

ALIMERA SCIENCES INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 11, 2015  
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q  
(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-34703

Alimera Sciences, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Delaware<br>(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)                     | 20-0028718<br>(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |
| 6120 Windward Parkway, Suite 290<br>Alpharetta, GA<br>(Address of principal executive offices) | 30005<br>(Zip Code)                                |
| (678) 990-5740<br>(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)                         |  |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of May 8, 2015 there were 44,397,281 shares of the registrant's Common Stock issued and outstanding.



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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

|   | March 31,<br>2015                               | December 31,<br>2014 |
|---|---|----------------------|
|   | (In thousands, except share and per share data) |                      |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>  |   |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 61,328                                       | \$ 76,697            |
| Accounts receivable, net  | 3,423   | 850                  |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets   | 2,913   | 3,234                |
| Inventory, net (Note 5)   | 2,052   | 1,734                |
| Deferred financing costs  | 597   | 754                  |
| Total current assets  | 70,313  | 83,269               |
| <b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net</b>  | <b>2,511</b>                                    | <b>1,653</b>         |
| <b>INTANGIBLE ASSET, net (Note 6)</b>   | <b>24,011</b>                                   | <b>24,490</b>        |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>   | <b>\$ 96,835</b>                                | <b>\$ 109,412</b>    |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>   |   |                      |
| Accounts payable  | \$ 4,729  | \$ 5,021             |
| Accrued expenses (Note 7)   | 1,709   | 954                  |
| Accrued milestone payments  | —   | 2,000                |
| Outsourced services payable   | 827   | 1,466                |
| Note payable (Note 9)   | 4,472   | 1,023                |
| Capital lease obligations   | 253   | 11                   |
| Total current liabilities   | 11,990  | 10,475               |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>   |   |                      |
| Derivative warrant liability  | 13,592  | 16,098               |
| Note payable, net of discount — less current portion (Note 9)   | 29,808  | 33,065               |
| Other non-current liabilities   | 873   | 255                  |
| <b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>  |   |                      |
| <b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>  |   |                      |
| Preferred stock, \$.01 par value — 10,000,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:  |   |                      |
| Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, 1,300,000 authorized and 600,000 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014; liquidation preference of \$24,000 at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 | 19,227  | 19,227               |
| Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, 8,417 authorized and 8,416.251 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014; liquidation preference of \$50,750 at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014   | 49,568  | 49,568               |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value — 100,000,000 shares authorized, 44,386,290 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2015 and 44,320,342 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2014                       | 444   | 443                  |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 294,054   | 292,851              |
| Common stock warrants   | 1,497   | 1,497                |
| Accumulated deficit   | (323,048)                                       | (313,255)            |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (1,170)   | (812)                |
| <b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   | <b>40,572</b>                                   | <b>49,519</b>        |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   | <b>\$ 96,835</b>                                | <b>\$ 109,412</b>    |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31,                    |             |
|---|--|-------------|
|   | 2015   | 2014        |
|   | (In thousands, except share and<br>per share data) |             |
| NET REVENUE   | \$3,938  | \$2,084     |
| COST OF GOODS SOLD, EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION AND<br>AMORTIZATION              | (283   | ) (564      |
| GROSS MARGIN  | 3,655  | 1,520       |
| RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES   | 3,329  | 2,754       |
| GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES   | 3,619  | 2,894       |
| SALES AND MARKETING EXPENSES  | 7,129  | 3,283       |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION   | 572  | 33          |
| OPERATING EXPENSES  | 14,649   | 8,964       |
| NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS  | (10,994  | ) (7,444    |
| INTEREST EXPENSE, NET AND OTHER   | (1,122   | ) (129      |
| UNREALIZED FOREIGN CURRENCY LOSS, NET                                       | (114   | ) (56       |
| CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF DERIVATIVE WARRANT LIABILITY                        | 2,506  | (13,130     |
| NET LOSS BEFORE TAXES   | (9,724   | ) (20,759   |
| PROVISION FOR TAXES   | (69  | ) —         |
| NET LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS                                  | \$(9,793   | ) \$(20,759 |
| NET LOSS PER SHARE APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS — Basic<br>and diluted | \$(0.22  | ) \$(0.58   |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING — Basic and diluted                     | 44,347,639   | 35,853,869  |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

|  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
|  | 2015                            | 2014           |
|  | (In thousands)                  |                |
| NET LOSS                                 | \$ (9,793                       | ) \$ (20,759 ) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)        |                                 |                |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (358                            | ) 4            |
| TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)  | (358                            | ) 4            |
| COMPREHENSIVE LOSS                       | \$ (10,151                      | ) \$ (20,755 ) |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |              |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
|   | 2015                            | 2014         |
|   | (In thousands)                  |              |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                                 |              |
| Net loss  | \$ (9,793                       | ) \$ (20,759 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:                               |                                 |              |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 558                             | 36           |
| Unrealized foreign currency transaction loss (gain)   | 114                             | 56           |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount  | 175                             | 42           |
| Stock-based compensation expense  | 1,078                           | 933          |
| Change in fair value of derivative warrant liability  | (2,506                          | ) 13,130     |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:  |                                 |              |
| Accounts receivable   | (2,666                          | ) (775       |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets   | 171                             | 1,054        |
| Inventory   | (455                            | ) 548        |
| Accounts payable  | 272                             | 111          |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities  | (1,708                          | ) (592       |
| Other long-term liabilities   | 58                              | (2           |
| Net cash used in operating activities   | (14,702                         | ) (6,218     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                                 |              |
| Purchases of property and equipment   | (160                            | ) (12        |
| Net cash used in investing activities   | (160                            | ) (12        |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                                 |              |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options   | 125                             | 287          |
| Proceeds from sale of common stock  | —                               | 37,500       |
| Payment of issuance cost of common stock  | —                               | (2,389       |
| Payment of principal on notes payable   | —                               | (417         |
| Payment of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock offering costs  | (327                            | ) —          |
| Payment of capital lease obligations  | (3                              | ) (2         |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities   | (205                            | ) 34,979     |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   | (302                            | ) (51        |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  | (15,369                         | ) 28,698     |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — Beginning of period   | 76,697                          | 12,628       |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — End of period   | \$61,328                        | \$41,326     |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:</b>  |                                 |              |
| Cash paid for interest  | \$954                           | \$89         |
| Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:                                     |                                 |              |
| Property and equipment acquired under capital leases  | \$806                           | \$—          |
| There were no income tax or dividend payments made during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. |                                 |              |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.





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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Alimera Sciences, Inc., and its subsidiaries (the Company), is a pharmaceutical company that specializes in the research, development and commercialization of prescription ophthalmic pharmaceuticals. The Company was formed on June 4, 2003 under the laws of the State of Delaware.

The Company is presently focused on diseases affecting the back of the eye, or retina, because the Company's management believes these diseases are not well treated with current therapies and represent a significant underserved market opportunity. The Company's only commercial product is ILUVIEN®, which has received marketing authorization in the United States (U.S.), Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. In the U.S., ILUVIEN is indicated for the treatment of diabetic macular edema (DME) in patients who have been previously treated with a course of corticosteroids and did not have a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure (IOP). In the European Union (EU) and European Economic Area countries in which ILUVIEN has received marketing authorization, it is indicated for the treatment of vision impairment associated with DME considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. As part of the approval process in the EU, the Company has committed to conduct a five-year, post-authorization, open label registry study of ILUVIEN in 800 patients.

The Company launched ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom and Germany in the second quarter of 2013 and in Portugal and the U.S. in the first quarter of 2015. The Company was able to launch in Germany without price restrictions, but continues to work with the statutory health insurance funds in Germany to streamline reimbursement for ILUVIEN. In October 2013, the United Kingdom's National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) issued a positive Final Appraisal Determination recommending ILUVIEN funding, taking into consideration a simple patient access scheme (PAS) for the treatment of pseudophakic eyes (eyes with an artificial lens) in chronic DME patients considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. Further, in February 2014, the Scottish Medicines Consortium, after completing its assessment and review of a similar simple PAS, announced that it had accepted ILUVIEN for restricted use within the National Health Services Scotland.

In July 2013, the Transparency Commission (Commission de la Transparence or CT) of the French National Health Authority (Haute Autorite de Sante) issued a favorable opinion for the reimbursement and hospital listing of ILUVIEN by the French National Health Insurance for the treatment of chronic DME considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. The Company continues to negotiate with the French authorities, but has not yet reached an agreement on price.

In July 2014, the Company reached agreement with INFARMED, the marketing authorization body of the Portuguese Ministry of Health, for the pricing and reimbursement of ILUVIEN for the public sector in Portugal.

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company has prepared the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto (interim financial statements) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company's interim financial information. The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, which was filed with the SEC on March 13, 2015. The financial results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the expected financial results for the full year.

Reclassifications

Within the Operating expenses section of the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company reclassified depreciation expense of \$33,000 from general and administrative expenses to depreciation and amortization to conform to the current year presentation. In addition, the Company reclassified certain medical affairs support expenses of \$128,000 from sales and marketing expenses to research and development expenses to conform to the current year presentation.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies followed for quarterly financial reporting are the same as those disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2014. In addition, with the U.S. launch of ILUVIEN in the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company adopted the policy set forth below.

Revenue Recognition

In the U.S., the Company sells ILUVIEN to a limited number of specialty distributors who in turn sell the product downstream to pharmacies and physician practices. Revenue from U.S. product sales is recorded upon sale to the specialty distributors net of applicable provisions for rebates and chargebacks under governmental programs, distribution-related fees, prompt pay discounts, product returns, and other sales-related deductions. Calculating these provisions involves estimates and judgments. The Company reviews its estimates of rebates, chargebacks, and other applicable provisions each period and records any necessary adjustments in the current period's net product sales.

Government Rebates and Chargebacks: The Company estimates reductions to product sales for Medicaid and Veterans' Administration (VA) programs, and for certain other qualifying federal and state government programs. Based upon the Company's contracts with government agencies, statutorily-defined discounts applicable to government-funded programs, historical experience, and estimated payer mix, the Company estimates and records an allowance for rebates and chargebacks. The Company's liability for Medicaid rebates consists of estimates for claims that a state will make for a current quarter, claims for prior quarters that have been estimated for which an invoice has not been received, and invoices received for claims from prior quarters that have not been paid. The Company's reserves related to discounted pricing to VA, Public Health Services (PHS), and other institutions (collectively qualified healthcare providers) represent the Company's estimated obligations resulting from contractual commitments to sell products to qualified healthcare providers at prices lower than the list prices the Company charges to its customers (i.e., specialty distributors). The Company's customers charge the Company for the difference between what they pay for the products and the ultimate selling price to the qualified healthcare providers. The Company's reserve for this discounted pricing is based on expected sales to qualified healthcare providers and the chargebacks that customers have already claimed.

Distribution-Related Fees: The Company has written contracts with its customers that include terms for distribution-related fees. The Company estimates and records distribution and related fees due to its customers based on gross sales.

Prompt Pay Discounts: No prompt pay discounts are currently offered to the Company's U.S. customers on sales.  
Product Returns: Consistent with industry practice, the Company offers its customers a limited right to return product purchased directly from the Company, which is principally based upon the product's expiration date. The Company will accept returns for three months prior to and up to six months after the product expiration date. Depending on the circumstances, the

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Company may provide replacement products or cash credit for returns. Product returned is generally not resalable given the nature of the Company's products and method of administration. The Company develops estimates for product returns based upon historical experience, inventory levels, shelf life of the product, and other relevant factors. The Company monitors product supply levels in the distribution channel, as well as sales by its customers to healthcare providers using product-specific data provided by its customers. If necessary, the Company's estimates of product returns may be adjusted in the future based on actual returns experience, known or expected changes in the marketplace, or other factors.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, we believe that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 provides a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The revenue guidance contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. The underlying principle is that an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Currently, the standard is scheduled to become effective for the first interim period within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 for public entities, with no early adoption permitted. However, in April 2015, the FASB proposed a deferral of the effective date of the new revenue standard by one year, subject to the FASB's due process requirement. The Company is still evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on its financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. ASU 2015-03 is intended to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs. These amendments require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this ASU. The new standard is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted and the standard is to be retrospectively applied to all periods presented upon adoption. The Company is still evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on its financial statements.

4. FACTORS AFFECTING OPERATIONS

To date, the Company has incurred negative cash flow from operations, and has accumulated a deficit of \$323,048,000 from the Company's inception through March 31, 2015. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$61,328,000 in cash and cash equivalents.

The Company believes that it has sufficient funds available to fund its operations for the continued commercialization of ILUVIEN in Germany, the United Kingdom, Portugal and the U.S. The Company does not expect to generate positive cash flow from operations until 2016, if at all. The Company may seek to raise additional financing to fund its working capital needs associated with the commercialization of ILUVIEN in the U.S. If the Company is unable to raise additional financing, then it may adjust its commercial plans so that it can continue to operate with its existing cash resources.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company's negative cash flow from operations and accumulated deficit raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.



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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 5. INVENTORY

Inventory consisted of the following:

|                     | March 31,<br>2015 | December 31,<br>2014 |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
|                     | (In thousands)    |                      |
| Component parts (1) | \$136             | \$76                 |
| Work-in-process (2) | 849               | 219                  |
| Finished goods      | 1,234             | 1,972                |
| Total inventory     | 2,219             | 2,267                |
| Inventory reserve   | (167              | ) (533               |
| Inventory — net     | \$2,052           | \$1,734              |

(1) Component parts inventory consisted of manufactured components of the ILUVIEN applicator.

(2) Work-in-process consisted of completed units of ILUVIEN that are undergoing, but have not completed, quality assurance testing as required by regulatory authorities.

## 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As a result of the FDA's approval of the NDA for ILUVIEN in September 2014, the Company was required to pay pSivida US, Inc. (pSivida) a milestone payment of \$25,000,000 (the pSivida Milestone Payment) in October 2014 (see Note 8). The Company had no intangible assets prior to September 2014.

The gross carrying amount of the intangible asset was \$25,000,000, which is being amortized over approximately 13 years from the acquisition date. The amortization expense related to the intangible asset was \$479,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The net book value of the intangible asset was \$24,011,000 and \$24,490,000 as of March 31 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The estimated future amortization expense as of March 31, 2015 for the remaining periods in the next five years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

|                    |          |
|--------------------|----------|
| Ending December 31 |          |
| 2015               | \$1,461  |
| 2016               | 1,940    |
| 2017               | 1,940    |
| 2018               | 1,940    |
| 2019               | 1,940    |
| Thereafter         | 14,790   |
| Total              | \$24,011 |

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 7. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following:

|  | March 31,<br>2015 | December 31,<br>2014 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
|  | (In thousands)    |                      |
| Accrued clinical investigator expenses | \$378             | \$309                |
| Accrued compensation expenses          | 474               | 226                  |
| Other accrued expenses                 | 857               | 419                  |
| Total accrued expenses                 | \$1,709           | \$954                |

## 8. LICENSE AGREEMENTS

The Company entered into an agreement with pSivida for the use of fluocinolone acetonide (FAC) in pSivida's proprietary delivery device in February 2005, which was subsequently amended in 2008. pSivida is a global drug delivery company committed to the biomedical sector and the development of drug delivery products. The agreement with pSivida provides the Company with a worldwide exclusive license to utilize certain underlying technology used in the development and commercialization of ILUVIEN.

The Company's license rights to pSivida's proprietary delivery device could revert to pSivida if the Company were to (i) fail twice to cure its breach of an obligation to make certain payments to pSivida following receipt of written notice thereof; (ii) fail to cure other breaches of material terms of its agreement with pSivida within 30 days after notice of such breaches or such longer period (up to 90 days) as may be reasonably necessary if the breach cannot be cured within such 30-day period; (iii) file for protection under the bankruptcy laws, make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, appoint or suffer appointment of a receiver or trustee over its property, file a petition under any bankruptcy or insolvency act or have any such petition filed against it and such proceeding remains undismissed or unstayed for a period of more than 60 days; or (iv) notify pSivida in writing of its decision to abandon its license with respect to a certain product using pSivida's proprietary delivery device.

The Company must share 20% of the net profits of ILUVIEN, determined on a cash basis, and 33% of any lump sum milestone payments received from a sub-licensee of ILUVIEN, as defined by the agreement, with pSivida. In connection with this arrangement, the Company is entitled to recover 20% of commercialization costs of ILUVIEN, as defined in the agreement, incurred prior to product profitability out of pSivida's share of net profits. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company was owed approximately \$15,325,000 and \$12,956,000, respectively, in commercialization costs. Due to the uncertainty of future net profits, the Company has fully reserved these amounts in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements. As a result of the FDA's approval of the NDA for ILUVIEN in September 2014, the Company made the pSivida Milestone Payment of \$25,000,000 in October 2014.



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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

9. LOAN AGREEMENTS

2013 Loan Agreement

In May 2013, Alimera Sciences Limited (Limited), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a loan and security agreement (2013 Loan Agreement) with Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) to provide Limited with additional working capital for general corporate purposes. Under the 2013 Loan Agreement, SVB made a term loan (2013 Term Loan) in the principal amount of \$5,000,000 to Limited and agreed to provide up to an additional \$15,000,000 to Limited under a working capital line of credit (2013 Line of Credit). In April 2014, the 2013 Term Loan was repaid and the 2013 Line of Credit was terminated in connection with the 2014 Loan Agreement described below. Upon repayment of the 2013 Term Loan in April 2014, Limited paid SVB an outstanding loan balance prepayment penalty of \$133,000, and an early termination fee of \$113,000 in connection with the termination of the 2013 Line of Credit in April 2014.

2014 Loan Agreement

In April 2014, Limited entered into a loan and security agreement (2014 Loan Agreement) with Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. (Hercules) providing for a term loan of up to \$35,000,000 (2014 Term Loan). Under the 2014 Loan Agreement, Hercules made an advance in the initial principal amount of \$10,000,000 to Limited at closing to provide Limited with additional working capital for general corporate purposes and to repay the 2013 Term Loan. Hercules made an additional advance of \$25,000,000 to Limited in September 2014 following the approval of ILUVIEN by the FDA in September 2014 to fund the pSivida Milestone Payment. The 2014 Term Loan provides for interest only payments through November 2015. The interest only period may be extended until June 1, 2017 if the Company realizes certain revenue thresholds and no event of default has occurred under the 2014 Loan Agreement. As of March 31, 2015, the interest only period has not been extended. Interest on the 2014 Term Loan accrues at a floating per annum rate equal to the greater of (i) 10.90%, or (ii) the sum of (A) 7.65%, plus (B) the prime rate. Following the interest only period the term loan will be due and payable to Hercules in equal monthly payments of principal and interest through May 1, 2018.

In connection with the initial advance, Limited paid to Hercules a facility charge of \$262,500 and incurred legal and other fees of approximately \$383,000. Limited incurred \$375,000 in additional fees in connection with the second advance. If Limited repays the 2014 Term Loan prior to maturity, it will pay Hercules a prepayment penalty of 1.25% of the total principal amount repaid.

Limited and the Company, on a consolidated basis with its other subsidiaries, also agreed to customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default in connection with these arrangements. The occurrence of an event of default could result in the acceleration of Limited's obligations under the 2014 Loan Agreement and an increase to the applicable interest rate, and would permit Hercules to exercise remedies with respect to the collateral under the 2014 Loan Agreement.

Limited's obligations to Hercules are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of Limited's assets, excluding intellectual property. Hercules does, however, maintain a negative pledge on Limited's intellectual property requiring Hercules' consent prior to the sale of such intellectual property. The Company and certain of the Company's other subsidiaries are guarantors of the obligations of Limited to Hercules under the 2014 Loan Agreement pursuant to separate guaranty agreements between Hercules and each of Limited and such subsidiaries (Guaranties). Pursuant to the Guaranties, the Company and these subsidiaries granted Hercules a first priority security interest in substantially all of their respective assets excluding intellectual property. As of March 31, 2015, the Company, on a consolidated basis with its subsidiaries, was in compliance with the covenants of the 2014 Term Loan.

In connection with Limited entering into the 2014 Loan Agreement, the Company entered into a warrant agreement with Hercules to purchase up to 285,016 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$6.14 per share. Sixty percent of the warrants were exercisable at the closing in April 2014 and the remaining forty percent became exercisable upon the funding of the additional \$25,000,000 to Limited in September 2014.

Fair Value of Debt

The weighted average interest rates of the Company's notes payable approximate the rate at which the Company could obtain alternative financing; therefore, the carrying amount of the notes approximated their fair value at March 31,

2015 and December 31, 2014.

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 10. LOSS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings per Share, by dividing net income or loss attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average common stock outstanding. Diluted EPS is calculated in accordance with ASC 260 by adjusting weighted average common shares outstanding for the dilutive effect of common stock options, warrants and convertible preferred stock. In periods where a net loss is recorded, no effect is given to potentially dilutive securities, since the effect would be anti-dilutive. Common stock equivalent securities that would potentially dilute basic EPS in the future, but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because to do so would have been anti-dilutive, were as follows:

|   | Three Months Ended |            |
|---|--------------------|------------|
|   | March 31,<br>2015  | 2014       |
| Series A convertible preferred stock          | 9,022,556          | 15,037,593 |
| Series B convertible preferred stock          | 8,416,251          | —          |
| Series A convertible preferred stock warrants | 4,511,279          | 4,511,279  |
| Common stock warrants                         | 362,970            | 77,954     |
| Stock options                                 | 9,180,668          | 7,408,977  |
| Total   | 31,493,724         | 27,035,803 |

## 11. PREFERRED STOCK

## Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

On October 2, 2012, the Company closed its preferred stock financing in which it sold units consisting of 1,000,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock and warrants to purchase 300,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$40,000,000, prior to the payment of approximately \$560,000 of related issuance costs. The powers, preferences and rights of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock are set forth in the certificate of designation filed by the Company with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on October 1, 2012. Each share of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, including any shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock issued upon exercise of the warrants, is convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at any time at the option of the holder at the rate equal to \$40.00 divided by \$2.66 (Conversion Price). The initial Conversion Price is subject to adjustment based on certain customary price based anti-dilution adjustments. Each share of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock shall automatically be converted into shares of common stock at the then-effective Conversion Price upon the occurrence of the later to occur of both (i) the Company receives and publicly announces the approval by the FDA of the Company's NDA for ILUVIEN and (ii) the date on which the Company consummates an equity financing transaction pursuant to which the Company sells to one or more third party investors either (a) shares of common stock or (b) other equity securities that are convertible into shares of common stock and that have rights, preference or privileges, senior to or on a parity with, the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, in each case having an as-converted per share of common stock price of not less than \$10.00 and that results in total gross proceeds to the Company of at least \$30,000,000. The rights and preferences of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock also place limitations on the Company's ability to declare or pay any dividend or distribution on any shares of capital stock.

Each unit sold in the preferred stock financing included a warrant to purchase 0.30 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock at an exercise price equal to \$44.00 per share. At the election of the holder of a warrant, the warrant may be exercised for the number of shares of common stock then issuable upon conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock that would otherwise be issued upon such exercise at the then-effective Conversion Price. These warrants are considered derivative instruments because the agreements provide for settlement in Series A Convertible Preferred Stock shares or common stock shares at the option of the holder, an adjustment to the warrant exercise price for common shares at some point in the future, and contain anti-dilution provisions whereby the number of shares for which the warrants are exercisable and/or the exercise price of the warrants are subject to change in the

event of certain issuances of stock at prices below the then-effective exercise price of the warrants. Therefore the warrants were recorded as a liability at issuance. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair market value of the warrants was estimated to be \$13,592,000 and \$16,098,000, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded gain of \$2,506,000 and a loss of \$13,130,000, respectively, as a result of the change in fair value of the warrants.

In April 2014, 2,255,639 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to the conversion of 150,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by an investor. In September 2014, 3,759,398 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the conversion of 250,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by another investor. As of March 31, 2015, there were 600,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

**Series B Convertible Preferred Stock**

On December 12, 2014, the Company closed a preferred stock financing in which it sold 8,291.873 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock for a purchase price of \$6,030.00 per share, or an aggregate purchase price of \$50,000,000, prior to the payment of approximately \$432,000 of related issuance costs. The Company issued an additional 124.378 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock as a subscription premium to the purchasers. The powers, preferences and rights of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock are set forth in the certificate of designation filed by the Company with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. Each share of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible into 1,000 shares of the Company's common stock at any time at the option of the holder, provided that the holder will be prohibited from converting Series B Convertible Preferred Stock into shares of the Company's common stock if, as a result of such conversion, the holder, together with its affiliates, would own more than 9.98% of the total number of shares of the Company's common stock then issued and outstanding. The Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ranks junior to the Company's existing Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, and senior to the Company's common stock, with respect to rights upon liquidation. The Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ranks junior to all existing and future indebtedness. Except as otherwise required by law (or with respect to approval of certain actions), the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock do not have voting rights. The Series B Preferred Stock is not redeemable at the option of the holder. The Series B Convertible Preferred Stock is not subject to any price-based or other anti-dilution protections and does not provide for any accruing dividends.

The Company determined that the conversion option of the Preferred Shares represented a beneficial conversion feature, as the conversion feature had intrinsic value to the holder on the commitment date as a result of the subscription premium. Therefore, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion feature of \$750,000 as an increase in additional paid in capital. Because the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock was immediately convertible into common stock at the option of the holder at issuance, the Company immediately accreted the full value of the beneficial conversion feature to the carrying value of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock on that date.

**12. COMMON STOCK**

In January 2014, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain investors pursuant to which the Company sold an aggregate of 6,250,000 shares of its common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Gross proceeds from the offering were \$37,500,000 prior to the payment of approximately \$2,389,000 of related issuance costs. Proceeds from the private placement were used for general corporate and working capital purposes.

In April 2014, 2,255,639 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to the conversion of 150,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by an investor. In September 2014, 3,759,398 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to the conversion of 250,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by another investor.

**13. STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS**

**Stock Option Plans**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded compensation expense related to stock options of approximately \$1,070,000 and \$925,000, respectively. As of March 31, 2015, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted was \$10,776,000 and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.21 years. The following table presents a summary of stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |        |            |                                 |
|--|------------------------------|--------|------------|---------------------------------|
|  | 2015                         | 2014   | Options    | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
| Options outstanding at beginning of period                                 | 7,681,256                    | \$3.03 | 7,566,438  | \$2.74                          |
| Grants   | 1,598,500                    | 5.49   | —          | —                               |
| Forfeitures  | (33,140 )                    | 4.64   | —          | —                               |
| Exercises  | (65,948 )                    | 1.90   | (157,461 ) | 1.82                            |
| Options outstanding at period end  | 9,180,668                    | 3.46   | 7,408,977  | 2.76                            |
| Options exercisable at period end  | 4,750,021                    | 3.18   | 3,584,416  | 3.14                            |
| Weighted average per share fair value of options granted during the period | \$4.29                       |        | \$—        |                                 |

The following table provides additional information related to outstanding stock options, exercisable stock options, and stock options expected to vest as of March 31, 2015:

|  | Shares    | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
|  |           |                                 |                                   | (In thousands)            |
| Outstanding                              | 9,180,668 | \$3.46                          | 7.37 years                        | \$18,023                  |
| Exercisable                              | 4,750,021 | 3.18                            | 5.92 years                        | 11,466                    |
| Outstanding, vested and expected to vest | 8,549,361 | 3.42                            | 7.24 years                        | 17,241                    |

The following table provides additional information related to outstanding stock options, exercisable stock options, and stock options expected to vest as of December 31, 2014:

|  | Shares    | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
|  |           |                                 |                                   | (In thousands)            |
| Outstanding                              | 7,681,256 | \$3.03                          | 7.05 years                        | \$21,710                  |
| Exercisable                              | 4,452,274 | 3.17                            | 5.87 years                        | 12,887                    |
| Outstanding, vested and expected to vest | 7,258,603 | 3.04                            | 6.95 years                        | 20,574                    |

**Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded compensation expense related to its employee stock purchase plan of approximately \$11,000 and \$8,000, respectively.

**14. INCOME TAXES**

In accordance with ASC 740, Income Taxes, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of its assets and liabilities at the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company records a valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset to reduce the net carrying value to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

At the end of each interim period, the Company makes its best estimate of the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full fiscal year. This estimate reflects, among other items, the Company's best estimate of operating results and foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's quarterly income tax rate may differ from its estimated annual effective tax rate because accounting standards require the Company to exclude the actual results of certain entities expected to generate a pretax loss when applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to the Company's consolidated pretax results in interim

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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

periods. In estimating the annual effective tax rate, the Company does not include the estimated impact of unusual and/or infrequent items, including the reversal of valuation allowances, which may cause significant variations in the customary relationship between income tax expense (benefit) and pretax income (loss) in quarterly periods. The income tax expense (benefit) for such unusual and/or infrequent items is recorded in the quarterly period such items are incurred.

The Company's income tax expense and resulting effective tax rate are based upon the respective estimated annual effective tax rates applicable for the respective periods adjusted for the effects of items required to be treated as discrete to the period, including changes in tax laws, changes in estimated exposures for uncertain tax positions and other items. The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2015 properly excluded tax benefits associated with year-to-date pre-tax losses generated in the U.S. and the Netherlands. Income tax positions are considered for uncertainty in accordance with ASC 740-10. The Company believes that its income tax filing positions and deductions are more likely than not to be sustained on audit ; therefore, no ASC 740-10 liabilities and no related penalties and interest have been recorded. The Company does not anticipate any material changes to its uncertain tax positions within the next 12 months. Tax years since 2003 remain subject to examination in Georgia, Tennessee, and at the federal level. The time period is longer than the standard statutory 3-year period due to net operating losses (NOLs) from 2003 being available for utilization. The statute of limitations on these years will close when the NOLs expire or when the statute closes on the years in which the NOLs are utilized. Tax years since 2012 remain subject to examination in the United Kingdom and the Netherlands. Tax years since 2013 remain subject to examination in Germany.

Significant management judgment is involved in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and any valuation allowance recorded against net deferred tax assets. Due to uncertainties with respect to the realization of deferred tax assets due to the history of operating losses, a valuation allowance has been established against the entire net deferred tax asset balance. The valuation allowance is based on management's estimates of taxable income in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates and the period over which deferred tax assets will be recoverable. In the event that actual results differ from these estimates or the Company adjusts these estimates in future periods, a change in the valuation allowance may be needed, which could materially impact its financial position and results of operations.

At December 31, 2014, the Company had federal NOL carry-forwards of approximately \$87,380,000 and state NOL carry-forwards of approximately \$7,840,000 available to reduce future income. The Company's federal NOL carry-forwards remain fully reserved as of March 31, 2015. If not utilized, the federal NOL carry-forwards will expire at various dates between 2029 and 2033 and the state NOL carry-forwards will expire at various dates between 2020 and 2033.

The Company's NOL carry-forwards may be subject to annual limitations under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 382 (or comparable provisions of state law) in the event that certain changes in ownership of the Company were to occur. The Company periodically evaluates its NOL carry-forwards and whether certain changes in ownership, including its IPO, have occurred that would limit its ability to utilize a portion of the Company's NOL carry-forwards. If it is determined that significant ownership changes have occurred since the Company generated its NOL carry-forwards, the Company may be subject to annual limitations on the use of these NOL carry-forwards under IRC Section 382 (or comparable provisions of state law).

As of December 31, 2014, the Company had cumulative book losses in foreign subsidiaries of \$42,795,000. The Company has not recorded a deferred tax asset for the excess of tax over book basis in the stock of its foreign subsidiaries. The Company anticipates that its foreign subsidiaries will be profitable and have earnings in the future. Once the foreign subsidiaries do have earnings, the Company intends to indefinitely reinvest in its foreign subsidiaries all undistributed earnings of and original investments in such subsidiaries. As a result, the Company has not recorded a deferred tax liability related to excess of book over tax basis in the stock of its foreign subsidiaries in accordance with ASC 740-30-25.





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ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 15. FAIR VALUE

The Company applies ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, in determining the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. Under this standard, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the “exit price”) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. The hierarchy of those valuation approaches is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The valuation under this approach does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, (e.g., interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals or current market) and contractual prices for the underlying financial instrument, as well as other relevant economic measures.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

There have been no changes in the methodologies used at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

The following fair value table presents information about the Company’s assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

|                                    | March 31, 2015    |          |         |          |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|
|                                    | Level 1           | Level 2  | Level 3 | Total    |
|                                    | (In thousands)    |          |         |          |
| Assets:                            |                   |          |         |          |
| Cash equivalents (1)               | \$4,510           | \$—      | \$—     | \$4,510  |
| Assets measured at fair value      | \$4,510           | \$—      | \$—     | \$4,510  |
| Liabilities:                       |                   |          |         |          |
| Derivative warrant liability (2)   | \$—               | \$13,592 | \$—     | \$13,592 |
| Liabilities measured at fair value | \$—               | \$13,592 | \$—     | \$13,592 |
|                                    | December 31, 2014 |          |         |          |
|                                    | Level 1           | Level 2  | Level 3 | Total    |
|                                    | (In thousands)    |          |         |          |
| Assets:                            |                   |          |         |          |
| Cash equivalents (1)               | \$65,509          | \$—      | \$—     | \$65,509 |
| Assets measured at fair value      | \$65,509          | \$—      | \$—     | \$65,509 |
| Liabilities:                       |                   |          |         |          |
| Derivative warrant liability (2)   | \$—               | \$16,098 | \$—     | \$16,098 |
| Liabilities measured at fair value | \$—               | \$16,098 | \$—     | \$16,098 |

(1) The carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term maturities of the cash equivalents.

(2) The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model and assumptions that consider, among other variables, the fair value of the underlying stock, risk-free interest rate, volatility, expected life and dividend rates in

estimating fair value for the warrants considered to be derivative instruments.



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### Overview

Alimera Sciences, Inc., and its subsidiaries (we, Alimera or the Company) is a pharmaceutical company that specializes in the research, development and commercialization of prescription ophthalmic pharmaceuticals. We are presently focused on diseases affecting the back of the eye, or retina, because we believe these diseases are not well treated with current therapies and represent a significant market opportunity.

Our only commercial product is ILUVIEN®, which has been developed to treat diabetic macular edema (DME). DME is a disease of the retina that affects individuals with diabetes and can lead to severe vision loss and blindness.

ILUVIEN has received marketing authorization in the United States (U.S.), Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. In the U.S., ILUVIEN is indicated for the treatment of DME in patients who have been previously treated with a course of corticosteroids and did not have a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure (IOP). In the EU and European Economic Area countries in which ILUVIEN has received marketing authorization, it is indicated for the treatment of vision impairment associated with DME considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. As part of the approval process in the EU, we have committed to conduct a five-year, post-authorization, open label registry study of ILUVIEN in 800 patients treated.

We launched ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom and Germany in the second quarter of 2013 and in Portugal and the U.S. in the first quarter of 2015.

We were able to launch in Germany without price restriction, but continue to work with the statutory health insurance funds in Germany to streamline reimbursement for ILUVIEN.

In October 2013, the United Kingdom's National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) issued a positive Final Appraisal Determination recommending ILUVIEN funding, taking into consideration a simple patient access scheme (PAS) for the treatment of pseudophakic eyes (eyes with an artificial lens) in chronic DME patients considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. Further, in February 2014, the Scottish Medicines Consortium, after completing its assessment and review of a similar simple PAS, announced that it has accepted ILUVIEN for restricted use within the National Health Services Scotland.

In July 2013, the Transparency Commission (Commission de la Transparence or CT) of the French National Health Authority (Haute Autorite de Sante) issued a favorable opinion for the reimbursement and hospital listing of ILUVIEN for the treatment of DME considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. We continue to negotiate with the French authorities, but have not yet reached an agreement on price.

In July 2014, we reached agreement with INFARMED, the marketing authorization body of the Portuguese Ministry of Health, for the pricing and reimbursement of ILUVIEN for the public sector in Portugal.

We commenced operations in June 2003. Since our inception we have incurred significant losses. As of March 31, 2015, we have accumulated a deficit of \$323.0 million. We expect to incur substantial losses as we:

- continue the commercialization of ILUVIEN in the EU;
- continue the commercialization of ILUVIEN in the U.S.;
- continue to seek regulatory approval of ILUVIEN in other jurisdictions;
- evaluate the use of ILUVIEN for the treatment of other diseases; and
- advance the clinical development of any future products or product candidates either currently in our pipeline, or that we may license or acquire in the future.

As of March 31, 2015, we had approximately \$61.3 million in cash and cash equivalents.

We launched ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom and Germany in April and May of 2013, respectively, and in Portugal and the U.S. in the first quarter of 2015. We do not expect to have positive cash flow from operations until 2016, if at all. Due to the limited revenue generated by ILUVIEN to date, we may not be able to maintain compliance with covenants under our loan and security agreement (2014 Loan Agreement) with Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. (Hercules) which provides for a term loan of up to \$35,000,000 (2014 Term Loan). In an event of default under our 2014 Loan Agreement, Hercules may call the 2014 Term Loan, and we would need to raise additional financing. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we will need to adjust our commercial plans so that we can continue to operate with our existing cash resources or there may be substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.



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### Our Agreement with pSivida

We entered into an agreement with pSivida US, Inc. (pSivida) for the use of fluocinolone acetonide (FAc) in pSivida's proprietary delivery device in February 2005, which was subsequently amended and restated in 2008. pSivida is a global drug delivery company committed to the biomedical sector and the development of drug delivery products. Our agreement with pSivida provides us with a worldwide exclusive license to utilize certain underlying technology used in the development and commercialization of ILUVIEN. ILUVIEN consists of a tiny polyimide tube with membrane caps that is filled with FAc in a polyvinyl alcohol matrix for delivery to the back of the eye for the treatment and prevention of eye diseases in humans (other than uveitis). This agreement also provides us with a worldwide non-exclusive license to utilize pSivida's proprietary delivery device to deliver other corticosteroids to the back of the eye for the treatment and prevention of eye diseases in humans (other than uveitis) or to treat DME by delivering a compound to the back of the eye through a direct delivery method through an incision required for a 25-gauge or larger needle. We do not have the right to utilize pSivida's proprietary delivery device in connection with indications for diseases outside of the eye or for the treatment of uveitis. Further, our agreement with pSivida permits pSivida to grant to any other party the right to use its intellectual property (i) to treat DME through an incision smaller than that required for a 25-gauge needle, unless using a corticosteroid delivered to the back of the eye, (ii) to deliver any compound outside the back of the eye unless it is to treat DME through an incision required for a 25-gauge or larger needle, or (iii) to deliver non-corticosteroids to the back of the eye, unless it is to treat DME through an incision required for a 25-gauge or larger needle.

The agreement provides that after commercialization of ILUVIEN, pSivida will be entitled to 20% of the net profits, as defined in the amended and restated agreement. In connection with this arrangement we are entitled to recover 20% of commercialization costs of ILUVIEN, as defined in the agreement, incurred prior to product profitability out of pSivida's share of net profits. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, pSivida owed us \$15.3 million and \$13.0 million, respectively, in commercialization costs. Due to the uncertainty of future profits from ILUVIEN, we have fully reserved these amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

As a result of the FDA approval of ILUVIEN in September 2014, we paid pSivida a milestone payment of \$25.0 million (the pSivida Milestone Payment) in October 2014.

### Our Loan Agreements

#### 2013 Loan Agreement

In May 2013, Alimera Sciences Limited (Limited), a subsidiary of ours, entered into a loan and security agreement (2013 Loan Agreement) with Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) to provide Limited with additional working capital for general corporate purposes. Under the 2013 Loan Agreement, SVB has made a term loan (2013 Term Loan) in the principal amount of \$5.0 million to Limited and agreed to provide up to an additional \$15.0 million to Limited under a working capital line of credit (2013 Line of Credit). In April 2014, the 2013 Term Loan was repaid and the 2013 Line of Credit was terminated in connection with the 2014 Loan Agreement described below.

Upon repayment of the 2013 Term Loan in April 2014, Limited paid SVB an outstanding loan balance prepayment penalty of \$133,000, and an early termination fee of \$113,000 in connection with the termination of the 2013 Line of Credit in April 2014.

#### 2014 Loan Agreement

In April 2014, Limited entered into a loan and security agreement (2014 Loan Agreement) with Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. (Hercules) providing for a term loan up to \$35,000,000 (2014 Term Loan). Under the 2014 Loan Agreement, Hercules made a term loan advance in the initial principal amount of \$10.0 million to Limited at closing to provide Limited with additional working capital for general corporate purposes and to repay the 2013 Term Loan. Hercules made an additional advance of \$25.0 million to Limited in September 2014 as a result of the approval of ILUVIEN by the FDA in September 2014 to fund the pSivida Milestone Payment. The 2014 Term Loan provides for interest only payments through November 2015. The interest only period may be extended until June 1, 2017 if we realize certain revenue thresholds and no event of default has occurred under the 2014 Loan Agreement. Interest on the 2014 Term Loan accrues at a floating per annum rate equal to the greater of (i) 10.90%, or (ii) the sum of (A) 7.65%, plus (B) the prime rate. Following the interest only period the term loan will be due and payable to Hercules in equal monthly payments of principal and interest through May 1, 2018.

In connection with the initial advance, Limited paid to Hercules a facility charge of \$262,500 and incurred legal and other fees of approximately \$383,000. Limited incurred \$375,000 in additional fees in connection with the second advance. If Limited repays the 2014 Term Loan prior to maturity, it will pay Hercules a prepayment penalty of 1.25% of the total principal amount repaid.



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We also agreed to customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default in connection with these arrangements. The occurrence of an event of default could result in the acceleration of Limited's obligations under the 2014 Loan Agreement and an increase to the applicable interest rate, and would permit Hercules to exercise remedies with respect to the collateral under the 2014 Loan Agreement.

Limited's obligations to Hercules are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of Limited's assets, excluding intellectual property. Hercules does, however, maintain a negative pledge on Limited's intellectual property requiring Hercules' consent prior to the sale of such intellectual property. We and certain of our subsidiaries are guarantors of the obligations of Limited to Hercules under the 2014 Loan Agreement pursuant to separate guaranty agreements between Hercules and each of Limited and such subsidiaries (Guaranties). Pursuant to the Guaranties, we and these subsidiaries granted Hercules a first priority security interest in substantially all of their respective assets excluding intellectual property. As of March 31, 2015, we, on a consolidated basis with our subsidiaries, were in compliance with the covenants of the 2014 Term Loan.

In connection with Limited entering into the 2014 Loan Agreement, we entered into a warrant agreement with Hercules that allows Hercules to purchase up to 285,016 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$6.14 per share. Sixty percent of the warrants were exercisable at the closing in April 2014 and the remaining 40% became exercisable upon the funding of the additional \$25.0 million to Limited in September 2014.

The weighted average interest rates of our notes payable approximate the rate at which we could obtain alternative financing; therefore, the carrying amount of the notes approximated their fair value at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

### Financial Operations Overview

#### Revenue

We began generating revenue from ILUVIEN in the second quarter of 2013, but do not expect positive cash flow from operations until 2016, if at all. In addition to generating revenue from product sales, we intend to seek to generate revenue from other sources such as upfront fees, milestone payments in connection with collaborative or strategic relationships, and royalties resulting from the licensing of ILUVIEN or any future product candidates and other intellectual property. We expect any revenue we generate will fluctuate from quarter to quarter as a result of the nature, timing and amount of any milestone payments we may receive from potential collaborative and strategic relationships, as well as revenue we may receive upon the sale of our products to the extent any are successfully commercialized.

#### Research and Development Expenses

Substantially all of our research and development expenses incurred to date related to our continuing operations have been related to the development of ILUVIEN. We anticipate that we will incur additional research and development expenses in the future as we evaluate and possibly pursue the regulatory approval of ILUVIEN in additional jurisdictions, the development of ILUVIEN for additional indications, or develop additional products or product candidates. We recognize research and development expenses as they are incurred. Our research and development expenses consist primarily of:

- salaries and related expenses for personnel, including medical sales liaisons;
- costs related to the provision of medical affairs support, including symposia development for physician education;
- costs related to compliance with FDA, EU or other regulatory requirements;
- fees paid to consultants and contract research organizations (CRO) in conjunction with independently monitoring clinical trials and acquiring and evaluating data in conjunction with clinical trials, including all related fees such as investigator grants, patient screening, lab work and data compilation and statistical analysis;
- costs incurred with third parties related to the establishment of a commercially viable manufacturing process for products or product candidates;
- costs related to production of clinical materials, including fees paid to contract manufacturers;
- consulting fees paid to third-parties involved in research and development activities; and
- costs related to stock options or other stock-based compensation granted to personnel in development functions.

We expense both internal and external development costs as they are incurred.

We expect that a large percentage of our research and development expenses in the future will be incurred in support of our current and future technical, preclinical and clinical development programs. These expenditures are subject to numerous

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uncertainties in terms of both their timing and total cost to completion. We expect to continue to develop stable formulations of ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates, test such formulations in preclinical studies for toxicology, safety and efficacy and to conduct clinical trials for each future product candidate. We anticipate funding clinical trials ourselves, but we may engage collaboration partners at certain stages of clinical development. As we obtain results from clinical trials, we may elect to discontinue or delay clinical trials for certain products or product candidates or programs in order to focus our resources on more promising products or product candidates or programs. Completion of clinical trials by us or our future collaborators may take several years or more, the length of time generally varying with the type, complexity, novelty and intended use of a product candidate. The costs of clinical trials may vary significantly over the life of a project owing to but not limited to the following:

- the number of sites included in the trials;
- the length of time required to enroll eligible patients;
- the number of patients that participate in the trials;
- the number of doses that patients receive;
- the drop-out or discontinuation rates of patients;
- the duration of patient follow-up;
- the phase of development the product candidate is in; and
- the efficacy and safety profile of the product candidate.

Our expenses related to clinical trials are based on estimates of the services received and efforts expended pursuant to contracts with multiple research institutions and CROs that conduct and manage clinical trials on our behalf. The financial terms of these agreements are subject to negotiation and vary from contract to contract and may result in uneven payment flows. Generally, these agreements set forth the scope of work to be performed at a fixed fee or unit price. Payments under the contracts depend on factors such as the successful enrollment of patients or the completion of clinical trial milestones. Expenses related to clinical trials generally are accrued based on contracted amounts applied to the level of patient enrollment and activity according to the protocol. If timelines or contracts are modified based upon changes in the clinical trial protocol or scope of work to be performed, we modify our estimates of accrued expenses accordingly on a prospective basis.

Our only commercial product is ILUVIEN, which has received marketing authorization in the U.S., Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, Germany, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom. In the U.S., ILUVIEN is indicated for the treatment of DME in patients who have been previously treated with a course of corticosteroids and did not have a clinically significant rise in IOP. In the EU countries in which ILUVIEN has received marketing authorization, it is indicated for the treatment of vision impairment associated with chronic DME considered insufficiently responsive to available therapies. ILUVIEN has not been approved in any jurisdiction other than as set forth above. In order to grant marketing approval, a health authority such as the FDA or foreign regulatory agencies must conclude that clinical and preclinical data establish the safety and efficacy of ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates with an appropriate benefit to risk profile relevant to a particular indication, and that the product can be manufactured under current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP) in a reproducible manner to deliver the product's intended performance in terms of its stability, quality, purity and potency. Until our submissions are reviewed by health authorities, there is no way to predict the outcome of their review. Even if the clinical studies meet their predetermined primary endpoints, and a registration dossier is accepted for filing, a health authority could still determine that an appropriate benefit to risk relationship does not exist for the indication that we are seeking. We cannot forecast with any degree of certainty whether ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates will be subject to future collaborations or how such arrangements would affect our development plan or capital requirements. As a result of the uncertainties discussed above, we are unable to determine the duration and completion costs of our development projects or when and to what extent we will receive cash inflows from the commercialization and sale of an approved product candidate.

Within the Operating expenses section of the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014, we reclassified certain medical affairs support of \$128,000 from sales and marketing expenses to research and development expenses to conform to the current year presentation.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation for employees in executive and administrative functions, including finance, accounting, information technology and human resources. Other significant costs include facilities costs and professional fees for accounting and legal services, including legal services associated with obtaining and maintaining

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patents. We expect to continue to incur significant costs to comply with the corporate governance, internal control and similar requirements applicable to public companies

Within the Operating expenses section of the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014, we reclassified depreciation expense of \$33,000 from General and administrative expenses to Depreciation and amortization to conform to the current year presentation.

### Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of professional fees and compensation for employees for the commercial promotion, the assessment of the commercial opportunity of, the development of market awareness for, the pursuit of market reimbursement and the execution of launch plans for ILUVIEN. Other costs include professional fees associated with developing plans for ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates and maintaining public relations.

We launched ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom and Germany in the second quarter of 2013 and in Portugal and the U.S. in the first quarter of 2015. We expect significant increases in our marketing and selling expenses as we continue the commercialization of ILUVIEN in these countries.

In November 2012, we entered into an agreement with Quintiles Commercial Europe Limited. Under the agreement, Quintiles Commercial Europe Limited and its affiliates (collectively, Quintiles Commercial) will provide certain services to us in relation to the commercialization of ILUVIEN, in certain countries in Europe under subsequent project orders. Such services may include marketing, brand management, sales promotion and detailing, market access, pricing and reimbursement support, regulatory, medical science liaison and communications and/or other advisory services. As of March 31, 2015, we had entered into certain project orders with Quintiles Commercial for the provision of sales, marketing, management, market access and medical science personnel in Germany, the United Kingdom and France. As of March 31, 2015, Quintiles Commercial employed 12 persons fully dedicated, and one person partially dedicated, to Alimera under these project orders. In December 2013 and January 2014, respectively, we transitioned our German and United Kingdom country manager positions in-house. In the second half of 2014, we notified Quintiles Commercial that we would be terminating the project orders associated with Germany and France and transitioning the covered positions employed by Quintiles Commercial to our payroll. We completed these transitions during April 2015. Further, in the first quarter of 2015, we notified Quintiles Commercial that we would be terminating the project orders associated with the United Kingdom and transitioning the covered positions employed by Quintiles Commercial to our payroll. We expect to complete this transition during the third quarter of 2015. As of March 31, 2015, we directly employed ten persons in the EU in roles previously employed by Quintiles Commercial. In accordance with the terms of these project orders and related amendments, we expect to incur approximately \$700,000 in costs with Quintiles Commercial for the remaining nine months in the year ending December 31, 2015. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, we incurred \$970,000 and \$1.9 million of expense associated with this agreement. At March 31, 2015, \$830,000 is included in outsourced services payable and \$660,000 is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in our accompanying consolidated financial statements in association with these project orders.

In Portugal, we launched ILUVIEN with our own team, comprised of four persons, in the first quarter of 2015.

We have a European management team and local management teams in Germany, the United Kingdom and Portugal totaling nineteen persons at March 31, 2015 providing strategic oversight and operational management to the personnel provided by Quintiles Commercial.

In the fourth quarter of 2014, following the FDA approval of ILUVIEN, we began establishing the infrastructure to support the U.S. commercial launch of ILUVIEN in the first quarter of 2015 with the addition of regional sales directors, medical science liaisons and payor relations directors. In the first quarter of 2015, we continued to expand our commercial infrastructure with the addition of sales personnel and reimbursement specialists. As of March 31, 2015, we had a U.S. field force of approximately 55 persons, including sales personnel, reimbursement specialists, medical sciences liaisons and payor relations directors.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense consists primarily of interest and amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts associated with our 2013 Term Loan and our 2014 Loan Agreement.

Change in Fair Value of Derivative Warrant Liability

Warrants to purchase our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock or common stock that do not meet the requirements for classification as equity, in accordance with the Derivatives and Hedging Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), are classified as liabilities. We record these derivative financial instruments

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as liabilities in our balance sheet measured at their fair value. We record the changes in fair value of such instruments as non-cash gains or losses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Basic and Diluted Net Income and Loss Applicable to Common Stockholders per Common Share

We calculated net income and loss per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earning per Share. Dilutive common stock equivalents would include the dilutive effect of convertible securities, common stock options, warrants for convertible securities and warrants for common stock equivalents. In periods where a net loss is recorded, no effect is given to potentially dilutive securities, since the effect would be anti-dilutive. Common stock equivalent securities that would potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have been anti-dilutive totaled approximately 31,493,724 and 27,035,803 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our interim condensed consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate these estimates and judgments, including those described below. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results and experiences may differ materially from these estimates. We believe that the following accounting policies are the most critical to aid you in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results and affect the more significant judgments and estimates that we use in the preparation of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition - U.S. Product Sales

Product sales consist of U.S. sales of ILUVIEN. In the U.S., we sell ILUVIEN to a limited number of specialty distributors who in turn sell the product downstream to pharmacies and physician practices. Revenue from product sales is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, title to product and associated risk of loss have passed to the customer, the price is fixed or determinable, collection from the customer is reasonably assured, we have no further performance obligations, and returns can be reasonably estimated. We record revenue from product sales upon delivery to our specialty distributors.

Revenue from U.S. product sales is recorded net of applicable provisions for rebates and chargebacks under governmental programs, such as Medicaid and Veterans' Administration (VA), distribution-related fees, prompt pay discounts, and other sales-related deductions. We estimate reductions to product sales based upon contracts with customers and government agencies, statutorily-defined discounts applicable to government-funded programs, estimated payer mix, inventory levels, shelf life of the product, and other relevant factors. Calculating these provisions involves estimates and judgments. We review our estimates of rebates, chargebacks, and other applicable provisions each period and record any necessary adjustments in the current period's net product sales.

Clinical Trial Prepaid and Accrued Expenses

We record prepaid assets and accrued liabilities related to clinical trials associated with CROs, clinical trial investigators and other vendors based upon amounts paid and the estimated amount of work completed on each clinical trial. The financial terms of agreements vary from vendor to vendor and may result in uneven payment flows. As such, if we have advanced funds exceeding our estimate of the work completed, we record a prepaid asset. If our estimate of the work completed exceeds the amount paid, an accrued liability is recorded. All such costs are charged to research and development expenses based on these estimates. Our estimates may or may not match the actual services performed by the organizations as determined by patient enrollment levels and related activities. We monitor patient enrollment levels and related activities to the extent possible through internal reviews, correspondence and discussions with our CROs and review of contractual terms. However, if we have incomplete or inaccurate information, we may underestimate or overestimate activity levels associated with various clinical trials at a given point in time. In this event, we could record significant research and development expenses in future periods when the actual level of activities becomes known. To date, we have not experienced material changes in these estimates.

Additionally, we do not expect material adjustments to research and development expenses to result from changes in the nature and level of clinical trial activity and related expenses that are currently subject to estimation.

**Research and Development Costs**

Research and development expenditures are expensed as incurred, pursuant to ASC 730, Research and Development. Costs to license technology to be used in our research and development that have not reached technological feasibility, defined



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as regulatory approval for ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates, and have no alternative future use are expensed when incurred. Payments to licensors that relate to the achievement of preapproval development milestones are recorded as research and development expense when incurred. Payments to licensors related to the achievement of regulatory approval milestones are capitalized as intangible assets when incurred.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

We have stock option plans which provide for grants of stock options to employees, directors and consultants or other service providers to purchase shares of our common stock at exercise prices equal to the fair values of such stock at the dates of grant. Compensation cost is recognized for all stock-based awards based on the grant date fair value in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718, Compensation — Stock Compensation. We recognize the grant date fair value as compensation cost of employee stock-based awards using the straight-line method over the actual vesting period, adjusted for our estimates of forfeiture. Typically, we grant employee stock options with a requisite service period of four years from the grant date. We have elected to use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock-based awards.

We concluded that this was the most appropriate method by which to value our share-based payment arrangements, but if any share-based payment instruments should be granted for which the Black-Scholes method does not meet the measurement objective as stated within ASC 718, we will utilize a more appropriate method for valuing that instrument. However, we do not believe that any instruments granted to date and accounted for under ASC 718 would require a method other than the Black-Scholes method.

Our determination of the fair market value of share-based payment awards on the grant date using option valuation models requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility and option life. Changes in these input variables would affect the amount of expense associated with equity-based compensation. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of our common stock over the expected term of the stock option grant. To estimate the expected term, we utilize the “simplified” method for “plain vanilla” options as discussed within the Securities and Exchange Commission’s (SEC) Statement of Accounting Bulletin (SAB) 107. We believe that all factors listed within SAB 107 as pre-requisites for utilizing the simplified method are true for us and for our share-based payment arrangements. We intend to utilize the simplified method for the foreseeable future until more detailed information about exercise behavior will be more widely available. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury Daily Treasury Yield Curve Rates corresponding to the expected life assumed at the date of grant. Dividend yield is zero as there are no payments of dividends made or expected.

Total stock-based compensation expense related to all our stock option awards for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, was comprised of the following:

|  | Three Months Ended |        |
|--|--------------------|--------|
|  | March 31,          |        |
|  | 2015               | 2014   |
|  | (in thousands)     |        |
| Sales and marketing                                    | \$ 186             | \$ 146 |
| Research and development                               | 233                | 255    |
| General and administrative                             | 651                | 524    |
| Total employee stock option-based compensation expense | \$ 1,070           | \$ 925 |

**Income Taxes**

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of our assets and liabilities in accordance with ASC 740, Income Taxes. We evaluate the positive and negative evidence bearing upon the realizability of our deferred tax assets on an annual basis. Significant management judgment is involved in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and any valuation allowance recorded against net deferred tax assets. Due to uncertainties with respect to the realization of our deferred tax assets due to our history of operating losses, a valuation allowance has been established against our deferred tax asset balances to reduce the net carrying value to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized. As a result we have fully reserved against the deferred tax asset balances. The valuation allowances are based on our estimates of taxable income in the jurisdictions in which we operate and the period over which deferred tax assets will

be recoverable. In the event that actual results differ from these estimates or we adjust these estimates in future periods, a change in the valuation allowance may be needed, which could materially impact our financial position and results of operations. Our deferred tax assets primarily consist of net operating loss (NOL) carry-forwards. If not utilized, the federal NOL carry-forwards will expire at various dates between 2024 and 2034 and the state NOL carry-forwards will expire at various dates between 2021 and 2034. We periodically evaluate our NOL carry-forwards and whether certain changes in ownership have occurred that would limit our ability to utilize a portion of our NOL carry-forwards. If it is

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determined that significant ownership changes have occurred since these NOLs were generated, we may be subject to annual limitations on the use of these NOLs under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 382 (or comparable provisions of state law).

In the event that we were to determine that we are able to realize any of our net deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the valuation allowance would increase net income in the period such determination was made. We believe that the most significant uncertainty that will impact the determination of our valuation allowance will be our estimation of the extent and timing of future net income, if any.

We considered our income tax positions for uncertainty in accordance with ASC 740. We believe our income tax filing positions and deductions are more likely than not of being sustained on audit and do not anticipate any adjustments that will result in a material change to our financial position; therefore, we have not recorded ASC 740 liabilities. We recognize accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest expense and income tax expense, respectively, in our statements of operations. Our tax years since 2003 remain subject to examination in Georgia, Tennessee, and on the federal level. We do not anticipate any material changes to our uncertain tax positions within the next 12 months.

**Foreign Currency Translation**

The U.S. dollar is the functional currency of Alimera Sciences, Inc. The Euro is the functional currency for the majority of our subsidiaries operating outside of the U.S.

Our foreign currency assets and liabilities are remeasured into U.S. dollars at end-of-period exchange rates, except for nonmonetary balance sheet accounts, which are remeasured at historical exchange rates. Revenue and expenses are remeasured at average exchange rates in effect during each period, except for those expenses related to the non-monetary balance sheet amounts, which are remeasured at historical exchange rates. Gains or losses from foreign currency remeasurement are included in income.

The financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar have been translated into U.S. dollars in accordance with ASC 830-30, Translation of Financial Statements. For the subsidiaries operating outside of the U.S. that are denominated in the Euro, assets and liabilities are translated at end-of-period rates while revenues and expenses are translated at average rates in effect during the period in which the activity took place. Equity is translated at historical rates and the resulting cumulative translation adjustments are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income.

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## Results of Operations

The following selected unaudited financial and operating data are derived from our financial statements and should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|
|   | 2015                            | 2014        |
|   | (In thousands)                  |             |
| NET REVENUE   | \$ 3,938                        | \$ 2,084    |
| COST OF GOODS SOLD, EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION | (283                            | ) (564      |
| GROSS MARGIN  | 3,655                           | 1,520       |
| RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES                           | 3,329                           | 2,754       |
| GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                         | 3,619                           | 2,894       |
| SALES AND MARKETING EXPENSES                                | 7,129                           | 3,283       |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION                               | 572                             | 33          |
| OPERATING EXPENSES  | 14,649                          | 8,964       |
| NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS                                    | (10,994                         | ) (7,444    |
| INTEREST EXPENSE, NET AND OTHER                             | (1,122                          | ) (129      |
| UNREALIZED FOREIGN CURRENCY LOSS, NET                       | (114                            | ) (56       |
| CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF DERIVATIVE WARRANT LIABILITY        | 2,506                           | (13,130     |
| NET LOSS BEFORE TAXES                                       | (9,724                          | ) (20,759   |
| PROVISION FOR TAXES   | (69                             | ) —         |
| NET LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS                  | \$ (9,793                       | ) \$(20,759 |

Three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014

**Net Revenue.** Net revenue increased by approximately \$1.8 million, or 86%, to approximately \$3.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to U.S. sales of \$2.4 million following the U.S. launch of ILUVIEN in the first quarter of 2015 offset by a decrease of \$570,000 in EU sales primarily in Germany. Incremental sales in the UK and Portugal were offset by the effect of the decreased value of the British pound sterling and the Euro.

**Cost of goods sold, excluding depreciation and amortization.** Cost of goods sold, excluding depreciation and amortization decreased by approximately \$280,000, or 50%, to approximately \$280,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$560,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease was primarily attributable to inventory reserves of approximately \$440,000 recorded in the first quarter of 2014 as a result of lower than expected sales in Germany offset by an increase in cost of goods sold in the first quarter of 2015 primarily associated with the initial sales in the U.S.

**Research and development expenses.** Research and development expenses increased by approximately \$500,000, or 18%, to approximately \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to increases of \$590,000 in personnel and travel costs relating to a U.S. medical science liaison team hired following the FDA approval of ILUVIEN in the fourth quarter of 2014, \$150,000 in scientific study costs for both our ongoing open label registry study in the EU and a chart review study based in the U.S. which is aimed to help physicians understand when it is appropriate to prescribe their patients ILUVIEN and \$150,000 in costs associated with maintaining regulatory compliance within the jurisdictions in which ILUVIEN has received marketing authorization, offset by a decrease of \$300,000 in costs incurred related to a consultant engaged to assist with the pursuit of approval of ILUVIEN in the U.S in 2014.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$700,000, or 24%, to approximately \$3.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to employee costs of \$560,000 due to our growth to support our launch of ILUVIEN in the U.S. and Portugal and an increase of \$190,000 of costs incurred in professional

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accounting fees as a result of our initial year for an audit of our internal controls over financial reporting incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

**Sales and Marketing expenses.** Sales and marketing expenses increased by approximately \$3.8 million, or 115%, to approximately \$7.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to increases of \$2.7 million in personnel and travel costs as we hired a U.S. field force following the FDA approval of ILUVIEN in the third quarter of 2014, \$770,000 in promotional costs primarily due to the U.S. launch of ILUVIEN in the first quarter of 2014, \$490,000 in costs associated with our pricing and reimbursement activity in the U.S., \$230,000 in costs associated with our customer relationship management software and \$220,000 of media and public relations costs primarily related to ILUVIEN.

**Interest expense, net and other.** Interest expense, net and other increased by approximately \$1.0 million, or 746%, to approximately \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to approximately \$130,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase was primarily attributable to the increased note payable balance as a result of the \$25.0 million advance under the 2014 Loan Agreement as a result of the FDA approval of ILUVIEN in the third quarter of 2014.

**Unrealized foreign currency loss, net.** We recorded a non-cash unrealized foreign currency losses of approximately \$110,000 and \$60,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The unrealized foreign currency loss during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily attributable to the revaluation of our debt and net intercompany liabilities from the our European subsidiaries denominated in U.S. dollars and the decreased value of the Euro and the British pound sterling during the quarters end March 31, 2015 and 2014.

**Change in fair value of derivative warrant liability.** A decrease in the fair value of our derivative warrant liability resulted in a non-cash gain of approximately \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decreased value of the derivative warrant liability during the three months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily attributable to the decrease in fair market value of our underlying common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, we recognized a loss of approximately \$13.1 million related to the increase in the fair value of our derivative warrant liability. The change in fair value was primarily attributable to an increase in the fair market value of our underlying common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

To date, we have incurred negative cash flow from operations, and have accumulated a deficit of \$323.0 million from our inception through March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, we had approximately \$61.3 million in cash and cash equivalents. We launched ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom and Germany in April and May of 2013, respectively, and in Portugal and the U.S. in the first quarter of 2015. Based on our current plans, we believe our cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund our operations for the continued commercialization of ILUVIEN in the United Kingdom, Germany, Portugal and the U.S. We do not expect to generate positive cash flow from operations until 2016, if at all. However, the actual amount of funds that we will need will be determined by many factors, some of which are beyond our control, and we may need funds sooner than currently anticipated. If ILUVIEN is not approved in additional jurisdictions or does not generate sufficient revenue, we may adjust our commercial plans so that we can continue to operate with our existing cash resources or seek to raise additional financing.

In the event additional financing is needed or desired, we may seek to fund our operations through the sale of equity securities, strategic collaboration agreements and debt financing. We cannot be sure that additional financing from any of these sources will be available when needed or that, if available, the additional financing will be obtained on terms favorable to us or our stockholders especially in light of the current difficult financial environment. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, substantial dilution to existing stockholders would likely result and the terms of any new equity securities may have a preference over our common stock. If we attempt to raise additional funds through strategic collaboration agreements and debt financing, we may not be successful in obtaining collaboration agreements, or in receiving milestone or royalty payments under those agreements, or the terms of the debt may involve significant cash payment obligations as well as covenants and specific financial ratios that may

restrict our ability to commercialize ILUVIEN or any future products or product candidates or operate our business. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, cash used by our operations of \$14.7 million was primarily due to our net loss of \$10.0 million and non-cash gain of \$2.5 million for the change in our derivative warrant liability offset by non-cash items including \$1.1 million of stock-based compensation expense, \$560,000 for depreciation and amortization and \$520,000 for unrealized foreign currency transaction loss. Further increasing cash used in operations were increases in accounts receivable of approximately \$2.7 million and in inventory of \$460,000 and a decrease of accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities of \$1.5 million. Accounts receivable and inventory increased primarily due to the U.S. launch of

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ILUVIEN during the quarter. Accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities decreased primarily due to the payment of \$2.0 million for a milestone payment payable to a consultant that was engaged to assist with the pursuit of approval of ILUVIEN in the U.S.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, cash used in our operations of \$6.2 million was primarily due to our net loss of \$20.8 million, offset by non-cash expense of \$13.1 million for the change in our derivative warrant liability and by \$930,000 of non-cash stock-based compensation expense. Further decreasing cash from operations was an increase in accounts receivable of \$780,000 and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities of \$480,000, offset by a decrease of \$1.1 million in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities decreased primarily due to decreases of \$420,000 in amounts payable to Quintiles Commercial and \$250,000 in amounts paid to the investigators of our domestic ancillary studies, offset by an increase of \$310,000 in amounts due to our third party manufacturing sites incurred in connection with the response to the FDA submitted in March 2014. Prepaid expenses and other current assets decreased primarily due to an decrease of \$1.1 million of amounts owed to us from Quintiles Commercial that were applied in lieu of payments for billings in the three months ended March 31, 2014.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, net cash used in our investing activities was approximately \$160,000, which was due to the purchase of property and equipment.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, net cash used in our investing activities was \$12,000, which was due to the purchase of property and equipment.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, net cash used in our financing activities was approximately \$210,000 due to the payment of issuance costs of \$330,000 associated with the sale of our Series B Convertible Preferred Stock offset by cash received of \$130,000 from the proceeds from stock option exercises.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, net cash provided by our financing activities was approximately \$35.0 million. In January 2014, we entered into a securities purchase agreement with investors pursuant to which we sold an aggregate of 6,250,000 shares of our common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Gross proceeds from the offering were \$37.5 million prior to the payment of approximately \$2.4 million of related issuance costs. Further increasing cash from our financing activities was \$290,000 from proceeds from exercises of stock options, offset by \$420,000 of principal payments on our 2013 Term Loan.

**Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

In November 2012, we entered into an agreement with Quintiles Commercial Europe Limited. Under the agreement, Quintiles Commercial Europe Limited and its affiliates (collectively, Quintiles Commercial) will provide certain services to us in connection with the commercialization of ILUVIEN in certain countries in Europe under subsequent project orders. Such services may include marketing, brand management, sales promotion and detailing, market access, pricing and reimbursement support, regulatory, medical science liaison and communications and/or other advisory services. As of March 31, 2015, we had entered into certain project orders with Quintiles Commercial for the provision of sales, marketing, management, market access and medical science personnel in Germany, the United Kingdom and France. In the second half of 2014, we notified Quintiles Commercial that we would be terminating the project orders associated with Germany and France and transitioning the covered positions employed by Quintiles Commercial to our payroll. We completed these transitions during April 2015. Further, in the first quarter of 2015, we notified Quintiles Commercial that we would be terminating the project orders associated with the United Kingdom and transitioning the covered positions employed by Quintiles Commercial to our payroll. We expect to complete this transition during the third quarter of 2015. In accordance with the terms of these project orders and related amendments, we expect to incur approximately \$700,000 in costs with Quintiles Commercial for the remaining nine months in the year ending December 31, 2015. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, we incurred \$970,000 and \$1.9 million of expense associated with this agreement. At March 31, 2015, \$830,000 is included in outsourced services payable and \$660,000 is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in our accompanying consolidated financial statements in association with these project orders.

There have been no other material changes to our contractual obligations and commitments outside the ordinary course of business from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 13, 2015.



Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, that would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements (as that term is defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K) or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, we are not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in

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those types of relationships. We enter into guarantees in the ordinary course of business related to the guarantee of our own performance and the performance of our subsidiaries.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, we believe that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 provides a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The revenue guidance contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. The underlying principle is that an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The standard will be effective for the first interim period within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 for public entities, with no early adoption permitted. In April 2015, the FASB proposed a deferral of the effective date of the new revenue standard by one year, subject to the FASB's due process requirement. Our management is still evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on our financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. ASU 2015-03 is intended to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs. These amendments require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this ASU. The new standard is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted and the standard is to be retrospectively applied to all periods presented upon adoption. Our management is still evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on its financial statements.

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ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Liquidity

See the “Liquidity and Capital Resources” section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional discussion of liquidity and related risks.

Interest Rate Risk

Our earnings and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in interest rates, principally in connection with our loan agreement with Hercules. We do not believe we are materially exposed to changes in interest rates. We do not currently use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes. We estimate that a 100 basis point, or 1%, unfavorable change in interest rates would have resulted in approximately a \$90,000 increase in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Credit Quality Risk

We are subject to credit risk in connection with accounts receivable from our product sales of ILUVIEN. We have contractual payment terms with each of our customers, and we monitor our customers' financial performance and credit worthiness so that we can properly assess and respond to any changes in their credit profile. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, we did not recognize any charges for write-offs of accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2015, one individual customer accounted for 66% of our accounts receivable balances. There were no customers that accounted for more than 10% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2014.

Foreign Exchange Risk

As discussed further above, we market ILUVIEN outside the United States. Therefore, significant changes in foreign exchange rates of the countries outside the United States where our product is sold can impact our operating results and financial condition. As sales outside the United States continue to grow, and as we expand our international operations, we will continue to assess potential steps, including foreign currency hedging and other strategies, to mitigate our foreign exchange risk.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2015. The term “disclosure controls and procedures,” as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company’s management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2015, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the three months ended March 31, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not a party to any material pending legal proceedings, and management is not aware of any contemplated proceedings by any governmental authority against us.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 13, 2015, we identify under Item 1A of Part I important factors which could affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and future operations and could cause our actual results for future periods to differ materially from our anticipated results or other expectations, including those expressed in any forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes in our risk factors subsequent to the filing of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. However, the risks described in our Form 10-K are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we currently deem to be immaterial or not currently known to us, as well as other risks reported from time to time in our reports to the SEC, also could cause our actual results to differ materially from our anticipated results or other expectations.

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ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

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## ITEM 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit<br>Number | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| 31.1              | Certification of the Principal Executive Officer, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                         |
| 31.2              | Certification of the Principal Financial Officer, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                         |
| 32.1              | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS+          | XBRL Instance Document.   |
| 101.SCH+          | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.  |
| 101.CAL+          | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.  |
| 101.DEF+          | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.   |
| 101.LAB+          | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Link Document.  |
| 101.PRE+          | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.   |

+ Users of this data are advised pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T that this interactive data file is deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

The certification attached as Exhibit 32.1 that accompanies this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Alimera Sciences, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALIMERA SCIENCES, INC.

May 11, 2015

By: /s/ C. Daniel Myers  
C. Daniel Myers  
Chief Executive Officer and President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

May 11, 2015

By: /s/ Richard S. Eiswirth, Jr.  
Richard S. Eiswirth, Jr.  
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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