GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP Form 10-Q July 31, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the tran	sition period fromto	
	Commission file number 001-06461	

GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 13-1500700

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or organization)

901 Main Avenue, Norwalk, CT 06851-1168 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (203) 840-6300

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

to submit and post such files). Yes bNo "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer b Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b"

At July 31, 2014, 1,000 shares of voting common stock, which constitute all of the outstanding common equity, with a par value of \$14 per share were outstanding.

REGISTRANT MEETS THE CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN GENERAL INSTRUCTION h(1)(a) AND (b) OF FORM 10-Q AND IS THEREFORE FILING THIS FORM 10-Q WITH THE REDUCED DISCLOSURE FORMAT.

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General Electric Capital Corporation

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document contains "forward-looking statements" - that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance and financial condition, and often contain words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "see," "will," " "target." Forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain. For us, particular uncertainties that could cause our actual results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements include: current economic and financial conditions, including volatility in interest and exchange rates, equity prices and the value of financial assets; potential market disruptions or other impacts arising in the United States or Europe from developments in sovereign debt situations; the impact of conditions in the financial and credit markets on the availability and cost of our funding and on our ability to reduce our asset levels as planned; the impact of conditions in the housing market and unemployment rates on the level of commercial and consumer credit defaults; pending and future mortgage securitization claims and litigation in connection with WMC, which may affect our estimates of liability, including possible loss estimates; our ability to maintain our current credit rating and the impact on our funding costs and competitive position if we do not do so; our ability to pay dividends to GE at the planned level, which may be affected by our cash flows and earnings, financial services regulation and oversight, and other factors; the level of demand and financial performance of the major industries GE serves, including, without limitation, air and rail transportation, power generation, oil and gas production, real estate and healthcare; the impact of regulation and regulatory, investigative and legal proceedings and legal compliance risks, including the impact of financial services regulation; our success in completing announced transactions and integrating acquired businesses; adverse market conditions, timing of and ability to obtain required bank regulatory approvals, or other factors relating to us or Synchrony Financial could prevent us from completing the Synchrony IPO and split-off as planned; the impact of potential information technology or data security breaches; and numerous other matters of national, regional and global scale, including those of a political, economic, business and competitive nature. These uncertainties may cause our actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements.

This document includes certain forward-looking projected financial information that is based on current estimates and forecasts. Actual results could differ materially.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

GE's Investor Relations website at www.ge.com/investor and our corporate blog at www.gereports.com, as well as GE's Facebook page and Twitter accounts, contain a significant amount of information about GE, including financial and other information for investors. GE encourages investors to visit these websites from time to time, as information is updated and new information is posted.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Earnings (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Thi	Three months ended June 30 2014 2013							months ended June 2014 2		
Revenues											
Revenues from services (a)	\$	10,222	\$	11,018	\$	20,744	\$	22,738			
Other-than-temporary impairment on investment											
securities:											
Total other-than-temporary impairment on											
investment securities		(9)		(152)		(47)		(441)			
Less other-than-temporary impairment											
recognized in								• •			
accumulated other comprehensive income		-		19		4		30			
Net other-than-temporary impairment on											
investment securities		(0)		(122)		(40)		/ / / / / / \			
recognized in earnings		(9)		(133)		(43)		(411)			
Revenues from services (Note 9)		10,213		10,885		20,701		22,327			
Sales of goods		34		31		61		57			
Total revenues		10,247		10,916		20,762		22,384			
Costs and expenses											
Interest		2,071		2,388		4,232		4,770			
Operating and administrative		3,227		3,105		6,185		6,294			
Cost of goods sold		31		25		56		46			
Investment contracts, insurance losses and											
insurance annuity benefits		698		728		1,341		1,417			
Provision for losses on financing receivables		968		1,010		1,938		2,467			
Depreciation and amortization		1,594		1,706		3,210		3,403			
Total costs and expenses		8,589		8,962		16,962		18,397			
Earnings from continuing operations before income											
taxes	,	1,658		1,954		3,800		3,987			
Benefit (provision) for income taxes		216		(13)		18		(97)			
Benefit (provision) for meonie taxes		210		(13)		10		(21)			
Earnings from continuing operations		1,874		1,941		3,818		3,890			
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of	f	,		,		,		•			
taxes (Note 2)		(36)		(123)		(24)		(243)			
Net earnings		1,838		1,818		3,794		3,647			
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to											
noncontrolling interests		10		17		21		28			
Net earnings attributable to GECC		1,828		1,801		3,773		3,619			
Preferred stock dividends declared		(161)		(135)		(161)		(135)			

Net earnings attributable to GECC common shareowner	\$ 1,667	\$ 1,666	\$ 3,612	\$ 3,484
Amounts attributable to GECC common				
shareowner				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,941	\$ 3,818	\$ 3,890
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to				
noncontrolling interests	10	17	21	28
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to				
GECC	1,864	1,924	3,797	3,862
Preferred stock dividends declared	(161)	(135)	(161)	(135)
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to				
GECC				
common shareowner	1,703	1,789	3,636	3,727
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of				
taxes	(36)	(123)	(24)	(243)
Net earnings attributable to GECC common				
shareowner	\$ 1,667	\$ 1,666	\$ 3,612	\$ 3,484

(a) Excluding net other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities.

See accompanying notes.

(4)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30				5	Six months e	ended .	ed June 30	
(In millions)		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Net earnings	\$	1,838	\$	1,818	\$	3,794	\$	3,647	
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to									
noncontrolling interests		10		17		21		28	
Net earnings attributable to GECC	\$	1,828	\$	1,801	\$	3,773	\$	3,619	
Other comprehensive income (loss)									
Investment securities	\$	299	\$	(602)	\$	783	\$	(536)	
Currency translation adjustments		120		(1)		36		7	
Cash flow hedges		30		194		98		286	
Benefit plans		10		9		(8)		22	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		459		(400)		909		(221)	
Less other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to									
noncontrolling interests		3		(19)		5		(22)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to									
GECC	\$	456	\$	(381)	\$	904	\$	(199)	
Comprehensive income	\$	2,297	\$	1,418	\$	4,703	\$	3,426	
Less comprehensive income (loss) attributable to									
noncontrolling interests		13		(2)		26		6	
Comprehensive income attributable to GECC	\$	2,284	\$	1,420	\$	4,677	\$	3,420	

Amounts presented net of taxes. See Note 8 for further information about other comprehensive income and noncontrolling interests.

See accompanying notes.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Changes in Shareowners' Equity (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six months en 2014	aded June 30 2013
GECC shareowners' equity balance at		
January 1	\$ 82,694	\$ 81,890
Increases from net earnings		
attributable to GECC	3,773	3,619
Dividends and other transactions with		
shareowners	(1,577)	(2,082)
	904	(199)

Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to GECC

Changes in additional paid-in capital	4	983
Ending balance at June 30	85,798	84,211
Noncontrolling interests	350	550
Total equity balance at June 30	\$ 86,148	\$ 84,761

See Note 8 for further information about changes in shareowners' equity.

See accompanying notes.

(5)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates

Condensed Statement of Financial Position

			December 31,
(In millions, except share information)		June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	2013
Assets		(Chadanea)	
Cash and equivalents	\$	76,335	\$ 74,873
Investment securities (Note 3)		46,500	43,662
Inventories		62	68
Financing receivables – net (Notes 4 and 13)		241,696	253,029
Other receivables		16,102	16,513
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated amortization of		-, -	- ,-
\$27,060			
and \$26,960		50,704	51,607
Goodwill (Note 5)		26,047	26,195
Other intangible assets – net (Note 5)		1,285	1,136
Other assets		46,073	47,366
Assets of businesses held for sale (Note 2)		3,294	50
Assets of discontinued operations (Note 2)		1,470	2,330
Total assets(a)	\$	509,568	\$ 516,829
Liabilities and equity			
Short-term borrowings (Note 6)	\$	72,275	\$ 77,298
Accounts payable		7,669	6,549
Non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities		30,201	30,124
(Note 6)			
Bank deposits (Note 6)		58,140	53,361
Long-term borrowings (Note 6)		202,366	210,279
Investment contracts, insurance liabilities and insurance annuity		27,908	26,979
benefits		·	
Other liabilities		18,978	20,531
Deferred income taxes		4,640	4,786
Liabilities of businesses held for sale (Note 2)		289	6
Liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 2)		954	3,790
Total liabilities(a)		423,420	433,703
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (750,000 shares authorized at both	n		
June 30, 2014			
and December 31, 2013, and 50,000 shares issued and			
outstanding		-	-
at both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013)			
Common stock, \$14 par value (4,166,000 shares authorized at			
both June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and 1,000 shares			
issued and outstanding at both June 30, 2014 and December 3	31,		
2013)	-	-	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) – net(b)			

Investment securities	1,092	309
Currency translation adjustments	(656)	(687)
Cash flow hedges	(195)	(293)
Benefit plans	(371)	(363)
Additional paid-in capital	32,567	32,563
Retained earnings	53,361	51,165
Total GECC shareowners' equity	85,798	82,694
Noncontrolling interests(c)(Note 8)	350	432
Total equity	86,148	83,126
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 509,568	\$ 516,829

- (a) Our consolidated assets at June 30, 2014 included total assets of \$49,729 million of certain variable interest entities (VIEs) that can only be used to settle the liabilities of those VIEs. These assets included net financing receivables of \$42,949 million and investment securities of \$3,722 million. Our consolidated liabilities at June 30, 2014 included liabilities of certain VIEs for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to GECC. These liabilities included non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities (CSEs) of \$28,651 million. See Note 12.
- (b) The sum of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) attributable to GECC was \$(130) million and \$(1,034) million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.
- (c) Included AOCI attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$(134) million and \$(139) million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

See accompanying notes.

(6)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

		Six months e	nded .	
(In millions)		2014		2013
Cash flows – operating activities				
Net earnings	\$	3,794	\$	3,647
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to	Ψ	21	Ψ	28
noncontrolling interests		21		20
Net earnings attributable to GECC		3,773		3,619
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations		24		243
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings attributable		21		213
to GECC				
to cash provided from operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization of property,		3,210		3,403
plant and equipment		-,		-,
Deferred income taxes		(2,230)		561
Increase in accounts payable		1,278		647
Provision for losses on financing receivables		1,938		2,467
All other operating activities		404		(2,194)
Cash from (used for) operating activities –		8,397		8,746
continuing operations		,		,
Cash from (used for) operating activities –		(144)		(152)
discontinued operations		, ,		, ,
Cash from (used for) operating activities		8,253		8,594
Cash flows – investing activities				
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(5,008)		(5,480)
Dispositions of property, plant and equipment		3,177		2,560
Increase in loans to customers		(146,208)		(144,375)
Principal collections from customers – loans		149,709		151,154
Investment in equipment for financing leases		(3,976)		(4,165)
Principal collections from customers – financing		4,447		5,280
leases				
Net change in credit card receivables		(588)		(961)
Proceeds from sales of discontinued operations		232		-
Proceeds from principal business dispositions		-		753
Net cash from (payments for) principal		-		6,384
businesses purchased				
All other investing activities		2,697		12,260
Cash from (used for) investing activities –		4,482		23,410
continuing operations				
Cash from (used for) investing activities –		57		78
discontinued operations		4.720		20.400
Cash from (used for) investing activities		4,539		23,488

Cash flows – financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in borrowings (maturities	(4,503)	(6,815)
of 90 days or less)		
Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	4,988	(4,513)
Newly issued debt (maturities longer than 90	16,173	30,450
days)		
Repayments and other debt reductions (maturities	(26,668)	(41,589)
longer than 90 days)		
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	-	990
Dividends paid to shareowners	(1,577)	(2,082)
All other financing activities	(28)	(304)
Cash from (used for) financing activities –	(11,615)	(23,863)
continuing operations		
Cash from (used for) financing activities –	(6)	21
discontinued operations		
Cash from (used for) financing activities	(11,621)	(23,842)
Effect of common or analysis about a second	100	(650)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash	198	(658)
and equivalents		
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	1,369	7,582
Cash and equivalents at beginning of year	75,105	62,044
Cash and equivalents at June 30	76,474	69,626
Less cash and equivalents of discontinued	139	138
operations at June 30		
Cash and equivalents of continuing operations at	\$ 76,335	\$ 69,488
June 30		

See accompanying notes.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

General Electric Company (GE Company or GE) owns all of the common stock of General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC). Our financial statements consolidate all of our affiliates – companies that we control and in which we hold a majority voting interest. We also consolidate the economic interests we hold in certain businesses within companies in which we hold a voting equity interest and are majority owned by our parent, but which we have agreed to actively manage and control. See Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (2013 consolidated financial statements), which discusses our consolidation and financial statement presentation. GECC includes Commercial Lending and Leasing (CLL), Consumer, Real Estate, Energy Financial Services and GE Capital Aviation Services (GECAS).

Effects of transactions between related companies are made on an arms-length basis and are eliminated. As a wholly-owned subsidiary, GECC enters into various operating and financing arrangements with its parent, GE. These arrangements are made on an arms-length basis and consist primarily of GECC dividends to GE; GE customer receivables sold to GECC; GECC services for trade receivables management and material procurement; buildings and equipment (including automobiles) leased between GE and GECC; information technology (IT) and other services sold to GECC by GE; aircraft engines manufactured by GE that are installed on aircraft purchased by GECC from third-party producers for lease to others; and various investments, loans and allocations of GE corporate costs.

We have reclassified certain prior-period amounts to conform to the current-period presentation. Unless otherwise indicated, information in these notes to the condensed, consolidated financial statements relates to continuing operations.

Interim Period Presentation

The condensed, consolidated financial statements and notes thereto are unaudited. These statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) that we considered necessary to present a fair statement of our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The results reported in these condensed, consolidated financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. It is suggested that these condensed, consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2013 consolidated financial statements. We label our quarterly information using a calendar convention, that is, first quarter is labeled as ending on March 31, second quarter as ending on June 30, and third quarter as ending on September 30. It is our longstanding practice to establish interim quarterly closing dates using a fiscal calendar, which requires our businesses to close their books on either a Saturday or Sunday, depending on the business. The effects of this practice are modest and only exist within a reporting year. The fiscal closing calendar for 2014 is available on our website, www.ge.com/secreports.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

See the Notes in our 2013 consolidated financial statements for a summary of our significant accounting policies.

Accounting Changes

On January 1, 2014, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2013-05, Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity. Under the revised guidance, the entire amount of the cumulative translation adjustment associated with the foreign entity will be released into earnings in the following circumstances: (a) the sale of a subsidiary or group of net assets within a foreign entity that represents a complete or substantially complete liquidation of that entity, (b) the loss of a controlling financial interest in an investment in a foreign entity, or (c) when the accounting for an investment in a foreign entity changes from the equity method to full consolidation. The revised guidance applies prospectively to transactions or events occurring on or after January 1, 2014.

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On January 1, 2014, we adopted ASU 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. Under the new guidance, an unrecognized tax benefit is required to be presented as a reduction to a deferred tax asset if the disallowance of the tax position would reduce the available tax loss or tax credit carryforward instead of resulting in a cash tax liability. The ASU applies prospectively to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist as of the adoption date and reduced both deferred tax assets and income tax liabilities by \$1,009 million as of January 1, 2014.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company elected to early adopt ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This ASU changes the criteria for reporting discontinued operations. To be classified as a discontinued operation, the disposal of a component or group of components must represent a strategic shift that has, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. The ASU also expands the disclosure requirements for those transactions that meet the new criteria to be classified as discontinued operations. The revised accounting guidance applies prospectively to all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and for businesses that, upon acquisition, are classified as held for sale on or after adoption. Early adoption is permitted for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been previously reported in financial statements. The effects of applying the revised guidance will vary based upon the nature and size of future disposal transactions. It is expected that fewer disposal transactions will meet the new criteria to be reported as discontinued operations.

2. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF BUSINESSES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Assets and Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale

In the second quarter of 2014, we committed to sell GE Money Bank AB, our consumer finance business in Sweden, Denmark and Norway (GEMB-Nordic) with assets of \$3,248 million and liabilities of \$287 million.

In the first quarter of 2013, we committed to sell our Consumer auto and personal loan business in Portugal and completed the sale on July 15, 2013 for proceeds of \$83 million.

Financial Information for Assets and Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale

(In millions)	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 90	\$ 5
Financing receivables – net	2,842	-
Goodwill	284	24
All other	78	21
Assets of businesses held for sale	\$ 3,294	\$ 50
Liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 235	\$ -
All other	54	6
Liabilities of businesses held for sale	\$ 289	\$ 6

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations primarily comprised GE Money Japan (our Japanese personal loan business, Lake, and our Japanese mortgage and card businesses, excluding our investment in GE Nissen Credit Co., Ltd.), our U.S. mortgage business (WMC), our Commercial Lending and Leasing (CLL) trailer services business in Europe (CLL Trailer Services) and our Consumer banking business in Russia (Consumer Russia). Results of operations, financial position and cash flows for these businesses are separately reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

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Financial Information for Discontinued Operations

(In millions)		Three month 2014	ns ended	June 30 2013	;	Six months 2014	ended June	30 2013
Operations Total revenues (loss)	\$	(40)	\$	107	\$	(11)	\$	161
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes Benefit (provision) for income		(53)		(33)	\$	(67)	\$	(175)
taxes Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations,		21		22		28		146
net of taxes	\$	(32)	\$	(11)	\$	(39)	\$	(29)
Disposal Gain (loss) on disposal before income taxes	\$	(4)	\$	(95)	\$	14	\$	(282)
Benefit (provision) for income			Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
taxes Gain (loss) on disposal, net of		-		(17)		1		68
taxes	\$	(4)	\$	(112)	\$	15	\$	(214)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$	(36)	\$	(123)	\$	(24)	\$	(243)
(In millions)					June 30, 201		cember 31, 2013	
Assets								
Cash and equivalents Financing receivables – net				\$		1	232 711	
Other Assets of discontinued operation	ons			\$	1,330 1,470		1,387 2,330	
Liabilities								
Deferred income taxes Other				\$	12: 83:		250 3,540	
Liabilities of discontinued oper	ration	S		\$	95 ₄		3,790	

Other assets at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 primarily comprised a deferred tax asset for a loss carryforward, which expires principally in 2017 and in part in 2019, related to the sale of our GE Money Japan business.

GE Money Japan

During the third quarter of 2008, we completed the sale of GE Money Japan, which included our Japanese personal loan business. Under the terms of the sale, we reduced the proceeds from the sale for estimated refund claims in excess of the statutory interest rate. Proceeds from the sale were to be increased or decreased based on the actual claims experienced in accordance with loss-sharing terms specified in the sale agreement, with all claims in excess of 258 billion Japanese yen (approximately \$3,000 million) remaining our responsibility. On February 26, 2014, we reached an agreement with the buyer to pay 175 billion Japanese yen (approximately \$1,700 million) to extinguish this obligation. We have no remaining amount payable under the February 26, 2014 agreement as our reserve for refund claims of \$1,836 million at December 31, 2013 was fully paid in the six months ended June 30, 2014.

GE Money Japan earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(2) million and \$(65) million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$(3) million and \$(116) million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

WMC

During the fourth quarter of 2007, we completed the sale of WMC, our U.S. mortgage business. WMC substantially discontinued all new loan originations by the second quarter of 2007, and is not a loan servicer. In connection with the sale, WMC retained certain representation and warranty obligations related to loans sold to third parties prior to the disposal of the business and contractual obligations to repurchase previously sold loans that had an early payment default. All claims received by WMC for early payment default have either been resolved or are no longer being pursued.

(10)

The remaining active claims have been brought by securitization trustees or administrators seeking recovery from WMC for alleged breaches of representations and warranties on mortgage loans that serve as collateral for residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS). At June 30, 2014, such claims consisted of \$3,759 million of individual claims generally submitted before the filing of a lawsuit (compared to \$5,643 million at December 31, 2013) and \$8,337 million of additional claims asserted against WMC in litigation without making a prior claim (Litigation Claims) (compared to \$6,780 at December 31, 2013). The total amount of these claims, \$12,096 million, reflects the purchase price or unpaid principal balances of the loans at the time of purchase and does not give effect to pay downs or potential recoveries based upon the underlying collateral, which in many cases are substantial, nor to accrued interest or fees. As of June 30, 2014, these amounts do not include approximately \$1,000 million of repurchase claims relating to alleged breaches of representations that are not in litigation and that are beyond the applicable statute of limitations. WMC believes that repurchase claims brought based upon representations and warranties made more than six years before WMC was notified of the claim would be disallowed in legal proceedings under applicable statutes of limitations.

Reserves related to repurchase claims made against WMC were \$549 million at June 30, 2014, reflecting a net decrease to reserves in the six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$251 million due to settlement activity. The reserve estimate takes into account recent settlement activity that reduced WMC's exposure on certain claims and is based upon WMC's evaluation of the remaining exposures as a percentage of estimated mortgage loan losses within the pool of loans supporting each securitization. Recent settlements reduced WMC's exposure on claims asserted in certain securitizations and the claim amounts reported above give effect to these settlements.

Rollforward of the Reserve

	Three months	ths ended June 30			Six months er	30	
(In millions)	2014		2013		2014		2013
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 550	\$	740	\$	800	\$	633
Provision	102		47		102		154
Claim resolutions / rescissions	(103)		-		(353)		-
Balance, end of period	\$ 549	\$	787	\$	549	\$	787

Given the significant recent claim and related litigation activity and WMC's continuing efforts to resolve the lawsuits involving claims made against WMC, it is difficult to assess whether future losses will be consistent with WMC's past experience. Adverse changes to WMC's assumptions supporting the reserve may result in an increase to these reserves. Taking into account both recent settlement activity and the potential variability of settlements, WMC estimates a range of reasonably possible loss from \$0 to approximately \$500 million over its recorded reserve at June 30, 2014. This estimate excludes any possible loss associated with an adverse court decision on the applicable statute of limitations, as WMC is unable at this time to develop such a meaningful estimate.

At June 30, 2014, there were 14 lawsuits involving claims made against WMC arising from alleged breaches of representations and warranties on mortgage loans included in 13 securitizations. The adverse parties in these cases are securitization trustees or parties claiming to act on their behalf. Although the alleged claims for relief vary from case to case, the complaints and counterclaims in these actions generally assert claims for breach of contract, indemnification, and/or declaratory judgment, and seek specific performance (repurchase of defective mortgage loan) and/or money damages. Adverse court decisions, including in cases not involving WMC, could result in new claims and lawsuits on additional loans. However, WMC continues to believe that it has defenses to the claims asserted in litigation, including, for example, based on causation and materiality requirements and applicable statutes of limitations. It is not possible to predict the outcome or impact of these defenses and other factors, any of which could

materially affect the amount of any loss ultimately incurred by WMC on these claims.

WMC has also received indemnification demands, nearly all of which are unspecified, from depositors/underwriters/sponsors of RMBS in connection with lawsuits brought by RMBS investors concerning alleged misrepresentations in the securitization offering documents to which WMC is not a party. WMC believes that it has defenses to these demands.

(11)

To the extent WMC is required to repurchase loans, WMC's loss also would be affected by several factors, including pay downs, accrued interest and fees, and the value of the underlying collateral. The reserve and estimate of possible loss reflect judgment, based on currently available information, and a number of assumptions, including economic conditions, claim and settlement activity, pending and threatened litigation, court decisions regarding WMC's legal defenses, indemnification demands, government activity, and other variables in the mortgage industry. Actual losses arising from claims against WMC could exceed these amounts and additional claims and lawsuits could result if actual claim rates, governmental actions, litigation and indemnification activity, adverse court decisions, actual settlement rates or losses WMC incurs on repurchased loans differ from its assumptions.

WMC revenues (loss) from discontinued operations were \$(39) million and \$(47) million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$(35) million and \$(154) million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. WMC earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(30) million and \$(33) million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$(32) million and \$(105) million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Other

In the fourth quarter of 2013, we announced the planned disposition of Consumer Russia and classified the business as discontinued operations. At that time, we recorded a \$170 million loss on the planned disposal. We completed the sale in the first quarter of 2014 for proceeds of \$232 million. Consumer Russia revenues from discontinued operations were an insignificant amount and \$64 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$24 million and \$131 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Consumer Russia earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(1) million and \$(2) million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and an insignificant amount (including a \$4 million gain on disposal) and \$(13) million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2013, we announced the planned disposition of CLL Trailer Services and classified the business as discontinued operations. We completed the sale in the fourth quarter of 2013 for proceeds of \$528 million. CLL Trailer Services had no revenues from discontinued operations in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and \$90 million of revenues from discontinued operations in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 213, respectively. CLL Trailer Services earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes, were \$(2) million and \$(24) million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$11 million and \$(10) million (including a \$98 million loss on disposal) in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(12)

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Substantially all of our investment securities are classified as available-for-sale. These comprise mainly investment-grade debt securities supporting obligations to annuitants, policyholders in our run-off insurance operations and supporting obligations to holders of guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) in Trinity and investments held in our CLL business collateralized by senior secured loans of high-quality, middle-market companies in a variety of industries. We do not have any securities classified as held-to-maturity.

			June 30, 2014					December 31, 2013								
				Gross		Gross						Gross		Gross		
	A	mortized	un	realized	unr	ealized	E	Estimated	A	mortized	un	realized	unr	ealized	E	stimated
(In millions)		cost		gains		losses	f	air value		cost		gains		losses	f	air value
Dile																
Debt																
U.S. corporate	\$	19,800	\$	3,510	\$	(91)	\$		\$	19,600	\$	2,323	\$	(217)	\$	21,706
State and municipal		5,144		497		(96)		5,545		4,245		235		(191)		4,289
Residential		1,755		153		(30)		1,878		1,819		139		(48)		1,910
mortgage-backed(a)																
Commercial		2,933		207		(42)		3,098		2,929		188		(82)		3,035
mortgage-backed																
Asset-backed		7,685		33		(36)		7,682		7,373		60		(46)		7,387
Corporate – non-U.S		1,666		179		(50)		1,795		1,741		103		(86)		1,758
Government –		2,011		118		(3)		2,126		2,336		81		(7)		2,410
non-U.S.																
U.S. government and	1															
federal agency		698		50		(1)		747		752		45		(27)		770
Retained interests		60		13		-		73		64		8		-		72
Equity																
Available-for-sale		215		71		(2)		284		203		51		(3)		251
Trading		53		-		-		53		74		-		-		74
Total	\$	42,020	\$	4,831	\$	(351)	\$	46,500	\$	41,136	\$	3,233	\$	(707)	\$	43,662

⁽a) Substantially collateralized by U.S. mortgages. At June 30, 2014, \$1,238 million related to securities issued by government-sponsored entities and \$640 million related to securities of private-label issuers. Securities issued by private-label issuers are collateralized primarily by pools of individual direct mortgage loans of financial institutions.

(13)

Estimated Fair Value and Gross Unrealized Losses of Available-for-Sale Investment Securities

				In loss pos	sition fo	r				
		Less than	12 mc	_			months or more			
(In millions)		Estimated fair value		Gross unrealized losses(a)		Estimated fair value				
June 30, 2014										
Debt										
U.S. corporate	\$	234	\$	(4)	\$	1,523	\$	(87)		
State and municipal		115		(2)		766		(94)		
Residential mortgage-b	acked	47		(1)		471		(29)		
Commercial		5		-		931		(42)		
mortgage-backed										
Asset-backed		3		-		321		(36)		
Corporate – non-U.S.		20		-		444		(50)		
Government – non-U.S		984		(3)		89		-		
U.S. government and fe	ederal	-		-		255		(1)		
agency										
Retained interests		7		-		1		-		
Equity		46		(2)		-		-		
Total	\$	1,461	\$	(12)	\$	4,801	\$	(339)(b)		
December 31, 2013										
Debt										
U.S. corporate	\$	2,170	\$	(122)	\$	598	\$	(95)		
State and municipal		1,076		(82)		367		(109)		
Residential mortgage-b	acked	232		(11)		430		(37)		
Commercial		396		(24)		780		(58)		
mortgage-backed										
Asset-backed		112		(2)		359		(44)		
Corporate – non-U.S.		96		(3)		454		(83)		
Government – non-U.S		1,479		(6)		42		(1)		
U.S. government and fe	ederal	229		(27)		254		-		
agency										
Retained interests		2		-		-		-		
Equity		31		(3)		-		-		
Total	\$	5,823	\$	(280)	\$	3,284	\$	(427)		

⁽a) Included gross unrealized losses related to securities that had other-than-temporary impairments previously recognized of \$(66) million at June 30, 2014.

We regularly review investment securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) using both qualitative and quantitative criteria. For debt securities, our qualitative review considers our ability and intent to hold the security and

⁽b) The majority relate to debt securities held to support obligations to holders of GICs and more than 70% are debt securities that were considered to be investment-grade by the major rating agencies at June 30, 2014.

the financial condition of and near-term prospects for the issuer, including whether the issuer is in compliance with the terms and covenants of the security. Our quantitative review considers whether there has been an adverse change in expected future cash flows. Unrealized losses are not indicative of the amount of credit loss that would be recognized and at June 30, 2014 are primarily due to increases in market yields subsequent to our purchase of the securities. We presently do not intend to sell the vast majority of our debt securities that are in an unrealized loss position and believe that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the vast majority of these securities before anticipated recovery of our amortized cost. The methodologies and significant inputs used to measure the amount of credit loss for our investment securities during the six months ended June 30, 2014 have not changed. For equity securities, we consider the duration and the severity of the unrealized loss. We believe that the unrealized loss associated with our equity securities will be recovered within the foreseeable future.

Our corporate debt portfolio comprises securities issued by public and private corporations in various industries, primarily in the U.S. Substantially all of our corporate debt securities are rated investment grade by the major rating agencies.

(14)

Our RMBS portfolio is collateralized primarily by pools of individual, direct mortgage loans, of which substantially all are in a senior position in the capital structure of the deals, not other structured products such as collateralized debt obligations. Of the total RMBS held at June 30, 2014, \$1,238 million and \$640 million related to agency and non-agency securities, respectively. Additionally, \$337 million was related to residential subprime credit securities, primarily supporting our guaranteed investment contracts. Substantially all of the subprime exposure is related to securities backed by mortgage loans originated in 2006 and prior. A majority of subprime RMBS have been downgraded to below investment grade and are insured by Monoline insurers (Monolines). We continue to place partial reliance on Monolines with adequate capital and claims paying resources depending on the extent of the Monoline's anticipated ability to cover expected credit losses.

Our commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) portfolio is collateralized by both diversified pools of mortgages that were originated for securitization (conduit CMBS) and pools of large loans backed by high-quality properties (large loan CMBS), a majority of which were originated in 2007 and prior. The vast majority of the securities in our CMBS portfolio have investment-grade credit ratings.

Our asset-backed securities (ABS) portfolio is collateralized by senior secured loans of high-quality, middle-market companies in a variety of industries, as well as a variety of diversified pools of assets such as student loans and credit cards. The vast majority of the securities in our ABS portfolio are in a senior position in the capital structure of the deals.

Pre-tax, Other-Than-Temporary Impairments on Investment Securities

	Three months ended June 30				Six months	s ended June 30		
(In millions)	2014		2013		2014		2013	
T . 1	0	ф	1.50	Φ.	4.5	Φ.	4.44	
Total pre-tax, OTTI recognized \$	9	\$	152	\$	47	\$	441	
Less pre-tax, OTTI recognized in	-		(19)					
AOCI					(4)		(30)	
Pre-tax, OTTI recognized in	9		133					
earnings(a) \$		\$		\$	43	\$	411	

⁽a) Included pre-tax, other-than-temporary impairments recorded in earnings related to equity securities of \$2 million and an insignificant amount in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$3 million and \$1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The three and six months ended June 30, 2013 included \$96 million related to the impairment of an investment in a Brazilian company that was fully offset by the benefit of a guarantee provided by GE.

Changes in Cumulative Credit Loss Impairments Recognized on Debt Securities Still Held

	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
(In millions)	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Cumulative credit loss impairments recognized, beginning of period Credit loss impairments recognized on securities not previously	\$ 1,003	\$	694	\$	1,025	\$	420	
impaired	1		122		1		385	

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Incremental credit loss				
impairments recognized on				
securities previously impaired	2	7	31	19
Less credit loss impairments				
previously recognized				
on securities sold during the				
period	(3)	(46)	(54)	(47)
Cumulative credit loss				
impairments recognized,				
end of period	\$ 1,003	\$ 777	\$ 1,003	\$ 777

(15)

Contractual Maturities of Investment in Available-for-Sale Debt Securities (Excluding Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities)

(In millions)	Amortized cost	Estimated fair value
Due		
Within one year	\$ 1,935	\$ 1,942
After one year through five		
years	3,680	4,018
After five years through		
ten years	5,241	5,592
After ten years	18,463	21,880

We expect actual maturities to differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations.

Gross Realized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities

	Three months ended June 30				Six months e	nded J	une 30
(In millions)	2014		2013		2014		2013
Gains	\$ 43	\$	123	\$	62	\$	185
Losses, including impairments	(9)		(139)		(45)		(417)
Net	\$ 34	\$	(16)	\$	17	\$	(232)

Although we generally do not have the intent to sell any specific securities at the end of the period, in the ordinary course of managing our investment securities portfolio, we may sell securities prior to their maturities for a variety of reasons, including diversification, credit quality, yield and liquidity requirements and the funding of claims and obligations to policyholders. In some of our bank subsidiaries, we maintain a certain level of purchases and sales volume principally of non-U.S. government debt securities. In these situations, fair value approximates carrying value for these securities.

Proceeds from investment securities sales and early redemptions by issuers totaled \$1,198 million and \$6,284 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$2,547 million and \$9,925 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, principally from sales of short-term government securities in our bank subsidiaries and Treasury operations, and redemptions of non-U.S. corporate and asset-backed securities in our CLL business.

We recognized pre-tax gains (losses) on trading securities of \$1 million and \$5 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$(4) million and \$41 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

4. FINANCING RECEIVABLES AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES ON FINANCING RECEIVABLES

(In millions)	Jun	ne 30, 2014	Dec	ember 31, 2013
Loans, net of deferred income(a) Investment in financing leases, net of	\$	220,929	\$	231,268
deferred income		25,922		26,939
		246,851		258,207
Allowance for losses		(5,155)		(5,178)
Financing receivables – net(b)	\$	241,696	\$	253,029

- (a) Deferred income was \$1,675 million and \$2,013 million at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.
- (b) Financing receivables at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 included \$391 million and \$544 million, respectively, relating to loans that had been acquired in a transfer but have been subject to credit deterioration since origination.

Financing Receivables by Portfolio and Allowance for Losses

During the first quarter of 2014, we combined our CLL Europe and CLL Asia portfolios into CLL International and we transferred our CLL Other portfolio to the CLL Americas portfolio. Prior-period amounts were reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

(In millions)		December 31, 2013	
Commercial			
CLL			
Americas	\$	67,688	\$ 69,036
International		45,555	47,431
Total CLL		113,243	116,467
Energy Financial Services		2,776	3,107
GECAS		8,440	9,377
Other		138	318
Total Commercial		124,597	129,269
Real Estate		19,799	19,899
Consumer			
Non-U.S. residential mortgages		29,594	30,501
Non-U.S. installment and revolving credit		10,782	13,677
		53,365	55,854

1,763	2,054
6,951	6,953
102,455	109,039
246,851	258,207
(5,155)	(5,178)
\$ 241,696 \$	253,029
\$	6,951 102,455 246,851 (5,155)

(17)

Allowance for Losses on Financing Receivables

(In millions)		Provision alance at charged to anuary 1 operations				Other(a	В	alance at June 30				
2014			_									
Commercial CLL												
Americas \$		473	\$	139	\$	(1)	\$	(236)	\$	48	\$	423
International		505		75		(5)		(202)		54		427
Total CLL		978		214		(6)		(438)		102		850
Energy Financial		8		13		_		(2)		2		21
Services										-		
GECAS		17		11		-		(7)		-		21
Other	1	2		-		(2)		- (447)		104		- 202
Total Commercial	1,	005		238		(8)		(447)		104		892
Real Estate		192		(104)		1		(25)		98		162
Consumer												
Non-U.S. residential		358		117		1		(81)		16		411
mortgages		330		117		1		(01)		10		411
Non-U.S. installment		594		147		(71)		(393)		219		496
and revolving credit				11,		(/1)		(3)3)		21)		.,,
U.S. installment and	2,	823		1,420		18	(1,585)		277		2,953
revolving credit Non-U.S. auto		56		73		2	`			26		
Other		150		73 47		(17)		(43) (82)		29		114 127
Total Consumer		981		1,804		(67)	(2,184)		567		4,101
Total \$		178	\$	1,938	\$	(74)		2,656)	\$	769	\$	5,155
2013												
Commercial CLL												
Americas	\$	496	Ç	179	\$	S (1) \$	(252) \$	58	\$	480
International	Ψ	525		185	4	•	5)	(351		48	Ψ	401
Total CLL		1,021		364			7)	(603		106		881
Energy Financial Services		9		(1)		`	_	`	_	_		8
GECAS		8		3			_		_	_		11
Other		3		_	-		_	(1		_		2
Total Commercial		1,041		366		(7	7)	(604)	106		902
Real Estate		320		(19)		(3	3)	(65)	2		235
Consumer												
Non-U.S. residential mortgages		480		126		(1	1)	(113)	25		517
Non-U.S. installment and revolvir	ng	582		228		(30		(455		282		607
credit		2,282		1,660		(50	0)	(1,464)	286		2,714

U.S. installment and revolving

credit						
Non-U.S. auto	67	24	(5)	(62)	38	62
Other	172	82	9	(103)	35	195
Total Consumer	3,583	2,120	(77)	(2,197)	666	4,095
Total	\$ 4,944	\$ 2,467	\$ (87) \$	(2,866) \$	774 \$	5,232

⁽a) Other primarily includes the effects of currency exchange and the 2014 reclassification of GEMB-Nordic to held for sale.

(18)

⁽b) Net write-offs (gross write-offs less recoveries) in certain portfolios may exceed the beginning allowance for losses as a result of losses that are incurred subsequent to the beginning of the fiscal year due to information becoming available during the current year, which may identify further deterioration on existing financing receivables.

5. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

(In millions)	Balance a millions) January 1, 201		Acquisitions	Dispositions, currency exchange and other	currency exchange		
CLL	\$	13,522	\$ _ 3	5 10	\$	13,532	
Consumer		10,277	_	(108)		10,169	
Real Estate		742	_	(50)		692	
Energy Financial Services		1,507	_	_		1,507	
GECAS		147	_	_		147	
Total	\$	26,195	\$ - 5	6 (148)	\$	26,047	

Goodwill balances decreased \$(148) million during the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily as a result of a reclassification of goodwill associated with GEMB-Nordic to assets of businesses held for sale, offset primarily by currency exchange effects of a weaker U.S. dollar. Our reporting units and related goodwill balances are CLL (\$13,532 million), Consumer (\$10,169 million), Real Estate (\$692 million), Energy Financial Services (\$1,507 million) and GECAS (\$147 million) at June 30, 2014.

Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization

		30, 2014		December 31, 2013							
(In millions)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization		Net			Gross carrying Accumulat amount amortizati				Net
Capitalized software \$	2,284	\$	(1,753)	\$	531	\$	2,200	\$	(1,707)	\$	493
Customer-related	1,357		(838)		519		1,173		(802)		371
Lease valuations	644		(469)		175		703		(498)		205
Present value of future											
profits (a)	596		(596)		_		574		(574)		_
Patents and technology	88		(82)		6		106		(102)		4
Trademarks	48		(35)		13		49		(36)		13
All other	287		(246)		41		326		(276)		50
Total \$	5,304										