus supplement; and last, the prospectus. ***The Notes vary from the terms described in the product prospectus supplement in several important ways. You should read this pricing supplement carefully.***

This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of the Notes and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Additional Risk Factors” beginning on page P-6 of this pricing supplement, “Additional Risk Factors Specific to the Notes” beginning on page PS-5 of the product prospectus supplement and “Risk Factors” beginning on page 1 of the prospectus, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before you invest in the Notes. You may access these documents on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if that address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

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Prospectus dated June 30, 2016:

<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/947263/000119312516638441/d162493d424b3.htm>

§ Product Prospectus Supplement MLN-ES-ETF-1 dated July 8, 2016:

https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/947263/000089109216016045/e70441_424b2.htm

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0000947263. Alternatively, The Toronto-Dominion Bank, any Agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the product prospectus supplement and the prospectus if you so request by calling 1-855-303-3234. As used in this pricing supplement, the “Bank,” “we,” “us,” or “our” refers to The Toronto-Dominion Bank and its subsidiaries.

We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Notes prior to their issuance. In the event of any changes to the terms of the Notes, we will notify you and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase. You may also choose to reject such changes, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase.

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Additional Risk Factors

The Notes involve risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. This section describes the most significant risks relating to the terms of the Notes. For additional information as to these risks, please see the product prospectus supplement and the prospectus.

You should carefully consider whether the Notes are suited to your particular circumstances before you decide to purchase them. Accordingly, prospective investors should consult their investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors as to the risks entailed by an investment in the Notes and the suitability of the Notes in light of their particular circumstances.

Your Investment in the Notes May Result in a Loss.

The Notes do not guarantee the return of the Principal Amount and investors may lose up to their entire investment in the Notes. Specifically, if the Notes are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price, investors will lose 1% of the Principal Amount of the Notes for each 1% that the Final Price is less than the Initial Price, and may lose the entire Principal Amount.

You Will Not Receive Any Contingent Interest Payment for Any Contingent Interest Payment Date If the Closing Price on the Corresponding Valuation Date Is Less Than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price.

You will not receive a Contingent Interest Payment on a Contingent Interest Payment Date if the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on the related Valuation Date is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price. If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on each Valuation Date over the term of the Notes, you will not receive any Contingent Interest Payments, and you will not receive a positive return on, your Notes. Generally, this non-payment of the Contingent Interest Payment will coincide with a greater risk of principal loss on your Notes.

The Potential Positive Return on the Notes Is Limited to the Contingent Interest Payments Paid on the Notes, If Any, Regardless of Any Appreciation in the Price of the Reference Asset.

The potential positive return on the Notes is limited to any Contingent Interest Payments paid, meaning any positive return on the Notes will be composed solely by the sum of any Contingent Interest Payments paid over the life of the Notes. Therefore, if the appreciation of the Reference Asset exceeds the sum of any Contingent Interest Payments actually paid on the Notes, the return on the Notes will be less than the return would be if you made an investment in the Reference Asset or a security directly linked to the positive performance of the Reference Asset.

Your Return May Be Lower than the Return on a Conventional Debt Security of Comparable Maturity.

The return that you will receive on your Notes, which could be negative, may be less than the return you could earn on other investments. The Notes do not provide for fixed interest payments and you may not receive any Contingent Interest Payments over the term of the Notes. Even if you do receive one or more Contingent Interest Payments and your return is positive, your return may be less than the return you would earn if you bought a conventional senior interest bearing debt security of the Bank with the same maturity date or if you invested directly in the Reference Asset. Your investment may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you take into account factors that affect the time value of money.

The Notes May Be Automatically Called Prior to the Maturity Date And Are Subject to Reinvestment Risk.

If your Notes are automatically called, no further payments will be owed to you under the Notes after the applicable Call Payment Date. Therefore, because the Notes could be called as early as the first potential Call Payment Date, the holding period could be limited. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the Notes at a comparable return for a similar level of risk in the event the Notes are automatically called prior to the Maturity Date. Furthermore, to the extent you are able to reinvest such proceeds in an investment with a comparable return for a similar level of risk, you may incur transaction costs such as dealer discounts and hedging costs built into the price of the new notes.

Investors Are Subject to TD's Credit Risk, and TD's Credit Ratings and Credit Spreads May Adversely Affect the Market Value of the Notes.

Although the return on the Notes will be based on the performance of the Reference Asset, the payment of any amount due on the Notes is subject to TD's credit risk. The Notes are TD's senior unsecured debt obligations. Investors are dependent on TD's ability to pay all amounts due on the Notes and, therefore, investors are subject to the credit risk of TD and to changes in the market's view of TD's creditworthiness. Any decrease in TD's credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking TD's credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the Notes.

The Agent Discount, Offering Expenses and Certain Hedging Costs Are Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices.

Assuming no changes in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which you may be able to sell the Notes will likely be lower than the public offering price. The public offering price includes, and any price quoted to you is likely to exclude, the underwriting discount paid in connection with the initial distribution, offering expenses as well as the cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes. In addition, any such price is also likely to reflect dealer discounts, mark-ups and other transaction costs, such as a discount to account for costs associated with establishing or unwinding any related hedge transaction.

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There May Not Be an Active Trading Market for the Notes — Sales in the Secondary Market May Result in Significant Losses.

There may be little or no secondary market for the Notes. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. The Agent may make a market for the Notes; however, it is not required to do so and may stop any market-making activities at any time. Even if a secondary market for the Notes develops, it may not provide significant liquidity or trade at prices advantageous to you. We expect that transaction costs in any secondary market would be high. As a result, the difference between bid and ask prices for your Notes in any secondary market could be substantial.

If you sell your Notes before the Maturity Date, you may have to do so at a substantial discount from the public offering price irrespective of the price of the Reference Asset, and as a result, you may suffer substantial losses.

The Amounts Payable on the Notes Are Not Linked to the Price of the Reference Asset at Any Time Other Than on the Valuation Dates, Including the Final Valuation Date.

Any payments on the Notes will be based on the Closing Price of the Reference Asset only on each Valuation Date. Even if the market price of the Reference Asset appreciates prior to the relevant Valuation Date but then drops on that day to a Closing Price that is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price, you will not receive the Contingent Interest Payment on the corresponding Contingent Interest Payment Date. Similarly, the Payment at Maturity may be significantly less than it would have been had the Notes been linked to the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on a date other than the Final Valuation Date, and may be zero. Although the actual price of the Reference Asset at other times during the term of the Notes may be higher than the price on one or more Valuation Dates, any Contingent Interest Payments on the Notes and the Payment at Maturity will be based solely on the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on the applicable Valuation Date.

The Contingent Interest Rate Will Reflect In Part the Volatility of the Reference Asset and May Not Be Sufficient to Compensate You for the Risk of Loss at Maturity.

Generally, the higher the Reference Asset's volatility, the more likely it is that the Closing Price of the Reference Asset price could be less than the Initial Price or the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on a Valuation Date or the Barrier Price on the Final Valuation Date. Volatility means the magnitude and frequency of changes in the price of the Reference Asset. This greater risk will generally be reflected in a higher Contingent Interest Rate for the Notes than the interest rate payable on our conventional debt securities with a comparable term. However, while the Contingent Interest Rate is set on the Pricing Date, the Reference Asset's volatility can change significantly over the term of the Notes, and may increase. The price of the Reference Asset could fall sharply on the Valuation Dates, resulting in few or no Contingent Interest Payments or on the Final Valuation Date, resulting in a significant or entire loss of principal.

There Are Market Risks Associated with the Reference Asset.

The price of the Reference Asset can rise or fall sharply due to factors specific to the Reference Asset, its investment advisor (the "Investment Advisor"), the underlying assets held by the Reference Asset (the "Reference Asset Constituents") and their issuers (the "Reference Asset Constituent Issuers"), such as stock price volatility, earnings, financial conditions, corporate, industry and regulatory developments, management changes and decisions and other events, as well as general market factors, such as general stock market volatility and levels, interest rates and economic and political conditions. You, as an investor in the Notes, should make your own investigation into the Investment Advisor and the Reference Asset for your Notes. For additional information, see "Information Regarding the Reference Asset" in this pricing supplement and the Investment Advisor's SEC filings. **We urge you to review financial and other information filed periodically by the Investment Advisor with the SEC.**

Trading Activities by the Bank or its Affiliates May Adversely Affect the Market Value of the Notes.

We, the Agent and our respective affiliates may hedge our obligations under the Notes by purchasing securities, futures, options or other derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the price of the Reference Asset or one or more Reference Asset Constituents, and we may adjust these hedges by, among other things, purchasing or selling securities, futures, options or other derivative instruments at any time. It is possible that we or one or more of our affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while the market value of the Notes declines. We or one or more of our affiliates may also issue or underwrite other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the Reference Asset or one or more Reference Asset Constituents.

These trading activities may present a conflict between the holders' interest in the Notes and the interests we and our affiliates will have in our or their proprietary accounts, in facilitating transactions, including options and other derivatives transactions, for our or their customers' accounts and in accounts under our or their management. These trading activities could be adverse to the interests of the holders of the Notes.

We, the Agent and our respective affiliates may, at present or in the future, engage in business with one or more Reference Asset Constituent Issuers, including making loans to or providing advisory services to those companies. These services could include investment banking and merger and acquisition advisory services. These activities may present a conflict between our, the Agent's and our affiliates' obligations, and your interests as a holder of the Notes. Moreover, we, the Agent or our affiliates may have published, and in the future expect to publish, research reports with respect to the Reference Asset or one or more Reference Asset Constituents. This research is modified from time to time without notice and may express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Notes. Any of these activities by us or one or more of our affiliates or the Agents or their affiliates may affect the price of the Reference Asset or one or more Reference Asset Constituents and, therefore, the market value of the Notes.

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Estimated Value

The Estimated Value of Your Notes Is Expected To Be Lower Than the Public Offering Price of Your Notes.

The estimated value of your Notes on the Pricing Date is expected to be lower, and may be significantly lower, than the public offering price of your Notes. The difference between the public offering price of your Notes and the estimated value of the Notes reflects costs and expected profits associated with selling and structuring the Notes, as well as hedging our obligations under the Notes. Because hedging our obligations entails risks and may be influenced by market forces beyond our control, this hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than expected, or a loss.

The Estimated Value of Your Notes Is Based on Our Internal Funding Rate.

The estimated value of your Notes on the Pricing Date is determined by reference to our internal funding rate. The internal funding rate used in the determination of the estimated value of the Notes generally represents a discount from the credit spreads for our conventional fixed-rate debt securities and the borrowing rate we would pay for its conventional fixed-rate debt securities. This discount is based on, among other things, our view of the funding value of the Notes as well as the higher issuance, operational and ongoing liability management costs of the Notes in comparison to those costs for our conventional fixed-rate debt, as well as estimated financing costs of any hedge positions, taking into account regulatory and internal requirements. If the interest rate implied by the credit spreads for our conventional fixed-rate debt securities, or the borrowing rate we would pay for our conventional fixed-rate debt securities were to be used, we would expect the economic terms of the Notes to be more favorable to you. Additionally, assuming all other economic terms are held constant, the use of an internal funding rate for the Notes is expected to increase the estimated value of the Notes at any time.

The Estimated Value of the Notes Is Based on Our Internal Pricing Models, Which May Prove to Be Inaccurate and May Be Different from the Pricing Models of Other Financial Institutions.

The estimated value of your Notes on the Pricing Date is based on our internal pricing models when the terms of the Notes are set, which take into account a number of variables, such as our internal funding rate on the Pricing Date, and are based on a number of subjective assumptions, which are not evaluated or verified on an independent basis and may or may not materialize. Further, our pricing models may be different from other financial institutions' pricing models and the methodologies used by us to estimate the value of the Notes may not be consistent with those of other financial institutions that may be purchasers or sellers of Notes in the secondary market. As a result, the secondary market price of your Notes may be materially lower than the estimated value of the Notes determined by reference to our internal pricing models. In addition, market conditions and other relevant factors in the future may change, and any assumptions may prove to be incorrect.

The Estimated Value of Your Notes Is Not a Prediction of the Prices at Which You May Sell Your Notes in the Secondary Market, If Any, and Such Secondary Market Prices, If Any, Will Likely be Lower Than the Public Offering Price of Your Notes and May Be Lower Than the Estimated Value of Your Notes.

The estimated value of the Notes will not be a prediction of the prices at which the Agent, other affiliates of ours or third parties may be willing to purchase the Notes from you in secondary market transactions (if they are willing to purchase, which they are not obligated to do). The price at which you may be able to sell your Notes in the secondary market at any time, if any, will be influenced by many factors that cannot be predicted, such as market conditions, and any bid and ask spread for similar sized trades, and may be substantially less than the estimated value of the Notes. Further, as secondary market prices of your Notes take into account the levels at which our debt securities trade in the secondary market, and do not take into account our various costs and expected profits associated with selling and structuring the Notes, as well as hedging our obligations under the Notes, secondary market prices of your Notes will likely be lower than the public offering price of your Notes. As a result, the price at which the Agent, other affiliates

of ours or third parties may be willing to purchase the Notes from you in secondary market transactions, if any, will likely be lower than the price you paid for your Notes, and any sale prior to the Maturity Date could result in a substantial loss to you.

The Temporary Price at Which the Agent May Initially Buy the Notes in the Secondary Market May Not Be Indicative of Future Prices of Your Notes.

Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the Pricing Date, the price at which the Agent may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market (if the Agent makes a market in the Notes, which it is not obligated to do) may exceed the estimated value of the Notes on the Pricing Date, as well as the secondary market value of the Notes, for a temporary period after the Issue Date of the Notes, as discussed further under “Additional Information Regarding the Estimated Value of the Notes.” The price at which the Agent may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market may not be indicative of future prices of your Notes.

There Are Liquidity and Management Risks Associated with an ETF.

Although shares of the Reference Asset are listed for trading on a securities exchange and a number of similar products have been traded on various exchanges for varying periods of time, there is no assurance that an active trading market will continue for such shares or that there will be liquidity in that trading market.

An ETF is subject to management risk, which is the risk that the investment advisor’s investment strategy, the implementation of which is subject to a number of constraints, may not produce the intended results.

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We Have No Affiliation with Any Index Sponsor or the Investment Advisor and Will Not Be Responsible for Any Actions Taken by Any Index Sponsor or the Investment Advisor.

The Index Sponsor and the Investment Advisor are not affiliates of ours and will not be involved in the offering of the Notes in any way. Consequently, we have no control over the actions of the Index Sponsor or the Investment Advisor, including any actions of the type that would require the Calculation Agent to adjust any amounts payable on the Notes. The Index Sponsor and the Investment Advisor have no obligation of any sort with respect to the Notes. Thus, Index Sponsor and the Investment Advisors have no obligation to take your interests into consideration for any reason, including in taking any actions that might affect the value of the Notes. None of our proceeds from the issuance of the Notes will be delivered to the Index Sponsor or the Investment Advisor.

There Are Potential Conflicts of Interest Between You and the Calculation Agent.

The Calculation Agent will, among other things, determine whether the Contingent Interest Payment is payable on any Contingent Interest Payment Date and the Payment at Maturity on the Notes. We will serve as the Calculation Agent but may appoint a different Calculation Agent after the Issue Date without notice to you. The Calculation Agent will exercise its judgment when performing its functions and may take into consideration our ability to unwind any related hedges. Since this discretion by the Calculation Agent may affect payments on the Notes, the Calculation Agent may have a conflict of interest if it needs to make any such decision. For example, the Calculation Agent may have to determine whether a Market Disruption Event affecting the Reference Asset has occurred, and make certain adjustments to the Reference Asset if certain events occur. This determination may, in turn, depend on the Calculation Agent's judgment whether the event has materially interfered with our ability or the ability of one of our affiliates to unwind our hedge positions. Since this determination by the Calculation Agent will affect the payment on the Notes, the Calculation Agent may have a conflict of interest if it needs to make a determination of this kind. For additional information as to the Calculation Agent's role, see "General Terms of the Notes—Role of Calculation Agent" in the product prospectus supplement.

You Will Have No Rights to Receive Any Shares of the Reference Asset or Any Reference Asset Constituents held by the Reference Asset, and You Will Not Be Entitled to Dividends or Other Distributions by the Reference Asset.

The Notes are our debt securities. They are not equity instruments, shares of stock, or securities of any other issuer. Investing in the Notes will not make you a holder of shares of the Reference Asset or any of its Reference Asset Constituents. You will not have any voting rights, any rights to receive dividends or other distributions, any rights against the Investment Advisor, or any other rights with respect to the Reference Asset or any of its Reference Asset Constituents. As a result, the return on your Notes may not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned shares of the Reference Asset or its Reference Asset Constituents and received the dividends paid or other distributions made in connection with them. Your Notes will be paid in cash and you have no right to receive delivery of shares of the Reference Asset or any of its Reference Asset Constituents.

Changes that Affect the Target Index of the Reference Asset Will Affect the Market Value of the Notes and the Amount You Will Receive at Maturity.

The Reference Asset is an ETF that seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of the MVIS Junior Gold Miners Index (the "Index"). The policies of the sponsor of the Index (the "Index Sponsor") concerning the calculation of the Index, additions, deletions or substitutions of the components of the Index and the manner in which changes affecting those components, such as stock dividends, reorganizations or mergers, may be reflected in the Index and, therefore, could affect whether a Contingent Interest Payment is payable, the amount payable on the Notes at maturity and the market value of the Notes prior to maturity. The amounts payable on the Notes and their market value could also be affected if the Index Sponsor changes these

policies, for example, by changing the manner in which it calculates the Index. Some of the risks that relate to a target index of an ETF include those discussed in the product prospectus supplement, which you should review before investing in the Notes.

The Reference Asset and the Index Are Different and the Performance of the Reference Asset May Not Correlate With That of the Index.

The performance of the Reference Asset may not exactly replicate the performance of the Index because the Reference Asset will reflect transaction costs and fees that are not included in the calculation of the Index. It is also possible that the Reference Asset may not fully replicate or may in certain circumstances diverge significantly from the performance of its applicable Index due to the temporary unavailability of certain securities in the secondary market, the performance of any derivative instruments contained in the Reference Asset, differences in trading hours between the Reference Asset and the Index or due to other circumstances. In addition, because the shares of the Reference Asset are traded on a securities exchange and are subject to market supply and investor demand, the price of a share of the Reference Asset may differ from the net asset value per share of the Reference Asset.

The Price of the Reference Asset May Not Completely Track its Net Asset Value.

The price the Reference Asset will usually track the value of the Index, but may not track the Index's value completely. The price of the Reference Asset will reflect costs and fees that the Index does not have. In addition, because the shares of the Reference Asset are traded on a securities exchange and are subject to market supply and investor demand, the price of a share of the Reference Asset may differ from the net asset value per share of the Reference Asset.

Adjustments to the Reference Asset Could Adversely Affect the Notes.

The Investment Advisor is responsible for calculating and maintaining the Reference Asset. The Investment Advisor can add, delete or substitute the Reference Asset Constituents. The Investment Advisor may make other methodological changes that could change the price of the Reference Asset at any time. If one or more of these events occurs, the calculation of the amount payable at maturity may be adjusted to reflect such event or events. Consequently, any of these actions could adversely affect the amount payable at maturity and/or the market value of the Notes.

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An Investment in the Notes Is Subject to Risks Associated with Non-U.S. Securities Markets.

Because some of the Reference Asset Constituents held by the Reference Asset are publicly traded in foreign countries and trade in currencies other than U.S. dollars, investments in the Notes involve particular risks. For example, the foreign securities markets may be more volatile and have less liquidity than the U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect these markets differently from the U.S. or other securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize the securities markets outside the U.S., as well as cross-shareholdings in certain companies, may affect trading prices and trading volumes in those markets. Also, the public availability of information concerning the foreign issuers may vary depending on their home jurisdiction and the reporting requirements imposed by their respective regulators. In addition, the foreign issuers may be subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies.

Securities prices outside the U.S. are subject to political, economic, financial, military and social factors that apply in foreign countries. These factors, which could negatively affect foreign securities markets, include the possibility of changes in a foreign government's economic and fiscal policies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions applicable to foreign companies or investments in foreign equity securities, the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies and the possibility of outbreaks of hostility or political instability or adverse public health developments. Moreover, foreign economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, trade surpluses, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

An Investment in the Notes Is Subject to Exchange Rate Risk.

Some of the Reference Asset Constituents held by the Reference Asset may be issued by non-U.S. issuers. Accordingly, investors in the Notes will be exposed to currency exchange rate risk with respect to each of the currencies in which the Reference Asset Constituents held by the Reference Asset are traded. An investor's net exposure will depend on the extent to which these currencies strengthen or weaken against the U.S. dollar. If the dollar strengthens against these currencies, the net asset value of the Reference Asset will be adversely affected and the price of the Reference Asset, and consequently the market value of the Notes, may decrease.

Time Zone Differences Between the Cities Where the Reference Asset Constituents Held by the Reference Asset and the Reference Asset Trade May Create Discrepancies in Trading Prices.

As a result of the time zone difference, if applicable, between the cities where the securities comprising the Reference Asset trade and where the shares of the Reference Asset trade, there may be discrepancies between the values of the Reference Asset and the Reference Asset Constituents. In addition, there may be periods when the foreign securities markets are closed for trading (for example, during holidays in a country other than the United States) that may result in the values of the Reference Asset remaining unchanged for multiple trading days in the city where the shares of the Reference Asset trade. Conversely, there may be periods in which the applicable foreign securities markets are open, but the securities market on which the Reference Asset trades is closed.

The VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF Does Not Measure the Performance of Gold Bullion.

The VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF (the "GDXJ Fund") measures the performance of shares of gold and silver mining companies and not gold bullion. Therefore the GDXJ Fund may under- or over-perform gold bullion over the short- or long-term.

There Are Risks Associated with Investments in Notes with Concentration in The Gold and Silver Mining Industry.

The stocks comprising the Index and that are generally tracked by the GDXJ Fund are stocks of small-capitalization companies primarily engaged in the mining of gold or silver. The shares of the GDXJ Fund may be subject to increased price volatility as they are linked to a single industry, market or sector and may be more susceptible to adverse economic, market, political or regulatory occurrences affecting that industry, market or sector. Because the GDXJ Fund primarily invests in a global universe of publicly traded medium and small-capitalization companies that are involved in the gold and silver mining industries, the shares of the GDXJ Fund, and the value of Notes linked to the GDXJ Fund, are subject to certain risks associated with such companies. Gold mining companies are highly dependent on the price of gold and subject to competition pressures that may have a significant effect on their financial condition. Gold prices are subject to volatile price movements over short periods of time and are affected by numerous factors. These include economic factors, including, among other things, the structure of and confidence in the global monetary system, expectations of the future rate of inflation, the relative strength of, and confidence in, the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the price of gold is generally quoted), interest rates and gold borrowing and lending rates, and global or regional economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial or other events. Gold prices may also be affected by industry factors such as industrial and jewelry demand, lending, sales and purchases of gold by the official sector, including central banks and other governmental agencies and multilateral institutions which hold gold, levels of gold production and production costs, and short-term changes in supply and demand because of trading activities in the gold market. Silver mining companies are highly dependent on the price of silver. Silver prices can fluctuate widely and may be affected by numerous factors. These include general economic trends, technical developments, substitution issues and regulation, as well as specific factors including industrial and jewelry demand, expectations with respect to the rate of inflation, the relative strength of the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the price of silver is generally quoted) and other currencies, interest rates, central bank sales, forward sales by producers, global or regional political or economic events, and production costs and disruptions in major silver producing countries.

An Investment in the Notes is Subject to Risks Associated with Investing in Stocks with Medium and Small-Market Capitalization.

The Notes are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies. The GDXJ Fund may invest in companies that may be considered medium and small-capitalization companies, as applicable. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the respective fund's share price may be more volatile than that of funds that invest a larger percentage of their assets in stocks issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of

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medium and small-capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of medium and small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded, making it difficult for the relevant fund to buy and sell them. In addition, medium and small-capitalization companies are typically less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Medium and small-capitalization companies are often given less analyst coverage and may be in early, and less predictable, periods of their corporate existences. Such companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products.

You Will Have Limited Anti-Dilution Protection.

The Calculation Agent will adjust the Initial Price, Contingent Interest Barrier Price and Barrier Price for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends, extraordinary dividends and other events that affect the Reference Asset, but only in the situations we describe in “General Terms of the Notes—Anti-Dilution Adjustments” in the product prospectus supplement. The Calculation Agent will not be required to make an adjustment for every event that may affect the Reference Asset. Those events or other actions by the Investment Advisor or a third party may nevertheless adversely affect the price of the Reference Asset, and adversely affect the value of your Notes.

Significant Aspects of the Tax Treatment of the Notes Are Uncertain.

The U.S. tax treatment of the Notes is uncertain. Please read carefully the section entitled “Supplemental Discussion of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the product prospectus supplement, and the section entitled “Supplemental Discussion of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” below. You should consult your tax advisor about your tax situation.

For a more complete discussion of the Canadian federal income tax consequences of investing in the Notes, please see the discussion in the product prospectus supplement under “Supplemental Discussion of Canadian Tax Consequences.” If you are not a Non-resident Holder (as that term is defined in the prospectus) for Canadian federal income tax purposes or if you acquire the Notes in the secondary market, you should consult your tax advisors as to the consequences of acquiring, holding and disposing of the Notes and receiving the payments that might be due under the Notes.

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Hypothetical Returns

The examples set out below are included for illustration purposes only and are hypothetical examples only; amounts below may have been rounded for ease of analysis. The Closing Prices and Percentage Changes of the Reference Asset used to illustrate the calculation of whether a Contingent Interest Payment is payable on a Contingent Interest Payment Date and the Payment at Maturity are not estimates or forecasts of the Initial Price, the Closing Price, the Final Price or the price of the Reference Asset on any trading day prior to the Maturity Date. All examples assume a hypothetical Initial Price of \$35.00, a Contingent Interest Barrier Price of \$22.75 (65% of the hypothetical Initial Price), a Barrier Price of \$21.00 (60% of the hypothetical Initial Price), a Contingent Interest Payment of \$18.25 per Note (reflecting a Hypothetical Contingent Interest Rate of 7.30% per annum, the bottom of the Contingent Interest Rate range specified herein), that a holder purchased Notes with a Principal Amount of \$1,000 and that no Market Disruption Event occurs on any Valuation Date, including the Final Valuation Date. The actual Contingent Interest Rate, Initial Price, Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price will be set forth on the cover page of the final pricing supplement.

Example 1 – The Notes Are Automatically Called Prior to the Final Valuation Date.

Valuation Date Closing Price	Payment (per Note)
First	\$1,000 (Principal Amount)
	+ \$18.25 (Contingent Interest Payment)
	\$1,018.25 (Total Payment upon Automatic Call)

If on the first Valuation Date, the Closing Price is greater than or equal to the Initial Price (and therefore also greater than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price), then the Notes will be automatically called and, on the Call Payment Date, we will pay you a cash payment equal to \$1,018.25 per Note, reflecting the Principal Amount plus the applicable Contingent Interest Payment, for a return of 1.825% per Note. No further amounts will be owed under the Notes.

Example 2 — The Closing Price of the Reference Asset is greater than or equal to the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on each of the Valuation Dates, the Notes Are Not Automatically Called and the Final Price is Greater Than the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price.

Valuation Date	Closing Price	Payment (per Note)
First through Fifteenth	Various (greater than or equal to the Contingent Interest Barrier Price; less than the Initial Price)	\$273.75 (Contingent Interest Payment)
Final Valuation Date	\$23.00 (greater than the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price)	\$1,000 (Principal Amount)
		+ \$18.25 (Contingent Interest Payment)
		\$1,018.25 (Total Payment on Maturity)

If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on each of the first through fifteenth Valuation Dates is greater than or equal to the Contingent Interest Barrier Price and less than the Initial Price, we will pay the Contingent Interest Payment on each applicable Contingent Interest Payment Date and the Notes will not be called. If on the Final Valuation Date the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price, then on the Maturity Date we will pay you a cash payment equal to \$1,018.25 per Note, reflecting the Principal Amount plus the applicable Contingent Interest Payment. When added to the Contingent Interest Payments of \$273.75 paid in respect of the prior Contingent Interest Payment Dates, the Bank will have paid you a total of \$1,292.00 per Note, a return of 29.20% per Note.

Example 3 — The Closing Price of the Reference Asset is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on each of the Valuation Dates, the Notes Are Not Automatically Called and the Final Price is Greater Than or Equal To the Barrier Price But Less Than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price.

Valuation Date Closing Price

First through Fifteenth Various (less than Contingent Interest Barrier Price)

Final Valuation Date \$21.50 (less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price and greater than or equal to the Barrier Price)

If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on each of the first through fifteenth Valuation Dates is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price, we will not pay the Contingent Interest Payment on any of the applicable Contingent Interest Payment Dates and the Notes will not be called. If on the Final Valuation Date the Final Price is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price and greater than or equal to the Barrier Price, then on the Maturity Date we will pay you a cash payment equal to the Principal Amount, for a total of \$1,000.00 per Note, a return of 0.00% per Note.

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Example 4 — The Closing Price of the Reference Asset is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price on each of the Valuation Dates, the Notes Are Not Automatically Called and the Final Price is Less Than the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price.

Valuation Date	Closing Price	Payment (per Note)
First through Fifteenth	Various (less than Contingent Interest Barrier Price)	\$0 = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 x Percent
Final Valuation Date	\$17.50 (less than the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price)	= \$1,000 + (\$1,000 x -50.00 = \$500.00 (Total Payment on

If the Closing Price of the Reference Asset on each of the first through fifteenth Valuation Dates is less than the Contingent Interest Barrier Price, we will not pay the Contingent Interest Payment on any of the applicable Contingent Interest Payment Dates and the Notes will not be called. If on the Final Valuation Date the Final Price is less than the Barrier Price and Contingent Interest Barrier Price, then on the Maturity Date we will pay you a cash payment equal to the Principal Amount plus the product of the Principal Amount and Percentage Change, for a total of \$500.00 per Note, a loss of 50.00% per Note.

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Information Regarding the Reference Asset

The Reference Asset is registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Companies with securities registered under the Exchange Act are required to file periodically certain financial and other information specified by the SEC. Information provided to or filed with the SEC can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC or through the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. In addition, information regarding the Reference Asset may be obtained from other sources including, but not limited to, press releases, newspaper articles and other publicly disseminated documents.

We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of reports filed by the Investment Advisor with the SEC, information published by it on its website or in any other format, information about it obtained from any other source or the information provided below.

We obtained the information regarding the Investment Advisor from publicly available information, including its filings with the SEC and obtained the historical performance of the Reference Asset from Bloomberg Professional® (“Bloomberg”) service. We have not conducted any independent review or due diligence about any such information. You are urged to conduct your own investigation into the Reference Asset and the Investment Advisor.

VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF

We have derived all information contained herein regarding the VanEck Vectors® Junior Gold Miners ETF (the “GDXJ Fund”) from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by the VanEck Vectors ETF Trust (the “Trust”), and Van Eck Associates Corporation (“Van Eck”). TD has not undertaken an independent review or due diligence of any publicly available information regarding the GDXJ Fund.

The GDXJ Fund is an investment portfolio maintained and managed by the Trust and advised by Van Eck. The Trust is a registered open-end investment company that consists of numerous separate investment portfolios, including the GDXJ Fund. The GDXJ Fund seeks to replicate the performance of the MVIS Junior Gold Miners Index (the “Index”) by investing in a portfolio of securities that generally replicates the Index. The Index, calculated by MVIS, is a modified market capitalization-weighted index consisting of common stocks and American depository receipts (“ADRs”) of publicly traded companies involved primarily in mining for gold and/or silver. The GDXJ Fund is passively managed and may not hold each Index component in the same weighting as the Index. The GDXJ Fund is classified as a “non-diversified” investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

As of September 30, 2017 the net expense ratio of the GDXJ Fund is expected to accrue at an annual rate of 0.52% of the GDXJ Fund’s average daily net asset value. Expenses of the GDXJ Fund reduce the net value of the assets held by the GDXJ Fund and, therefore, reduce value of the shares of the GDXJ Fund.

As of September 30, 2017 the GDXJ Fund’s five largest company holdings include: Gold Fields Ltd (4.28%), Iamgold Corp (4.00%), Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd (3.94%), Pan American Silver Corp (3.88%) and New Gold Inc. (3.60%).

In making your investment decision you should review the prospectus related to the GDXJ Fund, dated May 1, 2017 filed by the Trust (the “GDXJ Fund Prospectus”) available at:

sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1137360/000093041317001937/c88251_485bpos.htm

In addition, the GDXJ Fund Prospectus is available on the GDXJ Fund’s website as indicated below. In making your investment decision you should pay particular attention to the sections of the GDXJ Fund Prospectus entitled “Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund” and “Additional Information About the Funds’ Investment Strategies and Risks.” TD has not undertaken an independent review or due diligence of any publicly available information regarding the GDXJ Fund Prospectus, and such information is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered part of, this document or any accompanying prospectus.

The GDXJ Fund’s website is vaneck.com/funds/GDXJ.aspx. Shares of the GDXJ Fund are listed on the NYSE Arca under ticker symbol “GDXJ.”

Information filed by the Trust with the SEC can be found by reference to its SEC file numbers: 333-123257 and 811-10325.

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Historical Information

Below is a table setting forth the quarterly high, low, and period-end Closing Prices of the Reference Asset for each quarter in the period from October 1, 2009 through October 23, 2017. On October 23, 2017, the Closing Price of the Reference Asset was \$33.06. The historical performance of the Reference Asset should not be taken as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the market price of the Reference Asset on any Valuation Date (including the Final Valuation Date).

We obtained the information regarding the historical performance of the Reference Asset in the chart below from Bloomberg Professional® (“Bloomberg”).

We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg.

Quarter Ending	Quarter High	Quarter Low	Quarter Close	Quarter Ending	Quarter High	Quarter Low	Quarter Close
December 31, 2009	\$117.24	\$98.64	\$102.96	March 31, 2014	\$44.83	\$31.09	\$36.13
March 31, 2010	\$113.92	\$87.76	\$102.88	June 30, 2014	\$43.07	\$33.10	\$42.26
June 30, 2010	\$122.40	\$100.32	\$109.04	September 30, 2014	\$45.51	\$33.62	\$33.62
September 30, 2010	\$137.04	\$101.52	\$133.60	December 31, 2014	\$34.46	\$21.47	\$23.93
December 31, 2010	\$175.76	\$133.36	\$159.56	March 31, 2015	\$30.10	\$21.29	\$22.74
March 31, 2011	\$159.88	\$133.00	\$156.88	June 30, 2015	\$26.71	\$23.62	\$24.15
June 30, 2011	\$169.40	\$129.12	\$137.92	September 30, 2015	\$23.84	\$18.31	\$19.59
September 30, 2011	\$156.72	\$112.24	\$112.60	December 31, 2015	\$23.34	\$18.60	\$19.21
December 30, 2011	\$133.12	\$92.04	\$98.80	March 31, 2016	\$28.71	\$17.09	\$27.85
March 30, 2012	\$120.76	\$95.96	\$98.20	June 30, 2016	\$42.62	\$27.50	\$42.62
June 29, 2012	\$99.84	\$71.52	\$76.68	September 30, 2016	\$51.68	\$41.77	\$44.29
September 28, 2012	\$101.84	\$71.72	\$98.88	December 30, 2016	\$43.54	\$28.18	\$31.55
December 31, 2012	\$100.60	\$77.04	\$79.20	March 31, 2017	\$42.29	\$32.98	\$35.98
March 28, 2013	\$82.44	\$60.24	\$66.96	June 30, 2017	\$38.04	\$29.65	\$33.38
June 28, 2013	\$65.56	\$33.04	\$36.64	September 29, 2017	\$37.68	\$31.29	\$33.59
September 30, 2013	\$52.46	\$34.26	\$40.74	October 23, 2017*	\$34.97	\$33.06	\$33.06
December 31, 2013	\$41.48	\$28.85	\$31.05				

*This preliminary pricing supplement includes information for the fourth quarter of 2017 for the period from October 2, 2017 through October 23, 2017. Accordingly, the “Quarterly High,” “Quarterly Low” and “Quarterly Close” data indicated are for this shortened period only and do not reflect complete data for the fourth calendar quarter of 2017.

The graph below illustrates the performance of the Reference Asset from October 1, 2009 to October 23, 2017.

PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS.

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Supplemental Discussion of U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences

General. The following is a general description of the U.S. federal tax considerations relating to the Notes. Prospective purchasers of the Notes should consult their tax advisors as to the consequences under the tax laws of the country of which they are a resident for tax purposes and the tax laws of the U.S. and Canada of acquiring, holding and disposing of the Notes and receiving payments under the Notes. This discussion is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), its legislative history, existing and proposed regulations under the Code, published rulings and court decisions, all as currently in effect. These laws are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis.

No statutory, judicial or administrative authority directly discusses how the Notes should be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in the Notes are uncertain. Accordingly, we urge you to consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of your investment in the Notes (and of having agreed to the required tax treatment of your Notes described below) and as to the application of state, local or other tax (including non-U.S. tax) laws to your investment in your Notes and the possible effects of changes in federal or other tax laws.

This discussion is applicable only to a U.S. holder that acquires Notes upon initial issuance and holds its Notes as a capital asset for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

U.S. Tax Treatment. Pursuant to the terms of the Notes, TD and you agree, in the absence of a statutory, regulatory, administrative or judicial ruling to the contrary, to treat the Notes as pre-paid derivative contracts with respect to the Reference Asset.

Pursuant to this treatment, any Contingent Interest Payments paid on the Notes (including any Contingent Interest Payments paid on or with respect to the Maturity Date) would be treated as ordinary income includable in income by you in accordance with your regular method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors concerning the significance, and the potential impact, of the above considerations.

Upon sale, exchange, automatic call, or redemption at maturity of your Notes, you generally should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on such taxable disposition (adjusted for accrued and unpaid Contingent Interest Payments treated as ordinary income) and your tax basis in the Note. Your tax basis in a Note generally should equal your cost for the Note. Such gain or loss should generally be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held your Notes for more than one year (otherwise such gain or loss would be short-term capital gain or loss if held for one year or less). The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. Although uncertain, it is possible that proceeds received from the sale or exchange of your Notes prior to a Valuation Date, but that could be attributed to an expected Contingent Interest Payment, could be treated as ordinary income. You should consult your tax advisor regarding this risk.

In the opinion of our counsel, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, it would be reasonable to treat your Notes in the manner described above. However, because there is no authority that specifically addresses the tax treatment of the Notes, it is possible that your Notes could alternatively be treated for tax purposes as a single contingent payment debt instrument, or pursuant to some other characterization (including possible treatment as a “constructive ownership transaction”), such that the timing and character of your income from the Notes could differ materially from the treatment described above, as described further herein. If the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) were successful in asserting an alternative treatment of the Notes, the timing and character of income on your Notes could differ materially from our description herein.

Possible Change in Law. The IRS released a notice that may affect the taxation of holders of the Notes. According to Notice 2008-2, the IRS and the Treasury Department are actively considering whether a holder of an instrument such

as the Notes should be required to accrue ordinary income on a current basis and they are seeking taxpayer comments on the subject. It is not possible to determine what guidance they will ultimately issue, if any. It is possible, however, that under such guidance, holders of the Notes will ultimately be required to accrue income currently and this could be applied on a retroactive basis. The IRS and the Treasury Department are also considering other relevant issues, including whether additional gain or loss from such instruments should be treated as ordinary or capital and whether the special “constructive ownership rules” of Section 1260 of the Code should be applied to such instruments.

Additionally, in 2007, legislation was introduced in Congress that, if enacted, would have required holders of Notes purchased after the bill was enacted to accrue interest income over the term of the Notes despite the fact that there may be no Contingent Interest Payments over the entire term of the Notes.

Furthermore, in 2013, the House Ways and Means Committee released in draft form certain proposed legislation relating to financial instruments. If enacted, the effect of this legislation generally would have been to require instruments such as the Notes to be marked to market on an annual basis with all gains and losses to be treated as ordinary, subject to certain exceptions.

It is impossible to predict what any such legislation or administrative or regulatory guidance might provide, and whether the effective date of any legislation or guidance will affect Notes that were issued before the date that such legislation or guidance is issued. You are urged to consult your tax advisor as to the possibility that any legislative or administrative action may adversely affect the tax treatment of your Notes.

Medicare Tax on Net Investment Income. U.S. holders that are individuals or estates and certain trusts are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on all or a portion of their “net investment income,” or “undistributed net investment income” in the case of an estate or trust, which

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may include any income or gain with respect to the Notes, to the extent of their net investment income or undistributed net investment income (as the case may be) that, when added to their other modified adjusted gross income, exceeds \$200,000 for an unmarried individual, \$250,000 for a married taxpayer filing a joint return (or a surviving spouse), \$125,000 for a married individual filing a separate return, or the dollar amount at which the highest tax bracket begins for an estate or trust (which, in 2017, is \$12,500). The 3.8% Medicare tax is determined in a different manner than the regular income tax. U.S. holders should consult their advisors with respect to the 3.8% Medicare tax.

Specified Foreign Financial Assets. U.S. holders may be subject to reporting obligations with respect to their Notes if they do not hold their Notes in an account maintained by a financial institution and the aggregate value of their Notes and certain other “specified foreign financial assets” (applying certain attribution rules) exceeds \$50,000. Significant penalties can apply if a U.S. holder is required to disclose its Notes and fails to do so.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act. The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) was enacted on March 18, 2010, and imposes a 30% U.S. withholding tax on “withholdable payments” (i.e., certain U.S.-source payments, including interest (and original issue discount), dividends, other fixed or determinable annual or periodical income, and the gross proceeds from a disposition of property of a type that can produce U.S.-source interest or dividends) and “passthru payments” (i.e., certain payments attributable to withholdable payments) made to certain foreign financial institutions (and certain of their affiliates) unless the payee foreign financial institution agrees (or is required), among other things, to disclose the identity of any U.S. individual with an account at the institution (or the relevant affiliate) and to annually report certain information about such account. FATCA also requires withholding agents making withholdable payments to certain foreign entities that do not disclose the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of any substantial U.S. owners (or do not certify that they do not have any substantial U.S. owners) to withhold tax at a rate of 30%. Under certain circumstances, a holder may be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

Pursuant to final and temporary Treasury regulations and other IRS guidance, the withholding and reporting requirements under FATCA will generally apply to certain “withholdable payments” made on or after July 1, 2014, certain gross proceeds on a sale or disposition occurring after December 31, 2018, and certain foreign passthru payments made after December 31, 2018 (or, if later, the date that final regulations defining the term “foreign passthru payment” are published). If withholding is required, we (and/or the applicable withholding agent) will not be required to pay additional amounts with respect to the amounts so withheld. Foreign financial institutions and non-financial foreign entities located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the U.S. governing FATCA may be subject to different rules.

Investors should consult their tax advisors about the application of FATCA, in particular if they may be classified as financial institutions (or if they hold their Notes through a non-U.S. entity) under the FATCA rules.

Prospective purchasers are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction (including that of TD).

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Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)

We have appointed TDS, an affiliate of TD, as the Agent for the sale of the Notes. Pursuant to the terms of a distribution agreement, TDS will purchase the Notes from TD at the public offering price less the underwriting discount set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement for distribution to other registered broker-dealers, or will offer the Notes directly to investors. TDS or other registered broker-dealers will offer the Notes at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement. Certain dealers who purchase the Notes for sale to certain fee-based advisory accounts may forego some or all of their selling concessions, fees or commissions. The public offering price for investors purchasing the Notes in these accounts may be as low as \$972.50 (97.25%) per Note. The underwriting discount represents the selling concessions for other dealers in connection with the distribution of the Notes. The other dealers may forego, in their sole discretion, some or all of their selling concessions. TD will reimburse TDS for certain expenses in connection with its role in the offer and sale of the Notes, and TD will pay TDS a fee in connection with its role in the offer and sale of the Notes.

Conflicts of Interest. TDS is an affiliate of TD and, as such, has a “conflict of interest” in this offering within the meaning of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”) Rule 5121. In addition, TD will receive the net proceeds from the initial public offering of the Notes, thus creating an additional conflict of interest within the meaning of FINRA Rule 5121. Consequently, the offering is being conducted in compliance with the provisions of FINRA Rule 5121. TDS is not permitted to sell Notes in this offering to an account over which it exercises discretionary authority without the prior specific written approval of the account holder.

We, TDS, another of our affiliates or third parties may use this pricing supplement in the initial sale of the Notes. In addition, we, TDS, another of our affiliates or third parties may use this pricing supplement in a market-making transaction in the Notes after their initial sale. ***If a purchaser buys the Notes from us, TDS, another of our affiliates or third parties, this pricing supplement is being used in a market-making transaction unless we, TDS, another of our affiliates or third parties informs such purchaser otherwise in the confirmation of sale.***

Additional Information Regarding the Estimated Value of the Notes

The final terms for the Notes will be determined on the date the Notes are initially priced for sale to the public, which we refer to as the Pricing Date, based on prevailing market conditions on the Pricing Date, and will be communicated to investors in a final pricing supplement.

The economic terms of the Notes are based on our internal funding rate (which is our internal borrowing rate based on variables such as market benchmarks and our appetite for borrowing), and several factors, including any sales commissions expected to be paid to TDS or another affiliate of ours, any selling concessions, discounts, commissions or fees expected to be allowed or paid to non-affiliated intermediaries, the estimated profit that we or any of our affiliates expect to earn in connection with structuring the Notes, estimated costs which we may incur in connection with the Notes and the estimated cost which we may incur in hedging our obligations under the Notes. Because our internal funding rate generally represents a discount from the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market, the use of an internal funding rate for the Notes rather than the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market is expected to have an adverse effect on the economic terms of the Notes.

On the cover page of this pricing supplement, we have provided the initial estimated value range for the Notes. This range of estimated values was determined by reference to our internal pricing models which take into account a number of variables and are based on a number of assumptions, which may or may not materialize, typically including volatility, interest rates (forecasted, current and historical rates), price-sensitivity analysis, time to maturity of the Notes, and our internal funding rate. For more information about the initial estimated value, see “Additional Risk Factors” beginning on page P-6. Because our internal funding rate generally represents a discount from the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market, the use of an internal funding rate for the Notes

rather than the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market is expected, assuming all other economic terms are held constant, to increase the estimated value of the Notes. For more information see the discussion under “Additional Risk Factors — The Estimated Value of Your Notes Is Based on Our Internal Funding Rate.”

Our estimated value on the Pricing Date is not a prediction of the price at which the Notes may trade in the secondary market, nor will it be the price at which the Agent may buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market. Subject to normal market and funding conditions, the Agent or another affiliate of ours intends to offer to purchase the Notes in the secondary market but it is not obligated to do so.

Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the Pricing Date, the price at which the Agent may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market, if any, may exceed our estimated value on the Pricing Date for a temporary period expected to be approximately 3 months after the Issue Date because, in our discretion, we may elect to effectively reimburse to investors a portion of the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes and other costs in connection with the Notes which we will no longer expect to incur over the term of the Notes. We made such discretionary election and determined this temporary reimbursement period on the basis of a number of factors, including the tenor of the Notes and any agreement we may have with the distributors of the Notes. The amount of our estimated costs which we effectively reimburse to investors in this way may not be allocated ratably throughout the reimbursement period, and we may discontinue such reimbursement at any time or revise the duration of the reimbursement period after the Issue Date of the Notes based on changes in market conditions and other factors that cannot be predicted.

We urge you to read the “Additional Risk Factors” beginning on page P-6 of this pricing supplement.

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