MCDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL INC Form S-4/A March 02, 2018 Table of Contents

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2018

Registration No. 333-222662

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1 to

FORM S-4

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

COMET I B.V.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

McDermott International, Inc.

Comet I B.V.

Republic of Panama (State or Other Jurisdiction of

The Netherlands (State or Other Jurisdiction of

Incorporation or Organization)

Incorporation or Organization) 1700

3443

(Primary Standard Industrial

(Primary Standard Industrial

Classification Code) **Not Applicable**

Classification Code) 72-0593134 (I.R.S. Employer

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

Identification No.) Prinses Beatrixlaan 35

4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North

2595 AK The Hague

Houston, Texas 77041

The Netherlands

(281) 870-5000 (Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including

011 31 70 373 2010 (Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including

area code, of registrant s principal executive offices)

area code, of registrant s principal executive offices)

John M. Freeman

Senior Vice President,

General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

McDermott International, Inc.

4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North

Houston, Texas 77041

(281) 870-5000

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies to:

Ted W. Paris	Kirsten B. David	Mark Gordon
James H. Mayor	Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer	Jenna E. Levine
Travis J. Wofford		Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz
	Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.	
Baker Botts L.L.P.		51 West 52nd Street
	One CB&I Plaza	
910 Louisiana Street		New York, New York 10019
	2103 Research Forest Drive	
Houston, Texas 77002		(212) 403-1000
	The Woodlands, Texas 77380	
(713) 229-1234		
	(832) 513-1000	

Approximate date of commencement of the proposed sale of the securities to the public: As soon as practicable after this registration statement becomes effective and upon completion of the combination described in the enclosed document.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer)

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer)

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until this registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This registration statement contains:

a prospectus (which is referred to as the exchange offer prospectus) that will be used in connection with the offer by McDermott Technology, B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands (McDermott Bidco), to exchange each share of common stock, par value EUR 0.01, of Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., a public company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands (CB&I), for a specified number of shares of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of McDermott International, Inc., a Panamanian corporation (McDermott); and

a joint proxy statement/prospectus (which is referred to as the joint proxy statement/prospectus)

that will be used in connection with the special meeting of stockholders of McDermott being held on [], 2018 and the special general meeting of shareholders of CB&I being held on [], 2018;

that constitutes a prospectus of Comet I B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I (CB&I Newco), with respect to the shares of common stock of CB&I Newco to be allotted by CB&I Newco to shareholders of CB&I in connection with the Merger (as defined in the joint proxy statement/prospectus and the exchange offer prospectus); and

that constitutes a prospectus of McDermott with respect to the shares of common stock of McDermott to be allotted upon exchange of an exchangeable note in connection with the Liquidation (as defined in the joint proxy statement/prospectus and the exchange offer prospectus);

in each case, pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017, as amended January 24, 2018, by and among McDermott, McDermott Bidco, CB&I, CB&I Newco and the other parties thereto.

The joint proxy statement/prospectus and the exchange offer prospectus will be identical in all substantive respects, except that certain sections of the joint proxy statement/prospectus will be eliminated or replaced with alternative pages, or additional pages will be included, in the exchange offer prospectus, as set forth in the table below:

Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus Exchange Offer Prospectus

Section	Page Section	Page
Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus Cover Page	Front Exchange Offer Prospectus Cover Page	ALT-1
	Cover	
Notice of the CB&I Special General Meeting	Inside None	
	Cover	
Notice of the McDermott Special Meeting	Inside None	
	Cover	

	Questions and Answers About the Exchange	
i	Offer	ALT-3
1	Summary	ALT-9
38	None	
49	None	
	Other Information Regarding the Parties	ALT-35
	None	
213	None	
	None	
E-1		
	None	
F-1		
G-1		
	1 38 49 213 E-1 F-1	 i Offer 1 Summary 38 None 49 None Other Information Regarding the Parties None 213 None None E-1 None F-1

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Information contained herein is subject to completion or amendment. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective. This joint proxy statement/prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MARCH 2, 2018

JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

McDermott International, Inc., a Panamanian corporation referred to as McDermott, and Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., a public company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands referred to as CB&I, have entered into a Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017 (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Business Combination Agreement). Pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott and CB&I have agreed to combine their businesses by a series of transactions (and subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement) that we refer to as the Core Transactions, preceded by McDermott Technology, B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott referred to as McDermott Bidco, making an Exchange Offer (as defined herein) (together with the Core Transactions, the Combination) for shares of CB&I Common Stock (as defined herein). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement, the Combination shall occur as follows:

McDermott Bidco will launch an offer to exchange any and all issued and outstanding shares of common stock of CB&I, par value EUR 0.01 per share (CB&I Common Stock), for shares of common stock of McDermott, par value \$1.00 per share (McDermott Common Stock), at the Exchange Offer Ratio (as defined herein), with the completion of the Exchange Offer to occur prior to the Merger Effective Time (as defined herein);

Certain subsidiaries of McDermott will complete an acquisition transaction (the CB&I Technology Acquisition) no later than immediately prior to the time at which McDermott Bidco accepts all shares of CB&I Common Stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer (the Exchange Offer Effective Time), pursuant to which they will acquire for cash the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business, and the cash proceeds paid in the CB&I Technology Acquisition will be used to repay certain existing debt of CB&I;

McDermott Bidco will complete the Exchange Offer;

Promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time, CB&I, Comet I B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I referred to as CB&I Newco, and Comet II B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco referred to as CB&I Newco Sub, will complete a merger transaction (the Merger), pursuant to which CB&I will merge with and into CB&I Newco Sub, with: (1) CB&I Newco Sub continuing as a wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco; (2) all holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock becoming shareholders of CB&I Newco; and (3) McDermott Bidco becoming a shareholder of CB&I Newco, as a result of any shares it will have validly accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco pursuant to the terms of the Merger;

McDermott Bidco and CB&I Newco will complete a share purchase and sale transaction (the Share Sale), as a result of which CB&I Newco Sub will become an indirect subsidiary of McDermott through the sale of all of the outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub to McDermott Bidco in exchange for an Exchangeable Note (as defined herein); and

CB&I Newco will be dissolved and liquidated (the Liquidation), as a result of which former CB&I shareholders that become CB&I Newco shareholders in the Merger will receive shares of McDermott Common Stock issued upon the mandatory exchange of the Exchangeable Note, subject to applicable withholding taxes, including Dutch dividend withholding tax under the Dividend Withholding Tax Act 1965 (*Wet op de dividendbelasting 1965*) to the extent the Liquidation Distribution (as defined herein) exceeds the average paid-in capital recognized for Dutch dividend withholding tax purposes of the shares of CB&I Newco common stock (the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax).

As a result of the Core Transactions, shareholders of CB&I who do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer and, as a result of the Merger, become CB&I Newco shareholders, will be entitled to receive, in respect of each former share of CB&I Common Stock, upon completion of the Liquidation, 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (as defined below) has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock (as applicable, the Exchange Offer Ratio), together with cash in lieu of fractional shares, subject to applicable withholding taxes, including the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax. The consideration per share of CB&I Common Stock to be received pursuant to the Core Transactions is the same as the Exchange Offer Ratio, except that the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares of McDermott Common Stock pursuant to the Liquidation generally will be subject to the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

McDermott Common Stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the trading symbol MDR, and CB&I Common Stock is listed on the NYSE under the trading symbol CBI. We encourage you to obtain quotes for the McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock.

The Core Transactions will be subject to and (other than the CB&I Technology Acquisition, which will occur no later than immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time) occur promptly after the Exchange Offer Effective Time (and in any event on the Closing Date, other than the Liquidation Distribution, which shall occur on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter). We refer to the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer together as the Combination.

Based on the estimated number of shares of CB&I Common Stock and McDermott Common Stock that will be outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Combination, we estimate that, upon closing of the Combination, McDermott stockholders will own approximately 53% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I shareholders will own approximately 47% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock, assuming all CB&I shareholders participate in the Exchange Offer (such that their share ownership would not be reduced as a result of withholding for the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax).

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, the approval of CB&I shareholders and McDermott stockholders must be obtained before effecting the Combination and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

CB&I and McDermott will each hold a special general meeting or special meeting of its respective shareholders or stockholders in connection with the proposed Combination.

At the CB&I Special General Meeting (as defined herein), CB&I shareholders will be asked to vote on: (1) a proposal to amend the articles of association of CB&I as set forth in Annex G attached hereto to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person, alone or together with a group, holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I (the Articles Amendment Resolution); (2) a proposal to enter into and effectuate the Merger in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined herein) (the Merger Resolution); (3) a proposal to approve the CB&I Technology Acquisition (to the extent required by applicable law) and the Share Sale (the Sale Resolutions); (4) a proposal to, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time (as defined herein), (a) approve the dissolution of CB&I Newco, (b) approve the appointment of a liquidator of CB&I Newco and (c) approve the appointment of a custodian of the books and records of CB&I Newco in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code (the Liquidation Resolutions); (5) a proposal to, effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time, provide full and final discharge to each member of the CB&I boards for their acts of management or supervision, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting, other than for acts as a result of fraud (bedrog), gross negligence (grove schuld) or willful misconduct (opzet) (the Discharge Resolutions); and (6) a proposal to approve, by non-binding, advisory vote, the compensation payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the

Combination. The CB&I Special General Meeting may be canceled and reconvened, if necessary and in accordance with the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, to re-solicit proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the

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Liquidation Resolutions or the Discharge Resolutions. The CB&I Management Board and Supervisory Board recommend that the CB&I shareholders vote FOR each of the proposals to be considered at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

At the McDermott Special Meeting (as defined herein), McDermott stockholders will be asked to vote on: (1) a proposal to amend McDermott s amended and restated articles of incorporation, as amended to date (the McDermott Articles), to (a) effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split) of the McDermott Common Stock and (b) decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares, an amount sufficient to enable the transactions contemplated under the Business Combination Agreement following the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution); (2) if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not approved, a proposal to amend the McDermott Articles to increase the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 765,000,000 shares of McDermott Common Stock, an amount sufficient to enable the transactions contemplated under the Business Combination Agreement without the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution); (3) a proposal to issue shares of McDermott Common Stock in connection with the Exchange Offer and the Core Transactions, including the issuance pursuant to the Exchangeable Note (the McDermott Stock Issuance); and (4) a proposal to approve the adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. The McDermott Board of Directors recommends that the McDermott stockholders vote FOR each of the proposals to be considered at the McDermott Special Meeting.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolution, the Liquidation Resolution and the Discharge Resolutions and the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

Because the Exchange Offer Ratio is fixed, the value of the shares of McDermott Common Stock that CB&I shareholders will receive upon completion of the Combination will depend on the price per share of McDermott Common Stock at the time the Combination is completed. That price will not be known at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting or McDermott Special Meeting and may be greater or less than the current price of the McDermott Common Stock or the price of shares of McDermott Common Stock at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting or the McDermott Special Meeting.

Your vote is very important, regardless of the number of shares you own. Whether or not you expect to attend the special general meeting or special meeting in person, as applicable, please submit a proxy to vote your shares as promptly as possible so that your shares may be represented and voted at such meeting.

The obligations of CB&I and McDermott to complete the Combination are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of several conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement. More information about CB&I, McDermott, the CB&I Special General Meeting, the McDermott Special Meeting and the Combination, including the Exchange Offer, the Merger, the Share Sale and the Liquidation, is contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Before voting, we urge you to read carefully and in their entirety the accompanying joint proxy statement/prospectus, including the Annexes and the documents incorporated by reference. In particular, we urge you to read carefully the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 25 of this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

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We look forward to the successful combination of McDermott and CB&I.

/s/ David Dickson

/s/ Patrick K. Mullen

David Dickson

Patrick K. Mullen

President and Chief Executive Officer

President and Chief Executive Officer

McDermott International, Inc.

Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued under this joint proxy statement/prospectus or determined that this joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This joint proxy statement/prospectus is dated [], 2018 and is first being mailed to stockholders of McDermott and shareholders of CB&I on or about [], 2018.

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REFERENCES TO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This document incorporates important business and financial information about McDermott, McDermott Bidco, CB&I and CB&I Newco from other documents that are not included in or delivered with this document. This information is available to you without charge upon your request. You can obtain copies of the documents incorporated by reference into this document through the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission website at www.sec.gov or by requesting them in writing or by telephone from the appropriate company at the following addresses and telephone numbers:

McDermott International, Inc.

Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North

Prinses Beatrixlaan 35

Houston, Texas 77041

2595 AK The Hague

(281) 870-5000

The Netherlands 011 31 70 373 2010

McDermott Technology, B.V.

Comet I N.V.

c/o McDermott International, Inc.

c/o Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North

Prinses Beatrixlaan 35

Houston, Texas 77041

2595 AK The Hague

(281) 870-5000

The Netherlands

011 31 70 373 2010

In addition, you may also obtain additional copies of this document or the documents incorporated by reference into this document by contacting MacKenzie Partners, Inc., McDermott s proxy solicitor, or Innisfree M&A Incorporated, CB&I s proxy solicitor, at the addresses and telephone numbers listed below. You will not be charged for any of these documents that you request.

MacKenzie Partners, Inc.

Innisfree M&A Incorporated

105 Madison Avenue

501 Madison Avenue

New York, New York 10016

New York, New York 10022

Toll-free: (800) 322-2885

Toll-free: (877) 825-8971

Collect: (212) 929-5500

Collect: (212) 750-5833

Investors may also consult the websites of McDermott or CB&I for more information concerning the combination and the other transactions described in this document. The website of McDermott is www.mcdermott.com and the website of CB&I is www.cbi.com. Information included on these websites is not incorporated by reference into this document.

If you would like to request any documents, please do so by [], 2018, in order to receive them before the special meeting and the special general meeting.

See Where You Can Find More Information for more detail.

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4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North

Houston, Texas 77041

(281) 870-5000

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF MCDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC. TO BE HELD ON [], 2018

To the Stockholders of McDermott International, Inc.:

You are cordially invited to a special meeting of stockholders of McDermott International, Inc., a Panamanian corporation (McDermott), which will be held at [], on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m. local time (the McDermott Special Meeting), for the following purposes:

- To vote on a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to McDermott s amended and restated articles of incorporation, as amended to date: (1) to effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split of McDermott Common Stock (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split) and (2) to decrease McDermott s authorized shares of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (McDermott Common Stock), to 255,000,000 shares, an amount sufficient to enable the transactions contemplated under the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017, by and among McDermott, McDermott Technology, B.V., Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., (CB&I) and the other parties thereto (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Business Combination Agreement), following the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution).
- 2. To vote on a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to McDermott s amended and restated articles of incorporation, as amended to date, to increase the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 765,000,000 shares of common stock, an amount sufficient to enable the transactions contemplated under the Business Combination Agreement without the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution). If adopted, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution will only become effective if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the McDermott Special Meeting.
- 3. To vote on the issuance of shares of McDermott Common Stock in exchange for all shares of common stock of CB&I, par value EUR 0.01 per share, in the Exchange Offer and in connection with the Core Transactions (each as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) (including the issuance of shares of McDermott Common Stock pursuant to the terms of the Exchangeable Note) under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement (the McDermott Stock Issuance).
- 4. To vote on a proposal to approve the adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles

Amendment Resolution (the McDermott Meeting Adjournment).

The McDermott Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on [], 2018 as the record date for determination of McDermott stockholders entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the McDermott Special Meeting or any adjournment thereof. Only holders of record of issued and outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock at the close of business on the record date are entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the McDermott Special Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, excluding treasury shares, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal) is required to approve the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. Failures to vote, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal plus abstentions) is required to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. Because failures to vote and broker non-votes are not actual votes cast (assuming that a quorum is present), they will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. However, under applicable rules of the NYSE, an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, is required to approve the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders that attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders not attending the McDermott Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, will have no effect on the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, whether or not a quorum is present.

The Combination (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

If you are a stockholder of record, you can vote your shares in person at the McDermott Special Meeting or vote now by giving your proxy via Internet, telephone or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you vote using either the telephone or the Internet, you will save McDermott mailing expenses.

By giving your proxy, you will be directing the persons named as proxies in the accompanying proxy card for the McDermott Special Meeting how to vote your shares at the meeting. Even if you plan on attending the McDermott Special Meeting, we urge you to vote now by giving us your proxy. This will ensure that your vote is represented at the meeting. If you do attend the McDermott Special Meeting, you can change your vote at that time, if you then desire to do so.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares, but not the holder of record, you should refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information. The broker or nominee that holds your shares has the authority to vote them, absent your approval, only as to matters for which they have discretionary authority under the applicable NYSE rules. None of the proposals for the McDermott Special Meeting are considered routine matters. This means that brokers or nominees may not vote your shares with respect to those matters if they have not been given specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker or nominee.

You should have received a voting instruction form from your broker or nominee that holds your shares. For shares of which you are the beneficial owner but not the holder of record, follow the instructions contained in the voting instruction form to vote by Internet, telephone or mail. If you want to vote your shares in person at the McDermott Special Meeting, you must obtain a valid proxy from your broker or nominee. You should contact your broker or nominee or refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information. Additionally, the

availability of telephone or Internet voting depends on the voting process used by the broker or nominee that holds your shares.

The enclosed proxy statement/prospectus provides a detailed description of the Combination, the Business Combination Agreement and the other matters to be considered at the McDermott Special Meeting. We urge you to read this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including any documents incorporated by reference, and the Annexes carefully and in their entirety. If you have any questions regarding the accompanying joint proxy statement/prospectus, you may contact MacKenzie Partners, Inc., McDermott s proxy solicitor, by calling toll-free at (800) 322-2885.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

/s/ David Dickson

David Dickson

President and Chief Executive Officer

McDermott International, Inc.

[], 2018

YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT. PLEASE VOTE YOUR SHARES PROMPTLY, WHETHER OR NOT YOU EXPECT TO ATTEND THE MCDERMOTT SPECIAL MEETING. YOU CAN FIND INSTRUCTIONS FOR VOTING ON THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD. IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN OF HOW YOU HOLD YOUR SHARES OR NEED ASSISTANCE IN VOTING YOUR SHARES, PLEASE CONTACT MACKENZIE PARTNERS, INC., MCDERMOTT S PROXY SOLICITOR.

105 Madison Avenue

New York, New York 10016

(212) 929-5500 (Call Collect)

or

Call Toll-Free (800) 322-2885

Email: proxy@mackenziepartners.com

Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

Prinses Beatrixlaan 35

2595 AK The Hague

The Netherlands

011 31 70 373 2010

CHICAGO BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY N.V.

NOTICE AND AGENDA OF SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

TO BE HELD ON [], 2018

To the Shareholders of Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.:

You are cordially invited to a special meeting of shareholders of Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., a public company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands (CB&I), which will be held at [], on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m. local time (the CB&I Special General Meeting), for the following purposes and with the following agenda:

- 1. Opening of the meeting.
- 2. Explanation of the Combination (for discussion).
- 3. Amendment of the Articles of Association (*for resolution*). Resolution providing for an amendment to CB&I s amended and restated articles of association as set forth in Annex G attached hereto to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person, alone or together with a group, holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I (the Articles Amendment Resolution) and to authorize each lawyer and (candidate-) civil law notary of De Brauw Blackstone Westbroek N.V. to execute the deed of amendment directly after the adoption of this resolution and prior to adopting any other resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.
- 4. **Approval of the Merger** (*for resolution*). Resolution to enter into and effectuate the Merger in accordance with the Merger Proposal (each as defined in the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017, by and among McDermott International, Inc. (McDermott), CB&I, and the other parties thereto (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Business Combination Agreement)) (the Merger Resolution).

5.

Approval of the CB&I Technology Acquisition and Share Sale (*for resolution*). (a) Resolution to approve the acquisition, no later than immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Expiration Time (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement), by certain subsidiaries of McDermott of the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business for cash (to the extent required by law), and (b) a resolution to approve the sale by Comet I B.V., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I, of all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of Comet II B.V. to McDermott Technology, B.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott (or its designee) (together, the Sale Resolutions).

- 6. **Approval of the Liquidation Resolution** (*for resolution*). Resolution to, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement), (a) approve the dissolution of Comet I B.V., (b) approve the appointment of Stichting Vereffening Chicago Bridge & Iron Company as liquidator of Comet I B.V. and (c) approve the appointment of (an affiliate of) McDermott Technology, B.V. as the custodian of the books and records of Comet I B.V. in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code (the Liquidation Resolutions).
- 7. **Discharge of Directors** (*for resolution*). Resolution to, effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement), grant full and final discharge to each member of the CB&I Supervisory Board and CB&I Management Board for his or her acts of supervision or management, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting (the Discharge Resolutions).

8. **Executive Compensation** (*for non-binding, advisory resolution*). Proposal to approve, by non-binding advisory vote, the compensation that may become or has become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) (the Compensation Resolution).

The CB&I Management Board has fixed the close of business on [], 2018 as the record date for determination of CB&I shareholders entitled to attend, and to vote at, the CB&I Special General Meeting. Only holders of record of issued and outstanding shares of CB&I common stock, par value EUR 0.01 per share (CB&I Common Stock), registered in the CB&I share register as referred to in section 2:85 of the Dutch Civil Code, part of which is kept by Computershare Trust Company, N.A. on behalf of CB&I (the CB&I Share Register) at the close of business on the record date are entitled to attend and to vote at, the CB&I Special General Meeting, even if such shareholders have already tendered their shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement). Unless the context otherwise requires, references to shareholders refer to those who on the record date are, and are registered in the CB&I Share Register as, holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock or others with meeting rights under Dutch law with respect to shares of CB&I Common Stock.

The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Assuming the Articles Amendment Resolution is adopted and implemented and so long as at least fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Merger Resolution. If less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting is required to approve the Merger Resolution. Failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that do not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes are not considered votes cast and therefore will have no effect on the outcome of the proposals.

However, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting <u>and</u> there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I, the affirmative vote of at least eighty percent (80%) of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding is required to approve the Merger Resolution. In such case, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

The Combination (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions (to the extent required by applicable law), the Liquidation Resolutions and the Discharge Resolutions.

If you are a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, you may vote your shares in person by attending the CB&I Special General Meeting, or vote now by giving your proxy via Internet or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you give your proxy to vote using the

Internet, you will save CB&I mailing expenses.

Admittance of shareholders and acceptance of written voting proxies shall be governed by Dutch law. Only shareholders registered in the CB&I Share Register as of the record date, or such shareholders proxies, who have requested that the holder of the CB&I Share Register (either the CB&I Management Board or Computershare Trust Company N.A.) notify CB&I by [], 2018 of his or her or his or her proxy s intention to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, and other persons with a statutory right to attend or otherwise admitted by the chairman of the meeting may attend the CB&I Special General Meeting. The notice must state the name and number of shares the person will represent at the CB&I Special General Meeting. All attendees must be prepared to identify themselves with a valid proof of identity for admittance.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares, but not the holder of record, you should refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information. The broker or nominee that holds your shares has the authority to vote them, absent your approval, only as to matters for which they have discretionary authority under the applicable NYSE rules. None of the proposals for the CB&I Special General Meeting are considered routine matters. This means that brokers or nominees may not vote your shares with respect to those matters if they have not been given specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker or nominee.

You should have received a voting instruction form from your broker or nominee that holds your shares. For shares of which you are the beneficial owner but not the holder of record, follow the instructions contained in the voting instruction form to vote by Internet, telephone or mail. The availability of telephone or Internet voting depends on the voting process used by the broker or nominee that holds your shares. By giving your proxy, you will be directing the persons named as proxies in the accompanying proxy card for the CB&I Special General Meeting how to vote your shares at the meeting. If you wish to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, you must request a proxy from your broker or nominee. Even if you plan on attending the CB&I Special General Meeting, we urge you to vote now by giving us your proxy. This will ensure that your vote is represented at the meeting. If you do attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, you can change your vote at that time, if you then desire to do so.

The enclosed proxy statement/prospectus provides a detailed description of the Combination, the Business Combination Agreement and the other matters to be considered at the CB&I Special General Meeting. We urge you to read this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including any documents incorporated by reference, and the Annexes carefully and in their entirety. If you have any questions regarding the accompanying joint proxy statement/prospectus, you may contact Innisfree M&A Incorporated, CB&I s proxy solicitor, by calling toll-free at (877) 825-8971.

BY ORDER OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

/s/ Patrick Mullen

Patrick Mullen

President and Chief Executive Officer

Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

[], 2018

YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT. PLEASE VOTE YOUR SHARES PROMPTLY, WHETHER OR NOT YOU EXPECT TO ATTEND THE CB&I SPECIAL MEETING. YOU CAN FIND INSTRUCTIONS FOR VOTING ON THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD, IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN OF HOW YOU HOLD

YOUR SHARES OR NEED ASSISTANCE IN VOTING YOUR SHARES, PLEASE CONTACT INNISFREE M&A INCORPORATED, CB&I S PROXY SOLICITOR, AT (212) 750-5833 (BANKS AND BROKERAGE FIRMS) AND (877) 825-8971 (STOCKHOLDERS TOLL FREE).

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Except where specifically noted, the following information and all other information contained in this document does not give effect to the proposed reverse stock split described in McDermott Proposal No. 1.

The following are answers to some questions that you, as a stockholder of McDermott International, Inc., a Panamanian corporation (which we refer to as McDermott), or as a shareholder of Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., a public company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands (which we refer to as CB&I), may have regarding the proposed transactions between McDermott and CB&I. You are urged to read this entire document carefully, including its annexes and the other documents referenced herein in their entirety, because this section may not provide all of the information that is important to you with respect to the Combination (as defined herein), the Business Combination Agreement (as defined herein), McDermott, CB&I and the other parties to the Business Combination Agreement. Additional important information is contained in the annexes to, and the documents incorporated by reference into, this document. You may obtain the information incorporated by reference into this document without charge by following the instructions under the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 215 of this document. Unless the context otherwise requires, references to shareholders refer to those who on the record date are, and are registered in the CB&I Share Register (as defined below) as holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock or others with meeting rights under Dutch law with respect to shares of CB&I Common Stock.

About the Combination

Q: Why am I receiving these materials?

A: You are receiving these materials because you were a stockholder of record or shareholder of record, as applicable, of either McDermott, CB&I or both on the respective record date for the McDermott Special Meeting or the CB&I Special General Meeting referred to below. McDermott and CB&I have agreed to combine their businesses by a series of transactions (and subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement) described in this document and referred to as the Core Transactions, preceded by the Exchange Offer (as defined herein). A copy of the Business Combination Agreement, as amended, is attached as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this document. Both the series of transactions and the Exchange Offer will result in the same consideration for CB&I s shareholders, except that the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to the Liquidation generally will be subject to Dutch dividend withholding tax under the Dividend Withholding Tax Act 1965 (*Wet op de dividendbelasting 1965*) to the extent the Liquidation Distribution (as defined herein) exceeds the average paid-in capital recognized for Dutch dividend withholding tax purposes of the shares of CB&I Newco common stock (the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax).

This document is a prospectus that will be used in connection with the offer by McDermott Technology, B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands (McDermott Bidco), to exchange each share of common stock, par value EUR 0.01, of CB&I (CB&I Common Stock) for a specified number of shares of common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of McDermott (McDermott Common Stock) and is a joint proxy statement/prospectus that:

will be used in connection with the special meeting of stockholders of McDermott being held on [], 2018 (the McDermott Special Meeting) and the special general meeting of shareholders of CB&I being held on [],

2018 (the CB&I Special General Meeting);

constitutes a prospectus of Comet I B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I (CB&I Newco), with respect to the shares of common stock of CB&I Newco to be allotted by CB&I Newco as a result of the Merger (as defined herein) in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined herein); and

constitutes a prospectus of McDermott with respect to the shares of common stock of McDermott to be allotted upon exchange of an exchangeable note in connection with the Liquidation (as defined herein);

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This document contains important information about the Combination and the transactions comprising it, the Business Combination Agreement, and the McDermott Special Meeting and the CB&I Special General Meeting, and you should read it carefully. The enclosed voting materials allow you to vote your shares without attending a special meeting.

Q: What is the Combination?

A: McDermott and CB&I, together with the other parties thereto, have entered into a Business Combination Agreement, pursuant to which CB&I will combine with McDermott through a series of transactions referred to as the Core Transactions preceded by the Exchange Offer (such series of transactions, together with the Exchange Offer, the Combination). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement, the Combination will occur as follows:

McDermott Bidco will launch an offer to exchange (the Exchange Offer) any and all issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock for shares of McDermott Common Stock at the Exchange Offer Ratio (as defined herein), with the completion of the Exchange Offer to occur prior to the Merger Effective Time (as defined herein);

Certain subsidiaries of McDermott will complete an acquisition transaction (the CB&I Technology Acquisition) no later than immediately prior to the time at which McDermott Bidco accepts all shares of CB&I Common Stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer (the Exchange Offer Effective Time), pursuant to which they will acquire for cash the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business, and the cash proceeds paid in the CB&I Technology Acquisition will be used to repay certain existing debt of CB&I;

McDermott Bidco will complete the Exchange Offer;

Promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time, CB&I, CB&I Newco and Comet II B.V., a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco referred to as CB&I Newco Sub, will complete a merger transaction (the Merger), pursuant to which CB&I will merge with and into CB&I Newco Sub, with: (1) CB&I Newco Sub continuing as a wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco; (2) all holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock becoming shareholders of CB&I Newco; and (3) McDermott Bidco becoming a shareholder of CB&I Newco, as a result of any shares it will have validly accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco pursuant to the terms of the Merger;

McDermott Bidco and CB&I Newco will complete a share purchase and sale transaction, as a result of which CB&I Newco Sub will become an indirect subsidiary of McDermott through the sale of all of the outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub to McDermott Bidco in exchange for an Exchangeable Note (as defined herein); and

CB&I Newco will be dissolved and liquidated (the Liquidation), as a result of which former CB&I shareholders that become CB&I Newco shareholders in the Merger will receive shares of McDermott Common Stock allotted upon the mandatory exchange of the Exchangeable Note, subject to applicable withholding taxes, including the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

As a result of the Core Transactions, shareholders of CB&I who do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer and, as a result of the Merger, become CB&I Newco shareholders, will be entitled to receive, in respect of each former share of CB&I Common Stock, upon completion of the Liquidation, 2.47221 shares of common stock, par value \$1.00 of McDermott (McDermott Common Stock), or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (as defined below) has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined below) occurs, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock, together with cash in lieu of fractional shares. The consideration per share of CB&I Common Stock to be received pursuant to the Core Transactions is the same as the Exchange Offer Ratio, except that the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash

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in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to the Liquidation generally will be subject to Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

Q: What will happen to CB&I as a result of the Combination?

A: If the Combination is completed, CB&I will cease to exist after the Merger and CB&I Newco Sub, the surviving company in the Merger, will become a wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott. As a result of the Combination, CB&I will no longer be a publicly held company. Following the Combination, CB&I intends to delist the CB&I Common Stock from the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and deregister the CB&I Common Stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act).

Q: Is the completion of the Combination subject to any conditions?

A: Yes. In addition to the approval of certain resolutions by McDermott stockholders and CB&I shareholders, completion of the Combination requires the receipt of certain governmental and regulatory approvals and the satisfaction or, to the extent permitted by applicable law, waiver of the other conditions specified in the Business Combination Agreement.

Q: When do you expect to complete the Combination?

A: McDermott and CB&I are working to complete the Combination as promptly as practicable. McDermott and CB&I currently expect to complete the Combination in the second quarter of 2018, subject to regulatory approvals, approval of certain resolutions by McDermott s stockholders and CB&I s shareholders and other customary closing conditions. However, no assurance can be given as to when, or if, the Combination will occur.

Q: What happens if the Combination is not completed?

A: If the resolutions necessary to effectuate the Business Combination Agreement are not approved by McDermott stockholders or CB&I shareholders or if the Combination is not completed for any other reason, CB&I shareholders will not receive shares of McDermott Common Stock in exchange for their CB&I Common Stock in connection with the Business Combination Agreement. Instead, CB&I will remain a public company and CB&I Common Stock will continue to be registered under the Exchange Act and traded on the NYSE.

If the Business Combination Agreement is terminated under specified circumstances, McDermott or CB&I may be required to pay the other party a termination fee of \$60 million as described under The Business Combination Agreement Termination, Amendment and Waiver beginning on page 148 of this document.

Q: What do CB&I shareholders receive if the Combination is completed?

A: For each share of CB&I Common Stock, whether exchanged in the Exchange Offer or as part of the Merger and Liquidation, CB&I shareholders will be entitled to receive 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock (or 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock, if the proposed reverse stock split described in McDermott Proposal No. 1 is completed), plus cash in lieu of any fractional shares, less any applicable withholding taxes (the Per Share Consideration).

Q: How do I calculate the value of the Combination consideration?

A: Because McDermott will issue a fixed number of shares of McDermott Common Stock as the Per Share Consideration, the value of the Per Share Consideration will depend on the price per share of McDermott

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Common Stock at the time the Combination is completed. That price will not be known at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting or McDermott Special Meeting and may be greater or less than the current price of the McDermott Common Stock or the price of shares of McDermott Common Stock at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting or the McDermott Special Meeting. The market price of the McDermott Common Stock will fluctuate prior to the Combination, and the market price of the shares of McDermott Common Stock when received by CB&I shareholders after the Combination is completed could be greater or less than the current market price of the McDermott Common Stock. See Risk Factors beginning on page 25 of this proxy statement/prospectus.

Based on the closing price of the McDermott Common Stock on the NYSE on December 18, 2017, the last trading day before the public announcement of the Business Combination Agreement, the Per Share Consideration was \$18.76 per share of CB&I Common Stock. Based on the closing price of the McDermott Common Stock on the NYSE on March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable trading day prior to the date of this document, the Per Share Consideration was \$17.90 per share of CB&I Common Stock. We urge you to obtain current market quotations of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock.

Q: Are CB&I shareholders entitled to appraisal rights?

A: Neither CB&I shareholders nor CB&I Newco shareholders are entitled under Dutch law or otherwise to appraisal or dissenters—rights related to the CB&I Common Stock or CB&I Newco common stock in connection with the Combination.

McDermott stockholders are not entitled to appraisal or dissenters rights with respect to the McDermott Reverse Stock Split.

Q: What are the material tax consequences of the Combination?

A: Although McDermott and CB&I have agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Merger and the related elements of the Combination, taken together, to qualify as one or more reorganizations within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, there can be no assurance that the Merger and related elements of the Combination will so qualify. In addition, the completion of the Combination is not conditioned on qualification as a reorganization or upon the receipt of an opinion of counsel or IRS ruling to that effect. U.S. holders (as defined under Material Tax Consequences of the Combination) of shares of CB&I Common Stock will be required to recognize gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes on the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock if the Merger and related elements of the Combination, taken together, fail to qualify as one or more reorganizations within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition, holders of CB&I Common Stock who receive shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to the Liquidation (rather than the Exchange Offer) generally will be subject to Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

Q: What happens to CB&I equity awards?

A: At the Merger Effective Time, all outstanding unexercised options to purchase shares of CB&I Common Stock (CB&I Options) will immediately vest and be converted into options to purchase shares of McDermott Common Stock with the duration and terms of such converted options to remain generally the same as the original CB&I Options. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock subject to each converted option will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I Option by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole share. The option exercise price per share of McDermott Common Stock will be equal to the option exercise price per share of CB&I Common Stock under the original CB&I Option divided by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded up to the nearest whole cent.

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At the Merger Effective Time, each outstanding award of performance shares relating to CB&I Common Stock (each, a CB&I Performance Share Award) will be canceled and converted into the right to receive cash, without interest and less applicable withholding taxes, in an amount equal to (1) the product of (a) the Exchange Offer Ratio, (b) the target number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the CB&I Performance Share Award and (c) the closing price for a share of McDermott Common Stock on the business day immediately preceding the date of the closing of the Combination plus (2) an amount equal to any dividend equivalents associated with the CB&I Performance Share Award at that time.

At the Merger Effective Time: (1) each outstanding restricted stock unit award granted by CB&I (CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Awards) that is held by a non-employee member of the CB&I Supervisory Board (whether or not vested); (2) each vested CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award held by a member of a specific group of executive officers of CB&I that has not been settled; (3) each CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award that vests in accordance with its terms as result of the Combination; and (4) each vested share of CB&I Common Stock deferred pursuant to any CB&I equity compensation plan, will, in each case, be converted into a right to receive (a) a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of (i) the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I award and (ii) the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded to the nearest whole number of shares, plus (b) cash in an amount equal to any dividend equivalents associated with the CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award at that time, subject to applicable withholding taxes.

At the Merger Effective Time, each other outstanding CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award will be converted into a right to receive an award of restricted stock units that will be settled in McDermott Common Stock with substantially the same terms as the original CB&I award, including the vesting schedule and any conditions and restrictions on receipt. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock subject to the converted restricted stock unit award will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded to the nearest whole number of shares. The transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement will not be considered a change in control for purposes of any award of CB&I Restricted Stock Units granted on or after December 18, 2017.

The CB&I Employee Stock Purchase Plan and Supervisory Board Stock Purchase Plan were suspended effective January 1, 2018, and such plans will be terminated effective as of, and contingent upon, the Merger Effective Time.

- Q: Will the shares of McDermott Common Stock received in consideration for shares of CB&I Common Stock be traded on an exchange?
- A: It is a condition to the consummation of the Combination that the shares of McDermott Common Stock to be issued to CB&I shareholders in the Exchange Offer and the Combination be approved for listing on the NYSE, subject to official notice of issuance.

About the Special Meetings

About the McDermott Special Meeting

Q: What are the proposals on which McDermott stockholders are being asked to vote?

A: McDermott stockholders are being asked to consider and vote on a proposal to adopt a resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott amended and restated articles of incorporation (the McDermott Articles) (1) to effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split of the McDermott Common Stock (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split) and (2) to decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution).

McDermott stockholders are also being asked to consider and vote on a proposal to adopt a resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott Articles (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles

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Amendment) to increase the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 765,000,000 shares (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution). If adopted, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution will only become effective if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the McDermott Special Meeting.

McDermott stockholders are also being asked to consider and vote on a proposal to issue shares of McDermott Common Stock in connection with the Exchange Offer and the Core Transactions, including the issuance pursuant to the Exchangeable Note, under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement (the McDermott Stock Issuance).

Finally, McDermott stockholders are being asked to consider and vote on a proposal to approve any motion to adjourn the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution (the McDermott Meeting Adjournment).

Q: Does my vote matter?

A: Yes, your vote is very important. We encourage you to vote as soon as possible.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

Q: How many votes are required to approve each proposal.

A: The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, excluding treasury shares, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal) is required to approve each of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST such proposal plus abstentions) is required to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal.

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, is required to approve the McDermott Meeting Adjournment.

Q: How does the McDermott Board of Directors recommend that I vote at the McDermott Special Meeting?

A: The McDermott Board of Directors (the McDermott Board) has, by a vote of eight to one: (1) determined that the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are in the best interests of McDermott and the McDermott stockholders, that it is in the best interests of McDermott and the McDermott stockholders to enter into the Business Combination Agreement; (2) adopted and approved the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott sexecution, delivery and performance of the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, including the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment and the McDermott Stock Issuance; and (3) resolved to recommend that the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and adopt the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment.

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Accordingly, the McDermott Board recommends that McDermott stockholders vote:

FOR the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution;

FOR the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution;

FOR the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal; and

FOR the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal.

Stephen G. Hanks, the dissenting director, did not vote in favor of the transaction due in large part to his stated belief that the business operated by CB&I is inherently subject to the types of problems that CB&I has been experiencing recently in connection with its four significant contracts that have negatively impacted CB&I s results of operations in recent periods. See McDermott s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board Views of Dissenting Director.

Q: When and where is the McDermott Special Meeting?

A: The McDermott Special Meeting will take place on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] Time, at [].

Q: Who is entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting?

A: If you were a stockholder of record, meaning that you were a registered stockholder with McDermott s transfer agent and registrar, Computershare Trust Company, N.A., on [], 2018, the record date for the McDermott Special Meeting established by the McDermott Board (the McDermott Record Date), you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by McDermott s stockholders at the McDermott Special Meeting. If your shares were held by a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee (that is, in street name) on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the McDermott Special Meeting. You should follow the instructions provided by them to vote your shares.

Q: How many votes do I have?

A: You are entitled to one vote for each share of McDermott Common Stock that you owned as of the close of business on the McDermott Record Date. As of the close of business on the McDermott Record Date, there were approximately [] outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock.

Q: How do I vote?

A: Stockholders of record may vote in person by attending the McDermott Special Meeting, or by telephone, Internet or mail. If you are voting by mail, please sign, date and return the enclosed proxy card. If you are voting by telephone or Internet, please follow the instructions on the enclosed proxy card. Whether or not you plan to attend the McDermott Special Meeting, we encourage you to vote by proxy as soon as possible. If your shares are held in the name of a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee, follow the instructions you receive from your nominee on how to vote your shares. If you hold your shares in more than one type of account or your shares are registered differently, you may receive more than one proxy card. We encourage you to vote each proxy card that you receive.

If you choose to attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person, a government-issued picture identification will be required to enter the McDermott Special Meeting. If you are the representative of a corporate or institutional stockholder, you must present valid photo identification along with proof that you are the representative of such stockholder. If your shares are held by a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee, you will be required to present evidence of your ownership of shares, which you can obtain from your broker, bank, trust company or other nominee.

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Q: How will my shares be voted?

A: If you vote by proxy, the individuals named on the proxy card (your proxies) will vote your shares in the manner you indicate.

If you sign and return your proxy card without indicating your voting instructions, your shares will be voted FOR the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, the adoption of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and the adoption of the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, if necessary to solicit additional proxies.

Q: What if my shares are held by a broker?

A: If your shares of McDermott Common Stock are held in street name, you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares. Please follow the voting instructions provided by your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee. Please note that you may not vote shares held in street name by returning a proxy card directly to McDermott or by voting in person at the McDermott Special Meeting unless you provide a legal proxy, which you must obtain from your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee.

If you do not instruct your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your nominee may not vote your shares on: (1) the proposal to adopt the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution (which will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution); (2) the proposal to adopt the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution (which will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution); (3) the adoption of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal (which, assuming the presence of a quorum, will have no effect on the adoption of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal); or (4) the adoption of the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal (which will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST adoption of the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal).

Q: May I revoke or change my vote?

A: If you are a stockholder of record, you may change your vote by written notice to our Corporate Secretary, by granting a new proxy before the McDermott Special Meeting or by voting in person at the McDermott Special Meeting. Unless you attend the meeting and vote your shares in person, you should change your vote before the meeting using the same method (by Internet, telephone or mail) that you first used to vote your shares. That way, the inspectors of election for the meeting will be able to verify your latest vote.

If you are the beneficial owner, but not the holder of record, of shares, you should follow the instructions in the information provided by your broker or nominee to change your vote before the meeting. If you want to change your vote as to shares of which you are the beneficial owner by voting in person at the McDermott Special Meeting, you must obtain a valid legal proxy from the broker or nominee that holds those shares for you.

Written notices of revocation and other communications with respect to the revocation of proxies should be addressed as follows: McDermott International, Inc. Attention: Corporate Secretary, 4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North, Houston, Texas 77041.

- Q: What happens if I sell my shares after the McDermott Record Date but before the McDermott Special Meeting?
- A: The McDermott Record Date is earlier than the date of the McDermott Special Meeting and the date that the Combination is expected to be completed. If you sell or otherwise transfer your shares of McDermott Common Stock after the McDermott Record Date but before the date of the McDermott Special Meeting, you will retain your right to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting.

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Q: What constitutes a quorum?

A: The presence at the meeting, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock as of the McDermott Record Date will constitute a quorum. If you attend the McDermott Special Meeting or vote your shares using the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form (including any telephone or Internet voting procedures provided), your shares will be counted toward a quorum, even if you abstain from voting on a particular matter. Broker non-votes (*i.e.*, shares held by brokers and other nominees as to which they have not received voting instructions from the beneficial owners and lack the discretionary authority to vote on a proposed resolution) will count for quorum purposes.

Q: What will happen if I return my proxy card without indicating how to vote?

A: If you are a holder of record and you sign and return your proxy card without indicating how to vote on any particular proposal, the McDermott Common Stock represented by your proxy will be voted FOR the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, the adoption of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and the adoption of the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, if necessary to solicit additional proxies.

Q: What happens if I do not specify a choice for a proposal when returning a proxy or do not cast my vote or abstain from voting?

A: You should specify your choice for each proposal on your proxy card or voting instruction form. Shares represented by proxies will be voted in accordance with the instructions given by the stockholders. *If you are a stockholder of record of shares of McDermott Common Stock* and your proxy card is signed and returned without voting instructions, it will be voted according to the recommendations of the McDermott Board.

If you are the beneficial owner, but not the holder of record, of shares of McDermott Common Stock and fail to provide voting instructions, your broker or other holder of record may not vote on the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal or the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, and no votes will be cast on your behalf with respect to those matters.

Failures to vote, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. Because failures to vote and broker non-votes are not actual votes cast (assuming that a quorum is present), they will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. However, under applicable rules of the NYSE, an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders that attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders not attending the McDermott Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, will have no effect on the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, whether or not a quorum is present.

- Q: Who pays the cost of the proxy solicitation for the McDermott Special Meeting?
- A: McDermott will pay the cost of solicitation of proxies for the McDermott Special Meeting, including preparing, printing and mailing this joint proxy statement/prospectus. McDermott has retained MacKenzie Partners, Inc. to help in soliciting proxies for a fee not to exceed \$75,000, plus reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses.

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Q: Who may attend the McDermott Special Meeting?

A: Holders of record of McDermott Common Stock as of the close of business on the McDermott Record Date may attend the McDermott Special Meeting. No guests will be admitted, except for guests invited by McDermott. Registration will begin at [] a.m., and the meeting will begin promptly at [] a.m. If your shares are held in street name through a broker, bank, trustee or other nominee, you are a beneficial owner, and beneficial owners will need to show proof of beneficial ownership, such as a copy of a brokerage account statement, reflecting stock ownership as of the McDermott Record Date in order to be admitted to the meeting. If you are a proxy holder for a stockholder, you will need to bring a validly executed proxy naming you as the proxy holder, together with proof of record ownership of the stockholder naming you as proxy holder. Please note that you may be asked to present valid government-issued photo identification, such as a valid driver s license or passport, when you check in for registration. No cameras, recording equipment or other electronic devices will be allowed to be brought into the meeting room by stockholders or beneficial owners.

Q: What do I do if I receive more than one set of voting materials?

A: You may receive more than one set of voting materials for the McDermott Special Meeting, including multiple copies of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, proxy cards and/or voting instruction forms. This can occur if your shares are held through more than one account (*e.g.*, through different brokers or nominees), if you hold shares directly as a record holder and also in street name, or otherwise through a nominee, and in certain other circumstances. Each proxy card or voting instruction form only covers those shares of McDermott Common Stock held in the applicable account. If you receive more than one set of voting materials, each should be voted and/or returned separately in order to ensure that all of your shares are voted.

Q: Who is the inspector of the election?

A: A representative of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. will serve as the inspector of election for the McDermott Special Meeting.

Q: Where can I find the voting results of the McDermott Special Meeting?

A: The preliminary voting results will be announced at the McDermott Special Meeting. In addition, within four business days following certification of the final voting results, McDermott intends to file the final voting results with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on a Current Report on Form 8-K.

O: What do I need to do now?

A: Carefully read and consider the information contained in and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including its annexes. Then, please vote your shares of McDermott Common Stock, which

you may do by:

completing, dating, signing and returning the enclosed proxy card in the accompanying postage-paid envelope;

submitting your proxy by telephone or via the Internet by following the instructions included on your proxy card; or

attending the McDermott Special Meeting and voting by ballot in person.

If your shares are held in the name of a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee, please instruct your nominee to vote your shares by following the instructions you receive from your nominee.

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About the CB&I Special General Meeting

Q: What are the proposals on which CB&I shareholders are being asked to vote?

A: CB&I shareholders are being asked to consider and vote on the following proposals:

a resolution providing for an amendment to CB&I s amended and restated articles of association as set forth in Annex G attached hereto to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person, alone or together with a group, holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I (the Articles Amendment Resolution);

a resolution to enter into and effectuate the Merger in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) (the Merger Resolution);

(a) a resolution to approve the acquisition, no later than immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time, by certain subsidiaries of McDermott of the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business for cash (to the extent required by law), and (b) a resolution to approve the sale by Comet I B.V., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I, of all of the issued and outstanding shares in the share capital of Comet II B.V. to McDermott Technology, B.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott (or its designee) (together, the Sale Resolutions);

a resolution to, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time (as defined herein), (a) approve the dissolution of Comet I B.V., (b) approve the appointment of Stichting Vereffening Chicago Bridge & Iron Company as liquidator of Comet I B.V. and (c) approve the appointment of (an affiliate of) McDermott Technology, B.V. as the custodian of the books and records of Comet I B.V. in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code (the Liquidation Resolutions);

a resolution to, effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time, grant full and final discharge to each member of the CB&I Supervisory Board and the CB&I Management Board for his or her acts of supervision or management, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting (the Discharge Resolutions); and

a proposal to approve, by non-binding advisory vote, the compensation that may become or has become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination (the Compensation Resolution).

Q: Does my vote matter?

A: Yes, your vote is very important. We encourage you to vote as soon as possible.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions (to the extent required by applicable law), the Liquidation Resolutions, and the Discharge Resolutions.

Q: How many votes are required to approve each proposal?

A: The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Assuming the Articles Amendment Resolution is adopted and implemented and so long as at least fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Merger Resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

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If less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting is required to approve the Merger Resolution.

However, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting, the affirmative vote of at least eighty percent (80%) of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding, excluding treasury shares, at least 80% must be voted FOR the proposal) is required to approve the Merger Resolution. In such case, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

- Q: How does the CB&I Supervisory Board and the CB&I Management Board (the CB&I Boards) recommend that I vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting?
- A: The CB&I Boards have: (1) determined that the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (and any prior or subsequent (legal or other) acts necessary or desirable to effectuate or implement the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) are in the best interests of CB&I and the CB&I shareholders, and that the foregoing is in the best interests of CB&I and its business, taking into account the interests of shareholders, creditors, employees, and other stakeholders of CB&I and the CB&I group; (2) approved the Business Combination Agreement and CB&I s execution, delivery and performance of the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement; (3) resolved to recommend that the CB&I shareholders adopt and approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, Merger Resolution, Sale Resolutions, Liquidation Resolutions and Discharge Resolutions; and (4) resolved to support the Exchange Offer and to recommend acceptance of the Exchange Offer by the shareholders of CB&I, in each case upon the terms and subject to the conditions stated in the Business Combination Agreement.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote:

- 1. FOR the Articles Amendment Resolution;
- 2. FOR the Merger Resolution;
- 3. FOR the Sale Resolutions;
- 4. FOR the Liquidation Resolutions;

- 5. FOR the Discharge Resolutions; and
- 6. FOR the Compensation Resolution. In addition, the CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders accept the Exchange Offer.

Q: What happens if I sell or tender my shares after the CB&I Record Date but before the CB&I Special General Meeting?

A: The CB&I Record Date (as defined below) is earlier than the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting and the date that the Combination is expected to be completed. If you sell, tender in the Exchange Offer or otherwise transfer your shares of CB&I Common Stock after the CB&I Record Date but before the date of the CB&I Special Meeting, you will retain your right to vote at the CB&I Special Meeting. However, you will not have the right to receive the Per Share Consideration to be received by CB&I shareholders in the Combination unless you either (1) tender your shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer or (2) continue to hold your shares of CB&I Common Stock through completion of the Combination.

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- Q: Why am I being asked to consider and vote on a proposal, by non-binding, advisory vote, concerning compensation that may become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination?
- A: Under SEC rules, CB&I is required to seek a non-binding, advisory vote with respect to certain compensation that may become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination.
- Q: When and where is the CB&I Special General Meeting?
- A: The CB&I Special General Meeting will take place on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] local time, at [].
- Q: Who is entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting?
- A: If you were a shareholder of record, meaning that you were a registered in the CB&I share register as referred to in section 2:85 of the Dutch Civil Code, part of which is kept by Computershare Trust Company, N.A. on behalf of CB&I (the CB&I Share Register) on [], 2018, the record date for the CB&I Special General Meeting established by the CB&I Management Board (the CB&I Record Date), you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by CB&I s shareholders at the CB&I Special General Meeting, even if you have tendered your shares in the Exchange Offer. If your shares were held by a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee (that is, in street name) on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the CB&I Special General Meeting. You should follow the instructions provided by them to vote your shares.

Unless the context otherwise requires, references to shareholders refer to those who on the record date are, and are registered in the CB&I Share Register as, holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock or others with meeting rights under Dutch law with respect to shares of CB&I Common Stock.

Q: How many votes do I have?

A: You are entitled to one vote for each share of CB&I Common Stock that you owned as of the close of business on the CB&I Record Date. As of the close of business on the CB&I Record Date, there were approximately [] outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock.

Q: How do I vote?

A: If you are a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, you may vote your shares in person by attending the CB&I Special General Meeting, or vote now by giving your proxy via Internet or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you give your proxy to vote using the Internet, you will save CB&I mailing expenses.

Admittance of shareholders and acceptance of written voting proxies shall be governed by Dutch law. Only shareholders registered in the CB&I Share Register as of the record date, or such shareholders proxies, who have requested that the holder of the CB&I Share Register (either the CB&I Management Board or Computershare Trust Company, N.A.) notify CB&I by [], 2018 of his or her or his or her proxy s intention to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, may attend the CB&I Special General Meeting. The notice must state the name and number of shares the person will represent at the CB&I Special General Meeting. All attendees must be prepared to identify themselves with a valid proof of identity for admittance.

If you are not a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, you may not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting without the invitation of the chairman of the CB&I Supervisory Board. You may vote now by giving your proxy via Internet, telephone or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you vote using either the telephone or the Internet, you will save CB&I mailing expenses.

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Q: How will my shares be voted?

A: If you vote by proxy, the individuals named on the proxy card (your proxies) will vote your shares in the manner you indicate.

If you sign and return your proxy card without indicating your voting instructions, your shares will be voted FOR each of the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution.

Q: What if my shares are held by a broker?

A: If your shares of CB&I Common Stock are held in street name, you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares. Please follow the voting instructions provided by your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee. Please note that you may not vote shares held in street name by returning a proxy card directly to CB&I unless you provide a legal proxy, which you must obtain from your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee.

If you do not instruct your bank, broker, trust company or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your nominee may not vote your shares on any of the proposals put forth for resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Q: May I revoke or change my vote?

A: If you are a shareholder of record, you may change your vote by written notice to our Corporate Secretary, by granting a new proxy before the CB&I Special General Meeting or by voting in person at the CB&I Special General Meeting (subject to complying with the notification procedures necessary for attendance). Unless you attend the meeting and vote your shares in person, you should change your vote before the meeting using the same method (by Internet or mail) that you first used to vote your shares. That way, the inspectors of election for the meeting will be able to verify your latest vote.

If you are the beneficial owner, but not the holder of record, of shares, you should follow the instructions in the information provided by your broker or nominee to change your vote before the meeting.

Written notices of revocation and other communications with respect to the revocation of proxies should be addressed as follows: Corporate Secretary, Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., Prinses Beatrixlaan 35, 2595 AK The Hague, The Netherlands.

Q: What constitutes a quorum?

A: CB&I does not have a quorum requirement. However, if less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the applicable voting standard for the Merger Resolution increases from an affirmative majority of the votes cast on

the matter to at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter.

If you attend the CB&I Special General Meeting or vote your shares using the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form (including any telephone or Internet voting procedures provided), your shares will be counted as present, even if you abstain from voting on a particular matter. Broker non-votes (i.e., shares held by brokers and other nominees as to which they have not received voting instructions from the beneficial owners and lack the discretionary authority to vote on a proposed resolution) will not be counted as present.

Q: What will happen if I return my proxy card without indicating how to vote?

A: If you are a holder of record and you sign and return your proxy card without indicating how to vote on any particular proposal, the shares of CB&I Common Stock represented by your proxy will be voted FOR each of the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution.

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Q: What happens if I do not specify a choice for a proposal when returning a proxy or do not cast my vote or abstain from voting?

A: You should specify your choice for each proposal on your proxy card or voting instruction form. Shares represented by proxies will be voted in accordance with the instructions given by the shareholders. *If you are a shareholder of record of shares of CB&I Common Stock* and your proxy card is signed and returned without voting instructions, it will be voted according to the recommendations of the CB&I Boards.

If you are the beneficial owner, but not the holder of record, of shares of CB&I Common Stock and fail to provide voting instructions, your broker or other holder of record may not vote on the proposals and no votes will be cast on your behalf with respect to those matters.

Failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that do not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes are not considered votes cast and therefore will have no effect on the outcome of the proposals; provided, that if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

Q: Who pays the cost of the proxy solicitation for the CB&I Special General Meeting?

A: CB&I will pay the cost of solicitation of proxies for the CB&I Special General Meeting, including preparing, printing and mailing this joint proxy statement/prospectus. CB&I has retained Innisfree M&A Incorporated to help in soliciting proxies for a fee not to exceed \$[], plus reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses.

Q: Who may attend the CB&I Special General Meeting?

A: Admittance of shareholders and acceptance of written voting proxies shall be governed by Dutch law. Only shareholders registered in the CB&I Share Register as of the record date, or such shareholders proxies, who have requested that the holder of the CB&I Share Register (either the CB&I Management Board or Computershare Trust Company, N.A.) notify CB&I by [], 2018 of his or her or his or her proxy s intention to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, may attend the CB&I Special General Meeting. The notice must state the name and number of shares the person will represent at the CB&I Special General Meeting. All attendees must be prepared to identify themselves with a valid proof of identity for admittance.

If you are not a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, a usufructuary to whom voting rights accrue or pledgee to whom voting rights accrue, you may not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting without the invitation of the chairman of the CB&I Supervisory Board.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares, but not the holder of record, you should refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information.

No guests will be admitted, except for guests invited by CB&I.

Registration will begin at [] a.m. local time, and the CB&I Special General Meeting will begin promptly at [] a.m. local time. Please note that you may be asked to present valid government-issued photo identification, such as a valid driver s license or passport, when you check in for registration. No cameras, recording equipment or other electronic devices will be allowed to be brought into the meeting room by attendees.

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Q: What do I do if I receive more than one set of voting materials?

A: You may receive more than one set of voting materials for the CB&I Special General Meeting, including multiple copies of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, proxy cards and/or voting instruction forms. This can occur if your shares are held through more than one account (*e.g.*, through different brokers or nominees), if you hold shares directly as a record holder and also in street name, or otherwise through a nominee, and in certain other circumstances. Each proxy card or voting instruction form only covers those shares of CB&I Common Stock held in the applicable account. If you receive more than one set of voting materials, each should be voted and/or returned separately in order to ensure that all of your shares are voted.

Q: Who is the inspector of the election?

A: A representative of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. will serve as the inspector of election for the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Q: Where can I find the voting results of the CB&I Special General Meeting?

A: The preliminary voting results will be announced at the CB&I Special General Meeting. In addition, within four business days following certification of the final voting results, CB&I intends to file the final voting results with the SEC on a Current Report on Form 8-K.

Q: What do I need to do now?

A: Carefully read and consider the information contained in and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including its annexes. Then, please vote your shares of CB&I Common Stock, which you may do by:

completing, dating, signing and returning the enclosed proxy card in the accompanying postage-paid envelope;

submitting your proxy by telephone or via the Internet by following the instructions included on your proxy card; or

attending the CB&I Special General Meeting and voting by ballot in person (subject to complying with the notification procedures necessary for attendance).

If your shares are held in the name of a bank, broker, trust company or other nominee, please instruct your nominee to vote your shares by following the instructions you receive from your nominee.

Q: Whom should I call with questions?

A: McDermott stockholders or CB&I shareholders who have questions about the Combination or the other matters to be voted on at the special meeting or special general meeting or desire additional copies of this document or additional proxy cards should contact:

if you are a McDermott stockholder:
MacKenzie Partners, Inc.
105 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10016
Toll-free: (800) 322-2885
Collect: (212) 929-5500

if you are a CB&I shareholder: Innisfree M&A Incorporated 501 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10022 Toll-free: (877) 825-8971 Collect: (212) 750-5833

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained in this document and may not contain all of the information that is important to you. McDermott and CB&I urge you to read this entire document carefully, including its annexes and the other documents referred to herein. A copy of the Business Combination Agreement, as amended, is attached as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this document and is incorporated by reference herein. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 215 of this document. McDermott and CB&I have included in this summary references to other portions of this document to direct you to a more complete description of the topics presented, which you should review carefully in their entirety.

Information About the Companies

McDermott International, Inc. (see page 177)

McDermott International, Inc., which we refer to as McDermott, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Panama in 1959, is a leading provider of integrated engineering, procurement, construction and installation, front-end engineering and design and module fabrication services for upstream field developments worldwide.

McDermott s common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (McDermott Common Stock) is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the trading symbol MDR. McDermott s principal executive offices are located at 4424 West Sam Houston Parkway North, Houston, Texas 77041, and its telephone number at that location is (281) 870-5000.

Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V. (see page 178)

Founded in 1889, Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V., which we refer to as CB&I, provides a wide range of services, including conceptual design, technology, engineering, procurement, fabrication, modularization, construction and services to customers in the energy infrastructure market throughout the world.

CB&I s common stock, par value EUR 0.01 per share (CB&I Common Stock) is listed on the NYSE under the trading symbol CBI. CB&I s principal executive offices are located at Prinses Beatrixlaan 35, 2595 AK, The Hague, The Netherlands and its telephone number at that location is 011-31-70-373-2010. CB&I s administrative headquarters are located at One CB&I Plaza, 2103 Research Forest Drive, The Woodlands, TX 77380, USA and its telephone number at that location is (832) 513-1000.

McDermott Technology, B.V.

McDermott Technology, B.V., which we refer to as McDermott Bidco, is a company incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott that was formed on December 14, 2017, solely for the purpose of effecting the Combination. To date, McDermott Bidco has not conducted any material activities other than those incidental to its formation and the matters contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017, by and among McDermott, CB&I and the other parties thereto (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Business Combination Agreement).

Comet I B.V. (see page 178)

Comet I B.V., which we refer to as CB&I Newco, is a company incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I that was formed on December 12, 2017, solely for the purpose of effecting

the Combination. To date, CB&I Newco has not conducted any material activities other than those incidental to its formation and the matters contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement. On December 13, 2017, CB&I Newco formed Comet II B.V. to facilitate the Combination.

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Comet II B.V.

Comet II B.V., which we refer to as CB&I Newco Sub, is a company incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco that was formed on December 13, 2017, solely for the purpose of effecting the Combination. To date, CB&I Newco Sub has not conducted any material activities other than those incidental to its formation and the matters contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

The Combination (see page 56)

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott and CB&I have agreed to combine their businesses through a series of transactions (and subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement) that we refer to as the Core Transactions, preceded by the Exchange Offer (the Core Transactions, together with the Exchange Offer, the Combination). The Business Combination Agreement is more fully described in the section The Business Combination Agreement, as amended, is attached as Annex A-1 and Annex A-2 to this document. You should read the entire Business Combination Agreement carefully in its entirety before making any decisions regarding the Combination because it is the legal document that governs the relationship between McDermott and CB&I with respect to the Combination.

On the terms and subject to the conditions of the Business Combination Agreement, the Combination will occur as follows:

McDermott Bidco will launch an offer to exchange any and all issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock for shares of McDermott Common Stock (the Exchange Offer), with the completion of the Exchange Offer to occur prior to the Merger Effective Time (as defined herein);

Certain subsidiaries of McDermott, namely McDermott Technology (2), B.V., McDermott Technology (3), B.V., McDermott Technology (Americas), LLC and McDermott Technology (US), LLC, will complete the CB&I Technology Acquisition, pursuant to which they will acquire for cash the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business (the CB&I Technology Acquisition) no later than immediately prior to the time at which McDermott Bidco accepts all shares of CB&I Common Stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn in the Exchange Offer (the Exchange Offer Effective Time);

McDermott Bidco will complete the Exchange Offer;

CB&I will merge with and into CB&I Newco Sub, with: (1) CB&I Newco Sub continuing as a wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco; (2) CB&I shareholders that do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer becoming shareholders of CB&I Newco as a result of their shares being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco; and (3) McDermott Bidco becoming a shareholder of CB&I Newco as a result of any shares it will have accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco (the Merger);

CB&I Newco Sub will become an indirect subsidiary of McDermott through the sale of all of the outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub to McDermott Bidco in exchange for the Exchangeable Note (as defined herein) (the Share Sale); and

CB&I Newco will be dissolved and liquidated (the Liquidation), and as a result of which former CB&I shareholders who do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer and, as a result of the Merger, become CB&I Newco shareholders, will be entitled to receive, in respect of each former share of CB&I Common Stock upon

completion of the Liquidation, 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (as defined herein) has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock (as applicable, the Exchange Offer Ratio), together with cash in lieu of fractional shares. The consideration per share of CB&I Common Stock to be received pursuant to the Core Transactions is the same as the Exchange Offer Ratio, except that the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to the Liquidation generally will be subject to Dutch dividend withholding tax under the Dividend Withholding Tax Act 1965 (*Wet op de dividendbelasting 1965*) to the extent the Liquidation Distribution (as defined herein) exceeds the average paid-in capital recognized for Dutch dividend withholding tax purposes of the shares of CB&I Newco Common Stock (as defined below) (the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax).

The Core Transactions consist of the CB&I Technology Acquisition, the Merger, the Share Sale and the Liquidation. The Combination consists of the Exchange Offer and the Core Transactions. Each step of the Combination is intended to be completed substantially concurrently, provided that the Liquidation Distribution will occur on the date of consummation of the Combination (the Closing Date) or as soon as practicable thereafter.

Below is a description of each of these steps in the Combination.

Step 1 CB&I Technology Acquisition (see page 128)

In the CB&I Technology Acquisition, McDermott Technology (2), B.V. and McDermott Technology (3), B.V. intend to acquire, for cash, no later than immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time, certain subsidiaries of CB&I (as specified in the Business Combination Agreement), and each of McDermott Technology (Americas), LLC and McDermott Technology (US), LLC intends to acquire for cash 50% of certain subsidiaries of CB&I (as specified in the Business Combination Agreement). Together, these acquired entities operate CB&I s technology business (primarily consisting of CB&I s former Technology reportable segment and its Engineered Products Operations, representing a portion of its Fabrication Services reportable segment). The cash proceeds to be paid by such McDermott entities pursuant to the CB&I Technology Acquisition in the aggregate amount of \$2.65 billion will be used to fund the repayment of all the outstanding funded indebtedness of CB&I and its subsidiaries and to provide for future working capital needs of those entities (or their successors).

Step 2 The Exchange Offer (see page 128)

In the Exchange Offer, CB&I shareholders will be offered to exchange each of their issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock for 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock.

If all of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding as of March [], 2018 were exchanged in the Exchange Offer, the aggregate number of shares of McDermott Common Stock issued to the CB&I shareholders will equal approximately 47% of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding at the completion of the Combination.

Commencement and Expiration of the Exchange Offer

McDermott Bidco will commence the Exchange Offer promptly. The Exchange Offer will expire at 4:00 p.m., Eastern time, which we sometimes refer to as New York City time, on the date that is 21 business days following the date that the Exchange Offer is commenced, subject to extension as described below (such time, or such later time to which the Exchange Offer has been so extended, is referred to as the Exchange Offer Expiration Time).

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Conditions to the Exchange Offer as Part of the Combination

The Exchange Offer, as part of the Combination, is subject to the satisfaction or, where permissible, waiver of certain conditions described in the section The Business Combination Agreement The Exchange Offer Conditions to the Combination.

Acceptance of Shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer

The obligation of McDermott Bidco to accept for exchange, and the obligation of McDermott to issue shares of McDermott Common Stock to McDermott Bidco to offer in exchange for, any shares of CB&I Common Stock validly tendered and not properly withdrawn pursuant to the Exchange Offer will be subject only to the satisfaction (or waiver) of the closing conditions set forth above under the heading — Conditions to the Exchange Offer as Part of the Combination. If McDermott Bidco accepts shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer in accordance with the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, then the McDermott entities that are parties to the Business Combination Agreement (the — McDermott Parties —) and the CB&I entities that are parties to the Business Combination Agreement (the — CB&I Parties —) will complete the actions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement with respect to the Core Transactions on the Closing Date, provided that the Liquidation Distribution will occur on the Closing Date or as soon as practicable thereafter.

Extension of the Exchange Offer

McDermott Bidco may extend the Exchange Offer to such other date and time as may be agreed in writing by McDermott and CB&I, and McDermott Bidco will extend the Exchange Offer for any minimum period as may be required by the SEC (including, without limitation, for any five-day extension period or longer period required under Rule 14d-4 or Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act) or the NYSE. McDermott Bidco will also extend the Exchange Offer on one or more occasions if, at the then-scheduled Exchange Offer Expiration Time, any condition to the Exchange Offer has not been satisfied or waived. McDermott Bidco is not required to extend the Exchange Offer beyond the Termination Date (as defined herein).

Step 3 The Merger (see page 129)

Promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time, CB&I, as the disappearing company, will merge with and into CB&I Newco Sub in a legal triangular merger (*juridische driehoeksfusie*), resulting in each holder of outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock holding a number of shares in the capital of CB&I Newco equal to the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock held by such holder of shares of CB&I Common Stock (the Merger Consideration) immediately prior to the completion of the Merger. The Merger is discussed in more detail in the section The Business Combination Agreement The Merger.

CB&I, CB&I Newco and CB&I Newco Sub will effectuate the Merger promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time, in order to ensure that the Merger becomes effective at midnight Amsterdam time (being either 6:00 p.m., New York City time, or 7:00 p.m., New York City time), on the date the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs. We refer to the effective time of the Merger as the Merger Effective Time.

Step 4 The Share Sale (see page 129)

Immediately following the Merger Effective Time, CB&I Newco will transfer all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub (the surviving entity in the Merger) to McDermott Bidco in exchange for an exchangeable note issued by McDermott Bidco (the Exchangeable Note) (which will be mandatorily exchangeable for

shares of McDermott Common Stock other than to the extent any portion of the Exchangeable

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Note is distributed to McDermott Bidco or any other controlled affiliate of McDermott). In connection therewith, immediately following the Merger Effective Time, McDermott Bidco, CB&I Newco and CB&I Newco Sub will enter into a notarial deed of transfer of shares pursuant to which all issued and outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub will be transferred by CB&I Newco to McDermott Bidco or its designated nominee at such time and such transfer will be acknowledged by CB&I Newco Sub. We refer to the effective time of such execution and acknowledgement as the Share Sale Effective Time.

Step 5 Pre-Liquidation Transactions (see page 130)

Exchangeable Note Split

Pursuant to the terms of the Exchangeable Note, immediately following the Share Sale Effective Time, the Exchangeable Note will automatically be split into two notes, one of which will be the McDermott Component Note and the other of which will be the Legacy CB&I Component Note (the Exchangeable Note Split). The McDermott Component Note will entitle the holder(s) thereof to receive a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of the Exchangeable Note principal amount multiplied by the percentage of outstanding shares of the common stock of CB&I Newco (CB&I Newco Common Stock) owned at such time by McDermott and its subsidiaries (other than CB&I Newco). The Legacy CB&I Component Note will entitle the holder(s) thereof to receive a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of the Exchangeable Note principal amount multiplied by the percentage of outstanding shares of CB&I Newco Common Stock owned at such time by persons that are not affiliates of McDermott (CB&I Newco Public Shareholders). As soon as McDermott or any of its subsidiaries (other than CB&I Newco) becomes the holder of the McDermott Component Note, the McDermott Component Note will immediately terminate and any rights thereunder will be extinguished and no longer due.

Deposit and Exchange

Immediately following the Exchangeable Note Split, CB&I Newco will deposit the Legacy CB&I Component Note with Computershare Trust Company, N.A., which is acting as the exchange agent in connection with the Exchange Offer, the Merger and the Liquidation (the Exchange Agent). Upon receipt by the Exchange Agent, the Legacy CB&I Component Note will automatically and mandatorily be exchanged into a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of the Exchange Offer Ratio and the number of shares of CB&I Newco owned at such time by the CB&I Newco Public Shareholders (the Mandatory Exchange). Prior to the execution of the Exchangeable Note, McDermott will have deposited with the Exchange Agent a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock sufficient to permit the completion of the Mandatory Exchange. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock required to be issued in the Mandatory Exchange will be rounded up to the nearest whole share. Upon completion of the Mandatory Exchange, the Legacy CB&I Component Note will be deemed fully paid and the indebtedness represented by the Exchangeable Note will be deemed fully satisfied.

McDermott Common Stock Sale to Satisfy Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax Obligations

Pursuant to the terms of the Exchangeable Note, CB&I Newco will cause the Exchange Agent to sell (the McDermott Common Stock Sale), in one or more transactions for the benefit of the CB&I Newco Public Shareholders, shares of McDermott Common Stock that the CB&I Newco Public Shareholders would otherwise be entitled to receive in order to obtain sufficient net cash proceeds to satisfy the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax in connection with the Liquidation Distribution (as defined herein). In the event that the cash proceeds obtained by the Exchange Agent in the McDermott Common Stock Sale exceed the required applicable withholding by more than a *de minimis* amount, those surplus cash proceeds will be distributed, net of applicable Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax, to the CB&I Newco Public Shareholders on a pro rata basis, along with any cash payable in lieu of fractional shares. McDermott

will be entitled to retain any de minimis surplus cash proceeds.

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Step 6 The Liquidation (see page 131)

As soon as practicable after the Share Sale Effective Time, CB&I Newco will be dissolved and subsequently liquidated, making one or more liquidating distributions such that each holder of shares of CB&I Common Stock not validly tendered in (or properly withdrawn from) the Exchange Offer will receive, as a liquidation distribution, shares of McDermott Common Stock for each such share (together, the Liquidation Distribution) as follows:

each CB&I Newco Public Shareholder will receive a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to (1) the product of (a) the Exchange Offer Ratio and (b) the number of shares of CB&I Newco held by such shareholder at such time (with cash paid in lieu of any fractional shares of McDermott Common Stock as described below) minus (2) the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock sold pursuant to the McDermott Common Stock Sale, if any, in respect of any applicable Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax of such CB&I Newco Public Shareholder; and

McDermott Bidco and any other shareholder that is a subsidiary of McDermott (other than CB&I Newco) will receive a portion of the McDermott Component Note, which will immediately terminate upon receipt, with any rights thereunder extinguished and no longer due.

In connection with the Liquidation Distribution, the Exchange Agent will pay to the relevant Dutch tax authority the net cash proceeds from the McDermott Common Stock Sale in satisfaction of CB&I Newco s obligation to remit Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax in respect of the Liquidation Distribution.

Non-tendering CB&I shareholders who receive shares of McDermott Common Stock pursuant to the Liquidation Distribution rather than the Exchange Offer generally will be subject to Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax. See Material Tax Consequences of the Combination.

Once the final Liquidation Distribution has occurred, CB&I Newco will cease to exist by operation of law.

The McDermott Special Meeting (see page 38)

Meeting (see page 38)

The McDermott Special Meeting is scheduled to be held on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] Time, at []. At the McDermott Special Meeting, McDermott stockholders will be asked to vote on:

a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott amended and restated articles of incorporation (the McDermott Articles) (1) to effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split of the McDermott Common Stock and (2) to decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution);

a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott Articles to increase the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 765,000,000 shares (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution); provided that, if adopted, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment

Resolution will only become effective if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the McDermott Special Meeting;

a proposal to issue shares of McDermott Common Stock in connection with the Exchange Offer and the Core Transactions, including the issuance pursuant to the Exchangeable Note (the McDermott Stock Issuance); and

a proposal to approve the adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution (the McDermott Meeting Adjournment).

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The McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal are collectively referred to in this document as the McDermott Stockholder Proposals. The approvals of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution are collectively referred to in this document as the McDermott Stockholder Approval.

Record Date; Stockholders Entitled to Vote (see page 38)

The McDermott Board of Directors (the McDermott Board) established [], 2018 (the McDermott Record Date) as the record date for determining stockholders entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting. This means that, if you were a stockholder of record (meaning that you were registered with McDermott s transfer agent and registrar, Computershare Trust Company, N.A.) on the McDermott Record Date, you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by McDermott s stockholders at the McDermott Special Meeting. If your shares were held in street name on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the McDermott Special Meeting. They have forwarded to you this joint proxy statement/prospectus seeking your instructions on how you want your shares voted.

As of the close of business on the McDermott Record Date, [] shares of McDermott Common Stock were outstanding. Each outstanding share of McDermott Common Stock entitles its holder to one vote on each matter to be acted on at the meeting.

As of the close of business on March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, less than 1.5% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock were held by McDermott directors and executive officers and their affiliates. McDermott s directors and executive officers other than Stephen G. Hanks, who collectively own less than 1.5% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock, have informed McDermott that they intend, as of the date hereof, to vote their shares in favor of all of the proposals set forth above, although none has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

Required Vote (see page 39)

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, excluding treasury shares, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal) is required to approve the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal plus abstentions) is required to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, is required to approve the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal.

Failures to vote, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. Because failures to vote and broker non-votes are not actual votes cast (assuming that a quorum is present), they will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. However, under applicable rules of the NYSE, an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders that attend the

McDermott Special Meeting in person, abstentions and broker non-votes will have

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the same effect as votes AGAINST the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders not attending the McDermott Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, will have no effect on the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, whether or not a quorum is present.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

Recommendation of the McDermott Board (see page 38)

The McDermott Board has approved, and, by a vote of eight to one, recommends that you vote FOR, the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. For McDermott s reasons for these recommendations, see The Combination McDermott s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board.

The CB&I Special General Meeting (see page 49)

Meeting (see page 49)

The CB&I Special General Meeting is scheduled to be held on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] Time, at []. At the CB&I Special General Meeting, CB&I shareholders will be asked to vote on:

a resolution providing for an amendment to CB&I s amended and restated articles of association as set forth in Annex G attached hereto to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person, alone or together with a group, holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I (the Articles Amendment Resolution).

a resolution to enter into and effectuate the Merger in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) (the Merger Resolution).

(a) a resolution to approve the acquisition by certain subsidiaries of McDermott of the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business for cash (to the extent required by law), and (b) a resolution to approve the sale by Comet I B.V., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I, of all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of Comet II B.V. to McDermott Technology, B.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott (or its designee) (together, the Sale Resolutions).

a resolution to, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time, (a) approve the dissolution of Comet I B.V., (b) approve the appointment of Stichting Vereffening Chicago Bridge & Iron Company as liquidator of Comet I B.V. and (c) approve the appointment of (an affiliate of) McDermott Technology, B.V. as the custodian of the books and records of Comet I B.V. in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code (the Liquidation Resolutions).

a resolution to, effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time, grant full and final discharge to each member of the CB&I Supervisory Board and the CB&I Management Board (together, the CB&I Boards) for his or her acts of supervision or management, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting (the Discharge Resolutions).

a proposal to approve, by non-binding advisory vote, the compensation that may become or has become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination (the Compensation Resolution).

The Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution are collectively referred to in this document as the

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CB&I Shareholder Proposals. The approvals of the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions and the Discharge Resolutions are collectively referred to in this document as the CB&I Shareholder Approval.

Record Date; Shareholders Entitled to Vote (see page 49)

The CB&I Management Board established [], 2018 (the CB&I Record Date) as the record date for determining shareholders entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting. This means that if you were a shareholder of record (meaning that you were registered in the CB&I share register as referred to in section 2:85 of the Dutch Civil Code, part of which is kept by Computershare Trust Company, N.A. on behalf of CB&I (the CB&I Share Register)) on the CB&I Record Date, you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by CB&I s shareholders at the CB&I Special General Meeting, even if you already tendered your shares in the Exchange Offer. If your shares were held in street name on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the CB&I Special General Meeting. They have forwarded to you this joint proxy statement/prospectus seeking your instructions on how you want your shares voted.

As of the close of business on the CB&I Record Date, [] shares of CB&I Common Stock were outstanding. Each outstanding share of CB&I Common Stock entitles its holder to one vote on each matter to be acted on at the meeting.

As of the close of business on March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, less than 1% of the outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock were held by CB&I directors and executive officers and their affiliates. CB&I s directors and executive officers have informed CB&I that they intend, as of the date hereof, to vote their shares in favor of all of the proposals set forth above, although none has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

Required Vote (see page 50)

The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Assuming the Articles Amendment Resolution is adopted and implemented and so long as at least fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Merger Resolution. If less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting is required to approve the Merger Resolution.

However, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I, the affirmative vote of at least eighty percent (80%) of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding is required to approve the Merger Resolution. In such case, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy,

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abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions (to the extent required by applicable law), the Liquidation Resolutions and the Discharge Resolutions.

Recommendation of the CB&I Boards (see page 49)

The CB&I Boards have approved, and recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR, the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution and accept the Exchange Offer. For CB&I s reasons for these recommendations, see The Combination CB&I s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the CB&I Boards.

Regulatory Approvals Related to the Combination (see page 10)

The Combination was subject to review by the Federal Trade Commission (the FTC) or the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice, (the Antitrust Division), under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the HSR Act). Under the HSR Act, McDermott and CB&I were required to make premerger notification filings and to await the expiration or early termination of the statutory waiting period prior to completing the Combination. On January 9, 2018, McDermott and CB&I each filed a Premerger Notification and Report Form with the Antitrust Division and the FTC pursuant to the HSR Act. On January 24, 2018, the Premerger Notification Office of the FTC advised McDermott and CB&I that early termination of the HSR Act waiting period had been granted.

The Russian Law on Protection of Competition requires an application for the consent of the Federal Antimonopoly Service of the Russian Federation in connection with the Combination. Once all required documents and information have been provided, there is a 30 calendar-day initial (phase I) investigation period. At its discretion, the Federal Antimonopoly Service may extend the review period by up to two months for an in-depth (phase II) investigation. McDermott filed an application for the consent of the Russian Federal Antimonopoly Service on February 5, 2018.

Under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott and CB&I have agreed to use (and cause their respective subsidiaries to use) their reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and do promptly, or cause to be done, and to assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable laws to consummate and make effective the Combination and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement as promptly as practicable, including actions to obtain any necessary or advisable consents or approvals from third parties or governmental authorities. The McDermott Parties have also agreed to take all such action as may be necessary to resolve such objections, if any, that any governmental antitrust entity may assert under applicable antitrust law with respect to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, and to avoid or eliminate, and minimize the impact of, each impediment under antitrust law that may be asserted by any governmental antitrust entity with respect to the Combination to enable the Combination to occur as soon as reasonably possible, and in no event later than June 18, 2018, or a later date if the Termination Date (as defined below) has been extended. However, the Business Combination Agreement does not require any party to take any action with respect to any of the assets, businesses or product lines of McDermott, CB&I or any of their subsidiaries if such action, individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) on the business, assets, results of operations or financial condition of McDermott, CB&I and their subsidiaries, taken as a whole. If requested by McDermott, CB&I will agree to take any action

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necessary to facilitate the closing of the Combination, provided that the consummation of any divestiture or the effectiveness of any other remedy is conditioned on the consummation of the Combination. McDermott also has the obligation to defend any lawsuits or other legal proceedings, whether judicial or administrative, challenging the Combination or the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement.

If the Combination has not occurred on or before the Termination Date due to the failure to obtain regulatory clearances, or if an order, decree or ruling in the United States, the Republic of Panama, Russia or the Netherlands permanently prohibits the Exchange Offer or any of the Core Transactions, the Business Combination Agreement may be terminated.

See The Business Combination Agreement Filings for more information.

Post-Combination Governance and Management (see page 11)

At the closing of the Combination, the McDermott Board will have 11 members, including (1) six persons who are current members of the McDermott Board, two of which will be Gary Luquette, the Chairman of the McDermott Board, and David Dickson, the President and Chief Executive Officer of McDermott, and (2) five persons who are current members of the CB&I Supervisory Board. Gary Luquette will continue as the Non-Executive Chair of the McDermott Board. David Dickson will continue as the President and Chief Executive Officer of McDermott and Stuart Spence will continue as the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of McDermott. Patrick Mullen, President and Chief Executive Officer of CB&I, will remain with the combined business for a transition period.

Appraisal Rights (see page 11)

Neither CB&I shareholders nor CB&I Newco shareholders are entitled under Dutch law or otherwise to appraisal or dissenters—rights related to the CB&I Common Stock or CB&I Newco Common Stock in connection with the Exchange Offer or the Core Transactions.

McDermott stockholders are not entitled to appraisal or dissenters rights with respect to any of the matters to be considered and voted on at the McDermott Special Meeting.

Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination (see page 11)

McDermott International, Inc. (see page 112)

In considering the recommendation of the McDermott Board to vote in favor of the proposals on the agenda at the McDermott Special Meeting, McDermott stockholders should be aware that McDermott sexecutive officers and directors have certain interests in the Combination that may be different from, in addition to, or in conflict with, the interests of the McDermott stockholders generally. These interests include, but are not limited to, the fact that such executive officers are party to change-in-control agreements that provide severance benefits to such executive officers in the event their employment is terminated within one year following the closing of the Combination by McDermott for reasons other than cause or by the executive with good reason, as such terms are defined in the change-in-control agreements. Holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock should also be aware that certain of the executive officers and directors of McDermott will continue serving as executive officers and directors of McDermott immediately following the Combination. The McDermott Board was aware of these interests during the deliberation of the merits of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions, and in deciding to recommend that McDermott s stockholders vote in favor of the proposals on the agenda at the McDermott Special Meeting. Please read

The Combination Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination McDermott International, Inc.

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Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V. (see page 117)

In considering the recommendation of the CB&I Boards to vote in favor of the proposals for resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting, CB&I shareholders should be aware that CB&I s executive officers and directors have certain interests in the Combination that may be different from, in addition to, or in conflict with, the interests of the CB&I shareholders generally. These interests include, but are not limited to, the fact that: (1) such executive officers and directors are party to certain agreements that provide for the vesting of equity awards (estimated total value for all officers and directors: \$30.2 million) in connection with the Combination; (2) certain executive officers are eligible for severance benefits under their change-in-control agreements upon certain qualifying terminations of employment (estimated total value for all executive officers: \$28.4 million); and (3) certain executive officers are eligible to receive a retention bonus in connection with the transaction (estimated total value for all executive officers: \$805,834). The CB&I Supervisory Board and the CB&I Management Board were aware of these interests during the deliberation of the merits of the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions, and in deciding to recommend that CB&I s shareholders vote in favor of the proposals for resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting. Please read The Combination Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V.

Treatment of Equity Awards (see page 132)

At the Merger Effective Time, all outstanding unexercised options to purchase shares of CB&I Common Stock (CB&I Options) will immediately vest and be converted into options to purchase shares of McDermott Common Stock with the duration and terms of such converted options to remain generally the same as the original CB&I Options. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock subject to each converted option will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I Option by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole share. The option exercise price per share of McDermott Common Stock will be equal to the option exercise price per share of CB&I Common Stock under the original CB&I Option divided by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded up to the nearest whole cent.

At the Merger Effective Time, each outstanding award of performance shares relating to CB&I Common Stock (each, a CB&I Performance Share Award) will be canceled and converted into the right to receive cash, without interest and less applicable withholding taxes, in an amount equal to (1) the product of (a) the Exchange Offer Ratio, (b) the target number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the CB&I Performance Share Award and (c) the closing price for a share of McDermott Common Stock on the business day immediately preceding the Closing Date plus (2) an amount equal to any dividend equivalents associated with the CB&I Performance Share Award at that time.

At the Merger Effective Time: (1) each outstanding restricted stock unit award granted by CB&I (CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award) that is held by a non-employee member of the CB&I Supervisory Board (whether or not vested); (2) each vested CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award held by a member of a specific group of executive officers of CB&I that has not been settled; (3) each CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award that vests in accordance with its terms as a result of the Combination; and (4) each vested share of CB&I Common Stock deferred pursuant to any CB&I equity compensation plan, will, in each case, be converted into a right to receive (a) a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of (i) the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I award and (ii) the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded to the nearest whole number of shares, plus (b) cash in an amount equal to any dividend equivalents associated with the CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award at that time, subject to applicable withholding taxes.

At the Merger Effective Time, each other outstanding CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award will be converted into a right to receive an award of restricted stock units that will be settled in McDermott Common Stock with substantially the same terms as the original CB&I award, including the vesting schedule and any conditions and

restrictions on receipt. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock subject to the converted restricted stock unit award will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock subject to the original CB&I Restricted Stock Unit Award by the Exchange Offer Ratio, rounded to the nearest whole number of shares. The transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement will not be considered a change in control for purposes of any award of CB&I Restricted Stock Unit granted on or after December 18, 2017.

Each converted equity award will, in accordance with its terms, be subject to further adjustment as appropriate to reflect any stock split, reclassification, recapitalization or other similar transaction of McDermott Common Stock subsequent to the Merger Effective Time.

At the Merger Effective Time, McDermott will assume the CB&I equity compensation plans and thereafter be entitled to grant equity or equity-based incentive awards with respect to McDermott Common Stock using the share reserves of the CB&I equity compensation plans as of the Merger Effective Time (including any shares of McDermott Common Stock returned to such share reserves as a result of the termination or forfeiture of an assumed award granted), except that: (1) shares covered by such awards will be shares of McDermott Common Stock; (2) all references in such CB&I stock plan to a number of shares will be deemed amended to refer instead to that number of shares of McDermott Common Stock (rounded down to the nearest whole share) as adjusted pursuant to the application of the Exchange Offer Ratio; and (3) the McDermott Board or a committee thereof will succeed to the authority and responsibility of the CB&I Boards or any applicable committee thereof with respect to the administration of such CB&I equity compensation plans.

CB&I s Employee Stock Purchase Plan and Supervisory Board Stock Purchase Plan were suspended effective January 1, 2018, and such plans will be terminated effective as of, and contingent upon, the Merger Effective Time.

Financing of the Combination (see page 162)

In connection with the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott entered into or received commitment letters (including the exhibits and other attachments thereto, and together with any amendments, modifications or supplements thereto, the Commitment Letters) from certain financial institutions to provide debt financing for the Combination. Each of Barclays Bank PLC (Barclays), Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank (CACIB), Goldman Sachs Bank USA (GS), ABN AMRO Capital USA LLC (ABN), Royal Bank of Canada (RBC), The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (BTMU) and Standard Chartered Bank (Standard Chartered) are arrangers and/or agents for the debt financing and have provided commitments in respect thereof (Barclays, CACIB, GS, ABN, RBC, BTMU and Standard Chartered, together with the other financial institutions providing commitments for the debt financing are collectively referred to as the Commitment Parties). Pursuant to the Commitment Letters, McDermott expects to include the following activities as part of the debt financing:

The entry into a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$1.0 billion (the Revolving Credit Facility);

The entry into a senior secured letter of credit facility in the aggregate face amount of \$1.3 billion (the LC Facility);

The entry into one or more senior secured term loan facilities in the aggregate principal amount of \$2.15 billion (the Term Loan Facilities and, together with the Revolving Credit Facility and the LC Facility, the Senior Credit Facilities), a portion of which will be cash collateralized to backstop letters of credit; and

The issuance by McDermott or one or more of its subsidiaries of senior unsecured debt securities in a private placement in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion (the Notes).

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Prior to the Closing Date, McDermott may elect to decrease the commitments under the Term Loan Facilities to match any concurrent incremental commitments it receives from financial institutions in respect of the LC Facility (subject to a maximum LC Facility face amount of \$1.7 billion). McDermott utilized this election provision in February 2018 when RBC became one of the Commitment Parties, thereby decreasing the commitments under the Term Loan Facilities by \$100 million to an aggregate principal amount of \$2.15 billion and increasing the commitments under the LC Facility by \$100 million to an aggregate face amount of \$1.3 billion.

Pursuant to the Commitment Letters, the Commitment Parties have committed to provide, subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, (1) the Senior Credit Facilities and (2) senior unsecured bridge facilities in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.5 billion, the availability of which will be subject to reduction upon the issuance of the Notes pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letters (the Bridge Facilities and, together with the Senior Credit Facilities, the Facilities).

Opinion of Financial Advisor to CB&I (see page 98)

CB&I retained Centerview Partners LLC (Centerview) as financial advisor to CB&I in connection with the Combination and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement. In connection with Centerview s engagement, the CB&I Boards requested that Centerview evaluate the fairness, from a financial point of view, to the holders of outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than shares of CB&I Common Stock held by McDermott and its affiliates, which are collectively referred to as Excluded Shares throughout this section of the document and the summary of Centerview s opinion below under the caption Opinion of CB&I s Financial Advisor) of the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement. On December 17, 2017, Centerview rendered to the CB&I Supervisory Board its oral opinion, which was subsequently confirmed by delivery of a written opinion to the CB&I Boards dated December 17, 2017 that, as of such date and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion, the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of shares of CB&I common stock (other than Excluded Shares).

The full text of Centerview s written opinion, dated December 17, 2017, which describes the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion, is attached as Annex D and is incorporated herein by reference. Centerview s financial advisory services and opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the CB&I Boards (in their capacity as directors and not in any other capacity) in connection with and for purposes of their consideration of the Combination and Centerview s opinion addressed only the fairness, from a financial point of view, as of the date thereof, to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than Excluded Shares) of the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement. Centerview s opinion did not address any other term or aspect of the Business Combination Agreement or the Combination and does not constitute a recommendation to any shareholder of CB&I or any other person as to how such shareholder or other person should vote with respect to the Combination or otherwise act with respect to the Combination or any other matter.

The full text of Centerview s written opinion should be read carefully in its entirety for a description of the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion.

Opinions of Financial Advisors to McDermott (see page 72)

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (Goldman Sachs) delivered its opinion to the McDermott Board that, as of December 18, 2017 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the 2.47221, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407, shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco for each share of CB&I Common Stock pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to McDermott.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated December 18, 2017, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex B. Goldman Sachs provided advisory services and its opinion for the information and assistance of the McDermott Board in connection with its consideration of the Combination. The Goldman Sachs opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of McDermott Common Stock should vote with respect to matters related to the Combination, or any other matter. Pursuant to an engagement letter between McDermott and Goldman Sachs, McDermott has agreed to pay Goldman Sachs a transaction fee of \$16 million, all of which is contingent upon consummation of the Combination.

Greenhill & Co., LLC

Greenhill & Co., LLC (Greenhill) delivered its opinion to the McDermott Board that, as of December 18, 2017 and based upon and subject to the limitations and assumptions set forth therein, the 2.47221, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407, shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco for each share of CB&I Common Stock pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to McDermott.

The full text of the written opinion of Greenhill, dated December 18, 2017, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex C. We encourage you to read Greenhill s opinion, and the section The Combination Opinions of McDermott s Financial Advisors Greenhill & Co., LLC carefully and in their entirety. Greenhill provided advisory services and its opinion solely for the information and assistance of the McDermott Board in connection with its consideration of the Combination. Greenhill s opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of McDermott Common Stock should vote with respect to matters related to the Combination, or any other matter. Pursuant to an engagement letter between McDermott and Greenhill, McDermott has agreed to pay Greenhill a transaction fee of \$16 million, \$3.2 million of which became payable upon delivery of Greenhill s opinion to McDermott s Board and the rest of which is contingent upon consummation of the Combination.

Conditions to the Combination (see page 147)

The respective obligations of each party to conduct the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are subject to the fulfillment of the following conditions on or prior to the Closing Date:

the absence of any judgment, injunction, order or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction or a governmental entity in the United States, the Republic of Panama, Russia or the Netherlands prohibiting or enjoining the consummation of the Exchange Offer or any of the Core Transactions, and no law, statute, rule

or regulation having been enacted by any governmental entity or in effect in any of those jurisdictions that prohibits or makes unlawful the consummation of the Exchange Offer or any of the Core Transactions;

the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this document is a part, and the absence of any stop order or proceeding (or threatened proceeding) by the SEC seeking a stop order relating to such effectiveness;

the CB&I Shareholder Approval and the McDermott Stockholder Approval shall have been obtained;

the McDermott Articles Amendment shall have become effective;

the approval for listing on the NYSE of the shares of McDermott Common Stock to be issued pursuant to the Combination, subject to official notice of issuance;

any waiting period applicable to the Combination under the HSR Act shall have expired or been earlier terminated and competition law merger control clearance in Russia shall have been obtained;

McDermott and CB&I shall each be reasonably satisfied that all of the conditions to funding the Financings or any applicable alternative financing arrangements shall have been satisfied or that the applicable financings shall have been funded;

performance in all material respects by each of the McDermott Parties, on the one hand, and the CB&I Parties, on the other hand, of its respective covenants and agreements required to be performed by it under the Business Combination Agreement at or prior to the Closing Date;

certain representations and warranties of the McDermott Parties, on the one hand, and the CB&I Parties, on the other hand, contained in the Business Combination Agreement being true and correct as of the date of the Business Combination Agreement and as of the Closing Date, subject to certain materiality thresholds; and

receipt by McDermott, on the one hand, and CB&I, on the other hand, of a certificate of the other party, executed on its behalf by an executive officer, certifying to the effect that the conditions referred to in the immediately preceding two bullets have been satisfied.

Termination of the Business Combination Agreement (see page 148)

The Business Combination Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the effective time of the CB&I Technology Acquisition:

by mutual written consent of McDermott and CB&I;

by either McDermott or CB&I if:

the CB&I Technology Acquisition has not occurred on or before the Termination Date, June 18, 2018, provided that if all of the conditions to closing of the Combination, other than those pertaining to (1) the expiration of the waiting period under the HSR Act or approval from the Russian Federal Antimonopoly Service or (2) any order or injunction prohibiting the Combination under antitrust laws, have been satisfied or waived (except for those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at closing), then the Termination Date may be extended at the option of either McDermott or CB&I, by no more than three months per extension, to a date not later than December 18, 2018; however, the right to terminate as a result of the Termination Date is not available to any party whose breach of any provision of the Business Combination Agreement has been the proximate cause of, or resulted in, the failure of the Combination to occur on or before the Termination Date;

the McDermott Stockholder Approval has not been obtained at the McDermott Special Meeting (including any adjournment or postponement of such meeting);

the CB&I Shareholder Approval has not been obtained at the CB&I Special General Meeting or any reconvened CB&I Special General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement; or

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a court of competent jurisdiction or a governmental entity in the United States, the Republic of Panama, Russia or the Netherlands shall have issued a final, nonappealable order, decree or ruling permanently restraining, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting the Exchange Offer or any of the Core Transactions;

by CB&I if:

any of the McDermott entities party to the Business Combination Agreement is in breach of the Business Combination Agreement such that the closing conditions in the Business Combination Agreement would not be satisfied and such breach is not curable prior to the Termination Date, subject to certain conditions;

CB&I enters into any agreement or arrangement providing for a Superior Proposal (as defined herein); provided, that CB&I will concurrently pay to McDermott the termination fee described below; or

at any time prior to obtaining the McDermott Stockholder Approval, there is a change in the McDermott Board s recommendation; provided, that McDermott will concurrently pay to CB&I the termination fee described below.

by McDermott if:

any of the CB&I Parties is in breach of the Business Combination Agreement such that the closing conditions in the Business Combination Agreement would not be satisfied and such breach is not curable prior to the Termination Date, subject to certain conditions;

McDermott is entering any agreement or arrangement providing for a Superior Proposal; provided, that McDermott will concurrently pay to CB&I the termination fee described below; or

at any time prior to obtaining the CB&I Shareholder Approval, there is a change in the CB&I Boards recommendation; provided, that CB&I will concurrently pay to McDermott the termination fee described below.

Termination Fees (see page 149)

Termination of the Business Combination Agreement may require CB&I or McDermott to pay a cash termination fee of \$60.0 million under certain circumstances. CB&I or McDermott will be required to pay the termination fee to the other party if:

either party terminates the Business Combination Agreement because the approval of the paying party s shareholders (the CB&I Shareholder Approval or the McDermott Stockholder Approval, as applicable) is not obtained and:

prior to such time there is a publicly announced or disclosed Acquisition Proposal (as defined herein) for the paying party by another bidder that was not withdrawn at least seven days prior to the meeting of the paying party s shareholders; and

within one year after the date of termination, the paying party enters into a definitive agreement with respect to, or consummates, an Acquisition Proposal;

the paying party terminates the Business Combination Agreement to enter into an agreement providing for a Superior Proposal; or

the receiving party terminates the Business Combination Agreement because there is a change in recommendation of the paying party s board (the McDermott Board, in the case of McDermott, or the CB&I Boards, in the case of CB&I).

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Accounting Treatment (see page 111)

The Combination will be accounted for as a business combination in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic ASC 805, *Business Combination* (ASC 805), with McDermott treated as the acquirer and CB&I treated as the acquired company for financial reporting purposes.

Listing of McDermott Shares; Delisting and Deregistration of CB&I Shares (see page 123)

As stated above, a condition to completion of the Combination is the approval for listing on the NYSE of all the shares of McDermott Common Stock to be issued in the Combination. McDermott has agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain such approval from the NYSE. If the Exchange Offer and the Core Transactions are completed, CB&I intends to delist the CB&I Common Stock from the NYSE and deregister the CB&I Common Stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Resales of McDermott Common Stock (see page 123)

The shares of McDermott Common Stock to be issued in the Combination will not be subject to any restrictions on transfer existing under the Securities Act, except for any shares issued to any CB&I shareholder who may be deemed to be an affiliate of McDermott after the completion of the Combination. This document does not cover resales of McDermott Common Stock by affiliates of McDermott or CB&I.

Litigation Relating to the Combination (see page 124)

In January and February 2018, four shareholders of CB&I filed separate lawsuits three as putative class actions and one on an individual basis in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas naming CB&I and the members of the CB&I Board of Directors as defendants and alleging violations of Sections 14(a) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 14a-9 under the Exchange Act with respect to the registration statement to which this document forms a part. One of the putative class action lawsuits also names as defendants certain subsidiaries of CB&I and McDermott that are parties to the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott as an alleged control person of CB&I, and another also names certain current and former CB&I officers and employees individually.

Comparison of Rights of Shareholders (see page 180)

McDermott is a Panamanian corporation. CB&I is a Dutch public limited company. The shares of McDermott Common Stock that CB&I shareholders will receive in the Combination will be shares of a Panamanian corporation. McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different. In addition, McDermott stockholder rights under Panamanian law and CB&I shareholder rights under Dutch law are different.

Material differences include:

Only shareholders have the power to elect directors of a Dutch company, including to fill any vacancy. McDermott s Articles of Incorporation provide that any director vacancies will be filled only by the McDermott Board, acting by a majority of the then remaining directors, even if less than a quorum.

Under Dutch law, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock is required to effectuate a merger or approve the sale of all or substantially all of CB&I s stock or assets; provided, that, pursuant to CB&I s Articles of Association, the adoption of resolutions for a merger, dissolution, liquidation or legal division requires the affirmative vote of at least 80% of all the issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock if there is a beneficial

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owner or group of beneficial owners of more than 15% of the issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock. Under McDermott s Articles of Incorporation, whenever applicable law requires the vote or consent of its stockholders to authorize or approve a sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all McDermott s property or assets or to adopt or approve an agreement of merger or consolidation of McDermott with or into any other corporation or to merge any other corporation into McDermott, the vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote on that transaction is required for any such authorization, adoption or approval.

Under McDermott s Amended and Restated By-Laws, the presence at a meeting of McDermott stockholders, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock as of the record date for that meeting generally will constitute a quorum. There are no quorum requirements generally applicable to general meetings of CB&I shareholders, except that Dutch law requires a higher vote for the adoption of certain specific matters if a specified quorum is not present or represented at the CB&I general meeting.

McDermott is subject to Decree No. 45 of December 5, 1977 of the Republic of Panama, which imposes certain restrictions on offers to acquire voting securities of a corporation if, following such acquisition, the acquiror would own more than 5% of the outstanding voting securities with a market value of at least five million Balboas (approximately \$5 million). Dutch law does not include any comparable provision.

Material Tax Consequences of the Combination (see page 196)

Holders of CB&I Common Stock should read Material Tax Consequences of the Combination for a discussion of certain material U.S. federal income tax and Dutch dividend withholding tax consequences of the Combination to U.S. holders (as defined herein) of CB&I Common Stock. All holders of CB&I Common Stock are urged to consult their own tax advisors to determine the tax consequences to them (including the application and effect of any state, local or non-U.S. income and other tax laws) of the Combination.

Exchange Agent for the Merger

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. will serve as the exchange agent in connection with the Merger.

Exchange Agent for the Exchange Offer

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. will serve as the exchange agent in connection with the Exchange Offer.

The Information Agent

The information agent for the Exchange Offer is MacKenzie Partners, Inc.

Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information of McDermott

The following table sets forth selected historical consolidated financial information of McDermott that has been derived from McDermott s Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013, and for the years then ended. This disclosure does not include the effects of the Combination.

You should read this financial information in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in McDermott s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017

incorporated by reference in this document. See the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 215 of this document. See also the unaudited pro forma combined financial information regarding the proposed Combination set forth elsewhere in this document. McDermott s historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected in future periods.

		For the Years Ended December 31,			
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	(I	n thousands,	except for per	share amounts	s)
Results of Operations Data:					
Revenues	\$ 2,984,768	\$ 2,635,983	\$3,070,275	\$ 2,300,889	\$ 2,658,932
Cost of operations	2,449,443	2,249,270	2,690,560	2,111,958	2,801,426
Research and development expenses	4,946	346	724	1,055	
Selling, general and administrative					
expenses	198,973	178,752	217,239	208,564	193,126
Other operating (income) expenses, net	7,204	65,362	49,070	(37,090)	105,009
Total costs and expenses	2,660,566	2,493,730	2,957,593	2,284,487	3,099,561
Operating income (loss)	324,202	142,253	112,682	16,402	(440,629)
Net income (loss)	177,215	36,299	(8,839)	(65,394)	(489,910)
Less: net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1,331)	2,182	9,144	10,600	18,958
Net income (loss) attributable to McDermott	178,546	34,117	(17,983)	(75,994)	(508,868)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to McDermott:					
Basic	0.65	0.14	(0.08)	(0.32)	(2.15)
Diluted	0.63	0.12	(0.08)	(0.32)	(2.15)
Balance Sheet and Other Data:					
Total cash, restricted cash and cash					
equivalents	408,192	612,333	781,645	852,894	142,354
Total current assets	1,434,250	1,332,383	1,527,278	1,487,381	1,080,200
Total non-current assets	1,788,570	1,889,847	1,859,798	1,929,498	1,723,494
Total assets	3,222,820	3,222,230	3,387,076	3,416,879	2,803,694
Current debt	24,264	48,125	24,882	23,678	39,543
Total current liabilities	706,934	709,343	824,206	857,594	1,120,984
Long-term debt	512,713	704,395	819,001	840,791	45,342
Total non-current liabilities	727,109	917,419	1,016,149	1,020,171	242,366
Total equity	1,788,777	1,595,468	1,546,721	1,539,114	1,440,344
Net book value per share	6.30	6.61	6.47	6.47	6.07
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ⁽¹⁾	3.98x	1.77x	1.31x		

(1) For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, earnings were deficient to cover fixed charges by \$67,763 and \$443,997, respectively, primarily as a result of operating losses.

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Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Information of CB&I

The following table sets forth selected historical consolidated financial information of CB&I that has been derived from CB&I s Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013, and for the years then ended. This disclosure does not include the effects of the Combination.

You should read this financial information in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in CB&I s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 incorporated by reference in this document. See the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 215 of this document. See also the unaudited pro forma combined financial information regarding the proposed Combination set forth elsewhere in this document. CB&I s historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected in future periods.

		For the Years Ended December 31,			
	2017	2016	2015	$2014^{(2)}$	$2013^{(2)}$
	(In thousands, except for per share amounts)				
Results of Operations Data:					
Revenue	\$ 6,673,330	\$8,599,649	\$10,630,812	\$10,816,517	\$9,430,731
Cost of revenue	6,666,218	7,722,239	9,277,318	9,515,616	8,348,830
Gross profit	7,112	877,410	1,353,494	1,300,901	1,081,901
Selling and administrative expense	275,421	298,041	336,282	358,876	333,689
Intangibles amortization	25,841	25,839	37,665	46,546	43,651
Equity earnings	(48,397)	(24,570)	(14,777)	(24,536)	(22,893)
Goodwill impairment			453,100		
Loss on net assets sold and intangible					
assets impairment		148,148	1,052,751		
Restructuring related costs	114,525				
Other operating (income) expense, net	(64,916)	2,411	3,060	(1,822)	2,244
Acquisition and integration related costs				31,385	80,859
(Loss) income from operations	(295,362)	427,541	(514,587)	890,452	644,351
Net (loss) income from continuing					
operations	(1,320,098)	379,076	(475,855)	597,238	502,212
Net (loss) income from discontinued					
operations	(104,463)	(618,899)	45,894	38,887	10,378
Less: net income attributable to					
noncontrolling interests	32,762	71,159	71,943	90,642	57,229
Less: net income attributable to					
noncontrolling interests discontinued					
operations	870	2,187	2,511	1,876	1,241
Net (loss) income attributable to CB&I	(1,458,193)	(313,169)	(504,415)	543,607	454,120
Basic (loss) income per common share					
attributable to CB&I:					
	(13.40)	2.99	(5.13)	4.69	4.20

(Loss) income from continuing

operations

operations					
(Loss) income from discontinued					
operations	(1.04)	(6.04)	0.41	0.34	0.09
Diluted (loss) income per common					
share attributable to CB&I:					
(Loss) income from continuing					
operations	(13.40)	2.97	(5.13)	4.64	4.14
(Loss) income from discontinued					
operations	(1.04)	(5.99)	0.41	0.34	0.09
Balance Sheet Data:					
Total cash, restricted cash and cash					
equivalents	\$ 354,639	\$ 490,679	\$ 535,714	\$ 321,306	\$ 380,662
Total current assets	1,830,673	2,541,752	3,367,299	2,956,583	2,832,811
Total non-current assets	4,140,909	5,297,668	5,824,761	6,413,247	6,541,480
Total assets	5,971,582	7,839,420	9,192,060	9,369,830	9,374,291
Current debt	2,262,442	911,410	800,871	269,849	213,835
Total current liabilities	5,261,912	4,536,249	4,856,948	4,316,485	4,791,070
Long-term debt		1,287,923	1,791,832	1,553,846	1,610,863
Total non-current liabilities	491,306	1,741,834	2,171,522	2,177,042	2,075,783
Total equity	218,364	1,561,337	2,163,590	2,876,303	2,507,438
Net book value per share	2.15	15.60	20.72	26.68	23.33
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ⁽¹⁾		4.03x		9.15x	6.43x

⁽¹⁾ For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2015, earnings were deficient to cover fixed charges by \$552,609 and \$566,586, respectively, primarily as a result of operating losses.

⁽²⁾ Certain historical balances have been recast to reflect CB&I s adoption of ASU 2015-03 in 2016 and the impact of operations that were classified as discontinued operations as of December 31, 2017.

Selected Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Information

The following unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations information for the year ended December 31, 2017 has been prepared to give effect to the Combination as if it had occurred on January 1, 2017. The unaudited pro forma combined balance sheet information as of December 31, 2017 has been prepared to give effect to the Combination as if it had occurred on December 31, 2017.

The pro forma information is not necessarily indicative of what the combined business financial position or results of operations actually would have been had the Combination been completed as of the dates indicated. In addition, the unaudited pro forma combined financial information does not purport to project the future financial position or operating results of the combined business. Future results may vary significantly from the results reflected because of various factors, including those discussed in Risk Factors beginning on page 25 of this document. The following selected unaudited pro forma combined financial information should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Statements and related notes included in this document beginning on page 166 of this document.

	Year Ended December 31, 2017 (In millions, except per share data)	
Pro Forma Combined Statement of Operations Information		
Revenue	\$	9,658
Net loss from continuing operations		(1,329)
Basic loss per share from continuing operations ⁽¹⁾		(2.52)
Diluted loss per share from continuing operations (1)		(2.52)
	December 31, 2017 (In millions)	
Pro Forma Combined Balance Sheet Information:		
Total assets	\$	11,552
Total debt, net of debt issuance cost, including current portion		3,528
Total liabilities		7,899
Total equity		3,653

Effects of the proposed McDermott Reverse Stock Split are described in Comparative Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Information of this document.

Combined pro forma earnings to fixed charges ratio 2017 pro forma combined earnings were deficient to cover pro forma fixed charges by \$578 million.

Comparative Per Share Market Price and Dividend Information

The following table sets forth the closing sale price per share of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock as reported on the NYSE as of December 18, 2017, the last trading day before the public announcement of the Combination, and as of March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable trading day prior to the date of this document. The table also shows the implied value of the Combination consideration proposed for each share of CB&I Common Stock as of the same dates. This implied value was calculated by multiplying the closing sale price of a share of McDermott Common Stock on the relevant date and the exchange offer ratio of 2.47221.

	McDermott Closing Price	CB&I Closing Price	Equivalent Per Share Value	
December 18, 2017	\$ 7.59	\$ 17.92	\$ 18.76	
March 1, 2018	7.24	17.17	17.90	

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the intra-day high and low sales prices per share for McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock as reported on the NYSE, which is the principal trading market for both McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock, and the cash dividends declared per share of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock.

The market prices of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock will fluctuate between the date of this document and the completion of the Combination. No assurance can be given concerning the market prices of McDermott Common Stock or CB&I Common Stock before the completion of the Combination or McDermott Common Stock after the completion of the Combination. Because the Exchange Offer Ratio is fixed in the Business Combination Agreement, the market value of the McDermott Common Stock that CB&I shareholders will receive in connection with the Combination may vary significantly from the prices shown in the table above. Accordingly, CB&I shareholders are advised to obtain current market quotations for McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock before deciding whether to vote for adoption of the Business Combination Agreement.

	McDermott Common					
	Stock			CB&I Common Stock		
	Price Range		Cash Price Range Dividends		Range	Cash Dividends
	High	Low	Declared	High	Low	Declared
2018						
First quarter (through March 1, 2018)	\$ 9.07	\$6.60	\$	\$ 21.94	\$ 16.15	\$
2017						
Fourth Quarter	7.85	6.05		18.72	13.76	
Third Quarter	7.73	5.56		20.20	9.55	
Second Quarter	7.23	5.90		31.69	12.91	0.07
First Quarter	8.33	6.08		36.15	28.40	0.07
2016						
Fourth Quarter	8.21	4.93		36.56	26.55	0.07
Third Quarter	5.40	4.41		39.71	26.12	0.07
Second Quarter	5.19	3.53		41.33	32.16	0.07

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First Quarter	4.44	2.20	39.82	31.30	0.07
2015					
Fourth Quarter	6.00	3.18	46.39	36.75	0.07
Third Quarter	5.37	3.02	53.73	36.23	0.07
Second Quarter	5.93	3.86	59.45	44.00	0.07
First Quarter	3.91	2.10	50.12	32.16	0.07
2014					
Fourth Quarter	5.72	2.21	58.21	37.37	0.07
Third Quarter	8.12	5.65	70.27	57.54	0.07
Second Quarter	8.43	6.58	89.22	64.67	0.07
First Quarter	9.36	7.25	87.41	70.76	0.07

Comparative Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Information

The table below summarizes unaudited per share information for McDermott on a historical basis and on a pro forma combined basis reflecting the proposed Combination and the effects of the proposed McDermott Reverse Stock Split. The Exchange Offer Ratio for the pro forma computations is 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock per share of CB&I Common Stock. You should read the information below, together with the financial statements and related notes of McDermott and CB&I appearing elsewhere in this document and the unaudited pro forma combined financial data included under Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Financial Statements. You should not rely on this historical or pro forma information as being indicative of the historical results that would have been achieved had the companies always been combined or of the future results of McDermott. The historical net book value per share is computed by dividing total stockholders or shareholders equity by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period, excluding any shares held in treasury. The unaudited pro forma combined earnings per share value, in the Combined Business Pro Forma column below, is computed by dividing pro forma earnings from continuing operations available to holders of McDermott shares by the pro forma weighted average number of shares outstanding. The unaudited pro forma combined net book value per share is computed by dividing total pro forma stockholders or shareholders equity by the pro forma number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

	Year Ended December 31, 2017				
	McDe	ermott	\mathbf{C}	B&I	
		Combined			
		Business		Equ	iivalent
		Pro			Pro
	Historical	Forma	Historical	Fo	rma ⁽¹⁾
Prior to reverse stock split					
Basic income (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.65	\$ (2.52)	\$ (13.40)	\$	(6.23)
Diluted income (loss) per share from continuing					
operations	0.63	(2.52)	(13.40)		(6.23)
Cash dividends per share			0.14		
Book value per share at period end ⁽²⁾	6.30	6.93	2.15		17.13
Effect of the reverse stock split					
Basic income (loss) per share from continuing operations	1.95	(7.56)			
Diluted income (loss) per share from continuing					
operations	1.89	(7.56)			
Book value per share at period end	18.90	20.79			

- (1) Pro forma CB&I equivalent per share amounts were calculated by multiplying the pro forma combined per share amounts by the Exchange Offer Ratio of 2.47221 provided for in the Business Combination Agreement.
- (2) Historical book value per share is computed by dividing shareholders equity by the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock or CB&I Common Stock outstanding. Pro forma combined book value per share is computed by dividing pro forma combined stockholders or shareholders equity by the pro forma number of shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding.

RISK FACTORS

Before deciding how to vote (if you are a CB&I shareholder or a McDermott stockholder), or to tender your shares in the Exchange Offer (if you are a CB&I shareholder), you should carefully review and consider the risks described below, those described in the section entitled Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and the other information contained in this document or in the documents that McDermott and CB&I incorporate by reference into this document, particularly the risk factors set forth in the documents of McDermott and CB&I incorporated by reference into this document. In addition, you should read and consider the risks associated with each of the businesses of McDermott and CB&I because these risks will also affect McDermott, as the combined business, following completion of the Combination. See the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information. In addition to the risks set forth below, new risks may emerge from time to time and it is not possible to predict all risk factors, nor can McDermott or CB&I assess the impact of all factors on the Combination and the combined business following the Combination or the extent to which any factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements.

Risks Relating to the Combination

The Exchange Offer Ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted in the event of any change in either CB&I or McDermott s stock price.

In the Exchange Offer (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2017, by and among McDermott, CB&I and the other parties thereto (as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the Business Combination Agreement)), CB&I shareholders will be offered to exchange each of their issued and outstanding shares of CB&I common stock, par value EUR 0.01 per share (CB&I Common Stock) for 2.47221 shares of McDermott common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (McDermott Common Stock) or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (as defined herein) has occurred, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock, plus cash in lieu of any fractional shares (collectively, the Per Share Consideration). Additionally, pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, CB&I shareholders that do not tender their shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer will, if the Combination is completed, ultimately receive the same Per Share Consideration, subject to applicable withholding taxes, including Dutch dividend withholding tax (the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax) under the Dividend Withholding Tax Act 1965 (Wet op de dividendbelasting 1965) to the extent the Liquidation Distribution (as defined herein) exceeds the average paid-in capital recognized for Dutch dividend withholding tax purposes of the shares of CB&I Newco common stock (CB&I Newco Common Stock). The Exchange Offer Ratio is fixed in the Business Combination Agreement and will not be adjusted for changes in the market price of either CB&I Common Stock or McDermott Common Stock. As such, the value of the Per Share Consideration will depend in part on the price per share of McDermott Common Stock at the time the Exchange Offer and the Combination (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) are completed. Changes in the price of McDermott Common stock prior to the expiration of the Exchange Offer and the completion of the Combination will affect the market value of the Per Share Consideration that CB&I shareholders will become entitled to receive in the Combination. Neither party is permitted to abandon the Combination or terminate the Business Combination Agreement solely because of changes in the market price of either party s common stock. Stock price changes may result from a variety of factors (many of which are beyond CB&I s or McDermott s control), including:

changes in CB&I s and McDermott s respective business, operations and prospects;

changes in market assessments of the business, operations and prospects of either company;

market assessments of the likelihood that the Combination will be completed, including related considerations regarding regulatory approvals of the Combination;

interest rates, general market, industry, economic and political conditions and other factors generally affecting the price of CB&I s and McDermott s common stock; and

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federal, state, local and foreign legislation, governmental regulation and legal developments impacting the industries in which CB&I and McDermott operate.

The price of McDermott Common Stock at the closing of the Combination may vary from its price on the date the Business Combination Agreement was executed, on the date of this document and on the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting. As a result, the market value represented by the Exchange Offer Ratio will also vary. For example, based on the range of closing prices of McDermott Common Stock during the period from December 18, 2017 (the last trading day before the public announcement of the Combination), through March 1, 2018 (the most recent practicable trading day before the date of this document), the Exchange Offer Ratio represented a market value ranging from a low of \$16.14 to a high of \$22.20 for each share of CB&I Common Stock.

Because the date that the Combination is completed will be later than the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting, at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting, CB&I shareholders will not know the exact market value of the shares of McDermott Common Stock that they will receive upon completion of the Combination.

If the price of McDermott Common Stock declines between the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting and the completion of the Combination, including for any of the reasons described above, CB&I shareholders will receive shares of McDermott Common Stock that have a market value upon completion of the Combination that is less than the market value calculated pursuant to the Exchange Offer Ratio on the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting. Therefore, while the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock to be issued and delivered in exchange for each share of CB&I Common Stock is fixed, CB&I shareholders cannot be sure of the market value of the shares of McDermott Common Stock they will receive upon completion of the Combination. In addition, the market value of the shares of McDermott Common Stock that CB&I shareholders will be entitled to receive in the Combination also will continue to fluctuate after the completion of the Combination and CB&I shareholders could lose the value of their investment in McDermott Common Stock.

The market price for McDermott Common Stock may be affected by factors different from those that historically have affected the market price of CB&I Common Stock and McDermott Common Stock individually.

Upon completion of the Combination, CB&I shareholders will become McDermott stockholders. McDermott s business differs from that of CB&I, and accordingly the results of operations of McDermott will be affected by certain factors that are different from those currently affecting the results of operations of CB&I and currently affecting the results of operations of McDermott individually. For a discussion of the businesses of McDermott and CB&I and of some important factors to consider in connection with those businesses, see the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information for the location of information incorporated by reference into this document.

CB&I shareholders will have a significantly reduced ownership and voting interest after the Combination and will exercise less influence over management.

Immediately after the completion of the Combination, it is expected that CB&I shareholders, who collectively own 100% of CB&I, will own approximately 47% of McDermott based on the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock and McDermott Common Stock outstanding, assuming all CB&I shareholders participate in the Exchange Offer (such that their share ownership would not be reduced as a result of withholding for the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax). Consequently, CB&I shareholders will have less influence over the management and policies of McDermott than they currently have over the management and policies of CB&I.

McDermott stockholders will have a significantly reduced ownership and voting interest after the Combination and will exercise less influence over management.

Immediately after the completion of the Combination, it is expected that McDermott stockholders, who collectively own 100% of McDermott, will own approximately 53% of McDermott based on the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock and McDermott Common Stock outstanding, assuming all CB&I shareholders participate in the Exchange Offer (such that their share ownership would not be reduced as a result of withholding for the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax). Consequently, McDermott stockholders will have less influence over the management and policies of McDermott following completion of the Combination than they currently have over the management and policies of McDermott.

The unaudited pro forma combined financial statements included in this document are presented for illustrative purposes only and the actual financial condition and results of operations of McDermott following the Combination may differ materially.

The unaudited pro forma combined financial statements contained in this document are presented for illustrative purposes only, are based on various adjustments, assumptions and preliminary estimates, and may not be an indication of McDermott s financial condition or results of operations following the Combination for several reasons. The actual financial condition and results of operations of McDermott following the Combination may not be consistent with, or evident from, these unaudited pro forma combined financial statements. In addition, the assumptions used in preparing the unaudited pro forma financial information may not prove to be accurate, and other factors may affect McDermott s financial condition or results of operations following the Combination. Any potential decline in McDermott s financial condition or results of operations may cause significant variations in the price of McDermott Common Stock. For more information, see the Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements included in this document.

The fairness opinions obtained by the McDermott Board and the CB&I Boards from their respective financial advisors will not reflect changes in circumstances between signing the Business Combination Agreement and the completion of the Combination.

Changes in the operations and prospects of McDermott or CB&I, general market and economic conditions and other factors that may be beyond the control of McDermott or CB&I, and on which the fairness opinions were based, may alter the value of McDermott or CB&I or the price of shares of McDermott Common Stock or shares of CB&I Common Stock by the time the Combination is completed. In particular, the forward-looking financial information provided by McDermott and CB&I to their financial advisors at the time of such opinions did not reflect the impact of recent U.S. tax legislation (informally known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act), enacted on December 22, 2017, which, among other things, decreased the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%, before state and local income taxes. The opinions do not speak as of the time the Combination will be completed or as of any date other than the dates of such opinions. The opinions are included as Annexes B, C and D to this document. For a description of the opinions that the McDermott Board received from its financial advisors, see the sections entitled The Combination Opinions of McDermott s Financial Advisors beginning on page 72. For a description of CB&I s Financial Advisor beginning on page 98.

CB&I s directors and executive officers have interests in the Combination that may be different from, and in addition to, the interests of other CB&I shareholders.

Executive officers of CB&I negotiated the terms of the Business Combination Agreement with their counterparts at McDermott. In considering this fact and the other information contained in this document, you should be aware that

CB&I s directors and executive officers are parties to agreements or participants in other arrangements that give them interests in the Combination that may be different from, or conflict with, the interests of the other shareholders of CB&I, which could create conflicts of interest with other shareholders in

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their determinations to recommend the Combination. These interests include, but are not limited to, the fact that: (1) executive officers and directors are party to certain agreements that provide for the vesting of equity awards (estimated total value for all officers and directors: \$30.2 million) in connection with the Combination; (2) certain executive officers are eligible for severance benefits under their change in control agreements upon certain qualifying terminations of employment (estimated total value for all executive officers: \$28.4 million); and (3) certain executive officers are eligible to receive a retention bonus in connection with the transaction (estimated total value for all executive officers: \$805,834). The CB&I Supervisory Board and the CB&I Management Board (together, the CB&I Boards) were aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby and making their recommendation that CB&I s shareholders vote in favor of the proposals for resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting. CB&I shareholders should consider these interests in voting on the proposals. See the sections entitled The Combination Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination Chicago Bridge & Iron Company N.V. for additional details regarding these interests.

McDermott s directors and executive officers have interests in the Combination that may be different from, and in addition to, the interests of other McDermott stockholders.

Executive officers of McDermott negotiated the terms of the Business Combination Agreement with their counterparts at CB&I. In considering this fact and the other information contained in this document, you should be aware that McDermott s directors and executive officers are parties to agreements or participants in other arrangements that give them interests in the Combination that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of the other stockholders of McDermott, which could create conflicts of interest in their determinations to recommend the Combination. The McDermott Board of Directors (the McDermott Board) was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby and making its recommendation that McDermott s stockholders vote in favor of the proposals on the agenda at the McDermott Special Meeting. McDermott stockholders should consider these interests in voting on the proposals. See the section entitled The Combination Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination McDermott International, Inc. for additional details regarding these interests.

McDermott and CB&I will be subject to business uncertainties and certain operating restrictions until completion of the Combination.

In connection with the pending Combination, some of the suppliers and customers of CB&I and/or McDermott may delay or defer sales and contracting decisions, which could negatively impact revenues, earnings and cash flows regardless of whether the Combination is completed. Additionally, CB&I and McDermott have each agreed in the Business Combination Agreement to refrain from taking certain actions with respect to their business and financial affairs during the pendency of the Combination, which restrictions could be in place for an extended period of time if completion of the Combination is delayed and could adversely impact CB&I s and McDermott s ability to execute certain of their business strategies and their financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. See the section entitled The Business Combination Agreement Conduct of Business Pending the Exchange Offer Effective Time for a description of the restrictive covenants to which each of McDermott and CB&I is subject.

CB&I and McDermott may be unable to attract and retain key employees during the pendency of the Combination.

In connection with the pending Combination, current and prospective employees of CB&I or McDermott may experience uncertainty about their future roles with the combined business following the Combination, which may materially adversely affect the ability of CB&I and McDermott to attract and retain key personnel during the

pendency of the Combination. Key employees may depart because of issues relating to the uncertainty and difficulty of integration or a desire not to remain with the combined business following the Combination.

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Accordingly, no assurance can be given that CB&I or McDermott will be able to attract and retain key employees to the same extent that CB&I or McDermott, as applicable, has been able to in the past.

The ability of CB&I and McDermott to complete the Combination is subject to the approval of CB&I shareholders and the McDermott stockholders, certain closing conditions and the receipt of consents and approvals from government entities which may impose conditions that could adversely affect CB&I or McDermott or cause the Combination to be abandoned.

The Business Combination Agreement contains certain closing conditions, including approval of certain proposals by CB&I shareholders and McDermott stockholders, the absence of injunctions or other legal restrictions, the availability of financing related to the Combination and that no material adverse effect shall have occurred with respect to either company.

In addition, CB&I and McDermott will be unable to complete the Combination until consent is received from the Federal Antimonopoly Service of the Russian Federation, which may impose certain requirements or obligations as conditions for approval. The Business Combination Agreement may require CB&I and/or McDermott to accept conditions from such regulator that could adversely impact the combined business. If this regulatory clearance is not received, then neither McDermott nor CB&I will be obligated to complete the Combination.

We can provide no assurance that the various closing conditions will be satisfied and that the necessary approvals will be obtained, or that any required conditions will not materially adversely affect the combined business following the Combination. In addition, we can provide no assurance that these conditions will not result in the abandonment or delay of the Combination.

Failure to complete the Combination, or failure to complete the Combination in the anticipated timeframe, could negatively impact CB&I and McDermott.

If the Combination is not completed, the ongoing businesses and the market price of the common stock of CB&I and/or McDermott may be adversely affected and CB&I and McDermott will be subject to several risks, including CB&I being required, under certain circumstances, to pay McDermott a termination fee of \$60 million; McDermott being required, under certain circumstances, to pay CB&I a termination fee of \$60 million; CB&I or McDermott having to pay certain costs relating to the Combination; and diverting the focus of management from pursuing other opportunities that could be beneficial to each of CB&I and McDermott, in each case, without realizing any of the benefits which might have resulted had the Combination been completed.

Additionally, completion of the Combination is a requirement of certain of CB&I s indebtedness agreements. There is no guarantee that the Combination will be completed or will be completed within the timeline required by CB&I s indebtedness agreements. The timeline will be affected by events outside of CB&I s and McDermott s control, such as the regulatory approval mentioned above, availability of financing related to the Combination or third party consents, which may be delayed or may not be obtained on acceptable terms. The failure to consummate the Combination within the prescribed timeframe would result in a default under CB&I s debt agreements, and CB&I s debt becoming immediately due, unless further amendments or waivers are obtained.

The Business Combination Agreement contains restrictions on the ability of each of CB&I and McDermott to pursue other alternatives to the Combination.

The Business Combination Agreement contains non-solicitation provisions that, subject to limited exceptions, restrict the ability of each of CB&I and McDermott to solicit, initiate or knowingly encourage or facilitate any competing

acquisition proposal. Further, subject to limited exceptions, consistent with applicable law, the Business Combination Agreement provides that the CB&I Boards and the McDermott Board will not withdraw, modify or qualify, or propose publicly to withhold, withdraw, modify or qualify, in any manner adverse to the other party or its affiliates its recommendation that its shareholders or stockholders, as applicable, vote in favor

of the proposals to be adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting or the McDermott Special Meeting, as applicable. In specified circumstances, each party has a right to negotiate with the other in order to match any competing acquisition proposals that may be made. Although the CB&I Boards, and the McDermott Board are permitted to take certain actions in response to a superior proposal or an acquisition proposal that is reasonably likely to result in a superior proposal if there is a determination by such Board(s) that the failure to do so would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties, doing so in specified situations could result in such party paying to the other party a termination fee of \$60 million. See the section entitled The Business Combination Agreement No Solicitation; Recommendation, the section entitled The Business Combination Agreement Termination, Amendment and Waiver Termination and the section entitled The Business Combination Agreement Termination, Amendment and Waiver Termination Fee for a more complete discussion of these restrictions and consequences.

Such provisions could discourage a potential acquiror that might have an interest in making a proposal from considering or proposing any such acquisition, even if it were prepared to pay consideration with a higher value than that to be provided in the Combination. There also is a risk that the requirement to pay the termination fee in certain circumstances may result in a potential acquiror proposing to pay a lower per share price to acquire CB&I than it might otherwise have proposed to pay.

Holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock who receive shares of McDermott Common Stock pursuant to the Liquidation rather than the Exchange Offer generally will be subject to Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

Although the consideration to be received by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock pursuant to the Exchange Offer and the Liquidation is the same, the receipt of McDermott Common Stock pursuant to the Liquidation will be subject to the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax. Under Dutch law, the Liquidation Distribution will generally be subject to a 15% Dutch dividend withholding tax to the extent it exceeds the recognized paid-up capital (for Dutch dividend withholding tax purposes) of the shares of CB&I Newco Common Stock. Application of the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax will cause the net value of the consideration to be received by CB&I shareholders in the Liquidation to be less than the net value of the consideration such CB&I shareholders would have received had they tendered their shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Exchange Offer.

Please see the sections entitled McDermott Common Stock Sale to Satisfy Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax Obligations and Material Tax Consequences of the Combination Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax for additional information.

There can be no assurances that holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock will not be required to recognize gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the exchange of shares of CB&I Common Stock for shares of McDermott Common Stock in the Combination.

Although McDermott and CB&I have agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Merger and the related elements of the Combination, taken together, to qualify as one or more reorganizations within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, there can be no assurance that the Merger and related elements of the Combination will so qualify. In addition, the completion of the Combination is not conditioned on qualification as a reorganization or upon the receipt of an opinion of counsel or IRS ruling to that effect. U.S. holders (as defined under Material Tax Consequences of the Combination) of shares of CB&I Common Stock will be required to recognize gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes on the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock if the Merger and the related elements of the Combination, taken together, fail to qualify as one or more reorganizations within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Litigation filed against CB&I or McDermott in connection with the Combination could result in an injunction preventing the consummation of the Combination or may adversely affect McDermott s business, financial condition or results of operations following the Combination.

In January and February 2018, four shareholders of CB&I filed separate lawsuits three as putative class actions and one on an individual basis naming CB&I and the members of the CB&I Board of Directors as defendants and alleging violations of Sections 14(a) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 14a-9 under the Exchange Act with respect to the registration statement of which this document forms a part. One of the putative class action lawsuits also names as defendants certain subsidiaries of CB&I and McDermott that are parties to the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott as an alleged control person of CB&I, and another also names certain current and former CB&I officers and employees individually. These or any similar litigation proceedings could result in an injunction preventing the consummation of the Combination. In addition, the defense or settlement of any lawsuit or claim that remains unresolved at the time the Combination closes may adversely affect McDermott s business, financial condition or results of operations following the Combination. See The Combination Litigation Relating to the Combination beginning on page 124 for more detail.

Risks Relating to the Combined Business Following Completion of the Combination

McDermott may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of the Combination.

The success of the Combination will depend on, among other things, McDermott sability to combine its business with that of CB&I in a manner that facilitates growth opportunities and realizes anticipated synergies. However, McDermott must successfully combine the businesses of McDermott and CB&I in a manner that permits these benefits to be realized. In addition, McDermott must achieve the anticipated synergies without adversely affecting current revenues and investments in future growth. If McDermott is not able to successfully achieve these objectives, the anticipated benefits of the Combination may not be realized fully, or at all, or may take longer to realize than expected.

The combined business could incur substantial expenses related to the Combination and the integration of CB&I and McDermott.

McDermott and CB&I expect that the combined business will incur substantial expenses in connection with the Combination and the integration of their respective businesses, policies, procedures, operations, technologies and systems. There are a large number of systems that must be integrated, including information management, purchasing, accounting and finance, sales, billing, payroll and benefits, fixed asset and lease administration systems and regulatory compliance. There are a number of factors beyond the control of either party that could affect the total amount or the timing of all of the expected integration expenses. Moreover, many of the expenses that will be incurred, by their nature, are difficult to estimate accurately at the present time. These expenses could, particularly in the near term, reduce the savings that McDermott expects to achieve from the elimination of duplicative expenses and the realization of economies of scale and cost savings and revenue enhancements related to the integration of the businesses following the completion of the Combination, and accordingly, any anticipated net benefits may not be achieved in the near term or at all. These integration expenses may result in the combined business taking significant charges against earnings following the completion of the Combination.

Following the Combination, the combined business may be unable to integrate CB&I s and McDermott s businesses successfully and realize the anticipated benefits of the Combination.

The Combination involves the combination of two businesses that historically have operated and currently operate as independent public companies.

The success of McDermott s acquisition of CB&I will depend in large part on the success of the management of the combined business in integrating the operations, strategies, technologies and personnel of the two companies following the completion of the Combination. McDermott may fail to realize some or all of the anticipated

benefits of the Combination if the integration process takes longer than expected or is more costly than expected. The failure of McDermott to meet the challenges involved in successfully integrating the operations of CB&I or to otherwise realize any of the anticipated benefits of the Combination, including additional cost savings and synergies, could impair the operations of McDermott. The combined business will be required to devote management attention and resources to integrating McDermott s and CB&I s business practices and operations, and prior to the completion of the Combination, management attention and resources will be required to plan for such integration.

Potential issues and difficulties the combined business may encounter in the integration process include the following:

the inability to integrate the respective businesses of CB&I and McDermott in a manner that permits the combined business to achieve the cost savings, operating synergies and follow-on opportunities anticipated to result from the Combination, which could result in the anticipated benefits of the Combination not being realized partly or wholly in the time frame currently anticipated or at all;

lost sales and customers as a result of certain customers of either or both of the two companies deciding not to do business with the combined business, or deciding to decrease their amount of business in order to reduce their reliance on a single company;

integrating personnel from the two companies while maintaining focus on safety and providing consistent, high quality products and customer service;

potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen increased expenses, delays or regulatory conditions associated with the Combination; and

performance shortfalls at one or both of the companies as a result of the diversion of management s attention caused by completing the Combination and integrating the companies operations.

Business issues currently faced by one company may be imputed to the operations of the other company.

To the extent that either McDermott or CB&I currently has or is perceived by customers to have operational challenges, such as on-time performance, quality, safety issues or workforce issues, those challenges may raise concerns by existing customers of the other company following the Combination, which may limit or impede McDermott s future ability to obtain additional work from those customers.

Failure to retain key employees and skilled workers could adversely affect McDermott following the Combination.

McDermott s performance following the Combination could be adversely affected if the combined business is unable to retain certain key employees and skilled workers of CB&I or McDermott. It is possible that these employees may decide not to remain with CB&I or McDermott while the Combination is pending or with the combined business after the Combination is consummated. The loss of the services of one or more of these key employees and skilled workers could adversely affect McDermott s future operating results because of their experience and knowledge of CB&I s business or McDermott s business, as applicable. In addition, current and prospective employees of McDermott and

CB&I may experience uncertainty about their future roles until after the Combination is completed. This may adversely affect the ability of McDermott and CB&I to attract and retain key personnel, which could adversely affect McDermott s performance following the Combination.

The required regulatory approvals may not be obtained or may contain materially burdensome conditions that could have an adverse effect on McDermott.

Completion of the Combination is conditioned upon the receipt of certain governmental approvals, including the consent of the Federal Antimonopoly Service of the Russian Federation in connection with the Combination.

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Although McDermott and CB&I have agreed in the Business Combination to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain the requisite governmental approvals, there can be no assurance that these approvals will be obtained. In addition, the governmental authorities from which these approvals are required may impose conditions on the completion of the Combination or require changes to the terms of the Combination.

Under the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott is not required to take any action or agree to any request or demand, through litigation or otherwise, by any governmental entity or other person with respect to any assets, businesses or product lines of McDermott, CB&I or any of their respective subsidiaries if such action, individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, assets, results of operations or financial condition of McDermott, CB&I and their respective subsidiaries, taken as a whole. McDermott is required to defend any litigation instituted by a governmental entity or other person with respect to the legality of the Combination under applicable regulatory laws. Please see The Business Combination Agreement Regulatory Approvals Related to the Combination for more information. If McDermott agrees to undertake divestitures or comply with operating restrictions in order to obtain any approvals required to complete the Combination, McDermott may be less able to realize anticipated benefits of the Combination, and the business and results of operations of the combined business after the Combination may be adversely affected.

In connection with the Combination, the combined business will incur or assume substantial indebtedness, which could adversely affect the combined business, including by inhibiting the combined business flexibility and imposing significant interest expense on the combined business.

The combined business will have a substantial amount of indebtedness and debt service requirements. As of December 31, 2017, the combined business outstanding indebtedness, assuming that the closing of the Combination had occurred on that date and the anticipated incurrence and assumption and extinguishment of indebtedness in connection therewith had been completed, would have been approximately \$[] billion. In addition, the combined business will have significant obligations with respect to the letters of credit, surety bonds and bank guaranties. Such indebtedness and obligations could have the effect, among other things, of inhibiting the combined business flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions and imposing significant interest expense. In addition, the amount of cash required to pay interest on the combined business s indebtedness following completion of the Combination, and thus the demands on the combined business s cash resources, will be significant. The levels of indebtedness following completion of the Combination could therefore reduce funds available for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes and may create competitive disadvantages for the combined business relative to other companies with lower debt levels. In addition, concerns about the debt levels of the combined business could have an adverse impact on our ability to obtain new contract awards from customers, and on the commercial terms we obtain from customers, including with respect to letter of credit and performance guaranty requirements.

In connection with the debt financing for the Combination, it is anticipated that McDermott will seek ratings of its indebtedness from one or more nationally recognized credit rating agencies. Such credit ratings will reflect each rating organization s opinion of the combined business financial strength, operating performance and ability to meet its debt obligations. Such credit ratings will affect the cost and availability of future borrowings and, accordingly, its cost of capital. There can be no assurance that the combined business will achieve a particular rating or maintain a particular rating in the future.

McDermott may be required to raise additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other general corporate purposes. McDermott s ability to arrange additional financing or refinancing will depend on, among other factors, McDermott s financial position and performance, as well as prevailing market conditions and other factors beyond McDermott s control. McDermott cannot assure you that it will be able to obtain additional

financing or refinancing on terms acceptable to McDermott or at all.

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The agreements that will govern the indebtedness to be incurred or assumed in connection with the Combination will contain various covenants that impose restrictions on McDermott and certain of its subsidiaries that may affect their ability to operate the combined business.

The agreements that will govern the indebtedness to be incurred in connection with the Combination may contain various affirmative and negative covenants that will, subject to certain significant exceptions, restrict the ability of McDermott and certain of its subsidiaries to, among other things, have liens on their property, incur indebtedness, make investments and acquisitions, make dividends and other distributions, change the nature of their business, transact business with affiliates, merge or consolidate and sell or convey their assets. In addition, some of the agreements that govern the debt financing will contain covenants that will require McDermott to maintain certain financial ratios. The ability of McDermott and its subsidiaries to comply with these provisions may be affected by events beyond their control. Failure to comply with these covenants could result in an event of default, which, if not cured or waived, could accelerate McDermott s repayment obligations.

McDermott is expected to record a significant amount of goodwill as a result of the Combination, and such goodwill could become impaired in the future.

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic ASC 805, Business Combinations, the Combination will be accounted for following the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. McDermott will record net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed from CB&I at their respective fair values as of the date of the closing of the Combination. Any excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identifiable assets of CB&I will be recorded as goodwill.

McDermott will be required to assess goodwill for impairment at least annually. To the extent goodwill becomes impaired, McDermott may be required to incur material charges relating to such impairment. Such a potential impairment charge could have a material impact on McDermott s future operating results and statements of financial position.

The shares of McDermott Common Stock to be received by CB&I shareholders as a result of the Combination will have different rights from shares of CB&I Common Stock.

Following completion of the Combination, CB&I shareholders will no longer be shareholders of CB&I but will instead be shareholders of McDermott. McDermott is incorporated in Panama, and is consequently subject to Panamanian corporate law, while CB&I is incorporated in the Netherlands and is thus subject to Dutch corporate law. There are important differences between the rights of CB&I shareholders and the rights of McDermott stockholders under applicable law and the organizational documents for each entity.

Material differences include:

Only shareholders have the power to elect directors of a Dutch company, including to fill any vacancy. McDermott s Articles of Incorporation provide that any director vacancies will be filled only by the McDermott Board, acting by a majority of the then remaining directors, even if less than a quorum.

Under Dutch law, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock is required to effectuate a merger or approve the sale of all or substantially all of

CB&I s stock or assets; provided, that, pursuant to CB&I s Articles of Association the adoption of resolutions for a merger, dissolution, liquidation or legal division requires the affirmative vote of at least 80% of all the issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock if there is a beneficial owner or group of beneficial owners of more than 15% of the issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock. Under McDermott s Articles of Incorporation, whenever applicable law requires the vote or consent of its stockholders to authorize or approve a sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all McDermott s property or assets or to adopt or approve an agreement of merger or consolidation of McDermott with or into any other corporation or to merge any other corporation into McDermott, the vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote on that transaction is required for any such authorization, adoption or approval.

Under McDermott s Amended and Restated By-Laws, the presence at a meeting of McDermott stockholders, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock as of the record date for that meeting generally will constitute a quorum. There are no quorum requirements generally applicable to general meetings of CB&I shareholders, except that Dutch law requires a higher vote for the adoption of certain specific matters if a specified quorum is not present or represented at the CB&I general meeting.

McDermott is subject to Decree No. 45 of December 5, 1977 of the Republic of Panama, which imposes certain restrictions on offers to acquire voting securities of a corporation if, following such acquisition, the acquiror would own more than 5% of the outstanding voting securities with a market value of at least five million Balboas (approximately \$5 million). Dutch law does not include any comparable provision.

See Comparison of Shareholder Rights for a discussion of the different rights associated with McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock.

Other Risks Relating to CB&I and McDermott

McDermott and CB&I are, and following completion of the Combination, McDermott and its subsidiaries will continue to be, subject to the risks described above. In addition, McDermott is, and will continue to be, subject to the risks described in Part I, Item 1A in McDermott s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on February 21, 2018, and CB&I is, and will continue to be, subject to the risks described in Part I, Item 1A in CB&I s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on February 21, 2018, each of which is incorporated by reference into this document. See Where You Can Find More Information for the location of information incorporated by reference in this document.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

McDermott and CB&I caution that statements in this document which are forward-looking, and provide other than historical information, involve risks, contingencies and uncertainties that may impact actual results of operations of McDermott, CB&I and the combined business. These forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements about anticipated cost and revenue synergies, and other anticipated financial impacts of the Combination; future financial and operating results of the combined business; and the combined business plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations and services. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in those forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that those expectations will prove to have been correct. Those statements are made by using various underlying assumptions and are subject to numerous risks, contingencies and uncertainties, including, among others: the ability of McDermott and CB&I to obtain the regulatory and shareholder approvals necessary to complete the anticipated combination on the anticipated timeline or at all; the risk that a condition to the closing of the anticipated combination may not be satisfied, on the anticipated timeline or at all or that the anticipated combination may fail to close, including as the result of any inability to obtain the financing for the Combination; the outcome of any legal proceedings, regulatory proceedings or enforcement matters that may be instituted relating to the anticipated combination; the costs incurred to consummate the Combination; the possibility that the expected synergies from the anticipated combination will not be realized, or will not be realized within the expected time period; difficulties related to the integration of the two companies, the credit ratings of McDermott following the Combination; disruption from the Combination making it more difficult to maintain relationships with customers, employees, regulators or suppliers; the diversion of management time and attention on the anticipated combination; adverse changes in the markets in which McDermott and CB&I operate or credit markets, the inability of McDermott or CB&I to execute on contracts in backlog successfully, changes in project design or schedules, the availability of qualified personnel, changes in the terms, scope or timing of contracts, contract cancellations, change orders and other modifications and actions by customers and other business counterparties of McDermott and CB&I; or changes in industry norms and adverse outcomes in legal or other dispute resolution proceedings.

The following important factors, in addition to those discussed under Risk Factors and elsewhere in this document and the documents incorporated by reference herein, could affect the future results of the combined business, and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements:

the companies ability to realize cost savings from expected performance of contracts, whether as a result of improper estimates, performance, or otherwise;

uncertain timing and funding of new contract awards, as well as project cancellations;

the companies ability to fully realize the revenue value reported in backlog;

cost overruns on fixed price or similar contracts or failure to receive timely or proper payments on cost reimbursable contracts, whether as a result of improper estimates, performance, disputes or otherwise;

risks associated with labor productivity;

risks associated with government contracts that may be subject to modification or termination;

risks associated with percentage-of-completion accounting;

the ability to settle or negotiate unapproved change orders and claims;

changes in the costs or availability of, or delivery schedule for, equipment, components, materials, labor or subcontractors;

adverse impacts from weather affecting the companies performance and timeliness of completion, which could lead to increased costs and affect the quality, costs or availability of, or delivery schedule for, equipment, components, materials, labor or subcontractors;

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operating risks, including liquidated damages, which could lead to increased costs and affect the quality, costs or availability of, or delivery schedule for, equipment, components, materials, labor or subcontractors;

increased competition;

fluctuating revenue resulting from a number of factors, including a decline in energy prices;

delayed or lower than expected activity in the energy and natural resources industries;

the non-competitiveness or unavailability of, or lack of demand or loss of legal protection for, the companies intellectual property assets or rights;

failure to keep pace with technological changes or innovation;

failure of the companies patents or licensed technologies to perform as expected or to remain competitive, current, in demand, profitable or enforceable;

adverse outcomes of pending claims or litigation or the possibility of new claims or litigation, and the potential effect of such claims or litigation on the companies business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows;

lack of necessary liquidity to provide bid, performance, advance payment and retention bonds, guarantees, or letters of credit securing the companies obligations under their bids and contracts or to finance expenditures prior to the receipt of payment for the performance of contracts;

political and economic conditions including, but not limited to, war, conflict or civil or economic unrest in countries in which the companies operate;

interference from adverse weather or sea conditions;

compliance with applicable laws and regulations in any one or more of the countries in which the companies operate including, but not limited to, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and those concerning the environment, export controls, anti-money laundering and trade sanction programs;

foreign currency risk and the companies inability to properly manage or hedge currency or similar risks;

a downturn, disruption, or stagnation in the economy in general;

McDermott s ability to integrate the operations of CB&I;

the amount and timing of any cost savings, synergies or other efficiencies expected to result from the Combination:

failure to retain key employees and skilled workers;

future and pro forma financial condition or results of operations and future revenues and expenses;

the ability to complete the Combination on the anticipated terms and timetable;

regulatory conditions which may be imposed as a condition to approval of the Combination;

other risks described under the caption Risk Factors in McDermott s and CB&I s Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q; and

the various risks and other factors considered by the respective boards of McDermott and CB&I as described under The Combination CB&I s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the CB&I Boards and under The Combination McDermott s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board.

If one or more of these risks materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expected. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

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THE MCDERMOTT SPECIAL MEETING

Date, Time and Place

The McDermott Special Meeting is scheduled to be held on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] Time, at [].

Purpose of the McDermott Special Meeting

The purpose of the McDermott Special Meeting is for the McDermott stockholders to consider and vote on:

a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott amended and restated articles of incorporation (the McDermott Articles) (1) to effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split of the McDermott Common Stock and (2) to decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares (the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution);

a proposed resolution providing for an amendment to the McDermott Articles to increase the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 765,000,000 shares (the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution); provided that, if adopted, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution will only become effective if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the McDermott Special Meeting;

a proposal to issue shares of McDermott Common Stock in connection with the Exchange Offer (as defined herein) and the Core Transactions (as defined herein), including the issuance pursuant to the Exchangeable Note (as defined herein) (the McDermott Stock Issuance); and

a proposal to approve the adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution (the McDermott Meeting Adjournment).

Recommendation of the McDermott Board

The McDermott Board has approved and recommends that you vote FOR the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. For McDermott s reasons for these recommendations, see The Combination McDermott s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board.

McDermott Record Date; Stockholders Entitled to Vote

The McDermott Board established [], 2018 (the McDermott Record Date) as the record date for determining stockholders entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting. This means that, if you were a stockholder of record (meaning that you were registered with McDermott stransfer agent and registrar, Computershare Trust Company, N.A.) on the McDermott Record Date, you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by McDermott s

stockholders at the McDermott Special Meeting. If your shares were held in street name on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the McDermott Special Meeting. They have forwarded to you this joint proxy statement/prospectus seeking your instructions on how you want your shares voted.

As of the close of business on the McDermott Record Date, [] shares of McDermott Common Stock were outstanding. Each outstanding share of McDermott Common Stock entitles its holder to one vote on each matter to be acted on at the meeting.

As of the close of business on March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this document, less than 1.5% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock were held by McDermott directors and

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executive officers and their affiliates. McDermott s directors and executive officers other than Stephen G. Hanks, who collectively own less than 1.5% of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock, have informed McDermott that they intend, as of the date hereof, to vote their shares in favor of all of the proposals set forth above, although none has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

Quorum

The McDermott Special Meeting will be held only if a quorum exists. The presence at the meeting, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock as of the McDermott Record Date will constitute a quorum. If you attend the meeting or vote your shares using the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form (including any telephone or Internet voting procedures provided), your shares will be counted toward a quorum, even if you abstain from voting on a proposed resolution. Broker non-votes (*i.e.*, shares held by brokers and other nominees as to which they have not received voting instructions from the beneficial owners and lack the discretionary authority to vote on a proposed resolution) will count for quorum purposes.

Vote Required and How Votes Are Counted

The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, excluding treasury shares, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal) is required to approve the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal plus abstentions) is required to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, is required to approve the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal.

You may vote FOR or AGAINST or abstain from voting on each of the proposals. If you submit a signed proxy card without specifying your vote, your shares will be voted FOR the approval of each proposal.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

Failure to Vote, Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

Failures to vote, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution. Because failures to vote and broker non-votes are not actual votes cast (assuming that a quorum is present), they will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. However, under applicable rules of the NYSE, an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders that attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders not attending the McDermott Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, will have no effect on the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal, whether or not a quorum is present.

Under applicable rules of the NYSE, brokers, banks, trusts and other nominees that hold their customers shares in street name may not vote their customers shares on non-routine matters without instructions from their

customers. As each of the proposals to be voted upon at the McDermott Special Meeting is considered non-routine, such organizations do not have discretion to vote on any of the proposals. Accordingly, shares held by brokers or other nominees as to which they have not received voting instructions from the beneficial owners with regard to the vote on a proposed resolution will be treated as broker non-votes. Although broker non-votes will be counted toward a quorum, they will not be entitled to vote on any of the proposals to be voted on at the McDermott Special Meeting.

If you are a stockholder of record and your proxy card is signed and returned without voting instructions, it will be voted according to the recommendations of the McDermott Board.

How to Vote your Shares

If you are a stockholder of record, you can vote your shares in person at the McDermott Special Meeting or vote now by giving your proxy via Internet, telephone or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you vote using either the telephone or the Internet, you will save McDermott mailing expenses.

By giving your proxy, you will be directing the persons named as proxies in the accompanying proxy card for the McDermott Special Meeting how to vote your shares at the meeting. Even if you plan on attending the McDermott Special Meeting, you are urged to vote now by giving your proxy. This will ensure that your vote is represented at the meeting. If you do attend the McDermott Special Meeting, you can change your vote at that time, if you then desire to do so.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares, but not the holder of record, you should refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information. The broker or nominee that holds your shares has the authority to vote them, absent your approval, only as to matters for which they have discretionary authority under the applicable NYSE rules. None of the proposals for the McDermott Special Meeting are considered routine matters. This means that brokers or nominees may not vote your shares with respect to those matters if they have not been given specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker or nominee.

You should have received a voting instruction form from your broker or nominee that holds your shares. For shares of which you are the beneficial owner but not the holder of record, follow the instructions contained in the voting instruction form to vote by Internet, telephone or mail. If you want to vote your shares in person at the McDermott Special Meeting, you must obtain a valid proxy from your broker or nominee. You should contact your broker or nominee or refer to the instructions provided by your broker or nominee for further information. Additionally, the availability of telephone or Internet voting depends on the voting process used by the broker or nominee that holds your shares.

Your vote is important. Accordingly, please sign and return the enclosed proxy card whether or not you plan to attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person.

Confidential Voting

All voted proxies and ballots will be handled to protect your voting privacy as a stockholder. Your vote will not be disclosed except:

to meet any legal requirements;

in limited circumstances such as certain proxy contests;

to permit independent inspectors of election to tabulate and certify your vote; or

to adequately respond to your written comments on your proxy card.

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Shares Held in the Thrift Plan

If your shares are held through the McDermott Thrift Plan and you have requested printed versions of these materials, Vanguard Fiduciary Trust Company (Vanguard), the trustee of that plan, has sent you this joint proxy statement/prospectus and you can instruct Vanguard on how to vote your plan shares. Your voting instructions must be received no later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern time, on [], 2018. Any shares of McDermott Common Stock held in the McDermott Thrift Plan for which Vanguard does not receive timely voting instructions will be voted in the same proportion as the shares for which Vanguard receives timely voting instructions from other participants in the McDermott Thrift Plan.

Tabulation of Votes

A representative of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. will serve as the inspector of election for the McDermott Special Meeting. The inspector will, among other matters, determine the number of shares represented at the McDermott Special Meeting to confirm the existence of a quorum and tabulate votes cast.

Solicitation of Votes

Directors, present and former officers and other employees of McDermott may solicit proxies by telephone, facsimile or mail, or by meetings with stockholders or their representatives. McDermott will reimburse brokers, banks or other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their charges and expenses in forwarding proxy material to beneficial owners. McDermott has retained MacKenzie Partners, Inc. to assist with the solicitation of proxies for the McDermott Special Meeting for a fee not to exceed \$75,000, plus reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses. All expenses of solicitation of proxies will be borne by McDermott.

Adjournments

Whether or not a quorum is present at the McDermott Special Meeting, such meeting may be adjourned from time to time by the vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting, provided that the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal is adopted.

Proposal No. 1: McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment

McDermott proposes an amendment to the McDermott Articles, by the adoption of the formal resolution attached as Annex E to this joint proxy statement/prospectus: (1) to effect a 3-to-1 reverse stock split of the McDermott Common Stock prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined herein); and (2) to decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares, an amount sufficient to enable the McDermott Stock Issuance, assuming the effectiveness of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split.

Purpose

The McDermott Board approved the McDermott Reverse Stock Split because the McDermott Reverse Stock Split is expected to have the effect of bringing the share price of the McDermott Common Stock to a level that is more consistent with recent historical share prices for the CB&I Common Stock and the share prices of several companies listed on the NYSE that are comparable to the combined McDermott/CB&I. Also, the decrease in authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock is intended to preserve the current percentage of authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock that are neither outstanding nor reserved for issuance pursuant to currently outstanding share-based

incentive awards (as a percentage of the total authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock) of approximately 26%, after giving effect to the Combination.

Principal Effects of the Reverse Stock Split; Effective Time

Upon the effectiveness of the amendment to the McDermott Articles effecting the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to such time will be combined into

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a smaller number of shares, such that a McDermott stockholder will own one share of McDermott Common Stock for each three shares of McDermott Common Stock held by that stockholder immediately prior to such time, subject to the treatment of fractional share interests described below. Also, as a result of the Reverse Stock Split, the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock that would be issued in the Combination pursuant to the McDermott Stock Issuance will be reduced to one-third of the number of shares that would be so issued if the Reverse Stock Split had not been effected. Additionally, the form of the certificate of amendment to the McDermott Articles to effect the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will decrease the authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock to 255,000,000 shares.

The certificate of amendment to the McDermott Articles effecting the McDermott Reverse Stock Split is set forth in Annex E to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. If the McDermott Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is adopted, the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will be effected at 11:59 p.m. (New York City time) on the date immediately prior to the date of the Exchange Offer Effective Time and will affect all of McDermott s then existing stockholders uniformly, subject to the treatment of fractional share interests described below.

Risks Associated with the McDermott Reverse Stock Split

There are risks associated with the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, including that the McDermott Reverse Stock Split may not result in a corresponding increase in the per share price of McDermott Common Stock.

McDermott cannot predict the extent to which the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will increase the market price for shares of McDermott Common Stock. The history of similar reverse stock split combinations for other companies is varied. There can be no assurance that:

the market price per share of McDermott Common Stock after the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will rise in proportion to the reduction in the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock after the McDermott Reverse Stock Split;

the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will result in a per share price that will attract additional investors; or

the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will result in increased trading volume in McDermott Common Stock. The market price of McDermott Common Stock will be based on the performance of McDermott and other factors, many of which are unrelated to the number of shares outstanding. If the McDermott Reverse Stock Split is effected and the market price of McDermott Common Stock declines, the percentage decline as an absolute number and as a percentage of the overall market capitalization of McDermott may be greater than would occur in the absence of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. Furthermore, the liquidity of McDermott Common Stock could be adversely affected by the reduced number of shares that would be outstanding after the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. The McDermott Reverse Stock Split may also increase the number of stockholders who own odd lots of McDermott Common Stock, which may result in higher trading costs for such stockholders.

Treatment of Fractional Shares

No fractional shares will be issued if, as a result of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, a holder of record of shares of McDermott Common Stock would otherwise become entitled to a fractional share. Instead, any fractional share

interest resulting from the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will be rounded up to the nearest whole share.

Record and Beneficial McDermott Stockholders

If the McDermott Reverse Stock Split is effected, McDermott stockholders of record holding some or all of their shares of McDermott Common Stock electronically in book-entry form under the direct registration system for

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securities will receive a transaction statement at their address of record indicating the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock they hold after the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. Other stockholders holding shares of McDermott Common Stock through a bank, broker or other nominee should note that such banks, brokers or other nominees may have different procedures for processing the McDermott Reverse Stock Split than those that would be put in place by McDermott for its holders of record. If you hold your shares with such a bank, broker or other nominee and if you have questions in this regard, you are encouraged to contact your bank, broker or nominee.

If the McDermott Reverse Stock Split is effected, McDermott stockholders of record holding some or all of their shares in certificate form will receive a letter of transmittal, as soon as practicable after the effective date of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. McDermott expects that its transfer agent will act as exchange agent for the purpose of implementing the exchange of stock certificates. Holders of pre-reverse-stock-split shares will be asked to surrender to the exchange agent certificates representing pre-reverse-stock-split shares in exchange for post-reverse-stock-split shares. Until surrender, each certificate representing shares of McDermott Common Stock before the McDermott Reverse Stock Split would continue to be valid and would represent the adjusted number of shares based on the ratio of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split rounded up to the nearest whole share. No new shares will be issued to a McDermott stockholder until such stockholder has surrendered such stockholder s outstanding certificate(s) together with the properly completed and executed letter of transmittal to the exchange agent.

MCDERMOTT STOCKHOLDERS SHOULD NOT DESTROY ANY PRE-REVERSE STOCK SPLIT STOCK CERTIFICATES AND SHOULD NOT SUBMIT ANY SUCH CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE REQUESTED TO DO SO.

Accounting Consequences

The par value per share of McDermott Common Stock will remain unchanged at \$1.00 per share after the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. As a result, on the effective date of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, the stated capital on McDermott s balance sheet attributable to McDermott Common Stock will be reduced proportionally, based on the ratio of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split and the capital in excess of par value account will be credited with the amount by which the stated capital is reduced. Earnings per share will be increased because there will be fewer shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding. The shares of McDermott Common Stock held in treasury, will also be reduced proportionately based on the ratio of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. McDermott will restate prior period per share amounts for the effect of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split for any prior periods in McDermott s financial statements and reports, such that prior period amounts will be stated on a basis that is comparable to the current period presentation. McDermott does not anticipate that any other accounting consequences will arise as a result of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split.

No Appraisal Rights

McDermott s stockholders are not entitled to dissenters or appraisal rights with respect to the McDermott Reverse Stock Split.

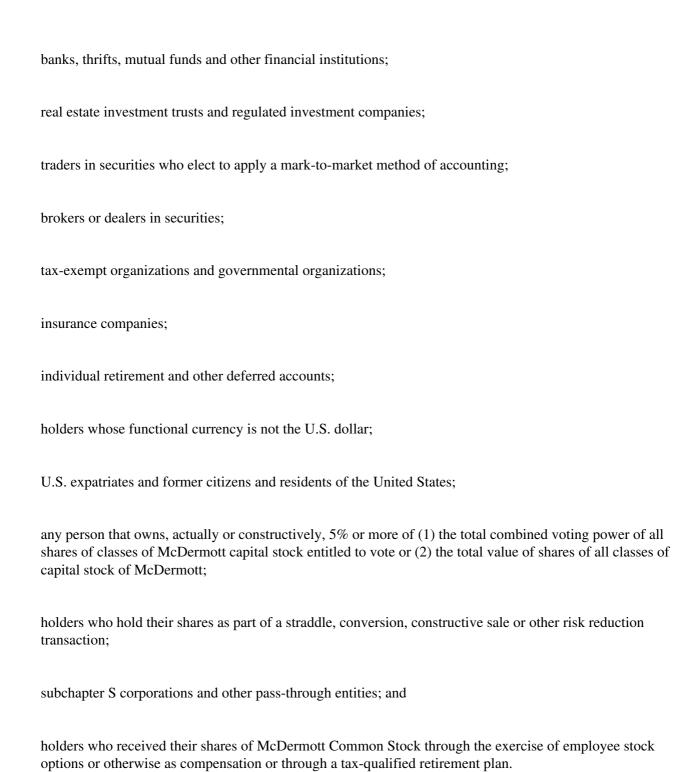
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split

The following is a discussion of material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split to McDermott and to U.S. holders (as defined below) of shares of McDermott Common Stock. The discussion is based on and subject to the Internal Revenue Code, the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, administrative guidance and court decisions as of the date of this document, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, and to differing interpretations. This discussion only addresses U.S. holders that hold

their shares of McDermott Common Stock as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code (generally, property held for investment).

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This discussion does not constitute tax advice and does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to U.S. holders of McDermott Common Stock in light of their personal circumstances, including any tax consequences arising under the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income or the alternative minimum tax, or to U.S. holders that are subject to special treatment under the Internal Revenue Code, including, for example:



No rulings will be sought from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) with respect to the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, and there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert (or that a court will not sustain) a position that is contrary to the tax consequences described below. The following discussion does not address any non-income tax considerations or any non-U.S., state or local tax consequences.

For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. holder means a beneficial owner of shares of McDermott Common Stock that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States:

a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any subdivision thereof;

an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust if (1) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (2) it has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations to be treated as a U.S. person. If an entity or arrangement that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds shares of McDermott Common Stock, the tax treatment of a partner in that partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A U.S. holder that is a partnership and the partners in such partnership are urged to consult their tax advisors about the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split.

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THIS DISCUSSION IS NOT TAX ADVICE. ALL HOLDERS OF SHARES OF MCDERMOTT COMMON STOCK ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE MCDERMOTT REVERSE STOCK SPLIT TO THEM IN LIGHT OF THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES, AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE MCDERMOTT REVERSE STOCK SPLIT ARISING UNDER THE U.S. FEDERAL TAX LAWS OTHER THAN THOSE PERTAINING TO INCOME TAX, INCLUDING ESTATE OR GIFT TAX LAWS, OR UNDER ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAX LAWS OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE INCOME TAX TREATY.

It is the opinion of Baker Botts L.L.P. that the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will qualify as a reorganization under Section 368 of the Internal Revenue Code. The opinion of Baker Botts L.L.P. is and will be based, in part, on customary factual assumptions set forth in its opinion attached as Exhibit 8.1 to the registration statement of which this joint proxy statement/prospectus forms a part. If any of the factual assumptions on which such opinion is based are inaccurate as of the effective time of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, the tax consequences could differ materially from those described below.

The McDermott Reverse Stock Split will qualify as a reorganization under Section 368 of the Internal Revenue Code. If the McDermott Reverse Stock Split qualifies as a reorganization, then, generally, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, no gain or loss will be recognized by McDermott in connection with the McDermott Reverse Stock Split, and no gain or loss will be recognized by U.S. holders in connection with the exchange of their pre-reverse-stock-split shares for post-reverse-stock-split shares. The aggregate tax basis of the post-reverse-stock-split shares received by a U.S. holder in the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will be the same as the aggregate tax basis in the pre-reverse-stock-split shares surrendered by such U.S. holder. The holding period for the post-reverse-stock-split shares received by a U.S. holder in the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will include the period during which the pre-reverse-stock-split shares surrendered by such U.S. holder in the McDermott Reverse Stock Split were held.

As noted above, any fractional share interest resulting from the McDermott Reverse Stock Split will be rounded up to the nearest whole share. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the receipt of such an additional fraction of a share of McDermott Common Stock is not clear. It is possible that the receipt of such an additional fraction of a share of McDermott Common Stock may be treated as a distribution taxable as a dividend or as an amount received in exchange for McDermott Common Stock. U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisors if they will receive such an additional fraction of a share of McDermott Common Stock.

Proposed Resolution

The McDermott Board recommends that McDermott stockholders approve the following resolution:

RESOLVED, that, effective as of 11:59 P.M. (New York City time) on the date immediately prior to the date of the occurrence of the Exchange Offer Effective Time, as defined in the proxy statement provided by the Corporation to its stockholders in connection with the special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation held on [], 2018, the first sentence of Article 3 of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation shall be amended by amending and restating the first sentence thereof and adding a new paragraph to immediately follow such first sentence, in each case to read as follows:

3. The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is Two-hundred-and-eighty million (280,000,000) shares, of which Two-hundred-and-fifty-five million (255,000,000) shares shall be Common Stock of the par value of ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00 U.S.) per share and twenty-five-million (25,000,000) shares shall be Preferred Stock of the par value of ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00 U.S.) per share.

Effective as of 11:59 P.M. (New York City time) on the date immediately prior to the date of the occurrence of the Exchange Offer Effective Time, as defined in the proxy statement provided by the Corporation to its

stockholders in connection with the special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation held on [], 2018 (the Effective Time), each three (3) shares of the Corporation s Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall automatically and without any further action of the Corporation or the respective holders thereof be combined into one (1) validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable share of the Corporation s Common Stock; provided, however, that no fractional shares will be issued in connection with such combination, and any fractional share interest resulting therefrom shall be rounded up to the nearest whole share; provided, further that the provisions of this paragraph shall not affect the number or the par value of authorized shares of the Corporation s Common Stock. Each certificate that immediately prior to the Effective Time represented shares of the Corporation s Common Stock (Old Certificates) shall thereafter represent that number of shares of the Corporation s Common Stock into which the shares of Common Stock represented by the Old Certificate shall have been combined, subject to the treatment of fractional share interests as described above.

The McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal). A failure to vote, an abstention or a broker non-vote will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

The McDermott Board recommends that you vote FOR the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution.

Proposal No. 2: McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution

In the event that the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not approved at the McDermott Special Meeting, McDermott proposes an amendment to the McDermott Articles, by the adoption of the formal resolution attached as Annex F to this joint proxy statement/prospectus, in order to increase McDermott s authorized capital to 765,000,000 shares of McDermott Common Stock, an amount sufficient to enable the McDermott Stock Issuance. In addition, as is the case with the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the change in the number of authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock that would result from the adoption of the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution is intended to preserve the current percentage of authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock that are neither outstanding nor reserved for issuance pursuant to currently outstanding share-based incentive awards (as a percentage of the total authorized shares of McDermott Common Stock) of approximately 26%, after giving effect to the Combination.

The McDermott Board recommends that McDermott stockholders approve the following resolution; provided that, if adopted, the amendment to the McDermott Articles set forth in such resolution will only become effective if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the McDermott Special Meeting:

RESOLVED, that, effective immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time, as defined in the proxy statement provided by the Corporation to its stockholders in connection with the special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation held on [], 2018, the first sentence of Article 3 of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation shall be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

3. The total number of shares of all classes of capital stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is Seven-hundred-and-ninety million (790,000,000) shares, of which Seven-hundred-and-sixty-five

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million (765,000,000) shares shall be Common Stock of the par value of ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00 U.S.) per share and twenty-five million (25,000,000) shares shall be Preferred Stock of the par value of ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00 U.S.) per share.

The McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning that, of the shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, a majority must be voted FOR the proposal). A failure to vote, an abstention or a broker non-vote will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the McDermott stockholders approve either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

The McDermott Board recommends that you vote FOR the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution.

Proposal No. 3: McDermott Stock Issuance

McDermott proposes the issuance of shares of McDermott Common Stock in exchange for all shares of CB&I Common Stock in connection with the Combination at an exchange ratio of 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock (the Exchange Offer Ratio).

Subject to certain limited exceptions, Section 312.03(c) of the NYSE Listed Company Manual requires that McDermott stockholders approve any issuance of shares of McDermott Common Stock in any transaction or series of related transactions if: (1) such shares will have, upon issuance, voting power equal to or in excess of 20% of the voting power of the outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock before the issuance; or (2) the number of shares to be issued is equal to or in excess of 20% of the number of shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding before the issuance. The number of shares of McDermott Common Stock issuable in connection with the Combination is expected to exceed both of these thresholds.

The McDermott Board recommends that McDermott stockholders approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal.

The McDermott Stock Issuance proposal requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the McDermott Special Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal plus abstentions). Under applicable NYSE rules, an abstention from voting will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal. Because a failure to vote and broker non-votes are not actual votes with respect to the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal (assuming that a quorum is present), they will have no effect on the outcome of the vote on this proposal.

Approval of the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal is a condition to closing the Combination.

The McDermott Board recommends that you vote FOR the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal.

Proposal No. 4: The McDermott Meeting Adjournment

The McDermott Special Meeting may be adjourned to another time and place to permit further solicitation of proxies, if necessary, to obtain additional votes to approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal and either the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution or the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles

Amendment Resolution. McDermott currently does not intend to propose adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting if there are sufficient votes to approve either combination of those proposals. McDermott is asking you to authorize the holder of any proxy solicited by the McDermott Board to vote in favor of any adjournment of the McDermott Special Meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve either combination of those proposals at the time of the McDermott Special Meeting.

The McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of McDermott Common Stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, whether or not a quorum is present. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders that attend the McDermott Special Meeting in person, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal. Failures to vote by McDermott stockholders not attending the McDermott Special Meeting, in person or by proxy, will have no effect on the McDermott Meeting Adjournment, whether or not a quorum is present.

The McDermott Board recommends that you vote FOR the McDermott Meeting Adjournment proposal.

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THE CB&I SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

Date, Time and Place

The CB&I Special General Meeting is scheduled to be held on [], 2018, at [] [a./p.]m., [] Time, at [].

Purpose of the CB&I Special General Meeting

The purpose of the CB&I Special Meeting is for the CB&I shareholders to consider and vote on the following proposals:

a resolution providing for an amendment to CB&I s amended and restated articles of association as set forth in Annex G attached hereto to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person, alone or together with a group, holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I (the Articles Amendment Resolution);

a resolution to enter into and effectuate the Merger (as defined herein) in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement) (the Merger Resolution);

(a) a resolution to approve the acquisition by certain subsidiaries of McDermott of the equity of certain CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business, for cash (to the extent required by law), and (b) a resolution to approve the sale by Comet I B.V., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I (CB&I Newco), of all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of Comet II B.V. to McDermott Technology, B.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott (or its designee) (together, the Sale Resolutions);

a resolution to, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time (as defined herein), (a) approve the dissolution of CB&I Newco, (b) approve the appointment of Stichting Vereffening Chicago Bridge & Iron Company as liquidator of CB&I Newco and (c) approve the appointment of (an affiliate of) McDermott Technology, B.V. as the custodian of the books and records of CB&I Newco in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code (the Liquidation Resolutions);

a resolution to, effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined herein), grant full and final discharge to each member of the CB&I Boards for his or her acts of supervision or management, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting (the Discharge Resolutions); and

a proposal to approve, by non-binding advisory vote, the compensation that may become or has become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination (the Compensation Resolution).

Unless the context otherwise requires, references to shareholders refer to those who on the record date are, and are registered in the CB&I Share Register (as defined below) as, holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock or others with meeting rights under Dutch law with respect to shares of CB&I Common Stock.

Recommendation of the CB&I Boards

The CB&I Boards have approved and recommend that you vote FOR the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution and accept the Exchange Offer. For CB&I s reasons for these recommendations, see The Combination CB&I s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the CB&I Boards.

CB&I Record Date; Shareholders Entitled to Vote

The CB&I management board established [], 2018 (the CB&I Record Date) as the record date for determining shareholders entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting. This means that, if you were a

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shareholder of record (meaning that you were registered in the CB&I share register as referred to in section 2:85 of the Dutch Civil Code, part of which is kept by Computershare Trust Company, N.A. on behalf of CB&I (the CB&I Share Register)) on the CB&I Record Date, you may vote your shares on the matters to be considered by CB&I s shareholders at the CB&I Special General Meeting, even if you already tendered your shares in the Exchange Offer. If your shares were held in street name on that date, the broker or other nominee that was the record holder of your shares has the authority to vote them at the CB&I Special General Meeting. They have forwarded to you this joint proxy statement/prospectus seeking your instructions on how you want your shares voted.

As of the close of business on the CB&I Record Date, [] shares of CB&I Common Stock were outstanding. Each outstanding share of CB&I Common Stock entitles its holder to one vote on each matter to be acted on at the meeting.

As of the close of business on March 1, 2018, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, less than 1% of the outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock were held by CB&I directors and executive officers and their affiliates. CB&I s directors and executive officers have informed CB&I that they intend, as of the date hereof, to vote their shares in favor of all of the proposals set forth above, although none has entered into any agreements obligating them to do so.

Quorum

CB&I does not have a quorum requirement. However, if less than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the applicable voting standard for the Merger Resolution increases from an affirmative majority of the votes cast on the matter to at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter as described below. If you attend the CB&I Special General Meeting or vote your shares using the enclosed proxy card or voting instruction form (including any telephone or Internet voting procedures provided), your shares will be counted as present, even if you abstain from voting on a particular matter. Broker non-votes (i.e., shares held by brokers and other nominees as to which they have not received voting instructions from the beneficial owners and lack the discretionary authority to vote on a proposed resolution) will not be counted as present.

Vote Required and How Votes Are Counted

The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Articles Amendment Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions, the Discharge Resolutions and the Compensation Resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

Assuming the Articles Amendment Resolution is adopted and implemented and so long as at least fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal) is required to approve the Merger Resolution. If less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting is required to approve the Merger Resolution.

However, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I, the affirmative vote of at least eighty percent (80%) of the shares of

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CB&I Common Stock outstanding is required to approve the Merger Resolution. In such case, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions (to the extent required by applicable law), the Liquidation Resolutions and the Discharge Resolutions.

Failure to Vote, Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

Failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders that do not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes are not considered votes cast and therefore will have no effect on the outcome of the proposals; provided, that, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I at the time of the CB&I Special General Meeting, failures to vote by CB&I shareholders, whether or not they attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person or by proxy, abstentions and broker non-votes will have the same effect as votes AGAINST the adoption of the Merger Resolution.

If you are a shareholder of record of shares of CB&I Common Stock and your proxy card is signed and returned without voting instructions, it will be voted according to the recommendations of the CB&I Boards.

If you are the beneficial owner, but not the holder of record, of shares of CB&I Common Stock and fail to provide voting instructions, your broker or other holder of record may not vote on the proposals and no votes will be cast on your behalf with respect to those matters.

How to Vote your Shares

If you are a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, you may vote your shares in person by attending the CB&I Special General Meeting, or vote now by giving your proxy via Internet or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you vote using the Internet, you will save CB&I mailing expenses.

Admittance of shareholders and acceptance of written voting proxies shall be governed by Dutch law. Only shareholders registered in the CB&I Share Register as of the record date, or such shareholders proxies, who have requested that the holder of the CB&I Share Register (either the CB&I Management Board or Computershare Trust Company, N.A.) notify CB&I by [], 2018 of his or her or his or her proxy s intention to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting, may attend the CB&I Special General Meeting. The notice must state the name and number of shares the person will represent at the CB&I Special General Meeting. All attendees must be prepared to identify themselves with a valid proof of identity for admittance.

If you are not a shareholder of record registered in the CB&I Share Register, you may not attend the CB&I Special General Meeting without the invitation of the chairman of the CB&I Supervisory Board. You may vote now by giving your proxy via Internet, telephone or mail. You may give your proxy by following the instructions included in the enclosed proxy card. If you vote using either the telephone or the Internet, you will save CB&I mailing expenses.

Your vote is important. Accordingly, please sign and return the enclosed proxy card whether or not you plan to attend the CB&I Special General Meeting in person.

Confidential Voting

All voted proxies and ballots will be handled to protect your voting privacy as a stockholder. Your vote will not be disclosed except:

to meet any legal requirements;

in limited circumstances such as certain proxy contests;

to permit independent inspectors of election to tabulate and certify your vote; or

to adequately respond to your written comments on your proxy card.

Tabulation of Votes

A representative of Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. will serve as the inspector of election for the CB&I Special General Meeting. The inspector will, among other matters, determine the number of shares represented at the CB&I Special General Meeting and tabulate votes cast.

Solicitation of Votes

Directors, present and former officers and other employees of CB&I may solicit proxies by telephone, facsimile or mail, or by meetings with shareholders or their representatives. CB&I will reimburse brokers, banks or other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their charges and expenses in forwarding proxy material to beneficial owners. CB&I has retained Innisfree M&A Incorporated to assist with the solicitation of proxies for the CB&I Special General Meeting for a fee not to exceed \$[], plus reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses. All expenses of solicitation of proxies will be borne by CB&I.

Reconvened Meeting

The CB&I Special General Meeting may be canceled and reconvened, in accordance with the provisions of the Business Combination Agreement.

Proposal No. 1: CB&I Articles Amendment

It is proposed that CB&I amend its articles of association in the form attached as Annex G to this joint proxy statement/prospectus to remove the supermajority voting requirement for certain resolutions when any person (alone or together with a group) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the outstanding share capital of CB&I. You should read Annex G carefully and in its entirety. The amendment will become effective immediately and shall be executed immediately after the adoption of this resolution and prior to adopting any other resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting.

CB&I proposes that the CB&I shareholders approve the amendment to its articles of association.

The Articles Amendment Resolution requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal).

Approval of this proposal is not a condition to completion of the Combination.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Articles Amendment Resolution.

Proposal No. 2: Merger Resolution

It is proposed that, promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined herein), CB&I will merge with and into Comet II B.V. (CB&I Newco Sub) in a legal triangular merger (juridische driehoeksfusie) (the

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Merger), resulting in each holder of outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock holding a number of shares in the capital of CB&I Newco equal to the number of shares of CB&I Common Stock held by such holder of shares of CB&I Common Stock immediately prior to the completion of the Merger.

CB&I, CB&I Newco and CB&I Newco Sub will effectuate the Merger promptly following the Exchange Offer Effective Time in order to ensure that the Merger becomes effective at midnight Amsterdam time (being either 6:00 p.m. New York City time, or 7:00 p.m., New York City time) on the date the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs. We refer to the effective time of the Merger as the Merger Effective Time.

CB&I proposes that CB&I shareholders approve a resolution to enter into and effectuate the Merger in accordance with the Merger Proposal (as defined in the Business Combination Agreement).

The Merger Resolution requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal). However, if less than fifty percent (50%) of the issued and outstanding CB&I share capital is present at the CB&I Special General Meeting, in person or by proxy, the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting is required to approve the Merger Resolution.

However, if the Articles Amendment Resolution is not adopted at the CB&I Special General Meeting and there is a person that alone or together with a group (beneficially) holds more than fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and outstanding share capital of CB&I, the affirmative vote of at least eighty percent (80%) of the shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding is required to approve the Merger Resolution.

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Merger Resolution.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Merger Resolution.

Proposal No. 3: Sale Resolutions

The CB&I Technology Acquisition

It is proposed that McDermott Technology (2), B.V. and McDermott Technology (3), B.V. will acquire, for cash certain subsidiaries of CB&I (as specified in the Business Combination Agreement), and each of McDermott Technology (Americas), LLC and McDermott Technology (US), LLC will acquire for cash 50% of certain subsidiaries of CB&I (as specified in the Business Combination Agreement) (the CB&I Technology Acquisition). Together, these acquired entities operate CB&I s technology business (primarily consisting of CB&I s former Technology reportable segment and its Engineered Products Operations, representing a portion of its Fabrication Services reportable segment). It is proposed that the cash proceeds to be paid by such McDermott entities pursuant to the CB&I Technology Acquisition in the aggregate amount of \$2.65 billion will be used to fund the repayment of all the outstanding funded indebtedness of CB&I and its subsidiaries and to provide for future working capital needs of those entities (or their successors).

CB&I proposes that CB&I shareholders approve the CB&I Technology Acquisition.

The Share Sale

It is proposed that, immediately following the Merger Effective Time, CB&I Newco will transfer all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub (the surviving entity in the Merger) to McDermott Bidco in exchange for an exchangeable note issued by McDermott Bidco (the Exchangeable Note) (which will be mandatorily exchangeable for shares of McDermott Common Stock other than to the extent any portion of the Exchangeable Note is distributed to McDermott Bidco or any other controlled affiliate of McDermott) (the

Share Sale). In connection therewith, it is proposed that, immediately following the Merger Effective Time, McDermott Bidco, CB&I Newco and CB&I Newco Sub will enter into a notarial deed of transfer of shares pursuant to which all issued and outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub will be transferred by CB&I Newco to McDermott Bidco or its designated nominee at such time and such transfer will be acknowledged by CB&I Newco Sub. We refer to the effective time of such execution and acknowledgement as the Share Sale Effective Time.

CB&I proposed the CB&I shareholders approve the Share Sale.

The Sale Resolutions require the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal).

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Sale Resolutions.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Sale Resolutions.

Proposal No. 4: The Liquidation Resolutions

It is proposed to dissolve and subsequently liquidate CB&I Newco (the Liquidation), making one or more advance liquidation distributions such that each holder of shares of CB&I Common Stock not tendered in the Exchange Offer (each a, CB&I Newco Public Shareholder) will receive, as a liquidation distribution, a number of shares of McDermott Common Stock equal to the product of (a) the Exchange Offer Ratio (as defined herein) and (b) the number of shares of CB&I Newco Common Stock held by such shareholder at such time (with cash paid in lieu of any fractional shares of McDermott Common Stock as described below) (the Liquidation Distribution), subject to applicable withholding taxes, including the Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

CB&I proposes that CB&I shareholders, effective as of the Share Sale Effective Time, (1) approve the dissolution of CB&I Newco, (2) approve the appointment of Stichting Vereffening Chicago Bridge & Iron Company as liquidator of CB&I Newco and (3) approve the appointment of (an affiliate of) McDermott Bidco as the custodian of the books and records of CB&I Newco in accordance with Section 2:24 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The Liquidation Resolutions require the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal).

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Liquidation Resolutions.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Liquidation Resolutions.

Proposal No. 5: The Discharge Resolution

It is proposed that each of the current members of the CB&I Boards be granted full and final discharge in respect of his or her acts of management or supervision, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting, except for acts as a result of fraud (*bedrog*), gross negligence (*grove schuld*) or willful misconduct (*opzet*) of such member.

The discharge for each director s acts of management or supervision, as applicable, up to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting will be effective as of the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined herein) and granted for the

performance of their duties, on the basis of the information provided to the general meeting through publicly available information prior to the date of the CB&I Special General Meeting.

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The Discharge Resolution requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal).

The Combination cannot be completed unless the CB&I shareholders approve the Discharge Resolution.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Discharge Resolution.

Proposal No. 6: The Compensation Resolution

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, enacted in July 2010, requires that CB&I provide shareholders with the opportunity to cast a non-binding, advisory vote on the compensation that may become payable to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with the Combination, as disclosed in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including as described in The Combination Interests of CB&I s Directors and Executive Officers in the Combination. This vote is commonly referred to as a golden parachute say on pay vote. This non-binding, advisory proposal relates only to already existing contractual obligations of CB&I that may result in a payment to CB&I s named executive officers in connection with, or following, the consummation of the Combination, and does not relate to any new compensation or other arrangements between CB&I s named executive officers and McDermott. Further, this proposal does not relate to any compensation arrangement that may become applicable to CB&I s directors or executive officers who are not named executive officers.

As an advisory vote, this proposal is not binding upon CB&I or the CB&I Boards, and approval of this proposal is not a condition to completion of the Combination. The vote on executive compensation payable in connection with the Combination is a vote separate and apart from the other proposals put for resolution at the CB&I Special General Meeting. Accordingly, you may vote to approval such other resolutions and vote not to approve the advisory proposal concerning the Combination-related compensation for CB&I s named executive officers and vice versa. Because the vote is advisory in nature only, it will not be binding on CB&I. To the extent that CB&I is contractually obligated to pay the compensation, such compensation will be payable, subject only to the conditions applicable thereto, regardless of the outcome of the advisory vote. These payments are a part of CB&I s comprehensive executive compensation program and are intended to align CB&I s named executive officers interests with yours as stockholders by ensuring their continued retention and commitment during critical events such as the Combination, which may create significant personal uncertainty for them.

The Compensation Resolution requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast on the matter by holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the CB&I Special General Meeting (meaning the number of shares voted FOR the proposal must exceed the number of shares voted AGAINST the proposal).

Approval of this proposal is not a condition to completion of the Combination.

The CB&I Boards recommend that CB&I shareholders vote FOR the Compensation Resolution.

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THE COMBINATION

Structure of the Combination

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, which was entered into on December 18, 2017 and amended on January 24, 2018, McDermott and CB&I have agreed to combine their businesses through a series of transactions preceded by an exchange offer. Accordingly, under the Business Combination Agreement, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement:

McDermott Bidco will launch an offer to exchange any and all issued and outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock for shares of McDermott Common Stock (the Exchange Offer) at the Exchange Offer Ratio, with the completion of the Exchange Offer to occur prior to the Merger Effective Time;

Certain subsidiaries of McDermott, namely McDermott Technology (2), B.V., McDermott Technology (3), B.V., McDermott Technology (Americas), LLC and McDermott Technology (US), LLC, will complete the CB&I Technology Acquisition, pursuant to which they will acquire for cash the equity of the CB&I subsidiaries that own CB&I s technology business, no later than immediately prior to the Exchange Offer Effective Time;

McDermott Bidco will complete the Exchange Offer;

CB&I Newco and CB&I Newco Sub will complete the Merger, pursuant to which CB&I will merge with and into CB&I Newco Sub, with: (1) CB&I Newco Sub continuing as a wholly owned subsidiary of CB&I Newco; (2) CB&I shareholders that do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer becoming shareholders of CB&I Newco as a result of their shares being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco; and (3) McDermott Bidco becoming a shareholder of CB&I Newco, as a result of any shares it will have accepted for exchange in the Exchange Offer being exchanged for shares of CB&I Newco;

McDermott Bidco and CB&I Newco will complete the Share Sale, as a result of which CB&I Newco Sub will become an indirect subsidiary of McDermott through the sale of all of the outstanding shares in the capital of CB&I Newco Sub to McDermott Bidco in exchange for the Exchangeable Note; and

CB&I Newco will complete the Liquidation, pursuant to which it will be dissolved and liquidated, and as a result of which former CB&I shareholders who do not validly tender in (or who properly withdraw their shares of CB&I Common Stock from) the Exchange Offer and, as a result of the Merger, become CB&I Newco shareholders, will be entitled to receive, in respect of each former share of CB&I Common Stock, upon completion of the Liquidation, 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split (as defined below) has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time (as defined below) occurs, 0.82407 shares of McDermott Common Stock, together with cash in lieu of fractional shares. The consideration per share of CB&I Common Stock to be received pursuant to the Core

Transactions is the same as the Exchange Offer Ratio, except that the receipt of shares of McDermott Common Stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to the Liquidation generally will be subject to Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax (see the sections entitled McDermott Common Stock Sale to Satisfy Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax Obligations and Material Tax Consequences of the Combination Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax for more information).

Upon completion of the Combination, McDermott will be the holding company of the combined group. CB&I Newco Sub, the successor entity to CB&I as a result of the Merger, will be a direct wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott Bidco, which will remain a direct wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott. The former shareholders of CB&I, whether as a result of the Core Transactions or by tendering shares in the Exchange Offer, will become stockholders of McDermott.

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For additional details on the CB&I Technology Acquisition, the Exchange Offer, the Merger, the Share Sale, certain Pre-Liquidation Transactions (concerning the Exchangeable Note), and the Liquidation, see
The Business Combination Agreement under the corresponding headings.

Financing of the Combination

In connection with the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott entered into or received the Commitment Letters from the Commitment Parties, pursuant to which the Commitment Parties have committed to provide, subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, the Senior Credit Facilities in an aggregate amount of \$4.45 billion and the Bridge Facilities in an aggregate amount of up to \$1.5 billion, the availability of which will be subject to reduction upon the issuance of the Notes pursuant to the terms set forth in the Commitment Letters.

Background of the Combination

As part of their ongoing evaluation of CB&I s business and long-term strategic goals and plans and the management of CB&I s short- and long-term liabilities, the CB&I Boards and senior management periodically review, consider and assess, in the context of CB&I s operations, financial performance and industry conditions, potential financial and strategic alternatives. Recently, this process had led to CB&I s divestiture of certain non-core businesses, including the 2016 sale of its nuclear construction business and the 2017 sale of its capital services business. During the first half of 2017, CB&I senior management began to consider the possibility of a partial or whole spin-off or sale of CB&I s technology and engineered products business (the Technology Sale) as a method of raising capital to repay a portion of CB&I s outstanding long-term indebtedness, and began to discuss the potential Technology Sale with certain of CB&I s existing lenders and noteholders in the context of seeking amendments to certain terms of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness. In addition, members of CB&I s senior management conducted preliminary discussions with representatives of an industrial services company about a potential strategic combination. These discussions did not result in any specific deal terms being discussed or any offers being extended.

In each of February and May 2017, CB&I entered into amendments to the terms of certain of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness due to CB&I s inability to comply with certain financial covenants and other requirements under such indebtedness. Without such amendments, CB&I would have been in default with respect to its outstanding financial indebtedness, causing it to accelerate and become immediately due and payable. In connection with the May 2017 amendments, CB&I granted liens on substantially all of its assets, including the assets of CB&I s technology and engineered products businesses, to the holders of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness, with the result that such indebtedness became secured on a first lien basis.

In early June 2017, CB&I determined that there was risk that CB&I might again be unable to comply with certain covenants contained in CB&I s outstanding indebtedness. If a default occurred, such indebtedness would become immediately due and payable, potentially requiring CB&I to seek protection under the bankruptcy laws. To address this risk, the CB&I Supervisory Board initially considered an offering of CB&I equity securities, but concluded that there was substantial risk that such an offering was unlikely to provide sufficient liquidity to CB&I. After further consideration by the audit committee of the CB&I Supervisory Board, CB&I determined to explore a sale of CB&I s technology and engineered products businesses together (which is collectively referred to in this discussion as the technology business), with the intention and expectation of generating sufficient sales proceeds to pay off CB&I s outstanding indebtedness.

On July 17-18, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a meeting, attended by members of CB&I s senior management, as well as by representatives of an internationally recognized financial institution (the Technology Sale Advisor), to discuss a potential Technology Sale. The members of CB&I s senior management who participated in the

meeting included Patrick Mullen, CB&I s chief executive officer, Michael Taff, CB&I s chief financial officer, and Kirsten B. David, Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of CB&I, each of whom is also a member of the management board of sole member of the CB&I Management Board and each of

whom participated in each meeting of the CB&I Supervisory Board during the period from July 17 through December 18, 2017. Following this meeting, CB&I again sought to obtain relief from CB&I s existing lenders and noteholders and, as part of those negotiations, began discussions with the lenders and noteholders about its proposed plan to sell the technology business. The CB&I Supervisory Board also discussed matters related to the negotiations with the creditor group, CB&I s liquidity and strategic alternatives, including matters related to a potential bankruptcy filing of CB&I, and the Technology Sale. Subsequent to this meeting, CB&I, together with K&L Gates, CB&I s legal advisor in connection with the negotiations with the creditor group at the time, negotiated amendments to the credit facilities and note purchase agreements with CB&I s lenders and noteholders, under which CB&I would obtain relief from certain covenants but would be required to make significant concessions and commitments to the creditor group (the August Amendments). Among other things, including numerous changes to the financial covenants applicable to CB&I, the August Amendments would require CB&I to commit to commencing a process to sell the technology business, to conduct such process on a specified, compressed timetable, and to enter into a definitive agreement for a Technology Sale no later than December 8, 2017 and consummate the Technology Sale no later than December 27, 2017. These dates were subject to potential extensions if agreed to by the creditor group. The August Amendments also would require CB&I to pursue a full strategic review of CB&I and its subsidiaries in light of the planned Technology Sale, with the assistance of FTI Consulting (FTI) and other advisors, and to present the results of such review to the creditor group. The August Amendments also would require CB&I, as part of this strategic review, to consider and make a full analysis of the possibility of CB&I and its subsidiaries seeking protection under applicable bankruptcy laws, and require CB&I to take preparatory steps in the event that filing for such protection was ultimately required or was determined by the CB&I Boards to be the best alternative for CB&I and its stakeholders. The CB&I Supervisory Board believed that the technology business could likely be sold for consideration and on terms that would enable CB&I to repay or refinance CB&I s then existing indebtedness, which would result in significant relief from the requirements and covenants of the existing indebtedness and the August Amendments. The CB&I Supervisory Board also recognized that CB&I could experience additional near-term liquidity constraints that would not be alleviated by the August Amendments and recognized that there could be no assurance that CB&I would be successful in selling the technology business on satisfactory terms, on the prescribed timetable, or at all. The CB&I Supervisory Board took into account its duty to consider the interests of CB&I and all of its stakeholders, including its creditors. After further consideration and assessment of the alternatives, the CB&I Supervisory Board determined that entry into the August Amendments was CB&I s only realistic alternative other than a filing for bankruptcy protection, which would not have been in the best interest of CB&I s shareholders, and, accordingly, determined to approve entry into the August Amendments.

In late July, CB&I retained the Technology Sale Advisor as financial advisor in connection with the potential Technology Sale and Wachtell, Lipton, Rosen & Katz (Wachtell Lipton) was retained as legal counsel in connection with the potential Technology Sale and other strategic matters that might arise or be considered by CB&I.

As part of McDermott s strategic growth program, the McDermott Board and McDermott senior management regularly evaluate operational and strategic opportunities that may be beneficial to stockholders of McDermott. As a result of these evaluations, McDermott had identified CB&I as a potentially strategically beneficial merger partner or acquisition target. In July, having noted a decline in CB&I s share price that potentially would make a merger with or acquisition of CB&I economically feasible, McDermott determined to contact CB&I to determine CB&I s potential interest in a transaction. In late July, Stuart Spence, McDermott s chief financial officer, contacted Mr. Taff to request a meeting.

On July 25, 2017, Mr. Spence met with Mr. Taff. At that meeting, Mr. Spence raised the possibility of a business combination between McDermott and CB&I. Following the discussion, Mr. Taff indicated he would discuss the idea with CB&I s management team and Supervisory Board and revert to Mr. Spence in the future. No specific transaction terms were proposed at this meeting. Mr. Taff promptly discussed this meeting with Mr. Mullen, and Messrs. Mullen

and Taff discussed the meeting with Mr. Richard Flury, Chairman of the CB&I Supervisory Board, and other members of the CB&I Supervisory Board.

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In August 2017, CB&I engaged Centerview Partners LLC (Centerview) to act as a financial advisor with respect to the possible business combination and related financing matters. At that time, CB&I also retained Kirkland & Ellis, LLP (Kirkland & Ellis) to act as legal counsel in connection with matters relating to the CB&I s existing indebtedness and consideration, as required by the August Amendments, of CB&I s financial alternatives, including the legal, timing and business implications of a bankruptcy filing by CB&I in the event that a bankruptcy filing were to become necessary, which at the time CB&I s management viewed as unlikely.

On August 9, 2017, CB&I entered into the August Amendments and made a public announcement of its earnings for the second quarter of 2017 and of its intention to pursue the Technology Sale and implement significant cost savings. The earnings announcement reflected significant additional charges with respect to certain of CB&I s ongoing construction projects and a suspension of CB&I s dividend.

Following CB&I s public announcement, on August 11, 2017, Messrs. Spence and Taff had a brief telephone call, initiated by Mr. Spence, to further discuss a possible business combination and discuss the upcoming introductory meeting between the two companies chief executive officers.

On August 14, 2017, Mr. Mullen and David Dickson, McDermott s chief executive officer, had an introductory meeting by telephone concerning the potential for a business combination of CB&I and McDermott. During this call, Mr. Dickson indicated McDermott s interest in a transaction, and that McDermott contemplated a no- or low-premium merger of equals -type transaction that would result in a combined company that would create more value for each party s shareholders than either party could generate on a standalone basis. No specific transaction terms were proposed.

On August 15, 2017, CB&I and McDermott entered into a mutual nondisclosure confidentiality agreement to facilitate confidential negotiations and due diligence.

On August 16, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the planning process for the potential Technology Sale and discussed next steps and also was informed of CB&I s discussions with McDermott.

On August 17, 2017, Messrs. Spence and Taff spoke by telephone to further discuss a process for exploring a possible business combination between McDermott and CB&I, including logistics for a meeting between members of senior management of CB&I and McDermott and their respective financial advisors.

On August 22, 2017, members of senior management of CB&I and representatives of Centerview met with members of senior management of McDermott and representatives of its financial advisors, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (Goldman Sachs) and Greenhill & Co., LLC (Greenhill), in The Woodlands, Texas, to discuss the possibility of a combination between CB&I and McDermott. At that meeting, the companies each shared high-level business and financial information and discussed the merits of a potential business combination and worked on a plan to complete mutual due diligence.

On August 25, 2017, Mr. Dickson advised the McDermott Board of the discussions to date between representatives of McDermott and CB&I.

On August 31, 2017, John M. Freeman, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of McDermott, and Kirsten B. David, Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of CB&I, spoke by telephone regarding preliminary due diligence. Following this call and through December 2017, Mr. Freeman, other

representatives of McDermott, Ms. David and respective advisors of McDermott and CB&I met in person or spoke by telephone on multiple occasions to conduct due diligence.

In early September 2017, the Technology Sale Advisor began outreach to potential purchasers of the technology business. CB&I ultimately entered into confidentiality agreements with more than 30 potentially interested

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parties, including both strategic and financial buyers. Around this time, CB&I began sharing a management presentation with respect to the technology business with those potential buyers that had executed confidentiality agreements with CB&I.

On September 6, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen spoke by telephone to discuss their respective views regarding the industrial logic of a business combination transaction between the two companies.

On September 11, 2017, Mr. Dickson provided an update to the McDermott Board on the status of discussions concerning the potential business combination.

On September 13, 2017, members of management of McDermott met with members of management of CB&I in Houston, Texas to conduct mutual due diligence, and to discuss the scale and nature of potential synergies a business combination between the two companies could generate. The parties each preliminarily estimated that a combination of the two companies could result in annualized cost synergies in the range of in excess of \$200 million, but agreed that further analysis and information was needed in order to refine the parties estimate.

On September 14, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by representatives of Centerview, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the potential Technology Sale and generally discussed potential strategic alternatives that might be available to CB&I. In addition, members of CB&I senior management discussed with the CB&I Supervisory Board the outreach from McDermott with respect to a potential business combination between CB&I and McDermott and described the interactions with McDermott to date, and discussed potential next steps. CB&I s advisors also discussed with the CB&I Supervisory Board other aspects of the strategic review mandated by the August Amendments, including information regarding the legal, timing and business implications of a bankruptcy filing by CB&I, and discussed and agreed to pursue preparatory steps that would be required in order to position CB&I to provide the best outcome for its stakeholders in the event a bankruptcy filing were to become necessary.

On September 19, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen met for breakfast to discuss the status of the potential business combination between CB&I and McDermott and for a preliminary discussion of social and organizational issues, such as composition of the management and board of directors of the post-merger combined company and treatment of the parties respective employees.

On September 25, 2017, the McDermott Board held a regularly scheduled meeting in Dubai, U.A.E., attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs and Greenhill. Members of McDermott senior management discussed potential strategic options available to McDermott in connection with the pursuit of its growth strategy in general, including organic growth and incremental or more significant acquisitions, particularly in light of recent consolidation in McDermott s industry. In addition, members of McDermott management made a specific presentation regarding a potential business combination with CB&I, interactions with CB&I to date and potential next steps.

On September 27, 2017, the deadline for the submission of initial indications of interest in the Technology Sale process, CB&I received proposals from eight potential buyers of the technology business. The total consideration in such indications of interest ranged from approximately \$1.2 billion to approximately \$3 billion. Following discussion with the CB&I Supervisory Board and CB&I s financial and legal advisors, CB&I invited five parties to continue in the Technology Sale process, including the opportunity to be provided access to an online data room and to conduct further due diligence on the technology business.

On September 29, 2017, Mr. Dickson sent a letter to Mr. Mullen setting out a preliminary, nonbinding proposal for a business combination between CB&I and McDermott, in an all-stock transaction in which former CB&I shareholders

would receive McDermott shares representing approximately 46% of McDermott stotal outstanding shares on a proforma basis. The letter indicated that the board of directors of the combined company would include current members of each of the McDermott Board and the CB&I Supervisory Board, in proportion

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to the relative stake in the combined company held by each company s former stockholders, and that the management of the combined business would be drawn from both CB&I and McDermott.

On October 2, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting, attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, FTI, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis, to review and discuss the proposal from McDermott, as well as potential responses and next steps. The CB&I Supervisory Board also received an update on the status of the Technology Sale and discussed the initial bids that had been received, noting that, while certain of the bids were at potentially attractive prices, there were concerns with each bid that would need to be addressed, including concerns about the ability of certain bidders to obtain required regulatory approvals either on a timely basis or at all, the potential requirement of certain bidders that a solvency opinion for CB&I be obtained in connection with the Technology Sale, and the ability of certain bidders to obtain the required financing to complete the Technology Sale and fund the purchase price. In addition, the CB&I Supervisory Board discussed CB&I s ongoing funding requirements and the need to further evaluate CB&I s liquidity needs following a Technology Sale.

On October 3, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen had a telephonic conversation to discuss CB&I s initial views on McDermott s September 29 proposal. Mr. Mullen indicated that CB&I found McDermott s proposal to be constructive and potentially of interest, but also indicated that the CB&I Supervisory Board had expressed some dissatisfaction with the 46% sharing ratio. Mr. Mullen did not make a counterproposal, preferring to wait to see how the bids developed in the Technology Sale.

On October 5, 2017, Gary Luquette, Chairman of the McDermott Board, and Mr. Flury spoke by telephone to discuss a potential strategic combination of the two companies and possible timing and next steps with respect to McDermott s September 29 proposal. Following this conversation, Messrs. Luquette and Flury maintained direct communications and spoke by telephone on several occasions during October and November 2017.

On October 6, 2017 and October 9, 2017, members of CB&I and McDermott management met in Houston, Texas in order to discuss their respective businesses and outlook, and otherwise discuss the potential business combination.

On October 9, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen had a telephonic conversation to again discuss the status of the proposed business combination, transaction structure, industrial logic, the status of CB&I s potential Technology Sale, the prospects for obtaining the financing that would be necessary in connection with a merger between McDermott and CB&I, including to repay CB&I s existing indebtedness and to finance the combined company s operations, and social and organizational issues, such as composition of the management and board of directors of the post-merger combined company and treatment of the parties respective employees. Following this conversation, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen maintained direct communications and spoke by telephone on several occasions during October and November 2017.

On October 10, 2017, Messrs. Spence and Taff spoke by telephone to discuss transaction structure, considerations regarding possible financing structure and due diligence. Following this conversation, Messrs. Spence and Taff maintained direct communications and spoke by telephone on several occasions during October and November 2017.

On October 11, 2017 and October 12, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a regularly scheduled meeting in Houston, Texas, attended by members of CB&I s senior management and on October 12, 2017 by representatives of Centerview, FTI, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the discussions with McDermott and on the progress of the Technology Sale, and reviewed the current status of CB&I s evaluation of its strategic alternatives, including, as mandated by the August Amendments, a bankruptcy filing or potential options to meet CB&I s liquidity needs.

Beginning in mid-October 2017, Wachtell Lipton and Baker Botts L.L.P. (Baker Botts), outside legal counsel to McDermott, together with De Brauw Blackstone Westbroek (De Brauw), CB&I s Netherlands counsel, and

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NautaDutilh, McDermott s Netherlands counsel, began to negotiate the structure and other non-price terms of a potential business combination between McDermott and CB&I. These negotiations continued through December 16.

In mid-October 2017, representatives of CB&I s advisors approached one of the bidders in the Technology Sale process to gauge that bidder s potential interest in a strategic business combination with CB&I in lieu of an acquisition solely of the technology business. These discussions did not progress past the preliminary stages, and the bidder indicated that it was not interested in pursuing a transaction with CB&I other than an acquisition of the technology business. During the summer and fall of 2017, including following CB&I s public announcement of its intention to pursue the Technology Sale, none of the parties approached in connection with the Technology Sale, and no other company or potential acquirer outside of the group that was approached in connection with the Technology Sale, contacted CB&I concerning a potential acquisition of, or merger or strategic combination with, CB&I, and CB&I did not approach any other parties. CB&I, in consultation with its financial advisors, believed that the group of potential counterparties approached in connection with the Technology Sale comprised all or most of the companies and entities that would reasonably have been expected to have an interest in a strategic transaction with CB&I, that CB&I s public announcements regarding the Technology Sale would likely have led any potentially interested party to approach CB&I directly, and that rumors of any efforts to seek an alternative transaction could negatively impact the Technology Sale process. Accordingly, CB&I did not approach any other parties.

On October 20, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis & Co. (Moelis), McDermott sadvisor with respect to the financing of the potential business combination, and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an update on the potential business combination and discussed next steps.

On October 24-26 and October 30, 2017, members of McDermott and CB&I management met in Houston, Texas in order to discuss their respective businesses and outlook and detailed business, financial and legal due diligence matters, as well as to discuss the scale and nature of potential synergies related to costs and revenues that could result from a business combination between the two companies. With respect to synergies, the parties agreed that further analysis and information was needed in order to refine the parties views.

On October 28, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an update on the potential business combination and discussed next steps.

On October 31, 2017 and November 3, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen met in Houston, Texas to discuss the potential terms of a business combination, including social and organizational issues, such as the composition of a combined company s board of directors and the makeup of a combined company s management team.

On November 1, 2017, Messrs. Luquette and Flury spoke by telephone to discuss the status and timing of the potential business combination.

On November 2, 2017, the McDermott Board held a regularly scheduled meeting in Houston, Texas, attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. McDermott senior management provided an update on the potential business combination and discussed next steps.

On November 6, 2017, Mr. Dickson provided an update to the McDermott Board on the status of the potential business combination.

On November 7, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting, attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, FTI, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis, to receive an update on the discussions with McDermott and on the status of the Technology Sale, and to discuss and review CB&I s other strategic alternatives, a filing for bankruptcy protection and options for refinancing CB&I s

existing indebtedness. During the next several weeks, representatives of CB&I contacted multiple potential sources of debt and equity financing regarding the possibility of such sources providing CB&I with new financing to permit CB&I to continue to operate on a standalone basis, either following a Technology Sale or in the event CB&I was unable to complete a Technology Sale. CB&I ultimately engaged in discussions or negotiations with, and received CB&I s proposals from, several potential financing sources, but all of such discussions or proposals were on terms that the CB&I Supervisory Board, after consultation with CB&I s management and financial and legal advisors, believed either would not ensure the viability of CB&I over an acceptable duration, or, if viable, were not more favorable than, or in the best interest of CB&I and its stakeholders relative to, the alternative of engaging in the transaction with McDermott.

On November 8, 2017, Baker Botts sent an initial draft Business Combination Agreement to Wachtell Lipton. From November 9 through December 16, 2017, Baker Botts, Wachtell Lipton, De Brauw and NautaDutilh negotiated the Business Combination Agreement and related documentation, and Messrs. Spence and Taff spoke by telephone on several occasions to discuss, negotiate or resolve certain aspects of the proposed business combination, including structure, the prospects for obtaining and the structure and terms of the financing that would be necessary in connection with the business combination, including to repay CB&I s existing indebtedness and to finance the combined company s operations, social and organizational issues and select terms of the Business Combination Agreement and related documentation. No final resolutions were reached.

On November 10, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis. The CB&I Supervisory Board discussed the then current proposal from McDermott for an all-stock transaction in which former CB&I shareholders would receive McDermott shares representing approximately 46% of McDermott s total outstanding shares on a pro forma basis, and determined to respond to McDermott by proposing a business combination in which CB&I stockholders would receive shares representing 49% of the combined company. The CB&I Supervisory Board also received an update on the status of the Technology Sale process, including potential options to address the transaction certainty concerns with respect to certain of the potential bidders for the technology business, including ability to obtain required regulatory approvals, either on a timely basis, or at all, the possibility that some of the potential acquirors might require CB&I to obtain a solvency opinion and the prospects for obtaining such an opinion, the potential need to prepare separate audited financials for the technology business and financing concerns.

On November 11, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an overview of the potential business combination to date and discussed the proposed transaction structure, the negotiation of the draft Business Combination Agreement, due diligence and next steps. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Greenhill reviewed financial information on McDermott and CB&I. Representatives of Moelis provided an update on the financing process. The McDermott Board authorized Mr. Dickson to send a revised proposal for the potential business combination to CB&I.

On November 12, 2017, Mr. Dickson sent to Mr. Mullen a proposal that a potential business combination be structured so that former CB&I stockholders would receive McDermott shares representing approximately 46% of McDermott s total outstanding shares on a pro forma basis. It was proposed that Messrs. Dickson and Spence would remain as the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, respectively, of the combined company, and that the composition of the board of directors would include representatives from the McDermott Board and the CB&I Supervisory Board, in a proportion matching the ownership percentage of each company s stockholders, with the Chairman of the Board to be determined at a later date.

On November 13, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, Wachtell Lipton and Kirkland & Ellis. The CB&I Supervisory Board discussed the most recent proposal from McDermott, potential structuring options for a potential business combination with McDermott, and discussed the evaluation of CB&I s other strategic

alternatives. On this same day, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen had a telephone call to discuss the status of the proposed business combination. Also on the same day, Messrs. Spence and Taff spoke by telephone to discuss structure, financing and social issues related to the proposed business combination. No final resolutions were reached.

Between November 13, 2017 and November 15, 2017, CB&I received comments on the draft purchase agreement that had been provided to potential bidders in the Technology Sale process from the three potential acquirors who had indicated they remained interested in acquiring the technology business, and Wachtell Lipton provided reactions and guidance to each of the three interested parties.

On November 14, 2017 and November 15, 2017, representatives of Centerview and Kirkland & Ellis met with advisors to the creditor group at the direction of CB&I to discuss the progress of the Technology Sale and the required evaluation of strategic alternatives by CB&I. At these meetings, CB&I s advisors informed the representative of the creditor group of the ongoing discussions regarding a potential business combination, noting that CB&I would need to obtain amendments to the terms of its existing indebtedness in order to enter into such a business combination, rather than pursuing the Technology Sale as required by the August Amendments, in order to avoid being in default under the terms of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness.

On November 16, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview and Wachtell Lipton. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the status of discussions with McDermott, and discussed potential responses to McDermott with respect to the most recently proposed financial terms of a combination. The CB&I Supervisory Board delegated authority to Mr. Flury to negotiate directly with Mr. Luquette. The CB&I Supervisory Board also received an update on the status of the Technology Sale process, including expectations with respect to final proposals, and on the status of discussions with CB&I s existing lenders and potential alternative sources of financing for CB&I on a standalone basis.

On November 16, 2017, Messrs. Luquette and Flury spoke by telephone to discuss economic and social issues relating to the proposed business combination. Mr. Luquette reiterated McDermott s proposal that the exchange ratio be set such that former CB&I stockholders receive McDermott shares representing approximately 46% of McDermott s total outstanding shares on a pro forma basis and proposed that there initially be eleven members of the board of directors of the combined company, including five members of the McDermott Board, five members of the CB&I Supervisory Board, and Mr. Dickson, with Mr. Luquette retaining his role as Chairman of the combined company s board after the Combination.

On November 17, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an update on the status of the proposed business combination.

Later in the day on November 17, 2017, Mr. Flury called Mr. Luquette to propose that the exchange ratio be set such that former CB&I stockholders would receive McDermott shares representing approximately 48% of McDermott s total outstanding shares on a pro forma basis and that Mr. Flury serve as Chairman of the combined company s board after the Combination.

On November 18, 2017, Mr. Luquette called Mr. Flury to discuss a proposal that the exchange ratio be set such that former CB&I stockholders would receive McDermott shares representing approximately 47% of McDermott s total outstanding shares on a pro forma basis and that Mr. Luquette retain his role as Chairman of the McDermott Board after the Combination. Mr. Flury agreed to discuss the proposal with the CB&I Supervisory Board.

On November 19, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview and Wachtell Lipton. Messrs. Mullen and Flury reported

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to the other directors regarding their conversations with representatives of McDermott, including McDermott s position with respect to the terms of the proposed business combination. Following discussion, the CB&I Supervisory Board expressed its support for continuing to pursue a potential business combination with McDermott on the terms discussed between Messrs. Luquette and Flury.

On November 20, 2017, the requested deadline for submission of final proposals in the Technology Sale, CB&I received three proposals with total consideration ranging from approximately \$2.25 billion to approximately \$2.5 billion.

On November 21, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, the Technology Sale Advisor and Wachtell Lipton. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the status of the potential business combination with McDermott, reviewed the proposals submitted in the Technology Sale process and reviewed CB&I s strategic and financing alternatives. The CB&I Supervisory Board discussed the proposals received in the Technology Sale process, including an evaluation of whether any of the proposals as received would be actionable by CB&I in light of the terms proposed, execution risk, and the potential absence of sufficient financing for CB&I to properly fund its ongoing operations after a sale of the technology business taking into account preliminary results of discussions with potential financing sources, as well as the projected level of CB&I s indebtedness by the time of a Technology Sale closing, the projected liquidity and credit needs of CB&I, and that a sale of the technology business at the proposed valuations would likely be sufficient to repay CB&I s indebtedness but with little excess to support CB&I s ongoing liquidity needs. The CB&I Supervisory Board determined that CB&I would continue negotiations with the two highest bidders to seek to reach an agreement on a potential actionable transaction and to evaluate the available options for continued financing of CB&I following a Technology Sale. With respect to financing for CB&I in the absence of a Technology Sale, the CB&I Supervisory Board was informed that one of the parties that had indicated a potential willingness to provide new financing to CB&I on a standalone basis was no longer interested in participating unless a Technology Sale was completed, and the other party remained potentially interested but would be unable to provide sufficient liquidity to meet CB&I s needs on its own.

On November 28, 2017, Messrs. Mullen and Taff and representatives of CB&I s advisors met with representatives of the creditor group to discuss the current status of CB&I s evaluation of strategic alternatives, including the potential business combination with McDermott, the Technology Sale process, and planning for a potential bankruptcy filing in the event no transaction could be agreed and completed in a timely fashion and alternative standalone financing could not be obtained. At that meeting, the representatives of the creditor group were presented with a summary of the amendments to CB&I s indebtedness that were being requested by CB&I. Also at part of that meeting, Messrs. Dickson and Spence, together with representatives of Moelis, made a presentation regarding the potential business combination with McDermott. In the following weeks, CB&I and the creditor group continued to negotiate the terms of the amendments and to exchange drafts of the related documents.

On November 29, 2017, members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of CB&I s advisors met with the creditor group to discuss the terms of the amendments and the proposed business combination.

On November 29, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an update on the status of the proposed business combination, including financial analyses with respect of the two companies, and information about due diligence, transaction structure, the negotiation of the draft Business Combination Agreement and financing.

On December 1, 2017, Messrs. Dickson and Mullen had a telephonic conversation to discuss the results of the McDermott Board meeting.

During the first week of December, due to the need for additional time in order to obtain adequate financing commitments for the combined company in connection with a business combination with McDermott (as

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discussed in a telephone call between Messrs. Spence and Taff on December 3, 2017) and/or to arrange adequate financing for CB&I on a standalone basis in the event of a Technology Sale, CB&I requested an extension from the creditor group of the December 8, 2017 deadline to enter into an agreement for a Technology Sale. An extension was granted to extend the deadline to December 18, 2017.

On December 5, 2017, McDermott entered into an engagement letter with Greenhill, relating to Greenhill s role as a financial advisor to McDermott in connection with the potential business combination.

On December 6, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a regularly scheduled board meeting in Amsterdam, attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, Wachtell Lipton, Kirkland & Ellis and De Brauw. The CB&I Supervisory Board received an update on the status of the potential business combination with McDermott and a potential Technology Sale, as well as the evaluation of other strategic alternatives. Representatives of Wachtell Lipton and De Brauw discussed the directors fiduciary duties and presented to the CB&I Supervisory Board a detailed summary of the terms of the draft Business Combination Agreement, negotiation of which had been substantially completed. The CB&I Supervisory Board discussed the fact that the Technology Sale process had not produced any proposals which were, in the view of the CB&I Supervisory Board after discussion and analysis, superior options to a potential business combination with McDermott, due in part to the lack of financing options for CB&I to meet its liquidity and operational needs following a Technology Sale, the likelihood of the Technology Sale proceeds to repay CB&I s outstanding indebtedness, and the likelihood of consummation of the Technology Sale. The CB&I Supervisory Board discussed the fact that the transaction with McDermott would create more value for CB&I and its stakeholders, taken as a whole, than the Technology Sale would have, which was likely to benefit first and foremost (if not only), CB&I s secured creditors. After extensive discussion, the CB&I s Boards determined that a business combination with McDermott presented the best alternative available to CB&I and all of its stakeholders, and that continuing to actively pursue other strategic alternatives, including a potential Technology Sale, was likely to jeopardize CB&I s ability to achieve any of the available alternatives. As a result, the CB&I Boards determined that it was in the best interests of all of CB&I s stakeholders for CB&I to focus its resources on pursuing a business combination with McDermott and working with McDermott to obtain sufficient financing commitments for the combined business.

On December 15, 2017, McDermott entered into an engagement letter with Goldman Sachs, relating to Goldman Sachs role as a financial advisor to McDermott in connection with the potential business combination.

On December 15, 2017, McDermott and CB&I agreed on a final exchange ratio based on the most recently available outstanding share count of each of CB&I and McDermott, calculated to result in the previously agreed ownership percentages in the combined company.

On December 15, the CEOs and CFOs of McDermott and CB&I met together with their respective public relations, investor relations and communications teams to address the communications plan following an announcement of the business combination.

During the week ended December 16, 2017, Baker Botts, Wachtell Lipton and the parties respective Netherlands counsel completed negotiations of the terms of the definitive Business Combination Agreement and related transaction documentation.

On December 17, 2017, the CB&I Supervisory Board held a telephonic meeting attended by members of CB&I s senior management and representatives of Centerview, Wachtell Lipton and De Brauw, to consider the transaction with McDermott. Mr. Mullen and other members of senior management updated the CB&I Supervisory Board on the status of negotiations with McDermott, as well as the status of CB&I s consideration of other alternatives, including

the Technology Sale and potential continued operation on a standalone basis. At this meeting, representatives of Centerview reviewed with the CB&I Supervisory Board Centerview s financial analysis of the Exchange Offer Ratio. After discussion among the CB&I Supervisory Board and its advisors,

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representatives of Centerview delivered to the CB&I Supervisory Board an oral opinion, subsequently confirmed by delivery of a written opinion to the CB&I Boards dated such date that, as of such date and based upon and subject to various assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken in preparing its opinion, the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than Excluded Shares). See the section entitled The Combination Opinion of Centerview Partners LLC for a detailed description of Centerview s opinion. Representatives of Wachtell Lipton and De Brauw discussed the directors fiduciary duties and presented to the CB&I Supervisory Board a detailed summary of the terms of the draft Business Combination Agreement and the financing commitments expected to be obtained by McDermott. That same day, the CB&I Management Board also held a telephonic meeting to discuss and consider the proposed business combination.

After extensive discussion and careful consideration, including as to the matters described in the section entitled. The Combination Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the CB&I Boards, the CB&I Boards concluded that the proposed business combination with McDermott presented an attractive strategic opportunity for CB&I and its stakeholders and in addition was the best alternative available to CB&I and its stakeholders, taking into account that none of the bidders in the Technology Sale process had put forth an actionable proposal that would ensure CB&I would have sufficient liquidity and credit to fund ongoing operations following a Technology Sale, and that none appeared likely to do so, and the fact that under the terms of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness, CB&I would have no choice but to seek bankruptcy protection if it did not enter into either an agreement with respect to the Technology Sale or the transaction with McDermott. As part of this discussion, the CB&I Boards considered the fact that CB&I s efforts to obtain commitments for new financing on a standalone basis that would permit the refinancing of its existing debt had not been successful. Accordingly, the CB&I Boards unanimously determined that the Business Combination Agreement and the combination were fair to, advisable and in the best interests of CB&I and its stockholders and unanimously approved the Business Combination Agreement and the Combination, with such determination and approval conditioned on confirmation by CB&I management that McDermott had obtained financing commitments in an amount deemed to be sufficient by CB&I management.

On December 17, 2017, the McDermott Board held a special meeting in Houston, Texas, attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts. Members of McDermott management provided an update on the status of the proposed business combination, including financial analysis of the two companies, due diligence, transaction structure, the negotiation of the draft Business Combination Agreement and financing. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Greenhill reviewed their respective preliminary financial analyses of the Exchange Offer Ratio. Those discussions included information from McDermott management regarding the impacts of then-pending U.S. tax reform legislation, including that such tax reform was projected by McDermott management to have no significant impact on McDermott as a stand-alone company and a positive impact on the pro forma combined business. Representatives of Moelis provided an update on the financing process. Representatives of Baker Botts discussed the directors fiduciary duties (based on advice from McDermott s Panamanian counsel) and summarized the terms of the draft Business Combination Agreement for the McDermott Board. The McDermott Board had an extensive discussion and gave careful consideration to matters related to the proposed business combination, including as to the matters described in the section entitled The Combination Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board. The McDermott Board then postponed making a final determination as to the proposed business combination until the following day, in order to allow time for additional commitments related to the financing to be obtained.

On December 17, 2017 and December 18, 2017, CB&I, McDermott and their advisors finalized the final details of the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott completed the obtaining of financing commitments for the new financing to be used to repay or refinance existing indebtedness of each of CB&I and McDermott and to finance the combined company s operations following completion of the Combination.

On December 18, 2017, the McDermott Board held a telephonic special meeting attended by representatives of Goldman Sachs, Greenhill, Moelis and Baker Botts after the additional commitments related to the financing had

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been obtained. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Greenhill reviewed with the McDermott Board their financial analysis of the Exchange Offer Ratio. After discussion among the McDermott Board and its advisors, representatives of each of Goldman Sachs and Greenhill delivered to the McDermott Board an oral opinion, subsequently confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated as of the same date, that as of such date and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth in its written opinion, the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to McDermott. See the sections entitled The Combination Opinion of Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC and The Combination Opinion of Greenhill & Co., LLC for a detailed description of those opinions.

After due consideration and consultation with its outside legal and financial advisors, the McDermott Board, by a vote of eight to one: (1) determined that the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are in the best interests of McDermott and its stockholders and that it was in the best interests of McDermott and the stockholders of McDermott to enter into the Business Combination Agreement; (2) adopted and approved the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott s execution, delivery and performance of the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, including the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment and the McDermott Stock Issuance; and (3) resolved to recommend that the holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock adopt the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution and approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal, in each case upon the terms and subject to the conditions stated in the Business Combination Agreement.

In the afternoon of December 18, 2017, CB&I and McDermott executed the Business Combination Agreement, McDermott entered into financing commitments with respect to the combination and CB&I executed the amendments to the terms of its existing indebtedness, and CB&I and McDermott issued a joint press release announcing the Combination.

On January 24, 2018, McDermott, CB&I and the other parties thereto entered into an Amendment and Partial Assignment and Assumption (the Amendment) of the Business Combination Agreement. The purpose of the Amendment was to add McDermott Technology (2), B.V., a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott Bidco incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands (McDermott Bidco 2), and McDermott Technology (3), B.V., a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of McDermott Bidco incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands, as parties to the Business Combination Agreement, provide for the assignment of certain rights of McDermott Bidco under the Business Combination Agreement to McDermott Bidco 2 and make certain other ministerial changes.

McDermott s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the McDermott Board

The McDermott Board believes that the Combination will create value for its stockholders, combine two highly complementary businesses to create a leading onshore-offshore integrated engineering, procurement, construction and installation company driven by technology and innovation, with the scale and diversification to better capitalize on global growth opportunities, provide its customers with consistently high-quality service and create opportunities for its employees. After due consideration and consultation with its outside legal and financial advisors, the McDermott Board, in its meeting held on December 18, 2017, by a vote of eight to one: (1) determined that the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are in the best interests of McDermott and its stockholders and that it was in the best interests of McDermott and the stockholders of McDermott to enter into the Business Combination Agreement; (2) adopted and approved the Business Combination Agreement and McDermott s execution, delivery and performance of the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, including the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment and the McDermott Stock

Issuance; and (3) resolved to recommend that the holders of shares of McDermott Common Stock adopt the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles

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Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution and approve the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal, in each case upon the terms and subject to the conditions stated in the Business Combination Agreement.

In reaching its conclusion to approve the Combination and recommend that McDermott s stockholders vote FOR the McDermott Stockholder Proposals, the McDermott Board consulted with members of management and its financial and legal advisors and considered many factors, including the following:

Strategic Considerations

The McDermott Board considered a number of factors pertaining to the strategic rationale for the Combination as generally supporting its decision to enter into the Business Combination Agreement, including the following:

The addition of CB&I s businesses adds significant scale and diversification (particularly, significant onshore businesses) to the combined business that McDermott would not have on its own.

CB&I provides a complementary global portfolio with an established presence in high-growth markets. The Combination will unite McDermott s established presence in the Middle East and Asia with CB&I s robust operations in the United States, creating a more balanced geographic portfolio with a strong position in high-growth, developing regions.

The Combination will create significant opportunities to capture additional value from market trends across the entire value chain. The combined business will have a presence across onshore and offshore, upstream, downstream and power markets, enhancing competitiveness and enabling more consistent, predictable performance through market cycles.

The combined business will have a greater ability to respond to evolving customer needs. The combined business will offer customers engineered and constructed facility solutions and fabrication services across the full lifecycle, executed to maximize asset value. Customers will also benefit from enhanced exposure across diverse end markets, including refining, petrochemicals, LNG and power.

After the Combination, McDermott expects to have a strong capital structure to support growth. The combined business is expected to generate EBITDA growth and strong free cash flow, enabling a reduction in funded indebtedness over the next few years.

By retaining CB&I s technology business, with its 3,000 patents and patent applications, trademarks and more than 100 licensed technologies, the combined business will be one of the world s largest providers of licensed process technologies. McDermott anticipates leveraging these capabilities across the combined customer base to drive follow-on work.

The Combination is expected to be cash accretive in the amount of \$0.53 per share, excluding one-time costs, for the year ending December 31, 2019. It is also expected to generate annualized cost synergies of \$250 million starting in 2019, in addition to a \$100 million cost reduction program that CB&I expects to have fully implemented by the end of 2017, at a one-time expected cost of \$210 million. The cost synergies are expected to come from operations optimization, general and administrative expense savings, supply chain optimization and other related cost savings. Further, McDermott expects that the transaction will lead to substantial revenue synergies due to the enhanced capabilities of the combined business.

McDermott and CB&I s combined experience in delivering customer-centric solutions and fixed-price, lump-sum contracts will form the basis for the combined business to deliver a consistent approach to executing projects for customers. Further, McDermott and CB&I s similar cultures will ensure that safety remains the number one priority and will help facilitate a seamless transition for co-venturers and employees worldwide.

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Financial Considerations

The McDermott Board also considered a number of financial factors pertaining to the Combination as generally supporting its decision to enter into the Business Combination Agreement, including the following:

The presentation by and the opinion of Goldman Sachs dated as of December 18, 2017, to the effect that the Exchange Offer Ratio is fair, from a financial point of view, to McDermott. See Opinion of McDermott s Financial Advisors Goldman Sachs & Co.

The presentation by and the opinion of Greenhill dated as of December 18, 2017, to the effect that the Exchange Offer Ratio is fair, from a financial point of view, to McDermott. See Opinion of McDermott s Financial Advisors Greenhill & Co., LLC.

Other Considerations

The McDermott Board also considered a number of additional factors as generally supporting its decision to enter into the Business Combination Agreement, including the following:

The financial performance and condition, business operations and future prospects of McDermott and CB&I.

The board composition of the combined business, which will include six directors from the McDermott Board and will include Gary P. Luquette as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The management composition of the combined business, which will include David Dickson as President and Chief Executive Officer and Stuart Spence as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.

McDermott s management team has a proven track record of turnaround management and business transformation that can be applied to the combined business.

The terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement, including the fact that the consideration for the CB&I shareholders is fixed, the covenants applicable to each party, the conditions to completion of the Combination, including required regulatory clearances, the rights of the parties to the Business Combination Agreement, under specified circumstances, to respond to, evaluate and negotiate with respect to other business combination proposals, the circumstances under which the Business Combination Agreement could be terminated and the size and impact of the termination fee associated with a termination.

The opportunities and alternatives available to McDermott if the Combination were not to be undertaken and the risks, uncertainties and expense of that strategy.

The amount and terms of the financing for the Combination, including the Commitment Letters.

Risks

The McDermott Board also identified and considered a number of uncertainties, risks and other potentially negative factors, including the following:

The McDermott Board considered the risks associated with CB&I s loss contracts and with certain litigation and other proceedings to which CB&I is a party.

The McDermott Board considered the challenges and potential costs of combining and integrating the businesses, and the attendant risks of not achieving expected cost savings.

The McDermott Board considered the required regulatory clearances to complete the Combination and the risk that governmental authorities might seek to impose unfavorable terms and conditions on the required clearances (and that the Combination may not be completed as a result of such terms and

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conditions) or that such clearances may not be obtained at all. The McDermott Board further considered the potential length of the regulatory clearance process and the period of time McDermott may be subject to the Business Combination Agreement without assurance that the process will be completed.

The McDermott Board considered the interests of the officers and directors of McDermott and CB&I in the Combination that are different from or in addition to the interests of other stockholders, including the matters described under The Combination Interests of Certain Persons in the Combination.

The McDermott Board considered the diversion of management focus and resources from other strategic opportunities and from operational matters while working to implement the Combination.

The McDermott Board considered industry-wide labor-related challenges and their potential impacts on CB&I s workforce.

The McDermott Board also considered certain risks of CB&I s business and operations, including the risks described in the Risk Factors section in CB&I s Annual Report on Form 10-K, its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and other filings with the SEC and in this document. The McDermott Board determined that these risks were manageable as part of the ongoing combined business.

Views of Dissenting Director

The McDermott Board also considered the views of director Stephen G. Hanks, who voted against the adoption and approval of the Business Combination Agreement. At each of the meetings of the McDermott Board at which the potential business combination was discussed, Mr. Hanks consistently stated that he believes, based on his prior experience in the engineering and construction (E&C) industry, that the E&C business operated by CB&I (and historically operated by certain of its predecessors) is inherently subject to the types of problems that CB&I has been experiencing recently in connection with its four significant contracts that have negatively impacted CB&I s results of operations in recent periods, that these problems may be difficult for McDermott s management to remedy (at least in the near term) and, therefore, that the Combination is too risky for McDermott, taking into account the combined balance sheet of the two companies. Mr. Hanks also expressed concerns relating to labor-related challenges that he believed could impact the ability to perform the contracts in CB&I s backlog over the next couple of years, and relating to the availability of quality project management to oversee the performance of the contracts in CB&I s backlog. In that regard, Mr. Hanks noted his view of the practical difficulty of accurately assessing project management capabilities and controls during the course of public company merger or acquisition discussions. Mr. Hanks stated that these concerns were, to a significant degree, based on his experience as President and Chief Executive Officer of Washington Group International, Inc., during which time that company acquired a business with two significant, fixed-price, lump-sum combined-cycle gas power plant projects in the northeastern region of the United States that Mr. Hanks described as having generated over \$2.0 billion in losses that led to Washington Group s filing for protection from creditors under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code.

During the course of discussions regarding the proposed Combination, Mr. Hanks expressed his concerns to McDermott s management and the other members of the McDermott Board. Mr. Hanks also asked detailed questions of McDermott s management team, and McDermott s management, in turn, provided detailed responses and, ultimately, expressed the belief that, based on McDermott s due diligence and the experience and capabilities of the McDermott management team, the risks related to CB&I s four significant contracts that have negatively impacted

CB&I s results of operations in recent periods could be managed and that similar problems could be avoided in the future through improved project management. Mr. Hanks stated that he had considered the responses of McDermott s management, which he felt were complete, as well as the views of other members of the McDermott Board, which he understood and respected. However, those discussions ultimately did not result in Mr. Hanks willingness to vote in favor of the transaction.

The other eight members of the McDermott Board considered Mr. Hanks concerns over the course of several meetings of the Board of Directors. In particular, the McDermott Board reviewed: (1) in consultation with its

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legal advisors, the process undertaken by the McDermott Board in considering the various strategic alternatives available to McDermott, including the proposed Combination, continuing as a stand-alone company and other potential business combination, merger or acquisition transactions that had been discussed with McDermott management during the course of the past year; and (2) in consultation with its financial advisors, the strategic, financial and other considerations and risk factors described above. After weighing these various factors, the other eight directors determined to vote in favor of the board approvals and recommendations described above because they believed that, taking all relevant factors into account, the Business Combination Agreement and the Combination were in the best interests of McDermott and its stockholders.

In determining that the Combination is advisable and in the best interests of McDermott stockholders, the McDermott Board considered the factors described above as a whole and did not quantify or otherwise assign relative weights to the different factors. The McDermott Board views its recommendation as being based on the totality of the information presented to and considered by it. Individual directors may have given different weights to different factors. Moreover, the foregoing discussion of the reasons for the Combination is not intended to be exhaustive.

Recommendation of the McDermott Board

For the reasons discussed, the McDermott Board has determined that the Business Combination Agreement and the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement are in the best interests of McDermott and its stockholders, has adopted and approved the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement, and recommends that stockholders vote FOR approval of the McDermott Reverse Stock Split Articles Amendment Resolution, the McDermott Authorized Capital Articles Amendment Resolution and the McDermott Stock Issuance proposal.

Opinions of McDermott s Financial Advisors

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (Goldman Sachs) rendered its opinion, dated December 18, 2017, to the McDermott Board that, as of such date and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the 2.47221, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407, shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco for each share of CB&I Common Stock pursuant to the Combination Agreement was fair from a financial point of view to McDermott.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated December 18, 2017, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex B. Goldman Sachs provided advisory services and its opinion for the information and assistance of the McDermott Board in connection with its consideration of the Combination. The Goldman Sachs opinion is not a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of McDermott Common Stock should vote with respect to matters related to the Combination, or any other matter.

In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Goldman Sachs reviewed, among other things:

the Business Combination Agreement;

the form of the Agreement for the Sale and Purchase of the Shares of Comet Newco Sub attached as Exhibit C to the Business Combination Agreement (the Share Sale Agreement);

annual reports to shareholders and Annual Reports on Form 10-K of McDermott and CB&I for the five years ended December 31, 2016;

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the current report on Form 8-K dated April 25, 2017 of McDermott;

certain interim reports to shareholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of McDermott and CB&I;

certain other communications from McDermott and CB&I to their respective stockholders and shareholders;

certain publicly available research analyst reports for McDermott and CB&I;

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for CB&I for the year 2017 prepared by CB&I s management as adjusted to reflect non-GAAP adjustments by the management of McDermott, as approved for Goldman Sachs—use by McDermott (the Adjusted CB&I Forecasts—);

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for CB&I for the years 2018 through 2020 prepared by its management, as approved for Goldman Sachs—use by McDermott (the CB&I Forecasts); and

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for McDermott standalone for the years 2018 through 2020 and pro forma for the contemplated transactions and certain financial analyses and forecasts for CB&I (for the years 2021 and 2022), in each case, as prepared by the management of McDermott and approved for Goldman Sachs—use by McDermott (the McDermott Forecasts—and, together with the Adjusted CB&I Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts, the Forecasts—); certain operating synergies projected by the management of McDermott to result from the contemplated transactions, as approved for Goldman Sachs—use by McDermott (the Synergies—); and certain net operating losses (the CB&I NOLs—) and Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits (the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits—) projected by the management of McDermott to result from the contemplated transactions, as approved for Goldman Sachs—use by McDermott (together, the Tax Benefits Forecasts—).

Goldman Sachs also held discussions with members of the senior managements of McDermott and CB&I regarding their assessment of the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of CB&I and with the members of senior management of McDermott regarding their assessment of the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of McDermott and the strategic rationale for, and the potential benefits of, the contemplated transactions; reviewed the reported price and trading activity for the McDermott Common Stock and the CB&I Common Stock; compared certain financial and stock market information for McDermott and CB&I with similar information for certain other companies the securities of which are publicly traded; reviewed the financial terms of certain recent business combinations in the engineering and construction industry and in other industries; and performed such other studies and analyses, and considered such other factors, as it deemed appropriate.

For purposes of rendering its opinion, Goldman Sachs, with McDermott s consent, relied upon and assumed the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial, legal, regulatory, tax, accounting and other information provided to, discussed with or reviewed by, it, without assuming any responsibility for independent verification thereof. In that regard, Goldman Sachs assumed with McDermott s consent that the Forecasts, the Synergies and the Tax Benefits Forecasts were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the management of McDermott. Goldman Sachs did not make an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets and

liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or other off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities) of McDermott or CB&I or any of their respective subsidiaries and it was not furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. Goldman Sachs assumed that all governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the contemplated transactions will be obtained without any adverse effect on McDermott or CB&I or on the expected benefits of the contemplated transactions in any way meaningful to its analysis. Goldman Sachs has also assumed that the parties to the Share Sale Agreement will enter into such agreement in the form attached as an exhibit to the Business Combination Agreement and that the contemplated transactions will be consummated on the terms set forth in the Business Combination Agreement and the Share Sale Agreement, without the waiver or modification of any term or condition the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to its analysis.

Goldman Sachs opinion does not address the underlying business decision of McDermott to engage in the contemplated transactions or the relative merits of the contemplated transactions as compared to any strategic alternatives that may be available to McDermott; nor does it address any legal, regulatory, tax or accounting matters. Goldman Sachs opinion addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view, as of the date of the opinion, of the 2.47221, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407, shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco for each share of CB&I Common Stock pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, Goldman Sachs opinion does not express any view on, and does not address, any other term or aspect of the Business Combination Agreement, the Share Sale Agreement or the contemplated transactions or any term or aspect of any other agreement or instrument contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or the Share Sale Agreement or entered into or amended in connection with the contemplated transactions, including the fairness of the contemplated transactions to, or any consideration received in connection therewith by, the holders of any other class of securities, creditors, or other constituencies of McDermott; nor as to the fairness of the amount or nature of any compensation to be paid or payable to any of the officers, directors or employees of McDermott or CB&I, or any class of such persons in connection with the contemplated transactions, whether relative to the shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement or otherwise. Goldman Sachs opinion was necessarily based on economic, monetary, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to it as of, the date of the opinion, and Goldman Sachs assumed no responsibility for updating, revising or reaffirming its opinion based on circumstances, developments or events occurring after the date of its opinion. In addition, Goldman Sachs did not express any opinion as to the prices at which shares of McDermott Common Stock will trade at any time or as to the impact of the contemplated transactions on the solvency or viability of McDermott or CB&I or the ability of McDermott or CB&I to pay their respective obligations when they come due. Goldman Sachs opinion was approved by a fairness committee of Goldman Sachs.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses delivered by Goldman Sachs to the McDermott Board in connection with rendering the opinion described above. The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed by Goldman Sachs, nor does the order of analyses described represent relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Goldman Sachs. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. The tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are alone not a complete description of Goldman Sachs financial analyses. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before December 15, 2017, the last trading day before the date of the public announcement of the contemplated transactions, and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions.

Historical Exchange Ratio Analysis. Goldman Sachs reviewed the historical trading prices for shares of McDermott Common Stock and shares of CB&I Common Stock over various periods from December 14, 2012 to December 14, 2017, by first dividing the closing price per share of CB&I Common Stock on each trading day during the period by the closing price per share of McDermott Common Stock on the same trading day, and subsequently calculating the average of these daily historical exchange ratios over such periods (referred to in this section as the average exchange ratio for such period). Goldman Sachs then calculated the implied ownership of CB&I in the pro forma combined company (the combined company), using the number of fully diluted outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock and shares of McDermott Common Stock, each as provided by the management of McDermott, and using the above exchange ratios for each period. The following table presents the results of these analyses:

Period	Average Exchange Ratio
December 14, 2017 (spot)	2.49x (current)

1-year average	3.23x
3-year average	7.57x
5-year average	8.00x

Period	CB&I Implied Ownership
December 14, 2017 (spot)	47.2%
1-year average	53.0%
3-year average	69.7%
5-year average	73.0%

Selected Companies Analysis. Goldman Sachs reviewed and compared certain financial information, ratios and public market multiples for McDermott and CB&I to corresponding financial information, ratios and public market multiples for the following publicly traded corporations in the marine engineering and construction and oil-weighted engineering and construction industries:

Marine Engineering & Construction Peers (the Marine E&C Companies)

Aker Solutions ASA

Saipem S.p.A.

Subsea 7 S.A.

TechnipFMC plc

Oil-Weighted Engineering & Construction Peers (the Oil E&C Companies)

Fluor Corporation

Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.

KBR, Inc.

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to McDermott or CB&I, the companies included were chosen because they are publicly traded companies with operations that, for the purposes of analysis, may be considered similar to certain operations of McDermott and CB&I.

Goldman Sachs calculated and compared various financial multiples and ratios for McDermott and CB&I based on information from publicly available historical data, the Forecasts and certain Institutional Brokers Estimate System consensus estimates (I/B/E/S estimates) for McDermott and CB&I for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019. Goldman Sachs also calculated and compared various financial multiples and ratios for the Marine E&C Companies and the Oil E&C Companies based on information from publicly available historical data and certain I/B/E/S estimates for the companies for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019. The multiples and ratios were calculated using the applicable closing market prices as of December 14, 2017. CB&I s multiples and ratios were not adjusted for McDermott management s projection of negative cash flows for CB&I in the final quarter of 2017.

Goldman Sachs calculated the enterprise value (EV) as a multiple of projected earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for calendar years 2018 and 2019 for McDermott, CB&I, the Marine E&C Companies and the Oil E&C Companies. The following table presents the results of this analysis:

		EV / EBITDA	
		2018E	2019E
McDermott	Forecasts	7.2x	7.2x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	7.0x	5.8x
CB&I	Forecasts	6.5x	6.5x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	8.8x	7.6x
Median of Marine E&C Companies	I/B/E/S Estimates	6.1x	5.9x
Median of Oil E&C Companies	I/B/E/S Estimates	8.2x	7.2x

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Goldman Sachs calculated the price per share of common stock as a multiple of book value per share of common stock for McDermott, CB&I, the Marine E&C Companies and the Oil E&C Companies. The following table presents the results of this analysis:

	Price / Book Value
McDermott	1.2x
CB&I	1.6x
Median of Marine E&C Companies	0.9x
Median of Oil E&C Companies	2.1x

Illustrative Discounted Cash Flow Analysis. Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative discounted cash flow analysis on each of CB&I and McDermott on a standalone basis, on the CB&I NOLs, on the combined company (excluding the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits) and on the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits.

CB&I Standalone. Using illustrative discount rates ranging from 10.0% to 12.0%, reflecting estimates of CB&I s weighted average cost of capital, and the Forecasts, Goldman Sachs discounted to present value as of September 30, 2017 (1) projected unlevered free cash flows (calculated as adjusted EBITDA less taxes (but excluding the CB&I NOLs), less increases in net working capital and contract capital, less capital expenditures, less increases in equity investments and less adjustments in certain other balance sheet items) for CB&I for the final quarter of 2017 and for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022, respectively, and (2) a range of illustrative terminal values for CB&I as of December 31, 2022 derived by applying perpetuity growth rates ranging from 1.0% to 3.0% to a terminal year estimate of the projected unlevered free cash flows (calculated as adjusted EBITDA less taxes (but excluding the CB&I NOLs), less increases in net working capital and contract capital, less capital expenditures, less increases in equity investments and less adjustments in certain other balance sheet items) to be generated by CB&I (which analysis implied a range of implied terminal EBITDA multiples of 5.7x to 9.1x). Goldman Sachs derived such discount rates by application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which requires certain company-specific inputs, including the company s target capital structure weightings, the cost of long-term debt, future applicable marginal cash tax rate and a beta for the company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States financial markets generally. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Goldman Sachs utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the Forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Goldman Sachs then derived ranges of illustrative EVs for CB&I by adding the ranges of present values it derived above. Goldman Sachs then subtracted from such range of illustrative EVs the amount of CB&I s net debt as of September 30, 2017, based on publicly available information, to derive a range of illustrative equity values for CB&I. Goldman Sachs then divided the implied equity values by the amount of fully diluted shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding as of December 7, 2017, as provided by McDermott management, to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock ranging from \$14.00 to \$32.25.

In addition, using illustrative discount rates ranging from 10.0% to 12.0%, reflecting estimates of CB&I s weighted average cost of capital, and the Tax Benefits Forecasts, Goldman Sachs discounted to present value as of September 30, 2017 the CB&I NOLs to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding shares of CB&I Common Stock of the CB&I NOLs ranging from \$2.92 to \$3.19.

McDermott Standalone. Using illustrative discount rates ranging from 12.0% to 15.0%, reflecting estimates of McDermott s weighted average cost of capital, and the Forecasts, Goldman Sachs discounted to present value as of September 30, 2017 (1) projected unlevered free cash flows for McDermott for the final quarter of 2017 and for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022, respectively, and (2) a range of illustrative

terminal values for McDermott as of December 31, 2022 derived by applying perpetuity growth rates ranging from 1.5% to 3.5% to a terminal year estimate of the projected unlevered free cash flows to be generated by McDermott (which analysis implied a range of terminal EBITDA multiples of 4.6x to 7.3x). Goldman Sachs derived such discount rates by application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which requires certain company-

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specific inputs, including the company s target capital structure weightings, future applicable marginal cash tax rate and a beta for the company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States financial markets generally. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Goldman Sachs utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the Forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Goldman Sachs then derived ranges of illustrative EVs for McDermott by adding the ranges of present values it derived above. Goldman Sachs then subtracted from such range of illustrative EVs the amount of McDermott s net debt as of September 30, 2017, based on publicly available information, to derive a range of illustrative equity values for McDermott. Goldman Sachs then divided the implied equity values by the amount of fully diluted shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding as of November 30, 2017, as provided by McDermott management, to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding shares of McDermott Common Stock ranging from \$7.50 to \$11.75.

Combined Company (Excluding Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits). Using illustrative discount rates ranging from 11.5% to 13.5%, reflecting estimates of the combined company s weighted average cost of capital, the Forecasts and the Synergies but excluding the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits, Goldman Sachs discounted to present value as of September 30, 2017 (1) projected unlevered free cash flows for the combined company for the final quarter of 2017 and for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022, respectively, and (2) a range of illustrative terminal values for the combined company as of December 31, 2022 derived by applying perpetuity growth rates ranging from 1.5% to 3.5% to a terminal year estimate of the projected unlevered free cash flows to be generated by the combined company (which analysis implied a range of terminal EBITDA multiples of 5.3x to 8.0x). Goldman Sachs derived such discount rates by application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which requires certain company-specific inputs, including the company s target capital structure weightings, the cost of long-term debt, future applicable marginal cash tax rate and a beta for the company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States financial markets generally. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Goldman Sachs utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the Forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Goldman Sachs then derived ranges of illustrative EVs for the combined company by adding the ranges of present values it derived above. Goldman Sachs then subtracted from such range of illustrative EVs the amount of the combined company s net debt as of September 30, 2017, based on publicly available information, as well as transaction adjustments, to derive a range of illustrative equity values for the combined company. Goldman Sachs then divided the implied equity values by the amount of fully diluted shares of combined company common stock (combined company shares) outstanding as of November 30, 2017 and December 7, 2017 for McDermott and CB&I, respectively, as provided by McDermott management (using equity awards outstanding as of November 30, 2017 and December 7, 2017 for McDermott and CB&I, respectively, and the prices per share of McDermott Common Stock and share of CB&I Common Stock implied by the discounted cash flow analyses above), to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding combined company share ranging from \$8.00 to \$13.75.

Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits. Using illustrative discount rates ranging from 11.5% to 13.5%, reflecting estimates of the combined company s weighted average cost of capital, and the Tax Benefits Forecasts, Goldman Sachs discounted to present value as of September 30, 2017 the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding combined company share of the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits ranging from \$0.53 to \$0.48.

In addition, Goldman Sachs then added together the results of the discounted cash flow analyses for the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits and the combined company (excluding the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits) to derive a range of implied present values per fully diluted outstanding share of common stock of the combined company plus the Cash Tax Step-Up Benefits ranging from \$8.50 to \$14.25.

Implied Equity Contribution. Goldman Sachs calculated the relative implied equity contribution of each of McDermott and CB&I to the combined company and the implied exchange ratio, using the CB&I standalone, McDermott standalone and CB&I NOL discounted cash flow analyses described above. The midpoint results of

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each company s discounted cash flow analysis resulted in an illustrative equity contribution for McDermott of 51.4% and an implied exchange ratio of 2.63x.

Illustrative Present Value of Future Stock Price Analysis. Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative present value of future stock price analysis on McDermott on a standalone basis and on the combined company.

McDermott Standalone. Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative analysis of the implied present value of an illustrative future value per share of McDermott Common Stock. For the purposes of this analysis, Goldman Sachs applied an illustrative range of EV to one-year forward EBITDA multiples of 5.5x to 7.5x to the estimated one-year forward EBITDA of McDermott, per the Forecasts, for calendar years 2017 through 2020, respectively. Goldman Sachs then subtracted the book value of McDermott s debt (excluding non-controlling interests) from, and added the assumed amount of McDermott s cash and cash equivalents to, in each case as of the relevant year-end per the Forecasts, the illustrative EVs in order to calculate the implied future equity values. The implied future equity values in turn were divided by the projected year-end number of fully diluted shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding, as provided by McDermott management. Goldman Sachs then discounted the values for fiscal years 2017 through 2020, respectively, back to September 30, 2017 using a discount rate of 18.34%, reflecting an estimate of the cost of equity for McDermott. Goldman Sachs derived such discount rate by application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which requires certain company-specific inputs, including the company s target capital structure weightings, the cost of long-term debt, future applicable marginal cash tax rate and a beta for the company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States financial markets generally. The following table presents the results of Goldman Sachs

Implied Present Value Per Share of
McDermott Common Stock Using
Illustrative EV to EBITDA Multiples of
5.5x to 7.5x

	SISA to TISA
2017E	\$5.00 - \$7.00
2018E	\$4.75 - \$6.50
2019E	\$6.75 - \$9.25
2020E	\$6.50 - \$8.50

Combined Company. Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative analysis of the implied present value of an illustrative future value per combined company share. For the purposes of this analysis, Goldman Sachs applied an illustrative range of EV to one-year forward EBITDA multiples of 5.5x to 7.5x to the estimated one-year forward EBITDA of the combined company, per the Forecasts, and the Synergies for the calendar years 2018 through 2020, respectively. Goldman Sachs then subtracted the book value of the combined company s debt (excluding non-controlling interests) from, and added the assumed amount of the combined company s cash and cash equivalents to, in each case as of the relevant year-end per the Forecasts, the illustrative EVs in order to calculate the implied future equity values. The implied future equity values in turn were divided by the projected year-end number of fully diluted combined company shares outstanding, as provided by McDermott. Goldman Sachs then discounted the values for fiscal years 2018 through 2020, respectively, back to September 30, 2017 using a discount rate of 15.77%, reflecting an estimate of the cost of equity for the combined company. Goldman Sachs derived such discount rate by application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which requires certain company-specific inputs, including the company s target capital structure weightings, the cost of long-term debt, future applicable marginal cash tax rate and a beta for the company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States financial markets generally. The following table presents the results of Goldman Sachs analysis:

Implied Present Value Per Combined Company Share Using Illustrative EV to EBITDA Multiples of 5.5x to 7.5x

2018E	\$5.75 - \$9.00
2019E	\$8.25 - \$12.00
2020E	\$8.50 - \$12.00

Implied Premia and Multiples Analysis. Goldman Sachs used the exchange ratio under the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221 shares of McDermott Common Stock (at the closing price per share of McDermott Common Stock as of December 14, 2017) for each share of CB&I Common Stock to calculate an illustrative price per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$17.95. Goldman Sachs then calculated (1) the premium (or discount) implied by such illustrative value per share of CB&I Common Stock as compared to the closing price per share of CB&I Common Stock as of August 9, 2017, the volume-weighted-average closing price per share of CB&I Common Stock for the 30-day and 60-day periods ended December 14, 2017 and the I/B/E/S Median Target Price per share of CB&I Common Stock as of December 14, 2017 and (2) the illustrative value per share of CB&I Common Stock as a percentage of the 52-week high price per share of CB&I Common Stock as of December 14, 2017. The following table presents the results of Goldman Sachs analysis:

Premium / (Discount) to December 14, 2017	(0.6)%
Premium / (Discount) to August 9, 2017	9.9%
Premium / (Discount) to 30-Day Volume-Weighted-Average Price as of December 14, 2017	8.6%
Premium / Discount to 60-Day Volume-Weighted-Average Price as of December 14, 2017	10.2%
Premium / Discount to I/B/E/S Median Target Price for CB&I as of December 14, 2017	5.6%
Percentage of 52-Week High Share Price as of December 14, 2017	49.9%
Goldman Sachs then calculated an illustrative EV for CB&I, as implied by the illustrative price per share of	CB&I
Common Stock of \$17.95, as a multiple of CB&I s EBITDA for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018	and 2019,

Common Stock of \$17.95, as a multiple of CB&I s EBITDA for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019, based on the Forecasts and I/B/E/S estimates (the EV / EBITDA multiple). Goldman Sachs also calculated the EV / EBITDA multiples for McDermott, as implied by the closing price per share of McDermott Common Stock as of December 14, 2017, for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019, using the Forecasts and I/B/E/S estimates, and for the Marine E&C Companies and the Oil E&C Companies (together, the E&C Companies), as implied by the closing price per common share as of December 14, 2017, for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019, using I/B/E/S estimates. The following table presents the results of Goldman Sachs analysis.

		EV / EBITD	A Multiple
		2018E	2019E
CB&I	Forecasts	7.1x	7.1x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	9.2x	8.0x
McDermott	Forecasts	7.2x	7.2x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	7.0x	5.8x
Median of E&C Companies	I/B/E/S Estimates	7.8x	6.8x

Goldman Sachs then calculated for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019 the price per share of common stock as a multiple of earnings per share of common stock (the P/E ratio), as implied by the illustrative price per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$17.95, for CB&I based on the Forecasts and I/B/E/S estimates. Goldman Sachs also calculated, for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2019, the P/E ratios, as implied by the closing price per share of common stock as of December 14, 2017, for McDermott, based on the Forecasts and I/B/E/S estimates, and for the E&C Companies, based on I/B/E/S estimates. The following table presents the results Goldman Sachs analysis.

P/E Ratio

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		2018E	2019E
CB&I	Forecasts	9.3x	9.1x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	9.3x	6.9x
McDermott	Forecasts	21.2x	23.8x
	I/B/E/S Estimates	19.5x	13.7x
Median of E&C Companies	I/B/E/S Estimates	21.4x	18.1x

Illustrative Financial Contribution Analysis. Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative contribution analysis based on estimated future financial metrics, including revenue, EBITDA, EBITDA less capital expenditures (capex), and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT), for each of McDermott and CB&I for calendar years 2017 through 2019 and 2022 based on the Forecasts. The analysis does not reflect the Synergies and reflects balance sheet items for McDermott and CB&I as of September 30, 2017, with CB&I s net debt adjusted to include an additional amount of \$323 million at the instruction of McDermott management.

Goldman Sachs performed the illustrative contribution analysis on both an unlevered and an implied levered equity basis. For the purposes of performing this analysis on an unlevered basis, Goldman Sachs calculated the relative size of contribution of each of McDermott and CB&I based on the financial metrics of each company for the calendar years 2017 through 2019 and 2022. For the purposes of performing this analysis on an implied levered equity basis, Goldman Sachs also analyzed the relative size of contribution of each of McDermott and CB&I based on illustrative levered equity values of McDermott and CB&I based on the financial metrics of each company for each of the calendar years 2017 through 2019 and 2022. Goldman Sachs derived the implied levered equity values by combining EVs for McDermott and CB&I, calculating implied blended EV multiples on the combined financial metrics of McDermott and CB&I and then applying those blended multiples to each of McDermott s and CB&I s standalone financial metrics to assign a levered equity value to each of McDermott and CB&I. Based on the relative sizes of contribution calculated based on the illustrative levered equity values described above, Goldman Sachs also calculated an implied illustrative exchange ratio for each such relative size of contribution.

The following table presents the results of this analysis:

	Implied Contribution (Unlevered)		Implied I Contribution	Implied Exchange	
	McDermott	CB&I	McDermott	CB&I	Ratio
Revenue					
2017E	30.6%	69.4%	45.4%	54.6%	3.35x
2018E	30.1%	69.9%	44.5%	55.5%	3.47x
2019E	37.9%	62.1%	56.9%	43.1%	2.11x
2022E	44.5%	55.5%	67.4%	32.6%	1.35x
EBITDA					
2017E	NM	NM	100%	0%	NM
2018E	35.9%	64.1%	53.7%	46.3%	2.40x
2019E	36.1%	63.9%	54.0%	46.0%	2.37x
2022E	45.6%	54.4%	69.2%	30.8%	1.24x
EBITDA less Capex					
2017E	NM	NM	100%	0%	NM
2018E	31.1%	68.9%	46.1%	53.9%	3.25x
2019E	28.8%	71.2%	42.5%	57.5%	3.77x
2022E	42.4%	57.6%	64.0%	36.0%	1.56x
EBIT					
2017E	NM	NM	100%	0%	NM
2018E	30.9%	69.1%	45.8%	54.2%	3.30x
2019E	29.8%	70.2%	44.0%	56.0%	3.55x
2022E	44.4%	55.6%	67.2%	32.8%	1.36x

Selected Precedent Transactions. Goldman Sachs analyzed certain publicly available information relating to the following transactions in the construction and engineering sectors.

Date Announced	Acquirer	Target	Transaction Value (in billions)	LTM EV / EBITDA Multiple
August 2017	Jacobs Engineering Group	CH2M HILL	\$3.3	10.1x
	Inc.			
		Companies Ltd.		
April 2017	SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.	WS Atkins plc	\$2.7	9.6x
March 2017	John Wood Group PLC	Amec Foster	\$4.0	9.7x
		Wheeler plc		
May 2016	FMC Technologies, Inc.	Technip S.A.	\$5.5	8.7x
March 2016	Stantec Inc.	MWH Global, Inc.	\$0.8	9.5x
December 2015	Fluor Corporation	Stork Holding B.V.	\$0.8	7.0x
November 2015	Team, Inc.	Furmanite Corporation	\$0.3	$\sim 10.0x - 11.0x$
August 2015	Kohlberg & Company,	Osmose Utilities Services,	\$0.6	11.0x
	L.L.C.	Inc.		
August 2014	Court Square Capital Partners	Pike Corporation	\$0.6	8.4x
July 2014	ARCADIS N.V.	Hyder Consulting PLC	\$0.4	10.5x
July 2014	Aecom Technology Corp.	URS Corp.	\$5.8	8.6x
June 2014	SNC-Lavalin Group, Inc.	Kentz Corporation Limited	\$1.7	9.6x
February 2014	Amec Plc	Foster Wheeler AG	\$3.0	10.5x
September 2013	First Reserve Corporation	Utility Services Associates,	\$0.3	6.3x
		Inc.		
April 2013	Kelso & Company	PowerTeam	\$0.8	~8.8x
		Services, LLC		
December 2012	Kelso & Company	Power Holdings	\$0.4	8.5x
July 2012	CB&I	Shaw Group	\$2.7	7.0x
February 2012	URS Corporation	Flint Energy	\$1.5	9.6x
		Services Ltd.		
September 2011	Technip S.A.	Global Industries,	\$1.1	NM
		Y . 1		
N. 1.2010	W"III C I	Ltd	Φ0.7	1.4.5
March 2010	Willbros Group, Inc.	InfrastruX Group,	\$0.5	14.5x
		Inc.		
November 2009	MasTec, Inc.	Precision Pipeline	\$0.2	2.8x
	,	r		
		LLC		
September 2009	Quanta Services, Inc.	Price Gregory	\$0.4	1.9x

Services,

		Incorporated		
October 2008	MasTec Inc.	Wanzek	\$0.2	3.8x
		Construction, Inc.		
August 2007	Quanta Services, Inc.	InfraSource	\$1.3	13.1x
		Services, Inc.		
November 2006	InfrastruX Group, Inc.	Hawkeye LLC	\$0.1	6.2x
May 2006	Tenaska Power Fund, L.P.	InfrastruX Group,	\$0.3	5.6x
		Inc.		
May 2004	Grupo Isolux Wat	Corsán Corviam	\$0.4	11.1x
		Group		
April 2000	GPU, Inc.	MYR Group Inc.	\$0.2	9.5x

Although none of the selected transactions is directly comparable to the contemplated transactions, the target companies in the selected transactions are involved in the construction and engineering industries such that, for purposes of analysis, the selected transactions may be considered similar to the contemplated transactions.

With respect to each of the selected transactions for which relevant information was publicly available, Goldman Sachs calculated the EV of the target company, as implied by the merger value, as a multiple of the target company s EBITDA, based on publicly available information, for the last 12-month period (LTM) prior to the announcement of the merger, or the LTM EV / EBITDA multiple. This analysis, the results of which are presented in the table above, resulted in a median LTM EV / EBITDA multiple of 9.5x, a high LTM EV / EBITDA multiple of 14.5x and a low LTM EV / EBITDA multiple of 1.9x.

The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. Selecting portions of the analyses or of the summary set forth above, without considering the analyses as a whole, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying Goldman Sachs—opinion. In arriving at its fairness determination, Goldman Sachs considered the results of all of its analyses and did not attribute any particular weight to any factor or analysis considered by it. Rather, Goldman Sachs made its determination as to fairness on the basis of its experience and professional judgment after considering the results of all of its analyses. No company or transaction used in the above analyses as a comparison is directly comparable to McDermott or CB&I or the contemplated transactions.

Goldman Sachs prepared these analyses for purposes of Goldman Sachs providing its opinion to the McDermott Board as to the fairness from a financial point of view to McDermott of the 2.47221, or, if the McDermott Reverse Stock Split has occurred prior to the date on which the Exchange Offer Effective Time occurs, 0.82407, shares of McDermott Common Stock to be paid by McDermott Bidco pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals nor do they necessarily reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Analyses based upon forecasts of future results are not necessarily indicative of actual future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by these analyses. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based upon numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of McDermott, CB&I, Goldman Sachs or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecast.

The merger consideration was determined through arm s-length negotiations between McDermott and CB&I and was approved by the McDermott Board. Goldman Sachs provided advice to McDermott during these negotiations. Goldman Sachs did not, however, recommend any specific amount of consideration to McDermott or its board of directors or that any specific amount of consideration constituted the only appropriate consideration for the contemplated transactions.

As described above, Goldman Sachs opinion to the McDermott Board was one of many factors taken into consideration by the McDermott Board in making its determination to approve the Business Combination Agreement. The foregoing summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Goldman Sachs in connection with the fairness opinion and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the written opinion of Goldman Sachs attached as Annex B.

Goldman Sachs and its affiliates are engaged in advisory, underwriting and financing, principal investing, sales and trading, research, investment management and other financial and non-financial activities and services for various persons and entities. Goldman Sachs and its affiliates and employees, and funds or other entities in which they invest or with which they co-invest, may at any time purchase, sell, hold or vote long or short positions and investments in securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments of

McDermott, CB&I, any of their respective affiliates and third parties, or any currency or commodity that may be involved in the contemplated transactions for the accounts of Goldman Sachs and its affiliates and employees and their customers. Goldman Sachs acted as financial advisor to McDermott in connection with, and participated in certain of the negotiations leading to, the contemplated transactions. During

the two year period ended December 18, 2017, the Investment Banking Division of Goldman Sachs has not been engaged by McDermott, CB&I or any of their respective affiliates to provide financial advisory or underwriting services for which Goldman Sachs has received compensation. Goldman Sachs may in the future provide investment banking services to McDermott, CB&I and their respective affiliates for which the Investment Banking Division of Goldman Sachs may receive compensation.

The McDermott Board selected Goldman Sachs as its financial advisor because it is an internationally recognized investment banking firm that has substantial experience in transactions similar to the contemplated transactions. Pursuant to a letter agreement dated December 15, 2017, McDermott engaged Goldman Sachs to act as its financial advisor in connection with the contemplated transactions. The engagement letter between McDermott and Goldman Sachs provides for a transaction fee of \$16 million, all of which is contingent upon consummation of the contemplated transactions. In addition, McDermott has agreed to reimburse Goldman Sachs for certain of its expenses, including attorneys fees and disbursements, and to indemnify Goldman Sachs and related persons against various liabilities, including certain liabilities under the federal securities laws.

Greenhill & Co., LLC

McDermott has retained Greenhill & Co., LLC (Greenhill) as one of its financial advisors in connection with the Combination. As part of Greenhill sengagement, the McDermott Board requested that Greenhill evaluate the fairness, from a financial point of view, to McDermott of the Exchange Offer Ratio to be paid pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement. At the December 17, 2017 meeting of the McDermott Board held to evaluate the Combination, Greenhill rendered an oral opinion, confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated as of December 18, 2017, to the effect that, as of such date and subject to and based on the various assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations of the review set forth therein, the Exchange Offer Ratio to be paid pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to McDermott.

The full text of the written opinion of Greenhill, dated as of December 18, 2017, which discusses, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations of the review undertaken by Greenhill in rendering its opinion, is attached to this document as Annex C and is incorporated herein by reference. The summary of the Greenhill opinion provided in this document is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion. McDermott stockholders are urged to read the Greenhill opinion carefully and in its entirety. The Greenhill opinion is solely for the information of the McDermott Board, in its capacity as such, and addresses only the fairness, from a financial point of view, to McDermott of the Exchange Offer Ratio to be paid pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement as of the date of the opinion. Greenhill was not requested to opine as to, and its opinion does not in any manner address, the underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the Combination or any related transactions, or the relative merits of the Combination as compared to other potential strategies or transactions that may be available to McDermott. The Greenhill opinion is not intended to be and does not constitute a recommendation to the members of the McDermott Board as to whether they should approve the Combination or the Business Combination Agreement or take any other action in connection therewith, nor does it constitute a recommendation as to how any stockholder should vote on any matter or otherwise act with respect to the Combination.

For purposes of its opinion, Greenhill, among other things:

reviewed the draft of the Business Combination Agreement, dated as of December 16, 2017, and certain related documents;

reviewed certain publicly available financial statements of each of McDermott and CB&I;

reviewed certain other publicly available business, operating and financial information relating to each of McDermott and CB&I;

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reviewed certain information, including financial forecasts and other financial and operating data concerning McDermott, prepared by the management of McDermott (in this section of this document, such forecasts and other data are referred to as the McDermott Forecasts), in each case that the McDermott Board directed Greenhill to utilize for purposes of Greenhill s analysis;

reviewed certain information, including financial forecasts and other financial and operating data concerning CB&I, prepared by the management of CB&I, and including certain estimates made by the management of McDermott (in this section of this document, such forecasts and other data are referred to as the CB&I Forecasts), in each case that the McDermott Board directed Greenhill to utilize for purposes of Greenhill s analysis;

discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of McDermott with senior executives of McDermott;

discussed the past and present operations and financial condition and the prospects of CB&I with senior executives of CB&I and McDermott;

reviewed certain information regarding the amount and timing of potential cost efficiencies and certain financial and operational benefits anticipated to result from the Combination prepared by management of McDermott, with input from a management consultation firm retained by McDermott in connection with the Combination, and approved for Greenhill suse by McDermott (in this section of this document, referred to as the Synergies);

reviewed the historical market prices and trading activity for McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock and analyzed their respective implied valuation multiples and historical exchange ratios;

compared the trading value of McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock with values for McDermott Common Stock and CB&I Common Stock, respectively, derived based on certain financial information and the trading valuations of certain publicly traded companies that Greenhill deemed relevant;

conducted a sum-of-the-parts analysis for selected businesses of CB&I, derived based on certain financial information and the trading valuations of certain publicly traded companies that Greenhill deemed relevant;

analyzed the valuation derived by discounting future unlevered cash flows and a terminal value for each of McDermott and CB&I at discount rates Greenhill deemed appropriate;

analyzed the relative contributions of McDermott and CB&I to the pro forma combined business, based upon a number of metrics that Greenhill deemed relevant;

participated in discussions and negotiations among representatives of McDermott and its legal advisors and other financial advisors and representatives of CB&I and its legal and financial advisors; and

performed such other analyses and considered such other factors as Greenhill deemed appropriate. In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information and data publicly available, supplied or otherwise made available to, or reviewed by or discussed with Greenhill for the purposes of its opinion and further relied upon the assurances of the representatives and management of McDermott and CB&I, as applicable, that they were not aware of any facts or circumstances that would make any such information inaccurate, incomplete or misleading. With respect to the McDermott Forecasts and the Synergies, Greenhill assumed that such McDermott Forecasts and Synergies, including the underlying assumptions, were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of McDermott, and Greenhill relied upon the McDermott Forecasts and the Synergies in arriving at its opinion. With respect to the CB&I Forecasts, Greenhill assumed that such CB&I Forecasts, including the underlying assumptions, were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting

the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of CB&I and McDermott, and Greenhill relied upon the CB&I Forecasts in arriving at its opinion. Greenhill expressed no opinion with respect to the McDermott Forecasts, the CB&I Forecasts or the Synergies or the assumptions upon which they were based. Greenhill relied upon the assessments of the representatives and management of McDermott and CB&I, as applicable, as to, among other things, (1) the potential tax impacts of the Combination and anticipated tax rates applicable to McDermott and CB&I, (2) the amount and nature of certain CB&I contingent legal liabilities and (3) the amount and nature of certain anticipated CB&I project losses.

In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill made no independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of McDermott or CB&I or any other entity, nor was Greenhill furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. Greenhill assumed that the Combination will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the final, executed Business Combination Agreement, which Greenhill further assumed was identical in all material respects to the latest draft thereof it reviewed, and without waiver or amendment of any material terms or conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement. Greenhill further assumed that all governmental, regulatory and other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the Combination will be obtained without any adverse effect on McDermott, CB&I, the Combination or the contemplated benefits of the Combination in any way meaningful to Greenhill s analysis. Greenhill is not a legal, regulatory, accounting or tax expert and relied on the assessments made by McDermott and CB&I and their respective advisors with respect to such issues. Greenhill s opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Greenhill as of, the date of the written opinion. It should be understood that subsequent developments may affect Greenhill s opinion, and Greenhill does not have any obligation to update, revise, or reaffirm its opinion.

Summary of Greenhill s Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the material financial and comparative analyses contained in the presentation that was made by Greenhill to the McDermott Board in connection with rendering its opinion described above. The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Greenhill, nor does the order of analyses described represent the relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Greenhill. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses performed by Greenhill, the tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are not alone a complete description of Greenhill s financial analyses. Considering the data set forth in the tables below without considering the narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying such analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Greenhill s financial analysis.

Selected Comparable Company Analysis

Greenhill performed a whole company comparable company analysis, which compared selected financial information, ratios and multiples for McDermott and CB&I to the corresponding data for publicly traded companies selected by Greenhill. As part of the comparable company analysis, Greenhill also performed a sum-of-the-parts analysis for CB&I, which compared selected financial information, ratios and multiples for CB&I s technology business, engineering and construction business and fabrication services business to the corresponding data for publicly traded companies selected by Greenhill that had businesses which were comparable to the CB&I businesses analyzed.

The companies used in the McDermott whole company comparison were:

John Wood Group PLC;

Aker ASA;

Fluor Corporation;

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Table of Contents TechnipFMC plc; Subsea 7 S.A.; and Saipem SPA. The companies used in the CB&I whole company comparison were: Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.; John Wood Group PLC; WorleyParsons Limited; Tecnicas Reunidas, S.A.; Fluor Corporation; KBR, Inc.; Petrofac Limited; and

Maire Tecnimont SpA.

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to McDermott or CB&I, Greenhill selected each of the above-listed companies because, among other reasons, they are publicly traded companies with operations or businesses in related sectors or for purposes of analysis may be considered similar or reasonably similar to the operations of McDermott or CB&I, as applicable. However, because of the inherent differences between the business, operations and prospects of McDermott and CB&I and those of the selected companies, Greenhill believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the numerical results of the selected company analysis. Accordingly, Greenhill also made qualitative judgments concerning differences between the business, financial and operating characteristics and prospects of McDermott and CB&I and the selected companies that could affect the public trading values of each in order to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis. These qualitative judgments related primarily to the differing sizes, growth prospects, revenue mix, profitability levels and degree of operational risk between McDermott and CB&I and the companies included in the selected company analysis. Greenhill also made judgments as to the relative comparability of the various valuation parameters with respect to those companies. Greenhill s analysis was based on publicly available data and information for the selected companies, including information published by FactSet Research Systems Inc. and public filings, the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts.

For each of the selected companies, Greenhill compared financial information and reviewed, among other information, the ratio of enterprise value (which we refer to in this section of this document as EV) which was calculated as fully diluted equity value derived by multiplying the number of fully diluted outstanding shares of that company as reported in its most recent public filings by the company s common stock closing share price on December 14, 2017, plus the book value of debt, plus minority interest, less cash and cash equivalents, less investments in unconsolidated affiliates, as a multiple of estimated earnings from operations before interest expense, income taxes and depreciation and amortization (which we refer to in this section of this document as EBITDA) for 2018 and 2019. For each of the selected companies, Greenhill also reviewed the ratio of EV as a multiple of EBITDA less capital expenditures, which was calculated as EBITDA less estimated expenses associated with capital expenditures (which we refer to in this section of this document as EBITDA Capex), for 2018 and 2019. The multiple ranges resulting from these analyses are summarized below:

	McDerm	CB&l	CB&I Comparison			
	Average of Selec	Av	Average of Selected			
Metric	Companies	Low	High	Companies	Low	High
2018E EV/EBITDA	7.7x	5.3x	10.4x	8.7x	6.2x	10.6x
2019E EV/EBITDA	7.0x	5.1x	8.8x	7.6x	6.0x	9.5x
2018E EV/EBITDA Capex	10.6x	8.1x	13.6x	10.3x	6.4x	13.0x
2019E EV/EBITDA Capex	10.0x	8.2x	13.8x	8.9x	6.2x	11.0x

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The average multiples exclude McDermott and CB&I. From these analyses, based on its professional judgment and experience, Greenhill selected the following ranges of multiples it deemed most meaningful for its analysis:

	McDermott Comparison	CB&I Comparison Multiple
Metric	Multiple Range	Range
2018E EV/EBITDA	6.5x-7.5x	6.5x-7.5x
2019E EV/EBITDA	6.5x-7.5x	6.5x-7.5x
2018E EV/EBITDA Capex	8.5x-9.5x	7.5x-8.5x
2019E EV/EBITDA Capex	8.5x-9.5x	7.5x-8.5x

Greenhill applied such ranges of multiples to the corresponding McDermott Forecasts and CB&I Forecasts and, as a result, arrived at high and low implied estimated McDermott and CB&I EVs. Greenhill then subtracted net debt to calculate the high and low implied estimated McDermott and CB&I equity values and implied estimated per share values for the McDermott Common Stock and the CB&I Common Stock. Projected net debt amounts as of December 31, 2017 for McDermott and CB&I were \$195 million and \$2,061 million, respectively, as provided in the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts. The results of these analyses are summarized below:

(\$ in millions, except per share data)	McDermott			CB&I				
		Implied						
	Implied	l Equity	Sha	are	Implied	Equity	Implied	d Share
	Va	lue	Pr	ice	Va	lue	Pr	ice
Metric	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
2018E EV/ EBITDA	\$1,836	\$ 2,149	\$6.27	\$7.34	\$1,567	\$2,126	\$ 14.93	\$ 20.24
2019E EV/ EBITDA	1,841	2,154	6.29	7.36	1,548	2,103	14.75	20.03
2018E EV/ EBITDA Capex	1,821	2,058	6.22	7.03	1,877	2,402	17.88	22.87
2019E EV/EBITDA Capex	1,570	1,778	5.36	6.07	1,781	2,293	16.96	21.84

Greenhill then used the above implied estimated equity values and implied estimated per share values to calculate for each metric (1) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low CB&I implied equity value, (2) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value, (3) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low CB&I implied equity value and (4) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value. Greenhill compared these ranges to the proposed Exchange Offer Ratio and resulting pro forma ownership in the combined business. The results of these analyses are summarized below:

	<u>-</u>	rmott Ownership	I12 . J. E.	ushawa Datis
	Percentage in Combined Business High McDermott /		Implied Exchange Ration High McDermott /	
	Low	Low McDermott /	Low	Low McDermott /
Metric	CB&I	High CB&I	CB&I	High CB&I
2018E EV/ EBITDA	57.8%	46.4%	2.03393x	3.22615x
2019E EV/ EBITDA	58.2%	46.7%	2.00443x	3.18511x

2018E EV/EBITDA Capex	52.3%	43.1%	2.54247x	3.67616x
2019E EV/ EBITDA Capex	50.0%	40.6%	2.79288x	4.07035x
Sum of the Parts Analysis				

The companies used in the CB&I technology business comparison were:

Albemarle Corporation;

Honeywell International Inc.;

WR Grace and Company;

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PolyOne Corporation;
Eastman Chemical Company
Stepan Company;
HB Fuller Company;
KBR, Inc.; and

Maire Tecnimont SpA.

For its analysis of CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses, Greenhill utilized the selected companies included in the CB&I whole company comparison described above under Company Analysis.

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to CB&I s technology business or CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses, Greenhill selected each of the selected companies because, among other reasons, they are publicly traded companies with operations or businesses that for purposes of analysis may be considered similar or reasonably similar to the operations of CB&I s technology business or CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses, as applicable. However, because of the inherent differences between the business, operations and prospects of CB&I s businesses and those of the selected companies, Greenhill believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the numerical results of the selected company analysis. Accordingly, Greenhill also made qualitative judgments concerning differences between the business, financial and operating characteristics and prospects of CB&I s technology business, CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses and the businesses of the selected companies that could affect the public trading values of each in order to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis. These qualitative judgments related primarily to the differing sizes, growth prospects, revenue mix, profitability levels and degree of operational risk between CB&I s technology business, CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses and the companies included in this analysis. Greenhill also made judgments as to the relative comparability of the various valuation parameters with respect to those companies. Greenhill s analysis was based on publicly available data and information for the selected companies, including information published by FactSet Research Systems Inc. and public filings, and the CB&I Forecasts.

For each of the selected companies, Greenhill compared financial information and reviewed, among other information, the ratio of EV as a multiple of estimated 2018 EBITDA. The multiple ranges resulting from the analysis of the selected companies in the CB&I technology business comparison is summarized below.

	Average of Selected		
	Companies	Low	High
CB&I technology business	9.6x	6.2x	14.8x

From these analyses, based on its professional judgment and experience, Greenhill selected the following ranges of multiples of EV to estimated 2018 EBITDA for CB&I s technology business and CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses it deemed most meaningful for its analysis:

	Low	High
CB&I engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses	4.0x	6.0x
CB&I technology business	9.0x	11.0x

Greenhill calculated a range of implied per share prices for CB&I Common Stock by dividing: (1) the sum of the ranges of implied EVs for each of CB&I s technology business and CB&I s engineering and construction and fabrication services businesses, plus CB&I s projected cash balance as of December 31, 2017 as included in the CB&I Forecasts, less CB&I s projected net debt amount as of December 31, 2017 as included in the CB&I

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Forecasts; by (2) the number of fully diluted shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding as of December 7, 2017, as determined by management of CB&I. The following table reflects the reference ranges of multiples and implied EVs calculated by Greenhill in performing this analysis:

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	20	18E	Mul	tiple	Impli	ed EV
	EB	ITDA	Low	High	Low	High
CB&I engineering and construction and fabrication services						
businesses	\$	321	4.0x	6.0x	\$ 1,284	\$1,927
CB&I technology business		237	9.0x	11.0x	2,134	2,608
Implied EV	\$	558			\$3,418	\$4,534

Greenhill used the results of the above analyses to calculate a range of implied estimated equity values and estimated per share prices for the CB&I Common Stock. Market data utilized by Greenhill was as of December 14, 2017. Fully diluted shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding were as of December 7, 2017, as determined by CB&I management. CB&I s projected net debt amount as of December 31, 2017 was \$2,061 million, as provided in the CB&I Forecasts. The following table reflects the high and low implied estimated CB&I equity values and high and low implied estimated per share values for the CB&I Common Stock calculated by Greenhill in performing theses analyses:

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)

Implied Share

Implied Equity Value Price

Low High Low High

\$ 1,357 \$ 2,474 \$ 12.93 \$ 23.55

Greenhill then used the above implied estimated equity values and implied estimated per share values for CB&I and the implied estimated equity values and implied estimated per share values calculated for McDermott in the McDermott whole company comparison described above under Comparable Company Analysis for 2018E EV/EBITDA, to calculate (1) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low CB&I implied equity value, (2) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value, (3) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low CB&I implied equity value and (4) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value. Greenhill compared these ranges to the proposed Exchange Offer Ratio and resulting pro forma ownership in the combined business. The results of these analyses are summarized below:

	Implied McDermott Ov	vnership Percentage in		
Combined Business		Implied Exchange Ratio		
	High McDermott / Low	Low McDermott / High	High McDermott / Low	Low McDermott / High
	CB&I	CB&I	CB&I	CB&I
	61.3%	42.6%	1.76175x	3.75365x

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Greenhill performed separate discounted cash flow analyses of McDermott and CB&I by calculating the estimated present value of the standalone unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that McDermott and CB&I were projected to generate during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022. In these analyses, Greenhill utilized projections included in the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts, as applicable. For purposes of the CB&I analysis potential tax savings expected to be realized through the utilization of CB&I s net operating loss carryforwards on a standalone basis were taken into account based on estimates made by McDermott management. Greenhill calculated terminal values for McDermott and CB&I by applying to McDermott s and CB&I s respective standalone unlevered, after-tax free cash flows for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022 a selected range of perpetuity growth rates of 2.00% to 3.00%. The present

values (as of December 31, 2017) of McDermott s and CB&I s respective cash \$6,698 and terminal values were then calculated using a selected discount rate range of, in the case of McDermott, 12.0% to 14.0%, and, in the case of CB&I, 10.75% to 12.75%.

Greenhill used the results of the discounted cash flow analyses to calculate a range of implied estimated equity values and estimated per share prices for the McDermott Common Stock and the CB&I Common Stock. Market data utilized by Greenhill was as of December 14, 2017. Fully diluted shares of CB&I Common Stock outstanding were as of December 7, 2017, as determined by CB&I management. Fully diluted shares of McDermott Common Stock outstanding were as of November 30, 2017, as determined by McDermott management. Projected net debt amounts as of December 31, 2017 for McDermott and CB&I were \$195 million and \$2,061 million, respectively, as provided in the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts. The following table reflects the high and low implied estimated McDermott and CB&I equity values and high and low implied estimated per share values for the McDermott Common Stock and the CB&I Common Stock calculated by Greenhill in performing theses analyses:

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts) **McDermott** CB&I Implied Equity Valueplied Share Princeplied Equity Valueplied Share Price Low High Low High Low High Low High \$2,524 \$3,369 \$8.62 \$ 11.51 \$1,802 \$3,185 \$17.17 \$30.33

Greenhill used the high and low implied estimated McDermott and CB&I equity values and high and low implied estimated per share values for the McDermott Common Stock and the CB&I Common Stock to calculate (1) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low CB&I equity value, (2) an implied McDermott ownership percentage in the combined business utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value, (3) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the high McDermott implied equity value and the low implied equity value and (4) an implied exchange ratio utilizing the low McDermott implied equity value and the high CB&I implied equity value. Greenhill compared these ranges to the proposed Exchange Offer Ratio and resulting pro forma ownership in the combined business. The results of these analyses are summarized below:

Implied McDermott Ownership Percentage in Combined Business			ness Implied Exc	hange Ratio
	High McDermott / Low	Low McDermott / High	High McDermott / Low	Low McDermott / High
	CD 0.1	CD 0.1	CD 0.1	CD 6.1
	CB&I	CB&I	CB&I	CB&I
	65.2%	44.2%	1.49120x	3.51774x

Contribution Analysis

Greenhill performed a contribution analysis, which reviewed the pro forma contributions of each of McDermott and CB&I to the combined business based on certain operational and financial metrics, including estimated revenue, estimated EBITDA and estimated EBITDA Capex. Estimated implied levered equity contributions were calculated by combining EVs for McDermott and CB&I, then calculating implied estimated blended EV multiples using combined metrics, and applying those multiples to each company s individual metrics and subtracting each company s projected net debt as of December 31, 2017. Greenhill s analysis was based on the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts. Projected net debt amounts as of December 31, 2017 for McDermott and CB&I were \$195 million and \$2,061 million, respectively, as provided in the McDermott Forecasts and the CB&I Forecasts. Synergies were not

included in this analysis.

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The computations described above resulted in the following estimates of implied relative equity contributions, pro forma ownership and exchange ratios:

Implied Relative Equity Contribution (Levered)				
(\$ in millions)	McDermott	CB&I	Implied Exchange Ratio	
Revenue				
2017E	43.0%	57.0%	3.69561x	
2018E	42.2%	57.8%	3.82454x	
2019E	54.3%	45.7%	2.34530x	
2020E	61.5%	38.5%	1.74329x	
EBITDA				
2017E	not meaningful	not meaningful	not meaningful	
2018E	51.2%	48.8%	2.65900x	
2019E	51.4%	48.6%	2.63076x	
2020E	61.8%	38.2%	1.72312x	
EBITDA Capex				
2017E	not meaningful	not meaningful	not meaningful	
2018E	43.7%	56.3%	3.58723x	
2019E	40.2%	59.8%	4.14896x	
2020E	55.1%	44.9%	2.27437x	

Greenhill compared these implied exchange ratios to the proposed Exchange Offer Ratio.

Precedent Transactions Analysis

Greenhill performed an analysis of selected recent business combinations involving target companies in the engineering and construction industry that in Greenhill s judgment were relevant for its analysis. This analysis was based on publicly available information, including public filings and investor presentations, and the Capital IQ database. Although Greenhill analyzed the multiples implied by the selected transactions, none of these transactions or associated companies is identical to the Combination, McDermott or CB&I. Accordingly, Greenhill s analysis of the selected transactions necessarily involved complex considerations and judgments concerning the differences in financial and operating characteristics, the parties involved and the terms of their transactions and other factors that would necessarily affect the implied value of the companies in the selected transactions.

Greenhill reviewed the consideration paid in the transactions and analyzed the EV implied by such consideration as a multiple of last-12-month revenue (for the 12-month period prior to the fiscal quarter in which the transaction was announced) and as a multiple of last-12-month EBITDA (for the 12-month period prior to the fiscal quarter in which the transaction was announced).

The following table identifies the selected transactions reviewed by Greenhill in this analysis and the EVs, EV/last-12-month revenue multiples and EV/last-12-month EBITDA multiples calculated for such transactions:

(\$ in millions)					
Date Announced	Acquiror	Target	EV	EV/ LTM Revenue	EV/ LTM EBITDA
August 2017	Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.	CH2M Hill Companies Ltd.	\$ 3,270	0.74x	10.1x
April 2017	SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.	WS Atkins plc	2,677	1.00x	9.6x
March 2017	John Wood Group PLC	Amec Foster Wheeler plc	4,030	0.61x	9.7x
October 2016	General Electric Company	Baker Hughes Incorporated	31,685	1.95x	11.0x
May 2016	FMC Technologies, Inc.	Technip S.A.	5,489	0.93x	8.7x
March 2016	Stantec Inc.	MWH Global, Inc.	795	0.62x	9.5x
July 2014	Arcadis NV	Hyder Consulting	419	0.84x	10.5x
July 2014	AECOM Technology Corporation	URS Corporation	5,748	0.55x	8.6x
June 2014	SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.	Kentz Corporation Limited	1,689	0.79x	9.6x
February 2014	AMEC plc	Foster Wheeler AG	2,891	0.87x	10.5x
September 2013	Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.	Sinclair Knight Merz	1,100	0.91x	6.6x
July 2012	CB&I	The Shaw Group, Inc.	2,744	0.45x	7.0x
February 2012	URS Corporation	Flint Energy Services Ltd	1,466	0.90x	9.6x
September 2011	Technip S.A.	Global Industries, Ltd.	1,053	1.94x	not

meaningful

Using the above results, Greenhill derived reference ranges of multiples paid in the precedent transactions as summarized below:

	EV/LTM Revenue	EV/LTM EBITDA
Mean	0.94x	9.2x
Median	0.85x	9.6x
High	1.95x	11.0x
Low	0.45x	6.6x

General

The summary set forth above does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Greenhill, but simply describes, in summary form, the material analyses that Greenhill conducted in connection with rendering its opinion. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Greenhill did not attribute any particular weight to any analyses or factors considered by it and did not form an opinion as to whether any individual analysis or factor, considered in isolation, supported or failed to support its opinion. Rather, Greenhill considered the totality of the factors and analyses performed in determining its opinion. Accordingly, Greenhill believes that the summary set forth above and its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions thereof, without considering all of its analyses, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying its analyses and opinion. Greenhill based its analyses on assumptions that it deemed reasonable, including assumptions concerning general business and economic conditions and industry-specific factors. Analyses based on forecasts or projections of future results are inherently

uncertain, as they are subject to numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their advisors. Accordingly, Greenhill s analyses are not necessarily indicative of actual values or actual future results that might be achieved, which values may be higher or lower than those indicated. Moreover, Greenhill s analyses are not and do not purport to be appraisals or otherwise reflective of the prices at which businesses actually could be bought or sold. In addition, no company or transaction used in Greenhill s analysis as a comparison is directly comparable to McDermott, CB&I or the Combination. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based on numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of McDermott,

CB&I or Greenhill or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecasts or projections.

The Exchange Offer Ratio to be paid pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was determined through arms length negotiations between McDermott and CB&I and was approved by the McDermott Board. Greenhill provided advice to the McDermott Board during these negotiations. Greenhill did not, however, recommend any specific exchange ratio to McDermott or the McDermott Board or that any specific exchange ratio constituted the only appropriate consideration for the Combination. Greenhill s opinion did not in any manner address the underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the Combination.

Greenhill s opinion was approved by Greenhill s fairness opinion committee.

Greenhill has acted as financial advisor to McDermott in connection with the Combination. During the two years ended December 18, 2017, Greenhill has not been engaged by, performed any services for or received any compensation from McDermott, CB&I or any other parties to the Combination or their respective affiliates, other than amounts that were paid to Greenhill under the letter agreement pursuant to which Greenhill was retained as a financial advisor to McDermott in connection with the Combination.

In connection with the Combination, McDermott has agreed to pay Greenhill a fee of \$16 million, of which \$3.2 million was paid in connection with the delivery of the opinion and the remainder of which is contingent on completion of the Combination. McDermott has also agreed to reimburse Greenhill for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred by it in connection with its engagement and will indemnify Greenhill against certain liabilities that may arise out of its engagement.

Greenhill is an internationally recognized investment banking firm regularly engaged in providing financial advisory services in connection with mergers and acquisitions. McDermott selected Greenhill as its financial advisor in connection with the Combination on the basis of Greenhill sexperience in similar transactions, its reputation in the investment community and its familiarity with the engineering and construction business.

Greenhill s opinion was one of the many factors considered by the McDermott Board in its evaluation of the Combination and should not be viewed as determinative of the views of the McDermott Board with respect to the Combination.

CB&I s Reasons for the Combination; Recommendation of the CB&I Boards

After careful consideration and consultation with outside legal and financial advisors, the CB&I Boards, in meetings held on December 17, 2017: (1) determined that the Core Transactions and the Exchange Offer and the other transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (and any prior or subsequent (legal or other) acts necessary or desirable to effectuate or implement the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) are in the best interests of CB&I and its business, taking into account the interests of the shareholders, creditors, employees and other stakeholders of CB&I and the CB&I group; (2) approved the Business Combination Agreement and CB&I s execution, delivery and performance of the Business Combination Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby; (3) resolved to recommend approval and adoption by the holders of Shares of CB&I Common Stock of the Merger Resolution, the Sale Resolutions, the Liquidation Resolutions and the Discharge Resolutions; and (4) resolved to support the Exchange Offer and to recommend acceptance of the Exchange Offer by the shareholders of CB&I, in each case upon the terms and subject to the conditions stated in the Business Combination Agreement.

The CB&I Supervisory Board recommends that CB&I stockholders vote:

- 1. FOR the Articles Amendment Resolution;
- 2. FOR the Merger Resolution;

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- 3. FOR the Sale Resolutions;
- 4. FOR the Liquidation Resolutions;
- 5. FOR the Discharge Resolutions; and
- 6. FOR the Compensation Resolution.

In evaluating the Combination and the Business Combination Agreement and arriving at its determination, the CB&I Boards consulted with CB&I s senior management and CB&I s outside legal and financial advisors and considered a number of substantive factors, both positive and negative, regarding the Combination. The CB&I Boards believe that, taken as a whole, the following factors supported its decision to approve the Combination:

Consideration. The value of the consideration to be received by CB&I shareholders in relation to (1) the market prices of CB&I Common Stock prior to the CB&I Boards approval of the Business Combination Agreement; (2) the CB&I Boards assessment of the value of and viability of CB&I as an independent entity; and (3) the value that could potentially be obtained through, and the viability of, other strategic alternatives available to CB&I.

Creation of Fully Vertically Integrated Onshore-Offshore Company. The CB&I Boards considered that the Combination would create a fully vertically integrated onshore-offshore company with a broad engineering, procurement, construction and installation service offering and market-leading technology portfolio.

Participation in Potential Upside. The fact that, since CB&I shareholders will receive shares of McDermott Common Stock in exchange for their shares of CB&I Common Stock in the Combination, CB&I shareholders will benefit from an approximately 47% pro forma continuing equity ownership in McDermott (based on share prices of CB&I Common Stock and McDermott Common Stock on December 18, 2017) and have the opportunity to participate in any future earnings or growth of McDermott and future appreciation in the value of McDermott Common Stock following the Combination should they determine to retain the shares of McDermott Common Stock received in the Combination.

Expected Cost Synergies. The expectation that the combined business will generate anticipated annualized cost synergies of \$250 million by 2019, which CB&I shareholders will benefit from as continuing stockholders of McDermott. The CB&I Boards also considered that there could be no assurance that any particular amount of such synergies would be achieved following completion of the Combination or on the anticipated timeframe.

Comparison of Strategic and Financial Alternatives. On August 9, 2017, CB&I entered into amendments to its credit facilities and note purchase agreements with its lenders which required CB&I to commence a

process to sell its technology business on a specified, compressed timetable in order to generate capital to repay CB&I s existing indebtedness. On several occasions in the fall of 2017, the CB&I Boards evaluated carefully, with the assistance of outside legal and financial advisors, the risks and potential benefits associated with a number of strategic or financial alternatives and the potential for stakeholder value associated with those alternatives, including the following:

the status of the technology sale process and potential options to address the transaction certainty concerns with respect to certain of the potential bidders for the technology business, including ability to obtain required regulatory approvals, either on a timely basis, or at all, the possibility that some of the potential acquirors might require CB&I to obtain a solvency opinion and the prospects for obtaining such an opinion, the potential need to prepare audited financials for the technology business and financing concerns;

the proposals received in the technology sale process, including an evaluation of whether any of the proposals as received would be actionable by CB&I in light of the terms proposed, execution risk, and the likely absence of sufficient financing for CB&I to properly fund its ongoing

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operations after a sale of the technology business, taking into account results of discussions with and proposals received from potential financing sources, as well as the projected level of CB&I s indebtedness by the time of a technology sale closing, the projected liquidity and credit needs of CB&I, and that a sale of technology at the proposed valuations would likely be sufficient to repay CB&I s indebtedness but with little excess to support CB&I s ongoing liquidity needs;

that one of the financing parties that had indicated a potential willingness to provide new financing to CB&I on a standalone basis was no longer interested in participating unless a technology sale was completed, and the other party remained potentially interested but would be unable to provide sufficient liquidity to meet CB&I s needs on its own;

that ultimately the technology sale process did not produce any proposals which were, in the view of the CB&I Boards after discussion and analysis, superior options to the Combination, due in part to the lack of financing options for CB&I to meet its liquidity and operational needs following a technology sale, the likelihood of the technology sale proceeds to repay CB&I s outstanding indebtedness, and the likelihood of consummation of the technology sale;

that the Combination would create more value for CB&I and its stakeholders, taken as a whole, than the technology sale would have, which was likely to benefit first and foremost (if not only), CB&I s secured creditors; and

that the Combination presented the best alternative available to CB&I and all of its stakeholders, and that continuing to actively pursue other strategic alternatives, including a potential technology sale, was likely to jeopardize CB&I s ability to achieve any of the available alternatives.

As a result, the CB&I Boards, supported by the analysis of CB&I s legal and financial advisors, concluded that the proposed Combination presented an attractive strategic opportunity for CB&I and its stakeholders and in addition was the best alternative available to CB&I and its stakeholders, due to the expectation of the CB&I Boards that none of the bidders in the technology sale process was able to put forth an actionable proposal that would permit CB&I to continue to operate with sufficient liquidity and credit to fund ongoing operations following a technology sale, and the fact that under the terms of CB&I s outstanding indebtedness, CB&I would have no choice but to seek bankruptcy protection if it did not enter into an agreement with respect to either the technology sale or the Combination. As part of this discussion, the CB&I Boards considered the fact that CB&I s efforts to obtain commitments for new financing on a standalone basis that would permit the refinancing of its existing debt had not been successful. Accordingly, the CB&I Boards unanimously determined that the Business Combination Agreement and the Combination were fair to, advisable and in the best interests of CB&I and its business, taking into account the interests of shareholders, creditors, employees and other stakeholders of CB&I and the CB&I group and unanimously approved the Business Combination Agreement and the Combination, with such determination and approval conditioned on confirmation by CB&I management that McDermott had obtained financing commitments in an amount deemed to be sufficient by CB&I management.

Uncertainty of Future Common Stock Market Price. The CB&I Boards considered CB&I s business, assets, financial condition, results of operations, management, competitive position and prospects, as well as

current industry, economic and stock and credit market conditions. The CB&I Boards also considered CB&I s liquidity constraints and the financial covenants contained in the agreements governing CB&I s outstanding indebtedness. In connection with these considerations, the CB&I Boards considered the attendant risk that, if CB&I completed the technology sale and remained independent, CB&I may not have sufficient liquidity to fund its financial and operational needs, which would have a negative impact on its future stock price.

Negotiations with McDermott. The benefits that CB&I and its advisors were able to obtain during its extensive negotiations with McDermott, including negotiating an increase in the Exchange Offer Ratio. The CB&I Boards believed that the consideration reflected in the Business Combination Agreement

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was the best transaction that could be obtained by CB&I shareholders at the time, and that there was no assurance that a more favorable opportunity would arise later or through any alternative transaction.

Fixed Exchange Offer Ratio. The fact that because the Exchange Offer Ratio is a fixed ratio of shares of McDermott Common Stock to shares of CB&I Common Stock, CB&I shareholders will have the opportunity to benefit from any increase in the trading price of shares of McDermott Common Stock between the announcement of the Combination and the completion of the Combination.

Financial Advisor s **Financial Analyses and Opinion**. The oral opinion of Centerview rendered to the Supervisory Board on December 17, 2017, which was subsequently confirmed by delivery of a written opinion to the CB&I Boards dated such date that, as of such date and based upon and subject to the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion, the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than McDermott or its affiliates). For a summary of Centerview s opinion, please see Opinion of CB&I s Financial Advisor beginning on page 98.

Likelihood of Consummation. The likelihood that the Combination would be completed, in light of, among other things, the nature of the closing conditions, which are minimal and customary, the likelihood of satisfaction of the closing conditions, including the financing condition, the strength of the financial covenants and the likelihood the Combination would be approved by the requisite regulatory authorities.

Terms of the Business Combination Agreement. The terms and conditions of the Business Combination Agreement, including (1) the representations, warranties and covenants of the parties, (2) the conditions to the parties obligations to complete the Combination and their limited ability to terminate the Business Combination Agreement, (3) the ability of CB&I to specifically enforce the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, (4) the fact that before the CB&I Shareholder Approval is obtained, the CB&I Boards, under certain circumstances, are permitted to discuss and negotiate any unsolicited acquisition proposal, should one be made, and, under certain circumstances, may terminate the Business Combination Agreement to enter into an unsolicited superior acquisition proposal (concurrently with paying a \$60 million termination fee to McDermott) and (5) the structure of the Combination, which includes an Exchange Offer which permits CB&I shareholders to exchange their shares of CB&I Common Stock for shares of McDermott Common Stock in a transaction without incurring Dutch Dividend Withholding Tax.

Financial Strength of McDermott. The likelihood that McDermott would be able to finance the Combination and the combined business given McDermott s financial resources, financial profile and the financing commitments that it obtained from Barclays, CACIB, GS, ABN, BTMU, Standard Chartered and HSBC.

McDermott s **Business and Management**. The results of the due diligence investigation that CB&I senior management conducted with the assistance of its advisors on McDermott with respect to certain matters and capabilities of McDermott and its management, including the historical experience of McDermott s

management in strengthening its financial condition.

The Combined Business Board and Management. That five persons who are current members of the CB&I Supervisory Board will serve on the McDermott Board of Directors following completion of the Combination and that Patrick Mullen, President and Chief Executive Officer of CB&I, will remain with the combined business for a transition period following the closing of the Combination.

Absence of Competing Offers. That CB&I had not received any inquiries concerning alternative whole-company transactions and, in fact, when CB&I approached one of the bidders in the technology sale process regarding a strategic combination in lieu of an acquisition solely of the technology business, the bidder indicated that it was not interested in pursuing a transaction with CB&I other than an acquisition of the technology business. The CB&I Boards also believed that the benefits of soliciting

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interest from any other potential parties were outweighed by a number of risks, including that such solicitation would jeopardize the proposed transaction with McDermott and/or the technology sale process. The CB&I Boards also observed that, in the event any third party were to seek to make such a proposal, CB&I retained the ability to consider unsolicited proposals after the execution of the Business Combination Agreement until the CB&I Shareholder Approval is obtained and to enter into an agreement with respect to a superior acquisition proposal under certain circumstances (concurrently with terminating the Business Combination Agreement and paying a \$60 million termination fee to McDermott).

The CB&I Boards also considered certain potentially negative factors in its deliberations concerning the Combination, including the following:

Fixed Exchange Offer Ratio. The fact that because the Exchange Offer Ratio is a fixed ratio of shares of McDermott Common Stock to shares of CB&I Common Stock, CB&I shareholders could be adversely affected by a decrease in the trading price of shares of McDermott Common Stock during the pendency of the Combination, and the fact that the Business Combination Agreement does not provide CB&I with a price-based termination right or other similar protection. The CB&I Boards determined that this structure was appropriate and the risk acceptable in view of factors such as the CB&I Boards review of the relative intrinsic values and financial performance of CB&I and McDermott.

Possible Failure to Achieve Synergies. The risk that the potential benefits and synergies sought in the Combination will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period, the risk associated with the integration by McDermott of CB&I and the fact that the analyses and projections on which the CB&I Boards made their determinations are estimates and therefore uncertain.

McDermott Indebtedness. The fact that McDermott will have a significant amount of indebtedness and debt service requirements following the Combination, which could adversely affect McDermott following the Combination by inhibiting McDermott s business flexibility and imposing significant interest expense, and therefore adversely affect CB&I shareholders as stockholders of McDermott should they determine to retain the shares of McDermott Common Stock received in the Combination.

Combination Financing. The risk that, despite the relatively limited conditionality, the debt financing contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement will not be obtained, resulting in McDermott not having sufficient funds to complete the Combination, or McDermott not having sufficient funds to operate following the Combination and the fact that the debt financing is a condition to completion of the Combination.

Restrictions on Operation of CB&I s Business. The requirement that CB&I conduct its business in all material respects in the ordinary course prior to completion of the Combination and subject to specified restrictions unless McDermott provides its prior written consent (which consent may not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), which might delay or prevent CB&I from undertaking certain business opportunities that might arise pending completion of the Combination. The CB&I Boards also considered that these restrictions were customary and acceptable.

Termination for Superior Proposals. The fact that McDermott retained the ability to consider unsolicited proposals after the execution of the Business Combination Agreement until the McDermott Stockholder Approval is obtained and to enter into an agreement with respect to a superior acquisition proposal under certain circumstances (concurrently with terminating the Business Combination Agreement and paying a \$60 million termination fee to CB&I).

Other Risks. The risks described under Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements on page 36 and Risk Factors beginning on page 25.

The CB&I Boards concluded that the benefits of the transaction to CB&I and its stakeholders outweighed the perceived risks. In view of the wide variety of factors considered, and the complexity of these matters, the CB&I

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Boards did not find it practicable to, and did not attempt to, quantify or assign any relative or specific weights to the various factors it considered. Rather, the CB&I Boards viewed the decisions as being based on the totality of the information available to it. In addition, individual members of the CB&I Boards may have given differing weights to different factors.

Opinion of CB&I s Financial Advisor

On December 17, 2017, Centerview rendered to the CB&I Supervisory Board its oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in a written opinion to the CB&I Boards dated such date, that, as of such date and based upon and subject to various assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion, the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the business combination agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than Excluded Shares).

The full text of Centerview s written opinion, dated December 17, 2017, which describes the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion, is attached as Annex D and is incorporated herein by reference. The summary of the written opinion of Centerview set forth below is qualified in its entirety to the full text of Centerview s written opinion attached as Annex D. Centerview s financial advisory services and opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the CB&I Boards (in their capacity as directors and not in any other capacity) in connection with and for purposes of its consideration of the Combination and Centerview s opinion only addressed the fairness, from a financial point of view, as of the date thereof, of the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than Excluded Shares). Centerview s opinion did not address any other term or aspect of the Business Combination Agreement or the Combination and does not constitute a recommendation to any shareholder of CB&I or any other person as to how such shareholder or other person should vote with respect to the Combination or otherwise act with respect to the Combination or any other matter.

The full text of Centerview s written opinion should be read carefully in its entirety for a description of the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered, and qualifications and limitations upon the review undertaken by Centerview in preparing its opinion.

In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Centerview reviewed, among other things:

a draft of the Business Combination Agreement dated December 17, 2017, referred to in this section of the document as the Draft Agreement;

Annual Reports on Form 10-K of CB&I for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014;

Annual Reports on Form 10-K of McDermott for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014;

the Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 25, 2017 of McDermott;

certain interim reports to shareholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of CB&I;

certain interim reports to stockholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of McDermott;

certain publicly available research analyst reports for CB&I and McDermott;

certain other communications from CB&I and McDermott to their respective shareholders or stockholders, as applicable;

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certain internal information relating to the business, operations, earnings, cash flow, assets, liabilities and prospects of CB&I, including certain financial forecasts, analyses and projections relating to CB&I prepared by management of CB&I and furnished to Centerview by CB&I for purposes of Centerview s analysis, which are referred to in this section of this document as the CB&I Forecasts, and which are collectively referred to in this section of this document as the CB&I Internal Data;

certain internal information relating to the business, operations, earnings, cash flow, assets, liabilities and prospects of McDermott, including certain financial forecasts, analyses and projections relating to McDermott prepared by management of McDermott and furnished to Centerview by McDermott for purposes of Centerview s analysis, which are referred to in this section of this document as the McDermott Forecasts, and which are collectively referred to in this section of this document as the McDermott Internal Data; and

certain tax and other cost savings and operating synergies projected by the management of CB&I and the management of McDermott to result from the Combination furnished to Centerview by CB&I for purposes of Centerview s analysis, which are referred to in this section of this document as the Synergies. Centerview also participated in discussions with members of the senior management and representatives of CB&I and McDermott regarding their assessment of the CB&I Internal Data, the McDermott Internal Data and the Synergies, as appropriate, and the strategic rationale for the Combination. In addition, Centerview reviewed publicly available financial and stock market data, including valuation multiples, for CB&I and McDermott and compared that data with similar data for certain other companies, the securities of which are publicly traded, in lines of business that Centerview deemed relevant. Centerview also compared certain of the proposed financial terms of the Combination with the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain other transactions that Centerview deemed relevant, and conducted such other financial studies and analyses and took into account such other information as Centerview deemed appropriate.

Centerview assumed, without independent verification or any responsibility therefor, the accuracy and completeness of the financial, legal, regulatory, tax, accounting and other information supplied to, discussed with, or reviewed by Centerview for purposes of its opinion and, with CB&I s consent, Centerview relied upon such information as being complete and accurate. In that regard, Centerview assumed, at CB&I s direction, that the CB&I Internal Data (including, without limitation, the CB&I Forecasts) and the Synergies were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best then-currently available estimates and judgments of the management of CB&I as to the matters covered thereby and, that the McDermott Internal Data (including, without limitation, the McDermott Forecasts) and the Synergies were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best then-currently available estimates and judgments of the management of McDermott as to the matters covered thereby, and Centerview relied, at CB&I s direction, on the CB&I Internal Data, the McDermott Internal Data and the Synergies for purposes of Centerview s analysis and opinion. Centerview expressed no view or opinion as to the CB&I Internal Data, the McDermott Internal Data, the Synergies or the assumptions on which they were based. In addition, at CB&I s direction, Centerview did not make any independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities (contingent, derivative, off-balance-sheet or otherwise) of CB&I, McDermott or any other entity, nor was Centerview furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal, and was not asked to conduct, and did not conduct, a physical inspection of the properties or assets of CB&I, McDermott or any other entity. Centerview assumed, at CB&I s direction, that the final executed Business Combination Agreement would not differ in any respect material to Centerview s analysis or opinion from the Draft Agreement reviewed by Centerview. Centerview also assumed, at CB&I s direction, that the Combination will be consummated on the terms set forth in the Business Combination Agreement and in accordance with all applicable laws and other relevant documents or requirements, without delay or the waiver, modification or amendment of any

term, condition or agreement, the effect of which would be material to Centerview s analysis or Centerview s opinion and that, in the course of obtaining the necessary governmental, regulatory and other approvals, consents, releases and waivers for the Combination, no delay, limitation, restriction, condition or other change, including any divestiture requirements or amendments or modifications, will be imposed, the effect of which would be

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material to Centerview s analysis or Centerview s opinion. Centerview further assumed, at CB&I s direction, that the Merger and the related elements of the Combination, taken together, will qualify for U.S. federal income tax purposes as one or more reorganizations with the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Centerview did not evaluate and did not express any opinion as to the solvency, viability or fair value of CB&I, McDermott or any other entity, or the ability of CB&I, McDermott or any other such entity to pay their respective obligations when they come due, or as to the impact of the Combination on such matters, under any state, federal or other laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency or similar matters. Centerview is not a legal, regulatory, tax or accounting advisor, and Centerview expressed no opinion as to any legal, regulatory, tax or accounting matters.

Centerview expressed no view as to, and its opinion did not address, CB&I s underlying business decision to proceed with or effect the Combination, or the relative merits of the Combination as compared to any alternative business strategies or transactions that might be available to CB&I or in which CB&I might engage, including, without limitation, a sale of all or a portion of CB&I s technology and engineered products business. Centerview s opinion was limited to and addressed only the fairness, from a financial point of view, as of the date of Centerview s written opinion, to the holders of shares of CB&I Common Stock (other than Excluded Shares) of the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement. For purposes of its opinion, Centerview was not asked to, and Centerview did not, express any view on, and its opinion did not address, any other term or aspect of the Business Combination Agreement or the Combination, including, without limitation, the structure or form of the Combination, or any other agreements or arrangements contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement or entered into in connection with or otherwise contemplated by the Combination, including, without limitation, the fairness of the Combination or any other term or aspect of the Combination to, or any consideration to be received in connection therewith by, or the impact of the Combination on, the holders of any other class of securities, creditors or other constituencies of CB&I or any other party. In addition, Centerview expressed no view or opinion as to the fairness (financial or otherwise) of the amount, nature or any other aspect of any compensation to be paid or payable to any of the officers, directors or employees of CB&I or any party, or class of such persons in connection with the Combination, whether relative to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement or otherwise. Centerview s opinion related to the relative values of CB&I and McDermott. Centerview s opinion was necessarily based on financial, economic, monetary, currency, market and other conditions and circumstances as in effect on, and the information made available to Centerview as of, the date of Centerview s written opinion, and Centerview does not have any obligation or responsibility to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion based on circumstances, developments or events occurring after the date of Centerview written opinion. Centerview did not express any view or opinion as to what the value of shares of McDermott Common Stock actually will be when issued pursuant to the Combination or the prices at which the shares of CB&I Common Stock or shares of McDermott Common Stock will trade or otherwise be transferable at any time, including following the announcement or consummation of the Combination. Centerview s opinion does not constitute a recommendation to any shareholder of CB&I or any other person as to how such shareholder or other person should vote with respect to the Combination or otherwise act with respect to the Combination or any other matter. Centerview s financial advisory services and its written opinion were provided for the information and assistance of the CB&I Boards (in their capacity as directors and not in any other capacity) in connection with and for purposes of their consideration of the Combination. The issuance of Centerview s opinion was approved by the Centerview Partners LLC Fairness Opinion Committee.

Summary of Centerview Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses prepared and reviewed with the CB&I Supervisory Board in connection with Centerview s oral opinion, dated December 17, 2017, and subsequently confirmed in a written opinion to the CB&I Boards dated such date. The summary set forth below does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed or factors considered by, and underlying the opinion of, Centerview, nor does the order of the financial analyses described represent the relative importance or

weight given to those financial analyses by Centerview. Centerview may have deemed

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various assumptions more or less probable than other assumptions, so the reference ranges resulting from any particular portion of the analyses summarized below should not be taken to be Centerview s view of the actual value of CB&I. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses set forth below include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary, as the tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses performed by Centerview. Considering the data in the tables below without considering all financial analyses or factors or the full narrative description of such analyses or factors, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying such analyses or factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the processes underlying Centerview s financial analyses and its opinion. In performing its analyses, Centerview made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of CB&I or any other parties to the Combination. None of CB&I, McDermott, any other party to the Business Combination Agreement or Centerview or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those discussed. Any estimates contained in these analyses are not necessarily indicative of actual values or predictive of future results or values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than as set forth below. In addition, analyses relating to the value of CB&I do not purport to be appraisals or reflect the prices at which CB&I may actually be sold. Accordingly, the assumptions and estimates used in, and the results derived from, the financial analyses are inherently subject to substantial uncertainty. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before December 15, 2017 (the last trading day before Centerview rendered its opinion) and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions. In addition, the following financial analyses exclude the potential impact from the McDermott Reverse Stock Split. For purposes of the financial analyses described below, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization was calculated treating stock-based compensation as an expense and adjusted for the estimated value of net income attributable to non-controlling interests and certain one-time items, and is referred to in this summary of Centerview s opinion as Adjusted EBITDA. A calendar year ended December 31 is referred to in this summary of Centerview s opinion as CY.

Selected Public Comparable Companies Analysis

Centerview reviewed and compared certain financial information for CB&I and McDermott to corresponding financial information for the following publicly traded companies in the engineering, procurement and construction (referred to in this section of this document as EPC) industry, and the offshore oil and gas EPC industry, that Centerview, based on its experience and professional judgment, deemed relevant to consider in relation to CB&I and McDermott:

Selected EPC Companies

Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.

SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.

Fluor Corporation

Quanta Services Inc.

AECOM

John Wood Group PLC

KBR Inc.

Selected Offshore Oil and Gas EPC Companies

TechnipFMC plc

Subsea 7 S.A.

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Saipem S.p.A.

Petrofac Limited

Aker Solutions ASA

Although none of the selected companies is directly comparable to CB&I or McDermott, the companies listed above were chosen by Centerview, among other reasons, because they are publicly traded companies in the EPC or offshore oil and gas EPC businesses that have certain operational, business and/or financial characteristics that, for purposes of Centerview s analysis, may be considered similar to those of CB&I and McDermott. However, because none of the selected companies is exactly the same as CB&I or McDermott, Centerview believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the quantitative results of the selected company analysis. Accordingly, Centerview also made qualitative judgments, based on its experience and professional judgment, concerning differences between the business, financial and operating characteristics and prospects of CB&I, McDermott and the selected companies that could affect the public trading values of each in order to provide a context in which to consider the results of the quantitative analysis.

Using publicly available information obtained from SEC filings and other data sources as of December 15, 2017, Centerview calculated, for each selected company, among other things, aggregate enterprise value as a multiple of the estimated Adjusted EBITDA for CY 2018 and CY 2019. Such calculations were performed on a pro forma basis for significant merger and acquisition transactions undertaken by selected companies.

The results of these analyses are summarized below:

	EV/Adj. EBITDA CY 2018E			EV/Adj. EBITDA CY 2019E				
	Low	Mean	Median	High	Low	Mean	Median	High
Selected EPC Companies	8.1x	9.2x	9.1x	10.5x	7.0x	8.2x	8.0x	10.3x
Selected Offshore Oil and Gas EPC								
Companies	5.2x	6.6x	6.1x	9.7x	5.1x	6.5x	6.4x	8.9x

Based on the foregoing analysis, its experience and professional judgment, and other factors Centerview deemed relevant, including historical forward enterprise value to Adjusted EBITDA trading multiples of CB&I and McDermott and of certain of their peers, for purposes of its analysis Centerview selected an enterprise value to CY 2018 estimated Adjusted EBITDA multiple reference range of 6.0x to 8.5x for CB&I and 6.0x to 7.0x for McDermott. Centerview also selected an enterprise value to CY 2019 estimated Adjusted EBITDA multiple reference range of 6.0x to 7.5x for CB&I and 5.75x to 6.75x for McDermott. Using these reference ranges and CB&I s estimated Adjusted EBITDA for each corresponding year, as reflected in the CB&I Forecasts, Centerview calculated a range of implied values per share of CB&I common stock of \$12.28 to \$25.55 for CY 2018 and \$12.11 to \$20.03 for CY 2019. Using these reference ranges and McDermott s estimated Adjusted EBITDA for each corresponding year, as reflected in the McDermott Forecasts, Centerview calculated a range of implied values per share of McDermott Common Stock of \$5.80 to \$6.87 for CY 2018 and \$5.55 to \$6.62 for CY 2019. Centerview then calculated the ratio of the lowest implied per share price of CB&I Common Stock to the highest implied per share price of McDermott Common Stock and the ratio of the highest implied per share price of CB&I Common Stock to the lowest implied per share price of McDermott Common Stock to derive an implied exchange ratio range of 1.78720x to 4.40294x for CY 2018, and 1.82969x to 3.61000x for CY 2019. Centerview then compared these implied exchange ratios to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

Selected Precedent Transactions Analysis

Centerview performed a selected precedent transactions analysis in which Centerview reviewed publicly available financial terms of the following selected transactions in the EPC industry that Centerview in its professional judgment deemed relevant to consider in relation to CB&I, McDermott and the Combination.

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The selected transactions were:

			Enterprise Value
Transaction Announcement	Acquiror	Target	(billions)
August 2017	Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.	CH2M HILL Companies Ltd.	\$3.3
April 2017	SNC-Lavalin Inc.	WS Atkins plc	£2.2
March 2017	John Wood Group PLC	Amec Foster Wheeler plc	£3.4
May 2016	Technip S.A.	FMC Technologies, Inc.	\$6.5
July 2014	AECOM	URS Corporation	\$6.1
June 2014	SNC-Lavalin Group Inc.	Kentz Corporation Ltd.	£1.3
January 2014	Amec Plc	Foster Wheeler AG	\$2.9
September 2013	Jacobs Engineering Group Inc.	Sinclair Knight Merz	AUD\$1.2
July 2012	Chicago Bridge & Iron Company	The Shaw Group Inc.	\$1.9
February 2012	URS Corporation	Flint Energy Services Ltd.	CAD\$1.5

No company or transaction used in this analysis is identical or directly comparable to CB&I (as it existed at the time of Centerview s analysis), McDermott or the Combination. The companies included in the selected transactions listed above were selected, among other reasons, because they have certain characteristics that, for the purposes of this analysis, may be considered similar to certain characteristics of CB&I and McDermott. The reasons for and the circumstances surrounding each of the selected transactions analyzed were diverse and there are inherent differences in the business, operations, financial conditions and prospects of CB&I, McDermott and the companies included in the selected transaction analysis. Accordingly, Centerview believed that it was inappropriate to, and therefore did not, rely solely on the quantitative results of the selected transaction analysis. This analysis involves complex considerations and qualitative judgments concerning differences in financial and operating characteristics and other factors that could affect the public trading, acquisition or other values of the selected target companies, CB&I and McDermott.

Financial data for the selected transactions was based on publicly available information at the time of the announcement of the relevant transactions that Centerview obtained from SEC filings and other data sources.

Using publicly available information, Centerview calculated, for each of the selected transactions set forth above, among other things, the enterprise implied for the applicable target company based on the consideration payable in the applicable selected transaction as a multiple of the target company s Adjusted EBITDA (generally based on the average Adjusted EBITDA of each target company for the preceding twelve months prior to the transaction announcement, except where such information was not available).

The results of these analyses are summarized below:

	EV /]	EV / Last 12 Month Adj. EBITDA				
	Low	Average	Median	High		
Selected Transactions	7.0x	9.9x	10.3x	12.3x		

Based on the foregoing analysis, its experience and professional judgment, and other factors Centerview deemed relevant, for purposes of its analysis Centerview selected an enterprise value to CY 2017 estimated Adjusted EBITDA multiple reference range of 7.0x to 9.0x for each of CB&I and McDermott. Using these reference ranges and CB&I s CY 2017 estimated Adjusted EBITDA, as reflected in the CB&I Forecasts (and reflecting project chargebacks and pro forma to exclude CB&I s capital services business which was previously divested), Centerview calculated a range of

implied values per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$18.63 to \$29.55 for CY 2017. Using these reference ranges and McDermott s CY 2017 estimated Adjusted EBITDA, as reflected in the McDermott Forecasts, Centerview calculated a range of implied values per share of McDermott Common Stock of \$8.54 to \$11.15 for CY 2017. Centerview then calculated the ratio of the lowest implied per share price of CB&I Common Stock to the highest implied per share price of McDermott Common Stock and the ratio of the highest implied per share price of CB&I Common Stock to the lowest implied per share price of McDermott Common Stock to derive an implied exchange ratio range of 1.67131x to 3.46012x. Centerview then compared this implied exchange ratio range to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

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Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Centerview performed a discounted cash flow analysis of CB&I based on the CB&I Forecasts and McDermott based on the McDermott Forecasts. A discounted cash flow analysis is a traditional valuation methodology used to derive a valuation of an asset by calculating the present value of estimated future cash flows of the asset. Present value refers to the current value of future cash flows and is obtained by discounting those future cash flows by a discount rate that takes into account macroeconomic assumptions and estimates of risk, the opportunity cost of capital, expected returns and other appropriate factors.

In performing these analyses, Centerview calculated the estimated present value of the standalone unlevered after-tax free cash flows that CB&I and McDermott were each forecasted to generate during the year ending December 31, 2018 through the year ending December 31, 2022. In the case of CB&I, the unlevered free cash flow was adjusted to exclude the cash impact of CB&I s net operating loss carryforwards, or NOLs. Financial data of CB&I was based on the CB&I Forecasts. Financial data of McDermott was based on the McDermott Forecasts. The terminal value of CB&I at the end of the forecast period was estimated based on an enterprise value exit multiple range of 6.0x to 8.5x. The terminal value of McDermott at the end of the forecast period was estimated based on an enterprise value exit multiple range of 6.0x to 7.0x. The ranges of exit multiples were estimated by Centerview utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the relevant company, among other matters, the CB&I Internal Data, the McDermott Internal Data, industry conditions and trends and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation. The cash flows and terminal values were then discounted to present value (as of December 31, 2017) using discount rates ranging from 9.5% to 10.5% for CB&I and 11.0% to 12.0% for McDermott. These ranges of discount rates were determined based on Centerview s analysis of CB&I s and McDermott s respective weighted average costs of capital. In the case of CB&I, Centerview separately calculated the estimated present value of CB&I s estimated NOL s for the years ending December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2028, as reflected in the Forecasts, using a discount rate of 11.5% determined based on Centerview s analysis of CB&I s cost of equity. Based on these analyses, Centerview calculated a range of approximate implied enterprise values for each of CB&I and McDermott and implied values per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$20.97 to \$33.61, and McDermott Common Stock of \$9.77 to \$11.50. Centerview then calculated the ratio of the highest implied price per share of CB&I Common Stock to the lowest implied price per share of McDermott Common Stock and the ratio of the lowest implied price per share of CB&I Common Stock to the highest implied price per share of McDermott common stock to derive an implied exchange ratio range of 1.82312x to 3.44048x. Centerview then compared this implied exchange ratio range to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

In addition, Centerview performed a valuation analysis of the Synergies. Centerview first performed a discounted cash flow analysis of the unlevered-free cash flow the cost and operating synergies reflected in the Synergies (the Cost Synergies) were forecasted to generate during the year ending December 31, 2018 through the year ending December 31, 2022. The terminal value of Cost Synergies at the end of the forecast period was estimated based on an enterprise value exit multiple range of 6.0x to 8.5x. This range of exit multiples was estimated by Centerview utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account, among other matters, the combined company, the CB&I Internal Data, the McDermott Internal Data, industry conditions and trends and market expectations regarding long-term real growth of gross domestic product and inflation. These cash flows and terminal values were then discounted to present value (as of December 31, 2017) using discount rates ranging from 9.5% to 10.5%. This range of discount rates was determined based on Centerview s analysis of the combined company s weighted average costs of capital after giving effect to the Combination. This analysis indicated a range of approximate net present values of the Cost Synergies. Centerview separately performed a discounted cash flow analysis of the cash flow impact of the tax-related synergies forecasted to result from tax basis step-up associated with the sale of CB&I s technology business as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement for the 15-year period following the Combination, as reflected in the Synergies (the Tax Synergies). These cash flows were then discounted to present value (as of

December 31, 2017) using the discount rates ranging from 9.5% to 10.5%, selected as described above.

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Centerview then calculated a value per share of CB&I Common Stock of 47% (reflecting the pro forma ownership of the combined company by current CB&I shareholders contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) of the mid-point of the value ranges for the Cost Synergies and Tax Synergies calculated above in the immediately preceding paragraph (and subtracting the net present value of CB&I s standalone U.S. net operating losses anticipated to be utilized in the sale of CB&I s technology business as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) and adding such per share amount to \$33.61 (the high end of the implied values per share of CB&I common stock as described in the second paragraph under this subsection Discounted Cash Flow Analysis) to derive an implied synergized value per CB&I share of \$39.24. Centerview then calculated a value per share of McDermott Common Stock of 53% (reflecting the pro forma ownership of the combined company by current McDermott shareholders contemplated by the business combination agreement) of the mid-point of the value ranges for the Cost Synergies and Tax Synergies calculated above in the immediately preceding paragraph and adding such per share amount to \$11.50 (the high end of the implied values per share of McDermott common stock calculated in the second paragraph under Discounted Cash Flow Analysis) to derive an implied synergized value per McDermott share of this subsection \$15.01. Centerview then calculated the ratio of the implied synergized price per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$39.24 to the lowest resulting implied price per share of McDermott Common Stock of \$9.77 (calculated as described in the second paragraph under this subsection Discounted Cash Flow Analysis) and the ratio of the lowest resulting implied price per share of CB&I Common Stock of \$20.97 (calculated as described in the second paragraph under this Discounted Cash Flow Analysis) to the implied synergized price per share of McDermott common stock of \$15.01 to derive an implied exchange ratio range of 1.39742x to 4.01683x. Centerview then compared this implied exchange ratio range to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

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Other Factors

Centerview noted for the CB&I Boards certain additional factors solely for informational purposes, including, among other things, the following:

Relative Contribution Analysis. Centerview performed a relative contribution analysis of CB&I and McDermott in which Centerview reviewed the implied exchange ratio calculated based on relative contributions of CB&I and McDermott to the pro forma combined company s estimated revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and levered free cash flow (defined as operating cash flow minus capital expenditures), in each case for CY 2017 (estimated CB&I Adjusted EBITDA for CY 2017 also reflects project chargebacks and is pro forma to exclude CB&I s capital services business which was previously divested), CY 2018 and CY 2019, and in each case on a levered basis (i.e., based on enterprise values as of December 15, 2017 and estimated net debt as of December 31, 2017) based on the CB&I Forecasts and the McDermott Forecasts and excluding the Synergies. These financial metrics were determined based on what Centerview deemed in its professional judgment to be relevant. The implied exchange ratios calculated by Centerview, excluding the Synergies, with respect to the pro forma combined company s estimated revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and levered free cash flow for CY 2017, CY 2018 and CY 2019, are outlined in the table below. Centerview compared these implied exchange ratios to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x. Centerview noted that contribution analysis is not a valuation methodology and that such analysis was presented for reference purposes only and not as a component of Centerview s fairness analyses.

Implied Exchange Ratio	
Revenue	
CY 2017E	3.65822x
CY 2018E	3.78516x
CY 2019E	2.32808x
Adjusted EBITDA	
CY 2017E	2.04171x
CY 2018E	2.63775x
CY 2019E	2.60988x
Levered Free Cash Flow(1)	
CY 2017E	NM
CY 2018E	NM
CY 2019E	6.31845x

(1) Levered Free Cash Flow for CY 2017E and CY 2018E is displayed as not meaningful (NM) due to negative estimated Free Cash Flow for CB&I in CY 2017 and CY 2018 and McDermott in CY 2017.

Historical Stock Price Trading Analysis. Centerview reviewed historical closing prices for shares of CB&I Common Stock and shares of McDermott Common Stock for the 52-week period ended December 15, 2017, which reflected low and high implied exchange ratios of 1.71601x to 4.83096x on a per trading day basis. Centerview then compared this implied exchange ratio range to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for

pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

Analyst Price Target Analysis. Centerview reviewed stock price targets for shares of CB&I Common Stock in Wall Street research analyst reports publicly available as of December 15, 2017, which indicated the latest available low and high stock price targets for shares of CB&I Common Stock ranging from \$9.00 to \$25.00 per share of CB&I common stock. Centerview also reviewed stock price targets for shares of McDermott Common Stock in Wall Street research analyst reports publicly available as of December 15, 2017, which indicated the latest available low and high stock price targets for shares of McDermott Common Stock ranging from \$6.25 to \$10.50 per share of McDermott Common Stock. Centerview then calculated the ratio of such low stock price target for shares of CB&I

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Common Stock to such high stock price target for shares of McDermott Common Stock and the ratio of such high stock price target for shares of CB&I Common Stock to such low stock price target for shares of McDermott Common Stock to derive an implied exchange ratio range of 0.85714x to 4.00000x. Centerview then compared this implied exchange ratio range to the Exchange Offer Ratio provided for pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement of 2.47221x.

General

The preparation of a financial opinion is a complex analytical process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to the particular circumstances and, therefore, a financial opinion is not readily susceptible to summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Centerview did not draw, in isolation, conclusions from or with regard to any factor or analysis that it considered. Rather, Centerview made its determination as to fairness on the basis of its experience and professional judgment after considering the results of all of the analyses.

Centerview s financial analyses and opinion were only one of many factors taken into consideration by the CB&I Boards in their evaluation of the Combination. Consequently, the analyses described above should not be viewed as determinative of the views of the CB&I Boards or management of CB&I with respect to the Exchange Offer Ratio or as to whether the CB&I Boards would have been willing to determine that a different exchange ratio or consideration was fair. The Exchange Offer Ratio for the Combination was determined through arm s-length negotiations between CB&I and McDermott. Centerview provided advice to CB&I during these negotiations. Centerview did not, however recommend any specific amount of consideration or a specific exchange ratio to CB&I or the CB&I Boards, or state that any specific amount of consideration constituted the only appropriate consideration for the transaction.

Centerview is a securities firm engaged directly and through affiliates and related persons in a number of investment banking, financial advisory and merchant banking activities. In the two years prior to the date of its written opinion, Centerview was engaged to provide certain financial advisory services to CB&I, including strategic advisory services related to the Combination and other matters, and for such services Centerview received from CB&I the compensation described in the last paragraph under this subsection General. In the two years prior to the date of its written opinion, Centerview was not engaged to provide financial advisory or other services to McDermott or the affiliates of McDermott party to the Business Combination Agreement, and Centerview did not receive any compensation from McDermott or the affiliates of McDermott party to the Business Combination Agreement. Centerview may provide investment banking and other services to or with respect to CB&I, McDermott, their respective affiliates party to the Business Combination Agreement, or any of their respective affiliates, in the future, for which Centerview may receive compensation. Certain (1) of Centerview s and its affiliates directors, officers, members and employees, or family members of such persons, (2) of Centerview s affiliates or related investment funds and (3) investment funds or other persons in which any of the foregoing may have financial interests or with which they may co-invest, may at any time acquire, hold, sell or trade, in debt, equity and other securities or financial instruments (including derivatives, bank loans or other obligations) of, or investments in, CB&I, McDermott, their respective affiliates party to the Business Combination Agreement, or any of their respective affiliates, or any other party that may be involved in the Combination.

The Boards of CB&I selected Centerview as their financial advisor in connection with the Combination based on Centerview s reputation, qualifications and experience. Centerview is an internationally recognized investment banking firm that has substantial experience in transactions similar to the Combination.

In connection with Centerview s services as the financial advisor to CB&I, CB&I has agreed to pay Centerview an aggregate fee that is estimated as of the date of this filing to be approximately \$45 million, \$7 million of which was paid upon the delivery of Centerview s opinion, \$2 million of which was paid upon the execution of the engagement

letter between Centerview and CB&I dated August 16, 2017 and the remainder of which is

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contingent upon, and will be payable upon, consummation of the Combination. In addition, CB&I has agreed to reimburse certain of Centerview s expenses arising, and to indemnify Centerview against certain liabilities that may arise, out of Centerview s engagement.

Certain Forward-Looking Financial Information Prepared by McDermott

McDermott does not, as a matter of course, make public forward-looking financial information as to future revenues, earnings, or other results, other than providing estimated ranges of expected earnings and earnings growth as disclosed in regular press releases and investor materials. However, for internal purposes and in connection with the process leading to the Business Combination Agreement, the management of McDermott prepared certain projections of future financial and operating performance of McDermott for the years 2018 through 2022 and a forecast for CB&I for the years 2021 and 2022, based on an extrapolation of the projections prepared by CB&I (the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information). The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information related to McDermott was prepared separately from the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information related to CB&I and is not intended to be added together. Adding the two companies forward-looking financial information together would not represent the results the combined business would achieve if the Combination is completed. The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information was included in this document because McDermott provided such projections to CB&I and to McDermott s and CB&I s respective financial advisors in connection with the Business Combination Agreement discussions, or such projections were otherwise relevant to the McDermott Board in evaluating the Combination. However, the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information.

The estimates and assumptions underlying the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information are inherently uncertain and, though considered reasonable by the management of McDermott, as of the date of the preparation of such McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information, are subject to a wide variety of significant business, economic, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information, including, among other things, the matters described in the sections entitled Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors of this document and risks identified in other SEC filings that are incorporated by reference in this document. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information will be indicative of the future performance of McDermott or CB&I or that actual results will not differ materially from those presented in the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information in this document should not be regarded as a representation by any person that the results contained in the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information should not be relied upon as indicative of future results, and readers of this document are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information. Further, the inclusion of the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information does not constitute an admission or representation by McDermott that this information is material.

Except as may be required by applicable law, McDermott does not intend to update or otherwise revise the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information to reflect circumstances existing since the preparation of such McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, including in the event that any of the underlying assumptions prove to be in error. Furthermore, McDermott does not intend to update or revise the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information in this document to reflect changes in general economic or industry conditions.

The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information provided by McDermott is not included in this document to induce any stockholder of McDermott or shareholder of CB&I to vote in favor of the proposals at either the

McDermott Special Meeting or the CB&I Special General Meeting.

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Neither McDermott s nor CB&I s independent auditors, nor any other independent accountants, have compiled, examined or performed any procedures with respect to the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information contained in this document, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information or its achievability, and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, such McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information.

	McDermo	tt Forward	l-Looking I	inancial In	formation
(in millions)	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E
Revenue	\$ 3,010	\$ 3,700	\$ 4,883	\$ 4,889	\$ 5,663
EBITDA ¹	313	313	517	534	652
Free Cash Flow ²	226	109	247	176	277

	McDermott Projections of CB&I	.
	Forward-Looking	
	Financial Information	
	2021 E	2022E
Revenue	\$ 6,899	\$ 7,069
EBITDA ¹	744	777

- (1) EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure, is defined as net income plus depreciation and amortization, interest expense, net, and provision for income taxes. EBITDA is widely used by investors for valuation and comparing financial performance with the performance of other companies in the industry. McDermott management also uses EBITDA to monitor and compare the financial performance of its operations. EBITDA does not give effect to the cash that must be used to service debt or pay income taxes, and thus does not reflect the funds actually available for capital expenditures, dividends or various other purposes. In addition, current presentation of EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures in other companies reports. EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, net income or cash flow measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- (2) Free Cash Flow, a non-GAAP measure, is defined as operating cash flows less capital expenditures plus proceeds from disposal of assets but not including proceeds from disposition of principal business units. In this context, Free Cash Flow was used by management of McDermott to provide additional information with respect to available cash and liquidity. These measures are not in accordance with, or a substitute for, GAAP, and may be different from or inconsistent with non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. Free Cash Flow should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with GAAP or as a measure of a company s profitability or liquidity.

The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information is included in this document solely because it was made available, in whole or in part, to the McDermott Board, the Management Board of CB&I, the Supervisory Board of CB&I and McDermott s financial advisors, Goldman Sachs and Greenhill, in connection with their respective evaluations of the Combination. The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information was not prepared with a view toward public disclosure, published guidelines of the SEC or the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of prospective financial and operating information, and does not reflect McDermott s current outlook.

The McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information also does not reflect the adoption of ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (ASC 606). McDermott adopted the new standard on January 1, 2018 using the

modified retrospective approach, applying the new standard only to those contracts that are not substantially complete on the date of initial application. McDermott is currently finalizing its assessment of the impact of this ASU and the amendments on its future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures. The adoption of ASC 606 resulted in the following changes to McDermott s revenue recognition policy:

Unlike in the McDermott Forward-Looking Financial Information, McDermott now measures transfer of control utilizing an input method to measure progress for individual contracts or combinations of contracts based on the total cost of materials, labor, equipment and vessel operating costs and other

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costs incurred as applicable to each contract. Prior to the adoption of ASC Topic 606, certain costs, such as significant costs for materials and third-party subcontractors, were excluded from McDermott s