

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.
Form N-CSR
March 04, 2019

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED
MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES
Investment Company Act file number 811-22369

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

620 Eighth Avenue, 49th Floor, New York, NY 10018
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Robert I. Frenkel, Esq.

Legg Mason & Co., LLC

100 First Stamford Place

Stamford, CT 06902

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (888) 777-0102

Date of fiscal year end: December 31

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2018

ITEM 1. REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The **Annual** Report to Stockholders is filed herewith.

Annual Report

December 31, 2018

WESTERN ASSET

MORTGAGE DEFINED OPPORTUNITY FUND INC. (DMO)

Beginning in January 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Fund intends to no longer mail paper copies of the Fund's shareholder reports like this one, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Fund or from your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank). Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you invest through a financial intermediary and you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically (e-delivery), you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. If you have not already elected e-delivery, you may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by contacting your financial intermediary.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. That election will apply to all Legg Mason funds held in your account at that financial intermediary. If you are a direct shareholder with the Fund, you can call the Fund at 1-888-888-0151, or write to the Fund by regular mail at P.O. Box 505000, Louisville, KY 40233 or by overnight delivery to Computershare, 462 South 4th Street, Suite 1600, Louisville, KY 40202 to let the Fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. That election will apply to all Legg Mason Funds held in your account held directly with the fund complex.

INVESTMENT PRODUCTS: NOT FDIC INSURED NO BANK GUARANTEE MAY LOSE VALUE

What's inside	
<u>Letter from the chairman</u>	III
<u>Investment commentary</u>	IV
<u>Fund overview</u>	1
<u>Fund at a glance</u>	6
<u>Spread duration</u>	7
<u>Effective duration</u>	8
<u>Schedule of investments</u>	9
<u>Statement of assets and liabilities</u>	22
<u>Statement of operations</u>	23
<u>Statements of changes in net assets</u>	24
<u>Statement of cash flows</u>	25
<u>Financial highlights</u>	26
<u>Notes to financial statements</u>	28
<u>Report of independent registered public accounting firm</u>	44
<u>Board approval of management and subadvisory agreements</u>	45
<u>Additional information</u>	51
<u>Annual chief executive officer and principal financial officer certifications</u>	57
<u>Other shareholder communications regarding accounting matters</u>	58
<u>Dividend reinvestment plan</u>	59
<u>Important tax information</u>	61
Fund objectives	

The Fund's primary investment objective is to provide current income. As a secondary investment objective, the Fund will seek capital appreciation.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing primarily in a diverse portfolio of mortgage-backed securities, consisting primarily of non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities.

The Fund intends to liquidate and distribute substantially all of the Fund's net assets to shareholders on or about March 1, 2022.

Letter from the chairman

Dear Shareholder,

We are pleased to provide the annual report of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. for the twelve-month reporting period ended December 31, 2018. Please read on for a detailed look at prevailing economic and market conditions during the Fund's reporting period and to learn how those conditions have affected Fund performance.

As always, we remain committed to providing you with excellent service and a full spectrum of investment choices. We also remain committed to supplementing the support you receive from your financial advisor. One way we accomplish this is through our website, www.lmcef.com. Here you can gain immediate access to market and investment information, including:

Fund prices and performance,

Market insights and commentaries from our portfolio managers, and

A host of educational resources.

We look forward to helping you meet your financial goals.

Sincerely,

Jane Trust, CFA

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

January 31, 2019

Investment commentary

Economic review

Economic activity in the U.S. was mixed during the twelve months ended December 31, 2018 (the reporting period). Looking back, the U.S. Department of Commerce reported that first quarter 2018 U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) growth was 2.2%. GDP growth then accelerated to 4.2% during the second quarter of 2018 – the strongest reading since the third quarter of 2014. Third quarter 2018 GDP growth was 3.4%. The deceleration in GDP growth in the third quarter of 2018 reflected a downturn in exports and decelerations in nonresidential fixed investment and personal consumption expenditures. Imports increased in the third quarter after decreasing in the second. These movements were partly offset by an upturn in private inventory investment. Finally, the U.S. Department of Commerce’s initial reading for fourth quarter 2018 GDP growth was delayed due to the partial shutdown of the U.S. government.

Job growth in the U.S. was solid overall and supported the economy during the reporting period. As reported by the U.S. Department of Labor, when the reporting period ended on December 31, 2018, the unemployment rate was 3.9%, versus 4.1% when the period began. The percentage of longer-term unemployed also declined during the reporting period. In December 2018, 20.5% of Americans looking for a job had been out of work for more than six months, versus 21.5% when the period began.

The Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) continued tightening monetary policy during the reporting period, as it raised interest rates four times in 2018 and further reduced its balance sheet. As widely expected, the Fed raised the federal funds rateⁱⁱⁱ at its meetings that ended on March 21, 2018 (to a range between 1.50% and 1.75%), June 13, 2018 (to a range between 1.75% and 2.00%), September 26, 2018 (to a range between 2.00% and 2.25%) and December 19, 2018 (to a range between 2.25% and 2.50%). At its meeting that concluded on January 30, 2019, after the reporting period ended, the Fed kept interest rates on hold and said, “In light of global economic and financial developments and muted inflation pressures, the Committee will be patient as it determines what future adjustments to the target range for the federal funds rate may be appropriate.”

As always, thank you for your confidence in our stewardship of your assets.

Sincerely,

Jane Trust, CFA

Chairman, President and

Chief Executive Officer

January 31, 2019

All investments are subject to risk including the possible loss of principal. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

- i Gross domestic product (GDP) is the market value of all final goods and services produced within a country in a given period of time.

- ii The Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) is responsible for the formulation of U.S. policies designed to promote economic growth, full employment, stable prices, and a sustainable pattern of international trade and payments.

- iii The federal funds rate is the rate charged by one depository institution on an overnight sale of immediately available funds (balances at the Federal Reserve) to another depository institution; the rate may vary from depository institution to depository institution and from day to day.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. V

Fund overview

Q. What is the Fund's investment strategy?

A. The Fund's primary investment objective is to provide current income. As a secondary investment objective, the Fund will seek capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing primarily in a diverse portfolio of mortgage-backed securities (MBS), consisting primarily of non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS).

The Fund intends to liquidate and distribute substantially all of the Fund's net assets to shareholders on or about March 1, 2022.

The Fund also may invest, to a lesser degree, in other permitted investments, including cash and cash equivalents; Treasury securities; non-mortgage related asset-backed securities (ABS) backed by various asset classes including, but not limited to, small balance commercial mortgages, aircrafts, automobiles, credit cards, equipment, manufactured housing, franchises, recreational vehicles and student loans; and investment grade and below investment grade fixed income securities including bonds, debentures, notes, commercial paper and other similar types of debt instruments including hybrid securities. The Fund also may invest in any newly developed mortgage-related derivatives that may hereafter become available for mortgage investing.

The Fund may invest in derivative instruments, such as options contracts, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, indexed securities, credit linked notes, credit default swaps and other swap agreements for investment, hedging and risk management purposes with certain limitations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fund may invest without limitation in Treasury futures, Eurodollar futures, interest rate swaps, swaptions or similar instruments and combinations thereof.

The Fund is not limited in its ability to invest in below investment grade (commonly referred to as high yield or junk securities) or illiquid securities. Below investment grade securities are securities rated below the Baa3 or BBB- categories at the time of purchase by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations or unrated securities that we determined to be of comparable credit quality.

At Western Asset Management Company, LLC (formerly known as Western Asset Management Company) (Western Asset), the Fund's subadviser, we utilize a fixed-income team approach, with decisions derived from interaction among various investment management sector specialists. The sector teams are comprised of Western Asset's senior portfolio management personnel, research analysts and an in-house economist. Under this team approach, management of client fixed-income portfolios will reflect a consensus of interdisciplinary views within the Western Asset organization. The individuals responsible for development of investment strategy, day-to-day portfolio management, oversight and coordination of the Fund are S. Kenneth Leech, Greg E. Handler and Harris A. Trifon. Mr. Trifon has been part of the Fund's portfolio management team since January 2019 and has been employed by Western Asset as an investment professional since 2014. From 2009 to 2014, Mr. Trifon worked as Director, Fixed Income Research at Deutsche Bank.

Fund overview (cont'd)

Q. What were the overall market conditions during the Fund's reporting period?

A. Fixed income markets generally posted weak results over the twelve-month reporting period ended December 31, 2018. Spread sectors (non-Treasuries) experienced periods of elevated volatility as they were impacted by a number of factors, including generally solid economic growth in the U.S., moderating growth overseas, four interest rate hikes by the Federal Reserve Board (the Fed), concerns over a global trade war, geopolitical issues and, more recently, a partial shutdown of the U.S. government.

Both short- and long-term U.S. Treasury yields moved higher and the yield curveⁱⁱ flattened during the reporting period. The yield for the two-year Treasury note began the reporting period at 1.89% the low for the period and ended the period at 2.48%. The high for the period of 2.98% occurred on November 8, 2018. The yield for the ten-year Treasury began the reporting period at 2.40% the low for the period and ended the period at 2.69%. The peak for the period of 3.24% took place on November 8, 2018.

The overall agency RMBS market posted a modest gain, but lagged equal-durationⁱⁱⁱ Treasuries during the reporting period. This relative underperformance was partially driven by the Fed unwinding its balance sheet and paring its holdings of agency MBS. Interest rate volatility, especially during the fourth quarter of 2018, also negatively impacted the agency MBS market. In contrast, structured products, including non-agency RMBS, CMBS and ABS, generated solid results and outperformed equal duration Treasuries during the reporting period. Structured products in general were supported by overall positive fundamentals, solid consumer balance sheets and lending conditions that remained constrained.

Q. How did we respond to these changing market conditions?

A. A number of adjustments were made to the Fund during the reporting period. Within the non-agency RMBS market, we instituted a number of relative value trades by reducing the Fund's exposure to holdings that performed well and exceeded our expectations, while investing in securities that we felt offered more attractive relative values. We also modestly added to the Fund's position in credit risk transfer (CRT) securities issued by Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae.

In terms of the Fund's position in CMBS, we increased the Fund's exposure to shorter term floating rate new-issue single asset/single borrower commercial loans, while reducing its allocation to conduit (pooled) non-agency CMBS at the beginning of the fourth quarter of 2018, as spreads had tightened. We also reduced the Fund's overall exposure to the ABS sector. More specifically, we increased the Fund's positions in consumer loan ABS, while paring its allocation to rental car and student loan ABS.

During the reporting period, we utilized Treasury futures to manage the Fund's duration and yield curve exposure. Overall, the use of these derivatives contributed to performance. CMBS index swaps (CDS), which were used to manage the Fund's exposure to CMBS, were additive to results. The strategy also used foreign exchange forwards to manage currency risk. The use of this derivatives did not meaningfully impact performance.

Finally, we actively utilized leverage in the Fund. When the reporting period began, the Fund's leverage as a percentage of gross assets was roughly 31%. At the end of the period, approximately 31% of the Fund's gross assets were levered. Overall, leverage contributed to results given the positive total return of the assets of the Fund in 2018.

Performance review

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. returned 9.26% based on its net asset value (NAV) and -1.16% based on its New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) market price per share. The Fund's unmanaged benchmark, the ICE BofAML U.S. Floating Rate Home Equity Loan Asset Backed Securities Index^v, returned 2.29% for the same period. The Lipper U.S. Mortgage Closed-End Funds Category Average^{vi} returned 3.12% over the same time frame. Please note that Lipper performance returns are based on each fund's NAV.

During the twelve-month period, the Fund made distributions to shareholders totaling \$3.86 per share*. The performance table shows the Fund's twelve-month total return based on its NAV and market price as of December 31, 2018. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.**

Performance Snapshot as of December 31, 2018

Price Per Share	12-Month Total Return**
\$19.28 (NAV)	9.26%
\$20.39 (Market Price)	-1.16%

All figures represent past performance and are not a guarantee of future results.

**** Total returns are based on changes in NAV or market price, respectively. Returns reflect the deduction of all Fund expenses, including management fees, operating expenses, and other Fund expenses. Returns do not reflect the deduction of brokerage commissions or taxes that investors may pay on distributions or the sale of shares.**

Total return assumes the reinvestment of all distributions at NAV.

Total return assumes the reinvestment of all distributions in additional shares in accordance with the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

Q. What were the leading contributors to performance?

A. On an absolute basis, the leading contributor to the Fund's performance during the reporting period was our allocation to legacy non-agency RMBS (issued pre-2007). This sector continues to benefit from a favorable technical backdrop as the outstanding amount continued to run down. Our exposure to CTR securities issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac also generated solid results. Elsewhere, within the CMBS market, new-issue single asset/single borrower securities were the most additive for returns. Finally, our allocation to ABS modestly contributed to performance.

Q. What were the leading detractors from performance?

A. The Fund generated a strong absolute return during the reporting period. Modestly detracting from absolute performance was the Fund's cash position. While cash remained a small portion of the portfolio, it was a drag on relative performance given the upward trend in the marketplace during the reporting period.

*For the tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, please refer to page 42 of this report.

Fund overview (cont d)

Certain legacy CMBS positions were also a modest headwind for returns.

Looking for additional information?

The Fund is traded under the symbol **DMO** and its closing market price is available in most newspapers under the NYSE listings. The daily NAV is available on-line under the symbol **XDMOX** on most financial websites. *Barron's* and the *Wall Street Journal's* Monday edition both carry closed-end fund tables that provide additional information. In addition, the Fund issues a quarterly press release that can be found on most major financial websites as well as www.lmcef.com (click on the name of the Fund).

In a continuing effort to provide information concerning the Fund, shareholders may call 1-888-777-0102 (toll free), Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Eastern time, for the Fund's current NAV, market price and other information.

Thank you for your investment in Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. As always, we appreciate that you have chosen us to manage your assets and we remain focused on achieving the Fund's investment goals.

Sincerely,

Western Asset Management Company, LLC

January 24, 2019

***RISKS:** The Fund is a non-diversified, limited-term closed-end management investment company designed primarily as a long-term investment and not as a trading vehicle. The Fund is not intended to be a complete investment program and, due to the uncertainty inherent in all investments, there can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The Fund's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Similar to stocks, the Fund's share price will fluctuate with market conditions and, at the time of sale, may be worth more or less than the original investment. Shares of closed-end funds often trade at a discount to their net asset value. Because the Fund is non-diversified, it may be more susceptible to economic, political or regulatory events than a diversified fund. The Fund's investments are subject to a number of risks, including credit risk, inflation risk and interest rate risk. As interest rates rise, bond prices fall, reducing the value of the Fund's fixed-income holdings. The Fund may invest in lower-rated high-yield bonds (commonly known as "junk bonds"), which are subject to greater liquidity risk and credit risk (risk of default) than higher-rated obligations. Mortgage-backed securities are subject to additional risks, including prepayment risk, which can limit the potential gains in a declining interest rate environment. The Fund may invest in securities backed by subprime or distressed mortgages which involve a higher degree of risk and chance of loss. Leverage may result in greater volatility of NAV and the market price of common shares and increases a shareholder's risk of loss. The Fund may make significant investments in derivative instruments. Derivative instruments can be illiquid, may disproportionately increase losses, and have a potentially large impact on Fund performance. The Fund is not guaranteed by the U.S. government, the U.S. Treasury or any government agency.*

All investments are subject to risk including the possible loss of principal. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. All index performance reflects no deduction for fees,

expenses or taxes. Please note that an investor cannot invest directly in an index.

The information provided is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future results or investment advice. Views expressed may differ from those of the firm as a whole.

- ⁱ The Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) is responsible for the formulation of U.S. policies designed to promote economic growth, full employment, stable prices, and a sustainable pattern of international trade and payments.
- ⁱⁱ The yield curve is the graphical depiction of the relationship between the yield on bonds of the same credit quality but different maturities.
- ⁱⁱⁱ Duration is the measure of the price sensitivity of a fixed-income security to an interest rate change of 100 basis points. Calculation is based on the weighted average of the present values for all cash flows.
- ^{iv} Net asset value (NAV) is calculated by subtracting total liabilities, including liabilities associated with financial leverage (if any) from the closing value of all securities held by the Fund (plus all other assets) and dividing the result (total net assets) by the total number of the common shares outstanding. The NAV fluctuates with changes in the market prices of securities in which the Fund has invested. However, the price at which an investor may buy or sell shares of the Fund is the Fund's market price as determined by supply of and demand for the Fund's shares.
- ^v The ICE BofAML U.S. Floating Rate Home Equity Loan Asset Backed Securities Index tracks the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated investment grade floating-rate asset-backed securities collateralized by home equity loans publicly issued in the U.S. domestic market. Qualifying securities must have an investment grade rating, at least one year remaining to final stated maturity, a floating-rate coupon, and an original deal size for the collateral group of at least \$250 million.
- ^{vi} Lipper, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reuters, provides independent insight on global collective investments. Returns are based on the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2018, including the reinvestment of all distributions, including returns of capital, if any, calculated among the 9 funds in the Fund's Lipper category.

Fund at a glance (unaudited)

Investment breakdown (%) as a percent of total investments

The bar graph above represents the composition of the Fund's investments as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and does not include derivatives, such as futures contracts, swap contracts and forward foreign currency contracts. The Fund is actively managed. As a result, the composition of the Fund's investments is subject to change at any time.

Spread duration (unaudited)

Economic exposure December 31, 2018

Total Spread Duration

DMO 7.70 years

Benchmark 2.64 years

Spread duration measures the sensitivity to changes in spreads. The spread over Treasuries is the annual risk-premium demanded by investors to hold non-Treasury securities. Spread duration is quantified as the % change in price resulting from a 100 basis points change in spreads. For a security with positive spread duration, an increase in spreads would result in a price decline and a decline in spreads would result in a price increase. This chart highlights the market sector exposure of the Fund's sectors relative to the selected benchmark sectors as of the end of the reporting period.

ABS	Asset-Backed Securities
Benchmark	ICE BofAML U.S. Floating Rate Home Equity Loan Asset Backed Securities Index
DMO	Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.
HY	High Yield
MBS	Mortgage-Backed Securities

Effective duration (unaudited)

Interest rate exposure December 31, 2018

Total Effective Duration

DMO 5.35 years

Benchmark 0.03 years

Effective duration measures the sensitivity to changes in relevant interest rates. Effective duration is quantified as the % change in price resulting from a 100 basis points change in interest rates. For a security with positive effective duration, an increase in interest rates would result in a price decline and a decline in interest rates would result in a price increase. This chart highlights the interest rate exposure of the Fund's sectors relative to the selected benchmark sectors as of the end of the reporting period.

ABS Asset-Backed Securities

Benchmark ICE BofAML U.S. Floating Rate Home Equity Loan Asset Backed Securities Index

DMO Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

HY High Yield

MBS Mortgage-Backed Securities

Schedule of investments

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ^(a) 112.1%				
ACE Securities Corp. Home Equity Loan Trust, 2005-RM1 M4 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.020%)	3.526%	3/25/35	\$ 3,145,405	\$ 3,058,171 ^(b)
Adjustable Rate Mortgage Trust, 2005-5 1A1	3.989%	9/25/35	160,029	128,983 ^(b)
Adjustable Rate Mortgage Trust, 2005-7 2A21	3.877%	10/25/35	367,852	335,766 ^(b)
Adjustable Rate Mortgage Trust, 2005-12 5A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	3/25/36	264,059	127,569 ^(b)
Aegis Asset Backed Securities Trust, 2005-3 M3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.490%)	2.996%	8/25/35	3,460,000	2,840,478 ^(b)
AFC Trust, 2000-3 1A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.750%)	3.256%	10/25/30	1,090,820	1,008,596 ^{(b)(c)}
Ajax Mortgage Loan Trust, 2016-C A	4.000%	10/25/57	2,282,867	2,285,877 ^(c)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2005-11CB 3A3, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.000%)	2.494%	6/25/35	1,991,217	141,959 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2005-14 3A1	2.640%	5/25/35	226,382	163,072 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2005-36 4A1	3.742%	8/25/35	464,038	429,524 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2005-J10 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	10/25/35	1,059,281	870,088 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2006-HY10 1A1	3.175%	5/25/36	339,073	286,367 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2006-J8 A5	6.000%	2/25/37	107,041	75,736
Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-3T1 2A1	6.000%	3/25/27	170,445	174,637
Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-23CB A8 (-4.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 28.400%)	18.375%	9/25/37	601,528	796,139 ^(b)
Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-OA8 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.180%)	2.686%	6/25/47	1,463,836	1,236,126 ^(b)
American Home Mortgage Assets Trust, 2005-2 2A1A	3.818%	1/25/36	984,567	812,539 ^(b)
American Home Mortgage Investment Trust, 2007-2 2A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.800%)	3.306%	3/25/47	12,735,445	805,489 ^(b)
American Home Mortgage Investment Trust, 2007-A 4A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.900%)	3.406%	7/25/46	1,983,530	875,351 ^{(b)(c)}
Argent Securities Trust, 2006-M2 A2C (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.150%)	2.656%	9/25/36	2,172,527	882,962 ^(b)
Argent Securities Trust, 2006-M2 A2D (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.240%)	2.746%	9/25/36	573,394	234,699 ^(b)
Banc of America Alternative Loan Trust, 2005-9 1CB5, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.100%)	2.594%	10/25/35	3,023,299	178,433 ^(b)
Banc of America Funding Corp., 2015-R3 2A2	2.445%	2/27/37	2,544,417	2,089,254 ^{(b)(c)}
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2004-B 6A1	2.420%	12/20/34	388,655	308,203 ^(b)
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2004-C 3A1	4.485%	12/20/34	427,294	412,507 ^(b)
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2006-D 2A1	3.506%	5/20/36	39,058	35,277 ^(b)
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2006-F 1A1	4.269%	7/20/36	250,489	247,307 ^(b)
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2014-R5 1A2 (6 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.500%)	3.851%	9/26/45	3,750,000	2,887,399 ^{(b)(c)}

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ^(a) continued				
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2015-R2 3A3	4.922%	4/29/37	\$ 1,039,500	\$ 801,506 ^{(b)(c)}
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2015-R2 9A2	2.918%	3/27/36	4,551,320	3,995,566 ^{(b)(c)}
Bayview Financial Asset Trust, 2007-SR1A M1 (1 mo. LIBOR + 0.800%)	3.306%	3/25/37	2,561,340	2,472,336 ^{(b)(c)}
Bayview Financial Asset Trust, 2007-SR1A M2 (1 mo. LIBOR + 0.900%)	3.406%	3/25/37	3,118,330	3,019,619 ^{(b)(c)}
Bayview Financial Asset Trust, 2007-SR1A M3 (1 mo. LIBOR + 1.150%)	3.656%	3/25/37	1,412,803	1,382,124 ^{(b)(c)}
Bayview Financial Asset Trust, 2007-SR1A M4 (1 mo. LIBOR + 1.500%)	4.006%	3/25/37	609,843	610,271 ^{(b)(c)(d)}
BCAP LLC Trust, 2011-RR2 1A4	4.479%	7/26/36	4,553,103	3,361,377 ^{(b)(c)}
Bear Stearns ALT-A Trust, 2005-9 25A1	4.309%	11/25/35	311,244	269,763 ^(b)
Bear Stearns Asset Backed Securities I Trust, 2004-BO1 M9B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 4.000%)	6.506%	10/25/34	617,000	633,579 ^(b)
Bear Stearns Asset Backed Securities I Trust, 2005-CL1 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	2.222%	9/25/34	69,031	66,640 ^(b)
Bellemeade Re Ltd., 2017-1 B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 4.750%)	7.256%	10/25/27	1,070,000	1,114,384 ^{(b)(c)}
Bellemeade Re Ltd., 2018-1A M2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 2.900%)	5.406%	4/25/28	3,710,000	3,730,324 ^{(b)(c)}
Centex Home Equity Loan Trust, 2004-D MV1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.620%)	3.126%	9/25/34	936,289	929,455 ^(b)
Chase Mortgage Finance Trust, 2006-S3 2A1	5.500%	11/25/21	174,810	122,954
ChaseFlex Trust, 2005-2 3A3, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.500%)	2.994%	6/25/35	9,755,760	1,489,404 ^(b)
Chevy Chase Funding LLC Mortgage-Backed Certificates, 2006-2A A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.130%)	2.636%	4/25/47	139,055	133,435 ^{(b)(c)}
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-2 2A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.640%)	3.146%	3/25/35	84,220	84,021 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-9 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.600%)	3.106%	5/25/35	104,441	96,165 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-11 3A3	2.833%	4/25/35	453,474	365,884 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-11 6A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.600%)	3.106%	3/25/35	56,893	52,607 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-18 A7 (-2.750 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 19.525%)	12.633%	10/25/35	19,310	22,196 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-HY10 1A1	4.509%	2/20/36	162,780	151,878 ^(b)
CHL Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-HYB9 1A1 (12 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.750%)	4.571%	2/20/36	155,247	143,914 ^(b)
Citicorp Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-8 B1	5.946%	9/25/37	3,727,277	2,355,439 ^(b)
Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-AR5 2A1A	3.433%	7/25/36	294,745	222,163 ^(b)
Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust, 2008-3 A3	6.100%	4/25/37	6,396,249	3,388,170 ^(c)
Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust Inc., 2004-HYB3 1A	4.514%	9/25/34	78,123	78,737 ^(b)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) continued				
Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust Inc., 2004-UST1 A2	3.410%	8/25/34	\$ 23,423	\$ 22,651 (b)
Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust Inc., 2005-5 1A5	3.130%	8/25/35	157,979	136,023 (b)
Countrywide Asset-Backed Certificates, 2006-SD3 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.330%)	2.836%	7/25/36	576,949	543,503 (b)(c)
Countrywide Asset-Backed Certificates, 2007-SEA1 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.550%)	3.056%	5/25/47	589,827	467,489 (b)(c)
Credit-Based Asset Servicing & Securitization LLC, 2006-SL1 A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.220%)	2.726%	9/25/36	4,003,282	594,164 (b)(c)
CSFB Mortgage-Backed Pass-Through Certificates, 2005-10 3A3	5.500%	11/25/35	337,330	292,980
CSMC Resecuritization Trust, 2006-1R 1A2 (-2.750 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 19.525%)	12.635%	7/27/36	611,059	756,563 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2010-18R 6A5	4.084%	9/28/36	2,133,000	1,996,765 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2014-11R 9A2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.140%)	2.455%	10/27/36	4,453,765	3,534,432 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2015-2R 7A2	3.742%	8/27/36	3,720,760	3,351,553 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-RPL1 B1	3.095%	7/25/57	3,052,442	2,200,798 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-RPL1 B2	3.095%	7/25/57	3,501,991	2,012,405 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-RPL1 B3	3.095%	7/25/57	2,977,486	1,344,826 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-RPL1 B4	3.095%	7/25/57	3,427,174	474,835 (b)(c)
CWABS Asset-Backed Certificates Trust, 2005-11 MF1	5.348%	2/25/36	2,000,000	1,863,886 (b)
CWABS Asset-Backed Certificates Trust Inc., 2003-5 MF2	5.138%	11/25/33	1,409,740	1,400,854 (b)
CWABS Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, 2004-B 1A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.220%)	2.675%	2/15/29	2,027,409	1,988,752 (b)
CWABS Revolving Home Equity Loan Trust, 2004-L 2A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.280%)	2.735%	2/15/34	77,168	73,739 (b)
Deutsche Mortgage Securities Inc. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-PR1 2PO, PO	0.000%	4/15/36	34,223	26,518 (c)
Deutsche Mortgage Securities Inc. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-PR1 4AS1, IO	6.792%	4/15/36	316,826	51,318 (b)(c)
Deutsche Mortgage Securities Inc. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-PR1 4AS2, IO	11.288%	4/15/36	301,606	79,641 (b)(c)
Deutsche Mortgage Securities Inc. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-PR1 5AS1, IO	6.999%	4/15/36	87,545	21,038 (b)(c)
Deutsche Mortgage Securities Inc. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-PR1 5AS3, IO	5.423%	4/15/36	317,100	60,979 (b)(c)
EMC Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-A A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.450%)	2.956%	12/25/42	41,169	41,172 (b)(c)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2016-1 B, PO	0.000%	9/25/55	12,570,295	1,139,962 (c)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2016-1 BIO, IO	1.088%	9/25/55	29,805,340	3,184,939 (b)(c)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ^(a) continued				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2016-1 XSIO, IO	0.075%	9/25/55	\$ 227,492,459	\$ 792,811 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2017-2 B, PO	0.000%	8/25/56	11,906,784	1,192,083 ^(c)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2017-2 BIO, IO	1.256%	8/25/56	19,908,611	2,209,458 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2017-2 M1	4.000%	8/25/56	1,170,000	1,126,200 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust, 2017-2 XSIO, IO	0.075%	8/25/56	545,659,249	2,405,266 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2016-DNA2 B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 10.500%)	13.006%	10/25/28	497,904	651,497 ^(b)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2016-DNA3 B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.250%)	13.756%	12/25/28	1,036,611	1,373,732 ^(b)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2016-DNA4 B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 8.600%)	11.106%	3/25/29	1,588,174	1,853,260 ^(b)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2017-DNA1 B2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 10.000%)	12.506%	7/25/29	2,666,594	2,844,279 ^(b)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2017-DNA2 B2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.250%)	13.756%	10/25/29	1,786,406	2,003,115 ^(b)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2018-HQA2 B2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.000%)	13.506%	10/25/48	5,000,000	4,780,470 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2018-HRP1 B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 3.750%)	6.256%	4/25/43	4,980,000	5,016,841 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2018-HRP1 B2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.750%)	14.256%	4/25/43	5,721,973	6,607,466 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2018-HRP2 B2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 10.500%)	13.006%	2/25/47	3,530,000	3,635,167 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Structured Agency Credit Risk Debt Notes, 2018-SPI4 B	4.461%	11/25/48	4,880,000	2,329,590 ^{(b)(c)}
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), 2012-134 LS, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. LIBOR + 6.150%)	3.644%	12/25/42	3,699,309	626,725 ^(b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2016-C01 1B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.750%)	14.256%	8/25/28	1,882,354	2,689,600 ^(b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2016-C02 1B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 12.250%)	14.756%	9/25/28	2,349,162	3,426,563 ^(b)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) continued				
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2016-C03 1B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 11.750%)	14.256%	10/25/28	\$ 1,664,172	\$ 2,374,260 (b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2016-C04 1B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 10.250%)	12.756%	1/25/29	2,638,140	3,509,756 (b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2016-C06 1B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 9.250%)	11.756%	4/25/29	4,245,888	5,352,481 (b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2017-C05 1B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 3.600%)	6.106%	1/25/30	1,320,000	1,315,457 (b)
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) CAS, 2018-R07 1B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 4.350%)	6.856%	4/25/31	3,210,000	3,150,217 (b)(c)
First Horizon Alternative Mortgage Securities Trust, 2005-AA6 3A1	3.772%	8/25/35	669,493	596,596 (b)
First Horizon Alternative Mortgage Securities Trust, 2006-FA6 2A1, PAC	6.250%	11/25/36	102,991	69,601
GS Mortgage Securities Corp II, 2000-1A A (1 mo. LIBOR + 0.350%)	3.170%	3/20/23	47,746	47,561 (b)(c)
GSAA Resecuritization Mortgage Trust, 2005-R1 1A2, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.000%)	2.494%	4/25/35	2,564,174	295,129 (b)(c)
GSMPS Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-RP1 1A4	8.500%	1/25/35	61,466	68,597 (c)
GSMPS Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-RP1 1A2	7.500%	1/25/36	415,637	428,426 (c)
GSMPS Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-RP1 1A3	8.000%	1/25/36	69,741	73,504 (c)
GSRPM Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-1 A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.400%)	2.906%	10/25/46	1,521,346	1,441,461 (b)(c)
HarborView Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-2 1A	4.597%	2/25/36	26,818	18,367 (b)
Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asset-Backed Trust, 2006-D 2A4 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.240%)	2.746%	11/25/36	2,942,220	2,303,795 (b)
Home Equity Mortgage Trust, 2006-1 A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	5/25/36	3,500,000	70,075 (b)
HSI Asset Loan Obligation Trust, 2007-AR1 4A1	4.420%	1/25/37	138,727	112,858 (b)
Impac CMB Trust, 2004-8 1A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.720%)	3.226%	10/25/34	336,781	329,825 (b)
IndyMac INDA Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-AR2 1A1	3.383%	1/25/36	80,068	72,943 (b)
IndyMac INDX Mortgage Loan Trust, 2004-AR13 1A1	3.457%	1/25/35	75,502	70,871 (b)
IndyMac INDX Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-AR15 A2	3.874%	9/25/35	72,365	66,951 (b)
IndyMac INDX Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-AR7 5A1	3.685%	5/25/36	320,213	284,552 (b)
IndyMac INDX Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-AR9 3A3	3.627%	6/25/36	402,303	385,145 (b)
IndyMac INDX Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-AR11 1A1	4.095%	6/25/36	455,622	419,910 (b)
JPMorgan Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-A1 3A1	3.639%	3/25/37	382,463	364,177 (b)
JPMorgan Mortgage Trust, 2005-S3 1A1	6.500%	1/25/36	930,056	730,701
JPMorgan Mortgage Trust, 2007-S2 3A2	6.000%	6/25/37	83,255	84,210
JPMorgan Mortgage Trust, 2007-S2 3A3	6.500%	6/25/37	27,035	27,628

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ^(a) continued				
JPMorgan Mortgage Trust, 2007-S3 1A18 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	8/25/37	\$ 2,729,048	\$ 1,503,450 ^(b)
Lehman Mortgage Trust, 2006-3 1A7, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.400%)	2.894%	7/25/36	6,673,049	1,335,465 ^(b)
Lehman Mortgage Trust, 2006-7 1A3, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.350%)	2.844%	11/25/36	5,842,537	789,898 ^(b)
Lehman Mortgage Trust, 2006-7 1A8 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.180%)	2.686%	11/25/36	4,258,970	2,869,662 ^(b)
Lehman Mortgage Trust, 2006-7 3A2, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 7.150%)	4.644%	11/25/36	5,570,550	1,293,789 ^(b)
Lehman Mortgage Trust, 2007-5 2A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.330%)	2.836%	6/25/37	3,080,816	990,804 ^(b)
Lehman XS Trust, 2005-9N 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.270%)	2.776%	2/25/36	956,302	914,697 ^(b)
Lehman XS Trust, 2006-14N 3A2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.240%)	2.746%	8/25/36	1,194,547	1,139,884 ^(b)
Lehman XS Trust, 2006-19 A4 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.170%)	2.676%	12/25/36	720,713	630,137 ^(b)
MASTR Adjustable Rate Mortgages Trust, 2004-12 5A1	4.500%	10/25/34	96,452	94,193 ^(b)
MASTR Adjustable Rate Mortgages Trust, 2006-2 4A1	4.724%	2/25/36	25,563	24,878 ^(b)
MASTR Adjustable Rate Mortgages Trust, 2006-OA1 1A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.210%)	2.716%	4/25/46	272,734	245,392 ^(b)
MASTR Asset Backed Securities Trust, 2005-AB1 A5A	5.712%	11/25/35	3,360,000	2,754,602 ^(b)
MASTR Reperforming Loan Trust, 2005-1 1A2	6.500%	8/25/34	831,028	778,247 ^(c)
MASTR Reperforming Loan Trust, 2005-1 1A3	7.000%	8/25/34	1,482,907	1,481,915 ^(c)
MASTR Reperforming Loan Trust, 2005-1 1A4	7.500%	8/25/34	69,531	68,977 ^(c)
Merrill Lynch Mortgage Investors Trust, 2006-A1 2A1	3.677%	3/25/36	659,307	490,833 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley ABS Capital I Trust Inc., 2003-NC10 M2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 2.700%)	5.206%	10/25/33	34,063	32,941 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2004-6AR 2A2	4.579%	8/25/34	176,465	176,703 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2004-7AR B1	4.339%	9/25/34	2,808,722	2,094,903 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2004-11AR 1B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.600%)	3.106%	1/25/35	3,337,608	2,982,676 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-8AR 1A2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.140%)	2.646%	6/25/36	250,562	96,326 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-5AX 2A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.230%)	2.736%	2/25/37	1,997,828	929,857 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-15AR 4A1	3.451%	11/25/37	664,027	599,619 ^(b)
Morgan Stanley Resecuritization Trust, 2015-R2 1B (12 mo. Monthly Treasury Average Index + 0.710%)	2.763%	12/27/46	935,757	713,254 ^{(b)(c)}
New Century Home Equity Loan Trust, 2004-3 M3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.065%)	3.571%	11/25/34	585,965	590,237 ^(b)
Nomura Asset Acceptance Corp. Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-1 1A4	6.138%	3/25/47	2,306,981	2,337,163

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) continued				
Nomura Resecuritization Trust, 2014-5R 1A9	7.743%	6/26/35	\$ 1,780,259	\$ 1,750,899 (b)(c)
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-FXD1 1A1	5.866%	1/25/37	2,345,352	2,204,816 (b)
Popular ABS Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2004-4 M2	4.332%	9/25/34	1,367,983	1,381,811 (b)
Popular ABS Mortgage Pass-Through Trust, 2005-5 MV2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.630%)	3.136%	11/25/35	2,137,268	1,669,168 (b)
Prime Mortgage Trust, 2006-DR1 2A1	5.500%	5/25/35	2,411,438	1,940,332 (c)
Provident Home Equity Loan Trust, 2000-2 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.540%)	3.046%	8/25/31	898,298	779,175 (b)
RAAC Trust, 2006-RP3 A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.270%)	2.776%	5/25/36	378,196	372,430 (b)(c)
RALI Trust, 2005-QA3 CB4	4.170%	3/25/35	1,603,689	1,008,079 (b)
RALI Trust, 2006-QA1 A11	4.208%	1/25/36	414,811	359,712 (b)
RALI Trust, 2006-QA4 A (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.180%)	2.686%	5/25/36	336,257	303,008 (b)
RALI Trust, 2006-QO2 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.220%)	2.726%	2/25/46	210,458	85,016 (b)
RALI Trust, 2006-QO2 A2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.270%)	2.776%	2/25/46	4,182,106	1,731,033 (b)
RALI Trust, 2007-QA2 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.130%)	2.636%	2/25/37	218,815	212,841 (b)
RALI Trust, 2006-QO7 1A1 (12 mo. Monthly Treasury Average Index + 0.800%)	2.957%	9/25/46	2,061,092	1,901,923 (b)
RAMP Trust, 2004-RS4 MII2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 2.025%)	4.531%	4/25/34	961,062	787,791 (b)
RAMP Trust, 2004-SL3 A3	7.500%	12/25/31	639,032	643,377
RAMP Trust, 2005-RZ2 M6 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.250%)	3.756%	5/25/35	2,208,136	2,078,775 (b)
RAMP Trust, 2005-SL2 A5	8.000%	10/25/31	461,105	374,294
RBSGC Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-A 3A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.350%)	2.856%	1/25/37	3,066,862	1,171,075 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2006-1 AF5	6.166%	5/25/36	560,542	410,426 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-1 AF3	5.612%	4/25/37	3,086,844	1,396,208 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-2 AF1	5.893%	6/25/37	2,582,571	1,179,243 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-2 AF2	5.675%	6/25/37	445,054	195,628 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-2 AF5	6.203%	6/25/37	1,914,212	927,481 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-2 AF6	5.879%	6/25/37	3,219,894	1,466,723 (b)
Renaissance Home Equity Loan Trust, 2007-3 AF3	7.238%	9/25/37	1,521,786	897,755 (b)
Reperforming Loan REMIC Trust, 2005-R2 2A3	8.000%	6/25/35	52,329	53,520 (c)
Residential Asset Securitization Trust, 2005-A7 A2, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 7.250%)	4.744%	6/25/35	1,883,391	426,893 (b)
Residential Asset Securitization Trust, 2005-A13 1A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.470%)	2.976%	10/25/35	128,866	111,308 (b)
Residential Asset Securitization Trust, 2006-A1 1A6 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	4/25/36	1,637,154	934,936 (b)
Residential Asset Securitization Trust, 2006-A1 1A7, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.500%)	2.994%	4/25/36	3,393,065	533,144 (b)
Residential Asset Securitization Trust, 2007-A2 1A1	6.000%	4/25/37	281,403	242,433

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities ^(a) continued				
RFMSI Trust, 2005-SA3 1A	4.133%	8/25/35	\$ 1,243,456	\$ 945,114 ^(b)
RFMSI Trust, 2006-S8 A12, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.400%)	2.894%	9/25/36	4,994,020	462,789 ^(b)
RFMSI Trust, 2006-SA2 4A1	5.299%	8/25/36	192,998	167,665 ^(b)
RFMSI Trust, 2007-S6 1A6 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.500%)	3.006%	6/25/37	2,087,743	1,734,019 ^(b)
RFMSI Trust, 2007-S6 1A13, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.500%)	2.994%	6/25/37	2,087,743	150,834 ^(b)
Soundview Home Loan Trust, 2005-1 M6 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.950%)	4.265%	4/25/35	1,330,819	1,222,685 ^(b)
Structured Adjustable Rate Mortgage Loan Trust, 2004-18 1A2	4.141%	12/25/34	365,977	352,774 ^(b)
Structured Adjustable Rate Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-4 1A1	4.113%	3/25/35	157,511	135,988 ^(b)
Structured Adjustable Rate Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-4 5A	4.167%	3/25/35	107,419	106,467 ^(b)
Structured Adjustable Rate Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-6XS M2 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.155%)	3.661%	3/25/35	912,487	853,899 ^(b)
Structured Adjustable Rate Mortgage Loan Trust, 2005-7 1A3	4.089%	4/25/35	79,712	78,648 ^(b)
Structured Asset Investment Loan Trust, 2004-8 M9 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 3.750%)	6.256%	9/25/34	297,405	289,514 ^(b)
Structured Asset Mortgage Investments II Trust, 2006-AR5 4A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.220%)	2.726%	5/25/46	617,555	347,427 ^(b)
Structured Asset Securities Corp. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2006-RF3 1A1, PAC	6.000%	10/25/36	1,499,677	1,479,084 ^(c)
Structured Asset Securities Corp. Mortgage Loan Trust, 2007-BC1 M1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.230%)	2.736%	2/25/37	4,085,545	2,430,644 ^(b)
Wachovia Mortgage Loan Trust LLC, 2005-B 2A2	4.537%	10/20/35	27,218	27,272 ^(b)
WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-AR2 B1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.530%)	3.036%	1/25/45	1,844,150	1,258,167 ^(b)
WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-AR13 A1C3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.490%)	2.996%	10/25/45	258,244	257,144 ^(b)
WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-AR15 A1C3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.480%)	2.986%	11/25/45	1,542,856	1,130,156 ^(b)
WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-AR15 A1C4 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.400%)	2.906%	11/25/45	1,191,396	865,327 ^(b)
WaMu Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2006-AR16 2A2	3.860%	12/25/36	245,605	226,530 ^(b)
Washington Mutual Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-8 1A6 (-3.667 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 23.283%)	14.094%	10/25/35	232,982	269,715 ^(b)
Washington Mutual Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-9 5A4 (-7.333 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 35.933%)	17.554%	11/25/35	75,608	103,091 ^(b)
Washington Mutual Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2005-10 2A3 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.900%)	3.406%	11/25/35	151,848	124,769 ^(b)
Washington Mutual Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2006-AR10 A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 0.100%)	2.606%	12/25/36	443,326	308,908 ^(b)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) continued				
Wells Fargo Alternative Loan Trust, 2007-PA1 A12, IO (-1.000 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR +5.460%)	2.954%	3/25/37	\$ 3,243,695	\$ 269,454 (b)
Wells Fargo Mortgage Backed Securities Trust, 2005-AR2 2A2	4.090%	3/25/35	61,690	63,196 (b)
Wells Fargo Mortgage Backed Securities Trust, 2006-2 1A4 (-2.750 x 1 mo. USD LIBOR + 19.388%)	12.495%	3/25/36	963,396	1,093,494 (b)
Total Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (Cost \$207,574,517)				226,359,910
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) 26.9%				
BAMLL Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2014-FL1 E	4.125%	12/15/31	2,980,000	2,880,369 (b)(c)
Banc of America Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-2 AJ	5.672%	4/10/49	1,058,979	650,834 (b)
BBCMS Trust, 2018-CBM D (1 mo. LIBOR + 2.391%)	4.846%	7/15/37	1,500,000	1,471,775 (b)(c)
CD Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-CD4 AJ	5.398%	12/11/49	36,078	26,484 (b)
Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2015-SHP2 F (1 mo. LIBOR + 5.200%)	7.655%	7/15/27	1,000,000	1,000,595 (b)(c)
Credit Suisse Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2006-C5 AJ	5.373%	12/15/39	923,652	628,889
Credit Suisse Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-C5 AM	5.869%	9/15/40	757,562	734,763 (b)
CSMC Trust, 2014-USA F	4.373%	9/15/37	1,620,000	1,374,089 (c)
Credit Suisse Mortgage Trust, 2015-LHMZ MZ	8.928%	7/20/20	2,934,751	2,936,737 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2016-MFF E (1 mo. LIBOR + 6.000%)	8.455%	11/15/33	1,500,000	1,505,673 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-CHOP F (1 mo. LIBOR + 4.350%)	6.805%	7/15/32	1,620,000	1,615,754 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2017-CHOP H (1 mo. LIBOR + 7.620%)	10.075%	7/15/32	3,300,000	3,300,249 (b)(c)
CSMC Trust, 2018-PLUM B (1 mo. LIBOR + 5.000%)	7.455%	8/15/20	5,000,000	4,990,525 (b)(c)
DBUBS Mortgage Trust, 2011-LC3A G	3.750%	8/10/44	2,600,000	1,649,383 (c)
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) Multifamily Structured Pass-Through Certificates, K034 X3, IO	1.724%	9/25/41	10,200,000	723,207 (b)
FRESB Mortgage Trust, 2018-SB48 B (3.677% to 9/25/26 then 6 mo. LIBOR + 7.500%)	3.677%	2/25/38	4,050,504	2,954,154 (b)(c)
GMAC Commercial Mortgage Securities Inc., 2006-C1 AJ	5.349%	11/10/45	943,008	874,544 (b)
GS Mortgage Securities Trust, 2006-GG8 AJ	5.622%	11/10/39	115,375	99,613
GS Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-GG10 AJ	5.780%	8/10/45	2,839,216	1,405,355 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2006-LDP7 AJ	6.055%	4/17/45	399,786	293,359 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2006-LDP9 AJS	5.386%	5/15/47	420,000	179,210 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-CB18 AJ	5.502%	6/12/47	580,000	479,536 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-CB19 AJ	5.818%	2/12/49	1,432,410	1,072,565 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-LD12 AJ	6.206%	2/15/51	154,982	144,361 (b)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (a) continued				
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2007-LDPX AJ	5.503%	1/15/49	\$ 2,350,000	\$ 506,109 (b)
JPMorgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust, 2018-PHMZ M (1 mo. LIBOR + 8.208%)	10.663%	6/15/35	3,000,000	2,981,730 (b)(c)
ML-CFC Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-5 AJ	5.450%	8/12/48	123,948	91,413 (b)
ML-CFC Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-9 AJ	6.086%	9/12/49	699,807	542,758 (b)
ML-CFC Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-9 AJA	6.086%	9/12/49	103,715	42,931 (b)
Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust, 2007-IQ13 AJ	5.438%	3/15/44	25,646	25,781
Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust, 2007-IQ16 AJ	6.153%	12/12/49	1,210,320	930,493 (b)
Motel 6 Trust, 2017-MTL6 F (1 mo. LIBOR + 4.250%)	6.705%	8/15/34	1,435,347	1,442,305 (b)(c)
Starwood Retail Property Trust, 2014-STAR D (1 mo. LIBOR + 3.250%)	5.705%	11/15/27	1,000,000	857,502 (b)(c)
Starwood Retail Property Trust, 2014-STAR E (1 mo. LIBOR + 4.150%)	6.605%	11/15/27	1,600,000	1,225,142 (b)(c)
Tharaldson Hotel Portfolio Trust, 2018-THL E (1 mo. LIBOR + 3.180%)	5.563%	11/11/34	432,791	426,530 (b)(c)
Tharaldson Hotel Portfolio Trust, 2018-THL G (1 mo. LIBOR + 6.350%)	8.733%	11/11/34	2,596,746	2,552,845 (b)(c)
Tharaldson Hotel Portfolio Trust, 2018-THL H (1 mo. LIBOR + 9.800%)	12.183%	11/11/34	1,731,164	1,704,241 (b)(c)
UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2012-C2 G	4.892%	5/10/63	3,130,000	2,190,390 (b)(c)
UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2012-C2 H	4.892%	5/10/63	5,510,000	2,845,347 (b)(c)
United States Small Business Administration, 2018-20A 1	2.920%	1/1/38	244,484	238,820
Wachovia Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, 2007-C33 AJ	5.773%	2/15/51	1,256,222	1,242,666 (b)
Waldorf Astoria Boca Raton Trust, 2016-BOCA F (1 mo. LIBOR + 5.500%)	7.955%	6/15/29	1,500,000	1,495,854 (b)(c)
Total Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (Cost \$56,198,817)				54,334,880
			Face Amount/ Units	
Asset-Backed Securities 16.1%				
AccessLex Institute, 2004-A B1 (28 day Auction Rate Security)	0.000%	7/1/39	1,400,000	1,331,152 (b)
Banc of America Funding Trust, 2015-R4 4A3	11.028%	1/27/30	10,350,228	4,538,854 (b)(c)
BankAmerica Manufactured Housing Contract Trust, 1996-1 B1	7.875%	10/10/26	7,866,000	2,257,031
BCMCS Trust, 1998-B A	6.530%	10/15/28	562,449	582,599 (b)
BCMCS Trust, 1998-C M1	7.510%	1/15/29	3,988,153	3,379,755 (b)
BCMCS Trust, 1999-A A3	5.980%	3/15/29	254,872	264,023 (b)
Catskill Park CLO Ltd., 2017-1A D (3 mo. USD LIBOR + 6.000%)	8.469%	4/20/29	1,700,000	1,583,127 (b)(c)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Security	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount/ Units	Value
Asset-Backed Securities continued				
Conseco Finance Corp., 1997-4 M1	7.220%	2/15/29	1,618,890	\$ 1,660,790 ^(b)
CreditShop Credit Card Co. LLC, 2017-1 B (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 8.000%)	10.307%	10/15/22	2,957,906	2,987,542 ^{(b)(c)}
Firstfed Corp. Manufactured Housing Contract, 1997-2 B	8.110%	5/15/24	245,100	148,656 ^{(c)(d)}
GE Business Loan Trust, 2006-1A C (1 mo. LIBOR + 0.420%)	2.875%	5/15/34	86,143	80,645 ^{(b)(c)}
Manufactured Housing Contract Pass-Through Certificates Trust, 2001-2 IA2 (Auction Rate Security)	5.777%	2/20/32	200,000	201,163 ^(b)
Origen Manufactured Housing Contract Trust, 2006-A A2	4.043%	10/15/37	1,182,781	1,112,483 ^(b)
Origen Manufactured Housing Contract Trust, 2007-A A2	4.755%	4/15/37	1,357,430	1,320,327 ^(b)
Origen Manufactured Housing Contract Trust, 2007-B A1 (1 mo. USD LIBOR + 1.200%)	3.655%	10/15/37	2,438,272	2,365,928 ^{(b)(c)}
Ratchet Trading Ltd., 2018-1 A	15.190%	1/26/27	252,585	255,786 ^{(b)(c)}
RBS Acceptance Inc., 1995-BA1 B2	9.000%	8/10/20	2,191,561	322,547
SMB Private Education Loan Trust, 2014-A R	0.000%	9/15/45	6,875	2,557,118 ^(c)
SoFi Professional Loan Program LLC, 2014-A RC	0.000%	2/1/24	700	514,140 ^(c)
TES LLC, 2017-1A B	7.740%	10/20/47	1,500,000	1,535,899 ^(c)
Treman Park CLO Ltd., 2015-1A DRR (3 mo. USD LIBOR + 2.650%)	5.115%	10/20/28	750,000	709,826 ^{(b)(c)}
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust I, 2017-1 CERT	14.960%	12/27/27	296,490	299,948 ^{(b)(c)}
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust I, 2018-2 A	16.537%	5/15/24	295,499	299,319 ^(c)
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust I, 2018-5 A	12.075%	9/15/24	353,473	358,060 ^(c)
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust I, 2018-6 A	5.339%	10/15/24	309,520	312,848 ^(c)
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust IV, 2018-4 A	15.308%	8/15/24	404,345	409,591 ^(c)
Upgrade Pass-Thru Trust VII, 2018-7 A	14.784%	1/15/25	490,000	493,681 ^(c)
VOYA CLO, 2017-2A D (3 mo. USD LIBOR + 6.020%)	8.456%	6/7/30	600,000	558,630 ^{(b)(c)}
Total Asset-Backed Securities (Cost \$34,255,939)				32,441,468
			Face Amount	
Corporate Bonds & Notes 0.4%				
Consumer Staples 0.3%				
Food & Staples Retailing 0.3%				
CVS Pass-Through Trust	9.350%	1/10/23	\$ 479,443	519,575 ^(c)
Financials 0.1%				
Insurance 0.1%				
Ambac Assurance Corp., Subordinated Notes	5.100%	6/7/20	45,494	60,735 ^(c)
Ambac LSNI LLC, Senior Secured Notes (3 mo. USD LIBOR + 5.000%)	7.803%	2/12/23	196,985	197,969 ^{(b)(c)}
Total Financials				258,704

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Schedule of investments (cont d)

December 31, 2018

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

	Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Value
Security				
Industrials 0.0%				
Airlines 0.0%				
Air 2 U.S. Pass-Through Certificates	8.027%	10/1/19	\$ 9,005	\$ 9,146 ^(c)
Total Corporate Bonds & Notes (Cost \$724,377)				787,425
Total Investments before Short-Term Investments (Cost \$298,753,650)				313,923,683
			Shares	
Short-Term Investments 1.0%				
Dreyfus Government Cash Management, Institutional Shares (Cost \$2,043,831)	2.471%		2,043,831	2,043,831
Total Investments 156.5% (Cost \$300,797,481)				315,967,514
Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets (56.5)%				(114,018,114)
Total Net Assets 100.0%				\$ 201,949,400

Securities held by the Fund are subject to a lien, granted to the lender, to the extent of the borrowing outstanding and any additional expenses.

- (a) Collateralized mortgage obligations are secured by an underlying pool of mortgages or mortgage pass-through certificates that are structured to direct payments on underlying collateral to different series or classes of the obligations. The interest rate may change positively or inversely in relation to one or more interest rates, financial indices or other financial indicators and may be subject to an upper and/or lower limit.
- (b) Variable rate security. Interest rate disclosed is as of the most recent information available. Certain variable rate securities are not based on a published reference rate and spread but are determined by the issuer or agent and are based on current market conditions. These securities do not indicate a reference rate and spread in their description above.
- (c) Security is exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933. This security may be resold in transactions that are exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. This security has been deemed liquid pursuant to guidelines approved by the Board of Directors.
- (d) Security is valued using significant unobservable inputs (Note 1).

Abbreviations used in this schedule:

CLO	Collateral Loan Obligation
IO	Interest Only
LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate
PAC	Planned Amortization Class
PO	Principal Only
REMIC	Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit
USD	United States Dollar

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

At December 31, 2018, the Fund had the following open futures contracts:

	Number of Contracts	Expiration Date	Notional Amount	Market Value	Unrealized Depreciation
Contracts to Sell:					
U.S. Treasury 2-Year Notes	8	3/19	\$ 1,686,861	\$ 1,698,500	\$ (11,639)
U.S. Treasury 5-Year Notes	8	3/19	901,626	917,500	(15,874)
U.S. Treasury 10-Year Notes	95	3/19	11,317,645	11,591,485	(273,840)
Net unrealized depreciation on open futures contracts					\$ (301,353)

At December 31, 2018, the Fund had the following open forward foreign currency contracts:

Currency Purchased	Currency Sold	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Unrealized Depreciation
EUR 55,341	USD 64,710	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	1/18/19	\$ (1,206)

Abbreviations used in this table:

EUR Euro
USD United States Dollar

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of assets and liabilities

December 31, 2018

Assets:	
Investments, at value (Cost \$300,797,481)	\$ 315,967,514
Cash	7,238
Foreign currency, at value (Cost \$26,272)	26,161
Interest receivable	1,265,995
Deposits with brokers for open futures contracts	137,039
Prepaid expenses	4,739
Total Assets	317,408,686
Liabilities:	
Loan payable (Note 5)	99,250,000
Distributions payable	15,483,417
Interest payable	284,588
Investment management fee payable	271,671
Payable to broker - variation margin on open futures contracts	40,235
Directors' fees payable	9,325
Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency contracts	1,206
Accrued expenses	118,844
Total Liabilities	115,459,286
Total Net Assets	\$ 201,949,400
Net Assets:	
Par value (\$0.001 par value; 10,472,397 shares issued and outstanding; 100,000,000 shares authorized)	\$ 10,472
Paid-in capital in excess of par value	196,839,089
Total distributable earnings (loss)	5,099,839
Total Net Assets	\$ 201,949,400
Shares Outstanding	10,472,397
Net Asset Value	\$19.28

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Investment Income:	
Interest and distributions	\$ 24,381,363
Return of capital (Note 1 (o))	(173,793)
Total Investment Income	24,207,570
Expenses:	
Investment management fee (Note 2)	3,233,426
Interest expense (Note 5)	3,115,570
Legal fees	211,642
Audit and tax fees	147,315
Directors' fees	81,356
Transfer agent fees	49,915
Shareholder reports	33,666
Commitment fees (Note 5)	27,585
Fund accounting fees	22,154
Excise tax (Note 1)	14,000
Stock exchange listing fees	12,551
Custody fees	6,722
Insurance	4,081
Miscellaneous expenses	17,983
Total Expenses	6,977,966
Net Investment Income	17,229,604
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments, Futures Contracts, Swap Contracts, Forward Foreign Currency Contracts and Foreign Currency Transactions (Notes 1, 3 and 4):	
Net Realized Gain (Loss) From:	
Investment transactions	2,357,683
Futures contracts	710,223
Swap contracts	34,100
Forward foreign currency contracts	(3,056)
Foreign currency transactions	(1,440)
Net Realized Gain	3,097,510
Change in Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) From:	
Investments	(290,310)
Futures contracts	(388,208)
Swap contracts	(16,034)
Forward foreign currency contracts	(1,741)
Foreign currencies	(246)
Change in Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	(696,539)
Net Gain on Investments, Futures Contracts, Swap Contracts, Forward Foreign Currency Contracts and Foreign Currency Transactions	2,400,971
Increase in Net Assets From Operations	\$ 19,630,575

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of changes in net assets

For the Years Ended December 31,	2018	2017
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$ 17,229,604	\$ 16,360,909
Net realized gain	3,097,510	7,575,339
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(696,539)	16,198,529
<i>Increase in Net Assets From Operations</i>	<i>19,630,575</i>	<i>40,134,777</i>
Distributions to Shareholders From (Note 1):		
Total distributable earnings ^(a)	(40,408,500)	(34,270,428)
<i>Decrease in Net Assets From Distributions to Shareholders</i>	<i>(40,408,500)</i>	<i>(34,270,428)</i>
Fund Share Transactions:		
Reinvestment of distributions (17,517 and 13,534 shares issued, respectively)	394,234	318,257
<i>Increase in Net Assets From Fund Share Transactions</i>	<i>394,234</i>	<i>318,257</i>
<i>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets</i>	<i>(20,383,691)</i>	<i>6,182,606</i>
Net Assets:		
Beginning of year	222,333,091	216,150,485
End of year^(b)	\$ 201,949,400	\$ 222,333,091

^(a) Distributions from net investment income and from realized gains are no longer required to be separately disclosed. See Note 9. For the year ended December 31, 2017, distributions from net investment income and net realized gains were \$28,063,609 and \$6,206,819, respectively.

^(b) Parenthetical disclosure of undistributed net investment income is no longer required. See Note 9. For the year ended December 31, 2017, end of year net assets included undistributed net investment income of \$11,670,770.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of cash flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Increase (Decrease) in Cash:

Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 19,630,575
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Purchases of portfolio securities	(105,363,342)
Sales of portfolio securities	117,191,669
Net purchases, sales and maturities of short-term investments	(917,496)
Net amortization of premium (accretion of discount)	3,363,682
Decrease in interest receivable	231,109
Decrease in prepaid expenses	13
Decrease in receivable for open OTC swap contracts	992
Decrease in net premiums received for OTC swap contracts	(267,371)
Decrease in investment management fee payable	(6,755)
Decrease in Directors' fee payable	(1,030)
Increase in interest payable	252,402
Decrease in accrued expenses	(414,114)
Increase in payable to broker - variation margin on open futures contracts	9,251
Net realized gain on investments	(2,357,683)
Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments, OTC swap contracts and forward foreign currency contracts	308,085
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities*	31,659,987

Cash Flows From Financing Activities:

Distributions paid on common stock	(29,728,074)
Repayment of loan facility borrowings	(2,500,000)
Decrease in due to custodian	(12)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(32,228,086)

Net Decrease in Cash and Restricted Cash

	(568,099)
Cash and restricted cash at beginning of year	738,537
Cash and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 170,438

Non-Cash Financing Activities:

Proceeds from reinvestment of distributions	\$ 394,234
---	------------

* Included in operating expenses is cash of \$2,901,996 paid for interest and commitment fees on borrowings.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and restricted cash reported with the Statement of Assets and Liabilities that sums to the total of the such amounts shown on the Statement of Cash Flows.

	December 31, 2018
Cash	\$ 33,399
Restricted cash	137,039
Total cash and restricted cash shown in the Statement of Cash Flows	\$ 170,438

Restricted cash consists of cash that has been segregated to cover the Fund's collateral or margin obligations under derivative contracts. It is separately reported on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as Deposits with brokers.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Financial highlights

For a share of capital stock outstanding throughout each year ended December 31:					
	2018 ¹	2017 ¹	2016 ¹	2015 ¹	2014 ¹
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$21.27	\$20.70	\$22.76	\$24.75	\$23.78
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	1.65	1.57	1.47	2.13	1.87
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.22	2.28	(0.53)	(0.80)	2.19
<i>Total income from operations</i>	<i>1.87</i>	<i>3.85</i>	<i>0.94</i>	<i>1.33</i>	<i>4.06</i>
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(3.03)	(2.69)	(2.95)	(2.33)	(1.75)
Net realized gains	(0.83)	(0.59)	(0.05)	(0.99)	(1.34)
<i>Total distributions</i>	<i>(3.86)</i>	<i>(3.28)</i>	<i>(3.00)</i>	<i>(3.32)</i>	<i>(3.09)</i>
Net asset value, end of year	\$19.28	\$21.27	\$20.70	\$22.76	\$24.75
Market price, end of year	\$20.39	\$24.67	\$22.79	\$23.55	\$23.84
<i>Total return, based on NAV^{2,3}</i>	<i>9.26%</i>	<i>19.70%</i>	<i>4.47%</i>	<i>5.44%</i>	<i>17.55%</i>
<i>Total return, based on Market Price⁴</i>	<i>(1.16)%</i>	<i>24.20%</i>	<i>10.80%</i>	<i>13.56%</i>	<i>16.76%</i>
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$202	\$222	\$216	\$237	\$258
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses	3.15%	2.68%	2.97%	2.39%	2.36%
Net expenses	3.15	2.68	2.97	2.39	2.36
Net investment income	7.78	7.29	6.78	8.65	7.39
Portfolio turnover rate	33%	35%	23%⁵	24%	35%
Supplemental data:					
Loan Outstanding, End of Year (000s)	\$99,250	\$101,750	\$101,750	\$80,500	\$116,700
Asset Coverage Ratio for Loan Outstanding ⁶	303%	319%	312%	395%	321%
Asset Coverage, per \$1,000 Principal Amount of Loan Outstanding ⁶	\$3,035	\$3,185	\$3,124	\$3,946	\$3,208 ⁷
Weighted Average Loan (000s)	\$101,743	\$101,750	\$90,984	\$99,544	\$116,700
Weighted Average Interest Rate on Loan	3.06%	2.06%	1.50%	1.06%	1.02%

See Notes to Financial Statements.

- ¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.
- ² Performance figures may reflect compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of compensating balance arrangements, fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- ³ The total return calculation assumes that distributions are reinvested at NAV. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- ⁴ The total return calculation assumes that distributions are reinvested in accordance with the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- ⁵ Excluding mortgage dollar roll transactions. If mortgage dollar roll transactions had been included, the portfolio turnover rate would have been 24%.
- ⁶ Represents value of net assets plus the loan outstanding at the end of the period divided by the loan outstanding at the end of the period.
- ⁷ Added to conform to current period presentation.

[See Notes to Financial Statements.](#)

Notes to financial statements

1. Organization and significant accounting policies

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. (the Fund) was incorporated in Maryland on December 11, 2009 and is registered as a non-diversified, limited-term, closed-end management investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act). The Fund's primary investment objective is to provide current income. As a secondary investment objective, the Fund will seek capital appreciation. The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing primarily in a diverse portfolio of mortgage-backed securities (MBS), consisting primarily of non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS). The Fund intends to liquidate and distribute substantially all of the Fund's net assets to shareholders on or about March 1, 2022.

The following are significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund and are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Estimates and assumptions are required to be made regarding assets, liabilities and changes in net assets resulting from operations when financial statements are prepared. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date the financial statements were issued.

(a) Investment valuation. The valuations for fixed income securities (which may include, but are not limited to, corporate, government, municipal, mortgage-backed, collateralized mortgage obligations and asset-backed securities) and certain derivative instruments are typically the prices supplied by independent third party pricing services, which may use market prices or broker/dealer quotations or a variety of valuation techniques and methodologies. The independent third party pricing services use inputs that are observable such as issuer details, interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risks/spreads, default rates and quoted prices for similar securities. Investments in open-end funds are valued at the closing net asset value per share of each fund on the day of valuation. Futures contracts are valued daily at the settlement price established by the board of trade or exchange on which they are traded. Equity securities for which market quotations are available are valued at the last reported sales price or official closing price on the primary market or exchange on which they trade. When the Fund holds securities or other assets that are denominated in a foreign currency, the Fund will normally use the currency exchange rates as of 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time). If independent third party pricing services are unable to supply prices for a portfolio investment, or if the prices supplied are deemed by the manager to be unreliable, the market price may be determined by the manager using quotations from one or more broker/dealers or at the transaction price if the security has recently been purchased and no value has yet been obtained from a pricing service or pricing broker. When reliable prices are not readily available, such as when the value of a security has been significantly affected by events after the close of the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded, but before the Fund calculates its net asset value, the Fund values these securities as determined in accordance with procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the valuation process and has delegated the supervision of the daily valuation process to the Legg Mason North Atlantic Fund Valuation Committee (the Valuation Committee). The Valuation Committee, pursuant to the policies adopted by the Board of Directors, is responsible for making fair value determinations, evaluating the effectiveness of the Fund's pricing policies, and reporting to the Board of Directors. When determining the reliability of third party pricing information for investments owned by the Fund, the Valuation Committee, among other things, conducts due diligence reviews of pricing vendors, monitors the daily change in prices and reviews transactions among market participants.

The Valuation Committee will consider pricing methodologies it deems relevant and appropriate when making fair value determinations. Examples of possible methodologies include, but are not limited to, multiple of earnings; discount from market of a similar freely traded security; discounted cash-flow analysis; book value or a multiple thereof; risk premium/yield analysis; yield to maturity; and/or fundamental investment analysis. The Valuation Committee will also consider factors it deems relevant and appropriate in light of the facts and circumstances. Examples of possible factors include, but are not limited to, the type of security; the issuer's financial statements; the purchase price of the security; the discount from market value of unrestricted securities of the same class at the time of purchase; analysts' research and observations from financial institutions; information regarding any transactions or offers with respect to the security; the existence of merger proposals or tender offers affecting the security; the price and extent of public trading in similar securities of the issuer or comparable companies; and the existence of a shelf registration for restricted securities.

For each portfolio security that has been fair valued pursuant to the policies adopted by the Board of Directors, the fair value price is compared against the last available and next available market quotations. The Valuation Committee reviews the results of such back testing monthly and fair valuation occurrences are reported to the Board of Directors quarterly.

The Fund uses valuation techniques to measure fair value that are consistent with the market approach and/or income approach, depending on the type of security and the particular circumstance. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable securities. The income approach uses valuation techniques to discount estimated future cash flows to present value.

GAAP establishes a disclosure hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to value assets and liabilities at measurement date. These inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical investments

Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)

Notes to financial statements (cont d)

Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)
The inputs or methodologies used to value securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following is a summary of the inputs used in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

ASSETS				
Description	Quoted Prices (Level 1)	Other Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Long-term investments :				
Residential mortgage-backed securities		\$ 225,749,639	\$ 610,271	\$ 226,359,910
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		54,334,880		54,334,880
Asset-backed securities		32,292,812	148,656	32,441,468
Corporate bonds & notes		787,425		787,425
Total long-term investments		313,164,756	758,927	313,923,683
Short-term investments	\$ 2,043,831			2,043,831
Total investments	\$ 2,043,831	\$ 313,164,756	\$ 758,927	\$ 315,967,514
LIABILITIES				
Description	Quoted Prices (Level 1)	Other Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Other financial instruments:				
Futures contracts	\$ 301,353			\$ 301,353
Forward foreign currency contracts		\$ 1,206		1,206
Total	\$ 301,353	\$ 1,206		\$ 302,559

See Schedule of Investments for additional detailed categorizations.

(b) Futures contracts. The Fund uses futures contracts generally to gain exposure to, or hedge against, changes in interest rates or gain exposure to, or hedge against, changes in certain asset classes. A futures contract represents a commitment for the future purchase or sale of an asset at a specified price on a specified date.

Upon entering into a futures contract, the Fund is required to deposit cash or cash equivalents with a broker in an amount equal to a certain percentage of the contract amount. This is known as the "initial margin" and subsequent payments ("variation margin") are made or received by the Fund each day, depending on the daily fluctuation in the value of the contract. For certain futures, including foreign denominated futures, variation margin is not settled daily, but is recorded as a net variation margin payable or receivable. The daily changes in contract value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses in the Statement of Operations and the Fund recognizes a realized gain or loss when the contract is closed.

Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the amounts reflected in the financial statements. In addition, there is the risk that the Fund may not be able to enter into a closing transaction because of an illiquid secondary market.

(c) Forward foreign currency contracts. The Fund enters into a forward foreign currency contract to hedge against, or manage exposure to, foreign issuers or markets. The Fund may also enter into a forward foreign currency contract to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risk on its non-U.S. dollar denominated securities or to facilitate settlement of a foreign currency denominated portfolio transaction. A forward foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a currency at a set price with delivery and settlement at a future date. The contract is marked-to-market daily and the change in value is recorded by the Fund as an unrealized gain or loss. When a forward foreign currency contract is closed, through either delivery or offset by entering into another forward foreign currency contract, the Fund recognizes a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value of the contract at the time it is closed.

Forward foreign currency contracts involve elements of market risk in excess of the amounts reflected on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The Fund bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the foreign exchange rate underlying the forward foreign currency contract. Risks may also arise upon entering into these contracts from the potential inability of the counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts.

(d) Swap agreements. The Fund invests in swaps for the purpose of managing its exposure to interest rate, credit or market risk, or for other purposes, including to increase the Fund's return. The use of swaps involves risks that are different from those associated with other portfolio transactions. Swap agreements are privately negotiated in the over-the-counter market and may be entered into as a bilateral contract (OTC Swaps) or centrally cleared (Centrally Cleared Swaps). Unlike Centrally Cleared Swaps, the Fund has credit exposure to the counterparties of OTC Swaps.

In a Centrally Cleared Swap, immediately following execution of the swap, the swap agreement is submitted to a clearinghouse or central counterparty (the CCP) and the CCP becomes the ultimate counterparty of the swap agreement. The Fund is required to interface with the CCP through a broker, acting in an agency capacity. All payments are settled with the CCP through the broker. Upon entering into a Centrally Cleared Swap, the Fund is required to deposit initial margin with the broker in the form of cash or securities.

Swap contracts are marked-to-market daily and changes in value are recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation). The daily change in valuation of Centrally Cleared Swaps, if any, is recorded as a receivable or payable for variation margin on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Gains or losses are realized upon termination of the swap agreement. Collateral, in the form of restricted cash or securities, may be required to be held in segregated accounts with the Fund's custodian in compliance with the terms of the swap contracts. Securities posted as collateral for swap contracts are identified in the Schedule of

Notes to financial statements (cont d)

Investments and restricted cash, if any, is identified on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Risks may exceed amounts recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. These risks include changes in the returns of the underlying instruments, failure of the counterparties to perform under the contracts' terms, and the possible lack of liquidity with respect to the swap agreements.

OTC swap payments received or made at the beginning of the measurement period are reflected as a premium or deposit, respectively, on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. These upfront payments are amortized over the life of the swap and are recognized as realized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations. Net periodic payments received or paid by the Fund are recognized as a realized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations.

The Fund's maximum exposure in the event of a defined credit event on a credit default swap to sell protection is the notional amount. As of December 31, 2018, the Fund did not hold any credit default swaps to sell protection.

For average notional amounts of swaps held during the year ended December 31, 2018, see Note 4.

Credit default swaps

The Fund enters into credit default swap (CDS) contracts for investment purposes, to manage its credit risk or to add leverage. CDS agreements involve one party making a stream of payments to another party in exchange for the right to receive a specified return in the event of a default by a third party, typically corporate or sovereign issuers, on a specified obligation, or in the event of a write-down, principal shortfall, interest shortfall or default of all or part of the referenced entities comprising a credit index. The Fund may use a CDS to provide protection against defaults of the issuers (i.e., to reduce risk where the Fund has exposure to an issuer) or to take an active long or short position with respect to the likelihood of a particular issuer's default. As a seller of protection, the Fund generally receives an upfront payment or a stream of payments throughout the term of the swap provided that there is no credit event. If the Fund is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the maximum potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) that the Fund could be required to make under a credit default swap agreement would be an amount equal to the notional amount of the agreement. These amounts of potential payments will be partially offset by any recovery of values from the respective referenced obligations. As a seller of protection, the Fund effectively adds leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, the Fund is subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap. As a buyer of protection, the Fund generally receives an amount up to the notional value of the swap if a credit event occurs.

Implied spreads are the theoretical prices a lender receives for credit default protection. When spreads rise, market perceived credit risk rises and when spreads fall, market perceived credit risk falls. The implied credit spread of a particular referenced entity reflects the cost of buying/selling protection and may include upfront payments required to enter

into the agreement. Wider credit spreads and decreasing market values, when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement. Credit spreads utilized in determining the period end market value of credit default swap agreements on corporate or sovereign issues are disclosed in the Schedule of Investments and serve as an indicator of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for credit derivatives. For credit default swap agreements on asset-backed securities and credit indices, the quoted market prices and resulting values, particularly in relation to the notional amount of the contract as well as the annual payment rate, serve as an indication of the current status of the payment/performance risk.

The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty risk, as the protection buyer, is the fair value of the contract (this risk is mitigated by the posting of collateral by the counterparty to the Fund to cover the Fund's exposure to the counterparty). As the protection seller, the Fund's maximum risk is the notional amount of the contract. Credit default swaps are considered to have credit risk-related contingent features since they require payment by the protection seller to the protection buyer upon the occurrence of a defined credit event.

Entering into a CDS agreement involves, to varying degrees, elements of credit, market and documentation risk in excess of the related amounts recognized on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, that the counterparty to the agreement may default on its obligation to perform or disagree as to the meaning of the contractual terms in the agreement, and that there will be unfavorable changes in net interest rates.

Total return swaps

The Fund enters into total return swaps for investment purposes. Total return swaps are agreements to exchange the return generated by one instrument for the return generated by another instrument. For example, the agreement to pay a predetermined or fixed interest rate in exchange for a market-linked return based on a notional amount. To the extent the total return of a referenced index or instrument exceeds the offsetting interest obligation, the Fund will receive a payment from the counterparty. To the extent it is less, the Fund will make a payment to the counterparty.

(e) Loan participations. The Fund may invest in loans arranged through private negotiation between one or more financial institutions. The Fund's investment in any such loan may be in the form of a participation in or an assignment of the loan. In connection with purchasing participations, the Fund generally will have no right to enforce compliance by the borrower with the terms of the loan agreement related to the loan, or any rights of off-set against the borrower and the Fund may not benefit directly from any collateral supporting the loan in which it has purchased the participation.

The Fund assumes the credit risk of the borrower, the lender that is selling the participation and any other persons interpositioned between the Fund and the borrower. In the event of

Notes to financial statements (cont'd)

the insolvency of the lender selling the participation, the Fund may be treated as a general creditor of the lender and may not benefit from any off-set between the lender and the borrower.

(f) Stripped securities. The Fund may invest in "Stripped Securities," a term used collectively for components, or strips, of fixed income securities. Stripped Securities can be principal only securities (PO), which are debt obligations that have been stripped of unmatured interest coupons, or interest only securities (IO), which are unmatured interest coupons that have been stripped from debt obligations. The market value of Stripped Securities will fluctuate in response to changes in economic conditions, rates of pre-payment, interest rates and the market's perception of the securities. However, fluctuations in response to interest rates may be greater in Stripped Securities than for debt obligations of comparable maturities that pay interest currently. The amount of fluctuation may increase with a longer period of maturity.

The yield to maturity on IO s is sensitive to the rate of principal repayments (including prepayments) on the related underlying debt obligation and principal payments may have a material effect on yield to maturity. If the underlying debt obligation experiences greater than anticipated prepayments of principal, the Fund may not fully recoup its initial investment in IO s.

(g) Mortgage-backed securities. Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) include CMBS and RMBS. These securities depend on payments (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of such securities) primarily from the cash flow from secured commercial or residential mortgage loans made to borrowers. Such loans are secured (on a first priority basis or second priority basis, subject to permitted liens, easements and other encumbrances) by commercial or residential real estate, the proceeds of which are used to purchase and or to construct commercial or residential real estate. The value of some mortgage-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates. The value of these securities may fluctuate in response to the market's perception of the creditworthiness of the issuers. Additionally, although certain mortgage-related securities are supported by some form of government or private guarantee and/or insurance, there is no assurance that private guarantors or insurers will meet their obligations.

(h) Leverage. The Fund may seek to enhance the level of its current distributions to holders of common stock through the use of leverage. The Fund may use leverage directly at the Fund level through borrowings, including loans from certain financial institutions or through a qualified government sponsored program, the use of reverse repurchase agreements and/or the issuance of debt securities (collectively, Borrowings), and possibly through the issuance of preferred stock (Preferred Stock), in an aggregate amount of up to approximately 33 1/3% of the Fund's Total Assets immediately after such Borrowings and/or issuances of Preferred Stock. Total Assets means net assets of the Fund plus the amount of any Borrowings and assets attributable to Preferred Stock that may be outstanding. Currently, the Fund has no intention to issue notes or debt securities or Preferred Stock. In

addition, the Fund may enter into additional reverse repurchase agreements and/or use similar investment management techniques that may provide leverage, but which are not subject to the foregoing 33 1/3% limitation so long as the Fund has covered its commitment with respect to such techniques by segregating liquid assets, entering into offsetting transactions or owning positions covering related obligations.

(i) Cash flow information. The Fund invests in securities and distributes dividends from net investment income and net realized gains, which are paid in cash and may be reinvested at the discretion of shareholders. These activities are reported in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and additional information on cash receipts and cash payments are presented in the Statement of Cash Flows.

(j) Foreign currency translation. Investment securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts based upon prevailing exchange rates on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts based upon prevailing exchange rates on the respective dates of such transactions.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss on investments.

Net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, including gains and losses on forward foreign currency contracts, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the values of assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities, on the date of valuation, resulting from changes in exchange rates.

Foreign security and currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of U.S. dollar denominated transactions as a result of, among other factors, the possibility of lower levels of governmental supervision and regulation of foreign securities markets and the possibility of political or economic instability.

(k) Credit and market risk. Investments in securities that are collateralized by real estate mortgages are subject to certain credit and liquidity risks. When market conditions result in an increase in default rates of the underlying mortgages and the foreclosure values of underlying real estate properties are materially below the outstanding amount of these underlying mortgages, collection of the full amount of accrued interest and principal on these investments may be doubtful. Such market conditions may significantly impair the value and liquidity of these investments and may result in a lack of correlation between their credit ratings and values.

Notes to financial statements (cont d)

(l) Foreign investment risks. The Fund's investments in foreign securities may involve risks not present in domestic investments. Since securities may be denominated in foreign currencies, may require settlement in foreign currencies or pay interest or dividends in foreign currencies, changes in the relationship of these foreign currencies to the U.S. dollar can significantly affect the value of the investments and earnings of the Fund. Foreign investments may also subject the Fund to foreign government exchange restrictions, expropriation, taxation or other political, social or economic developments, all of which affect the market and/or credit risk of the investments.

(m) Counterparty risk and credit-risk-related contingent features of derivative instruments. The Fund may invest in certain securities or engage in other transactions, where the Fund is exposed to counterparty credit risk in addition to broader market risks. The Fund may invest in securities of issuers, which may also be considered counterparties as trading partners in other transactions. This may increase the risk of loss in the event of default or bankruptcy by the counterparty or if the counterparty otherwise fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Fund's subadviser attempts to mitigate counterparty risk by (i) periodically assessing the creditworthiness of its trading partners, (ii) monitoring and/or limiting the amount of its net exposure to each individual counterparty based on its assessment and (iii) requiring collateral from the counterparty for certain transactions. Market events and changes in overall economic conditions may impact the assessment of such counterparty risk by the subadviser. In addition, declines in the values of underlying collateral received may expose the Fund to increased risk of loss.

With exchange traded and centrally cleared derivatives, there is less counterparty risk to the Fund since the exchange or clearinghouse, as counterparty to such instruments, guarantees against a possible default. The clearinghouse stands between the buyer and the seller of the contract; therefore, the credit risk is limited to failure of the clearinghouse. While offset rights may exist under applicable law, the Fund does not have a contractual right of offset against a clearing broker or clearinghouse in the event of a default of the clearing broker or clearinghouse.

The Fund has entered into master agreements, such as an International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement (ISDA Master Agreement) or similar agreement, with certain of its derivative counterparties that govern over-the-counter derivatives and provide for general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral posting terms, netting provisions in the event of default or termination and credit related contingent features. The credit related contingent features include, but are not limited to, a percentage decrease in the Fund's net assets or NAV over a specified period of time. If these credit related contingent features were triggered, the derivatives counterparty could terminate the positions and demand payment or require additional collateral.

Under an ISDA Master Agreement, the Fund may, under certain circumstances, offset with the counterparty certain derivative financial instruments payables and/or receivables with collateral held and/or posted and create one single net payment. However, absent an event of default by the counterparty or a termination of the agreement, the terms of the ISDA

Master Agreements do not result in an offset of reported amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities across transactions between the Fund and the applicable counterparty. The enforceability of the right to offset may vary by jurisdiction.

Collateral requirements differ by type of derivative. Collateral or margin requirements are set by the broker or exchange clearinghouse for exchange traded derivatives while collateral terms are contract specific for over-the-counter traded derivatives. Cash collateral that has been pledged to cover obligations of the Fund under derivative contracts, if any, will be reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Securities pledged as collateral, if any, for the same purpose are noted in the Schedule of Investments.

As of December 31, 2018, the Fund held forward foreign currency contracts with credit related contingent features which had a liability position of \$1,206. If a contingent feature in the master agreements would have been triggered, the Fund would have been required to pay this amount to its derivatives counterparties.

(n) Security transactions and investment income. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Interest income (including interest income from payment-in-kind securities), adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on the accrual basis. The Fund accretes market discounts and amortizes market premiums on debt securities using the effective yield method. Accretion of market discounts and amortization of market premiums requires the application of several assumptions including, but not limited to, prepayment assumptions and default rate assumptions, which are reevaluated not less than semi-annually and require the use of a significant amount of judgment. Principal write-offs are generally treated as realized losses. The Fund's accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums for U.S. federal and other tax purposes is likely to differ from the financial accounting treatment under GAAP of these items as described above. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date for dividends received in cash and/or securities. The cost of investments sold is determined by use of the specific identification method. To the extent any issuer defaults or a credit event occurs that impacts the issuer, the Fund may halt any additional interest income accruals and consider the realizability of interest accrued up to the date of default or credit event.

(o) Partnership accounting policy. The Fund records its pro rata share of the income (loss) and capital gains (losses), to the extent of distributions it has received, allocated from the underlying partnerships and accordingly adjusts the cost basis of the underlying partnerships for return of capital. These amounts are included in the Fund's Statement of Operations.

(p) Distributions to shareholders. Distributions from net investment income of the Fund, if any, are declared quarterly and paid on a monthly basis. Distributions of net realized gains, if any, are declared at least annually. Distributions to shareholders of the Fund are recorded on the ex-dividend date and are determined in accordance with income tax regulations, which may differ from GAAP.

Notes to financial statements (cont'd)

(q) Compensating balance arrangements. The Fund has an arrangement with its custodian bank whereby a portion of the custodian's fees is paid indirectly by credits earned on the Fund's cash on deposit with the bank.

(r) Federal and other taxes. It is the Fund's policy to comply with the federal income and excise tax requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code), as amended, applicable to regulated investment companies. Accordingly, the Fund intends to distribute its taxable income and net realized gains, if any, to shareholders in accordance with timing requirements imposed by the Code. Therefore, no federal or state income tax provision is required in the Fund's financial statements. However, due to the timing of when distributions are made by the Fund, the Fund may be subject to an excise tax of 4% of the amount by which 98% of the Fund's annual taxable income and 98.2% of net realized gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income and realized gains for the calendar year. The Fund accrued \$14,000 of federal excise tax attributable to the calendar year 2017 during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on income tax returns for all open tax years and has concluded that as of December 31, 2018, no provision for income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's federal and state income and federal excise tax returns for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state departments of revenue.

(s) Reclassification. GAAP requires that certain components of net assets be reclassified to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or net asset value per share. During the current year, the following reclassifications have been made:

	Total Distributable Earnings (Loss)	Paid-in Capital
(a)	\$ 14,000	\$ (14,000)

(a) Reclassifications are due to a non-deductible excise tax accrued by the Fund.

2. Investment management agreement and other transactions with affiliates

Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC (LMPFA) is the Fund's investment manager. Western Asset Management Company, LLC (formerly Western Asset Management Company) (Western Asset) and Western Asset Management Company Limited (Western Asset Limited) are the Fund's subadvisers. LMPFA, Western Asset and Western Asset Limited are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Legg Mason, Inc. (Legg Mason).

Under the investment management agreement, the Fund pays an investment management fee, calculated daily and paid monthly, at an annual rate of 1.00% of the Fund's average daily managed assets. Managed assets are net assets plus the proceeds of any outstanding borrowings used for leverage.

LMPFA provides administrative and certain oversight services to the Fund. LMPFA delegates to Western Asset the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund. Western Asset Limited

provides certain subadvisory services to the Fund relating to currency transactions and investments in non-U.S. dollar denominated debt securities. For its services, LMPFA pays Western Asset monthly 70% of the net management fee it receives from the Fund. In turn, Western Asset pays Western Asset Limited a monthly subadvisory fee in an amount equal to 100% of the management fee paid to Western Asset on the assets that Western Asset allocates to Western Asset Limited to manage.

During periods in which the Fund utilizes financial leverage, the fees paid to LMPFA will be higher than if the Fund did not utilize leverage because the fees are calculated as a percentage of the Fund's assets, including those investments purchased with leverage.

All officers and one Director of the Fund are employees of Legg Mason or its affiliates and do not receive compensation from the Fund.

3. Investments

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the aggregate cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investments (excluding short-term investments) and U.S. Government & Agency Obligations were as follows:

	Investments	U.S. Government & Agency Obligations
Purchases	\$ 78,572,628	\$ 26,790,714
Sales	114,805,883	2,385,786

At December 31, 2018, the aggregate cost of investments and the aggregate gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of investments for federal income tax purposes were as follows:

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Appreciation	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Securities	\$ 315,676,748	\$ 13,232,322	\$ (12,941,556)	\$ 290,766
Futures contracts			(301,353)	(301,353)
Forward foreign currency contracts			(1,206)	(1,206)

4. Derivative instruments and hedging activities

Below is a table, grouped by derivative type, that provides information about the fair value and the location of derivatives within the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at December 31, 2018.

	LIABILITY DERIVATIVES ¹		
	Interest Rate Risk	Foreign Exchange Risk	Total
Futures contracts ²	\$ 301,353		\$ 301,353
Forward foreign currency contracts		\$ 1,206	1,206
Total	\$ 301,353	\$ 1,206	\$ 302,559

¹ Generally, the balance sheet location for asset derivatives is receivables/net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) and for liability derivatives is payables/net unrealized appreciation (depreciation).

² Includes cumulative appreciation (depreciation) of futures contracts as reported in the Schedule of Investments. Only variation margin is reported within the receivables and/or payables on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Notes to financial statements (cont'd)

The following tables provide information about the effect of derivatives and hedging activities on the Fund's Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2018. The first table provides additional detail about the amounts and sources of gains (losses) realized on derivatives during the period. The second table provides additional information about the change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) resulting from the Fund's derivatives and hedging activities during the period.

AMOUNT OF REALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON DERIVATIVES RECOGNIZED

	Interest Rate Risk	Foreign Exchange Risk	Credit Risk	Total
Futures contracts	\$ 710,223			\$ 710,223
Swap contracts			\$ 34,100	34,100
Forward foreign currency contracts		\$ (3,056)		(3,056)
Total	\$ 710,223	\$ (3,056)	\$ 34,100	\$ 741,267

CHANGE IN UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION) ON DERIVATIVES RECOGNIZED

	Interest Rate Risk	Foreign Exchange Risk	Credit Risk	Total
Futures contracts	\$ (388,208)			\$ (388,208)
Swap contracts			\$ (16,034)	(16,034)
Forward foreign currency contracts		\$ (1,741)		(1,741)
Total	\$ (388,208)	\$ (1,741)	\$ (16,034)	\$ (405,983)

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the volume of derivative activity for the Fund was as follows:

	Average Market Value
Futures contracts (to sell)	\$ 18,971,078
Forward foreign currency contracts (to buy)	65,525
	Average Notional Balance
Credit default swap contracts (to sell protection)	\$ 130,769
Total return swap contracts	492,984

At December 31, 2018, there were no open positions held in this derivative.

The following table presents the Fund's OTC derivative assets and liabilities by counterparty net of amounts available for offset under an ISDA Master Agreement and net of the related collateral pledged (received) by the Fund as of December 31, 2018.

Counterparty	Gross Assets Subject to Master Agreements	Gross Liabilities Subject to Master Agreements ¹	Net Assets (Liabilities) Subject to Master Agreements	Collateral Pledged (Received)	Net Amount ²
JPMorgan Chase & Co.		\$ (1,206)	\$ (1,206)		\$ (1,206)

¹ Absent an event of default or early termination, derivative assets and liabilities are presented gross and not offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

² Represents the net amount receivable (payable) from (to) the counterparty in the event of default.

40 Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. 2018 Annual Report

5. Loan

Effective July 13, 2018, the Fund has a revolving credit agreement with Societe Generale (Credit Agreement) that allows the Fund to borrow up to an aggregate amount of \$105,000,000. This Credit Agreement renews daily for a 150-day term unless notice to the contrary is given to the Fund, and has a scheduled maturity date of July 13, 2020. The Fund pays a commitment fee on the unutilized portion of the loan commitment amount at an annual rate of 0.60%, except that the commitment fee is 0.20% in the event that the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the loan is greater than 80% of \$105,000,000. The interest on the loan is calculated at a variable rate based on the LIBOR, plus any applicable margin. Securities held by the Fund are subject to a lien, granted to Societe Generale, to the extent of the borrowing outstanding and any additional expenses. The Fund's Credit Agreement contains customary covenants that, among other things, may limit the Fund's ability to pay distributions in certain circumstances, incur additional debt, change its fundamental investment policies and engage in certain transactions, including mergers and consolidations, and require asset coverage ratios in addition to those required by the 1940 Act. In addition, the Credit Agreement may be subject to early termination under certain conditions and may contain other provisions that could limit the Fund's ability to utilize borrowing under the agreement. Interest expense related to this loan for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$1,621,435. For the year ended December 31, 2018, related to the Credit Agreement, the Fund incurred commitment fees of \$3,119. For the year ended December 31, 2018, based on the number of days during the reporting period that the Fund had an outstanding balance under the Credit Agreement, the Fund had an average daily loan balance outstanding of \$101,735,465 and the weighted average interest rate was 3.38%. At December 31, 2018, the Fund had \$99,250,000 of borrowings outstanding per this Credit Agreement.

Prior to July 13, 2018, the Fund had a revolving credit agreement with State Street Bank and Trust Company (Prior Credit Agreement) that allowed the Fund to borrow up to an aggregate amount of \$120,000,000 and renewed daily for a 270-day term. The Prior Credit Agreement terminated on July 13, 2018 and was repaid directly by proceeds from the Credit Agreement. The Fund paid a commitment fee at annual rate of 0.25% on the unutilized portion of the loan commitment amount. The interest on the loan was calculated at a variable rate based on the LIBOR, plus any applicable margin. To the extent of the borrowing outstanding, the Fund was required to maintain collateral in a special custody account at the Fund's custodian on behalf of State Street Bank and Trust Company. The Fund's Prior Credit Agreement contained customary covenants that, among other things, may have limited the Fund's ability to pay distributions in certain circumstances, incur additional debt, change its fundamental investment policies and engage in certain transactions, including mergers and consolidations, and required asset coverage ratios in addition to those required by the 1940 Act. In addition, the Prior Credit Agreement may have been subject to early termination under certain conditions and may have contained other provisions that could have limited the Fund's ability to utilize borrowing under the agreement. Interest expense related to this loan for the period prior to July 13, 2018 was \$1,494,092. For the period ended prior to July 13, 2018 the Fund incurred commitment fees in the amount of \$24,466. For the period

Notes to financial statements (cont d)

prior to July 13, 2018, based on the number of days during the reporting period that the Fund had an outstanding balance under the Prior Credit Agreement, the Fund had an average daily loan balance outstanding of \$101,750,000 and the weighted average interest rate was 2.78%.

6. Distributions subsequent to December 31, 2018

The following distributions have been declared by the Fund's Board of Directors and are payable subsequent to the period end of this report:

Record Date	Payable Date	Amount
12/31/2018	1/31/2019	\$ 1.4807*
1/18/2019	2/1/2019	\$ 0.1750
2/15/2019	3/1/2019	\$ 0.1750
3/22/2019	4/1/2019	\$ 0.1750
4/18/2019	5/1/2019	\$ 0.1750
5/24/2019	6/3/2019	\$ 0.1750

* Distribution comprised of \$0.7752 from income, \$0.2214 from short-term capital gains and \$0.4841 from long-term capital gains.

7. Stock repurchase program

On November 16, 2015, the Fund announced that the Fund's Board of Directors (the Board) had authorized the Fund to repurchase in the open market up to approximately 10% of the Fund's outstanding common stock when the Fund's shares are trading at a discount to net asset value. The Board has directed management of the Fund to repurchase shares of common stock at such times and in such amounts as management reasonably believes may enhance stockholder value. The Fund is under no obligation to purchase shares at any specific discount levels or in any specific amounts. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Fund did not repurchase any shares.

8. Income tax information and distributions to shareholders

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended December 31, was as follows:

	2018	2017
Distributions paid from:		
Ordinary income	\$ 35,284,856	\$ 29,933,761
Net long-term capital gains	5,123,644	4,336,667
Total distributions paid	\$ 40,408,500	\$ 34,270,428

As of December 31, 2018, the components of accumulated earnings (losses) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary income net	\$ 5,856,023
Deferred capital losses*	(976,452)
Other book/tax temporary differences ^(a)	232,171
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ^(b)	(11,903)
Total accumulated earnings (losses) net	\$ 5,099,839

*These capital losses have been deferred in the current year as either short-term or long-term losses. The losses will be deemed to occur on the first day of the next taxable year in the same character as they were originally deferred and will be available to offset future taxable capital gains.

^(a) Other book/tax temporary differences are attributable to the realization for tax purposes of unrealized gains (losses) on certain futures, foreign currency and swap contracts and book/tax differences in the timing of the deductibility of various expenses.

^(b) The difference between book-basis and tax-basis unrealized appreciation (depreciation) is attributable to differences between the book and tax recognition of market discount and premiums on mortgage backed securities and book/tax differences in the treatment of partnership investments.

9. Recent accounting pronouncements

The Fund has adopted the disclosure provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Update 2016-18 (ASU 2016-18), *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) Restricted Cash*. ASU 2016-18 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. ASU 2016-18 requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Prior to the issuance of ASU 2016-18, GAAP did not include specific guidance on the cash flow classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Upon evaluation, the Fund has concluded that ASU 2016-18 does not materially impact the financial statement amounts; however, as required, additional or enhanced disclosure has been included.

In August 2018, the Securities and Exchange Commission released its Final Rule on Disclosure Update and Simplification (the Final Rule) which is intended to simplify an issuer s disclosure compliance efforts by removing redundant or outdated disclosure requirements without significantly altering the mix of information provided to investors. Effective with the current reporting period, the Fund adopted the Final Rule with the most notable impacts being that the Fund is no longer required to present the components of distributable earnings on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities or the sources of distributions to shareholders and the amount of undistributed net investment income on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets. The tax components of distributable earnings and distributions to shareholders continue to be disclosed within the Notes to Financial Statements.

Report of independent registered public accounting firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. (the Fund) as of December 31, 2018, the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the statement of changes in net assets and the financial highlights for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2018, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2018, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, and the changes in its net assets and the financial highlights for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2018 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Fund as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the financial highlights for each of the periods ended on or prior to December 31, 2016 (not presented herein, other than the financial highlights) were audited by other auditors whose report dated February 24, 2017 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements and financial highlights.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2018 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Baltimore, Maryland

February 22, 2019

We have served as the auditor of one or more investment companies in Legg Mason investment company group since at least 1973. We have not been able to determine the specific year we began serving as auditor.

Board approval of management and subadvisory agreements (unaudited)

Background

The Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act), requires that the Board of Directors (the Board) of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. (the Fund), including a majority of its members who are not considered to be interested persons under the 1940 Act (the Independent Directors) voting separately, approve on an annual basis the continuation of the investment management contract (the Management Agreement) with the Fund's manager, Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC (the Manager), and the sub-advisory agreements (individually, a Sub-Advisory Agreement, and collectively, the Sub-Advisory Agreements) with the Manager's affiliates, Western Asset Management Company, LLC (Western Asset) and Western Asset Management Company Limited in London (Western Asset London, and together with Western Asset, the Sub-Advisers). At a meeting (the Contract Renewal Meeting) held in-person on November 7 and 8, 2018, the Board, including the Independent Directors, considered and approved the continuation of each of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements for an additional one-year term. To assist in its consideration of the renewals of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, the Board received and considered a variety of information (together with the information provided at the Contract Renewal Meeting, the Contract Renewal Information) about the Manager and the Sub-Advisers, as well as the management and sub-advisory arrangements for the Fund and the other closed-end funds in the same complex under the Board's supervision (the Legg Mason Closed-end Funds), certain portions of which are discussed below. A presentation made by the Manager and Western Asset to the Board at the Contract Renewal Meeting in connection with its evaluations of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements encompassed the Fund and other Legg Mason Closed-end Funds. In addition to the Contract Renewal Information, the Board received performance and other information throughout the year related to the respective services rendered by the Manager and the Sub-Advisers to the Fund. The Board's evaluation took into account the information received throughout the year and also reflected the knowledge and familiarity gained as members of the Boards of the Fund and other Legg Mason Closed-end Funds with respect to the services provided to the Fund by the Manager and the Sub-Advisers.

At a meeting held by conference call on October 31, 2018, the Independent Directors in preparation for the Contract Renewal Meeting met in a private session with their independent counsel to review Contract Renewal Information in respect of the Legg Mason Closed-end Funds, including the Fund, received to date. No representatives of the Manager or the Sub-Adviser participated in this meeting. The discussion below reflects all of these reviews.

The Manager provides the Fund with investment advisory and administrative services pursuant to the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisers together provide the Fund with certain investment sub-advisory services pursuant to the Sub-Advisory Agreements. The discussion below covers both the advisory and administrative functions being rendered by

Board approval of management and subadvisory agreements (unaudited) (cont d)

the Manager, each such function being encompassed by the Management Agreement, and the investment sub-advisory functions being rendered by the Sub-Advisers.

Board approval of management agreement and sub-advisory agreements

In its deliberations regarding renewal of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, the Board, including the Independent Directors, considered the factors below.

Nature, extent and quality of the services under the management agreement and sub-advisory agreements

The Board received and considered Contract Renewal Information regarding the nature, extent, and quality of services provided to the Fund by the Manager and the Sub-Advisers under the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, respectively, during the past year. The Board also reviewed Contract Renewal Information regarding the Fund's compliance policies and procedures established pursuant to the 1940 Act.

The Board reviewed the qualifications, backgrounds, and responsibilities of the Fund's senior personnel and the portfolio management team primarily responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund. The Board also considered, based on its knowledge of the Manager and its affiliates, the Contract Renewal Information and the Board's discussions with the Manager and Western Asset at the Contract Renewal Meeting, the general reputation and investment performance records of the Manager, Western Asset and their affiliates and the financial resources available to the corporate parent of the Manager and the Sub-Advisers, Legg Mason, Inc. (Legg Mason), to support their activities in respect of the Fund and the other Legg Mason Closed-end Funds.

The Board considered the responsibilities of the Manager and the Sub-Advisers under the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, respectively, including the Manager's coordination and oversight of the services provided to the Fund by the Sub-Advisers and others and Western Asset's coordination and oversight of the services provided to the Fund by Western Asset London. The Management Agreement permits the Manager to delegate certain of its responsibilities, including its investment advisory duties thereunder, provided that the Manager, in each case, will supervise the activities of the delegee. Pursuant to this provision of the Management Agreement, the Manager does not provide day-to-day portfolio management services to the Fund. Rather, portfolio management services for the Fund are provided by Western Asset pursuant to the Sub-Advisory Agreement (the Western Asset Sub-Advisory Agreement) between the Manager and Western Asset. The Western Asset Sub-Advisory Agreement permits Western Asset to delegate certain of its responsibilities, including its investment sub-advisory duties thereunder, provided that Western Asset, in each case, will supervise the activities of the delegee. Pursuant to this provision of the Western Asset Sub-Advisory Agreement, Western Asset London helps Western Asset to provide portfolio management services to the Fund pursuant to a separate Sub-Advisory Agreement between Western Asset and Western Asset London.

In reaching its determinations regarding continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, the Board took into account that Fund shareholders, in pursuing their investment goals and objectives, likely purchased their shares based upon the reputation and the investment style, philosophy and strategy of the Manager and Western Asset, as well as the resources available to the Manager and the Sub-Advisers.

The Board concluded that, overall, the nature, extent, and quality of the management and other services provided to the Fund under the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements have been satisfactory under the circumstances.

Fund performance

The Board received and considered information regarding Fund performance, including information and analyses (the Broadridge Performance Information) for the Fund, as well as for a group of comparable funds (the Performance Universe) selected by Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. (Broadridge), an independent provider of investment company data. The Board was provided with a description of the methodology Broadridge used to determine the similarity of the Fund with the funds included in the Performance Universe. The Performance Universe included the Fund and all other leveraged U.S. mortgage closed-end funds, as classified by Broadridge, regardless of asset size. The Performance Universe consisted of five funds, including the Fund, for each of the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods ended June 30, 2018. The Board noted that it had received and discussed with the Manager and Western Asset information throughout the year at periodic intervals comparing the Fund s performance against its benchmark and its peer funds as selected by Broadridge.

The Broadridge Performance Information comparing the Fund s performance to that of the Performance Universe based on net asset value per share showed, among other things, that among the funds in the performance Universe, the Fund s performance was ranked first (first being best in these performance rankings) for each of the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods ended June 30, 2018 and was better than the Performance Universe median for each of those periods. In reviewing the Fund s performance relative to the Performance Universe, the Board noted that the small number of funds comprising the Performance Universe made meaningful performance comparisons difficult. In addition to the Fund s performance relative to the Performance Universe, the Board considered the Fund s performance in absolute terms and the Fund s performance relative to its benchmark. On a net asset value basis, the Fund outperformed its benchmark for each of the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods ended June 30, 2018.

Based on the reviews and discussions of Fund performance and considering other relevant factors, including those noted above, the Board concluded, under the circumstances, that continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements for an additional one-year period would be consistent with the interests of the Fund and its shareholders.

Board approval of management and subadvisory agreements (unaudited) (cont d)

Management fees and expense ratios

The Board reviewed and considered the management fee (the Management Fee) payable by the Fund to the Manager under the Management Agreement and the sub-advisory fees (the Sub-Advisory Fees) payable to the Sub-Advisers under the Sub-Advisory Agreements in light of the nature, extent and overall quality of the management, investment advisory and other services provided by the Manager and the Sub-Advisers. The Board noted that the Sub-Advisory Fee payable to Western Asset under the Western Asset Sub-Advisory Agreement is paid by the Manager, not the Fund, and, accordingly, that the retention of Western Asset does not increase the fees or expenses otherwise incurred by the Fund's shareholders. Similarly, the Board noted that the Sub-Advisory Fee payable to Western Asset London under its Sub-Advisory Agreement with Western Asset is paid by Western Asset, not the Fund, and, accordingly, that the retention of Western Asset London does not increase the fees or expenses otherwise incurred by the Fund's shareholders.

Additionally, the Board received and considered information and analyses prepared by Broadridge (the Broadridge Expense Information) comparing the Management Fee and the Fund's overall expenses with those of funds in an expense universe (the Expense Universe) selected and provided by Broadridge. The comparison was based upon the constituent funds' latest fiscal years. The Expense Universe consisted of the Fund and four other leveraged U.S. mortgage closed-end funds, as classified by Broadridge. The five funds in the Expense Universe had average net common share assets ranging from \$76.8 million to \$433.8 million. Two of the other Expense Universe funds were larger than the Fund and two were smaller.

The Broadridge Expense Information, comparing the Management Fee as well as the Fund's actual total expenses to the Fund's Expense Group, showed, among other things, that the Management Fee on a contractual basis was ranked third (first being lowest and, therefore, best in these expense component rankings) among the five funds in the Expense Group and was at the Expense Universe median for that expense component. Among the Expense Universe funds, the Fund's actual Management Fee (i.e., giving effect to any voluntary fee waivers implemented by the Manager with respect to the Fund and by the managers of the other Expense Universe funds) was ranked third whether compared on the basis of common share assets only or on the basis of common share and leveraged assets and, in each case, was at the Expense Universe median for that expense component. The Broadridge Expense Information further showed that the Fund's actual total expenses ranked fourth among the Expense Universe funds when compared on the basis of common share assets only and were ranked third when compared on the basis of common share and leveraged assets than the Expense Group median for that expense component. The Fund's total expenses, on the basis of common share assets only, were lower than the Expense Group Median for that expense component and, on the basis of common share and leveraged assets, were at the Expense Group Median for that expense component. With respect to the Fund's actual total expenses, the Manager noted, among other things, that the Fund's investment-related expenses were higher than those of the other Expense Group funds whether compared on

the basis of common share assets only or on the basis of common share and leveraged assets, and that the total expenses for the Fund also were increased by its election to pay an excise tax on undistributed earnings rather than make a special distribution. The Manager noted further that the small number, varying sizes and differing investment strategies of funds comprising the Expense Group made meaningful expense comparisons difficult. Three of the four other Expense Universe funds were managed by the same manager.

The Board also reviewed Contract Renewal Information regarding fees charged by the Manager to other U.S. clients investing primarily in an asset class similar to that of the Fund, including, where applicable, institutional and separate accounts. The Board was advised that the fees paid by such institutional, separate account and other clients (collectively, institutional clients) generally are lower, and may be significantly lower, than the Management Fee. The Contract Renewal Information discussed the significant differences in scope of services provided to the Fund and to institutional clients. Among other things, institutional clients have fewer compliance, administration and other needs than the Fund and the Fund is subject not only to heightened regulatory requirements relative to institutional clients but also to requirements for listing on the New York Stock Exchange. The Contract Renewal Information noted further that the Fund is provided with administrative services, office facilities, Fund officers (including the Fund's chief executive, chief financial and chief compliance officers), and that the Manager coordinates and oversees the provision of services to the Fund by other fund service providers. The Contract Renewal Information included information regarding management fees paid by open-end mutual funds in the same complex (the Legg Mason Open-end Funds) and such information indicated that the management fees paid by the Legg Mason Closed-end Funds generally were higher than those paid by the Legg Mason Open-end Funds. The Manager, in response to an inquiry from the Board as to the reasons for the fee differential, provided information as to differences between the services provided to the Fund and the other Legg Mason Closed-end Funds and the services provided to the Legg Mason Open-end Funds. The Board considered the fee comparisons in light of the different services provided in managing these other types of clients and funds.

Taking all of the above into consideration, the Board determined that the Management Fee and the Sub-Advisory Fees were reasonable in light of the nature, extent and overall quality of the management, investment advisory and other services provided to the Fund under the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements.

Manager profitability

The Board, as part of the Contract Renewal Information, received an analysis of the profitability to the Manager and its affiliates in providing services to the Fund for the Manager's fiscal years ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017. The Board also received profitability information with respect to the Legg Mason fund complex as a whole. In addition, the Board received Contract Renewal Information with respect to the Manager's revenue and cost allocation methodologies used in preparing such profitability data. The profitability

Board approval of management and subadvisory agreements (unaudited) (cont d)

to each of the Sub-Advisers was not considered to be a material factor in the Board's considerations since Western Asset's Sub-Advisory Fee is paid by the Manager, not the Fund, and the Sub-Advisory Fee for Western Asset London is paid by Western Asset, not the Fund. The profitability analysis presented to the Board as part of the Contract Renewal Information indicated that profitability to the Manager decreased during the period covered by the analysis and remained at a level that the Board did not consider to be excessive in light of judicial guidance and the nature, extent and overall quality of the investment advisory and other services provided to the Fund. However, the Board determined that profitability to the Manager in providing services to the Fund continued to merit continuing monitoring at its current level.

Economies of scale

The Board received and discussed Contract Renewal Information concerning whether the Manager realizes economies of scale if the Fund's assets grow. The Board noted that because the Fund is a closed-end fund with no current plans to seek additional assets beyond maintaining its dividend reinvestment plan, any significant growth in its assets generally will occur through appreciation in the value of the Fund's investment portfolio, rather than sales of additional shares in the Fund. The Board determined that the Management Fee structure, which incorporates no breakpoints reducing the Management Fee at specified increased asset levels, was appropriate under present circumstances.

Other benefits to the manager and the sub-advisers

The Board considered other benefits received by the Manager, the Sub-Advisers and their affiliates as a result of their relationship with the Fund and did not regard such benefits as excessive.

* * * * *

In light of all of the foregoing and other relevant factors, the Board determined, under the circumstances, that continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements would be consistent with the interests of the Fund and its shareholders and unanimously voted to continue each Agreement for a period of one additional year. No single factor reviewed by the Board was identified by the Board as the principal factor in determining whether to approve continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements, and each Board member may have attributed different weights to the various factors. The Independent Directors were advised by separate independent legal counsel throughout the process. Prior to the Contract Renewal Meeting, the Board received a memorandum prepared by the Manager discussing its responsibilities in connection with the proposed continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements as part of the Contract Renewal Information and the Independent Directors separately received a memorandum discussing such responsibilities from their independent counsel. Prior to voting, the Independent Directors also discussed the proposed continuation of the Management Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreements in private sessions with their independent legal counsel at which no representatives of the Manager or any Sub-Adviser were present.

Additional information (unaudited)

Information about Directors and Officers

The business and affairs of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. (the Fund) are conducted by management under the supervision and subject to the direction of its Board of Directors. The business address of each Director is c/o Jane Trust, Legg Mason, 100 International Drive, 11th Floor, Baltimore, Maryland 21202. Information pertaining to the Directors and officers of the Fund is set forth below.

The Fund's annual proxy statement includes additional information about Directors and is available, without charge, upon request by calling the Fund at 1-888-777-0102.

Independent Directors:

Robert D. Agdern

Year of birth	1950
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class III
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2015
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Member of the Advisory Committee of the Dispute Resolution Research Center at the Kellogg Graduate School of Business, Northwestern University (2002 to 2016); formerly, Deputy General Counsel responsible for western hemisphere matters for BP PLC (1999 to 2001); formerly, Associate General Counsel at Amoco Corporation responsible for corporate, chemical, and refining and marketing matters and special assignments (1993 to 1998) (Amoco merged with British Petroleum in 1998 forming BP PLC).
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	None

Carol L. Colman

Year of birth	1946
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class I
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2010
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	President, Colman Consulting Company (consulting)
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	None

Additional information (unaudited) (cont d)

Information about Directors and Officers

Independent Directors cont d

Daniel P. Cronin

Year of birth	1946
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class I
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2010
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Retired; formerly, Associate General Counsel, Pfizer Inc. (prior to and including 2004)
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	None

Paolo M. Cucchi

Year of birth	1941
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class I
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2010
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Emeritus Professor of French and Italian (since 2014) and formerly, Vice President and Dean of The College of Liberal Arts (1984 to 2009) and Professor of French and Italian (2009 to 2014) at Drew University
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	None

William R. Hutchinson

Year of birth	1942
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class II
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2010
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	President, W.R. Hutchinson & Associates Inc. (Consulting) (since 2001)
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	Director (Non-Executive Chairman of the Board (since December 1, 2009)), Associated Banc Corp. (banking) (since 1994)

Independent Directors cont d

Eileen A. Kamerick

Year of birth	1958
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class III Since 2013
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	National Association of Corporate Directors Board Leadership Fellow and financial expert; The University of Chicago Law School (since 2018); Adjunct Professor, Washington University in St. Louis and University of Iowa law schools (since 2007); formerly, Senior Advisor to the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of ConnectWise, Inc. (software and services company) (2015 to 2016); Chief Financial Officer, Press Ganey Associates (health care informatics company) (2012 to 2014); Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer, Houlihan Lokey (international investment bank) and President, Houlihan Lokey Foundation (2010 to 2012)
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	Trustee of AIG Funds and Anchor Series Trust (since 2018); Hochschild Mining plc (precious metals company) (since 2016); Director of Associated Banc-Corp (financial services company) (since 2007); Westell Technologies, Inc. (technology company) (2003 to 2016)

Nisha Kumar²

Year of birth	1970
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director and Member of Nominating and Audit Committees, Class II Since 2019
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer of Greenbriar Equity Group, LP (since 2011); formerly, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer of Rent the Runway, Inc. (2011); Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of AOL LLC, a subsidiary of Time Warner Inc. (2007 to 2009). Member of the Council on Foreign Relations.
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	23
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	Director of the India Fund, Inc. (since 2016); GB Flow Investment LLC; EDAC Technologies Corp.; Nordco Holdings, LLC; and SEKO Global Logistics Network, LLC; formerly, Director of Aberdeen Income Credit Strategies Fund (2017 to 2018); Director of The Asia Tigers Fund, Inc. (2016 to 2018)

Additional information (unaudited) (cont d)

Information about Directors and Officers

Interested Director and Officer:

Jane Trust, CFA³

Year of birth	1962
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Director, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Class II
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2015
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Senior Managing Director of Legg Mason & Co., LLC (Legg Mason & Co.) (since 2018); Managing Director of Legg Mason & Co. (2016 to 2018); Officer and/or Trustee/Director of 146 funds associated with Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC (LMPFA) or its affiliates (since 2015); President and Chief Executive Officer of LMPFA (since 2015); formerly, Senior Vice President of LMPFA (2015); Director of ClearBridge, LLC (formerly, Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC) (2007 to 2014); Managing Director of Legg Mason Investment Counsel & Trust Co. (2000 to 2007)
Number of portfolios in fund complex overseen by Director (including the Fund)	137
Other board memberships held by Director during past five years	None

Additional Officers:

Todd F. Kuehl

Legg Mason

100 International Drive, 9th Floor, Baltimore, MD 21202

Year of birth	1969
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Chief Compliance Officer
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2017
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Managing Director of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2011); Chief Compliance Officer of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2006); formerly, Chief Compliance Officer of Legg Mason Private Portfolio Group (prior to 2010); formerly, Branch Chief, Division of Investment Management, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (2002 to 2006)

Jenna Bailey

Legg Mason

100 First Stamford Place, 6th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902

Year of birth	1978
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Identity Theft Prevention Officer
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2015
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Identity Theft Prevention Officer of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2015); Compliance Officer of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2013); Assistant Vice President of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2011); formerly, Associate Compliance Officer of Legg Mason & Co. (2011 to 2013)

Additional Officers cont d

Robert I. Frenkel

Legg Mason

100 First Stamford Place, 6th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902

Year of birth

Position(s) held with Fund¹

Term of office¹ and length of time served

Principal occupation(s) during past five years

1954

Secretary and Chief Legal Officer

Since 2010

Vice President and Deputy General Counsel of Legg Mason (since 2006); Managing Director and General Counsel U.S. Mutual Funds for Legg Mason & Co. (since 2006) and Legg Mason & Co. predecessors (since 1994); Secretary and Chief Legal Officer of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2006) and Legg Mason & Co. predecessors (prior to 2006)

Thomas C. Mandia

Legg Mason

100 First Stamford Place, 6th Floor, Stamford, CT 06902

Year of birth

Position(s) held with Fund

Term of office and length of time served¹

Principal occupation(s) during the past five years

1962

Assistant Secretary

Since 2010

Managing Director and Deputy General Counsel of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2005) and Legg Mason & Co. predecessors (prior to 2005); Secretary of LMPFA (since 2006); Assistant Secretary of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2006) and Legg Mason & Co. predecessors (prior to 2006); Secretary of LM Asset Services, LLC (LMAS) (since 2002) and Legg Mason Fund Asset Management, Inc. (LMFAM) (since 2013) (formerly registered investment advisers)

Richard F. Sennett

Legg Mason

100 International Drive, Baltimore, MD 21202

Year of birth

Position(s) held with Fund¹

Term of office¹ and length of time served

Principal occupation(s) during past five years

1970

Principal Financial Officer

Since 2011

Principal Financial Officer and Treasurer of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2011 and since 2013); Managing Director of Legg Mason & Co. and Senior Manager of the Treasury Policy group for Legg Mason & Co.'s Global Fiduciary Platform (since 2011); Chief Accountant within the SEC's Division of Investment Management (2007 to 2011); formerly, Assistant Chief Accountant within the SEC's Division of Investment Management (2002 to 2007)

Additional information (unaudited) (cont d)

Information about Directors and Officers

Additional Officers cont d

Jennifer S. Berg

Legg Mason

100 International Drive, Baltimore, MD 21202

Year of birth	1973
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Treasurer
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2018
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Director of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2014); Treasurer of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2018); formerly, Vice President of Legg Mason & Co. (2011 to 2014)

Jeanne M. Kelly

Legg Mason

620 Eighth Avenue, 49th Floor, New York, NY 10018

Year of birth	1951
Position(s) held with Fund ¹	Senior Vice President
Term of office ¹ and length of time served	Since 2010
Principal occupation(s) during past five years	Senior Vice President of certain mutual funds associated with Legg Mason & Co. or its affiliates (since 2007); Senior Vice President of LMPFA (since 2006); President and Chief Executive Officer of LMAS and LMFAM (since 2015); Managing Director of Legg Mason & Co. (since 2005) and Legg Mason & Co. predecessors (prior to 2005); formerly, Senior Vice President of LMFAM (2013 to 2015)

Directors who are not interested persons of the Fund within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

¹ The Fund's Board of Directors is divided into three classes: Class I, Class II and Class III. The terms of office of the Class I, II and III Directors expire at the Annual Meetings of Stockholders in the year 2020, year 2021 and year 2019, respectively, or thereafter in each case when their respective successors are duly elected and qualified. The Fund's executive officers are chosen each year, to hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

² Effective January 1, 2019, Ms. Kumar became a Director.

³ Ms. Trust is an interested person of the Fund as defined in the 1940 Act because Ms. Trust is an officer of LMPFA and certain of its affiliates.

Annual chief executive officer and principal financial officer certifications (unaudited)

The Fund's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) has submitted to the NYSE the required annual certification and the Fund also has included the Certifications of the Fund's CEO and Principal Financial Officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in the Fund's Form N-CSR filed with the SEC for the period of this report.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

57

Other shareholder communications regarding accounting matters (unaudited)

The Fund's Audit Committee has established guidelines and procedures regarding the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters (collectively, "Accounting Matters"). Persons with complaints or concerns regarding Accounting Matters may submit their complaints to the Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO"). Persons who are uncomfortable submitting complaints to the CCO, including complaints involving the CCO, may submit complaints directly to the Fund's Audit Committee Chair. Complaints may be submitted on an anonymous basis.

The CCO may be contacted at:

Legg Mason & Co., LLC

Compliance Department

620 Eighth Avenue, 49th Floor

New York, New York 10018

Complaints may also be submitted by telephone at 1-800-742-5274. Complaints submitted through this number will be received by the CCO.

Dividend reinvestment plan (unaudited)

Unless you elect to receive distributions in cash (i.e., opt-out), all dividends, including any capital gain dividends and return of capital distributions, on your Common Stock will be automatically reinvested by Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as agent for the stockholders (the Plan Agent), in additional shares of Common Stock under the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the Plan). You may elect not to participate in the Plan by contacting the Plan Agent. If you do not participate, you will receive all cash distributions paid by check mailed directly to you by Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as dividend paying agent.

If you participate in the Plan, the number of shares of Common Stock you will receive will be determined as follows:

- (1) If the market price of the Common Stock (plus \$0.03 per share commission) on the payment date (or, if the payment date is not a NYSE trading day, the immediately preceding trading day) is equal to or exceeds the net asset value per share of the Common Stock at the close of trading on the NYSE on the payment date, the Fund will issue new Common Stock at a price equal to the greater of (a) the net asset value per share at the close of trading on the NYSE on the payment date or (b) 95% of the market price per share of the Common Stock on the payment date.
- (2) If the net asset value per share of the Common Stock exceeds the market price of the Common Stock (plus \$0.03 per share commission) at the close of trading on the NYSE on the payment date, the Plan Agent will receive the dividend or distribution in cash and will buy Common Stock in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for your account as soon as practicable commencing on the trading day following the payment date and terminating no later than the earlier of (a) 30 days after the dividend or distribution payment date, or (b) the payment date for the next succeeding dividend or distribution to be made to the stockholders; except when necessary to comply with applicable provisions of the federal securities laws. If during this period: (i) the market price (plus \$0.03 per share commission) rises so that it equals or exceeds the net asset value per share of the Common Stock at the close of trading on the NYSE on the payment date before the Plan Agent has completed the open market purchases or (ii) if the Plan Agent is unable to invest the full amount eligible to be reinvested in open market purchases, the Plan Agent will cease purchasing Common Stock in the open market and the Fund shall issue the remaining Common Stock at a price per share equal to the greater of (a) the net asset value per share at the close of trading on the NYSE on the day prior to the issuance of shares for reinvestment or (b) 95% of the then current market price per share.

Common Stock in your account will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form. Any proxy you receive will include all shares of Common Stock you have received under the Plan. You may withdraw from the Plan (i.e., opt-out) by notifying the Plan Agent in writing at 462 South 4th Street, Suite 1600, Louisville, KY 40202 or by calling the Plan Agent at 1-888-888-0151. Such withdrawal will be effective immediately if notice is received by the Plan Agent not less than ten business days prior to any dividend or distribution record date;

Dividend reinvestment plan (unaudited) (continued)

otherwise such withdrawal will be effective as soon as practicable after the Plan Agent's investment of the most recently declared dividend or distribution on the Common Stock.

Plan participants who sell their shares will be charged a service charge (currently \$5.00 per transaction) and the Plan Agent is authorized to deduct brokerage charges actually incurred from the proceeds (currently \$0.05 per share commission). There is no service charge for reinvestment of your dividends or distributions in Common Stock. However, all participants will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred by the Plan Agent when it makes open market purchases. Because all dividends and distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of Common Stock, this allows you to add to your investment through dollar cost averaging, which may lower the average cost of your Common Stock over time. Dollar cost averaging is a technique for lowering the average cost per share over time if the Fund's net asset value declines. While dollar cost averaging has definite advantages, it cannot assure profit or protect against loss in declining markets.

Automatically reinvesting dividends and distributions does not mean that you do not have to pay income taxes due upon receiving dividends and distributions. Investors will be subject to income tax on amounts reinvested under the Plan.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan if, in the judgment of the Board of Directors, the change is warranted. The Plan may be terminated, amended or supplemented by the Fund upon notice in writing mailed to stockholders at least 30 days prior to the record date for the payment of any dividend or distribution by the Fund for which the termination or amendment is to be effective. Upon any termination, you will be sent cash for any fractional share of Common Stock in your account. You may elect to notify the Plan Agent in advance of such termination to have the Plan Agent sell part or all of your Common Stock on your behalf. Additional information about the Plan and your account may be obtained from the Plan Agent at 462 South 4th Street, Suite 1600, Louisville, KY 40202 or by calling the Plan Agent at 1-888-888-0151.

Important tax information (unaudited)

The following information is provided with respect to the distributions paid during the taxable year ended December 31, 2018:

Record Date	Payable Date	Long-Term Capital Gains Per Share
09/21/2018	10/01/2018	\$0.127400
12/31/2018	01/31/2019	\$0.361965

The following information is applicable to non-U.S. resident shareholders:

The following distributions paid monthly by the Fund represent Qualified Net Investment Income and Qualified Short-Term Capital Gains eligible for exemption from U.S. withholding tax for nonresident aliens and foreign corporations.

Record date:	Monthly	Monthly	12/31/2018
Payable date:	January 2018 - July 2018	August 2018 - December 2018	01/31/2019
Qualified net investment income	90.00%	67.00%	67.00%
Qualified short-term capital gains			\$0.145496

Please retain this information for your records.

Western Asset

Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Directors

Robert D. Agdern

Carol L. Colman

Daniel P. Cronin

Paolo M. Cucchi

William R. Hutchinson

Eileen A. Kamerick

Nisha Kumar*

Jane Trust

Chairman

Officers

Jane Trust

President and Chief Executive Officer

Richard F. Sennett

Principal Financial Officer

Todd F. Kuehl

Chief Compliance Officer

Jenna Bailey

Identity Theft Prevention Officer

Robert I. Frenkel

Secretary and Chief Legal Officer

Thomas C. Mandia

Assistant Secretary

Jennifer S. Berg

Treasurer

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

Jeanne M. Kelly

Senior Vice President

* Effective January 1, 2019, Ms. Kumar became a Director.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

620 Eighth Avenue

49th Floor

New York, NY 10018

Investment manager

Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC

Subadvisers

Western Asset Management Company, LLC**

Western Asset Management Company Limited

Custodian

The Bank of New York Mellon (BNY)

Transfer agent

Computershare Inc.

462 South 4th Street, Suite 1600

Louisville, KY 40202

** Prior to May 2, 2018, known as Western Asset Management Company.
Effective July 16, 2018, BNY became custodian.

Independent registered public accounting firm

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Baltimore, MD

Legal counsel

Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP

425 Lexington Avenue

New York, NY 10017

New York Stock Exchange Symbol

DMO

Legg Mason Funds Privacy and Security Notice

Your Privacy and the Security of Your Personal Information is Very Important to the Legg Mason Funds

This Privacy and Security Notice (the "Privacy Notice") addresses the Legg Mason Funds' privacy and data protection practices with respect to nonpublic personal information the Funds receive. The Legg Mason Funds include any funds sold by the Funds' distributor, Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC, as well as Legg Mason-sponsored closed-end funds. The provisions of this Privacy Notice apply to your information both while you are a shareholder and after you are no longer invested with the Funds.

The Type of Nonpublic Personal Information the Funds Collect About You

The Funds collect and maintain nonpublic personal information about you in connection with your shareholder account. Such information may include, but is not limited to:

Personal information included on applications or other forms;

Account balances, transactions, and mutual fund holdings and positions;

Bank account information, legal documents, and identity verification documentation;

Online account access user IDs, passwords, security challenge question responses; and

Information received from consumer reporting agencies regarding credit history and creditworthiness (such as the amount of an individual's total debt, payment history, etc.).

How the Funds Use Nonpublic Personal Information About You

The Funds do not sell or share your nonpublic personal information with third parties or with affiliates for their marketing purposes, or with other financial institutions or affiliates for joint marketing purposes, unless you have authorized the Funds to do so. The Funds do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about you except as may be required to perform transactions or services you have authorized or as permitted or required by law. The Funds may disclose information about you to:

Employees, agents, and affiliates on a "need to know" basis to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business or to comply with obligations to government regulators;

Service providers, including the Funds' affiliates, who assist the Funds as part of the ordinary course of business (such as printing, mailing services, or processing or servicing your account with us) or otherwise perform services on the Funds' behalf, including companies that may perform statistical analysis, market research and marketing services solely for the Funds;

Permit access to transfer, whether in the United States or countries outside of the United States to such Funds' employees, agents and affiliates and service providers as required to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

The Funds representatives such as legal counsel, accountants and auditors to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;

NOT PART OF THE ANNUAL REPORT

Legg Mason Funds Privacy and Security Notice (cont'd)

Fiduciaries or representatives acting on your behalf, such as an IRA custodian or trustee of a grantor trust. Except as otherwise permitted by applicable law, companies acting on the Funds' behalf, including those outside the United States, are contractually obligated to keep nonpublic personal information the Funds provide to them confidential and to use the information the Funds share only to provide the services the Funds ask them to perform.

The Funds may disclose nonpublic personal information about you when necessary to enforce their rights or protect against fraud, or as permitted or required by applicable law, such as in connection with a law enforcement or regulatory request, subpoena, or similar legal process. In the event of a corporate action or in the event a Fund service provider changes, the Funds may be required to disclose your nonpublic personal information to third parties. While it is the Funds' practice to obtain protections for disclosed information in these types of transactions, the Funds cannot guarantee their privacy policy will remain unchanged.

Keeping You Informed of the Funds' Privacy and Security Practices

The Funds will notify you annually of their privacy policy as required by federal law. While the Funds reserve the right to modify this policy at any time they will notify you promptly if this privacy policy changes.

The Funds' Security Practices

The Funds maintain appropriate physical, electronic and procedural safeguards designed to guard your nonpublic personal information. The Funds' internal data security policies restrict access to your nonpublic personal information to authorized employees, who may use your nonpublic personal information for Fund business purposes only.

Although the Funds strive to protect your nonpublic personal information, they cannot ensure or warrant the security of any information you provide or transmit to them, and you do so at your own risk. In the event of a breach of the confidentiality or security of your nonpublic personal information, the Funds will attempt to notify you as necessary so you can take appropriate protective steps. If you have consented to the Funds using electronic communications or electronic delivery of statements, they may notify you under such circumstances using the most current email address you have on record with them.

In order for the Funds to provide effective service to you, keeping your account information accurate is very important. If you believe that your account information is incomplete, not accurate or not current, if you have questions about the Funds' privacy practices, or our use of your nonpublic personal information, write the Funds using the contact information on your account statements, email the Funds by clicking on the Contact Us section of the Funds' website at www.leggmason.com, or contact the Funds at 1-888-777-0102.

Revised April 2018

NOT PART OF THE ANNUAL REPORT

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

620 Eighth Avenue

49th Floor

New York, NY 10018

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, that from time to time the Fund may purchase, at market prices, shares of its stock.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. To obtain information on Form N-Q from the Fund, shareholders can call 1-888-777-0102.

Information on how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the prior 12-month period ended June 30th of each year and a description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies related to portfolio transactions are available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling 1-888-777-0102, (2) at www.lmcef.com and (3) on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

This report is transmitted to the shareholders of Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. for their information. This is not a prospectus, circular or representation intended for use in the purchase of shares of the Fund or any securities mentioned in this report.

Computershare Inc.

462 South 4th Street, Suite 1600

Louisville, KY 40202

WASX013171 2/19 SR19-3565

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

The registrant has adopted a code of ethics that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

The Board of Directors of the registrant has determined that Eileen A. Kamerick, a member of the Board's Audit Committee, possesses the technical attributes identified in Instruction 2(b) of Item 3 to Form N-CSR to qualify as an audit committee financial expert and that she is independent for purposes of this item.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

(a) Audit Fees. The aggregate fees billed in the previous fiscal years ending December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018 (the Reporting Periods) for professional services rendered by the Registrant's principal accountant (the Auditor) for the audit of the Registrant's annual financial statements, or services that are normally provided by the Auditor in connection with the statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for the Reporting Periods, were \$86,600 in December 31, 2017 and \$154,148 in December 31, 2018.

(b) Audit-Related Fees. The aggregate fees billed in the Reporting Period for assurance and related services by the Auditor that are reasonably related to the performance of the Registrant's financial statements were \$0 in December 31, 2017 and \$0 in December 31, 2018.

(c) Tax Fees. The aggregate fees billed in the Reporting Periods for professional services rendered by the Auditor for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning (Tax Services) were \$4,410 in December 31, 2017 and \$0 in December 31, 2018. These services consisted of (i) review or preparation of U.S. federal, state, local and excise tax returns; (ii) U.S. federal, state and local tax planning, advice and assistance regarding statutory, regulatory or administrative developments, and (iii) tax advice regarding tax qualification matters and/or treatment of various financial instruments held or proposed to be acquired or held.

There were no fees billed for tax services by the Auditors to service affiliates during the Reporting Periods that required pre-approval by the Audit Committee.

(d) All Other Fees. The aggregate fees for other fees billed in the Reporting Periods for products and services provided by the Auditor, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this Item for the Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. were \$121,300 in December 31, 2017 and \$3,000 in December 31, 2018.

All Other Fees. There were no other non-audit services rendered by the Auditor to Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisors, LLC (LMPFA), and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with LMPFA that provided ongoing services to Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. requiring pre-approval by the Audit Committee in the Reporting Period.

(e) Audit Committee's pre-approval policies and procedures described in paragraph (c) (7) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

(1) The Charter for the Audit Committee (the Committee) of the Board of each registered investment company (the Fund) advised by LMPFA or one of their affiliates (each, an Adviser) requires that the Committee shall approve (a) all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided to the Fund and (b) all permissible non-audit services to be provided by the Fund's independent auditors to the Adviser and any Covered Service Providers if the engagement relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Fund. The Committee may implement policies and procedures by which such services are approved other than by the full Committee.

The Committee shall not approve non-audit services that the Committee believes may impair the independence of the auditors. As of the date of the approval of this Audit Committee Charter, permissible non-audit services include any professional services (including tax services), that are not prohibited services as described below, provided to the Fund by the independent auditors, other than those provided to the Fund in connection with an audit or a review of the financial statements of the Fund. Permissible non-audit services may not include: (i) bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the Fund; (ii) financial information systems design and implementation; (iii) appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions or contribution-in-kind reports; (iv) actuarial services; (v) internal audit outsourcing services; (vi) management functions or human resources; (vii) broker or dealer, investment adviser or investment banking services; (viii) legal services and expert services unrelated to the audit; and (ix) any other service the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board determines, by regulation, is impermissible.

Pre-approval by the Committee of any permissible non-audit services is not required so long as: (i) the aggregate amount of all such permissible non-audit services provided to the Fund, the Adviser and any service providers controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Adviser that provide ongoing services to the Fund (Covered Service Providers) constitutes not more than 5% of the total amount of revenues paid to the independent auditors during the fiscal year in which the permissible non-audit services are provided to (a) the Fund, (b) the Adviser and (c) any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the Adviser that provides ongoing services to the Fund during the fiscal year in which the services are provided that would have to be approved by the Committee; (ii) the permissible non-audit services were not recognized by the Fund at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (iii) such services are promptly brought to the attention of the Committee and approved by the Committee (or its delegate(s)) prior to the completion of the audit.

(2) For the Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc., the percentage of fees that were approved by the audit committee, with respect to: Audit-Related Fees were 100% and 100% for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018; Tax Fees were 100% and 100% for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018; and Other Fees were 100% and 100% for December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018.

(f) N/A

(g) Non-audit fees billed by the Auditor for services rendered to Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc., LMPFA and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with LMPFA that provides ongoing services to Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. during the reporting period were \$160,000 in December 31, 2017 and \$678,000 in December 31, 2018.

(h) Yes. Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.'s Audit Committee has considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to Service Affiliates, which were not pre-approved (not requiring pre-approval), is compatible with maintaining the Accountant's independence. All services provided by the Auditor to the Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. or to Service Affiliates, which were required to be pre-approved, were pre-approved as required.

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

a) Registrant has a separately-designated standing Audit Committee established in accordance with *Section 3(a)58(A) of the Exchange Act*. The Audit Committee consists of the following Board members:

Robert D. Agdern

Carol L. Colman

Daniel P. Cronin

Paolo M. Cucchi

Leslie H. Gelb*

William R. Hutchinson

Eileen A. Kamerick

Nisha Kumar**

Dr. Riordan Roett*

* Messrs. Gelb and Roett retired as Board and Audit Committee members as of December 31, 2018.

** Effective January 1, 2019, Ms. Kumar became a Director and Audit Committee member.

b) Not applicable

ITEM 6. SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS.

Included herein under Item 1.

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Western Asset Management Company, LLC

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

BACKGROUND

An investment adviser is required to adopt and implement policies and procedures that we believe are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interest of clients, in accordance with fiduciary duties and SEC Rule 206(4)-6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (*Advisers Act*). The authority to vote the proxies of our clients is established through investment management agreements or comparable documents. In addition to SEC requirements governing advisers, long-standing fiduciary standards and responsibilities have been established for ERISA accounts. Unless a manager of ERISA assets has been expressly precluded from voting proxies, the Department of Labor has determined that the responsibility for these votes lies with the investment manager.

POLICY

As a fixed income only manager, the occasion to vote proxies is very rare. However, the Firm has adopted and implemented policies and procedures that we believe are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interest of clients, in accordance with our fiduciary duties and SEC Rule 206(4)- 6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (*Advisers Act*). In addition to SEC requirements governing advisers, our proxy voting policies reflect the long-standing fiduciary standards and responsibilities for ERISA accounts. Unless a manager of ERISA assets has been expressly precluded from voting proxies, the Department of Labor has determined that the responsibility for these votes lies with the Investment Manager.

While the guidelines included in the procedures are intended to provide a benchmark for voting standards, each vote is ultimately cast on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the Firm's contractual obligations to our clients and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote (such that these guidelines may be overridden to the extent the Firm deems appropriate).

In exercising its voting authority, Western Asset will not consult or enter into agreements with officers, directors or employees of Legg Mason Inc. or any of its affiliates (other than Western Asset affiliated companies) regarding the voting of any securities owned by its clients.

PROCEDURE

Responsibility and Oversight

The Western Asset Legal and Compliance Department (*Compliance Department*) is responsible for administering and overseeing the proxy voting process. The gathering of proxies is coordinated through the Corporate Actions area of Investment Support (*Corporate Actions*). Research analysts and portfolio managers are responsible for determining appropriate voting positions on each proxy utilizing any applicable guidelines contained in these procedures.

Client Authority

The Investment Management Agreement for each client is reviewed at account start-up for proxy voting instructions. If an agreement is silent on proxy voting, but contains an overall delegation of discretionary authority or if the account represents assets of an ERISA plan, Western Asset will assume responsibility for proxy voting. The Legal and Compliance Department maintains a matrix of proxy voting authority.

Proxy Gathering

Registered owners of record, client custodians, client banks and trustees (Proxy Recipients) that receive proxy materials on behalf of clients should forward them to Corporate Actions. Proxy Recipients for new clients (or, if Western Asset becomes aware that the applicable Proxy Recipient for an existing client has changed, the Proxy Recipient for the existing client) are notified at start-up of appropriate routing to Corporate Actions of proxy materials received and reminded of their responsibility to forward all proxy materials on a timely basis. If Western Asset personnel other than Corporate Actions receive proxy materials, they should promptly forward the materials to Corporate Actions.

Proxy Voting

Once proxy materials are received by Corporate Actions, they are forwarded to the Legal and Compliance Department for coordination and the following actions:

1. Proxies are reviewed to determine accounts impacted.
2. Impacted accounts are checked to confirm Western Asset voting authority.
3. Legal and Compliance Department staff reviews proxy issues to determine any material conflicts of interest. (See conflicts of interest section of these procedures for further information on determining material conflicts of interest.)
4. If a material conflict of interest exists, (i) to the extent reasonably practicable and permitted by applicable law, the client is promptly notified, the conflict is disclosed and Western Asset obtains the client's proxy voting instructions, and (ii) to the extent that it is not reasonably practicable or permitted by applicable law to notify the client and obtain such instructions (e.g., the client is a mutual fund or other commingled vehicle or is an ERISA plan client), Western Asset seeks voting instructions from an independent third party.
5. Legal and Compliance Department staff provides proxy material to the appropriate research analyst or portfolio manager to obtain their recommended vote. Research analysts and portfolio managers determine votes on a case-by-case basis taking into the account the voting guidelines contained in these procedures. For avoidance of doubt, depending on the best interest of each individual client, Western Asset may vote the same proxy differently for different clients. The analyst's or portfolio manager's basis for their decision is documented and maintained by the Legal and Compliance Department.

6. Legal and Compliance Department staff votes the proxy pursuant to the instructions received in (d) or (e) and returns the voted proxy as indicated in the proxy materials.

Timing

Western Asset personnel act in such a manner to ensure that, absent special circumstances, the proxy gathering, and proxy voting steps noted above can be completed before the applicable deadline for returning proxy votes.

Recordkeeping

Western Asset maintains records of proxies voted pursuant to Section 204-2 of the Advisers Act and ERISA DOL Bulletin 94-2. These records include:

- a. A copy of Western Asset's policies and procedures.
- b. Copies of proxy statements received regarding client securities.

- c. A copy of any document created by Western Asset that was material to making a decision how to vote proxies.
 - d. Each written client request for proxy voting records and Western Asset's written response to both verbal and written client requests.
 - e. A proxy log including:
 1. Issuer name;
 2. Exchange ticker symbol of the issuer's shares to be voted;
 3. Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures (CUSIP) number for the shares to be voted;
 4. A brief identification of the matter voted on;
 5. Whether the matter was proposed by the issuer or by a shareholder of the issuer;
 6. Whether a vote was cast on the matter;
 7. A record of how the vote was cast; and
 8. Whether the vote was cast for or against the recommendation of the issuer's management team.
- Records are maintained in an easily accessible place for five years, the first two in Western Asset's offices.

Disclosure

Western Asset's proxy policies are described in the firm's Part 2A of Form ADV. Clients will be provided a copy of these policies and procedures upon request. In addition, upon request, clients may receive reports on how their proxies have been voted.

Conflicts of Interest

All proxies are reviewed by the Legal and Compliance Department for material conflicts of interest.

Issues to be reviewed include, but are not limited to:

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

1. Whether Western (or, to the extent required to be considered by applicable law, its affiliates) manages assets for the company or an employee group of the company or otherwise has an interest in the company;
2. Whether Western or an officer or director of Western or the applicable portfolio manager or analyst responsible for recommending the proxy vote (together, "Voting Persons") is a close relative of or has a personal or business relationship with an executive, director or person who is a candidate for director of the company or is a participant in a proxy contest; and
3. Whether there is any other business or personal relationship where a Voting Person has a personal interest in the outcome of the matter before shareholders.

Voting Guidelines

Western Asset's substantive voting decisions turn on the particular facts and circumstances of each proxy vote and are evaluated by the designated research analyst or portfolio manager. The examples outlined below are meant as guidelines to aid in the decision making process.

Guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders. Part I deals with proposals which have been approved and are recommended by a company's board of directors; Part II deals with proposals submitted by shareholders for inclusion in proxy statements; Part III addresses issues relating to voting shares of investment companies; and Part IV addresses unique considerations pertaining to foreign issuers.

I. Board Approved Proposals

The vast majority of matters presented to shareholders for a vote involve proposals made by a company itself that have been approved and recommended by its board of directors. In view of the enhanced corporate governance practices currently being implemented in public companies, Western Asset generally votes in support of decisions reached by independent boards of directors. More specific guidelines related to certain board-approved proposals are as follows:

1. Matters relating to the Board of Directors

Western Asset votes proxies for the election of the company's nominees for directors and for board-approved proposals on other matters relating to the board of directors with the following exceptions:

- a. Votes are withheld for the entire board of directors if the board does not have a majority of independent directors or the board does not have nominating, audit and compensation committees composed solely of independent directors.
- b. Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation from the company other than for service as a director.
- c. Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who attends less than 75% of board and committee meetings without valid reasons for absences.
- d. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis in contested elections of directors.

2. Matters relating to Executive Compensation

Western Asset generally favors compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals relating to executive compensation, except as follows:

- a. Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for stock option plans that will result in a minimal annual dilution.
- b. Western Asset votes against stock option plans or proposals that permit replacing or repricing of underwater options.
- c. Western Asset votes against stock option plans that permit issuance of options with an exercise price below the stock's current market price.

- d. Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for employee stock purchase plans that limit the discount for shares purchased under the plan to no more than 15% of their market value, have an offering period of 27 months or less and result in dilution of 10% or less.

3. Matters relating to Capitalization

The management of a company's capital structure involves a number of important issues, including cash flows, financing needs and market conditions that are unique to the circumstances of each company. As a result, Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals involving changes to a company's capitalization except where Western Asset is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

- a. Western Asset votes for proposals relating to the authorization of additional common stock.
- b. Western Asset votes for proposals to effect stock splits (excluding reverse stock splits).

- c. Western Asset votes for proposals authorizing share repurchase programs.

4. Matters relating to Acquisitions, Mergers, Reorganizations and Other Transactions

Western Asset votes these issues on a case-by-case basis on board-approved transactions.

5. Matters relating to Anti-Takeover Measures

Western Asset votes against board-approved proposals to adopt anti-takeover measures except as follows:

- a. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to ratify or approve shareholder rights plans.
- b. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to adopt fair price provisions.

6. Other Business Matters

Western Asset votes for board-approved proposals approving such routine business matters such as changing the company's name, ratifying the appointment of auditors and procedural matters relating to the shareholder meeting.

- a. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws.
- b. Western Asset votes against authorization to transact other unidentified, substantive business at the meeting.

II. Shareholder Proposals

SEC regulations permit shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion in a company's proxy statement. These proposals generally seek to change some aspect of a company's corporate governance structure or to change some aspect of its business operations. Western Asset votes in accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors on all shareholder proposals, except as follows:

- a. Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans.
- b. Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that are consistent with Western Asset's proxy voting guidelines for board-approved proposals.

- c. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on other shareholder proposals where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

III. Voting Shares of Investment Companies

Western Asset may utilize shares of open or closed-end investment companies to implement its investment strategies. Shareholder votes for investment companies that fall within the categories listed in Parts I and II above are voted in accordance with those guidelines.

1. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to changes in the investment objectives of an investment company taking into account the original intent of the fund and the role the fund plays in the clients' portfolios.
2. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis all proposals that would result in increases in expenses (e.g., proposals to adopt 12b-1 plans, alter investment advisory arrangements or approve fund mergers) taking into account comparable expenses for similar funds and the services to be provided.

IV. Voting Shares of Foreign Issuers

In the event Western Asset is required to vote on securities held in non-U.S. issuers i.e. issuers that are incorporated under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction and that are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or the NASDAQ stock market, the following guidelines are used, which are premised on the existence of a sound corporate governance and disclosure framework. These guidelines, however, may not be appropriate under some circumstances for foreign issuers and therefore apply only where applicable.

1. Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals calling for a majority of the directors to be independent of management.
2. Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals seeking to increase the independence of board nominating, audit and compensation committees.
3. Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that implement corporate governance standards similar to those established under U.S. federal law and the listing requirements of U.S. stock exchanges, and that do not otherwise violate the laws of the jurisdiction under which the company is incorporated.
4. Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to (1) the issuance of common stock in excess of 20% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders do not have preemptive rights, or (2) the issuance of common stock in excess of 100% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders have preemptive rights.

RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS

For accounts subject to ERISA, as well as other Retirement Accounts, Western Asset is presumed to have the responsibility to vote proxies for the client. The Department of Labor (DOL) has issued a bulletin that states that investment managers have the responsibility to vote proxies on behalf of Retirement Accounts unless the authority to vote proxies has been specifically reserved to another named fiduciary. Furthermore, unless Western Asset is expressly precluded from voting the proxies, the DOL has determined that the responsibility remains with the investment manager.

In order to comply with the DOL's position, Western Asset will be presumed to have the obligation to vote proxies for its Retirement Accounts unless Western Asset has obtained a specific written instruction indicating that: (a) the right to vote proxies has been reserved to a named fiduciary of the client, and (b) Western Asset is precluded from voting proxies on behalf of the client. If Western Asset does not receive such an instruction, Western Asset will be responsible for voting proxies in the best interests of the Retirement Account client and in accordance with any proxy voting guidelines provided by the client.

Western Asset Management Company Limited

Proxy Voting and Corporate Actions Policy

NOTE: Below policy relating to Proxy Voting and Corporate Actions is a global policy for all Western Asset affiliates. As compliance with the Policy is monitored by Western Asset Pasadena affiliate, the Policy has been adopted from US Compliance Manual and therefore all defined terms are those defined in the US Compliance Manual rather than UK Compliance Manual.

As a fixed income only manager, the occasion to vote proxies is very rare. However, the Firm has adopted and implemented policies and procedures that we believe are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interest of clients, in accordance with our fiduciary duties and SEC Rule 206(4)-6 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (Advisers Act). In addition to SEC requirements governing advisers, our proxy voting policies reflect the long-standing fiduciary standards and responsibilities for ERISA accounts. Unless a manager of ERISA assets has been expressly precluded from voting proxies, the Department of Labor has determined that the responsibility for these votes lies with the Investment Manager.

While the guidelines included in the procedures are intended to provide a benchmark for voting standards, each vote is ultimately cast on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the Firm's contractual obligations to our clients and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote (such that these guidelines may be overridden to the extent the Firm deems appropriate).

In exercising its voting authority, Western Asset will not consult or enter into agreements with officers, directors or employees of Legg Mason Inc. or any of its affiliates (other than Western Asset affiliated companies) regarding the voting of any securities owned by its clients.

RESPONSIBILITY AND OVERSIGHT

The Western Asset Legal and Compliance Department (Compliance Department) is responsible for administering and overseeing the proxy voting process. The gathering of proxies is coordinated through the Corporate Actions area of Investment Support (Corporate Actions). Research analysts and portfolio managers are responsible for determining appropriate voting positions on each proxy utilizing any applicable guidelines contained in these procedures.

CLIENT AUTHORITY

The Investment Management Agreement for each client is reviewed at account start-up for proxy voting instructions. If an agreement is silent on proxy voting, but contains an overall delegation of discretionary authority or if the account represents assets of an ERISA plan, Western Asset will assume responsibility for proxy voting. The Legal and Compliance Department maintains a matrix of proxy voting authority.

PROXY GATHERING

Registered owners of record, client custodians, client banks and trustees (Proxy Recipients) that receive proxy materials on behalf of clients should forward them to Corporate Actions. Proxy Recipients for new clients (or, if Western Asset becomes aware that the applicable Proxy Recipient for an existing client has changed, the Proxy Recipient for the existing client) are notified at start-up of appropriate routing to Corporate Actions of proxy materials received and reminded of their responsibility to forward all proxy materials on a timely basis. If Western Asset personnel other than Corporate Actions receive proxy materials, they should promptly forward the materials to Corporate Actions.

PROXY VOTING

Once proxy materials are received by Corporate Actions, they are forwarded to the Legal and Compliance Department for coordination and the following actions:

Proxies are reviewed to determine accounts impacted.

Impacted accounts are checked to confirm Western Asset voting authority.

Legal and Compliance Department staff reviews proxy issues to determine any material conflicts of interest. (See conflicts of interest section of these procedures for further information on determining material conflicts of interest.)

If a material conflict of interest exists, (i) to the extent reasonably practicable and permitted by applicable law, the client is promptly notified, the conflict is disclosed and Western Asset obtains the client's proxy voting instructions, and (ii) to the extent that it is not reasonably practicable or permitted by applicable law to notify the client and obtain such instructions (e.g., the client is a mutual fund or other commingled vehicle or is an ERISA plan client), Western Asset seeks voting instructions from an independent third party.

Legal and Compliance Department staff provides proxy material to the appropriate research analyst or portfolio manager to obtain their recommended vote. Research analysts and portfolio managers determine votes on a case-by-case basis taking into account the voting guidelines contained in these procedures. For avoidance of doubt, depending on the best interest of each individual client, Western Asset may vote the same proxy differently for different clients. The analyst's or portfolio manager's basis for their decision is documented and maintained by the Legal and Compliance Department.

Legal and Compliance Department staff votes the proxy pursuant to the instructions received in (d) or (e) and returns the voted proxy as indicated in the proxy materials.

TIMING

Western Asset personnel act in such a manner to ensure that, absent special circumstances, the proxy gathering and proxy voting steps noted above can be completed before the applicable deadline for returning proxy votes.

RECORDKEEPING

Western Asset maintains records of proxies voted pursuant to Section 204-2 of the Advisers Act and ERISA DOL Bulletin 94-2. These records include: A copy of Western Asset's policies and procedures.

Copies of proxy statements received regarding client securities.

A copy of any document created by Western Asset that was material to making a decision how to vote proxies.

Each written client request for proxy voting records and Western Asset's written response to both verbal and written client requests.

A proxy log including:

Issuer name;

Exchange ticker symbol of the issuer's shares to be voted;

Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures (CUSIP) number for the shares to be voted;

A brief identification of the matter voted on;

Whether the matter was proposed by the issuer or by a shareholder of the issuer;

Whether a vote was cast on the matter;

A record of how the vote was cast; and

Whether the vote was cast for or against the recommendation of the issuer's management team. Records are maintained in an easily accessible place for five years, the first two in Western Asset's offices.

DISCLOSURE

Western Asset's proxy policies are described in the firm's Part 2A of Form ADV. Clients will be provided a copy of these policies and procedures upon request. In addition, upon request, clients may receive reports on how their proxies have been voted.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

All proxies are reviewed by the Legal and Compliance Department for material conflicts of interest. Issues to be reviewed include, but are not limited to:

Whether Western (or, to the extent required to be considered by applicable law, its affiliates) manages assets for the company or an employee group of the company or otherwise has an interest in the company;

Whether Western or an officer or director of Western or the applicable portfolio manager or analyst responsible for recommending the proxy vote (together, "Voting Persons") is a close relative of or has a personal or business relationship with an executive, director or person who is a candidate for director of the company or is a participant in a proxy contest; and

Whether there is any other business or personal relationship where a Voting Person has a personal interest in the outcome of the matter before shareholders.

VOTING GUIDELINES

Western Asset's substantive voting decisions turn on the particular facts and circumstances of each proxy vote and are evaluated by the designated research analyst or portfolio manager. The examples outlined below are meant as guidelines to aid in the decision making process.

Guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders. Part I deals with proposals which have been approved and are recommended by a company's board of directors; Part II deals with proposals submitted by shareholders for inclusion in proxy statements; Part III addresses issues relating to voting shares of investment companies; and Part IV addresses unique considerations pertaining to foreign issuers.

BOARD APPROVAL PROPOSALS

The vast majority of matters presented to shareholders for a vote involve proposals made by a company itself that have been approved and recommended by its board of directors. In view of the enhanced corporate governance practices currently being implemented in public companies, Western Asset generally votes in support of decisions reached by independent boards of directors. More specific guidelines related to certain board-approved proposals are as follows:

Matters relating to the Board of Directors Western Asset votes proxies for the election of the company's nominees for directors and for board-approved proposals on other matters relating to the board of directors with the following exceptions:

Votes are withheld for the entire board of directors if the board does not have a majority of independent directors or the board does not have nominating, audit and compensation committees composed solely of independent directors.

Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation from the company other than for service as a director.

Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who attends less than 75% of board and committee meetings without valid reasons for absences.

Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis in contested elections of directors.

Matters relating to Executive Compensation Western Asset generally favors compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals relating to executive compensation, except as follows:

Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for stock option plans that will result in a minimal annual dilution.

Western Asset votes against stock option plans or proposals that permit replacing or repricing of underwater options.

Western Asset votes against stock option plans that permit issuance of options with an exercise price below the stock's current market price.

Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for employee stock purchase plans that limit the discount for shares purchased under the plan to no more than 15% of their market value, have an offering period of 27 months or less and result in dilution of 10% or less.

Matters relating to Capitalization The management of a company's capital structure involves a number of important issues, including cash flows, financing needs and market conditions that are unique to the circumstances of each company. As a result, Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals involving changes to a company's capitalization except where Western Asset is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

Western Asset votes for proposals relating to the authorization of additional common stock;

Western Asset votes for proposals to effect stock splits (excluding reverse stock splits);

Western Asset votes for proposals authorizing share repurchase programs;

Matters relating to Acquisitions, Mergers, Reorganizations and Other Transactions;

Western Asset votes these issues on a case-by-case basis on board-approved transactions;

Matters relating to Anti-Takeover Measures Western Asset votes against board-approved proposals to adopt anti-takeover measures except as follows:

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to ratify or approve shareholder rights plans;

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to adopt fair price provisions.

Other Business Matters Western Asset votes for board-approved proposals approving such routine business matters such as changing the company's name, ratifying the appointment of auditors and procedural matters relating to the shareholder meeting.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws;

Western Asset votes against authorization to transact other unidentified, substantive business at the meeting.

SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

SEC regulations permit shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion in a company's proxy statement. These proposals generally seek to change some aspect of a company's corporate governance structure or to change some aspect of its business operations. Western Asset votes in accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors on all shareholder proposals, except as follows:

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans;

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that are consistent with Western Asset's proxy voting guidelines for board-approved proposals;

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on other shareholder proposals where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

VOTING SHARES OF INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Western Asset may utilize shares of open or closed-end investment companies to implement its investment strategies. Shareholder votes for investment companies that fall within the categories listed in Parts I and II above are voted in accordance with those guidelines.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to changes in the investment objectives of an investment company taking into account the original intent of the fund and the role the fund plays in the clients portfolios;

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis all proposals that would result in increases in expenses (e.g., proposals to adopt 12b-1 plans, alter investment advisory arrangements or approve fund mergers) taking into account comparable expenses for similar funds and the services to be provided.

VOTING SHARES OF FOREIGN ISSUERS

In the event Western Asset is required to vote on securities held in non-U.S. issuers i.e. issuers that are incorporated under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction and that are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or the NASDAQ stock market, the following guidelines are used, which are premised on the existence of a sound corporate governance and disclosure framework. These guidelines, however, may not be appropriate under some circumstances for foreign issuers and therefore apply only where applicable.

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals calling for a majority of the directors to be independent of management;

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals seeking to increase the independence of board nominating, audit and compensation committees;

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that implement corporate governance standards similar to those established under U.S. federal law and the listing requirements of U.S. stock exchanges and that do not otherwise violate the laws of the jurisdiction under which the company is incorporated;

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to (1) the issuance of common stock in excess of 20% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders do not have preemptive rights, or (2) the issuance of common stock in excess of 100% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders have preemptive rights.

RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS

For accounts subject to ERISA, as well as other Retirement Accounts, Western Asset is presumed to have the responsibility to vote proxies for the client. The Department of Labor (DOL) has issued a bulletin that states that investment managers have the responsibility to vote proxies on behalf of Retirement Accounts unless the authority to vote proxies has been specifically reserved to another named fiduciary.

Furthermore, unless Western Asset is expressly precluded from voting the proxies, the DOL has determined that the responsibility remains with the investment manager.

In order to comply with the DOL's position, Western Asset will be presumed to have the obligation to vote proxies for its Retirement Accounts unless Western Asset has obtained a specific written instruction indicating that: (a) the right to vote proxies has been reserved to a named fiduciary of the client, and (b) Western Asset is precluded from voting proxies on behalf of the client. If Western Asset does not receive such an instruction, Western Asset will be responsible for voting proxies in the best interests of the Retirement Account client and in accordance with any proxy voting guidelines provided by the client.

CORPORATE ACTIONS

Western Asset must pay strict attention to any corporate actions that are taken with respect to issuers whose securities are held in client accounts. For example, Western Asset must review any tender offers, rights offerings, etc., made in connection with securities owned by clients. Western Asset must also act in a timely manner and in the best interest of each client with respect to any such corporate actions.

Western Asset Management Company Ltd (WAMJ) Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

POLICY

As a fixed income only manager, the occasion to vote proxies for WAMJ is very rare. However, the Firm has adopted and implemented policies and procedures that we believe are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interest of clients.

While the guidelines included in the procedures are intended to provide a benchmark for voting standards, each vote is ultimately cast on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the Firm's contractual obligations to our clients and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote (such that these guidelines may be overridden to the extent the Firm deems appropriate).

In exercising its voting authority, WAMJ will not consult or enter into agreements with officers, directors or employees of Legg Mason Inc. or any of its affiliates (other than Western Asset affiliated companies) regarding the voting of any securities owned by its clients.

PROCEDURE

Responsibility and Oversight

The WAMJ Legal and Compliance Department (Compliance Department) is responsible for administering and overseeing the proxy voting process. The gathering of proxies is coordinated through the Corporate Actions area of Investment Operations (Corporate Actions). Research analysts and portfolio managers are responsible for determining appropriate voting positions on each proxy utilizing any applicable guidelines contained in these procedures.

Client Authority

The Investment Management Agreement for each client is reviewed at account start-up for proxy voting instructions. If an agreement is silent on proxy voting, but contains an overall delegation of discretionary authority, WAMJ will assume responsibility for proxy voting. The Legal and Compliance Department maintains a matrix of proxy voting authority.

Proxy Gathering

Registered owners of record, client custodians, client banks and trustees (Proxy Recipients) that receive proxy materials on behalf of clients should forward them to Corporate Actions. Proxy Recipients for new clients (or, if WAMJ becomes aware that the applicable Proxy Recipient for an existing client has changed, the Proxy Recipient for the existing client) are notified at start-up of appropriate routing to Corporate Actions of proxy materials received and reminded of their responsibility to forward all proxy materials on a timely basis. If WAMJ personnel other than Corporate Actions receive proxy materials, they should promptly forward the materials to Corporate Actions.

Proxy Voting

Once proxy materials are received by Corporate Actions, they are forwarded to the Legal and Compliance Department for coordination and the following actions:

- a. Proxies are reviewed to determine accounts impacted.

- b. Impacted accounts are checked to confirm WAMJ voting authority.
- c. Legal and Compliance Department staff reviews proxy issues to determine any material conflicts of interest. (See conflicts of interest section of these procedures for further information on determining material conflicts of interest.)
- d. If a material conflict of interest exists, (i) to the extent reasonably practicable and permitted by applicable law, the client is promptly notified, the conflict is disclosed and WAMJ obtains the client's proxy voting instructions, and (ii) to the extent that it is not reasonably practicable or

permitted by applicable law to notify the client and obtain such instructions (e.g., the client is a mutual fund or other commingled vehicle), WAMJ seeks voting instructions from an independent third party.

- e. Legal and Compliance Department staff provides proxy material to the appropriate research analyst or portfolio manager to obtain their recommended vote. Research analysts and portfolio managers determine votes on a case-by-case basis taking into account the voting guidelines contained in these procedures. For avoidance of doubt, depending on the best interest of each individual client, WAMJ may vote the same proxy differently for different clients. The analyst's or portfolio manager's basis for their decision is documented and maintained by the Legal and Compliance Department.
- f. Legal and Compliance Department staff votes the proxy pursuant to the instructions received in (d) or (e) and returns the voted proxy as indicated in the proxy materials.

Timing

WAMJ personnel act in such a manner to ensure that, absent special circumstances, the proxy gathering and proxy voting steps noted above can be completed before the applicable deadline for returning proxy votes.

Recordkeeping

WAMJ maintains records of proxies. These records include:

- a. A copy of WAMJ's policies and procedures.
- b. Copies of proxy statements received regarding client securities.
- c. A copy of any document created by WAMJ that was material to making a decision how to vote proxies.
- d. Each written client request for proxy voting records and WAMJ's written response to both verbal and written client requests.
- e. A proxy log including:
 - 1. Issuer name;
 - 2. Exchange ticker symbol of the issuer's shares to be voted;
 - 3. Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures (CUSIP) number for the shares to be voted;

4. A brief identification of the matter voted on;
5. Whether the matter was proposed by the issuer or by a shareholder of the issuer;
6. Whether a vote was cast on the matter;
7. A record of how the vote was cast; and
8. Whether the vote was cast for or against the recommendation of the issuer's management team. Records are maintained in an easily accessible place for five years, the first two in WAMJ's offices.

Disclosure

WAMJ's proxy policies are described in the firm's Part 2A of Form ADV. Clients will be provided a copy of these policies and procedures upon request. In addition, upon request, clients may receive reports on how their proxies have been voted.

Conflicts of Interest

All proxies are reviewed by the Legal and Compliance Department for material conflicts of interest. Issues to be reviewed include, but are not limited to:

1. Whether Western (or, to the extent required to be considered by applicable law, its affiliates) manages assets for the company or an employee group of the company or otherwise has an interest in the company;
2. Whether Western or an officer or director of Western or the applicable portfolio manager or analyst responsible for recommending the proxy vote (together, "Voting Persons") is a close relative of or has a personal or business relationship with an executive, director or person who is a candidate for director of the company or is a participant in a proxy contest; and
3. Whether there is any other business or personal relationship where a Voting Person has a personal interest in the outcome of the matter before shareholders.

Voting Guidelines

WAMJ's substantive voting decisions turn on the particular facts and circumstances of each proxy vote and are evaluated by the designated research analyst or portfolio manager. The examples outlined below are meant as guidelines to aid in the decision making process.

Guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders. Part I deals with proposals which have been approved and are recommended by a company's board of directors; Part II deals with proposals submitted by shareholders for inclusion in proxy statements; Part III addresses issues relating to voting shares of investment companies; and Part IV addresses unique considerations pertaining to foreign issuers.

1b. Board Approved Proposals

The vast majority of matters presented to shareholders for a vote involve proposals made by a company itself that have been approved and recommended by its board of directors. In view of the enhanced corporate governance practices currently being implemented in public companies, WAMJ generally votes in support of decisions reached by independent boards of directors. More specific guidelines related to certain board-approved proposals are as follows:

1. Matters relating to the Board of Directors

WAMJ votes proxies for the election of the company's nominees for directors and for board-approved proposals on other matters relating to the board of directors with the following exceptions:

- a. Votes are withheld for the entire board of directors if the board does not have a majority of independent directors or the board does not have nominating, audit and compensation committees composed solely of independent directors.

- b. Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation from the company other than for service as a director.
- c. Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who attends less than 75% of board and committee meetings without valid reasons for absences.
- d. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis in contested elections of directors.

2. Matters relating to Executive Compensation

WAMJ generally favors compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals relating to executive compensation, except as follows:

- a. Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, WAMJ votes for stock option plans that will result in a minimal annual dilution.
- b. WAMJ votes against stock option plans or proposals that permit replacing or repricing of underwater options.

- c. WAMJ votes against stock option plans that permit issuance of options with an exercise price below the stock's current market price.
- d. Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, WAMJ votes for employee stock purchase plans that limit the discount for shares purchased under the plan to no more than 15% of their market value, have an offering period of 27 months or less and result in dilution of 10% or less.

3. Matters relating to Capitalization

The management of a company's capital structure involves a number of important issues, including cash flows, financing needs and market conditions that are unique to the circumstances of each company. As a result, WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals involving changes to a company's capitalization except where WAMJ is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

- a. WAMJ votes for proposals relating to the authorization of additional common stock.
- b. WAMJ votes for proposals to effect stock splits (excluding reverse stock splits).
- c. WAMJ votes for proposals authorizing share repurchase programs.

4. Matters relating to Acquisitions, Mergers, Reorganizations and Other Transactions WAMJ votes these issues on a case-by-case basis on board-approved transactions.

5. Matters relating to Anti-Takeover Measures

WAMJ votes against board-approved proposals to adopt anti-takeover measures except as follows:

- a. WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to ratify or approve shareholder rights plans.
- b. WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to adopt fair price provisions.

6. Other Business Matters

WAMJ votes for board-approved proposals approving such routine business matters such as changing the company's name, ratifying the appointment of auditors and procedural matters relating to the shareholder meeting.

- a. WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws.

- b. WAMJ votes against authorization to transact other unidentified, substantive business at the meeting.

2b. Shareholder Proposals

SEC regulations permit shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion in a company's proxy statement. These proposals generally seek to change some aspect of a company's corporate governance structure or to change some aspect of its business operations. WAMJ votes in accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors on all shareholder proposals, except as follows:

- a. WAMJ votes for shareholder proposals to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans.
- b. WAMJ votes for shareholder proposals that are consistent with WAMJ's proxy voting guidelines for board-approved proposals.
- c. WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on other shareholder proposals where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

3b. Voting Shares of Investment Companies

WAMJ may utilize shares of open or closed-end investment companies to implement its investment strategies. Shareholder votes for investment companies that fall within the categories listed in Parts I and II above are voted in accordance with those guidelines.

WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to changes in the investment objectives of an investment company taking into account the original intent of the fund and the role the fund plays in the clients' portfolios.

WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis all proposals that would result in increases in expenses (e.g., proposals to adopt 12b-1 plans, alter investment advisory arrangements or approve fund mergers) taking into account comparable expenses for similar funds and the services to be provided.

4b. Voting Shares of Foreign Issuers

In the event WAMJ is required to vote on securities held in non-U.S. issuers i.e. issuers that are incorporated under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction and that are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or the NASDAQ stock market, the following guidelines are used, which are premised on the existence of a sound corporate governance and disclosure framework. These guidelines, however, may not be appropriate under some circumstances for foreign issuers and therefore apply only where applicable.

1. WAMJ votes for shareholder proposals calling for a majority of the directors to be independent of management.
2. WAMJ votes for shareholder proposals seeking to increase the independence of board nominating, audit and compensation committees.
3. WAMJ votes for shareholder proposals that implement corporate governance standards similar to those established under U.S. federal law and the listing requirements of U.S. stock exchanges, and that do not otherwise violate the laws of the jurisdiction under which the company is incorporated.

WAMJ votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to (1) the issuance of common stock in excess of 20% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders do not have preemptive rights, or (2) the issuance of common stock in excess of 100% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders have preemptive rights.

Western Asset Management Company Pte. Ltd. (WAMS)

Compliance Policies and Procedures

Proxy Voting

WAMS has adopted and implemented policies and procedures that we believe are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interest of clients, in accordance with our fiduciary duties and the applicable laws and regulations. In addition to SEC requirements governing advisers, our proxy voting policies reflect the long standing fiduciary standards and responsibilities for ERISA accounts.

While the guidelines included in the procedures are intended to provide a benchmark for voting standards, each vote is ultimately cast on a case by case basis, taking into consideration the Firm's contractual obligations to our clients and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote (such that these guidelines may be overridden to the extent the Firm deems appropriate).

In exercising its voting authority, WAMS will not consult or enter into agreements with officers, directors or employees of Legg Mason Inc. or any of its affiliates (other than Western Asset affiliated companies) regarding the voting of any securities owned by its clients.

Procedure

Responsibility and Oversight

The Western Asset Legal and Compliance Department is responsible for administering and overseeing the proxy voting process. The gathering of proxies is coordinated through the Corporate Actions area of Investment Support (Corporate Actions). Research and portfolio managers are determining appropriate voting positions on each proxy utilizing any applicable guidelines contained in these procedures.

Client Authority

The Investment Management Agreement for each client is reviewed at account start-up for proxy voting instructions. If an agreement is silent on proxy voting, but contains an overall delegation of discretionary authority or if the account represents assets of an ERISA plan, Western Asset will assume responsibility for proxy voting. The Legal and Compliance Department maintains a matrix of proxy voting authority.

Proxy Gathering

Registered owners of record, client custodians, client banks and trustees (Proxy Recipients) that receive proxy materials on behalf of clients should forward them to Corporate Actions. Proxy Recipients for new clients (or, if Western Asset becomes aware that the applicable Proxy Recipients for an existing client has changed, the Proxy Recipient for the existing client) are notified at start-up of appropriate routing to Corporate Actions of proxy materials received and reminded to their responsibility to forward all proxy materials on a timely basis. If Western Asset personnel other than Corporate Actions receive proxy materials, they should promptly forward the materials to Corporate Actions.

Proxy Voting

Once proxy materials are received by Corporate Actions, they are forwarded to the Legal and Compliance Department for coordination and the following actions:

1. Proxies are reviewed to determine accounts impacted.
2. Impacted accounts are checked to confirm Western Asset voting authority.
3. Legal and Compliance Department staff reviews proxy issues to determine any material conflicts of interest. [See conflicts of interest section of these procedures for further information on determining material conflicts of interest.]
4. If a material conflict of interest exists, (4.1) to the extent reasonably practicable and permitted by applicable law, the client is promptly notified, the conflict is disclosed and Western Asset obtains

the client's proxy voting instructions, and (4.2) to the extent that it is not reasonably practicable or permitted by applicable law to notify the client and obtain such instructions (e.g., the client is a mutual fund or other commingled vehicle or is an ERISA plan client), Western Asset seeks voting instructions from an independent third party.

5. Legal and Compliance Department staff provides proxy material to the appropriate research analyst or portfolio manager to obtain their recommended vote. Research analysts and portfolio managers determine votes on a case-by-case basis taking into the account the voting guidelines contained in these procedures. For avoidance of doubt, depending on the best interest of each individual client, Western Asset may vote the same proxy differently for different clients. The analyst's or portfolio manager's basis for their decision is documented and maintained by the Legal and Compliance Department.
6. Legal and Compliance Department staff votes the proxy pursuant to the instructions received in (4) or (5) and returns the voted proxy as indicated in the proxy materials.

Timing

Western Asset personnel act in such a manner to ensure that, absent special circumstances, the proxy gathering and proxy voting steps noted above can be completed before the applicable deadline for returning proxy votes.

Recordkeeping

Western Asset maintains records of proxies voted pursuant to Section 204-2 of the Advisers Act and ERISA DOL Bulletin 94-2. These records include:

A copy of Western Asset's policies and procedures.

Copies of proxy statements received regarding client securities.

A copy of any document created by Western Asset that was material to making a decision how to vote proxies.

Each written client request for proxy voting records and Western Asset's written response to both verbal and written client requests.

A proxy log including:

Issuer name;

Exchange ticker symbol of the issuer's shares to be voted;

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures (CUSIP) number for the shares to be voted;

A brief identification of the matter voted on;

Whether the matter was proposed by the issuer or by a shareholder of the issuer;

Whether a vote was cast on the matter;

A record of how the vote was cast; and

Whether the vote was cast for or against the recommendation of the issuer's management team. Records are maintained in an easily accessible plan for five years, the first two in Western Asset's offices.

Disclosure

Western Asset's proxy policies are described in the firm's Part 2A of Form ADV. Clients will be provided a copy of these policies and procedures upon request. In addition, upon request, clients may receive reports on how their proxies have been voted.

Conflicts of Interest

All proxies are reviewed by the Legal and Compliance Department for material conflicts of interest. Issues to be reviewed include, but are not limited to:

Whether Western (or, to the extent required to be considered by applicable law, its affiliates) manages assets for the company or an employee group of the company or otherwise has an interest in the company;

Whether Western or an officer or director of Western or the applicable portfolio manager or analyst responsible for recommending the proxy vote (together, "Voting Persons") is a close relative of or has a personal or business relationship with an executive, director or person who is a candidate for director of the company or is a participant in a proxy contest; and

Whether there is any other business or personal relationship where a Voting Person has a personal interest in the outcome of the matter before shareholders.

Voting Guidelines

Western Asset's substantive voting decisions turn on the particular facts and circumstances of each proxy vote and are evaluated by the designated research analyst or portfolio manager. The examples outlined below are meant as guidelines to aid in the decision making process.

Guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders. Part 1 deals with proposals which have been approved and are recommended by a company's board of directors; Part 2 deals with proposals submitted by shareholders for inclusion in proxy statements; Part 3 addresses issues relating to voting shares of investment companies; and Part 4 addresses unique considerations pertaining to foreign issuers.

Part 1 Board Approved Proposals

The vast majority of matters presented to shareholders for a vote involve proposals made by a company itself that have been approved and recommended by its board of directors. In view of the enhanced corporate governance practices currently being implemented in public companies, Western Asset generally votes in support of decisions reached by independent boards of directors. More specific guidelines related to certain board-approved proposals are as follows:

Matters relating to the Board of Directors.

Western Asset votes proxies for the election of the company's nominees for directors and for board-approved proposals on other matters relating to the board of directors with the following exceptions:

Votes are withheld for the entire board of directors if the board does not have a majority of independent directors or the board does not have nominating, audit and compensation committees composed solely of independent directors.

Edgar Filing: Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc. - Form N-CSR

Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation from the company other than for service as a director.

Votes are withheld for any nominee for director who attends less than 75% of board and committee meetings without valid reasons for absences.

Votes are cast on a case by case basis in contested elections of directors.

Matters relating to Executive Compensation.

Western Asset generally favors compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance. Votes are cast on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals relating to executive compensation, except as follows:

Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for stock option plans that will result in a minimal annual dilution.

Western Asset votes against stock option plans or proposals that permit replacing or re-pricing of underwater options.

Western Asset votes against stock option plans that permit issuance of options with an exercise price below the stock's current market price.

Except where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, Western Asset votes for employee stock purchase plans that limit the discount for shares purchased under the plan to no more than 15% of their market value, have an offering period of 27 months or less result in dilution of 10% or less.

Matters relating to Capitalization.

The management of a company's capital structure involves a number of important issues, including cash flows, financing needs and market conditions that are unique to the circumstance of each company. As a result, Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on board-approved proposals involving changes to a company's capitalization except where Western Asset is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

Western Asset votes for proposals relating to the authorization of additional common stock.

Western Asset votes for proposals to effect stock splits (excluding reverse stock splits).

Western Asset votes for proposals authorizing share repurchase programs.

Matters relating to Acquisitions, Mergers, Reorganizations and Other Transactions. Western Asset votes these issues on a case-by-case basis on board-approved transactions.

Matters relating to Anti-Takeover Measures. Western Asset votes against board-approved proposals to adopt anti-takeover measures except as follows:

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to ratify or approve shareholder right plans.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to adopt fair price provisions.

Other Business Matters. Western Asset votes for board-approved proposals approving such routine business matters such as changing the company's name, ratifying the appointment of auditors and procedural matters relating to the shareholder meeting.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws.

Western Asset votes against authorization to transact other unidentified, substantive business at the meeting.

Part 2 Shareholder Proposals SEC regulations permit shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion in a company's proxy voting statement. These proposals generally seek to change some aspect of a company's corporate governance structure or to change some aspect of its business operations. Western Asset votes in accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors on all shareholder proposals, except as follows:

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans.

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that are consistent with Western Asset's proxy voting guidelines for board-approved proposals.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on other shareholder proposals where the firm is otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

Part 3 Voting Shares of Investment Companies Western Asset may utilize shares of open or closed-end investment companies to implement its investment strategies. Shareholder votes for investment companies that fall within the categories listed in Parts 1 and 2 above are voted in accordance with those guidelines.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to changes in the investment objectives of an investment company taking into account the original intent of the fund and the role the fund plays in the clients' portfolios.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis all proposals that would result in increases in expenses (e.g. proposals to adopt 12b-1 plans, alter investment advisory arrangements or approve fund mergers) taking into account comparable expenses for similar funds and the services to be provided.

Part 4 Voting Shares of Foreign Issuers

In the event Western Asset is required to vote on securities held in non U.S. issuers i.e. issuers that are incorporated under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction and that are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or the NASDAQ stock market, the following guidelines are used, which are premised on the existence of a sound corporate governance disclosure foreign issuers and therefore apply only where applicable.

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals calling for a majority of the directors to be independent of management.

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals seeking to increase the independence of board nominating, audit and compensation committees.

Western Asset votes for shareholder proposals that implement corporate governance standards similar to those established under U.S. federal law and the listing requirements of U.S. stock exchanges, and that do not otherwise violate the laws of the jurisdiction under which the company is incorporated.

Western Asset votes on a case-by-case basis on proposals relating to (1) the issuance of common stock in excess of 20% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders do not have pre-emptive rights, or (2) the issuance of common stock in excess of 100% of a company's outstanding common stock where shareholders have pre-emptive rights.

Retirement Accounts

For accounts subject to ERISA, as well as other Retirement Accounts, Western Asset is presumed to have the responsibility to vote proxies for the client. The Department of Labor (DOL) has issued a bulletin that states that investment managers have the responsibility to vote proxies on behalf of Retirement Accounts unless the authority to vote proxies has been specifically reserved to another named fiduciary. Furthermore, unless Western Asset is expressly precluded from voting the proxies, the DOL has determined that the responsibility remains with the investment manager.

In order to comply with the DOL's position, Western Asset will be presumed to have the obligation to vote proxies for its Retirement Accounts unless Western Asset has obtained a specific written instruction indicating that: (1) the right to vote proxies has been reserved to a named fiduciary of the client, and (2) Western Asset is precluded from voting proxies on behalf of the client. If Western Asset does not receive such an instruction, Western Asset will be responsible for voting proxies in the best interests of the Retirement Account client and in accordance with any proxy voting guidelines provided by the client.

ITEM 8. INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

(a)(1):

NAME AND ADDRESS	LENGTH OF TIME SERVED	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST 5 YEARS
<p>S. Kenneth Leech Western Asset 385 East Colorado Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91101</p>	<p>Since 2014</p>	<p>Responsible for the day-to-day management with other members of the Fund's portfolio management team; Chief Investment Officer of Western Asset from 1998 to 2008 and since 2014; Senior Advisor/Chief Investment Officer Emeritus of Western Asset from 2008-2013; Co- Chief Investment Officer of Western Asset from 2013-2014.</p>
<p>Greg E. Handler Western Asset 385 East Colorado Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91101</p>	<p>Since 2013</p>	<p>Responsible for the day-to-day management with other members of the Fund's portfolio management team; research analyst/portfolio manager at Western Asset since 2002.</p>
<p>Harris Trifon Western Asset 385 East Colorado Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91101</p>	<p>Since 2019</p>	<p>Responsible for the day-to-day management with other members of the Fund's portfolio management team; employed by Western Asset as an investment professional since 2014; formerly, Director, Fixed Income Research at Deutsche Bank from 2009 to 2014.</p>

(a)(2): DATA TO BE PROVIDED BY FINANCIAL CONTROL

The following tables set forth certain additional information with respect to the fund's investment professionals for the fund. Unless noted otherwise, all information is provided as of December 31, 2018.

Other Accounts Managed by Investment Professionals

The table below identifies the number of accounts (other than the fund) for which the fund's investment professionals have day-to-day management responsibilities and the total assets in such accounts, within each of the following categories: registered investment companies, other pooled investment vehicles, and other accounts. For each category, the number of accounts and total assets in the accounts where fees are based on performance is also indicated.

Name of PM	Type of Account	Number of Accounts Managed	Total Assets Managed	Number of Accounts Managed for which Advisory Fee is Performance -Based	Assets Managed for which Advisory Fee is Performance- Based
S. Kenneth Leech	Other Registered Investment Companies	107	\$ 163.6 billion	None	None
	Other Pooled Vehicles	258	\$ 76.2 billion	7	\$1.5 billion
	Other Accounts	590	\$ 189.0 billion	29	\$12.3 billion
Harris Trifon	Other Registered Investment Companies	3	\$ 3.3 billion	None	None
	Other Pooled Vehicles	None	None	None	None
	Other Accounts	1	\$ 86 million	1	\$86 million
Greg E. Handler	Other Registered Investment Companies	3	\$ 3.3 billion	None	None
	Other Pooled Vehicles	7	\$ 1.9 billion	None	None
	Other Accounts	11	\$ 400 million	2	\$99 million

The numbers above reflect the overall number of portfolios managed by employees of Western Asset Management Company (Western Asset). Mr. Leech is involved in the management of all the Firm s portfolios, but they are not solely responsible for particular portfolios. Western Asset s investment discipline emphasizes a team approach that combines the efforts of groups of specialists working in different market sectors. He is responsible for overseeing implementation of Western Asset s overall investment ideas and coordinating the work of the various sector teams. This structure ensures that client portfolios benefit from a consensus that draws on the expertise of all team members.

(a)(3): Investment Professional Compensation

With respect to the compensation of the investment professionals, Western Asset s compensation system assigns each employee a total compensation range, which is derived from annual market surveys that benchmark each role with its job function and peer universe. This method is designed to reward employees with total compensation reflective of the external market value of their skills, experience, and ability to produce desired results. Standard compensation includes competitive base salaries, generous employee benefits, and a retirement plan.

In addition, the subadviser s employees are eligible for bonuses. These are structured to closely align the interests of employees with those of the subadviser, and are determined by the professional s job function and pre-tax performance as measured by a formal review process. All bonuses are completely discretionary. The principal factor considered is an investment professional s investment performance versus appropriate peer groups and benchmarks (*e.g.*, a securities index and with respect to a fund, the benchmark set forth in the fund s Prospectus to which the fund s average annual total returns are compared or, if none, the benchmark set forth in the fund s annual report). Performance is reviewed on a 1, 3 and 5 year basis for compensation with 3 years having the most emphasis. The subadviser may also measure an investment professional s pre-tax investment performance against other benchmarks, as it determines appropriate. Because investment professionals are generally responsible for multiple accounts (including the funds) with similar investment strategies, they are generally compensated on the performance of the aggregate group of similar accounts, rather than a specific account. Other factors that may be considered when making bonus decisions include client service, business development, length of service to the subadviser, management or supervisory responsibilities, contributions to developing business strategy and overall contributions to the subadviser s business.

Finally, in order to attract and retain top talent, all professionals are eligible for additional incentives in recognition of outstanding performance. These are determined based upon the factors described above and include Legg Mason stock options and long-term incentives that vest over a set period of time past the award date.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

The subadviser has adopted compliance policies and procedures to address a wide range of potential conflicts of interest that could directly impact client portfolios. For example, potential conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the management of multiple portfolios (including portfolios managed in a personal capacity). These could include potential conflicts of interest related to the knowledge and timing of a portfolio s trades, investment opportunities and broker selection. Portfolio managers are privy to the size, timing, and possible market impact of a portfolio s trades.

It is possible that an investment opportunity may be suitable for both a portfolio and other accounts managed by a portfolio manager, but may not be available in sufficient quantities for both the portfolio and the other accounts to participate fully. Similarly, there may be limited opportunity to sell an investment held by a portfolio and another account. A conflict may arise where the portfolio manager may have an incentive

to treat an account preferentially as compared to a portfolio because the account pays a performance-based fee or the portfolio manager, the subadviser or an affiliate has an interest in the account. The subadviser has adopted procedures for allocation of portfolio transactions and investment opportunities across multiple client accounts on a fair and equitable basis over time. Eligible accounts that can participate in a trade generally share the same price on a pro-rata allocation basis, taking into account differences based on factors such as cash availability, investment restrictions and guidelines, and portfolio composition versus strategy.

With respect to securities transactions, the subadviser determines which broker or dealer to use to execute each order, consistent with their duty to seek best execution of the transaction. However, with respect to certain other accounts (such as pooled investment vehicles that are not registered investment companies and other accounts managed for organizations and individuals), the subadviser may be limited by the client with respect to the selection of brokers or dealers or may be instructed to direct trades through a particular broker or dealer. In these cases, trades for a portfolio in a particular security may be placed separately from, rather than aggregated with, such other accounts. Having separate transactions with respect to a security may temporarily affect the market price of the security or the execution of the transaction, or both, to the possible detriment of a portfolio or the other account(s) involved. Additionally, the management of multiple portfolios and/or other accounts may result in a portfolio manager devoting unequal time and attention to the management of each portfolio and/or other account. The subadviser's team approach to portfolio management and block trading approach seeks to limit this potential risk.

The subadviser also maintains a gift and entertainment policy to address the potential for a business contact to give gifts or host entertainment events that may influence the business judgment of an employee. Employees are permitted to retain gifts of only a nominal value and are required to make reimbursement for entertainment events above a certain value. All gifts (except those of a de minimis value) and entertainment events that are given or sponsored by a business contact are required to be reported in a gift and entertainment log which is reviewed on a regular basis for possible issues.

Employees of the subadviser have access to transactions and holdings information regarding client accounts and the subadviser's overall trading activities. This information represents a potential conflict of interest because employees may take advantage of this information as they trade in their personal accounts. Accordingly, the subadviser maintains a Code of Ethics that is compliant with Rule 17j-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and Rule 204A-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, to address personal trading. In addition, the Code of Ethics seeks to establish broader principles of good conduct and fiduciary responsibility in all aspects of the subadviser's business. The Code of Ethics is administered by the Legal and Compliance Department and monitored through the subadviser's compliance monitoring program.

The subadviser may also face other potential conflicts of interest with respect to managing client assets, and the description above is not a complete description of every conflict of interest that could be deemed to exist. The subadviser also maintains a compliance monitoring program and engages independent auditors to conduct a SOC1/ISAE 3402 audit on an annual basis. These steps help to ensure that potential conflicts of interest have been addressed.

(a)(4): Investment Professional Securities Ownership

The table below identifies the dollar range of securities beneficially owned by each investment professional as of December 31, 2018.

Portfolio Manager(s)	Dollar Range of Portfolio Securities Beneficially Owned
S. Kenneth Leech	A
Harris Trifon	A
Greg E. Handler	A

Dollar Range ownership is as follows:

A: none

B: \$1 - \$10,000

C: 10,001 - \$50,000

D: \$50,001 - \$100,000

E: \$100,001 - \$500,000

F: \$500,001 - \$1 million

G: over \$1 million

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

Not applicable.

ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) The registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act")) are effective as of a date within 90 days of the

filing date of this report that includes the disclosure required by this paragraph, based on their evaluation of the disclosure controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act and 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

- (b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act) that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

ITEM 12.EXHIBITS.

(a) (1) Code of Ethics attached hereto.

Exhibit 99.CODE ETH

(a) (2) Certifications pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attached hereto.

Exhibit 99.CERT

(b) Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 attached hereto.

Exhibit 99.906CERT

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, there unto duly authorized.

Western Asset Mortgage Defined Opportunity Fund Inc.

By: /s/ Jane Trust
Jane Trust
Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 26, 2019

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Jane Trust
Jane Trust
Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 26, 2019

By: /s/ Richard F. Sennett
Richard F. Sennett
Principal Financial Officer

Date: February 26, 2019