FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP /OH/ Form 10-Q May 05, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

Commission file number 001-35296

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

OHIO 34-1371693 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No)

20 South Broad Street Canfield, OH 44406 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(330) 533-3341

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at April 30, 2016 Common Stock, No Par Value 26,924,384 shares

Page Number PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1 Financial Statements (Unaudited) Included in Part I of this report: Farmers National Banc Corp. and Subsidiaries **Consolidated Balance Sheets** 2 Consolidated Statements of Income 3 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income 4 Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity 5 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows 6 Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations 33 Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk 41 Item 4 Controls and Procedures 41 PART II - OTHER INFORMATION 42 Item 1 Legal Proceedings 42 Item 1ARisk Factors 42 Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds 42 Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities 42 Item 4 Mine Safety Disclosures 42 Item 5 Other Information 42 Item 6 Exhibits 43 **SIGNATURES** 44 10-Q Certifications Section 906 Certifications

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	(In Thousand	ds of Dollars) December
	March 31,	31,
(Unaudited)	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$19,771	\$22,500
Federal funds sold and other	14,848	33,514
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	34,619	56,014
Securities available for sale	387,093	394,312
Loans held for sale	488	1,769
Loans	1,315,501	1,296,865
Less allowance for loan losses	9,390	8,978
NET LOANS	1,306,111	1,287,887
Premises and equipment, net	24,052	24,190
Goodwill	35,090	35,090
Other intangibles	7,484	7,821
Bank owned life insurance	29,446	29,234
Other assets	35,924	33,585
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,860,307	\$1,869,902
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$334,391	\$314,650
Interest-bearing	1,111,491	1,094,397
TOTAL DEPOSITS	1,445,882	1,409,047
Short-term borrowings	175,617	225,832
Long-term borrowings	21,961	22,153
Other liabilities	12,865	14,823
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,656,325	1,671,855
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common Stock - Authorized 35,000,000 shares; issued 27,590,531 in 2016 and 2015	176,488	176,287
Retained earnings	30,036	26,316
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,315	133
Treasury stock, at cost; 666,147 shares in 2016 and 646,247 in 2015		(4,689)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	203,982	198,047
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,860,307	\$1,869,902

See accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	(In Thousexcept Per Data) For the T Months E March 31,	er Share Three
(Unaudited)	2016	2015
INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME		
Loans, including fees	\$15,270	\$7,684
Taxable securities	1,437	1,647
Tax exempt securities	889	615
Dividends	113	48
Federal funds sold and other interest income	38	5
TOTAL INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME	17,747	9,999
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Deposits	707	887
Short-term borrowings	175	11
Long-term borrowings	118	109
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	1,000	1,007
NET INTEREST INCOME	16,747	8,992
Provision for loan losses	780	450
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	15,967	8,542
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Service charges on deposit accounts	935	603
Bank owned life insurance income	212	139
Trust fees	1,496	1,647
Insurance agency commissions	139	146
Security gains	0	10
Retirement plan consulting fees	489	504
Investment commissions	236	298
Net gains on sale of loans	402	123
Other operating income	1,037	567
TOTAL NONINTEREST INCOME	4,946	4,037
NONINTEREST EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits	7,554	5,542
Occupancy and equipment	1,664	1,111
State and local taxes	393	245
Professional fees	529	476
Merger related cost	289	245
Advertising	345	217
FDIC insurance	283	177
Intangible amortization	337	167
Core processing charges	638	381

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Other operating expenses	2,412	1,190
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	14,444	9,751
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	6,469	2,828
INCOME TAXES	1,671	617
NET INCOME	\$4,798	\$2,211
EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and diluted	\$0.18	\$0.12

See accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	(In Thou	sands of
	Dollars)	
	For the Three	
	Months 1	Ended
	March	March
	31,	31,
(Unaudited)	2016	2015
NET INCOME	\$4,798	\$2,211
Other comprehensive income:		
Net unrealized holding gains on available for sale securities	3,357	2,310
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income	0	(10)
Net unrealized holding gains	3,357	2,300
Income tax effect	(1,175)	(806)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	2,182	1,494
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$6,980	\$3,705

See accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	(In Thousands of Dollars) For the		
	Three Months Ended		
(Unaudited)	Ma	arch 31, 2016	
COMMON STOCK			
Beginning balance	\$	176,287	
Stock compensation expense for 383,222 unvested shares		201	
Ending balance		176,488	
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Beginning balance		26,316	
Net income	4,798		
Dividends declared at \$.04 per share		(1,078)
Ending balance		30,036	
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Beginning balance		133	
Other comprehensive income		2,182	
Ending balance		2,315	
TREASURY STOCK, AT COST			
Beginning balance		(4,689)
Purchased 19,900 shares		(168)
Ending balance		(4,857)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	203,982	

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FARMERS NATIONAL BANC CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	(In Thousands of Dollars)	
	Three Months	
	Ended	
	March	March
	31,	31,
(Unaudited)	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$4,798	\$2,211
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	780	450
Depreciation and amortization	904	467
Net amortization of securities	530	363
Security gains	0	(10)
Stock compensation expense	201	58
Loss on sale of other real estate owned	200	13
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(212)	(139)
Origination of loans held for sale	(12,885)	(3,509)
Proceeds from loans held for sale	14,568	3,997
Net gains on sale of loans	(402)	(123)
Net change in other assets and liabilities	(5,983)	(2,913)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,499	865
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from maturities and repayments of securities available for sale	12,013	11,420
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	10	40,913
Purchases of securities available for sale	(1,977)	(23,182)
Loan originations and payments, net	(19,192)	(10,413)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	375	113
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	0	(6,000)
Additions to premises and equipment	(281)	1.22
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(9,052)	12,662
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in deposits	36,835	(6,295)
Net change in short-term borrowings	(50,215)	3,082
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(216)	(25,261)
New advances for long-term borrowings	0	15,000
Cash dividends paid	(1,078)	(552)
Repurchase of common shares	(168)	0
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(14,842)	(14,026)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(21,395)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	56,014	27,428
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$34,619	\$26,929
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$974	\$1,031
•		

Income taxes paid	\$1,000	\$300
Supplemental noncash disclosures:		
Transfer of loans to other real estate	\$188	\$122
Security purchases not settled	\$0	\$7,298

See accompanying notes

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Principles of Consolidation:

Farmers National Banc Corp. ("Company") is a one-bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended. The Company provides full banking services through its nationally chartered subsidiary, The Farmers National Bank of Canfield ("Bank"). The Company acquired First National Bank of Orrville ("First National Bank") a subsidiary of National Bancshares Corporation ("NBOH") and National Community Bank ("FNCB") a subsidiary of Tri-State* Banc, Inc. ("Tri-State") during 2015 and consolidated all activity of both acquisitions within the Bank. The consolidated financial statements also include the accounts of the Farmers National Bank of Canfield's subsidiaries; Farmers National Insurance ("Insurance") and Farmers of Canfield Investment Co. ("Investments"). The Company provides trust services through its subsidiary, Farmers Trust Company ("Trust"), retirement consulting services through National Associates, Inc. ("NAI") and insurance services through the Bank's subsidiary, Insurance. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, the Bank and its subsidiaries, along with Trust and NAI. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

Basis of Presentation:

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2015 Annual Report to Shareholders included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring items) that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods disclosed herein are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. Certain items included in the prior period financial statements were reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. There was no effect on net income or total stockholders' equity.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Segments:

The Company provides a broad range of financial services to individuals and companies in northeastern Ohio. Operations are managed and financial performance is primarily aggregated and reported in three lines of business, the Bank segment, the Trust segment and the Retirement Consulting segment.

Comprehensive Income:

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income consists of unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale and changes in the funded status of the post-retirement health plan, which are recognized as separate components of equity, net of tax effects. For all periods presented there was no change in the funded status of the post-retirement health plan.

New Accounting Standards:

In March 2016, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-09 - Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The Board is issuing this Update as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. The areas for simplification in this Update involve several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Some of the areas for simplification apply only to nonpublic entities. In addition, the amendments in this Update eliminate the guidance in Topic 718 that was indefinitely deferred shortly after the issuance of FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment. This ASU is the final version of Proposed Accounting Standards Update—Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which has been deleted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 - Leases (Topic 842). The ASU will require all organizations that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures will be required so that users can understand more about the nature of an entity's leasing activities. The amendments in this Update create Topic 842 Leases, and supersede the leases requirements in Topic 840 Leases. Topic 842 specifies the accounting for leases. The objective of Topic 842 is to establish the principles that lessees and lessors shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from a lease. This ASU is the final version of Proposed Accounting Standards Update (Revised) 2013-270—Leases (Topic 842), which has been deleted. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01 - Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The amendments in this Update require all equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income (other than those accounted for under equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee). The amendments in this Update also require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. In addition the amendments in this Update eliminate the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities and the requirement for to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet for public business entities. This Accounting Standards Update is the final version of Proposed Accounting Standards Update 2013-220—Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10) and Proposed Accounting Standards Update 2013-221—Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10). The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Business Acquisitions:

On October 1, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Tri-State, the parent company of FNCB. The transaction involved both cash and 1,296,517 shares of stock totaling \$14.3 million. Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, common shareholders of Tri-State received 1.747 common shares, without par value, of the Company or \$14.20 in cash, for each common share of Tri-State, subject to proration provisions specified in the merger agreement that provide for a targeted aggregate split of total consideration consisting of 75% shares of Farmers' common stock and 25% cash. Preferred shareholders of Tri-State received \$13.60 in cash for each share of Series A Preferred Stock, without par value, of Tri-State.

Goodwill of \$2.8 million, which is recorded on the balance sheet, arising from the acquisition consisted largely of synergies and the cost savings resulting from the combining of the companies. The goodwill was determined not to be deductible for income tax purposes. The fair value of other intangible assets of \$1.2 million is related to core deposits.

On June 19, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of all outstanding stock of NBOH, the parent company of First National Bank of Orrville. The transaction involved both cash and 7,262,955 shares of stock totaling \$74.8 million. First National Bank of Orrville branches became branches of Farmers National Bank of Canfield. Pursuant to the Agreement, each shareholder of NBOH received either \$32.15 per share in cash or 4.034 shares of Farmers' common stock, subject to an overall limitation of 80% of the shares of NBOH being exchanged for stock and 20% for cash.

Goodwill of \$26.7 million, which is recorded on the balance sheet, arising from the acquisition consisted largely of synergies and the cost savings resulting from the combining of the companies. The goodwill was determined not to be deductible for income tax purposes. The fair value of other intangible assets of \$4.4 million is related to core deposits.

The acquisitions provide an attractive mix of additional loans and deposits and helps the Company achieve additional operating scale that will drive earnings per share growth. In addition to the financial benefits, the merger is a significant step in the Company's strategy to expand its footprint.

The following table summarizes the consideration paid for Tri-State and NBOH and the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the closing date of each acquisition.

	(In Thousands of Dollars)	
Consideration	Tri-State	NBOH
Consideration	¢2.607	¢ 15 722
Cash	\$3,607	\$15,732
Stock	10,733	59,048
Fair value of total consideration transferred	\$14,340	\$74,780
Fair value of assets acquired		
Cash and due from financial institutions	\$13,553	\$37,035
Securities available for sale	48,300	51,340
Loans, net	66,374	430,035
Premises and equipment	1,935	6,105
Bank owned life insurance	3,274	2,891
Core deposit intangible	1,173	4,409
Other assets	1,329	7,996
Total assets	135,938	539,811
Fair value of liabilities assumed		
Deposits	114,342	423,661
Short-term borrowings	0	65,537
Long-term borrowings	2,002	0
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	8,072	2,514
Total liabilities	124,416	491,712
Net assets acquired	\$11,522	\$48,099
Goodwill created	2,818	26,681
Total net assets acquired	\$14,340	\$74,780

The fair value of net assets acquired includes fair value adjustments to certain receivables that were not considered impaired as of the acquisition date. The fair value adjustments were determined using discounted contractual cash flows. However, the Company believes that all contractual cash flows related to the financial instruments acquired from Tri-State will be collected. As such, these receivables were not considered impaired at the acquisition date and were not subject to the guidance relating to purchased credit impaired loans. Purchase credit impaired loans would have shown evidence of credit deterioration since origination.

The following table presents pro forma information as if both acquisitions that occurred during 2015 actually took place at the beginning of 2015. The pro forma information includes adjustments for merger related costs, amortization of intangibles arising from the transaction and the related income tax effects. The pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that would have occurred had the transactions been effective on the assumed date.

For Three Months

	Ended
	March
	31,
(In thousands of dollars except per share results)	2015
Net interest income	\$14,992
Net income	\$3,996
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$0.16

Securities:

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of the available-for-sale investment securities portfolio at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and the corresponding amounts of unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income:

(In Thousands of Dollars)	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	I
				Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
March 31, 2016				
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities	\$10,235	\$ 62	\$ (3) \$10,294
State and political subdivisions	136,503	2,691	(99) 139,095
Corporate bonds	1,134	15	0	1,149
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	189,492	2,306	(1,064) 190,734
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	26,957	10	(491) 26,476
Small Business Administration	19,216	1	(161) 19,056
Equity securities	204	122	(37) 289
Totals	\$383,741	\$ 5,207	\$ (1,855) \$387,093

		Gross	Gross	
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	
				Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
December 31, 2015				
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities	\$11,120	\$ 38	\$ (52) \$11,106
State and political subdivisions	136,781	2,354	(412) 138,723
Corporate bonds	1,134	5	(5) 1,134
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	197,289	1,433	(2,135) 196,587
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	28,035	0	(870) 27,165
Small Business Administration	19,755	1	(457) 19,299
Equity securities	203	127	(32) 298
Totals	\$394,317	\$ 3,958	\$ (3,963) \$394,312

Proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities were \$10 thousand during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Gross gains of \$1 thousand and gross losses of \$1 thousand were realized on these sales during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Proceeds from the sale of portfolio securities were \$40.9 million during the three month period ended March 31, 2015. Gross gains were \$73 thousand along with gross losses of \$63 thousand during the same three month period ended March 31, 2015.

The amortized cost and fair value of the debt securities portfolio are shown by expected maturity. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities if issuers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately.

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	March 31, 2016 Amortized Fair	
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Cost	Value
Maturity		
Within one year	\$16,598	\$16,704
One to five years	68,090	69,282
Five to ten years	54,801	56,129
Beyond ten years	8,383	8,423
Mortgage-backed, collateralized mortgage obligations and Small		
Business Administration securities	235,665	236,266
Total	\$383,537	\$386,804

The following table summarizes the investment securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, aggregated by major security type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position.

12 Months or

\$121,893 \$ (1,464) \$86,038 \$ (2,499) \$207,931 \$ (3,963)

Longer

Total

Less than 12

Months

	Monus		Longer		Total		
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	l
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	
March 31, 2016							
Available-for-sale							
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored							
entities	\$1,668	\$ (3)	\$200	\$ 0	\$1,868	\$ (3)
State and political subdivisions	14,045	(90)	566	(9)	14,611	(99)
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	23,062	(124)	48,845	(940)	71,907	(1,064)
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	7,655	(21)	12,455	(470)	20,110	(491)
Small Business Administration	10,037	(19)	8,961	(142)	18,998	(161)
Equity securities	112	(37)	0	0	112	(37)
Total	\$56,579	\$ (294)	\$71,027	\$ (1,561)	\$127,606	\$ (1,855)
			12 Montl	ns or			
	Less than	12 Months	12 Month Longer	ns or	Total		
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Less than Fair	12 Months Unrealized	Longer	ns or Unrealized		Unrealized	i
(In Thousands of Dollars)			Longer			Unrealized Loss	l
(In Thousands of Dollars) December 31, 2015	Fair	Unrealized	Longer Fair	Unrealized	Fair		l
	Fair	Unrealized	Longer Fair	Unrealized	Fair		1
December 31, 2015	Fair	Unrealized	Longer Fair	Unrealized	Fair		1
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale	Fair	Unrealized Loss	Longer Fair	Unrealized	Fair		1
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Longer Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Loss	i)
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities	Fair Value \$6,044	Unrealized Loss	Longer Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Loss \$ (52	i))
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities State and political subdivisions	Fair Value \$6,044 22,016	Unrealized Loss \$ (51) (167)	Longer Fair Value \$199 12,635	Unrealized Loss \$ (1) (245)	Fair Value \$6,243 34,651	\$ (52 (412	i)))
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities State and political subdivisions Corporate bonds	Fair Value \$6,044 22,016 102 79,301	Unrealized Loss \$ (51	Longer Fair Value \$199 12,635 478	Unrealized Loss \$ (1) (245) (4)	Fair Value \$6,243 34,651 580	\$ (52 (412 (5	i)))
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities State and political subdivisions Corporate bonds Mortgage-backed securities - residential	Fair Value \$6,044 22,016 102 79,301	\$ (51) (167) (1,044)	Longer Fair Value \$199 12,635 478 40,794	Unrealized Loss \$ (1	Fair Value \$6,243 34,651 580 120,095	\$ (52 (412 (5 (2,135	1))))))))
December 31, 2015 Available-for-sale U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored entities State and political subdivisions Corporate bonds Mortgage-backed securities - residential Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	\$6,044 22,016 102 79,301 14,342	\$ (51) (167) (1,044) (169)	\$199 12,635 478 40,794 12,695	Unrealized Loss \$ (1	Fair Value \$6,243 34,651 580 120,095 27,037	\$ (52 (412 (5 (2,135 (870	1)))))))))

Other-Than-Temporary-Impairment

Total

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such an evaluation. Investment securities are generally evaluated for OTTI under FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 320, Investments – Debt and Equity Securities. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, whether the market decline was affected by macroeconomic conditions and whether the Company has the intent to sell the debt security or more likely than not will be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, the Company may consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, or U.S. government sponsored enterprises, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition. The assessment of whether an other-than-temporary decline exists involves a high degree of subjectivity and judgment and is based on the information available to management at a point in time.

When OTTI occurs, the amount of the OTTI recognized in earnings depends on whether an entity intends to sell the security or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis. If an entity intends to sell or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, the OTTI shall be recognized in earnings equal to the entire difference between the investment's amortized cost basis and its fair value at the balance sheet date. The previous amortized cost basis less the OTTI recognized in earnings becomes the new amortized cost basis of the investment. For debt securities that do not meet the aforementioned criteria, the amount of impairment is split into two components as follows: 1) OTTI related to credit loss, which must be recognized in the income statement and 2) OTTI related to other factors, which is recognized in other comprehensive income or loss. The credit loss is defined as the difference between the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected and the amortized cost basis. For equity securities, the entire amount of impairment is recognized through earnings.

As of March 31, 2016, the Company's security portfolio consisted of 470 securities, 97 of which were in an unrealized loss position. The majority of the unrealized losses on the Company's securities are related to its holdings of mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, state and political subdivision securities, and Small Business Administration securities as discussed below.

Unrealized losses on debt securities issued by state and political subdivisions have not been recognized into income. These securities have maintained their investment grade ratings and management does not have the intent and does not expect to be required to sell these securities before their anticipated recovery. The fair value is expected to recover as the securities approach their maturity date.

All of the Company's holdings of collateralized mortgage obligations and residential mortgage-backed securities were issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities. Unrealized losses on these securities have not been recognized into income. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and illiquidity, and not credit quality, the issues are guaranteed by the issuing entity which the U.S. government has affirmed its commitment to support, and because the Company does not have the intent to sell these residential mortgage-backed securities and it is likely that it will not be required to sell the securities before their anticipated recovery, the Company does not consider these securities to be OTTI.

Management does not believe any unrealized losses on Small Business Administration securities represent an other-than-temporary impairment. The securities are issued and backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and the Company does not have the intent and does not anticipate that it will be required to sell these securities before their anticipated recovery. The fair value of these securities is expected to recover as they approach their maturity.

Loans:

Loan balances were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
(In Thousands of		
Dollars)	2016	2015
Originated loans:		
Commercial real		
estate		
Owner occupied	\$112,454	\$113,160
Non-owner occupied	150,137	139,502
Other	50,002	50,855
Commercial	168,686	157,447
Residential real	·	ŕ
estate		
1-4 family residential	192,001	179,657
Home equity lines of credit	43,985	41,171
Consumer		
Indirect	127,118	127,335
Direct	19,965	17,325
Other	4,708	4,508
Subtotal	\$869,056	\$830,960
Net deferred loan costs	2,698	2,731
Costs	(9,376) (8,947)

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Allowance for loan		
losses		
Total originated	\$862,378	\$824,744
loans	\$602,376	\$624,744
Acquired loans:		
Commercial real		
estate		
Owner occupied	\$132,512	\$131,673
Non-owner	27,102	28,045
occupied	27,102	20,043
Other	19,397	23,536
Commercial	65,683	73,621
Residential real		
estate		
1-4 family	130,545	133,701
residential	150,545	155,701
Home equity lines	39,508	40,929
of credit	37,300	40,727
Consumer		
Direct	28,725	31,465
Other	275	204
Subtotal	\$443,747	\$463,174
Allowance for loan	(14) (31)
losses	(14) (31)
Total acquired	443,733	463,143
loans		·
Net loans	\$1,306,111	\$1,287,887

Certain loan categories have been reclassified in the current presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net income or stockholders' equity.

Purchased credit impaired loans

As part of the NBOH acquisition the Company acquired various loans that displayed evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and which was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The carrying amounts and contractually required payments of these loans which are included in the loan balances above are summarized in the following tables:

	March 31,	December 31,
(In Thousands of Dollars)	2016	2015
Commercial real estate		
Owner occupied	\$696	\$ 986
Non-owner occupied	477	501
Commercial	1,273	1,576
Total outstanding balance	\$2,446	\$ 3,063
Carrying amount, net of allowance of \$14 in 2016 and \$31 in 2015	\$1,902	\$ 2,184

Accretable yield, or income expected to be collected, is shown in the table below:

	March
	31,
(In Thousands of Dollars)	2016
Beginning balance	\$ 323
New loans purchased	0
Accretion of income	(18)
Ending balance	\$ 305

The key assumptions considered include probability of default and the amount of actual prepayments after the acquisition date. Prepayments affect the estimated life of the loans and could change the amount of interest income and principal expected to be collected. In reforecasting future estimated cash flows, credit loss expectations are adjusted as necessary. There were no adjustments to forecasted cash flows that impacted the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

The following tables present the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

	Commercial		Residential			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Real Estate	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses						
Beginning balance	\$ 3,127	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,845	\$ 2,160	\$ 473	\$8,978
Provision for loan losses	43	64	75	446	152	780
Loans charged off	0	0	(34)	(544) 0	(578)
Recoveries	11	15	28	156	0	210
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 3,181	\$ 1,452	\$ 1,914	\$ 2,218	\$ 625	\$9,390

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

	Commercia	1	Residential			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Real Estate	Commercia	al Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	l Total
Allowance for loan losses						
Beginning balance	\$ 2,676	\$ 1,420	\$ 1,689	\$ 1,663	\$ 184	\$7,632
Provision for loan losses	232	(70) 10	352	(74) 450
Loans charged off	(4) 0	(81) (533) 0	(618)
Recoveries	13	1	22	223	0	259
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 2,917	\$ 1,351	\$ 1,640	\$ 1,705	\$ 110	\$7,723

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The recorded investment in loans includes the unpaid principal balance and unamortized loan origination fees and costs, but excludes accrued interest receivable, which is not considered to be material:

March 31, 2016

	Commercial		Residential				
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Real Estate	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Ur	nallocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses:							
Ending allowance balance							
C							
attributable to loans:							
Individually evaluated for							
•	\$ 418	\$ 5	\$ 59	\$0	\$	0	\$482
impairment							
Collectively evaluated for							
·	2,763	1,433	1,855	2,218		625	8,894
impairment							
Acquired loans	0	0	0	0		0	0
Acquired with deteriorated							
-	0	14	0	0		0	14
credit quality							
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 3,181	\$ 1,452	\$ 1,914	\$2,218	\$	625	\$9,390
Loans:							
Loans individually evaluated							
	\$ 5,444	\$ 670	\$ 3,354	\$88	\$	0	\$9,556
for impairment							
Loans collectively evaluated							
	306,334	167,728	232,190	155,946		0	862,198
for impairment							
Acquired loans	178,030	64,748	170,053	29,000		0	441,831
Acquired with deteriorated							
	981	935	0	0		0	1,916
credit quality							
Total ending loans balance	\$ 490,789	\$ 234,081	\$ 405,597	\$185,034	\$	0	\$1,315,501

December 31, 2015

	Commercial		Residential			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Real Estate	Commercial	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total

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Allowance for loan losses:						
Ending allowance balance						
attributable to loans:						
Individually evaluated for						
	\$ 429	\$ 5	\$ 63	\$0	\$ 0	\$497
impairment						
Collectively evaluated for						
	2,698	1,337	1,782	2,160	473	8,450
impairment						
Acquired loans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acquired with deteriorated						
	0	31	0	0	0	31
credit quality						
Total ending allowance balance	\$ 3,127	\$ 1,373	\$ 1,845	\$2,160	\$ 473	\$8,978
Loans:						
Loans individually evaluated						
	\$ 5,853	\$ 712	\$ 3,414	\$103	\$ 0	\$10,082
for impairment						
Loans collectively evaluated						
·	296,866	156,415	217,023	153,305	0	823,609
for impairment						
Acquired loans	181,987	72,673	174,630	31,669	0	460,959
Acquired with deteriorated						
•	1,267	948	0	0	0	2,215
credit quality	ĺ					,
Total ending loans balance	\$ 485,973	\$ 230,748	\$ 395,067	\$185,077	\$ 0	\$1,296,865
8	•	,	•	,		

The following tables present information related to impaired loans by class of loans as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Allowance for Loan Losses
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Balance	Investment	Allocated
March 31, 2016			
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	\$ 2,582	\$ 2,062	\$ 0
Non-owner occupied	336	335	0
Commercial	793	590	0
Residential real estate			
1-4 family residential	2,540	2,275	0
Home equity lines of credit	248	233	0
Consumer	173	88	0
Subtotal	6,672	5,583	0
	,	•	
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	1,587	1,585	373
Non-owner occupied	1,463	1,462	45
Commercial	80	80	5
Residential real estate	00	00	3
1-4 family residential	780	760	57
Home equity lines of credit	86	86	2
Subtotal	3,996	3,973	482
Total	\$ 10,668	\$ 9,556	\$ 482
Total	φ 10,000	\$ 9,550	
			Allowance
	Unpaid		Loan
	Principal	Recorded	Losses
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Balance	Investment	Allocated
December 31, 2015			
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	\$ 2,956	\$ 2,436	\$ 0
Non-owner occupied	343	342	0
Commercial	834	631	0
Residential real estate			
1-4 family residential	2,575	2,310	0

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Home equity lines of credit	283	268	0
Consumer	214	103	0
Subtotal	7,205	6,090	0
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial real estate			
Owner occupied	1,597	1,595	379
Non-owner occupied	1,480	1,480	50
Commercial	81	81	5
Residential real estate			
1-4 family residential	769	749	61
Home equity lines of credit	87	87	2
Subtotal	4,014	3,992	497
Total	\$11,219	\$ 10,082	\$ 497

The following tables present the average recorded investment in impaired loans by class and interest income recognized by loan class for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Average		Interest	
	Recorded		Income	
	Investment		Recognized	
			For Three	
	For Thre	ee	Months	
	Months	Ended	Ended	
	March 3	31,	March 31,	
(In Thousands of Dollars)	2016	2015	2016	2015
With no related allowance recorded:				
Commercial real estate				
Owner occupied	\$2,307	\$2,311	\$10	\$16
Non-owner occupied	336	387	4	6
Commercial	614	463	5	6
Residential real estate				
1-4 family residential	2,292	2,125	38	31
Home equity lines of credit	240	251	3	3
Consumer	116	91	3	4
Subtotal	5,905	5,628	63	66
With an allowance recorded:				
Commercial real estate				
Owner occupied	1,589	2,870	9	24
Non-owner occupied	1,469	1,537	19	20
Commercial	80	1,117	1	1
Residential real estate				
1-4 family residential	749	983	9	9
Home equity lines of credit	86	90	1	1
Subtotal	3,973	6,597	39	55
Total	\$9,878	\$12,225	\$102	\$121

Cash basis interest recognized during the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 was materially equal to interest income recognized.

Nonaccrual loans and loans past due 90 days or more still on accrual include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The following table presents the recorded investment in nonaccrual and loans past due 90 days or more still on accrual by class of loans as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

			Decemb	er 31,
	March 3	31, 2016	2015	
		Loans		Loans
		Past Due		Past Due
		90 Days		90 Days
		or More		or More
		~ !!!		a
(I TIL 1 CD 11)	NT	Still	N.T.	Still
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Nonacci	ruAdcruing	Nonacci	ru A ccruing
Originated loans:				
Commercial real estate	¢2.042	Φ. Λ	ф2 212	Φ. Ο
Owner occupied	\$2,943	\$ 0	\$3,313	\$ 0
Non-owner occupied	336	2	345	0
Commercial	571	0	541	73
Residential real estate	0.101		2.406	226
1-4 family residential	2,194	451	2,406	336
Home equity lines of credit	131	60	127	112
Consumer				
Indirect	216	122	266	297
Direct	19	0	30	3
Other	0	10	0	24
Total originated loans	\$6,410	\$ 645	\$7,028	\$ 845
Acquired loans:				
Commercial real estate				
Owner occupied	\$138	\$ 0	\$126	\$ 18
Other	75	0	92	0
Commercial	976	0	1,068	0
Residential real estate				
1-4 family residential	447	752	458	467
Home equity lines of credit	124	7	125	7
Consumer				
Direct	136	0	161	50
Total acquired loans	\$1,896	\$ 759	\$2,030	\$ 542
Total loans	\$8,306	\$ 1,404	\$9,058	\$ 1,387

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 by class of loans:

	30-59	60-89					
	Days Past	Days Past		Days or More	Total Past	Loans Not	
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Due	Due	an	d Nonaccrual	Due	Past Due	Total
March 31, 2016							
Originated loans:							
Commercial real estate							
Owner occupied	\$182	\$0	\$	2,943	\$3,125	\$109,067	\$112,192
Non-owner occupied	0	0		338	338	149,417	149,755
Other	0	0		0	0	49,831	49,831
Commercial	87	48		571	706	167,692	168,398
Residential real estate							
1-4 family residential	1,571	1,307		2,645	5,523	185,987	191,510
Home equity lines of credit	318	4		191	513	43,521	44,034
Consumer							
Indirect	1,423	312		338	2,073	129,117	131,190
Direct	227	41		19	287	19,848	20,135
Other	17	12		10	39	4,670	4,709
Total originated loans:	\$3,825	\$1,724	\$	7,055	\$12,604	\$859,150	\$871,754
Acquired loans:							
Commercial real estate							
Owner occupied	\$500	\$523	\$	138	\$1,161	\$131,351	\$132,512
Non-owner occupied	71	0		0	71	27,031	27,102
Other	0	0		75	75	19,322	19,397
Commercial	567	775		976	2,318	63,365	65,683
Residential real estate							
1-4 family residential	749	668		1,199	2,616	127,929	130,545
Home equity lines of credit	86	62		131	279	39,229	39,508
Consumer							
Direct	470	50		136	656	28,069	28,725
Other	2	0		0	2	273	275
Total acquired loans	\$2,445	\$2,078	\$	2,655	\$7,178	\$436,569	\$443,747
Total loans	\$6,270	\$3,802	\$	9,710	\$19,782	\$1,295,719	\$1,315,501

	30-59	60-89					
			90	Days or More			
	Days	Days		•	Total		
	Past	Past	Pa	ast Due	Past	Loans Not	
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Due	Due	an	nd Nonaccrual	Due	Past Due	Total
December 31, 2015							
Originated loans:							
Commercial real estate							
Owner occupied	\$34	\$0	\$	3,313	\$3,347	\$109,532	\$112,879
Non-owner occupied	0	0		345	345	138,824	139,169
Other	112	0		0	112	50,559	50,671
Commercial	0	0		614	614	156,513	157,127
Residential real estate							
1-4 family residential	1,694	402		2,742	4,838	174,376	179,214
Home equity lines of credit	62	5		239	306	40,917	41,223
Consumer							
Indirect	2,059	525		563	3,147	128,280	131,427
Direct	311	5		33	349	17,124	17,473
Other	13	10		24	47	4,461	4,508
Total originated loans	\$4,285	\$947	\$	7,873	\$13,105	\$820,586	\$833,691
Acquired loans:							
Commercial real estate							
Owner occupied	\$669	\$0	\$	144	\$813	\$130,860	\$131,673
Non-owner occupied	0	0		0	0	28,045	28,045
Other	0	0		92	92	23,444	23,536
Commercial	276	2		1,068	1,346	72,275	73,621
Residential real estate							
1-4 family residential	1,994	244		925	3,163	130,538	133,701
Home equity lines of credit	78	11		132	221	40,708	40,929
Consumer							
Direct	567	56		211	834	30,631	31,465
Other	0	0		0	0	204	204
Total acquired loans	\$3,584	\$313	\$	2,572	\$6,469	\$456,705	\$463,174
Total loans	\$7,869	\$1,260	\$	10,445	\$19,574	\$1,277,291	\$1,296,865

Troubled Debt Restructurings:

Total troubled debt restructurings were \$8.8 million and \$9.3 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company has allocated \$497 thousand and \$528 thousand of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. There were no commitments to lend additional amounts to borrowers with loans that were classified as troubled debt restructurings at March 31, 2016 and at December 31, 2015.

During the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the terms of certain loans were modified as troubled debt restructurings. The modification of the terms of such loans included one or a combination of the following: a

reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date at a stated rate of interest lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; or a legal concession. During 2016, the terms of such loans included a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan by 1.24% and an extension of the maturity date by 120 months. During the same three month period in 2015, loans modified as trouble debt restructurings had loan maturity dates extended in the range of 9 to 120 months.

The following table presents loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

		Pre-	Modification	Post-	-Modification
Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Number of	Outs	tanding Recorded	Outs	tanding Recorded
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Loans	Investment		Investment	
Originated loans:					
Residential real estate					
1-4 family residential	3	\$	47	\$	48
Indirect	8		77		77
Total originated loans	11		124		125
Acquired loans:					
Consumer	1		33		33
Total loans	12	\$	157	\$	158

		Pre-	Modification	Post-	-Modification
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	Number of	Outs	tanding Recorded	Outs	tanding Recorded
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Loans	Loans Investment		Inve	stment
Troubled Debt Restructurings:					
Commercial	1	\$	8	\$	8
Residential real estate					
1-4 family residential	3		354		354
Home equity lines of credit	1		50		50
Indirect	2		36		36
Total	7	\$	448	\$	448

There were \$11 thousand in charge offs and a \$11 thousand increase to the provision for loan losses during the three month period ended March 31, 2016, as a result of troubled debt restructurings. There were \$35 thousand in charge offs and a \$33 thousand increase to the provision for loan losses during the three month period ended March 31, 2015, as a result of troubled debt restructurings.

There was one residential real estate loan and one home equity line of credit for which there was a payment default for both within twelve months following the modification of the troubled debt restructuring during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. These loans were past due at March 31, 2016. There was no provision recorded as a result of the defaults during 2016. A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 30 days contractually past due under the modified terms.

There was one residential real estate loan modified as a troubled debt restructuring for which there was a payment default within the twelve months following the modification during the three month period ended March 31, 2015. This loan was past due at March 31, 2015. There was a \$23 thousand provision to the loan losses as a result of the default during 2015.

Credit Quality Indicators:

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company establishes a risk rating at origination for all commercial loan and commercial real estate relationships. For relationships over \$750 thousand, management monitors the loans on an ongoing basis for any changes in the borrower's ability to service their debt. Management also affirms the risk ratings for the loans and leases in their respective portfolios on an annual basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date. Special mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. Substandard loans are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans.

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

		Special	Sub			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Pass	Mention	standard	Doi	ıbtful	Total
March 31, 2016	1 ass	MCIIIIOII	Standard	Dot	iotiui	Total
Originated loans:						
Commercial real estate						
Owner occupied	\$106,803	\$ 1,053	\$4,336	\$	0	\$112,192
Non-owner occupied	146,493	444	2,818	Ψ	0	149,755
Other	49,542	0	289		0	49,831
Commercial	165,376	926	2,096		0	168,398
Total originated loans	\$468,214	\$ 2,423	\$9,539	\$	0	\$480,176
Acquired loans:	ψ+00,21+	Ψ 2,723	Ψ , , , , , , , ,	Ψ	U	ψ+00,170
Commercial real estate						
Owner occupied	\$129,709	\$ 783	\$2,020	\$	0	\$132,512
Non-owner occupied	25,975	736	391	Ψ	0	27,102
Other	18,723	476	198		0	19,397
Commercial	61,053	1,594	3,036		0	65,683
Total acquired loans	\$235,460	\$3,589	\$5,645	\$	0	\$244,694
Total loans	\$703,674	\$ 6,012	\$15,184	\$	0	\$724,870
Total loans	\$ 703,074	\$ 0,012	φ13,10 4	Ψ	U	\$ 724,070
		Special	Sub			
		Special	Sub			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Pass	Mention	standard	Doi	ıbtful	Total
December 31, 2015						
Originated loans:						
Commercial real estate						
Owner occupied	\$107,222	\$ 1,069	\$4,588	\$	0	\$112,879
Non-owner occupied	135,847	461	2,861	_	0	139,169
Other	50,376	0	295		0	50,671
Commercial	154,215	939	1,973		0	157,127
Total originated loans	\$447,660	\$ 2,469	\$9,717	\$	0	\$459,846
Acquired loans:	, ,	,	, . = .	T		,,
Commercial real estate						

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Owner occupied	\$130,028	\$0	\$1,645	\$ 0	\$131,673
Non-owner occupied	26,141	1,340	564	0	28,045
Other	22,843	476	217	0	23,536
Commercial	69,674	635	3,312	0	73,621
Total acquired loans	\$248,686	\$ 2,451	\$5,738	\$ 0	\$256,875
Total loans	\$696,346	\$4,920	\$15,455	\$ 0	\$716,721

The Company considers the performance of the loan portfolio and its impact on the allowance for loan losses. For residential, consumer indirect and direct loan classes, the Company also evaluates credit quality based on the aging status of the loan, which was previously presented, and by payment activity. In the 1-4 family residential real estate portfolio at March 31, 2016 there were \$430 thousand of other real estate owned properties and \$791 thousand of properties in foreclosure. Other real estate owned and foreclosure properties were \$328 thousand and \$857 thousand at December 31, 2015, respectively.

The following table presents the recorded investment in residential, consumer indirect and direct auto loans based on payment activity as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. Nonperforming loans are loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest and nonaccrual loans.

	Residentia	1 Real			
	Estate	11001	Consumer		
		Home			
	1-4	Equity			
	Family	Lines of			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Residentia	l Credit	Indirect	Direct	Other
March 31, 2016					
Originated loans:					
Performing	\$188,865	\$43,843	\$130,852	\$20,116	\$4,699
Nonperforming	2,645	191	338	19	10
Total originated loans	\$191,510	\$44,034	\$131,190	\$20,135	\$4,709
Acquired loans:					
Performing	\$129,346	\$39,377	\$0	\$28,589	\$275
Nonperforming	1,199	131	0	136	0
Total acquired loans	130,545	39,508	0	28,725	275
Total loans	\$322,055	\$83,542	\$131,190	\$48,860	\$4,984
	Residentia	l Real			
	Residentia Estate	l Real	Consumer		
	Estate	Home	Consumer		
	Estate 1-4	Home Equity	Consumer		
	Estate 1-4 Family	Home Equity Lines of			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Estate 1-4	Home Equity Lines of	Consumer	Direct	Other
December 31, 2015	Estate 1-4 Family	Home Equity Lines of		Direct	Other
December 31, 2015 Originated loans:	Estate 1-4 Family	Home Equity Lines of		Direct	Other
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia	Home Equity Lines of 1Credit \$40,984	Indirect \$130,864	\$17,440	\$4,484
December 31, 2015 Originated loans:	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia	Home Equity Lines of l Credit	Indirect \$130,864 563		
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing Nonperforming Total originated loans	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia	Home Equity Lines of 1Credit \$40,984	Indirect \$130,864	\$17,440	\$4,484
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing Nonperforming	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia \$176,472 2,742	Home Equity Lines of 1Credit \$40,984 239 \$41,223	Indirect \$130,864 563	\$17,440 33	\$4,484 24
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing Nonperforming Total originated loans	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia \$176,472 2,742	Home Equity Lines of 1 Credit \$40,984 239	Indirect \$130,864 563	\$17,440 33	\$4,484 24
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing Nonperforming Total originated loans Acquired loans: Performing Nonperforming	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia \$176,472 2,742 \$179,214	Home Equity Lines of 1Credit \$40,984 239 \$41,223 \$40,797 132	\$130,864 563 \$131,427 \$0 0	\$17,440 33 \$17,473	\$4,484 24 \$4,508 \$204 0
December 31, 2015 Originated loans: Performing Nonperforming Total originated loans Acquired loans: Performing	Estate 1-4 Family Residentia \$176,472 2,742 \$179,214 \$132,776	Home Equity Lines of 1Credit \$40,984 239 \$41,223	\$130,864 563 \$131,427	\$17,440 33 \$17,473 \$31,254	\$4,484 24 \$4,508

Interest-Rate Swaps:

The Company uses a program that utilizes interest-rate swaps as part of its asset/liability management strategy. The interest-rate swaps are used to help manage the Company's interest rate risk position and not as derivatives for trading purposes. The notional amount of the interest-rate swaps does not represent amounts exchanged by the parties. The amount exchanged is determined by reference to the notional amount and the other terms of the individual interest-rate swap agreements.

The objective of the interest-rate swaps is to protect the related fixed rate commercial real estate loans from changes in fair value due to changes in interest rates. The Company has a program whereby it lends to its borrowers at a fixed rate with the loan agreement containing a two-way yield maintenance provision, which will be invoked in the event of prepayment of the loan, and is expected to exactly offset the fair value of unwinding the swap. The yield maintenance provision represents an embedded derivative which is bifurcated from the host loan contract and, as such, the swaps and embedded derivatives are not designated as hedges. Accordingly, both instruments are carried at fair value and changes in fair value are reported in current period earnings.

Summary information about these interest-rate swaps at periods ended March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	March			
	31,	De	ecembe	r
	2016	31	, 2015	
Notional amounts (In thousands)	\$35,299	\$3	30,763	
Weighted average pay rate on interest-rate swaps	4.26	% 4	4.25	%
Weighted average receive rate on interest-rate swaps	2.81	% 2	2.70	%
Weighted average maturity (years)	4.0	4	4.1	
Fair value of combined interest-rate swaps (In thousands)	\$1,563	\$ 7	789	

The fair value of the yield maintenance provisions and interest-rate swaps is recorded in other assets and other liabilities, respectively, in the consolidated balance sheets. Changes in the fair value of the yield maintenance provisions and interest-rate swaps are reported in earnings, as other noninterest income in the consolidated statements of income. For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 there were no net gains or losses recognized in earnings.

Earnings Per Share:

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share is shown in the following table:

	Three Months March, 31,	s Ended
	2016	2015
Basic EPS		
Net income (In thousands)	\$4,798	\$2,211
Weighted average shares outstanding	27,047,168	18,427,901
Basic earnings per share	\$0.18	\$0.12
Diluted EPS		
Net income (In thousands)	\$4,798	\$2,211
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	27,047,168	18,427,901
Dilutive effect of restricted stock awards	10,670	1,408
Weighted average shares for diluted earnings per share	27,057,838	18,429,309
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.18	\$0.12

There were no restricted stock awards that were considered anti-dilutive for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

Stock Based Compensation:

During 2012, the Company, with the approval of shareholders, created the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan permits the award of up to 500 thousand shares to the Company's directors and employees to promote the Company's long-term financial success by motivating performance through long-term incentive compensation and to better align the interests of its employees with those of its shareholders. There were 62,242 additional shares granted under the Plan during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Expense recognized for the Plan was \$201 thousand for the three month period ended March 31, 2016. As of March 31, 2016, there was \$2.0 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to the nonvested shares granted under the Plan. The remaining cost is expected to be recognized over 2.8 years. There were 80,918 shares granted and \$58 thousand of expense recognized for the Plan for the three month period ended March 31, 2015.

Granted shares are earned upon meeting certain target performance metrics that are measured using extensive performance review scorecards. The main metrics used include earnings per share, return on average assets and the efficiency ratio. The shares have forfeitable dividend rights; as such the shares do not meet the definition of participating shares.

The following is the activity under the Plan during the three months ended March 31, 2016:

Restricted Stock Units Weighted Average

Grant Date Fair

	Units	Va	lue
Nonvested at January 1, 2016	320,980	\$	7.88
Granted	62,242		8.98
Vested	0		0.00
Forfeited	0		0.00
Nonvested at March 31, 2016	383,222	\$	8.06

Other Comprehensive Income:

The following table represents the detail of other comprehensive income for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Pre-tax	Tax	After-Tax	
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities during the period	\$3,357	\$(1,175	\$ 2,182	
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income (1)	0	0	0	
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	\$3,357	\$(1,175	\$ 2,182	
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015			
(In Thousands of Dollars)	Pre-tax	Tax	After-Tax	
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities during the period	\$2,310	\$(808)	\$ 1,502	
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income (1)	(10) 2	(8)	
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	\$2,300		\$ 1,494	

⁽¹⁾ Pre-tax reclassification adjustments relating to available-for-sale securities are reported in security gains and the tax impact is included in income tax expense on the consolidated statements of income.

Regulatory Capital Matters

Banks and bank holding companies are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and, additionally for banks, prompt corrective action regulations, involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The new minimum capital requirements associated with the Basel Committee on capital and liquidity regulation (Basel III) are being phased in and began on

January 1, 2015 and will continue through January 1, 2019. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators. Failure to meet capital requirements can initiate regulatory action by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the financial statements. Management believes as of March 31, 2016, the Company and Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

The FDIC and other federal banking regulators revised the risk-based capital requirements applicable to bank holding companies and insured depository institutions, including the Company and the Bank, to make them consistent with agreements that were reached by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel III").

The common equity tier 1 capital, tier 1 capital and total capital ratios are calculated by dividing the respective capital amounts by risk-weighted assets. The leverage ratio is calculated by dividing tier 1 capital by adjusted average total assets.

Basel III limits capital distributions and certain discretionary bonus payments if the banking organization does not hold a "capital conservation buffer" consisting of 2.5% of common equity tier 1 capital, tier 1 capital and total capital to risk-weighted assets in addition to the amount necessary to meet minimum risk-based capital requirements. The capital conservation buffer will be phased in beginning January 1, 2016 and increasing each year until fully implemented at 2.5% on January 1, 2019. Currently Basel III requires the Company and Bank to maintain (i) a minimum ratio of common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of at least 4.5%, (ii) a minimum ratio of tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of at least 6.0%, (iii) a minimum ratio of total capital to risk-weighted assets of at least 8.0% and (iv) a minimum leverage ratio of at least 4.0%.

Prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications: well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If only adequately capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and capital restoration plans are required. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the most recent regulatory notifications categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the institution's category.

Actual and required capital amounts and ratios are presented below at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

					To be Well Capitalized	
			Requirement For Capital		Under Prompt Corrective	
	Actual Amount	Ratio	Adequacy Purposes: Amount		Action Provisions: Amount Ratio	
March 31, 2016						
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio						
Consolidated	\$168,876	11.82%	\$64,298	4.5 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	161,871	11.36%	64,103	4.5 %	\$92,593	6.5 %
Total risk based capital ratio						
Consolidated	180,431	12.63%	114,307	8.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	171,261	12.02%	113,961	8.0 %	142,451	10.0 %
Tier I risk based capital ratio						
Consolidated	170,999	11.97%	85,730	6.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	161,871	11.36%	85,471	6.0 %	113,961	8.0 %
Tier I leverage ratio						
Consolidated	170,999	9.34 %	74,039	4.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	161,871	8.82 %	73,442	4.0 %	91,802	5.0 %
December 31, 2015						
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio						
Consolidated	\$165,451	11.59%	\$64,245	4.5 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	157,396	11.08%	63,938	4.5 %	\$92,354	6.5 %
Total risk based capital ratio						
Consolidated	176,571	12.37%	114,214	8.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	166,374	11.71%	113,667	8.0 %	142,084	10.0 %
Tier I risk based capital ratio						
Consolidated	167,550	11.74%	85,660	6.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	157,396	11.08%	85,250	6.0 %	113,667	8.0 %
Tier I leverage ratio						
Consolidated	167,550	9.21 %	72,803	4.0 %	N/A	N/A
Bank	157,396	8.65 %	72,770	4.0 %		