CENTEX CORP Form 10-Q August 13, 2003

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### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

### JOINT QUARTERLY REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended

June 30, 2003

Commission File No. 1-6776

### **Centex Corporation**

A Nevada Corporation

IRS Employer Identification No. 75-0778259 2728 N. Harwood Dallas, Texas 75201 (214) 981-5000

Commission File Nos. 1-9624 and 1-9625, respectively

3333 Holding Corporation
A Nevada Corporation
Centex Development Company, L.P.
A Delaware Limited Partnership

IRS Employer Identification Nos. 75-2178860 and 75-2168471, respectively 2728 N. Harwood
Dallas, Texas 75201
(214) 981-6770

The registrants have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Indicate the number of shares of each of the registrants classes of common stock (or other similar equity securities) outstanding as of the close of business on August 8, 2003:

Centex CorporationCommon Stock61,757,886 shares3333 Holding CorporationCommon Stock1,000 sharesCentex Development Company, L.P.Class A Units of Limited Partnership Interest32,260 unitsCentex Development Company, L.P.Class C Units of Limited Partnership Interest208,330 units

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# June 30, 2003

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# Part I. Financial Information

# **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Statements of Consolidated Earnings

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2003	2002	
Revenues			
Home Building	\$ 1,504,493	\$ 1,105,515	
Financial Services	266,860	180,540	
Construction Products	144,089	128,775	
Construction Services	375,755	360,721	
Investment Real Estate	2,745	6,643	
Other	22,776	29,219	
	2,316,718	1,811,413	
Costs and Expenses			
Home Building	1,349,041	1,005,452	
Financial Services	201,261	156,234	
Construction Products	121,210	101,043	
Construction Services	371,196	352,641	
Investment Real Estate	1,990	2,548	
Other	24,349	31,424	
Corporate General and Administrative	19,232	12,634	
Interest Expense	16,964	15,334	
Minority Interest	7,485	8,882	
	2,112,728	1,686,192	
Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Entities	5,080	(495)	
Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes	209,070	124,726	
Income Taxes	66,736	37,456	
Earnings from Continuing Operations Earnings from Discontinued Operations, net of Taxes of \$246 and \$261	142,334 456	87,270 485	
Net Earnings	\$ 142,790	\$ 87,755	
Basic Earnings Per Share			
Continuing Operations	\$ 2.32	\$ 1.42	
Discontinued Operations	0.01	0.01	
	\$ 2.33	\$ 1.43	

Diluted Earnings Per Share Continuing Operations	\$	2.22	\$	1.37
Discontinued Operations	ψ	0.01	Ψ	0.01
	\$	2.23	\$	1.38
Average Shares Outstanding				
Basic	6	1,245,265	6	1,168,777
Dilutive Securities:				
Options		2,522,463		1,998,229
Other		165,118		430,110
Diluted	6	3,932,846	6	3,597,116
Cash Dividends Per Share	\$	0.04	\$	0.04

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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### Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets with Consolidating Details (Dollars in thousands)

Number   N		Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries			
Cash and Cash Equivalents   S. 469,778   Restricted Cash   Cash and Cash Equivalents   Cash Equivalent				Ma	arch 31, 2003
Restricted Cash   Receivables -   Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment, net   S,105,605   A,642,826   Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale   347,012   303,328   Construction Contracts   287,560   251,024   Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315   439,018   440,008   Inventories     Housing Projects   3,599,116   3,306,655   Land Held for Development and Sale   102,212   106,057   Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned   50,092   Construction Products   54,894   58,254   50,000   54,894   58,254   50,000   54,894   58,254   50,000   50,000   54,894   58,254   50,000   50,0	Assets				
Receivables - Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment, net		\$		\$	
Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment, net         \$1,05,695         4,642,826           Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale         347,012         303,228           Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315         439,018         406,008           Inventories -         3,599,916         3,306,655           Housing Projects         3,599,916         3,306,655           Land Held for Development and Sale         102,212         106,057           Chart Held Under Option Agreements not Owned         50,092         50,092           Construction Products         54,894         58,254           Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         266,903         281,100           Centex Development Company, L.P.         296,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         85,195         58,195           Property and Equipment, net         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         58,195         52,292           Goodwill         303,806         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,258	Restricted Cash		214,442		172,321
Residential Morgage Loans Held for Sale         347,012         303,328           Construction Contracts         251,024           Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315         489,018         406,008           Inventories -         3,599,916         3,306,655           Housing Projects         3,599,916         3,306,655           Land Held for Development and Sale         102,122         106,057           Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned         50,092         Construction Products         44,894         58,254           Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         16,041         15,278           Investments -         266,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         118,397         102,277           Property and Equipment, net         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         38,195         5,292           Goodwill         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118	Receivables -				
Construction Contracts         287,560         251,024           Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315         49,018         406,008           Inventories -         3,599,916         3,306,655           Land Held for Development and Sale         102,212         106,057           Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned         50,092         50,092           Construction Products         48,484         58,254           Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         296,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         118,397         102,277           Property and Equipment, net         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         58,195         52,229           Goodwill         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,209           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$ 10,905         630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,588         1,028,211           Det -	Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment, net		5,105,695		4,642,826
Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315   439,018   406,008     Inventories	Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale		347,012		303,328
Inventories	Construction Contracts		287,560		251,024
Housing Projects	Trade, including Notes of \$66,478 and \$31,315		439,018		406,008
Land Held for Development and Sale         102,212         106,057           Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned         50,092         50,092           Construction Products         54,894         58,254           Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         16,041         15,278           Centex Development Company, L.P.         296,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         7         18,395         681,165           Other Assets -         8,195         52,929         6004         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,907         108,102         108,102         109,107         108,102           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364         <	Inventories -				
Land Held for Development and Sale         102,212         106,057           Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned         50,092         50,002           Construction Products         54,894         58,254           Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         16,041         15,278           Centex Development Company, L.P.         296,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         870         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         58,195         52,929         6004         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102         106,104         108,102           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         205,359         238,290         238,290         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,304         10,304         10,304         10,304           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$619,055         \$630,118         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01         30,280,01	Housing Projects		3,599,916		3,306,655
Construction Products         54,894 (16,041)         58,254 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         10,277 (10,051)         26,100 (16,051)         26,1	Land Held for Development and Sale		102,212		106,057
Construction Products         54,894 (16,041)         58,254 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         15,278 (16,041)         10,277 (10,051)         26,100 (16,051)         26,1			50,092		
Other         16,041         15,278           Investments -         Centex Development Company, L.P.         296,903         281,100           Joint Ventures and Other         118,397         102,277           Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         118,397         102,277           Property and Equipment, net         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         58,195         52,929           Goodwill         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         1104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$11,610,536           Accounts Payable         \$619,055         \$630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>58,254</td>					58,254
Investments -   296,903   281,100   201,100	Other				15,278
Joint Ventures and Other Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Services   Serv	Investments -		,		ŕ
Joint Ventures and Other Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Services   Serv	Centex Development Company, L.P.		296,903		281,100
Unconsolidated Subsidiaries					
Property and Equipment, net         672,955         681,165           Other Assets -         58,195         52,929           Goodwill         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity           Accounts Payable         \$619,055         \$630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         5,483,846         4,998,819           Payables to Affiliates         210,25,880         10,227           Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         210,25,880         15,746         15,483           Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         15,746         15,483         15,483 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>- )</td><td></td><td>, , , ,</td></td<>			- )		, , , ,
Other Assets -         Deferred Income Taxes         58,195         52,929           Goodwill         303,800         304,780           Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118           Accounts Payable         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         5,483,846         4,998,819           Payables to Affiliates         210,580         19,055         10,058           Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435         10,227           Stockholders Equity -         224,237         170,227         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         224,237         170,227           Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         15,746         15,483			672,955		681,165
Goodwill Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         303,800 104,917         304,780 108,102 205,359         238,290 238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$ 12,099,137         \$ 11,610,536           Laccounts Payable Accrued Liabilities         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         5,483,846         4,998,819           Payables to Affiliates         910         19,435           Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Tense         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value         161,258         98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation         3(31,337)         2(3,98)           Retained Earnings         2,644,436         2,597,078			,		,
Goodwill Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         303,800 104,917         304,780 108,102 205,359         238,290 238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         \$ 12,099,137         \$ 11,610,536           Laccounts Payable Accrued Liabilities         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         5,483,846         4,998,819           Payables to Affiliates         910         19,435           Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Tense         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value         161,258         98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation         3(31,337)         2(3,98)           Retained Earnings         2,644,436         2,597,078	Deferred Income Taxes		58,195		52,929
Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest         104,917         108,102           Deferred Charges and Other, net         205,359         238,290           Assets of Discontinued Operations         10,704         110,364           Liabilities and Stockholders Equity           Accounts Payable         \$ 619,055         \$ 630,118           Accrued Liabilities         938,558         1,028,211           Debt -         2,083,960         2,105,880           Financial Services         5,483,846         4,998,819           Payables to Affiliates         910         19,435           Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders Equity -         Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Tommon Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000           Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value         161,258         98,711           Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation         (31,337)         (2,398)           Retained Earnings         2,644,436         2,597,078					
Deferred Charges and Other, net					
Assets of Discontinued Operations   10,704   110,364					
\$12,099,137   \$11,610,536			,		
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity         Accounts Payable       \$ 619,055       \$ 630,118         Accrued Liabilities       938,558       1,028,211         Debt -       2,083,960       2,105,880         Centex       2,083,960       2,105,880         Financial Services       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078	1350ts of Discontinued Operations	_	10,701		110,501
Accounts Payable       \$ 619,055       \$ 630,118         Accrued Liabilities       938,558       1,028,211         Debt -       2,083,960       2,105,880         Centex       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       5,483,846       4,998,819         Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued       200,000       15,483         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       15,483       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078		\$	12,099,137	\$	11,610,536
Accounts Payable       \$ 619,055       \$ 630,118         Accrued Liabilities       938,558       1,028,211         Debt -       2,083,960       2,105,880         Centex       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       5,483,846       4,998,819         Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued       200,000       15,483         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       15,483       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078					
Accrued Liabilities       938,558       1,028,211         Debt -       2,083,960       2,105,880         Financial Services       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       910       19,435         Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued       5,25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078		ф	<10.0 <b>5</b>	Φ.	(20.110
Debt -       Centex       2,083,960       2,105,880         Financial Services       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078		\$		\$	
Centex       2,083,960       2,105,880         Financial Services       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -       Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078			938,558		1,028,211
Financial Services       5,483,846       4,998,819         Payables to Affiliates       1910       19,435         Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity -         Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078			• 000 0 00		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Payables to Affiliates       Liabilities of Discontinued Operations       910       19,435         Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity - <ul> <li>Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued</li> <li>Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000</li> <li>Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively</li> <li>Capital in Excess of Par Value</li> <li>Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation</li> <li>(31,337)</li> <li>(2,398)</li> <li>Retained Earnings</li> </ul> 2,597,078					
Liabilities of Discontinued Operations         910         19,435           Minority Interests         224,237         170,227           Stockholders         Equity -         Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Stockholders         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value         161,258         98,711           Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation         (31,337)         (2,398)           Retained Earnings         2,644,436         2,597,078			5,483,846		4,998,819
Minority Interests       224,237       170,227         Stockholders Equity - <ul> <li>Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued</li> <li>Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000</li> <li>Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively</li> <li>Capital in Excess of Par Value</li> <li>Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation</li> <li>Retained Earnings</li> </ul> 15,483         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078	·				
Stockholders Equity -           Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued           Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000           Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively         15,746         15,483           Capital in Excess of Par Value         161,258         98,711           Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation         (31,337)         (2,398)           Retained Earnings         2,644,436         2,597,078	· ·				
Preferred Stock: Authorized 5,000,000 Shares, None Issued         Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078			224,237		170,227
Common Stock: \$.25 Par Value; Authorized 100,000,000         Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078					
Shares; Outstanding 61,887,222 and 60,836,091 Shares, Respectively       15,746       15,483         Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078					
Capital in Excess of Par Value       161,258       98,711         Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation       (31,337)       (2,398)         Retained Earnings       2,644,436       2,597,078					
Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation (31,337) (2,398) Retained Earnings 2,644,436 2,597,078					,
Retained Earnings 2,644,436 2,597,078					98,711
	Unamortized Value of Deferred Compensation				(2,398)
Treasury Stock, at Cost; 1,095,648 and 1,096,844 Shares, Respectively (45,011) (45,037)			2,644,436		2,597,078
	Treasury Stock, at Cost; 1,095,648 and 1,096,844 Shares, Respectively		(45,011)		(45,037)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	3,479	 (5,991)
Total Stockholders Equity	2,748,571	2,657,846
•	12,099,137	\$ 11,610,536

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

\*Unaudited

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# Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets with Consolidating Details (Dollars in thousands)

	Centex** Financial Services						
June 30,	2003*	Ma	rch 31, 2003	June 30, 2003*		Ma	rch 31, 2003
\$	99,541	\$	454,696	\$	11,484	\$	15,082
	36,218		8,349		178,224		163,972
					5,105,695		4,642,826
					347,012		303,328
	287,560		251,024		•40.00		100.001
	228,626		207,704		210,392		198,304
3	3,599,916		3,306,655				
_	102,212		106,057				
	50,092		,				
	54,894		58,254				
	5,936		6,832		10,105		8,446
	296,903		281,100				
	118,397		102,277				
	455,183		405,407				
	630,315		639,069		42,640		42,096
	(33,816)		(36,534)		92,011		89,463
	287,198		287,725		16,602		17,055
	,		,		104,917		108,102
	117,634		156,650		87,725		81,640
	10,704		110,364				
6	5,347,513	\$	6,345,629	\$	6,206,807	\$	5,670,314
<b>S</b>	571,129	\$	589,530	\$	47,926	\$	264,352
	720,635		804,447		217,923		
2	2,083,960		2,105,880		<b>=</b> 402.046		4 000 010
					5,483,846		4,998,819 25,736
	910		19,435		35,882		25,750
	222,308		168,491		1,929		1,736
	4		15.400				
	15,746		15,483		200.467		200.467
	161,258 (31,337)		98,711 (2,398)		200,467		200,467
2	2,644,436		2,597,078		239,332		198,145
_	(45,011)		(45,037)		20,002		170,113
	3,479		(5,991)		(20,499)		(18,942)
2	2,748,571		2,657,846		419,301		379,671

**6,347,513** \$ 6,345,629 **\$ 6,206,807** \$ 5,670,314

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<sup>\*\*</sup> In the supplemental data presented above, Centex represents the consolidation of all subsidiaries other than those included in Financial Services. Transactions between Centex and Financial Services have been eliminated from the Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries balance sheets.

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# Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows with Consolidating Details

(Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

Cash Flows Operating Activities   Net Farmings from Continuing Operations   S   142,334   S   87,270		Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries			
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations   \$ 142,334   \$ 87,270		Fe	-		
Net Earnings From Continuing Operations			2003		2002
Adjustments-   Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization   29,961   23,726   Provision for Losses on Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   15,762   7,043   Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) Provision   (6,255)   (5,133)   Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (4,352)   25   Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   4,978   5,907   Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Excluding Effect of Acquisitions   (42,121)   (13,008)   Increase in Resticted Cash   (42,121)   (13,008)   (16,754)   (16,754)   (16,754)   (17,774)	Cash Flows Operating Activities				
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization   23,961   7,043   Provision for Losses on Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   15,762   7,043   Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) Provision   (6,255   (5,133)   Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (4,352)   25	Net Earnings from Continuing Operations	\$	142,334	\$	87,270
Provision for Losses on Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   15,762   7,043     Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) Provision   (6,255)   (5,133)     Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (4,352)   25     Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   (4,978   5,907     Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Excluding Effect of Acquisitions   (42,121)   (13,008)     Increase in Reseivables   (40,708)   (40,708)     Increase in Receivables   (43,684   34,777     Increase in Receivables   (43,684   34,777   10,708   (10,708   10,7	Adjustments-				
Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) Provision   Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (4,352)   25	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		29,961		23,726
Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures	Provision for Losses on Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment		15,762		7,043
Ventures	Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) Provision		(6,255)		(5,133)
Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Minority Interest, net of Taxes   Minority Interest, net of Taxes   Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Excluding Effect of Acquisitions   Increase in Restricted Cash   (13,008)   Increase in Receivables   (69,546)   (40,708)   (10,7	Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint				
Minority Interest, net of Taxes	Ventures		(4,352)		25
Minority Interest, net of Taxes	Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries				
Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Excluding Effect of Acquisitions   (42,121) (13,008)     Increase in Restricted Cash (69,546) (40,708) (10,008)     Increase in Rescivables (69,546) (40,708) (10,008) (10,008)     Increase in Housing Projects and Land Held for Davelopment and Sale Inventories (294,622) (338,541)     Inventories (10,008) (10			4,978		5,907
Increase in Restricted Cash   (42,121) (13,008)     Increase in Receivables   (69,546) (40,708)     Increase in Receivables   (43,684) (34,777)     Increase in Housing Projects and Land Held for Development and Sale Inventories   (294,622) (338,541)     Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories   2,562 (7,012)     (Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (110,650) (78,071)     Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net   31,944   12,892     Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates   (340,195) (303,187)     Cash Flows Investing Activities   (478,631) (252,645)     Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   (478,631) (252,645)     Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (16,098) (15,850) (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries     Purchases of Property and Equipment, net   (10,109) (27,661)     Discontinued Operations   (11,369) (653)     Cash Flows Financing Activities   (10,109) (296,809)     Cash Flows Financing Activities   (10,097) (296,809) (13,882)     Financial Services   (10,097) (13,097) (13,099) (13,099)     Repayment of Long-Term Debt   (13,09,791) (13,099) (13,099)     Repayment of Long-Term Debt   (13,09,791) (13,099) (13,099)     Repayment of Long-Term Debt   (13,09,791) (13,099) (13,099) (13,099)     Repayment of Long-Term Debt   (13,09,791) (13,099) (13			,		ŕ
Increase in Receivables (10,008) (Increase) Decrease in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale (13,684) 34,777     Increase in Housing Projects and Land Held for Development and Sale Inventories (294,622) (338,541)     Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories (2,562 (7,012) (10,650) (78,071)     Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories (110,650) (78,071)     Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net (110,650) (78,071)     Decrease (Increase) in Payables to Affiliates (13,494 (12,892)     Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates (14,662) (340,195) (303,187)     Cash Flows Investing Activities     Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment (478,631) (252,645)     Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures (16,098) (15,850) (16,098) (15,850)     (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries     Purchases of Property and Equipment, net (10,109) (27,661)     Discontinued Operations (11,369) (653) (653)     Cash Flows Financing Activities     Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net (26,626 (30,256) (30,268) (30,2			(42,121)		(13,008)
(Increase) Decrease in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale Increase in Housing Projects and Land Held for Development and Sale Inventories (294,622) (338,541)       (338,541)         Increase (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories (2,562 (7,012))       (110,650) (78,071)         Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories (110,650) (78,071)       (31,944 (12,892)         Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates Other       (340,195) (303,187)         Cash Flows Investing Activities       (340,195) (303,187)         Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures (16,098) (15,850)       (16,098) (15,850)         (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries Purchases of Property and Equipment, net (10,109) (27,661)       (27,661)         Discontinued Operations       (11,369) (653)         Cash Flows Financing Activities Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net (20,000)       (3,280) (37,882)         Centex Issuance of Long-Term Debt (3,289) (37,882)       (3,289) (37,882)         Financial Services Issuance of Long-Term Debt (1,309,791) (296,854) (209,951)       (296,854) (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises (5,600) (2,600)       (26,854) (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises (2,600)       (3,600)					
Increase in Housing Projects and Land Held for Development and Sale Inventories (294,622) (338,541)   Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories 2,562 (7,012)   (Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (110,650) (78,071)   Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net 31,944 12,892     Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates Other (340,195) (303,187)     Cash Flows Investing Activities					
Inventories			(43,004)		31,777
Decrease (Increase) in Construction Products and Other Inventories (2,562 (7,012) (Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (110,650) (78,071)			(294 622)		(338 541)
(Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities         (110,650)         (78,071)           Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net         31,944         12,892           Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates         3,494         7,646           Other         (340,195)         (303,187)           Cash Flows Investing Activities           Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment         (478,631)         (252,645)           Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures         (16,098)         (15,850)           (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries         (10,109)         (27,661)           Purchases of Property and Equipment, net         (11,369)         (653)           Discontinued Operations         (11,369)         (653)           Centex         Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net         76,833         624,363           Centex         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         (3,289)         (37,882)           Financial Services         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         (3,289)         (37,882)           Financial Services         1,309,791         30,949           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (926,854)         (209,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises					
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets, net   12,892     Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates   3,494   7,646     (340,195)   (303,187)     Cash Flows Investing Activities   (478,631)   (252,645)     Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   (478,631)   (252,645)     Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (16,098)   (15,850)     (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   (10,109)   (27,661)     Discontinued Operations   (11,369)   (653)     Cash Flows Financing Activities   (516,207)   (296,809)     Cash Flows Financing Activities   (516,207)   (296,809)     Cash Flows Financing Activities   (3,289)   (37,882)     Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net   (3,289)   (37,882)     Financial Services   (3,289)   (37,882)     Financial Services   (1,309,791)   (209,951)     Repayment of Long-Term Debt   (1,309,791)   (209,951)     Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises   (4,983)   (26,9854)   (209,951)     Freasury Stock, net   (26,683)   (26,983)   (26,983)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Increase (Decrease) in Payables to Affiliates Other					
Other         3,494         7,646           Cash Flows Investing Activities         Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures (16,098) (15,850) (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries Purchases of Property and Equipment, net (10,109) (27,661) Discontinued Operations (11,369) (653)         (10,109) (27,661) (296,809)           Cash Flows Financing Activities Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net Centex         76,833 (624,363) (296,809)         624,363           Centex Issuance of Long-Term Debt (Repayment of Long-Term Debt (3,289) (37,882))         6,626 (30,256) (37,882)         76,833 (37,882)           Financial Services Issuance of Long-Term Debt (1,309,791) (30,949)         76,833 (20,951) (20,951)         76,833 (20,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises (1,200,951) (20,951) (20,951)         76,833 (20,951)         76,833 (20,951)           Treasury Stock, net         1,309,791 (20,951)         30,949 (20,951)			31,944		12,892
Cash Flows   Investing Activities   Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment   (478,631)   (252,645)   Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures   (16,098)   (15,850)   (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries   Purchases of Property and Equipment, net   (10,109)   (27,661)   (296,809)   (516,207)   (296,809)   (653)   (516,207)   (296,809)   (516,207)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3,494		7,646
Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment			(340,195)		(303,187)
Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and Joint Ventures (16,098) (15,850) (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries Purchases of Property and Equipment, net (10,109) (27,661) (Discontinued Operations (11,369) (653) (653) (516,207) (296,809) (653) (516,207) (296,809) (653) (516,207) (296,809) (653) (516,207) (296,809) (653	Cash Flows Investing Activities				_
Joint Ventures       (16,098)       (15,850)         (Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries       (10,109)       (27,661)         Purchases of Property and Equipment, net       (11,369)       (653)         Discontinued Operations       (516,207)       (296,809)         Cash Flows Financing Activities       (516,207)       (296,809)         Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net       76,833       624,363         Centex       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       (3,289)       (37,882)         Issuance of Long-Term Debt       (1,309,791)       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)	Increase in Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment		(478,631)		(252,645)
(Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries       (10,109)       (27,661)         Purchases of Property and Equipment, net       (11,369)       (653)         Discontinued Operations       (516,207)       (296,809)         Cash Flows Financing Activities       Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net       76,833       624,363         Centex       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       6,626       30,256         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)	Increase in Investment and Advances to Centex Development Company, L.P. and				
Purchases of Property and Equipment, net       (10,109)       (27,661)         Discontinued Operations       (11,369)       (653)         (516,207)       (296,809)         Cash Flows Financing Activities         Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net       76,833       624,363         Centex       Susuance of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)	Joint Ventures		(16,098)		(15,850)
Discontinued Operations         (11,369)         (653)           Cash Flows         Financing Activities         (296,809)           Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net         76,833         624,363           Centex         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         6,626         30,256           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (3,289)         (37,882)           Financial Services         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         1,309,791         30,949           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (926,854)         (209,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises         36,988         2,515           Treasury Stock, net         26         (4,983)	(Increase) Decrease in Investment and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries				
Discontinued Operations         (11,369)         (653)           Cash Flows         Financing Activities         (296,809)           Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net         76,833         624,363           Centex         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         6,626         30,256           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (3,289)         (37,882)           Financial Services         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         1,309,791         30,949           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (926,854)         (209,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises         36,988         2,515           Treasury Stock, net         26         (4,983)	Purchases of Property and Equipment, net		(10,109)		(27,661)
Cash Flows         Financing Activities           Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net         76,833         624,363           Centex         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         6,626         30,256           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (3,289)         (37,882)           Financial Services         Issuance of Long-Term Debt         1,309,791         30,949           Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (926,854)         (209,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises         36,988         2,515           Treasury Stock, net         26         (4,983)			(11,369)		(653)
Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net       76,833       624,363         Centex       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       6,626       30,256         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       Issuance of Long-Term Debt       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)			(516,207)		(296,809)
Centex         Issuance of Long-Term Debt       6,626       30,256         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)					
Issuance of Long-Term Debt       6,626       30,256         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)	Increase (Decrease) in Short-Term Debt, net		76,833		624,363
Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (3,289)       (37,882)         Financial Services       1,309,791       30,949         Issuance of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)					
Financial Services         Issuance of Long-Term Debt       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)			6,626		30,256
Issuance of Long-Term Debt       1,309,791       30,949         Repayment of Long-Term Debt       (926,854)       (209,951)         Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises       36,988       2,515         Treasury Stock, net       26       (4,983)	Repayment of Long-Term Debt		(3,289)		(37,882)
Repayment of Long-Term Debt         (926,854)         (209,951)           Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises         36,988         2,515           Treasury Stock, net         26         (4,983)					
Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises 36,988 2,515 Treasury Stock, net 26 (4,983)			1,309,791		
Treasury Stock, net 26 (4,983)			(926,854)		(209,951)
	Proceeds from Stock Option Exercises		36,988		2,515
Dividends Paid (2,472) (2,463)			26		(4,983)
	Dividends Paid		(2,472)		(2,463)

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	497,649	432,804
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	(358,753) 469,778	(167,192) 218,869
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 111,025	\$ 51,677

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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# Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows with Consolidating Details

(Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

Centex **			Financial	Services	
For the Three Mon	ths Ended June 30,		For the Three Mon	ths Ended .	June 30,
2003	2002		2003		2002
5 142,334	\$ 87,270	\$	41,187	\$	22,951
25,422	19,622	,	4,539		4,104
20,122	17,022	•	15,762		7,043
(6,255)	(5,133	3)	(1,795)		189
(4,352)	25				
(41,187)	(22,95)	.)			
4,978	5,907	1			
(27,869)	(8,38)	.)	(14,252)		(4,627)
(57,458)	(12,044	<b>!</b> )	(12,088)		(28,664)
			(43,684)		34,777
(294,622)	(338,54)				
4,221	(7,729		(1,659)		(9,858)
(112,147)	(81,559		(60)		569
37,520	(3,264	<b>!</b> )	(3,781)		12,744
3,301	7,895	;	10,146 193		(126,023) (249)
(326,114)	(358,883	3)	(5,492)		(87,044)
			(478,631)		(242,070)
			( -, ,		( )
(16,098)	(15,850	))			
(8,589)	132,165	5			
(5,607)	(30,45)		(4,502)		2,790
(11,369)	(653	B) 			
(41,663)	85,21		(483,133)		(239,280)
(25,257)	125,744	ļ	102,090		498,619
6,626	30,256	Ď			
(3,289)	(37,882	2)			
			1,309,791 (926,854)		30,949 (209,951)
36,988	2,515	5	· - / /		,,. y-,
26	(4,983				
(2,472)	(2,463				

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(355,155) 454,696	(160,485) 191,744	(3,598) 15,082	(6,707) 27,125
\$ 99,541	\$ 31,259	\$ 11,484	\$ 20,418

<sup>\*\*</sup> In the supplemental data presented above, Centex represents the consolidation of all subsidiaries other than those included in Financial Services. Transactions between Centex and Financial Services have been eliminated from the Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries statements of cash flows.

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### Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2003

(Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

### (A) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of Centex Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) after elimination of all significant intercompany balances and transactions. The statements have been prepared, without audit, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted.

In the opinion of the Company, all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the information in the consolidated financial statements of the Company have been included. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. The Company suggests that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the Company s latest Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### (B) STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES

The following table provides supplemental disclosures related to the Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows:

	 For the The	
	2003	 2002
Paid for Interest	\$ 71,192	\$ 68,242
Paid for Taxes	\$ 46,162	\$ 37,131

Interest expense relating to the Financial Services segment is included in its cost of sales. Interest expense related to segments other than Financial Services is included as a separate line item in the Statements of Consolidated Earnings. The Company capitalizes a portion of interest incurred as a component of housing projects inventory cost. The relief of capitalized interest is included in Home Building s cost of sales. Capitalized interest relieved was \$13.2 million and \$8.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

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	- *	hree Months June 30,
	2003	2002
Total Interest Incurred Interest Capitalized Less Financial Services	\$ 88,307 (20,315) (51,028)	\$ 78,532 (18,551) (44,647)
Interest Expense, net	\$ 16,964	\$ 15,334

### (C) STOCK-BASED EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS

On April 1, 2003, the Company adopted the fair value measurement provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (SFAS No. 123), under which the Company recognizes compensation expense of a stock option award to an employee over the vesting period based on the fair value of the award on the grant date. The fair value method has been applied only to awards granted or modified on or after April 1, 2003 (the prospective method), whereas awards granted prior to such date will continue to be accounted for in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB No. 25), and related interpretations.

In May 2003, the Company granted approximately 1.4 million options to employees. The fair value of such options is \$35.1 million, as calculated under the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which will be recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. Compensation expense of \$2.9 million related to these stock options was recognized during the three month period ended June 30, 2003.

The following pro forma information reflects the Company s net earnings and earnings per share had compensation cost for all stock option plans and other equity-based compensation programs been determined based upon the fair value at the date of grant for awards outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, consistent with the provisions of SFAS No. 123.

	_	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
		2003		2002	
Net Earnings as Reported	\$	142,790	\$	87,755	
Stock-Based Employee Compensation Expense Included in Reported Net Income, net of Related Tax Effects Total Stock-Based Employee Compensation Expense		3,585		1,627	
Determined Under Fair Value Based Method, net of Related Tax Effects		(8,205)		(7,376)	
Pro Forma Net Earnings	\$	138,170	\$	82,006	
Earnings Per Share:					
Basic as Reported	\$	2.33	\$	1.43	
Basic Pro Forma	\$	2.26	\$	1.34	
Diluted as Reported	\$	2.23	\$	1.38	
Diluted Pro Forma	\$	2.17	\$	1.29	
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# (D) STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

A summary of changes in stockholders equity is presented below:

	Commo	on Stock Amount	Capital in Excess of Par Value	V D	nmortized Yalue of Peferred	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock at Cost	Com	Other  prehensive (Loss) Income	Total
Balance, March 31, 2003	60,836	\$ 15,483	\$ 98,711	\$	(2,398)	\$ 2,597,078	\$ (45,037)	\$	(5,991)	\$ 2,657,846
Issuance of Stock Compensation Amortization of Stock	57	14	31,541		(31,555)		26			26
Compensation					2,616					2,616
Exercise of Stock Options, Including Tax Benefits Stock Option Expense Cash Dividends Exercise of Convertible	594	149	26,106 2,900			(2,472)				26,255 2,900 (2,472)
Debenture Cavco Spin-off Net Earnings Unrealized Loss on	400	100	2,000			(92,960) 142,790				2,100 (92,960) 142,790
Hedging Instruments Foreign Currency									(1,252)	(1,252)
Translation Adjustments									10,720	10,720

# (E) RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOANS HELD FOR INVESTMENT

Residential mortgage loans held for investment, including real estate owned, consisted of the following:

	Ju	June 30, 2003		March 31, 2003	
Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment Allowance for Losses on Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment	\$	5,139,756 (34,061)	\$	4,671,210 (28,384)	
Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment, net of Allowance for Losses	\$	5,105,695	\$	4,642,826	

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Changes in the allowance for losses on residential mortgage loans held for investment were as follows:

	For the Thr Ended J		
	2003		2002
Balance at Beginning of Period Provision for Losses Recoveries on Loans Charged Off Losses Sustained	\$ 28,384 15,762 76 (10,161)	\$	14,106 7,043 18 (3,847)
Balance at End of Period	\$ 34,061	\$	17,320
Allowance as a Percentage of Gross Loans Held for Investment Allowance as a Percentage of 90+ Days Contractual Delinquency 90+ Days Contractual Delinquency	0.7 % 25.1 %		0.5% 19.8%
Total Dollars Delinquent % Delinquent	\$ 135,651 2.6%	\$	87,304 2.5%

### (F) GOODWILL

A summary of changes in goodwill by segment for the three months ended June 30, 2003 is presented below:

	Home Building	Financial Services	Construction Products	Construction Services	Other	Total
Balance as of March 31, 2003 Other, net	\$ 123,011	\$ 17,055 (453)	\$ 40,290	\$ 1,007	\$ 123,417 (527)	\$ 304,780 (980)
Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$ 123,011	\$ 16,602	\$ 40,290	\$ 1,007	\$ 122,890	\$ 303,800

Goodwill for the Other segment at June 30, 2003 includes \$71.5 million related to the Company s home services operations and \$51.4 million related to the Company s investment in Construction Products. Included in Assets of Discontinued Operations at March 31, 2003 is \$67.3 million of goodwill related to manufactured housing.

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# (G) INDEBTEDNESS

### **Short-term Debt**

Balances of short-term debt were:

	June	30, 2003	March 31, 2003			
	Centex	Financial Services	Centex	Financial Services		
Financial Institutions Commercial Paper Secured Liquidity Notes	\$	\$ 269,506 674,813**	\$ 25,257*	\$ 283,146 559,083**		
Sociated Enquirity Fronts	\$	\$ 944,319	\$ 25,257	\$ 842,229		
Consolidated Short-term Debt		944,319	\$867	7,486		

<sup>\*</sup> Debt relates entirely to Construction Products.

The Company borrows on a short-term basis from banks under uncommitted lines that bear interest at prevailing market rates. The weighted-average interest rates of balances outstanding at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003 were 1.5% and 1.6%, respectively.

# Long-term Debt

Balances of long-term debt and weighted-average interest rates at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003 were:

	June 30, 20	03	March 31, 2003		
Centex					
Medium-term Note Programs, due through 2007	\$ 281,000	4.75%	\$ 281,000	4.79%	
Long-term Notes, due through 2012	1,508,170	7.05%	1,508,116	7.05%	
Other Indebtedness, due through 2009 Subordinated Debt:	95,173	2.67%	91,919	2.81%	
Subordinated Debentures, due in 2006	99,906	7.38%	99,894	7.38%	
Subordinated Debentures, due in 2007	99,711	8.75%	99,694	8.75%	
	2,083,960		2,080,623		
Financial Services Home Equity Loans Asset-Backed Certificates, due					
through 2034 Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. Variable Rate	4,464,527	3.63%	4,081,590	3.67%	
Subordinated Notes, due through 2008	75,000	3.25%	75,000	3.38%	
	4,539,527		4,156,590		

<sup>\*\*</sup> Debt relates entirely to Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C.

Total \$ 6,623,487 \$ 6,237,213

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The weighted-average interest rates for long-term debt during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 were:

	For the Three Ended Jun	
	2003	2002
Centex		
Medium-term Note Programs	5.31%	5.37%
Long-term Notes	7.08%	8.15%
Other Indebtedness	2.50%	3.59%
Subordinated Debentures	8.07%	8.07%
Financial Services		
Financial Services Long-Term Debt	3.50%	4.92%

Maturities of Centex and Financial Services long-term debt during the next five years ending March 31 are:

	Centex		Financial Services	Total		
2004	\$	25,475	\$ 926,518	\$	951,993	
2005		31,971	1,040,844		1,072,815	
2006		403,310	798,291		1,201,601	
2007		290,431	689,442		979,873	
2008		359,091	812,746		1,171,837	
Thereafter		973,682	271,686		1,245,368	
	\$	2,083,960	\$ 4,539,527	\$	6,623,487	

Financial Services debt related to securitized residential mortgage loans structured as collateralized borrowings (Home Equity Loans Asset-Backed Certificates) was \$4.46 billion at June 30, 2003; the holders of such debt have no recourse for non-payment to Centex Home Equity Company, L.L.C. (Home Equity) or Centex Corporation. The principal and interest on these notes are paid using the cash flow from the underlying residential mortgage loans, which serve as collateral for the debt. Accordingly, the timing of the principal payments on these notes is dependent upon the payments received on the underlying residential mortgage loans. The expected maturities of this component of long-term debt are based on contractual maturities adjusted for projected repayments and prepayments of principal. As is common in these structures, Home Equity remains liable for customary loan representations.

Under the Company s debt covenants, Centex is required to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios and a minimum tangible net worth. At June 30, 2003, the Company was in compliance with all of these covenants.

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#### **Credit Facilities**

The Company s existing credit facilities and available borrowing capacity as of June 30, 2003 are summarized below:

	Existing Credit Facilities	Available Capacity	
Centex			
Centex Corporation			
Multi-Bank Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000(1)	
Uncommitted Bank Lines	60,000	60,000	
Construction Products			
Senior Revolving Credit Facility	155,000	87,817(2)	
	017.000		
	915,000	847,817	
Financial Services			
Unsecured Credit Facilities	125,000	70,800(3)	
Secured Credit Facilities	415,000	199,694 <sub>(4)</sub>	
Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. Facility	1,500,000	750,187	
	2,040,000	1,020,681	
	\$ 2,955,000	\$ 1,868,498 <sub>(5)</sub>	
	ψ 2,933,000	Ψ 1,000,470(5)	

- This is a committed, multi-bank revolving credit facility, maturing in August 2005, which serves as backup for commercial paper borrowings. As of June 30, 2003, there were no borrowings under this backup facility, and the Company s \$600 million commercial paper program had no issuance outstanding. There have been no borrowings under this facility since inception. See Note (S), Subsequent Events.
- (2) This committed facility was entered into by Construction Products and has no recourse to Centex Corporation. The Senior Revolving Credit Facility matures in March 2006. Construction Products terminated its Annually Renewable Commercial Paper Conduit in June 2003.
- (3) Centex Corporation, CTX Mortgage Company, L.L.C. ( CTX Mortgage ) and Home Equity, on a joint and several basis, share in a \$125 million uncommitted, unsecured credit facility.
- (4) CTX Mortgage and Home Equity share in a \$250 million committed secured credit facility to finance mortgage inventory. CTX Mortgage also maintains \$155 million of committed secured mortgage warehouse facilities to finance mortgages not sold to HSF-I. Home Equity also maintains a \$10 million committed secured mortgage warehouse facility to finance mortgages.
- The amount of available borrowing capacity includes \$1.74 billion of committed borrowings and \$130.8 million of uncommitted borrowings as of June 30, 2003. Although the Company believes that the uncommitted capacity is currently available, there can be no assurance that the lenders under the applicable facilities would elect to make advances to the Company or its subsidiaries if and when requested to do so.

Home Equity finances its inventory of mortgage loans held for investment through Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. (HSF-II), a wholly-owned, consolidated entity, under a revolving sales agreement that expires upon final payment of the senior and subordinated debt issued by HSF-II. This arrangement, where HSF-II has committed to finance all eligible loans, gives Home Equity daily access to HSF-II s borrowing capacity of \$1.50 billion. HSF-II obtains funds through the sale of subordinated notes that are rated BBB by Standard & Poor s (S&P), Baa2 by Moody s Investors Service (Moody s) and BBB by Fitch Ratings (Fitch) and short-term secured liquidity notes that are rated A1+ by S&P, P1 by Moody s and F1+ by Fitch. Because HSF-II is a consolidated entity, the debt, interest income and interest expense of HSF-II are reflected in the financial statements of Financial Services.

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### Harwood Street Funding I, L.L.C.

CTX Mortgage finances its inventory of mortgage loans held for sale principally through sales of Jumbo A and conforming loans to Harwood Street Funding I, L.L.C. (HSF-I), an unaffiliated entity established in 1999 that is not consolidated with Financial Services or Centex at June 30, 2003, pursuant to a mortgage loan purchase agreement (the HSF-I Purchase Agreement). Since 1999, CTX Mortgage has sold substantially all of the Jumbo A and conforming mortgage loans that it originates to HSF-I in accordance with the HSF-I Purchase Agreement. When HSF-I acquires these loans, it typically holds them for a period averaging between 45 and 60 days and then resells them into the secondary market. HSF-I obtains the funds needed to purchase eligible mortgage loans from CTX Mortgage by issuing (1) securitized medium-term debt that is currently rated AAA by S&P and Aaa by Moody s, (2) short-term secured liquidity notes that are currently rated A1+ by S&P and P1 by Moody s and (3) subordinated certificates maturing in September 2004, November 2005 and June 2006, extendable for up to five years, that are rated BBB by S&P and Baa2 by Moody s. This arrangement provides CTX Mortgage with reduced financing cost for eligible mortgage loans it originates and improves its liquidity.

Under the terms of the HSF-I Purchase Agreement, CTX Mortgage may elect to sell to HSF-I, and HSF-I is obligated to purchase from CTX Mortgage, mortgage loans that satisfy certain eligibility criteria and portfolio requirements. At June 30, 2003, the maximum amount of mortgage loans that HSF-I is allowed to carry in its inventory under the HSF-I Purchase Agreement is limited to \$3.00 billion.

HSF-I s commitment to purchase eligible mortgage loans continues in effect until the occurrence of certain termination events described in the HSF-I Purchase Agreement. These termination events primarily relate to events of default under, or other failure to comply with, the provisions, including loan portfolio limitations, of the agreements that govern the mortgage loan warehouse program but also include a downgrade in Centex Corporation s credit ratings below BB+ by S&P or Ba1 by Moody s. In the event CTX Mortgage was unable to sell loans to HSF-I, it would draw on existing credit facilities currently held in addition to HSF-I. In addition, it might need to make other customary financing arrangements to fund its mortgage loan origination activities. Although the Company believes that CTX Mortgage could arrange for alternative financing that is common for non-investment grade mortgage companies, there can be no assurance that such financing would be available on satisfactory terms, and any delay in obtaining such financing could adversely affect the results of operations of CTX Mortgage.

In accordance with the HSF-I Purchase Agreement, CTX Mortgage acts as servicer of the loans owned by HSF-I and arranges for the sale of the eligible mortgage loans into the secondary market. In its capacity as servicer, CTX Mortgage must act in the best interest of HSF-I so as to maximize the proceeds of sales of eligible mortgage loans. The performance of obligations of CTX Mortgage, in its capacity as servicer, is guaranteed by Centex. These servicer obligations include repurchasing a mortgage loan from HSF-I in the event of a breach of CTX Mortgage s representations and warranties as the seller of the mortgage loans, if such breach materially and adversely affects the value of the mortgage loan and is not cured within 60 days. CTX Mortgage received \$4.6 million and \$2.3 million in fees for servicing loans owned by HSF-I for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

HSF-I has entered into a swap arrangement with a bank (the Harwood Swap ) under which the bank has agreed to make certain payments to HSF-I, and HSF-I has agreed to make certain payments to the bank, the net effect of which is that the bank has agreed to bear certain interest rate risks, non-credit related market risks and prepayment risks related to the mortgage loans held by HSF-I. The purpose of this arrangement is to provide credit enhancement to HSF-I by permitting it to hedge these risks with a counterparty having a

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short-term credit rating of A1+ from S&P and P1 from Moody s. Additionally, the Company has entered into a separate swap arrangement with the bank pursuant to which the Company has agreed to pay to the bank all amounts that the bank is required to pay to HSF-I pursuant to the Harwood Swap plus a monthly fee equal to a percentage of the notional amount of the Harwood Swap, and the bank is required to pay to the Company all amounts that the bank receives from HSF-I pursuant to the Harwood Swap. Accordingly, the Company effectively bears all interest rate risks, non-credit related market risks and prepayment risks that are the subject of the Harwood Swap. Financial Services executes the forward sales of CTX Mortgage s loans to hedge the risk of reductions in value of mortgages sold to HSF-I or maintained under secured financing agreements. This offsets most of the Company s risk as the counterparty to the swap supporting the payment requirements of HSF-I. The Company is also required to reimburse the bank for certain expenses, costs and damages that it may incur.

As of June 30, 2003, HSF-I owned \$2.48 billion in securitized residential mortgage loans sold to it by CTX Mortgage and had \$2.34 billion of outstanding securitized term debt and \$0.14 billion of outstanding subordinated certificates. The Company does not guarantee the payment of any debt or subordinated certificates of HSF-I and is not liable for credit losses relating to securitized residential mortgage loans sold to HSF-I. However, the Company retains certain risks related to the portfolio of mortgage loans held by HSF-I. In particular, CTX Mortgage makes representations and warranties to HSF-I to the effect that each mortgage loan sold to HSF-I satisfies the eligibility criteria and portfolio requirements discussed above. CTX Mortgage may be required to repurchase mortgage loans sold to HSF-I if such mortgage loans are determined to be ineligible loans or there occur certain other breaches of representations and warranties of CTX Mortgage, as seller or servicer. CTX Mortgage s obligation to repurchase such loans is guaranteed by Centex Corporation. CTX Mortgage records a liability for its estimated losses for these obligations and such amount is included in its loan origination reserve. CTX Mortgage sold \$3.79 billion and \$1.84 billion of mortgage loans to HSF-I and repurchased \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million of delinquent or foreclosed mortgage loans from HSF-I during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. CTX Mortgage recognized gains on the sale of mortgage loans of \$87.2 million and \$51.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (FIN 46), which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Pursuant to FIN 46, HSF-I is a variable interest entity for which CTX Mortgage is the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, HSF-I will be consolidated in the Company s Financial Statements beginning July 1, 2003. As a result, the Company anticipates that it will record a charge of approximately \$15.0 to \$20.0 million representing the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the quarter ending September 30, 2003. This charge primarily represents the deferral of service release premium income, which will be recognized as loans are sold into the secondary market. Additionally, the consolidation of HSF-I will result in an increase in the Company s residential mortgage loans held for sale with a corresponding increase in the Company s Financial Services debt. HSF-I s debt does not have recourse to the Company, and the consolidation of this debt will not change the Company s credit profile or debt ratings.

### (H) CENTEX DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, L.P.

Centex Development Company, L.P. (the Partnership ) is a master limited partnership formed by the Company in March 1987 to broaden the range of business activities that may be conducted for the benefit of the Company s stockholders to include general real estate development. The Company believed that this

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expansion would improve stockholder value through longer-term real estate investments, real estate developments and the benefits of the partnership form of business.

The Partnership is authorized to issue three classes of limited partnership interest. The Company indirectly holds 100% of the Partnership s Class A and Class C limited partnership units ( Class A Units and Class C Units, respectively), which are collectively convertible into 20% of the Partnership s Class B limited partnership units ( Class B Units ). The Partnership may issue additional Class C Units in connection with the acquisition of real property and other assets. No Class B Units have been issued. However, the stockholders of the Company hold warrants to purchase approximately 80% of the Class B Units. The warrants are held through a nominee arrangement and trade in tandem with the common stock of Centex Corporation.

As holder of the Class A and Class C Units, the Company is entitled to a cumulative preferred return of 9% per annum on the average outstanding balance of its capital contributions to the Partnership, adjusted for cash and other distributions representing return of capital. As of June 30, 2003, these adjusted capital contributions, or Unrecovered Capital, were \$241.1 million and preference payments in arrears totaled \$47.4 million.

The Partnership is managed by its general partner, 3333 Development Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of 3333 Holding Corporation (Holding). The common stock of Holding is held by the stockholders of the Company through a nominee arrangement and trades in tandem with the common stock of Centex Corporation. The stockholders of the Company elect the four-person board of directors of Holding, three of whom are independent outside directors who are not directors, affiliates or employees of the Company. Thus, through Holding, the stockholders of the Company control the general partner of the Partnership. The general partner, through its independent board and the independent board of Holding, including its non-executive Chairman, oversees the Partnership is activities, including the acquisition, development, maintenance, operation and sale of properties. Consent of the limited partners for the activities of the Partnership is not required, and the limited partners cannot remove the general partner. As a result, at June 30, 2003, the Company accounts for its limited partnership interest in the Partnership using the equity method of accounting for investments. The Company is accounting for its investment in the Partnership may be impacted by FIN 46. Management is in the process of evaluating the applicability of FIN 46 and the related accounting for this investment.

Supplementary condensed combined financial statements for Centex Corporation and subsidiaries, Holding and subsidiary and the Partnership and subsidiaries are set forth below. For additional information on Holding and subsidiary and the Partnership and subsidiaries, see their separate financial statements and related footnotes included elsewhere in this Report.

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Supplementary Condensed Combined Balance Sheets of Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries, Holding and Subsidiary and Partnership and Subsidiaries

	June 30, 2003		March 31, 2003	
Assets  Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash Receivables Inventories Investments in Joint Ventures and Other Assets Held for Sale Property and Equipment, net Other Assets Assets of Discontinued Operations	\$	146,361 214,442 6,205,275 4,382,149 122,318 8,291 675,449 725,813 10,704	\$	474,891 172,321 5,633,999 4,026,246 106,250 7,585 683,473 755,036 110,364
	\$	12,490,802	\$	11,970,165
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity  Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Liabilities Related to Assets Held for Sale Short-term Debt Long-term Debt Liabilities of Discontinued Operations Minority Stockholders Interest Stockholders Equity	\$	1,698,081 6,941 1,149,639 6,661,152 910 225,508 2,748,571	\$	1,795,247 6,436 1,042,825 6,276,992 19,435 171,384 2,657,846
	\$	12,490,802	\$	11,970,165

Supplementary Condensed Combined Statements of Earnings of Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries, Holding and Subsidiary and Partnership and Subsidiaries

		Three Months I June 30,
Revenues Costs and Expenses Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Entities	2003	2002
	\$ 2,408,807 2,200,407 757	\$ 1,876,707 1,752,490 268
Earnings Before Income Taxes Income Taxes	209,157 66,736	124,485 37,456
Earnings from Continuing Operations Earnings from Discontinued Operations	142,421 369	87,029 726
Net Earnings Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	142,790 9,470	87,755 6,091

**Comprehensive Income** \$ **152,260** \$ 93,846

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### (I) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company conducts a portion of its land acquisition, development and other activities through its participation in joint ventures in which the Company holds less than a majority interest. These joint ventures are typically large in nature, and partnering with other developers allows Centex Homes to share the risks and rewards of ownership while providing for efficient asset utilization. The Company s investment in these non-consolidated joint ventures was \$118.4 million and \$102.3 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. These joint ventures had total outstanding secured construction debt of approximately \$236.8 million and \$232.5 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. The Company s liability with respect to this debt, based on its ownership percentage of the related joint ventures, is limited to approximately \$62.2 million and \$56.4 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. Under the structure of this debt, the Company becomes liable up to these amounts only to the extent that the construction debt exceeds a certain percentage of the value of the project. At June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, the Company was not liable for any of this debt. Management does not believe that FIN 46 will have a material impact on the Company s accounting for these investments.

In the normal course of its business, the Company issues certain representations, warranties and guarantees related to its home sales, land sales, building sales, commercial construction and mortgage loan originations. Based on historical evidence, the Company does not believe that any of these representations, warranties or guarantees would result in a material effect on our consolidated financial condition or operations. See further discussion of our warranty liability below.

Centex Homes offers a ten-year limited warranty for most homes constructed and sold in the United States. The warranty covers defects in materials or workmanship in the first year of the home and certain designated components or structural elements of the home in the second through tenth years. In California, effective January 1, 2003, Centex Homes began following the statutory provisions of Senate Bill 800, which, in part, provide a statutory warranty to customers and a statutory dispute resolution process. Centex Homes estimates the costs that may be incurred under its warranty program for which it will be responsible and records a liability at the time each home is closed. Factors that affect Centex Homes warranty liability include the number of homes closed, historical and anticipated rates of warranty claims and cost per claim. Centex Homes periodically assesses the adequacy of its recorded warranty liability and adjusts the amounts as necessary.

Changes in Centex Homes contractual warranty liability during the three months ended June 30, 2003 are as follows:

	For the Three Month. Ended June 30, 2003			
Balance at Beginning of Period Warranties Issued Settlements Made Changes in Liability of Pre-Existing Warranties, Including Expirations	\$	16,125 3,894 (4,337) 451		
Balance at End of Period	\$	16,133		

CTX Mortgage has established a liability for anticipated losses associated with loans originated and sold to HSF-I or other unaffiliated third parties, as further discussed above in Note (G), Indebtedness.

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Changes in CTX Mortgage s mortgage loan origination reserve for the three months ended June 30, 2003 are as follows:

	Three Months June 30, 2003
Balance at Beginning of Period Provision for Losses Settlements	\$ 28,594 937 (354)
Balance at End of Period	\$ 29,177

#### (J) LAND HELD UNDER OPTION AGREEMENTS NOT OWNED AND OTHER LAND DEPOSITS

In order to ensure the future availability of land for homebuilding, the Company enters into lot option purchase agreements with unaffiliated third parties and with the Partnership, as discussed in Note (O), Related Party Transactions, below. Under the option agreements, the Company pays a stated deposit in consideration for the right to purchase land at a future time, usually at predetermined prices. These options, which do not contain performance requirements from the Company nor obligate the Company to purchase the land in the event the land values deteriorate, expire at various dates through the year 2010.

The Company has evaluated those option agreements entered into after January 31, 2003 under the provisions of FIN 46. The Company does not have legal title to the optioned land; however, under FIN 46, if the option agreements are entered into with entities that qualify as variable interest entities and if the Company qualifies as the primary beneficiary of those entities, the Company must consolidate such entities by recording the land under option and an offsetting liability at fair value (the exercise price of the option). The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of several such agreements at June 30, 2003. As a result, the Company recorded \$45.5 million of land as inventory under the caption Land Held Under Option Agreements not Owned, with a corresponding increase to minority interest. In addition, the Company reclassified \$4.5 million of deposits related to these options, previously included in land held for development and sale, to the new inventory caption.

The Company also has option agreements entered into before February 1, 2003. These agreements must be evaluated for consolidation under FIN 46 effective July 1, 2003. Management is in the process of determining the impact of FIN 46 on these agreements.

At June 30, 2003, the Company had deposited or invested with third parties \$81.1 million (excluding the \$4.5 million of deposits discussed above) related to land option agreements. These agreements had a total remaining purchase price of approximately \$2.4 billion.

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### (K) COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

A summary of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is presented below:

	_				
		For the The Ended J	 		
		2003	2002		
Net Earnings Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of Tax: Unrealized (Loss) Gain on Hedging	\$	142,790	\$ 87,755		
Instruments Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Other		(1,252) 10,720 2	13,976 (6,951) (934)		
Comprehensive Income	\$	152,260	\$ 93,846		

The foreign currency translation adjustments are primarily the result of Centex's investment in the Partnership. For additional information on the Partnership and subsidiaries, see their separate financial statements included elsewhere in the Report. The unrealized gain or loss on hedging instruments represents the deferral in other comprehensive income of the unrealized gain or loss on swap agreements designated as cash flow hedges. The accounting for interest rate swaps and other derivative financial instruments is discussed in detail in Note (N), Derivatives and Hedging.

### (L) BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company operates in five principal business segments: Home Building, Financial Services, Construction Products, Construction Services and Investment Real Estate. These segments operate primarily in the United States, and their markets are nationwide. Revenues from any one customer are not significant to the Company.

Intersegment revenues and investments in joint ventures are not material and are not shown in the following tables. The investment in the Partnership (approximately \$296.9 million as of June 30, 2003) is included in the Investment Real Estate segment.

### **Home Building**

Home Building s operations involve the purchase and development of land or lots and the construction and sale of detached and attached single-family homes.

### **Financial Services**

Financial Services mortgage operations consist primarily of home financing, sub-prime home equity lending and the sale of title insurance and other various insurance coverages. These activities include mortgage origination, servicing and other related services for homes sold by the Company s subsidiaries and others. Financial Services revenues include interest income of \$106.7 million and \$80.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Substantially all of the Company s interest income in each year is earned by the Financial Services segment. Financial Services cost of sales is comprised of

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interest expense related to debt issued to fund its home financing and sub-prime home equity lending activities.

### **Construction Products**

Construction Products operations involve the manufacture, production, distribution and sale of cement, gypsum wallboard, recycled paperboard, aggregates and readymix concrete. The Company owned 64.9% of Centex Construction Products, Inc. at June 30, 2003 and 64.6% at June 30, 2002. Construction Products results are shown before minority interest in the tables presented below. See Note (S), Subsequent Events, for more information on the planned spin-off of this segment.

#### **Construction Services**

Construction Services operations involve the construction of buildings for both private and government interests including office, commercial and industrial buildings, hospitals, hotels, correctional facilities, educational institutions, museums, libraries, airport facilities and sports facilities. As this segment generates positive cash flow, intercompany interest income (credited at the prime rate in effect) of \$1.4 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, is included in management s evaluation of this segment. However, the intercompany interest income is eliminated in consolidation and excluded from the tables presented below.

#### **Investment Real Estate**

Investment Real Estate s operations involve the acquisition, development and sale of land, primarily for industrial, office, multi-family, retail, residential and mixed-use projects. Under the equity method of accounting for investments, Investment Real Estate also records as revenues any income or loss from its investment in the Partnership, including the International Home Building business located in the United Kingdom.

#### Other

The Company s Other segment includes Corporate general and administrative expenses, interest expense and minority interest. Also included in the Other segment are the Company s home services operations, which are not material for purposes of segment reporting. In June 2003, the Company spun off its manufactured housing operations, which had previously been included in the Other segment. As a result of the spin-off, the manufactured housing operations are reflected as a discontinued operation and not included in the segment information below. Earnings related to the operations that were spun off have been reclassified to discontinued operations.

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The following are included in Other in the tables below (dollars in millions):

Operating Loss from Home Services Corporate General and Administrative Expense Interest Expense Minority Interest Other

2	2003	 2002
\$	(1.3)	\$ (
	<b>(19.2)</b>	(1
	(17.0)	(1
	<b>(7.5)</b>	(
	(0.3)	(

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2003 (Dollars in millions)													
	I	Home Building		nancial ervices		nstruction roducts		nstruction ervices	I	estment Real state	(	Other		Total
Revenues Cost of Sales Selling, General and Administrative	\$	1,504.5 (1,127.4)	\$	266.9 (51.0)	\$	144.1 (119.7)	\$	375.8 (356.8)	\$	2.7 (0.9)	\$	22.7 (9.4)	\$	2,316.7 (1,665.2)
Expenses Earnings from Unconsolidated Entities	_	(221.7)		(150.3)		(1.5)+		(14.4)		(1.0) 3.9		(58.6)	_	(447.5) 5.1
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Tax	\$	156.6	\$	65.6	\$	22.9*	\$	4.6	\$	4.7	\$	(45.3)	\$	209.1

<sup>+</sup> Represents Construction Products Corporate general and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses related to Construction Products operating units of \$6.5 million are classified as Cost of Sales.

<sup>\*</sup> Before Minority Interest

		For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2002 (Dollars in millions)								
	Home Building	Financial Services	Construction Products	Construction Services	Investment Real Estate	Other	Total			
Revenues Cost of Sales	\$ 1,105.5 (823.6)	\$ 180.5 (44.6		\$ 360.7 (335.4)	\$ 6.6 (0.4)	\$ 29.3 (11.6)	\$ 1,811.4 (1,315.3)			
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	(181.8) 0.2	(111.6	) (1.4) +	- (17.2)	(2.1) (0.7)	(56.8)	(370.9) (0.5)			

Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Entities

Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Tax

\$ 100.3 \$ 24.3 \$ 27.7\* \$ 8.1 \$ 3.4 \$ (39.1) \$ 124.7

+ Represents Construction Products Corporate general and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses related to Construction Products operating units of \$6.0 million are classified as Cost of Sales.

\* Before Minority Interest

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### (M) INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense for the Company increased from \$37.5 million to \$66.7 million and the effective tax rate increased from 30.0% to 31.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate is primarily the result of the expected decrease in the availability of net operating loss carryforwards during fiscal 2004 compared to fiscal 2003.

### (N) DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING

The Company is exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations on its debt and other obligations. As part of its strategy to manage the obligations that are subject to changes in interest rates, the Company has entered into various interest rate swap agreements, designated as cash flow hedges as described below. The swap agreements are recorded at their fair value in Other Assets or Accrued Liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. To the extent the hedging relationship is effective, gains or losses in the fair value of the derivative are deferred as a component of Stockholders Equity through Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income. Fluctuations in the fair value of the ineffective portion of the derivative are reflected in the current period earnings, although such amounts are insignificant.

At June 30, 2003, Centex Corporation has an interest rate swap agreement that, in effect, fixes the variable interest rate on \$25.0 million of its outstanding debt at 6.7% and expires in October 2005. During the three months ended June 30, 2003, the hedge related to this derivative was effective. Amounts to be received or paid under the swap agreement are recognized as a change in interest incurred on the related debt instrument. Based on the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss at June 30, 2003 related to this derivative, the Company estimates increases in interest incurred over the next 12 months to be approximately \$1.4 million. As of June 30, 2003, the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss related to this derivative was \$3.2 million (\$2.1 million net of tax).

At June 30, 2003, Construction Products has an interest rate swap agreement that, in effect, fixes the variable interest rate on \$55.0 million of its outstanding debt at 4.5% and expires in August 2003. During the three months ended June 30, 2003, the hedge related to this derivative was effective. Amounts to be received or paid under the swap agreement are recognized as a change in interest incurred on the related debt instrument. Based on the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss at June 30, 2003 related to this derivative, the Company estimates increases in interest incurred over the next 12 months to be approximately \$0.3 million. As of June 30, 2003, the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss related to this derivative was \$0.3 million (\$0.2 million net of tax).

Financial Services, through Home Equity, uses interest rate swaps to hedge the market risk associated with the anticipated issuance of fixed rate securitization debt used to finance sub-prime mortgages. Changes in fair value of these derivatives are deferred in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss and recorded through current earnings as an adjustment of the interest incurred over the life of the securitization debt. Home Equity also uses interest rate swaps that, in effect, fix the interest rate on its variable interest rate debt. Amounts to be received or paid as a result of these swap agreements are recognized as adjustments to interest incurred on the related debt instrument. During the three months ended June 30, 2003, the hedges related to these interest rate swaps were effective. At June 30, 2003, Home Equity was hedging \$1.43 billion of its outstanding debt with these interest rate swaps at a weighted-average interest rate of 2.4%. These swaps expire at varying times through December 2008. Based on the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss at June 30, 2003 related to these derivatives, the Company estimates increases in interest incurred over the next 12 months to be approximately \$8.9 million. As of June 30, 2003, the balance in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss related to these derivatives was \$12.2 million (\$7.9 million net of tax).

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Financial Services, through CTX Mortgage, enters into interest rate lock commitments ( IRLCs ) with its customers under which CTX Mortgage agrees to make mortgage loans at agreed upon rates within a period of time, generally from 1 to 30 days, if certain conditions are met. In order to hedge the risk of fluctuations in the value of these IRLCs and mortgage loans held by it, CTX Mortgage executes mandatory forward trades of mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities. CTX Mortgage also uses mandatory forward trades to hedge the Company s obligation, created through the Harwood Swap, to protect against certain interest rate risk and non-credit related market risk related to mortgage loans held by HSF-I, an unaffiliated entity that is not consolidated with Financial Services or the Company. At June 30, 2003, the Company has elected not to utilize hedge accounting treatment under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, ( SFAS No. 133) for these derivatives. Initially, the fair value of the IRLCs is recorded on the balance sheet as a deferred item. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the IRLCs, mandatory forward trades and swaps are recorded as an adjustment to earnings. The net change in the estimated fair value of these derivative positions resulted in a loss of \$8.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003. In connection with the consolidation of HSF-I, CTX Mortgage elected as of July 1, 2003 to utilize hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133 for mandatory forward trades used to hedge changes in the value of its mortgage loan portfolio.

### (O) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Centex Homes purchased land from the Partnership during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 totaling \$12.0 million and \$21.1 million, respectively.

At June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, Centex Homes had \$7.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, deposited with the Partnership as option deposits for the purchase of land. Centex Homes also entered into agreements to reimburse the Partnership for certain costs and fees incurred by the Partnership in the purchase and ownership of these tracts of land. During the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, Centex Homes paid \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, to the Partnership in fees and reimbursements pursuant to these agreements. Centex Homes expects to pay an additional \$19.0 million to the Partnership to complete the purchase of these tracts of land over the next three years.

Construction Services has historically executed construction contracts with the Partnership. At March 31, 2003, contracts for the construction of two industrial facilities were completed and no additional contracts were outstanding. At June 30, 2003, a \$10.6 million contract for the construction of an office building had been executed with the Partnership and was outstanding. During the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the Partnership paid zero and \$3.5 million, respectively, to Construction Services pursuant to these contracts.

### (P) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46, which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN 46 applied immediately for certain disclosure requirements and to variable interest entities created, or in which an enterprise obtains an interest, after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003, FIN 46 applies to interim or annual periods beginning after June 15, 2003. At June 30, 2003, the Company has interests in the Partnership, HSF-I, land option agreements and certain joint ventures that are or may be affected by this interpretation. In accordance with FIN 46, the nature

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of these entities operations, the Company s potential maximum exposure related to these entities and the applicability of FIN 46 to these entities are discussed as follows:

The Partnership Financial statements filed in tandem with this Report

Note (H), Centex Development Company, L.P.

HSF-I Note (G), Indebtedness

Land Option Agreements Note (J), Land Held Under Option Agreements not

Owned and Other Land Deposits

Joint Ventures Note (I), Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has historically accounted for stock-based compensation in accordance with APB No. 25 and related interpretations as permitted by SFAS No. 123. On April 1, 2003, the Company adopted the fair value measurement provisions of SFAS No. 123 under which the Company will recognize compensation expense of a stock option award to an employee over the vesting period based on the fair value of the award on the grant date. The fair value method has been applied only to awards granted or modified on or after April 1, 2003 (the prospective method), whereas awards granted prior to such date will continue to be accounted for under APB No. 25. See Note (C), Stock-Based Employee Compensation Arrangements.

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, (SFAS No. 149). The statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments and hedging activities under SFAS No. 133 by requiring that contracts with comparable characteristics be accounted for similarly, resulting in more consistent reporting of contracts as either derivatives or hybrid instruments. A portion of this statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. The remainder of this statement codifies previously issued SFAS No. 133 implementation guidance, which retains its original effective dates. The Company does not expect the implementation of SFAS No. 149 to have a material impact on its results of operations or financial position.

### (Q) OFF-BALANCE-SHEET OBLIGATIONS

The Company enters into various off-balance-sheet transactions in the normal course of business in order to reduce financing costs and improve access to liquidity, facilitate homebuilding activities and manage exposure to changing interest rates. Further discussion regarding these transactions can be found above in Note (G), Indebtedness, Note (H), Centex Development Company, L.P., Note (I), Commitments and Contingencies and Note (N), Derivatives and Hedging.

#### (R) SPIN-OFF OF MANUFACTURED HOUSING

In June 2003, the Company spun off its manufactured housing operations, which had previously been included in the Other segment. As a result of the spin-off, the manufactured housing operations—earnings have been reclassified to discontinued operations in the statements of consolidated earnings, and any assets or liabilities related to these discontinued operations have been disclosed separately on the consolidated balance sheets. All prior period information related to these discontinued operations has been reclassified to be consistent with the June 30, 2003 presentation. All assets and liabilities related to these discontinued operations that remain with the Company at June 30, 2003 are in the process of being sold and/or disposed. For the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, discontinued operations had revenues of \$39.5 million and \$32.9 million, respectively, and operating earnings of \$702 thousand and \$746 thousand, respectively.

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### (S) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 21, 2003, the Company announced the planned tax-free spin-off of its entire equity interest in Centex Construction Products, Inc. The spin-off is contingent upon approval by the Centex Construction Products, Inc. shareholders, approval by the Internal Revenue Service of the tax-free nature of the spin-off and other conditions. The Company anticipates that the spin-off will be concluded on or about December 31, 2003.

In August 2003, the Company completed a new committed \$800 million multi-bank extendible revolving credit facility which will mature in August 2006. This facility replaces the \$700 million revolving credit in effect at June 30, 2003. No borrowings are outstanding under the new facility. In addition, the Company completed a committed \$250 million multi-bank letter of credit facility which will mature in August 2004.

### (T) RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to be consistent with the June 30, 2003 presentation.

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### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

For the three months ended June 30, 2003, our consolidated revenues were \$2.32 billion, a 28.2% increase over \$1.81 billion for the same period last year. Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes were \$209.1 million, 67.7% higher than \$124.7 million for the same period last year. The changes in our revenues and earnings from continuing operations before income taxes are explained below by segment. The principal reasons for the increases in consolidated revenues and income from continuing operations before income taxes are the continued growth of our Home Building operations and a substantial increase in the refinancing activity of our Financial Services operations.

Net earnings from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were \$142.3 million, 63.0% higher than \$87.3 million for the same period last year. The increase in net earnings from continuing operations is less than the increase in earnings from continuing operations before income taxes due to a slight increase in our effective tax rate. Our effective tax rate related to continuing operations increased to 31.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2003 from 30.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2002. The increase in the effective tax rate is primarily the result of the expected decrease in the availability of net operating loss carryforwards during fiscal 2004 compared to fiscal 2003.

Any reference herein to we, us or our includes Centex Corporation and its subsidiary companies.

#### HOME BUILDING

The following summarizes the results of our Home Building operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in millions, except per unit data):

For the Three Months Ended June 30,							
	2003			2002			
	%	of Revenues			% of Revenues		
\$	1,477.4	98.2%	\$	1,068.1	96.6%		
	27.1	1.8%		37.4	3.4%		
	(1,102.6)	(73.3%)		(798.5)	(72.2%)		
	(24.8)	(1.6%)		(25.1)	(2.3%)		
	(221.7)	(14.7%)		(181.8)	(16.4%)		
	1.2	%		0.2	<i>%</i>		
\$	156.6	10.4%	\$	100.3	9.1%		
		% Change			% Change		
	6,349	27.1%		4,995	3.0%		
\$	232,699	8.8%	\$	213,825	1.5%		
\$	24,667	22.9%	\$	20,073	8.8%		
	14,111	26.6%		11,150	9.8%		
	562	13.1%		497	4.6%		
	\$ <b>-</b> \$	\$ 1,477.4 27.1 (1,102.6) (24.8) (221.7) 1.2 \$ 156.6 6,349 \$ 232,699 \$ 24,667 14,111	## 2003    ## 70   ##	## 2003  ## 70 of Revenues  ## 1,477.4	2003       % of Revenues       \$ 1,477.4     98.2%     \$ 1,068.1       27.1     1.8%     37.4       (1,102.6)     (73.3%)     (798.5)       (24.8)     (1.6%)     (25.1)       (221.7)     (14.7%)     (181.8)       1.2     %     0.2       \$ 156.6     10.4%     \$ 100.3       % Change       6,349     27.1%     4,995       \$ 232,699     8.8%     \$ 213,825       \$ 24,667     22.9%     \$ 20,073       14,111     26.6%     11,150		

Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 increased 36.1% versus prior year, primarily due to an increase in units closed and higher unit sales prices. Units closed during the three months ended June 30, 2003 increased 27.1% from 4,995 units to 6,349 units, and the average unit sales price increased 8.8% from \$213,825 to \$232,699. The increase in average units closed was the result of a higher number of operating neighborhoods in the current year and an increase in average units closed per neighborhood versus last year.

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The increase in the unit sales price was largely driven by higher selling prices in the California, Washington, D.C. and Florida markets.

The relief of capitalized interest is included in Home Building s cost of sales. Capitalized interest relieved was \$13.2 million and \$8.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Gross Margin was 25.1% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to 25.5% of revenues for the same period last year. The decrease was attributable to margins on Land Sales and Other which may vary significantly from period to period depending on the timing and amount of the related revenues. Excluding the effect of Land and Other, margins were 25.4% of revenues compared to 25.2% of revenues for the same period last year.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were \$221.7 million, or 14.7% of revenues, as compared to the \$181.8 million and 16.4% of revenues reported for the same period last year. The dollar increase resulted from incremental costs associated with closing more homes. The decrease as a percentage of revenues is reflective of the revenue growth exceeding the incremental selling, general and administrative costs associated with the growth in home closings.

Operating earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were 10.4% of revenues and approximately \$24,667 on a per-unit basis, compared to operating earnings of 9.1% of revenues and approximately \$20,073 on a per-unit basis for the same period last year.

Units in backlog increased 26.6% to 14,111 units at June 30, 2003 compared to 11,150 units at June 30, 2002. The increase in backlog resulted from a 13.1% increase in ending operating neighborhoods, which helped drive a 24.2% increase in new sales (orders) versus the prior year. Centex Homes defines backlog units as units that have been sold, as indicated by a signed contract, but not closed. Centex Homes ended its first quarter of fiscal 2004 with a record backlog of home sales.

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### FINANCIAL SERVICES

The Financial Services segment primarily is engaged in the residential mortgage banking business, as well as in other financial services that are in large part related to the residential mortgage market. Its operations include mortgage origination, servicing and other related services for purchasers of homes sold by our Home Building operations and other homebuilders, as well as sub-prime home equity lending and the sale of title insurance and various other insurance coverages. The following summarizes Financial Services results for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				
		2003	2002		
Revenues	\$	266.9	\$	180.5	
Interest Margin	\$	55.7	\$	36.1	
Operating Earnings	\$	65.6	\$	24.3	
Origination Volume	\$	5,432.1	\$	2,979.1	
Number of Loans Originated CTX Mortgage Company, L.L.C. Centex-built Homes ( Builder ) Non-Centex-built Homes ( Retail )		4,435 22,792		3,378 12,406	
Centex Home Equity Company, L.L.C		27,227 8,995		15,784 6,359	
		36,222		22,143	

		CTX Mo Company	0 0	,		Centex Hor Company		1 2
	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				_	For the Thr Ended Ji		
		2003		2002	2003	2002		
Average Interest Earning Assets Average Yield	\$	307.6 5.77%	\$	182.7 7.87%	\$	4,876.1 8.39%	\$	3,402.4 8.99%
Average Interest Bearing Liabilities Average Rate Paid	\$	202.6 2.01%	\$	132.5 2.91%	\$	5,065.0 3.88%	\$	3,535.6 4.83%

Financial Services results are primarily derived from conforming mortgage banking and sub-prime home equity lending operations as described below.

### Conforming Mortgage Banking

The revenues and operating earnings of CTX Mortgage Company, L.L.C. and related entities, or CTX Mortgage, are derived primarily from the sale of mortgage loans, inclusive of all service rights and, to a lesser extent, interest income and other fees. CTX Mortgage s business strategy

of selling conforming loans reduces our capital investment and related risks, provides substantial liquidity and is an efficient process given the size and maturity of the conforming mortgage loan secondary capital markets. CTX Mortgage originates mortgage loans, holds them for a short period and sells them to Harwood Street Funding I, L.L.C., or HSF-I,

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and investors. HSF-I is an unaffiliated entity that is not consolidated with Financial Services or Centex Corporation and subsidiaries at June 30, 2003. HSF-I purchases mortgage loans from CTX Mortgage with the proceeds from the issuance of securitized term debt, secured liquidity notes and subordinated certificates that are extendable for up to five years. The debt, interest income and interest expense of HSF-I are not reflected in the financial statements of Financial Services or Centex Corporation and subsidiaries at June 30, 2003. CTX Mortgage sold \$3.79 billion and \$1.84 billion of mortgage loans to HSF-I and repurchased \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million of delinquent or foreclosed mortgage loans from HSF-I during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. CTX Mortgage recognized gains on the sale of mortgage loans of \$87.2 million and \$51.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, or FIN 46, will impact CTX Mortgage s accounting for HSF-I. For additional information regarding HSF-I and the implication of recent accounting pronouncements on HSF-I, see Certain Off-Balance-Sheet and Other Obligations on pages 40-42 of this Report.

Revenues increased 63.5% to \$147.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 as compared to the same period last year. The increase in revenues for the period is primarily related to an increase in CTX Mortgage originations due to an increase in mortgage loans originated for refinancing and for Centex Homes buyers, as well as higher revenues from Title and Insurance operations. Refinanced mortgages accounted for 51% of originations for the quarter this year compared to 21% for the same quarter last year. CTX Mortgage s capture rate of Centex Homes buyers was 74% for the quarter this year compared to 72% for the same quarter last year.

For the three months ended June 30, 2003, originations totaled 27,227 compared to 15,784 originations in the same period last year; loan volume was \$4.55 billion compared to \$2.48 billion for the same period last year; the per-loan profit was \$1,769, an increase of 87.6% compared to \$943 for the same period last year and total mortgage applications increased 96.7% to 31,319 from 15,919 applications for the same period last year. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, per-loan profit increased due to increased operational leverage as a result of the increase in the volume of originations, as well as an increase in Title and Insurance earnings.

CTX Mortgage s selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$20.6 million to \$93.6 million at June 30, 2003. This increase was primarily due to increased employee related costs and overhead related to the increased volume in loan originations. CTX Mortgage s operating earnings were \$48.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003, resulting in a 222.8% increase as compared to the same period last year. The increase in operating earnings for the period is primarily due to the increase in revenues discussed above and a decrease in the cost per loan originated.

In the normal course of its activities, CTX Mortgage carries inventories of loans pending sale to investors other than HSF-I and earns an interest margin, which we define as the difference between interest revenue on mortgage loans held for sale or investment and interest expense on debt used to fund the mortgage loans. CTX Mortgage uses short-term mortgage warehouse facilities to finance these inventories of loans. CTX Mortgage s interest margin increased 4.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2003 as compared to the same period last year, from \$2.38 million to \$2.49 million. This increase is reflective of an increase in originations, partially offset by a decrease in the spread between the average yield on interest earning assets and the average rate paid on interest bearing liabilities.

The results of operations of CTX Mortgage depend to a significant extent on the level of interest rates. Any significant increases in mortgage rates above currently prevailing levels could adversely affect the volume of loan originations and may result in a significant curtailment of refinancing activity, which

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represents a substantial portion of our business. There can be no assurance that mortgage rates will remain at the current level in the future.

#### Sub-Prime Home Equity Lending

The revenues of Centex Home Equity Company, L.L.C., or Home Equity, increased 32.2% to \$119.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003, as compared to the same period last year, as a result of continued growth in our portfolio of residential mortgage loans held for investment. Interest margin increased to \$53.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 as compared to \$33.8 million for the same period last year. The increase in interest margin is primarily a result of an increase in the portfolio of mortgage loans held for investment and a decrease in interest rates on debt used to fund mortgage loans. Home Equity reported operating earnings of \$14.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003, as compared to operating earnings of \$10.7 million for the same period last year. The increase in Home Equity s operating earnings is primarily the result of the increase in interest margin, as noted above. Interest income will be positively affected as the portfolio of mortgage loans held for investment increases and matures. The increase in interest margin was partially offset by an increase in servicing and production costs, mostly attributable to loan volume and loan servicing growth, and an increase in the provision for losses on residential mortgage loans held for investment. Home Equity s selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$19.3 million to \$56.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 as a result of Home Equity s growth. Home Equity s increase in loan production volume, the expansion of its branch offices and the increase in the number of its employees has resulted in a corresponding increase in salaries and related costs, rent expense, group insurance costs and advertising expenditures of approximately \$9.5 million. The remainder of the increase was due to higher charges to the provision for loan losses, as discussed below.

For the three months ended June 30, 2003, originations totaled 8,995 compared to 6,359 originations for the same period last year; origination volume was \$877.5 million compared to \$497.9 million for the same period last year and total applications increased 61.1% to 80,637 from 50,044 applications for the same period last year. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, originations increased 41.5% while origination volume increased 76.2% due to an increase in average loan size. The smaller increase in the number of originations relative to the larger increase in total applications is reflective of Home Equity s continued adherence to its credit underwriting guidelines. Average interest earning assets increased 43.3%, from \$3,402.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2002 to \$4,876.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2003, and the corresponding average interest bearing liabilities increased 43.3%, from \$3,535.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2002 to \$5,065.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2003, primarily due to an increase in the volume of loan originations and an increase in average loan size. The average yield earned on these assets decreased from 8.99% in the three months ended June 30, 2002 to 8.39% in the three months ended June 30, 2003, primarily due to lower interest rates in fiscal 2004 compared to fiscal 2003. The fact that the average rate paid on interest bearing liabilities decreased significantly more than the yield earned on interest earning assets decreased and the increase in originations noted above led to a 57.5% increase in net interest margin from \$33.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2002 to \$53.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2003.

At June 30, 2003, Home Equity s total servicing portfolio consisted of 78,126 loans totaling \$5.9 billion compared to 65,107 loans totaling \$4.5 billion at June 30, 2002. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, service fee income related to this servicing was \$14.6 million compared to \$11.8 million for the same period last year.

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The primary risks in Home Equity s operations are consistent with those of the financial services industry and include credit risk associated with its loans, liquidity risk related to funding its loans and interest rate risk prior to securitization of the loans. In addition, as Home Equity services its loans, it is also subject to customer prepayment risks.

Allowance for Losses

Home Equity originates and purchases loans in accordance with standard underwriting criteria. The underwriting standards are primarily intended to assess the creditworthiness of the borrower and the value of the mortgaged property and to evaluate the adequacy of the property as collateral for the home equity loan.

Home Equity establishes an allowance for losses by charging the provision for losses in the statement of consolidated earnings when it believes an event causing a loss has occurred. When Home Equity determines that a residential mortgage loan held for investment is partially or fully uncollectible, the estimated loss is charged against the allowance for losses. Recoveries on losses previously charged to the allowance are credited to the allowance at the time the recovery is collected.

We believe that the allowance for losses is sufficient to provide for credit losses in the existing residential mortgage loans held for investment, which include real estate owned. We evaluate the allowance on an aggregate basis considering, among other things, the relationship of the allowance to residential mortgage loans held for investment and historical credit losses. The allowance reflects our judgment of the present loss exposure at the end of the reporting period. A range of expected credit losses is estimated using historical losses, static pool loss curves and delinquency modeling. These tools take into consideration historical information regarding delinquency and loss severity experience and apply that information to the portfolio at each reporting date.

Although we consider the allowance for losses on residential mortgage loans held for investment reflected in our consolidated balance sheet to be adequate, there can be no assurance that this allowance will prove to be adequate over time to cover ultimate losses. This allowance may prove to be inadequate due to unanticipated adverse changes in the economy or discrete events adversely affecting specific customers or industries.

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Changes in the allowance for losses on residential mortgage loans held for investment were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Fo	r the Three Mont	hs Endea	l June 30,
		2003		2002
Balance at Beginning of Period Provision for Losses Recoveries on Loans Charged Off Losses Sustained	\$	28,384 15,762 76 (10,161)	\$	14,106 7,043 18 (3,847)
Balance at End of Period	\$	34,061	\$	17,320
Allowance as a Percentage of Gross Loans Held for Investment Allowance as a Percentage of 90+ Days Contractual Delinquency		0.7% 25.1%		0.5% 19.8%
90+ Days Contractual Delinquency Total Dollars Delinquent % Delinquent	\$	135,651 2.6%	\$	87,304 2.5%

The increase in the allowance for losses in the current quarter occurred primarily because the amount of the residential mortgage loans held for investment increased and the residential mortgage loan portfolio continued to mature. As the age and size of the residential mortgage loan portfolio continues to mature and grow, we expect the balance in the allowance for losses, the loans charged off and the allowance ratios to continue to increase. The increase in 90+ days contractual delinquency at June 30, 2003 occurred primarily because the residential mortgage loan portfolio continued to mature.

#### CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS

The following summarizes Construction Products results for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in millions):

	For	the Three Mon	ths Ended	June 30,
		2003		2002
Revenues Cost of Sales and Expenses Selling, General and Administrative Expenses+	\$	144.1 (119.7) (1.5)	\$	128.8 (99.7) (1.4)
Operating Earnings *	\$	22.9	\$	27.7

<sup>+</sup> Represents Construction Products Corporate general and administrative expenses.

<sup>\*</sup> Before Minority Interest of \$7.5 million and \$8.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Construction Products revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were 11.9% greater than the same period last year. These increases were primarily the result of a \$10.9 million increase in gypsum wallboard revenues and a \$2.5 million increase in paperboard revenues. The increase in gypsum wallboard and paperboard revenues was primarily caused by higher sales volume when compared to the same period last year.

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Construction Products cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was 20.1% higher than the same period last year, primarily due to increased sales volume in all segments, except aggregates, higher maintenance costs for cement manufacturing facilities and higher energy costs for gypsum wallboard and paperboard. Construction Products selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2003 remained relatively consistent with prior year.

For the three months ended June 30, 2003, Construction Products operating earnings, net of minority interest, decreased 17.3% from results for the same period a year ago. Operating earnings decreased primarily due to the increase in gypsum wallboard and paperboard energy costs noted above.

#### CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

The following summarizes Construction Services results for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					
		2003	2002			
Revenues	\$	375.8	\$	360.7		
Operating Earnings	\$	4.6	\$	8.1		
New Contracts Executed and Change Orders	\$	261.3	\$	272.3		
Backlog of Uncompleted Contracts	\$	1,404.8	\$	2,091.9		

Construction Services revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were 4.2% higher than revenues for the same period last year. The increase in revenues was primarily the result of the stage of execution of certain longer-term contracts, as well as an increase in the volume of shorter-term contracts. Operating earnings for the group decreased 43.2% in the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year primarily as a result of the prior year including certain high margin contracts. For the three months ended June 30, 2003, new contracts executed and change orders decreased 4.0% from the same period last year, and backlog of uncompleted contracts decreased 32.8% from June 30, 2002. The decrease in backlog is primarily due to delays in the execution of contracts for awarded projects. Construction Services defines backlog as the uncompleted portion of all signed contracts. In addition to backlog, Construction Services has been awarded work that is pending execution of a signed contract. At June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, such work, which is not included in backlog, was approximately \$2.02 billion and \$1.46 billion, respectively. There is no guarantee that these unsigned contracts will result in future revenues.

The Construction Services segment provided a positive average net cash flow in excess of our investment in the segment of \$126.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$129.3 million for the same period last year.

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#### INVESTMENT REAL ESTATE

The following summarizes Investment Real Estate s results for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in millions):

	For t	he Three Mon	ths Ended .	June 30,
	2	003	2	2002
Revenues	\$	2.7	\$	6.6
Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Entities and Other	\$	3.9	\$	(0.7)
Operating Earnings	\$	4.7	\$	3.4

Investment Real Estate s revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were 59.1% lower than revenues for the same period last year. Operating earnings from Investment Real Estate for the three months ended June 30, 2003 totaled \$4.7 million compared to \$3.4 million in the same period last year. The fluctuations in revenues and operating earnings were primarily related to the receipt of a cash settlement from litigation in the prior year and, as discussed below, fluctuations in results from Investment Real Estate s investment in Centex Development Company, L.P., or the Partnership.

Property sales contributed operating earnings of \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and \$1.8 million for the same period last year. The timing of land sales is uncertain and can vary significantly from period to period.

Included in Investment Real Estate s operating earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were earnings of \$4.5 million derived from its investment in the Partnership compared to a loss of \$0.8 million for the same period last year. As noted in Note (H), Centex Development Company, L.P., of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of Centex, the investment in the Partnership is not consolidated and is accounted for on the equity method of accounting.

The largest component of the Partnership is its International Home Building segment, based near London, England. Included in Investment Real Estate s operating earnings were earnings of \$4.8 million and a loss of \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, derived from International Home Building. The increase in earnings from last year was primarily due to an improvement in homebuilding operating margins and an increase in the number of units closed. For the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, this segment closed 313 units at an average sales price per unit of \$283,534 and 269 units at an average sales price per unit of \$226,662, respectively.

Operating earnings per unit, before interest, were \$17,083 and \$461 for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

It is not currently anticipated that any significant capital will be allocated to Investment Real Estate for new business development. Through its investment in the Partnership, Investment Real Estate will focus on the International Home Building operations and evaluate opportunistic real estate transactions.

#### **OTHER**

Our Other segment includes Corporate general and administrative expense, interest expense and minority interest. Also included in our Other segment are the Company s home services operations, which are not material for purposes of segment reporting. In June 2003, the Company spun off its manufactured housing

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operations which had previously been included in the Other segment. As a result of the spin-off, manufactured housing operations are reflected as a discontinued operation and not included in the segment information below. Earnings related to the operations that were spun off have been reclassified to discontinued operations.

Other consisted of the following (dollars in millions):

	Fo	or the Thi Ended J		
	2	2003	2	2002
Operating Loss from Home Services	\$	(1.3)	\$	(1.6)
Corporate General and Administrative Expense	\$	19.2	\$	12.6
Interest Expense	\$	17.0	\$	15.4
Minority Interest	\$	7.5	\$	8.9
Other	\$	(0.3)	\$	(0.6)

The improvement in our home services division s operating earnings in the current year is primarily due to lower general and administrative expenses.

As noted above, earnings related to the manufactured housing operations that were spun off have been reclassified to discontinued operations. For the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, discontinued operations had revenues of \$39.5 million and \$32.9 million, respectively; operating earnings of \$702 thousand and \$746 thousand, respectively; and net income of \$456 thousand and \$485 thousand, respectively.

Corporate general and administrative expense represents compensation and other costs not identifiable with a specific segment. The increase in corporate general and administrative expense is primarily related to an increase in personnel and higher compensation resulting from continued improvements in our profitability.

The change in interest expense is primarily related to an increase in average debt outstanding for the three months ended June 30, 2003, as compared to the same period last year. This increase is offset by slightly lower borrowing costs during the three months ended June 30, 2003, as compared to the same period last year.

The decrease in minority interest is primarily related to a decrease in the earnings of Centex Construction Products, Inc.

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### FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

At June 30, 2003, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$111.0 million, including \$11.5 million in Financial Services and \$11.5 million belonging to our 64.9%-owned Construction Products subsidiary. The net cash used in or provided by the operating, investing and financing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is summarized below (dollars in thousands). See Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows with Consolidating Details on pages 4-5 of this Report for the detail supporting this summary. Note that we use the term Centex to represent a supplemental consolidating presentation that reflects the Financial Services segment as if accounted for under the equity method.

		Three Months d June 30,
	2003	2002
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by		
Centex*	\$ (326,114)	¢ (250,002)
Operating Activities Investing Activities	\$ (326,114) (41,663)	\$ (358,883) 85,211
Financing Activities	12,622	113,187
Financing Activities		113,107
	(355,155)	(160,485)
Financial Services		
Operating Activities	(5,492)	(87,044)
Investing Activities	(483,133)	(239,280)
Financing Activities	485,027	319,617
	(3,598)	(6,707)
Centex Corporation and Subsidiaries		
Operating Activities	(340,195)	(303,187)
Investing Activities	(516,207)	(296,809)
Financing Activities	497,649	432,804
Net Decrease in Cash	\$ (358,753)	\$ (167,192)

We generally fund our Centex operating and other short-term needs through cash from operations, borrowings from commercial paper and other short-term credit arrangements and the issuance of medium-term notes and other debt securities. During the three months ended June 30, 2003, cash was primarily used in Centex Operating Activities to finance increases in housing inventories relating to the increased level of sales and resulting units under construction during the year and for the acquisition of land held for development. The funds provided by Centex Financing Activities were primarily from new debt used to fund the increased homebuilding activity.

We generally fund our Financial Services operating and other short-term needs through credit facilities, securitizations, proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans to HSF-I and cash flows from operations, as described below. During the three months ended June 30, 2003, cash was primarily used in Financial Services Investing Activities to finance increases in residential mortgage loans held for investment. The funds

<sup>\*</sup> Centex represents a supplemental presentation that reflects the Financial Services segment as if accounted for under the equity method. We believe that separate disclosure of the consolidating information is useful because the Financial Services subsidiaries operate in a distinctly different financial environment that generally requires significantly less equity to support their higher debt levels compared to the operations of our other subsidiaries; the Financial Services subsidiaries have structured their financing programs substantially on a stand alone basis; and we have limited obligations with respect to the indebtedness of our Financial Services subsidiaries. Management uses this information in its financial and strategic planning. We also use this presentation to allow investors to compare us to homebuilders that do not have financial services operations.

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provided by Financial Services Financing Activities were primarily from new debt used to fund the increased residential mortgage loan activity.

Centex Corporation currently has an investment-grade credit rating from each of the principal credit rating agencies. Our ability to finance our activities on favorable terms is dependent to a significant extent on whether we are able to maintain our investment-grade credit ratings. We attempt to manage our debt levels in order to maintain investment-grade ratings. If, however, our debt ratings were downgraded, we would not have direct access to the commercial paper markets and might need to draw on our existing committed backup facility, which exceeds our commercial paper program size.

Our existing credit facilities and available borrowing capacity as of June 30, 2003 are summarized below (dollars in thousands):

	sting Credit Facilities		Available Capacity
Centex	 		
Centex Corporation			
Multi-Bank Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 700,000	\$	700,000(1)
Uncommitted Bank Lines	60,000		60,000
Construction Products			
Senior Revolving Credit Facility	155,000		87,817 <sub>(2)</sub>
	 915,000		847,817
	 913,000		047,017
Financial Services			
Unsecured Credit Facilities	125,000		70,800(3)
Secured Credit Facilities	415,000		199,694(4)
Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. Facility	1,500,000		750,187
	2,040,000		1,020,681
	 	·	
	\$ 2,955,000	\$	1,868,498(5)

This is a committed, multi-bank revolving credit facility, maturing in August 2005, which serves as backup for commercial paper borrowings. As of June 30, 2003, there were no borrowings under this backup facility, and our \$600 million commercial paper program had no issuance outstanding. We have not borrowed under this facility since its inception. See Note (S), Subsequent Events.

- (2) This committed facility was entered into by Construction Products and has no recourse to Centex Corporation. The Senior Revolving Credit Facility matures in March 2006. Construction Products terminated its Annually Renewable Commercial Paper Conduit in June 2003.
- (3) Centex Corporation, CTX Mortgage and Home Equity, on a joint and several basis, share in a \$125 million uncommitted, unsecured credit facility.
- (4) CTX Mortgage and Home Equity share in a \$250 million committed secured credit facility to finance mortgage inventory. CTX Mortgage also maintains \$155 million of committed secured mortgage warehouse facilities to finance mortgages not sold to HSF-I. Home Equity also maintains a \$10 million committed secured mortgage warehouse facility to finance mortgages.
- (5) The amount of available borrowing capacity consists of \$1.74 billion of committed borrowings and \$130.8 million of uncommitted borrowings as of June 30, 2003. Although we believe that the uncommitted capacity is currently available, there can be no assurance that the lenders under the applicable facilities would elect to make advances to Centex Corporation or its subsidiaries if and when requested to do so.

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CTX Mortgage finances its inventory of mortgage loans principally through sales of Jumbo A and conforming loans to HSF-I. HSF-I acquires mortgage loans from CTX Mortgage, holds them for a period averaging between 45 and 60 days and then resells them into the secondary market. HSF-I obtains the funds needed to purchase eligible mortgage loans from CTX Mortgage by issuing investment grade senior debt obligations and subordinated certificates. The purpose of this arrangement is to allow CTX Mortgage to reduce the cost of financing the mortgage loans originated by it and to improve its liquidity. For additional information regarding HSF-I, see Certain Off-Balance-Sheet and Other Obligations on pages 40-42 of this Report.

Home Equity finances its inventory of mortgage loans through Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C., or HSF-II, a wholly-owned, consolidated entity, under a revolving sales agreement that expires upon final payment of the senior and subordinated debt issued by HSF-II. This arrangement, where HSF-II has committed to finance all eligible loans, gives Home Equity daily access to HSF-II s borrowing capacity of \$1.50 billion. HSF-II obtains funds through the sale of subordinated notes that are rated BBB by Standard & Poor s, or S&P, Baa2 by Moody s Investors Service, or Moody s, and BBB by Fitch Ratings, or Fitch, and short-term secured liquidity notes that are rated A1+ by S&P, P1 by Moody s and F1+ by Fitch. Because HSF-II is a consolidated entity, the debt, interest income and interest expense of HSF-II are reflected in the financial statements of Financial Services.

Under our debt covenants, we are required to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios and a minimum tangible net worth. At June 30, 2003, Centex Corporation was in compliance with all of these covenants.

As of June 30, 2003, our short-term debt was \$944.3 million, all of which was applicable to Financial Services. Excluding Financial Services and Construction Products, our short-term borrowings are generally financed at prevailing market interest rates from our commercial paper programs and from uncommitted bank facilities.

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Our outstanding debt as of June 30, 2003 was as follows (dollars in thousands)(1):

Centex	
Short-Term Notes Payable	\$
Senior Debt:  Medium-Term Note Programs, weighted-average rate 4.75%, due through 2007  Long-Term Notes, weighted-average rate 7.05%, due through 2012  Other Indebtedness, weighted-average rate 2.67%, due through 2009  Subordinated Debt:  Subordinated Debentures, 7.38%, due in 2006	281,000 1,508,170 95,173
Subordinated Debentures, 8.75%, due in 2007	99,711
	2,083,960
Financial Services	
Short-Term Debt:	260.506
Short-Term Notes Payable Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. Secured Liquidity Notes	269,506 674,813
Home Equity Loans Asset-Backed Certificates, weighted-average rate 3.63%, due through	074,013
2034	4,464,527
Harwood Street Funding II, L.L.C. Variable Rate Subordinated Notes, weighted-average rate 3.25%, due through 2008	75,000
	5,483,846
Total	\$ 7,567,806

Certain of the borrowings described in the table above vary on a seasonal basis and depend on the working capital needs of our operations.

Maturities of long-term debt of Centex and Financial Services (in thousands) during the next five years ending March 31 are:

		Long-term Debt								
	Centex		Financial Services			Total				
2004	\$	25,475	\$	926,518	\$	951,993				
2005		31,971		1,040,844		1,072,815				
2006		403,310		798,291		1,201,601				
2007		290,431		689,442		979,873				
2008		359,091		812,746		1,171,837				
Thereafter		973,682		271,686		1,245,368				
	\$	2,083,960	\$	4,539,527	\$	6,623,487				

Financial Services debt related to securitized residential mortgage loans structured as collateralized borrowings (Home Equity Loans Asset-Backed Certificates) was \$4.46 billion at June 30, 2003 and has no recourse to Home Equity or Centex Corporation. The principal and interest on these notes are paid using the cash flow from the underlying residential mortgage loans, which serve as collateral for the debt. Accordingly, the timing of the principal payments on these notes is dependent upon the payment received on the underlying residential mortgage loans. The expected maturities of this component of long-term debt are based on contractual maturities adjusted for projected repayments and prepayments of principal. As is common in these structures, Home Equity remains liable for customary loan representations.

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### CERTAIN OFF-BALANCE-SHEET AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of certain off-balance-sheet arrangements and other obligations and their possible effects on our liquidity and capital resources.

#### Harwood Street Funding I, L.L.C.

HSF-I is an unaffiliated entity established in July 1999 that is not consolidated with Financial Services or Centex Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2003. Since December 1999, CTX Mortgage has sold substantially all of the Jumbo A and conforming mortgage loans that it originates to HSF-I in accordance with the HSF-I Purchase Agreement. When HSF-I acquires these loans, it typically holds them for a period averaging between 45 and 60 days and then resells them into the secondary market. HSF-I obtains the funds needed to purchase eligible mortgage loans from CTX Mortgage by issuing (1) securitized medium-term debt that is currently rated AAA by S&P and Aaa by Moody s, (2) short-term secured liquidity notes that are currently rated A1+ by S&P and P1 by Moody s and (3) subordinated certificates maturing in September 2004, November 2005 and June 2006, extendable for up to five years, that are rated BBB by S&P and Baa2 by Moody s. This arrangement provides CTX Mortgage with reduced financing cost for eligible mortgage loans it originates and improves its liquidity.

Under the terms of the HSF-I Purchase Agreement, CTX Mortgage may elect to sell to HSF-I, and HSF-I is obligated to purchase from CTX Mortgage, mortgage loans that satisfy certain eligibility criteria and portfolio requirements. The maximum amount of mortgage loans that HSF-I is allowed to carry in its inventory under the HSF-I Purchase Agreement is limited to \$3.00 billion.

HSF-I s commitment to purchase eligible mortgage loans continues in effect until the occurrence of certain termination events described in the HSF-I Purchase Agreement. These termination events primarily relate to events of default under, or other failure to comply with, the provisions, including loan portfolio limitations, of the agreements that govern the mortgage loan warehouse program but also include a downgrade in Centex Corporation's credit ratings below BB+ by S&P or Ba1 by Moody's. In the event CTX Mortgage was unable to sell loans to HSF-I, it would draw on existing credit facilities currently held in addition to HSF-I. In addition, it might need to make other customary financing arrangements to fund its mortgage loan origination activities. Although we believe that CTX Mortgage could arrange for alternative financing that is common for non-investment grade mortgage companies, there can be no assurance that such financing would be available on satisfactory terms, and any delay in obtaining such financing could adversely affect the results of operations of CTX Mortgage.

In accordance with the HSF-I Purchase Agreement, CTX Mortgage acts as servicer of the loans owned by HSF-I and arranges for the sale of the eligible mortgage loans into the secondary market. In its capacity as servicer, CTX Mortgage must act in the best interests of HSF-I so as to maximize the proceeds of sales of eligible mortgage loans. The performance of obligations of CTX Mortgage, solely in its capacity as servicer, is guaranteed by Centex Corporation. CTX Mortgage received \$4.6 million and \$2.3 million in fees for servicing loans owned by HSF-I in the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. These servicer obligations include repurchasing a mortgage loan from HSF-I in the event of a breach of the servicer s representations and warranties, which materially and adversely affects the value of the mortgage loan and is not cured within 60 days.

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HSF-I has entered into a swap arrangement with a bank, that we refer to as the Harwood Swap, under which the bank has agreed to make certain payments to HSF-I, and HSF-I has agreed to make certain payments to the bank, the net effect of which is that the bank has agreed to bear certain interest rate risks, non-credit related market risks and prepayment risks related to the mortgage loans held by HSF-I. The purpose of this arrangement is to provide credit enhancement to HSF-I by permitting it to hedge these risks with a counterparty having a short-term credit rating of A1+ from S&P and P1 from Moody s. Additionally, we have entered into a separate swap arrangement with the bank pursuant to which we have agreed to pay to the bank all amounts that the bank is required to pay to HSF-I pursuant to the Harwood Swap plus a monthly fee equal to a percentage of the notional amount of the Harwood Swap, and the bank is required to pay to us all amounts that the bank receives from HSF-I pursuant to the Harwood Swap. Accordingly, we effectively bear all interest rate risks, non-credit related market risks and prepayment risks that are the subject of the Harwood Swap. Financial Services executes the forward sales of CTX Mortgage s loans to hedge the risk of reductions in value of mortgages sold to HSF-I or maintained under secured financing agreements. This offsets most of our risk as the counterparty to the swap supporting the payment requirements of HSF-I. We are also required to reimburse the bank for certain expenses, costs and damages that it may incur.

As of June 30, 2003, HSF-I owned \$2.48 billion in securitized residential mortgage loans sold to it by CTX Mortgage and had \$2.34 billion of outstanding securitized term debt and \$0.14 billion of outstanding subordinated certificates. We do not guarantee the payment of any debt or subordinated certificates of HSF-I, and we are not liable for credit losses relating to securitized residential mortgage loans sold to HSF-I. However, we do retain certain risks related to the portfolio of mortgage loans held by HSF-I. In particular, CTX Mortgage makes representations and warranties to HSF-I to the effect that each mortgage loan sold to HSF-I satisfies the eligibility criteria and portfolio requirements discussed above. CTX Mortgage may be required to repurchase mortgage loans sold to HSF-I if such mortgage loans are determined to be ineligible loans or there occur certain other breaches of representations and warranties of CTX Mortgage, as seller or servicer. Centex Corporation guarantees CTX Mortgage s obligation to repurchase such loans. CTX Mortgage records a liability for its estimated losses for these obligations and such amount is included in its loan origination reserve. CTX Mortgage sold \$3.79 billion and \$1.84 billion of mortgage loans to HSF-I and repurchased \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million of delinquent or foreclosed mortgage loans from HSF-I during the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. CTX Mortgage recognized gains on the sale of mortgage loans of \$87.2 million and \$51.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46, which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Pursuant to FIN 46, HSF-I is a variable interest entity for which CTX Mortgage is the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, HSF-I will be consolidated in our financial statements beginning July 1, 2003. As a result, we anticipate we will record a charge of approximately \$15.0 to \$20.0 million representing the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle in the quarter ending September 30, 2003. This charge primarily represents the deferral of service release premium income, which will be recognized as loans are sold into the secondary market. Additionally, the consolidation of HSF-I will result in an increase in our residential mortgage loans held for sale with a corresponding increase in our Financial Services debt. HSF-I s debt does not have recourse to us, and the consolidation of this debt will not change our credit profile or debt ratings.

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### 3333 Holding Corporation, 3333 Development Corporation and Centex Development Company, L.P.

3333 Holding Corporation, 3333 Development Corporation and the Partnership are entities that are neither affiliates of nor consolidated with Centex Corporation and subsidiaries at June 30, 2003. These entities were established in 1987 to broaden the range of business activities that may be conducted for the benefit of our stockholders to include general real estate development. We determined that this expansion would improve stockholder value through longer-term real estate investments, real estate developments and the benefits of the partnership form of business. The Partnership is managed by its general partner, 3333 Development Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of 3333 Holding Corporation. We generally are not liable for the obligations of 3333 Holding Corporation, 3333 Development Corporation or the Partnership. However, as of June 30, 2003, we guaranteed approximately \$1.1 million of indebtedness of the Partnership. In addition, we enter into certain land purchase and other transactions with the Partnership. For additional information regarding these entities, see the Joint Explanatory Note at the beginning of this Report and the financial statements of the Partnership, filed in tandem with this Report. In addition, for information regarding these entities and Centex Corporation and subsidiaries, on an aggregate basis, see Note (H), Centex Development Company, L.P., of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of Centex Corporation. For a discussion of the impact of FIN 46 on our accounting for transactions with these entities, see Recent Accounting Pronouncements below.

#### Joint Ventures

We conduct a portion of our land acquisition, development and other activities through our participation in joint ventures in which we hold less than a majority interest. These joint ventures are typically large in nature, and partnering with other developers allows Centex Homes to share the risks and rewards of ownership while providing for efficient asset utilization. Our investment in these non-consolidated joint ventures, accounted for using the equity method, was \$118.4 million and \$102.3 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. These joint ventures had total outstanding secured construction debt of approximately \$236.8 million and \$232.5 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. Our liability with respect to this debt, based on our ownership percentage of the related joint ventures, is limited to approximately \$62.2 million and \$56.4 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. Under the structure of this debt, we become liable up to these amounts only to the extent that the construction debt exceeds a certain percentage of the value of the project. At June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, we were not liable for any of this debt. For a discussion of the impact of FIN 46 on our accounting for transactions with non-consolidated joint ventures, see Recent Accounting Pronouncements below.

### Letters of Credit and Guarantees

At June 30, 2003, we had outstanding letters of credit of \$124.7 million that primarily relate to development obligations of Home Building. We expect that the obligations secured by these letters of credit will generally be performed by our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with the applicable contractual terms. To the extent that the underlying commercial obligations are performed by our subsidiaries, the related letters of credit will be released and we will not have any continuing obligations. We have no material third-party guarantees.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Some of our critical accounting policies require the use of judgment in their application or require estimates of inherently uncertain matters. Although our accounting policies are in compliance with generally

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accepted accounting principles, a change in the facts and circumstances of the underlying transactions could significantly change the application of the accounting policies and the resulting financial statement impact. Listed below are those policies that we believe are critical and require the use of complex judgment in their application.

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Housing projects and land held for development and sale are stated at the lower of cost (including direct construction costs, capitalized interest and real estate taxes) or fair value less cost to sell. Property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. We assess these assets for recoverability in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, or SFAS No. 144. SFAS No. 144 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets is measured by comparing the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. These evaluations for impairment are significantly impacted by estimates of revenues, costs and expenses and other factors. If these assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over net assets of businesses acquired. We adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, or SFAS No. 142, effective April 1, 2001. Upon the adoption of SFAS No. 142, goodwill is no longer subject to amortization. Rather, goodwill is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment, at the reporting unit level, by applying a fair value-based test. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, an impairment has occurred. We continually evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining balance of goodwill may not be recoverable. Fair value is estimated using a discounted cash flow or market valuation approach. Such evaluations for impairment are significantly impacted by estimates of future revenues, costs and expenses and other factors. If the goodwill is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the goodwill exceeds the fair value of the future cash flows. We had no impairment of goodwill in the three months ended June 30, 2003.

### Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46, which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created, or in which an enterprise obtains an interest, after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003, FIN 46 applies to interim or annual periods beginning after June 15, 2003. FIN 46 requires significant use of judgment and estimates in determining its application.

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### Valuation of Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Investment

Home Equity originates and purchases loans in accordance with standard underwriting criteria. The underwriting standards are primarily intended to assess the creditworthiness of the mortgagee and the value of the mortgaged property and to evaluate the adequacy of the property as collateral for the home equity loan.

Home Equity establishes an allowance for losses by charging the provision for losses in the statement of consolidated earnings when it believes the event causing the loss has occurred. When Home Equity determines that a residential mortgage loan held for investment is partially or fully uncollectible, the estimated loss is charged against the allowance for losses. Recoveries on losses previously charged to the allowance are credited to the allowance at the time the recovery is collected.

We believe that the allowance for losses is sufficient to provide for credit losses in the existing residential mortgage loans held for investment, which include real estate owned. We evaluate the allowance on an aggregate basis considering, among other things, the relationship of the allowance to residential mortgage loans held for investment and historical credit losses. The allowance reflects our judgment of the present loss exposure at the end of the reporting period. A range of expected credit losses is estimated using historical losses, static pool loss curves and delinquency modeling. These tools take into consideration historical information regarding delinquency and loss severity experience and apply that information to the portfolio at each reporting date.

Although we consider the allowance for losses on residential mortgage loans held for investment reflected in our consolidated balance sheet to be adequate, there can be no assurance that this allowance will prove to be adequate over time to cover ultimate losses. This allowance may prove to be inadequate due to unanticipated adverse changes in the economy or discrete events adversely affecting specific customers or industries.

#### Mortgage Securitization Residual Interest

Home Equity uses mortgage securitizations to finance its mortgage loan portfolio. For securitizations prior to April 2000, which Home Equity accounted for as sales, Home Equity retained a mortgage securitization residual interest, or MSRI. The MSRI represents the present value of Home Equity s right to receive, over the life of the securitization, the excess of the weighted-average coupon on the loans securitized over the interest rates on the securities sold, a normal servicing fee, a trustee fee and an insurance fee, where applicable, net of the credit losses relating to the loans securitized. Home Equity estimates the fair value of MSRI through the application of discounted cash flow analysis. Such analysis requires the use of various assumptions, the most significant of which are anticipated prepayments (principal reductions in excess of contractually scheduled reductions), estimated future credit losses and the discount rate applied to future cash flows.

#### Loan Origination Reserve

CTX Mortgage has established a liability for anticipated losses associated with loans originated and sold to HSF-I or other unaffiliated third parties. This liability includes losses associated with certain borrower payment defaults, credit quality issues or misrepresentation. CTX Mortgage estimates the losses that may be incurred for certain loan originations based on, among other factors, historical loss rates and current trends in loan originations. This liability reflects management s judgment of the loss exposure at the end of the reporting period.

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Although we consider the loan origination reserve reflected in our consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2003 to be adequate, there can be no assurance that this reserve will prove to be adequate over time to cover ultimate losses in connection with our loan originations. This reserve may prove to be inadequate due to unanticipated adverse changes in the economy or discrete events adversely affecting specific customers.

#### Insurance Accruals

We have certain deductible limits under our workers—compensation, automobile and general liability insurance policies for which reserves are actuarially determined based on claims filed and an estimate of claims incurred but not yet reported. Projection of losses concerning these liabilities is subject to a high degree of variability due to factors such as claim settlement patterns, litigation trends and legal interpretations, among others.

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46, which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Certain disclosure requirements of FIN 46 are effective for financial statements of interim or annual periods issued after January 31, 2003. FIN 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created, or in which an enterprise obtains an interest, after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003, FIN 46 applies to interim or annual periods beginning after June 15, 2003. At June 30, 2003, we have interests in the Partnership, HSF-I and certain joint ventures and land under option agreements that are or may be affected by this interpretation. The nature of these entities—operations, our potential maximum exposure related to these entities and the applicability of FIN 46 to these entities are discussed as follows:

The Partnership Financial statements filed in tandem with this Report

Note (H), Centex Development Company, L.P.

HSF-I Note (G), Indebtedness

Land Option Agreements Note (J), Land Held Under Option Agreements not

Owned and Other Land Deposits

Joint Ventures Note (I), Commitments and Contingencies

We have historically accounted for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, or APB No. 25, and related interpretations, as permitted by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, or SFAS No. 123. On April 1, 2003, we adopted the fair value measurement provisions of SFAS No. 123 under which we will recognize compensation expense of a stock-based award to an employee over the vesting period based on the fair value of the award on the grant date. The fair value method has been applied only to awards granted or modified on or after April 1, 2003, whereas awards granted prior to such date will continue to be accounted for under APB No. 25.

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 149. The statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments and hedging activities under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 133, by requiring that contracts with comparable characteristics be accounted for

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similarly, resulting in more consistent reporting of contracts as either derivatives or hybrid instruments. A portion of this statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. The remainder of this statement codifies previously issued SFAS No. 133 implementation guidance, which retains its original effective dates. We do not expect the implementation of SFAS No. 149 to have a material impact on our results of operations or financial position.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Various sections of this Report, including Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the context of the statement and generally arise when we are discussing our beliefs, estimates or expectations. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results and outcomes may differ materially from what we express or forecast in these forward-looking statements. In addition to the specific uncertainties discussed elsewhere in this Report, the following risks and uncertainties may affect our actual performance and results of operations:

Our Home Building operations are somewhat cyclical and sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including levels of employment, consumer confidence and income, availability of financing, interest rate levels and changes in the economic condition of the local markets in which we operate.

Our Home Building operations are also subject to other risks and uncertainties, including seasonal variations, adverse weather conditions, the availability of adequate land in desirable locations, the cost and availability of labor and construction materials, labor disputes, the general demand for housing and new construction and the resale market for existing homes.

Our Construction Services operations are also somewhat cyclical and sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including overall capital spending trends in the economy, changes in federal and state appropriations for construction projects and competitive pressures on the availability and pricing of construction projects.

Our Construction Services operations are also subject to other risks and uncertainties, including the timing of new awards and the funding of such awards; adverse weather conditions; cancellations of, or changes in the scope to, existing contracts; the cost and availability of labor and construction materials; labor disputes; the ability to meet performance or schedule guarantees and cost overruns.

Virtually all of our homebuyers finance their home acquisitions through our Financial Services operations or third party lenders. In general, our Home Building operations can be adversely affected by increases in interest rates.

The results of operations of CTX Mortgage depend to a significant extent on the level of interest rates. Any significant increases in mortgage rates above currently prevailing levels could adversely affect the volume of loan originations. There can be no assurance that mortgage rates will remain at the current level in the future. Our mortgage loan operations are also dependent upon the securitization market for mortgage-backed securities and the availability of mortgage warehouse financing.

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Our Home Equity operations involve holding residential mortgage loans for investment and establishing an allowance for credit losses on these loans. Although the amount of this allowance reflects our judgment as to our present loss exposure on these loans, there can be no assurance that it will be sufficient to cover any losses that may ultimately be incurred.

Demand for the products that our Construction Products operations produce is directly related to activity in the homebuilding and construction industries and to general economic conditions. Our Construction Products operations are also concentrated in particular regional and local markets that may experience cyclical downturns at different times than the national economy. The price at which we sell our construction products, particularly gypsum wallboard, is highly sensitive to changes in supply and demand for such products, energy costs, raw material prices and competition from other domestic and foreign producers.

All of our businesses operate in very competitive environments, which are characterized by competition from a number of other homebuilders, mortgage lenders, construction products producers and contractors in each of the markets in which we operate.

We are subject to various federal, state and local statutes, rules and regulations that could affect our businesses, including those concerning zoning, construction, protecting the environment and health. In addition, our businesses could be affected by changes in federal income tax policy, federal mortgage loan financing programs and by other changes in regulation or policy.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on our direct debt obligations, on mortgage loans receivable, residual interest in mortgage securitizations and securitizations classified as debt. We utilize derivative instruments, including interest rate swaps, in conjunction with our overall strategy to manage the debt outstanding that is subject to changes in interest rates. We utilize forward sale commitments to mitigate the risk associated with the majority of our mortgage loan portfolio. Other than the forward commitments and interest rate swaps discussed earlier, we do not utilize forward or option contracts on foreign currencies or commodities, or other types of derivative financial instruments.

There have been no material changes in our market risk from March 31, 2003. For further information regarding our market risk, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

An evaluation has been performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2003. Based on that evaluation, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2003 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2003 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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### Part II. Other Information

# Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(1)	Exhibits	
	3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Centex Corporation dated May 15, 2003.
	4.3.2	Second Supplement to Nominee Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2003, by and between Centex, Holding, the Partnership, and Mellon Investor Services LLC as successor nominee and successor transfer agent.
	10.1	Centex Corporation Amended and Restated 1987 Stock Option Plan.
	10.2	Seventh Amended and Restated 1998 Centex Corporation Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan.
	10.3	Amended and Restated Centex Corporation 2001 Stock Option Plan.
	10.10	Amended and Restated Centex Corporation Long Term Incentive Plan.
	10.13	Centex Corporation 2003 Annual Incentive Compensation Plan.
	10.14	Centex Corporation 2003 Equity Incentive Plan.
	10.15	Distribution Agreement between Centex Corporation, Cavco Industries L.L.C. and Cavco Industries, Inc.
	10.16	Administrative Services Agreement between Centex Service Company and Cavco Industries, Inc.
	10.17	Tax Sharing Agreement between Centex Corporation and affiliates and Cavco Industries, Inc.
	10.18	Agreement to Assign Trademark Rights and Limited Consent to Use Centex Trademarks between Centex Corporation and Cavco Industries, Inc.
	10.19	Amendment No. 1 to Distribution Agreement between Centex Corporation, Cavco Industries L.L.C. and Cavco Industries, Inc.
	31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Centex Corporation pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
	31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Centex Corporation pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
	32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Centex Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Centex Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

### (2) Reports on Form 8-K

Current Report on Form 8-K of Centex Corporation dated April 23, 2003 announcing (i) the Company s fourth quarter net earnings for the quarter ended March 31, 2003; and (ii) the Company s intention to make a tax-free spin-off of its CAVCO Industries manufactured housing company to the Company s stockholders.

Current Report on Form 8-K of Centex Corporation dated June 23, 2003 announcing that the Registration Statement on Form 10 of Cavco Industries, Inc. relating to the Cavco common stock became effective on June 22, 2003, according to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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### **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

		CENTEX CORPORATION
		Registrant
August 13, 2003		/s/ Leldon E. Echols
		Leldon E. Echols Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)
August 13, 2003		/s/ Mark D. Kemp
		Mark D. Kemp Vice President- Controller (principal accounting officer)
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### Part I. Financial Information

### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

### 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries Condensed Combining Statements of Operations

(Dollars in thousands, except per unit/share data) (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,												
				2003				2002					
		Combined		Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries		3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary		Combined		Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries		3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary	
Revenues Costs and Expenses		104,513 100,103	\$	104,500 100,066	\$	38 62	\$	87,785 88,789	\$	87,735 88,751	\$	88 76	
Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Entities and Other		135		135				(10)		(10)			
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes Income Taxes		4,545 1,045		4,569 1,045		(24)		(1,014) (470)		(1,026) (470)		12	
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Discontinued Operations: (Loss) Earnings from Discontinued Operations (Including Loss on Sale of \$32		3,500		3,524		(24)		(544)		(556)		12	
for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2003)		(87)		(87)				241		241			
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$	3,413	\$	3,437	\$	(24)	\$	(303)	\$	(315)	\$	12	
Net Earnings (Loss) Allocable to Limited Partners			\$	3,437					\$	(315)			
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Per Unit/Share Earnings (Loss) from Discontinued Operations Per Unit/Share			\$	14.65 (0.36)	\$	(24)			\$	(2.31)	\$	12	
Net Earnings (Loss) Per Unit/Share			<del></del>	14.29	\$	(24)			\$	(1.31)	\$	12	
Weighted-Average Units/Shares Outstanding				240,591	-	1,000				240,591		1,000	

See Notes to Condensed Combining Financial Statements.

Transactions between Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries and 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary have been eliminated.

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### 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries Condensed Combining Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands)

	_		Jun	e 30, 2003	*			March 31, 2003**						
	C	ombined	De C	Centex velopment company, L.P. and	3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary			Combined	Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries		3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary			
Assets	¢	25 226	ø	25 220	Φ.	7	¢.	5 112	¢.	5 105	¢	0		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Inventories	\$	35,336 25,990 469,284	\$	35,329 30,012 469,284	\$	289	\$	5,113 30,813 447,954	\$	5,105 34,841 447,954	\$	8 261		
Investments- Commercial Properties, net Real Estate Joint Ventures Affiliate		89,667 3,921		89,667 3,921		1,191		92,003 3,973		92,003 3,973		1,191		
Assets Held for Sale Property and Equipment, net Other Assets-		8,291 2,494		8,291 2,494		1,171		7,585 2,308		7,585 2,308		1,191		
Goodwill, net Deferred Charges and Other	_	32,168 21,374		32,168 19,603		1,771		30,698 20,237	_	30,698 18,466	_	1,771		
	\$	688,525	\$	690,769	\$	3,258		\$ 640,684	\$	642,933	\$	3,231		
Liabilities, Stockholders Equity And Partners Capital														
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Liabilities Related to Assets Held for Sale Notes Payable	\$	135,502 6,941 242,985	\$	135,311 6,941 242,985	\$	4,551		\$ 130,282 6,436 215,118	\$	130,120 6,436 215,118	\$	4,500		
Total Liabilities		385,428		385,237		4,551		351,836	_	351,674		4,500		
Stockholders Equity and Partners Capital		303,097		305,532		(1,293)		288,848		291,259		(1,269)		
	\$	688,525	\$	690,769	\$	3,258		\$ 640,684	\$	642,933	\$	3,231		
											_			

<sup>\*</sup> Unaudited

See Notes to Condensed Combining Financial Statements.

Transactions between Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries and 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary have been eliminated.

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# 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries Condensed Combining Statements of Cash Flows

(Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,													
				2003			2002							
		Combined		Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries		3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary		Combined		Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries		333 Iding oration and sidiary		
Cash Flows Operating Activities Net Earnings (Loss)	\$	3,413	\$	3,437	\$	(24)	\$	(303)	\$	(315)	\$	12		
Adjustments: Depreciation Amortization Deferred Tax Benefit	Ψ	676 168 (91)	Ψ	676 168 (91)	Ψ	(24)	Ψ	1,123	Ψ	1,123	Ψ	12		
Equity in Earnings (Loss) from Joint Ventures (Increase) Decrease in Receivables Decrease in Notes Receivable		(135) (6,988) 4,160		(135) (6,960) 4,160		(28)		10 1,535		10 1,582		(47)		
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories Decrease (Increase) in Commercial Properties Increase in Other Assets		(4,698) 1,828 (920)		(4,698) 1,828 (920)				12,430 (6,059) (566)		12,430 (6,059) (555)		(11)		
Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accruals		8,046		7,995		51		(10,248)		(10,297)		49		
		5,459		5,460		(1)		(2,078)		(2,081)		3		
Cash Flows Investing Activities Decrease in Advances to Joint Ventures and Investment in Affiliate Additions of Property and Equipment, net		187 (238)		187 (238)				92 (78)		92 (78)				
		(51)		(51)				14		14				
Cash Flows Financing Activities Issuance in Notes Payable		24,233		24,233				2,040		2,040				
		24,233		24,233				2,040		2,040				
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash		582		582				1,292		1,292				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		30,223 5,113		30,224 5,105		(1) 8		1,268 22,538		1,265 22,529		3 9		

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period

Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period

35,336 \$ 35,329

7 \$

23,806 \$ 23,794

\$ 12

See Notes to Condensed Combining Financial Statements.

Transactions between Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries and 3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary have been eliminated.

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3333 Holding Corporation and Subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Combining Financial Statements June 30, 2003

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

### (A) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed combining interim financial statements include the accounts of 3333 Holding Corporation (Holding) and subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. (the Partnership) and subsidiaries (collectively, the Companies) after elimination of all significant intercompany balances and transactions. These statements have been prepared, without audit, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted.

In the opinion of the Companies, all adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the information in the condensed combining financial statements of the Companies have been included. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. The Companies suggest that these condensed combining financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Companies latest Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### (B) ORGANIZATION

The Partnership is a master limited partnership formed by Centex Corporation and subsidiaries ( Centex ) in March 1987 to broaden the range of business activities that may be conducted for the benefit of Centex s stockholders to include general real estate development. Centex believed that this expansion would improve stockholder value through longer-term real estate investments, real estate developments and the benefits of the partnership form of business.

The Partnership is authorized to issue three classes of limited partnership interest. Centex Corporation indirectly holds 100% of the Partnership s Class A and Class C limited partnership units ( Class A Units and Class C Units, respectively), which are collectively convertible into 20% of the Partnership s Class B limited partnership units ( Class B Units ). The Partnership may issue additional Class C Units in connection with the acquisition of real property and other assets. No Class B Units have been issued. However, the stockholders of Centex hold warrants to purchase approximately 80% of the Class B Units. The warrants are held through a nominee arrangement and trade in tandem with the common stock of Centex.

As holder of the Class A and Class C Units, Centex is entitled to a cumulative preferred return of 9% per annum on the average outstanding balance of its capital contributions to the Partnership, adjusted for cash and other distributions representing return of capital. As of June 30, 2003, these adjusted capital contributions, or Unrecovered Capital, were \$241.1 million and preference payments in arrears totaled \$47.4 million.

The Partnership is managed by its general partner, 3333 Development Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Holding. The common stock of Holding is held by the stockholders of Centex through a

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nominee arrangement and trades in tandem with the common stock of Centex. The stockholders of Centex elect the four-person board of directors of Holding, three of whom are independent outside directors who are not directors, affiliates or employees of Centex. Thus, through Holding, the stockholders of Centex control the general partner of the Partnership. The general partner, through its independent board and the independent board of Holding, including its non-executive Chairman, oversees the Partnership s activities, including the acquisition, development, maintenance, operation and sale of properties. Consent of the limited partners for the activities of the Partnership is not required, and the limited partners cannot remove the general partner. As a result, Centex accounts for its limited partnership interest in the Partnership using the equity method of accounting for investments.

See Note (H) to the consolidated financial statements of Centex included elsewhere in this Report for supplementary condensed combined financial statements for Centex and subsidiaries, Holding and subsidiary, and the Partnership and subsidiaries.

#### (C) STATEMENTS OF COMBINING CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2003		2002	
Cash Paid for Interest	\$	4,210	\$	4,678
Net Cash Paid for Taxes	\$		\$	
		For the The Ended J		
		Ended 5 2003		2002
Total Interest Incurred Interest Capitalized	\$	3,581 (1,367)	\$	4,732 (1,354)
Interest Expense	\$	2,214	\$	3,378

### (D) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, Centex Homes had \$7.8 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, deposited with the Partnership as option deposits for the purchase of land. Centex Homes also entered into agreements to reimburse the Partnership for certain costs and fees incurred by the Partnership in the purchase and ownership of these tracts of land. During the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, Centex Homes paid \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, to the Partnership in fees and reimbursements pursuant to these agreements and \$12.0 million and \$21.1 million, respectively, for the purchase of residential lots. The Partnership expects Centex Homes to pay an additional \$19.0 million to the Partnership to complete the purchase of these tracts of land over the next three years.

Construction Services has historically executed construction contracts with the Partnership. At March 31, 2003, contracts for the construction of two industrial facilities were completed and no additional contracts were outstanding. At June 30, 2003, a \$10.6 million contract for the construction of an office building had been executed with the Partnership and was outstanding. During the three months ended June 30, 2003 and

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2002, the Partnership paid zero and \$3.5 million, respectively, to Construction Services pursuant to these contracts.

### (E) COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

A summary of comprehensive income for the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is presented below:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2003	2002	
Net Earnings (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):	\$ 3,413	\$ (303)	
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments	10,735 101	13,973 (234)	
Comprehensive Income	\$ 14,249	\$ 13,436	

### (F) STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

A summary of changes in stockholders equity is presented below:

			Development P. and Subsid	1 2		Holding Cor and Subsidia	
		Class B	General	Limited		Capital in Excess	Retained
		Unit	Partner's	Partner's	Stock	of Par	Earnings
	Combined	Warrants	Capital	Capital	Warrants	Value	(Deficit)
Balance at March 31, 2003 Net Earnings Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:	\$ 288,848 3,413	\$ 500	\$ 1,142	\$ 289,617 3,437	\$ 1	\$ 800	\$ (2,070) (24)
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Unrealized Loss on Hedging Instruments	10,735 101			10,735 101			
Balance at June 30, 2003	\$ 303,097	\$ 500	\$ 1,142	\$ 303,890	\$ 1	\$ 800	\$ (2,094)

## (G) BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Companies operate in three principal business segments: International Home Building, Commercial Development and Corporate-Other. All of the segments, except for International Home Building, operate in the United States. International Home Building s accounting policies are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Companies latest Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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International Home Building acquires and develops residential properties and constructs single and multi-family housing units in the United Kingdom. Commercial Development develops office, industrial, retail and mixed-use projects, for sale and for investment. Corporate-Other is involved in the acquisition and disposition of land and other assets of the Partnership not identified with another specific business segment. Prior to April 1, 2003, the Companies operated a multi-family business segment (Multi-Family). Effective April 1, 2003, the operations of this segment were restructured to focus on leasing and disposition of remaining projects rather than new development. The operations of these projects are reflected in the Corporate-Other segment for the current and prior comparative period.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2003					3		
		nt'l Home Building		nmercial elopment		orporate- Other		Total
Revenues Cost of Sales Selling, General & Administrative Expenses Interest Expense Earnings from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Other	\$	88,756 (75,087) (8,322) (549)	\$	3,256 (1,891) (1,086) 135	\$	12,501 (11,962) (791) (415)	\$	104,513 (87,049) (11,004) (2,050) 135
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes Loss from Discontinued Operations Before Income Taxes		4,798		414 (87)		(667)		4,545 (87)
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$	4,798	\$	327	\$	(667)	\$	4,458
	_	For t	the Thi	ree Months	Ende	ed June 30,	2002	2
		nt'l Home Building		nmercial elopment	C	orporate- Other		Total
Revenues Cost of Sales Selling, General & Administrative Expenses Interest Expense Loss from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Other	\$	61,000 (53,765) (7,111) (494)	\$	3,937 (275) (2,213) (1,182) (10)	\$	22,848 (21,163) (1,798) (788)	\$	87,785 (75,203) (11,122) (2,464) (10)
Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes Earnings from Discontinued Operations Before Income Taxes	_	(370)		257 241		(901)		(1,014) 241
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$	(370)	\$	498	\$	(901)	\$	(773)

# (H) GOODWILL

The Partnership s International Home Building segment carries all of the Partnership s goodwill, which arose from the April 15, 1999 acquisition of all of the voting shares of Fairclough Homes Group Limited, a British homebuilder (Fairclough). The carrying amount of goodwill was \$32.2 million and \$30.7 million at June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2003, respectively. The increase during the three months ended June 30, 2003 reflects the impact of foreign currency translation adjustments.

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### (I) DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING

The Partnership is exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations on its debt obligations. As part of its strategy to manage the obligations that are subject to changes in interest rates, the Partnership has entered into an interest rate swap agreement, designated as a cash flow hedge, on a portion of its debt. The swap agreement is recorded at its fair value in Other Assets or Accrued Liabilities in the condensed combining balance sheets. To the extent the hedging relationship is effective, fluctuations in the fair value of the derivative are deferred as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Fluctuations in the fair value of the ineffective portion of the derivative would be reflected in the current period earnings. During the three months ended June 30, 2003 there was no hedge ineffectiveness related to this derivative.

This swap expires in March 2004. Amounts to be received or paid as a result of the swap agreement are recognized as adjustments to interest incurred on the related debt instrument. As of June 30, 2003, the Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss was \$521 thousand (\$365 thousand net of tax).

#### (J) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 (SFAS 144), Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The statement was effective for the Companies beginning April 1, 2002.

Due to the adoption of SFAS 144, the Companies now report assets identified subsequent to March 31, 2002 as held for sale (as defined by SFAS 144), if any, and any such assets sold in the current period, as discontinued operations. All results of these discontinued operations, less applicable income taxes, are included as discontinued operations in the statements of operations. Prior periods are restated for comparative purposes. Land assets, and any other assets sold prior to adoption of SFAS 144, are reported in continuing operations.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others (FIN 45), which requires certain guarantees to be recorded at fair value. FIN 45 also requires a guarantor to make certain disclosures about guarantees, including product warranties, even when the likelihood of making any payments under the guarantee is remote. We have applied the recognition and measurement provisions of FIN 45 to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The implementation of FIN 45 did not have a material impact on the Companies results of operations or financial position.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (FIN 46), which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Certain disclosure requirements of FIN 46 are effective for financial statements of interim or annual periods issued after January 31, 2003. See Note (K), Investments in Certain Joint Ventures, for disclosure of the Companies potential maximum exposure related to these entities. FIN 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created, or in which an enterprise obtains an interest, after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003, FIN 46 applies to interim or annual periods beginning after June 15, 2003. As discussed above in Note (B), Organization, Centex indirectly holds 100% of the Partnership s

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Class A and Class C Units. The manner in which Centex reports its interest in the Partnership may be affected by this interpretation. Centex and the Companies are in the process of assessing the impact FIN 46 will have on their respective financial statements. See Note (P) to the consolidated financial statements of Centex included elsewhere in this Report for further discussion regarding this interpretation.

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 149. The statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments and hedging activities under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 133, by requiring that contracts with comparable characteristics be accounted for similarly, resulting in more consistent reporting of contracts as either derivatives or hybrid instruments. A portion of this statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. The remainder of this statement codifies previously issued SFAS No. 133 implementation guidance, which retains its original effective dates. The Companies do not expect the implementation of SFAS No. 149 to have a material impact on the Companies results of operations or financial position.

### (K) INVESTMENTS IN CERTAIN JOINT VENTURES

The Partnership conducts certain operations through its participation in joint ventures in which the Partnership holds less than a majority interest. These non-consolidated joint ventures had total debt outstanding of approximately \$37.8 million as of June 30, 2003 and \$35.8 million as of March 31, 2003. The Partnership s liability for the obligations of these non-consolidated joint ventures is limited to approximately \$8.1 million as of June 30, 2003.

### (L) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2003, the Partnership had remaining commitments of approximately \$18.4 million on construction contracts.

To obtain construction financing for projects being developed by its subsidiaries, the Partnership is often required to guarantee, for the benefit of the construction lender, the completion of the project. In some instances, the Partnership has also executed recourse payment guarantees. At June 30, 2003, our subsidiaries had outstanding letters of credit of \$3.9 million that primarily relate to development obligations of Multi-Family Communities.

Subsidiaries of the Partnership have also obtained demand notes or letters of credit from Centex for up to 10% of the construction loan commitment amount. These demand notes or letters of credit have been pledged or endorsed to the lenders as additional collateral on the construction loans, and may be called only in the event of an uncured default by the Partnership. This additional collateral totals approximately \$1.1 million as of June 30, 2003.

A subsidiary of the Partnership has agreed to develop a mixed-use project in Saint Paul, Minnesota consisting of various types of residential housing and ancillary retail space. The subsidiary has performed a significant portion of the infrastructure work and has sold several of the development sites to reputable home builders (including a 1.5 acre site to Centex Homes) pursuant to contracts that obligate the purchasers to fulfill certain of the seller s development obligations at the project. The subsidiary of the Partnership (as the seller)

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retains the right to repurchase the site if the purchaser fails to commence the performance of such obligations. Ultimately, the Partnership s subsidiary remains responsible for the development of the project.

The subsidiary anticipates that the costs expended for infrastructure work will be reimbursed from the proceeds of a bond offering by a special taxing district established to aid in the development of the project. These costs will be reimbursed over time as improvements at the project generate property taxes sufficient to fund debt service on the bonds. A receivable of approximately \$13.9 million is included in Other Receivables in the accompanying Combining Balance Sheets. The subsidiary has deferred recognition of this income as of June 30, 2003 as improvements to the project that will generate property taxes have just begun.

In the normal course of its business, the Partnership issues certain representations, warranties and guarantees related to its home sales, land sales and building sales that may be affected by the Financial Accounting Standards Board's recent issuance of FIN 45. Based on historical evidence, the Partnership does not believe that any of these representations, warranties or guarantees would result in a material effect on our consolidated financial condition or operations. See further discussion on our warranty liability below. See further discussion of FIN 45 in Note (J), Recent Accounting Pronouncements.

International Home Building offers a ten-year limited warranty for most homes constructed and sold in the United Kingdom. The warranty covers defects in materials or workmanship in various components of the home for the first two years and designated structural elements of the home in the third through tenth years. International Home Building estimates the costs that may be incurred under its warranty program for which it will be responsible and records a liability at the time each home is closed. Factors that affect International Home Building s warranty liability include the number of homes closed, historical and anticipated rates of warranty claims and cost per claim. International Home Building periodically assesses the adequacy of its recorded warranty liability and adjusts the amounts as necessary.

Changes in International Home Building s contractual warranty liability during the period are as follows:

Balance as of March 31, 2003	\$ 3,390
Warranties Issued	973
Settlements Made	(880)
Balance as of June 30, 2003	\$ 3,483

### (M) RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to be consistent with the June 30, 2003 presentation.

### (N) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsidiaries of the Partnership have executed contracts to sell four projects in Charlotte, North Carolina comprising approximately 1,000,000 square feet of industrial space. The sales are scheduled to close on or before September 22, 2003. However, the contracts specify various financing contingencies and, thus, there are no assurances that such sales will be consummated.

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### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

On a combined basis, our revenues from continuing operations were \$104.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2003, a 19.0% increase over our revenues from continuing operations of \$87.8 million for the same period last year. The revenue increase is primarily related to an increase in International Home Building s unit closings and average unit sales price, offset by a reduction in Corporate-Other s sale of residential lots to Centex Homes. Revenues from residential lot sales and commercial land sales can vary significantly from period to period.

Our operating earnings from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were \$4.5 million compared to an operating loss from continuing operations of \$1.0 million for the same period last year. Our net earnings from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were \$3.5 million compared to a net loss from continuing operations of \$0.5 million for the same period last year. The increase in operating earnings and net earnings from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 is primarily related to increased earnings from the International Home Building segment.

Our net loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was \$87 thousand. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, or SFAS 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, effective for us beginning April 1, 2002, we now report assets as discontinued operations if such assets are held for sale (as defined by SFAS 144), or if such assets are sold in the current period. We sold one of these properties during the three months ended June 30, 2003. Land assets are reported in continuing operations.

Prior to April 1, 2003, the Companies operated a multi-family business segment. Effective April 1, 2003, the operations of this segment were restructured to focus on leasing and disposition of remaining projects rather than new development. The operations of these projects are reflected in the Corporate-Other segment for the current and prior comparative period.

Over the past year, we have taken advantage of the strong investor demand for quality properties, selling a number of matured assets and land positions. It is not currently anticipated that any significant capital will be allocated to new business development. Instead, our focus going forward will be on completing and leasing up our existing portfolio and continuing to take advantage of strong investor demand. The International Home Building segment will remain a focus as we continue to build on momentum in this segment. We will continue to evaluate strategic portfolio acquisitions and strategic development opportunities.

Any reference herein to we, us or our includes 3333 Holding Corporation and subsidiary and Centex Development Company, L.P. and subsidiaries.

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#### INTERNATIONAL HOME BUILDING

The following summarizes International Home Building s results for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year (dollars in thousands, except per unit data):

For the Three Months Ended June 30,							
2003				2002			
\$	88,746 10 (75,079) (8)	100.0% % (84.6%)	\$	60,972 28 (53,765)	100.0% % (88.1%)		
	(8,322)	(9.4%)		(7,111)	(11.7%)		
	5,347 (549)	6.0% (0.6%)		124 (494)	0.2% (0.8%)		
\$	4,798	5.4%	\$	(370)	(0.6%)		
	313	% Change		260	% Change (10.0%)		
<b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	283,534 17,083 480	25.1% 3,605.6% 23.4%	\$ \$	226,662 461 389	(10.0%) 20.7% (94.2%) 85.2%		
	\$	\$ 88,746 10 (75,079) (8) (8,322) 5,347 (549) \$ 4,798 313 \$ 283,534 \$ 17,083	\$ 88,746 100.0% 10 % (75,079) (84.6%) (8) % (8,322) (9.4%) \$ 5,347 6.0% (549) (0.6%) \$ 4,798 5.4%	\$ 88,746	\$ 88,746		

International Home Building s revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 increased by \$27.8 million from revenues for the same period last year. This increase is comprised of \$15.3 million from an increase in the average unit sales price and \$12.5 million from an increase in the number of units closed. Home sales totaled 313 units during the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to 269 units during the same period in the preceding year, representing a 16.4% increase.

International Home Building s gross homebuilding margins increased for the three months ended June 30, 2003 to 15.4% from 11.8% in the same period last year. The improvement in gross margins was primarily due to an increase in the average unit sales price, partially offset by increases in labor costs caused by a shortage of skilled labor.

International Home Building s general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of revenues, decreased 2.3%, for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year, primarily due to increased revenues.

International Home Building s financial statements are affected by fluctuations in exchange rates. International Home Building, whose functional currency is the British pound sterling, translates its financial statements into U.S. dollars. Income statement accounts are translated using the average exchange rate for the period, except for significant, non-recurring transactions that are translated at the rate in effect as of the date of the transaction. For the three months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, the average exchange rate used for translation was 1.62 and 1.46, representing an increase of 10.7%.

The backlog of homes sold but not closed at June 30, 2003 was 480 units, 23.4% more than the 389 units at the same point in the preceding year.

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### COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT

The following summarizes Commercial Development s results for the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period last year (dollars and square feet in thousands):

	For the Thr Ended J		
	2003	2002	
Sales Revenues Rental Income and Other Revenues Cost of Sales	\$ 3,256	\$ 725 3,212 (275)	
Selling, General and Administrative Expense Interest	(1,309) (1,086)	(1,843) (1,182)	
Operating Earnings Before Depreciation Depreciation and Amortization Earnings (Loss) from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Other	861 (582) 135	637 (370) (10)	
Operating Earnings Earnings (Loss) from Discontinued Operations	414 (87)	257 241	
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$ 327	\$ 498	
Operating Square Footage at June 30	2,176	2,626	

Commercial Development s operations during the three months ended June 30, 2003 included:

completion of shell construction for a 138,000 square foot retail project in Santa Clara, California;

continued construction of a 62,000 square foot light industrial project in Camarillo, California;

continued construction of a 39,000 square foot light industrial project in Oxnard, California; and

commencement of construction on a 160,000 square foot office building in Lewisville, Texas.

Commercial Development s discontinued operations during the three months ended June 30, 2003 consisted of the sale of a 68,000 square foot industrial project in Gardner, Massachusetts.

Sales revenues and cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2002 reflect the sale of a pad site at a retail project in Lewisville, Texas. Rental income and other revenues increased slightly as the result of the late fiscal 2003 completion and leasing of a retail center in Lewisville, Texas. Selling, general and administrative expense decreased as the result of staffing reductions, a decrease in incentive compensation and a decrease in property operation expenses.

Interest expense has decreased slightly as the result of interest rate reductions on Commercial Development s variable rate debt, and depreciation and amortization has increased as the result of the addition of approximately 300,000 square feet of projects not in service as of June, 2002. Earnings from unconsolidated entities have increased as the result of leasing at a retail project in Santa Clara, California.

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	June 3	June 3	0, 2002	
	(000's) Rentable Sq. Ft.	Weighted Average Occupancy	(000's) Rentable Sq. Ft.	Weighted Average Occupancy
Operating Properties*				
Industrial Office/Medical Retail	1,636 344 196	83.5% 82.0% 94.9%	2,024 602	92.4% 84.2%
	2,176	84.3%	2,626	90.5%
	(000's) Rentable Sq. Ft.		(000's) Rentable Sq. Ft.	
Projects Under Construction* Industrial Office/Medical	150 160		308	
Retail	100		194	
	310		502	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes assets classified as Held for Sale.

### **CORPORATE-OTHER**

The following summarizes the results of Corporate-Other for the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to the same period last year (dollars in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2003	2002		
Revenues Cost of Sales	\$ 12,501 (11,962) (791)	\$ 22,848 (21,163) (1,798)		
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses Interest Expense	(415)	(788)		
Operating Loss	\$ (667)	\$ (901)		

Our Corporate-Other segment acquires and disposes of land and other assets that are not identified with another specific business segment. Revenues and cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2003 relate primarily to the sale of residential lots to Centex Homes. Revenues and cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2002 also relate primarily to sales of residential lots to Centex Homes and an unaffiliated third party.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 56.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to the same period last year, primarily due to staffing reductions in the former Multi-Family

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segment. Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2003 relates primarily to debt incurred to finance the purchase of these residential lots

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We finance land acquisition and development activities primarily from financial institution borrowings, equity contributions from third-party investors in project-specific joint ventures, seller financing, issuance of Class C limited partnership units to Centex affiliates and cash flow from operations, which is comprised largely of proceeds from the sale of real estate and operating projects.

We typically finance properties under development through short-term variable and fixed-rate secured construction loans, and to a limited extent depending on the timing of the project construction, cash flow from operations. Construction loans totaled \$75.7 million, including \$0.4 million related to assets held for sale, at June 30, 2003. Under the terms of various construction loan agreements, we are required to maintain certain minimum liquidity and net worth levels. At June 30, 2003, we were in compliance with these covenants.

Permanent commercial project loans outstanding at June 30, 2003 totaled \$44.0 million, including \$6.4 million related to assets held for sale. The project loans are collateralized by completed commercial properties and have original terms ranging from ten to twenty-two years with fixed interest rates ranging from 7.20% to 8.72%. These loans are non-recourse to the Partnership and its subsidiaries.

No new seller-financed land loans were obtained during the quarters ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. Outstanding balances on seller-financed loans at June 30, 2003 totaled \$19.5 million, with terms of up to three years and fixed interest rates ranging from 8.00% to 9.50%.

The International Home Building segment has secured a revolving bank credit facility of 100 million in British pounds sterling. This facility expires in April 2006 and may be extended for up to two years with lender approval. Advances under this facility totaled £67.0 million, or \$110.6 million, at June 30, 2003. Under the terms of this facility, the International Home Building segment is required to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios and a minimum tangible net worth. At June 30, 2003, the International Home Building segment was in compliance with all of these covenants.

No new Class C units were issued during the quarter ended June 30, 2003.

We believe that the revenues, earnings, and liquidity from the sale of single-family homes, land sales, the sale and permanent financing of development projects and issuance of Class C units will be sufficient to provide the necessary funding for our current and future needs.

#### CERTAIN OFF-BALANCE-SHEET AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of certain off-balance-sheet arrangements and other obligations and their possible effects on our liquidity and capital resources.

#### Joint Ventures

We conduct certain operations through our participation in joint ventures in which we hold less than a majority interest. These non-consolidated joint ventures had total debt outstanding of approximately \$37.8

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million as of June 30, 2003 and \$35.8 million as of March 31, 2003. Our liability for the obligations of these non-consolidated joint ventures is limited to approximately \$8.1 million as of June 30, 2003.

#### Letters of Credit, Guarantees and Leases

At June 30, 2003, we had outstanding performance bonds and bank guarantees of \$27.7 million that relate to projects undertaken by International Home Building and development obligations of International Home Building.

To obtain construction financing for commercial and multi-family projects being developed by our subsidiaries, we are often required to guarantee, for the benefit of the construction lender, the completion of the project. In some instances, we have also executed partial recourse payment guarantees. At June 30, 2003, our subsidiaries had outstanding letters of credit of \$3.9 million that primarily relate to development obligations of Multi-Family Communities.

We expect that our subsidiaries will satisfy their loan and other contractual obligations in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with applicable contractual terms. As that occurs, our liability exposure will be decreased and, eventually, we will not have any continuing obligations with respect to these projects.

We have no material capital or operating leases.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, or SFAS 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The statement was effective for us beginning April 1, 2002.

Due to the adoption of SFAS 144, we now report assets identified subsequent to March 31, 2002 as held for sale (as defined by SFAS 144), if any, and any such assets sold in the current period, as discontinued operations. All results of these discontinued operations, less applicable income taxes, are included as discontinued operations in the statements of operations. Prior periods are restated for comparative purposes. Land assets, and any other assets sold prior to adoption of SFAS 144, are reported in continuing operations.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, or FIN 45, which requires certain guarantees to be recorded at fair value. FIN 45 also requires a guarantor to make certain disclosures about guarantees, including product warranties, even when the likelihood of making any payments under the guarantee is remote. We have applied the recognition and measurement provisions of FIN 45 to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The implementation of FIN 45 did not have a material impact on our results of operations or financial position.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, or FIN 46, which modifies the accounting for certain entities in which (1) equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest and/or (2) the entity is unable to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. Certain disclosure requirements of FIN 46 are effective for financial statements of interim or annual periods issued after January 31, 2003. FIN 46 applies immediately to variable interest entities created, or in which an enterprise obtains an interest, after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before

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February 1, 2003, FIN 46 applies to interim or annual periods beginning after June 15, 2003. As discussed in Note (B), Organization, of our Notes to Condensed Combining Financial Statements, Centex indirectly holds 100% of the Partnership s Class A and Class C Units. The manner in which Centex reports its interest in the Partnership may be affected by this interpretation. Centex and the Companies are in the process of assessing the impact FIN 46 will have on their respective financial statements. See Note (P) to the consolidated financial statements of Centex included elsewhere in this Report for further discussion regarding this interpretation.

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 149. The statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments and hedging activities under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, or SFAS No. 133, by requiring that contracts with comparable characteristics be accounted for similarly, resulting in more consistent reporting of contracts as either derivatives or hybrid instruments. A portion of this statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. The remainder of this statement codifies previously issued SFAS No. 133 implementation guidance, which retains its original effective dates. The Companies do not expect the implementation of SFAS No. 149 to have a material impact on the Companies results of operations or financial position.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Various sections of this Report, including Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the context of the statement and generally arise when we are discussing our beliefs, estimates or expectations. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results and outcomes may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in these forward-looking statements. In addition to the specific uncertainties discussed elsewhere in this Report, the following risks and uncertainties may affect the actual performance and results of operations of the Companies:

Our homebuilding, commercial, multi-family and land sales operations are somewhat cyclical and sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including levels of employment, consumer confidence and income, availability of financing, interest rate levels and changes in the economic condition of the local markets in which we operate.

Our homebuilding, commercial, multi-family and land sales operations are also subject to other risks and uncertainties, including seasonal variations, adverse weather conditions, the availability of adequate land in desirable locations, the cost and availability of labor and construction materials, labor disputes, the general demand for housing and new construction and the resale market for existing homes.

All of our businesses operate in very competitive environments, which are characterized by competition from a number of other homebuilders, developers and landowners in each of the markets in which we operate.

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We are subject to various federal, state and local statutes, rules and regulations that could affect our businesses, including those concerning zoning, construction, protecting the environment and health. In addition, our businesses could be affected by changes in federal income tax policy, federal mortgage loan financing programs and by other changes in regulation or policy.

Other risks and uncertainties may also affect the outcome of the actual performance and results of operations of the Partnership and Holding.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in the Companies market risk from March 31, 2003. For further information regarding the Companies market risk, refer to the Companies Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

An evaluation has been performed under the supervision and with the participation of the management of 3333 Holding Corporation and of Centex Development Company, L.P. (through its general partner, 3333 Holding Corporation), including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of both 3333 Holding Corporation and 3333 Development Corporation, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2003. Based on that evaluation, the management of 3333 Holding Corporation and of Centex Development Company, L.P. (through its general partner, 3333 Holding Corporation), including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of both 3333 Holding Corporation and 3333 Development Corporation, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2003 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2003 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

#### Part II. Other Information

### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(2)	Exhibits
(3)	E.x niniis

- 4.3.2 Second Supplement to Nominee Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2003, by and between Centex, Holding, the Partnership, and Mellon Investor Services LLC as successor nominee and successor transfer agent.
- 31.3 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of 3333 Holding Corporation pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 31.4 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of 3333 Holding Corporation pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

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- 31.5 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of 3333 Development Corporation, as the general partner of Centex Development Company, L.P., pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 31.6 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of 3333 Development Corporation, as the general partner of Centex Development Company, L.P., pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 32.3 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of 3333 Holding Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.4 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of 3333 Holding Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.5 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of 3333 Development Corporation, as the general partner of Centex Development Company, L.P., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.6 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of 3333 Development Corporation, as the general partner of Centex Development Company, L.P., pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (4) Reports on Form 8-K

The Registrant filed no reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended June 30, 2003.

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### **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

August 13, 2003

Registrant

/s/ Todd D. Newman

Todd D. Newman

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer and Treasurer
(principal financial officer and
principal accounting officer)

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August 13, 2003

### **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 3333 Development Corporation, as general partner of, and on behalf of the registrant, has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### CENTEX DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, L.P.

Registrant By 3333 Development Corporation General Partner

/s/ Todd D. Newman

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial officer and principal accounting officer)

Todd D. Newman

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### EXHIBIT INDEX

3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Centex Corporation dated May 15, 2003.
4.3.2	Second Supplement to Nominee Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2003, by and between Centex, Holding, the Partnership, and Mellon Investor Services LLC as successor nominee and successor transfer agent.
10.1	Centex Corporation Amended and Restated 1987 Stock Option Plan.
10.2	Sixth Amended and Restated 1998 Centex Corporation Employee Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan.
10.3	Amended and Restated Centex Corporation 2001 Stock Option Plan.
10.10	Amended and Restated Centex Corporation Long Term Incentive Plan.
10.13	Centex Corporation 2003 Annual Incentive Compensation Plan.
10.14	Centex Corporation 2003 Equity Incentive Plan.
10.15	Distribution Agreement between Centex Corporation, Cavco Industries L.L.C. and Cavco Industries, Inc.
10.16	Administrative Services Agreement between Centex Service Company and Cavco Industries, Inc.
10.17	Tax Sharing Agreement between Centex Corporation and affiliates and Cavco Industries, Inc.
10.18	Agreement to Assign Trademark Rights and Limited Consent to Use Centex Trademarks between Centex Corporation and Cavco Industries, Inc.
10.19	Amendment No. 1 to Distribution Agreement between Centex Corporation, Cavco Industries L.L.C. and Cavco Industries, Inc.
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Centex Corporation pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
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