

ReWalk Robotics Ltd.
Form F-1/A
August 26, 2014
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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 26, 2014.

Registration No. 333-197344

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 3
to
Form F-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

ReWalk Robotics Ltd.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

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State of Israel (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	3842 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) ReWalk Robotics Ltd.	Not Applicable (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
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Kochav Yokneam Building, Floor 6

P.O. Box 161

Yokneam Ilit 20692, Israel

+972 (4) 959-0123

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

ReWalk Robotics, Inc.

33 Locke Drive

Marlborough, MA 01752

(508) 251-1154

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Colin J. Diamond, Esq.	Aaron M. Lampert, Adv.	Ayal Shenhav, Adv.	Phyllis G. Korff, Esq.	Clifford M.J. Felig, Adv.
Gary Kashar, Esq.	Ephraim Peter Friedman, Adv.	Shenhav & Co.	Andrea L. Nicolás, Esq.	Meitar Liquornik Geva
White & Case LLP	Goldfarb Seligman & Co.	Or Towers Building,	Skadden, Arps, Slate,	Leshem Tal
1155 Avenue of the	98 Yigal Alon Street	Building B	Meagher & Flom LLP	16 Abba Hillel Silver
Americas	Tel Aviv 6789141, Israel	4 Hanechoshet Street	Four Times Square	Ramat Gan 52506,
New York, NY 10036	Tel: +972 (3) 608-9999	Tel Aviv 69710, Israel	New York, NY 10036	Israel
Tel: (212) 819-8200		Tel: +972 (3) 611-0760	Tel: (212) 735-3000	Tel: +972 (3) 610-3100

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after effectiveness of this registration statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. "

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of	Amount to be	Proposed	Proposed	Amount of
Securities to be Registered	Registered(1)	Maximum	Maximum	Registration Fee(3)
		Offering Price	Aggregate	
		Per Share	Offering Price(2)	
Ordinary shares, par value NIS 0.01	3,852,500	\$16.00	\$61,640,000	\$7,940

(1) Includes shares granted pursuant to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

(2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act.

(3) \$7,406 previously paid.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and we are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated August 26, 2014

PROSPECTUS

3,350,000 Shares

ReWalk Robotics Ltd.

Ordinary Shares

This is the initial public offering of ReWalk Robotics Ltd. Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our ordinary shares. We are selling 3,350,000 ordinary shares. The estimated initial public offering price is between \$14.00 and \$16.00 per share.

We have applied to have our ordinary shares listed on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol **RWLK**.

	Per Share	Total
Public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$	\$

(1) See **Underwriting** for a description of compensation payable to the underwriters.

We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to 502,500 additional ordinary shares.

We are an emerging growth company as defined under the federal securities laws and, as such, may elect to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements for future filings.

Investing in our ordinary shares involves a high degree of risk. See Risk Factors beginning on page 13 of this Prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The underwriters expect to deliver the ordinary shares on or about _____, 2014.

Barclays

Jefferies

Canaccord Genuity
Prospectus dated _____, 2014

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Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized anyone to provide information different from that contained in this prospectus, any amendment or supplement to this prospectus or in any free writing prospectus prepared by us or on our behalf. Neither we nor the underwriters take any responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any information other than the information in this prospectus and any free writing prospectus prepared by us or on our behalf. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor the sale of our ordinary shares means that information contained in this prospectus is correct after the date of this prospectus. This prospectus is not an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy these ordinary shares in any circumstances under which such offer or solicitation is unlawful.

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all the information that you should consider before deciding to invest in our ordinary shares. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, including Risk Factors and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes, before making an investment decision. In this prospectus, the terms we, us, our and the Company refer to ReWalk Robotics Ltd. and its subsidiaries.

Overview

We are an innovative medical device company that is designing, developing and commercializing exoskeletons that allow wheelchair-bound individuals with mobility impairments or other medical conditions the ability to stand and walk once again. We have developed and are continuing to commercialize ReWalk, an exoskeleton that uses our patented tilt-sensor technology and an on-board computer and motion sensors to drive motorized legs that power movement.

Current ReWalk designs are intended for people with paraplegia, a spinal cord injury resulting in complete or incomplete paralysis of the legs, who have the use of their upper bodies and arms. We currently offer two products: ReWalk Personal and ReWalk Rehabilitation. ReWalk Personal is designed for everyday use by individuals at home and in their communities, and is custom-fit for each user. ReWalk Rehabilitation is designed for the clinical rehabilitation environment where it provides valuable exercise and therapy. It also enables individuals to evaluate their capacity for using ReWalk Personal in the future. In 2011, we launched ReWalk Rehabilitation for use in hospitals and rehabilitation centers in the United States and Europe. We began marketing ReWalk Personal in Europe with CE mark clearance at the end of 2012 and received FDA clearance to market it in the United States in June 2014. ReWalk is the first exoskeleton cleared by the FDA for personal use. In the future, we will need to obtain approval from the applicable regulatory agency of any additional jurisdiction in which we seek to market ReWalk.

ReWalk is a breakthrough product that can fundamentally change the health and life experiences of users. ReWalk is currently the only commercialized exoskeleton using a tilt sensor to restore self-initiated walking. Designed for all-day use, ReWalk is battery-powered and consists of a light, wearable exoskeleton with integrated motors at the joints, an array of sensors and a computer-based control system to power knee and hip movement. ReWalk controls movement using subtle changes in the user's center of gravity. A forward tilt of the upper body is sensed by the system, which initiates the first step. Repeated body shifting generates a sequence of steps which allows for natural gait with functional walking speed. Because the exoskeleton supports its own weight, users do not expend unnecessary energy while walking. While ReWalk does not allow side-to-side actuation, users are able to turn by shifting their weight to the side. ReWalk also allows users to sit, stand and, in some cases, climb and descend stairs. ReWalk users are able to independently operate the devices, and most are able to put on and remove the devices by themselves. However, our safety guidelines and FDA specifications require users to be accompanied by a trained companion.

Published clinical studies demonstrate ReWalk's ability to deliver a natural gait and functional walking speed, which has not been shown in studies for any competing exoskeleton. In addition, our interim analysis of an ongoing clinical study and our experience working with health care practitioners and ReWalk users suggests that ReWalk has the potential to provide secondary health benefits. These benefits include reducing pain and spasticity and improving bowel and urinary tract function, body and bone composition, metabolism and physical fitness, as well as reducing hospitalizations and dependence on medications. Because of these secondary medical benefits, we believe that ReWalk has the ability to reduce the lifetime healthcare costs of individuals with spinal cord injuries, making it economically attractive for individuals and third-party payors. While we believe that ReWalk offers significant advantages over competing technologies and therapies, disadvantages include the time it takes for a user to put on ReWalk, the slower pace of ReWalk compared to a wheelchair, the weight of ReWalk when carried, which makes it more burdensome for a companion to transport than a wheelchair, and the requirement that users be accompanied by a trained companion.

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We believe that the current design of ReWalk provides a functional technical base that can be easily adapted to address medical indications other than paraplegia that affect the ability to walk. We are currently engaged in research and development efforts to adapt ReWalk to address the mobility needs of quadriplegia and multiple sclerosis patients, and, in the future, we plan to address these needs in stroke and cerebral palsy patients. We are also developing our next generation of ReWalk, with a more efficient drive mechanism, slimmer profile and lighter body, as well as other improvements.

Development of ReWalk took over a decade and was spurred by the experiences of our founder, Dr. Amit Goffer, himself a quadriplegic. As of August 1, 2014, we had placed 62 ReWalk Rehabilitation and 19 ReWalk Personal systems, 88% of which were purchased by our customers and 12% of which were placed with clinics and distributors for training, market development and clinical testing. Through August 1, 2014, we have trained over 400 ReWalk users, representing over 20,000 hours of use.

Our commercialization strategy is to penetrate rehabilitation centers, hospitals and similar facilities that treat patients with spinal cord injuries to become an integral part of their rehabilitation programs and to develop a broad based training network with these facilities to prepare users for home and community use. According to the National Spinal Cord Injury Statistical Center, 87.1% of persons with spinal cord injuries are sent to private, non-institutional residences (in most cases, their homes) after hospital discharge. As a result, while the majority of our sales to date have been ReWalk Rehabilitation units, the primary focus of our commercialization efforts going forward will be marketing ReWalk Personal for routine use at home, work or in the community, and we expect sales of ReWalk Personal to account for the substantial majority of our revenues in the future.

We expect to generate revenues from a combination of self-payors and third-party payors. While no uniform policy of coverage and reimbursement by third-party payors currently exists for electronic exoskeleton technologies such as ReWalk in the United States or elsewhere, we plan to pursue various paths of reimbursement and support fundraising efforts by institutions and clinics. In July 2014, the James J. Peters VA hospital (Bronx, New York) announced that it would be fully committed to supporting the procurement of ReWalk Personal and providing the staffing support needed for all eligible veterans with spinal cord injury for whom ReWalk is clinically indicated. As the first hospital to research the health-related benefits of an exoskeletal walking device for people with spinal cord injury, the Bronx VA experience supports the clinical use of ReWalk and similar FDA-approved technologies. We believe that additional VAs will adopt similar policies in the future.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe that the following strengths provide us with sustainable competitive advantages to grow our revenue:

Proprietary Technology Enabling a More Natural Walking Experience. Our patented tilt-sensor technology and proprietary software allow self-initiated movement that we believe delivers a more natural walking experience than competing products. Published clinical studies demonstrate ReWalk's ability to provide a natural gait and functional walking speed, which has not been shown in studies for any competing exoskeleton. In the United States, we have method patent protection covering certain methods of user activation and control of systems such as ReWalk, including by sensing the users' torso lean or weight shifts. In addition, we have apparatus patent protection in the United States and Europe covering the design of ReWalk and similar devices that use several sensors to empower tilt-sensor technology. Our patents on the tilt-sensor technology do not begin to expire until 2021. We also rely on trade secrets law to protect our proprietary software and product candidates/products in development.

First Mover Advantage. ReWalk Personal is the first medical exoskeleton cleared by the FDA for personal use in the United States. We do not believe that our competitors have any products that will be cleared by the FDA for personal use in the United States for at least the next two years. As a result, we believe we will be able to capture significant U.S. market share for exoskeletons for personal use. In addition, we were the first exoskeleton provider to have an established commercial infrastructure and to market products in Europe, with our direct sales force in Germany. We are also the first to achieve reimbursement for a personal unit.

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Compelling Clinical Data. We believe that ReWalk's clinical data differentiates us from our competitors. Clinical data published in established medical journals has demonstrated ReWalk's potential as a safe ambulatory device. We are not aware of any comparable clinical data generated in rigorous trials that has been published with respect to competing exoskeleton products. In addition, our interim analysis of an ongoing clinical study demonstrates improvements in secondary physical conditions, such as reduction in pain and spasticity and improvements in bowel and urinary tract function, body and bone composition, metabolism and physical fitness, as well as reduced hospitalizations and dependence on medications. We believe that continued results of this nature will greatly assist our ability to obtain regulatory clearances and third-party reimbursement.

Strategic Alliance with Yaskawa Electric Corporation. We have entered into a strategic alliance with Yaskawa Electric Corporation, a global leader in the fields of industrial robotics and automation. Pursuant to this arrangement, Yaskawa will serve as our distributor in certain Asian markets, where its name and brand recognition provide us with opportunities for growth and market penetration, and can apply its expertise for product and quality improvements to ReWalk. We believe that this arrangement with such a prominent company is unique in this industry. Yaskawa also made an equity investment in our company. In addition, in the future, subject to any necessary regulatory clearance, we may market and sell in the United States and Europe certain healthcare equipment products that Yaskawa is currently developing. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" Series D Preferred Share Purchase Agreement and Agreements with Yaskawa.

Established and Scaleable Manufacturing Capability. We have contracted with Sanmina Corporation, a well-established original equipment manufacturer with expertise in the medical device industry, for the manufacture of all of our products. Pursuant to this arrangement, Sanmina also sources all of the raw materials needed for the production of our products. We believe that this relationship provides us security with respect to quality, price and quantity of our products and offers significant scale-up capacity.

Experienced Management Team and Employees with Personal Experience with Paralysis. Our senior management team has significant experience in the medical device, technology and robotics industries, with an average of over 20 years of experience. The experiences of Dr. Amit Goffer, our founder, President and Chief Technology Officer, and the inventor of ReWalk, who has been paralyzed since 1997, have been one of the greatest drivers in the development and refinement of ReWalk. Additionally, certain of our sales and marketing and research and development employees are paraplegic, which provides us with invaluable perspective to advance the development of our products.

Our Growth Strategies

Our goal is to drive sustainable growth by fundamentally changing the health and life experiences of individuals with mobility impairments. To achieve this goal, we intend to:

Increase Our Salesforce and Infrastructure. We intend to penetrate our target markets and drive sales of ReWalk by increasing our sales force and further strengthening our distribution network and service, training and support functions. We believe that our presence in leading rehabilitation centers, hospitals and similar facilities in the United States and Europe has allowed us to establish a strong training infrastructure, and we plan to use this existing infrastructure as a point of entry to efficiently penetrate the market for ReWalk Personal.

Expand Geographic Coverage. We intend to increase our presence in the United States in response to our receipt of FDA clearance for ReWalk Personal. We also plan to expand into new geographies throughout Europe and, through our arrangements with Yaskawa, in Asia. To date, we have focused our commercialization efforts primarily on the German, French, UK, Italian, Austrian, Canadian and Turkish markets for personal and rehabilitation use and the U.S. market for rehabilitation use.

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Continue Clinical Studies to Further Demonstrate Health and Economic Benefits to Support Reimbursement. We intend to continue to work with hospitals, rehabilitation centers, patient advocacy and support groups and individual users to generate additional data regarding functionality and that supports the health and economic benefits of ReWalk. We will continue to engage and fund researchers and organizations to conduct clinical studies to demonstrate the functionality and utilization of ReWalk and to highlight economic benefits of reductions in medical complications associated with spinal cord injury. We believe that this data will position us to pursue additional third-party reimbursement for our products.

Leverage Our Core Technology Platform to Expand Treatment Indications. We designed ReWalk to provide a functional technical base that can be easily adapted to address medical indications other than paraplegia, and we believe that we have the internal and external experience to develop and commercialize products to address new indications. In addition to developing the next generation of ReWalk, we are currently engaged in research and development efforts to adapt ReWalk to address the mobility needs of quadriplegia and multiple sclerosis patients, and, in the future, we plan to address these needs in stroke and cerebral palsy patients.

Market Opportunity

Confinement to a wheelchair can cause severe physical and psychological deterioration, resulting in bad health, poor quality of life, low self-esteem and high medical expenses. In addition, the secondary medical consequences of paralysis can include difficulty with bowel and urinary tract function, osteoporosis, loss of lean mass, gain in fat mass, insulin resistance, diabetes and heart disease. The cost of treating these conditions is substantial. The National Spinal Cord Injury Statistical Center, or the NSCISC, estimates that complications related to paraplegia cost, excluding indirect costs such as losses in wages, fringe benefits and productivity, approximately \$500,000 in the first year post-injury and significant additional amounts over the course of an individual's lifetime. Further, secondary complications related to spinal cord injury can reduce life expectancies for SCI patients.

The NSCISC estimates as of 2013 that there were 273,000 people in the United States living with spinal cord injury, with an annual incidence of approximately 12,000 new cases per year. Approximately 42,000 of such patients are veterans, and are eligible for medical care and other benefits from the Veterans Administration, or VA. With 24 VA spinal cord injury centers, the VA has the largest single network of spinal cord injury care in the United States.

The University of Alabama-Birmingham Department of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation operates the NSCISC, which maintains the world's largest database on spinal cord injury research. Since 2010, motor vehicle crashes have been the leading cause of reported spinal cord injury cases (36.5%), followed by falls (28.5%), acts of violence (14.3%) and sports injuries (9.2%). Nearly 80% of spinal cord injuries occur among the male population. According to the NSCISC, upon hospital discharge, 87.1% of persons with spinal cord injuries are sent to private, non-institutional residence (in most cases, their homes prior to injury).

Based on U.S. Census Bureau data, the spinal cord injury population gender and age statistics and data from the Spinal Cord Model Systems report, we estimate almost 80% or 218,000, of spinal cord injury patients in the United States could be candidates for current or future ReWalk products. The young average age of injury and significant remaining life expectancy, the likelihood of living at home and lifetime cost of treatment highlight the need for an out-of-hospital solution with demonstrated health and social benefits.

In addition to developing the next generation of ReWalk, we are currently engaged in research and development efforts to adapt ReWalk to address the mobility needs of quadriplegia and multiple sclerosis patients.

According to the National Multiple Sclerosis Society, as many as 400,000 Americans suffer from multiple sclerosis. Research indicates that approximately 53% of these individuals, or approximately 212,000, would be

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classified as either a 6.0 or 7.0 on the Kurtzke Disability Status Scale (DSS), a measure of the need for walking assistance. Individuals with DSS 6.0 require intermittent or unilateral constant assistance (by means of cane, crutch, or brace) to walk approximately 100 meters without resting. Individuals with DSS 7.0 are unable to walk beyond 10 meters without rest while leaning against a wall or holding furniture for support. We believe these individuals could benefit from our technology.

In the future, we plan to address the mobility needs of stroke and cerebral palsy patients. Over five million Americans have suffered a stroke, with 780,000 new incidences expected each year. Physical limitations after stroke vary from case to case, but approximately 20-25% of these individuals are unable to walk without full physical assistance. Cerebral palsy is a disorder of movement, muscle tone or posture that is caused by damage to the developing brain, most often before or during a child's birth, or during the first 3 to 5 years of a child's life. According to United Cerebral Palsy, there are 764,000 cases of cerebral palsy in the United States. Cerebral palsy represents a significant opportunity to address the segment of this market that will meet the physical criteria to use ReWalk.

Our Solutions

ReWalk is a breakthrough product that can fundamentally change the health and life experiences of users. Published clinical studies demonstrate ReWalk's ability to deliver a natural gait and functional walking speed. ReWalk's patented tilt-sensor technology and an on-board computer and motion sensors drive motorized legs that power knee and hip movement and allow self-initiated walking. ReWalk controls movement using subtle changes in the user's center of gravity. A forward tilt of the upper body is sensed by the system, which initiates the first step. Repeated body shifting generates a sequence of steps, which allows natural ambulation with functional walking speed. While ReWalk does not allow side-to-side actuation, users are able to turn by shifting their weight to the side. ReWalk also allows users to sit, stand, and, in some cases, climb and descend stairs.

Designed for all-day use and worn over the clothes of users, ReWalk consists of a light wearable exoskeleton with integrated motors at the joints, an array of sensors and a backpack that contains the batteries and the computer-based control system. The control system utilizes proprietary algorithms to analyze upper-body motions and trigger and maintain gait patterns and other modes of operation (such as stair-climbing and shifting from sitting to standing), leaving the user's hands free for self-support and other functions. Because the exoskeleton supports its own weight, users do not expend unnecessary energy while walking. Safety measures include crutches, which provide additional stability, fall protection, which lowers users slowly and safely in the event of a malfunction, and the secure stand mode, which automatically initiates if the user does not begin walking within two seconds. ReWalk is also equipped with maintenance alarms, warnings and backup batteries. The rechargeable batteries are easily accessible from the system's backpack and can be recharged in any standard power outlet. Upon completion of training, which generally consists of approximately 15 one-hour sessions, most users are able to put on and remove the device by themselves while sitting, typically in less than 15 minutes.

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Current ReWalk designs are intended for people with paraplegia who have the use of their upper bodies and arms. We currently offer two ReWalk products: ReWalk Personal and ReWalk Rehabilitation.

**ReWalk
Rehabilitation**

ReWalk Personal: intended for everyday use at home, at work or in the community. We began marketing ReWalk Personal in Europe with CE mark clearance at the end of 2012. We received clearance to market ReWalk Personal in the United States in June 2014. ReWalk Personal units are all manufactured according to the same specifications. Each unit is then permanently sized to fit the individual user and the software is configured for the user's specifications by the rehabilitation center, clinic or distributor.

ReWalk Rehabilitation: designed for the clinical rehabilitation environment, ReWalk Rehabilitation has adjustable sizing enabling multiple patient use. ReWalk Rehabilitation provides a valuable means of exercise and therapy. It also enables individuals to evaluate their capacity for using ReWalk Personal in the future. We began marketing ReWalk Rehabilitation for use in hospitals, rehabilitation centers and stand-alone training centers in the United States and Europe in 2011. ReWalk Rehabilitation units are all manufactured according to the same specifications and are equipped with adjustable sizing for multi-patient use.

Our interim analysis of an ongoing clinical study and our experience working with health care practitioners and ReWalk users suggest that ReWalk has the potential to provide secondary health benefits. These benefits include reducing pain and spasticity and improving bowel and urinary tract function, body and bone composition, metabolism and physical fitness, as well as reducing hospitalizations and dependence on medications. Because of these secondary medical benefits, we believe that ReWalk has the ability to reduce the lifetime healthcare costs of individuals with spinal cord injuries, making it economically attractive for individuals, healthcare providers such as hospitals and rehabilitation centers, and third-party payors.

ReWalk Q We are currently developing our next generation of ReWalk, with a more efficient drive mechanism, slimmer profile and lighter body, as well as other improvements. We are also developing ReWalk Q for individuals with quadriplegia who are unable to hold crutches, which will include attached crutches with wheels. We expect to complete the development of ReWalk Q in the near future, at which time we will begin clinical testing and apply for regulatory clearances. We plan to expand the designs and indications that we address beyond paraplegia and quadriplegia to include other disabilities affecting gait and ability to walk, such as multiple sclerosis, stroke and cerebral palsy.

Risk Factors

Investing in our ordinary shares involves risks. You should carefully consider the risks described in **Risk Factors** before making a decision to invest in our ordinary shares. If any of these risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations would likely be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of our ordinary shares would likely decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. The following is a summary of some of the principal risks we face:

We currently rely, and in the future will rely, on sales of our ReWalk systems and related service contracts and extended warranties for our revenue, and we may not be able to achieve or maintain market acceptance.

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The market for medical exoskeletons is new and unproven, and important assumptions about the potential market for our products may be inaccurate.

We have a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our business plan and prospects.

If we are unable to expand our sales, marketing and training infrastructure, we may fail to increase our sales.

The health benefits of ReWalk have not been substantiated by long-term clinical data, which could limit sales.

We may fail to secure or retain adequate coverage or reimbursement for ReWalk by third-party payors.

We depend on a single third-party to manufacture ReWalk and a limited number of third-party suppliers for certain components of ReWalk.

Our future growth and operating results will depend on our ability to develop and commercialize new products and penetrate new markets.

We operate in a competitive industry that is subject to rapid technological change, and we expect competition to increase.

We have incurred net losses since our inception.

The accountants' report on our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 includes an explanatory paragraph that expresses substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We are subject to extensive governmental regulations relating to the manufacturing, labeling and marketing of our products.

Our Principal Shareholders

Upon the closing of this offering, entities affiliated with SCP Vitalife Partners, Yaskawa Electric Corporation, or Yaskawa, Israeli Health Care Ventures II, L.P. and entities affiliated with Pontifax (Cayman) II, L.P. will beneficially own 48.3% of our outstanding ordinary shares in the aggregate (or 46.3% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares). Upon the closing of this offering, we will not be a party to and are not otherwise aware of any voting agreement that will exist among our shareholders. For further information about the ownership of our ordinary shares upon the closing of this offering, see [Principal Shareholders](#).

We have entered into a Strategic Alliance Agreement with Yaskawa pursuant to which, among other arrangements, we and Yaskawa will collaborate with respect to the marketing, distribution and commercialization of our products by Yaskawa, the marketing and distribution of future Yaskawa products by us and the improvement and quality control of our products. In the future, subject to any necessary regulatory clearance, this agreement entitles us to market and sell certain of Yaskawa's products currently under development in the United States and Europe. The term of the agreement is ten years, but it may be terminated by either party after seven years or upon 60 days' notice in the event of an uncured default under the agreement.

We and Yaskawa also entered into an Exclusive Distribution Agreement which provides that Yaskawa will be our exclusive distributor in Japan, China (including Hong Kong and Macau), Taiwan, South Korea, Singapore and Thailand. In addition, Yaskawa has a right of first refusal to serve as distributor in certain other Asian markets, subject to an agreement on minimum purchase requirements. In addition, if we offer better

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pricing to any other distributor than what we offer Yaskawa, Yaskawa will be entitled to that pricing. The term of the Exclusive Distribution Agreement is ten years, but it may be terminated by either party upon 90 days written notice after seven years or upon certain other events. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Agreements with Yaskawa.

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Corporate Information

We are incorporated under the laws of the State of Israel. Our corporate headquarters are located at Kochav Yokneam Building, Floor 6, Yokneam Ilit 20692, Israel, and our telephone number is +972 (4) 959 0123. We also have offices in Marlborough, Massachusetts and Berlin, Germany. Our website address is <http://rewalk.com/>. Information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website does not constitute a part of this prospectus and is not incorporated by reference herein. We have included our website address in this prospectus solely for informational purposes. Our agent for service of process in the United States is ReWalk Robotics, Inc., located at 33 Locke Drive, Marlborough, Massachusetts 01752, and its telephone number is (508) 251-1154.

ReWalk® is our registered trademark in Israel. Other trademarks and service marks appearing in this prospectus are the property of their respective holders.

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The Offering

Ordinary shares offered by us	3,350,000 ordinary shares
Ordinary shares to be outstanding after this offering	11,517,356 ordinary shares
Underwriters' option	We have granted the underwriters an option for a period of 30 days after the date of this prospectus to purchase up to 502,500 additional ordinary shares.
Use of proceeds	We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, including sales and marketing expenditures aimed at growing our business and research and development expenditures focused on product development. We may also use net proceeds to make acquisitions or investments in complementary companies or technologies, although we do not have any agreement or understanding with respect to any such acquisition or investment at this time. See Use of Proceeds.
Risk factors	See Risk Factors and other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our ordinary shares.
Proposed Nasdaq Global Market symbol	RWLK
The number of ordinary shares to be outstanding after this offering is based on 8,167,356 ordinary shares outstanding as of August 1, 2014:	

assuming the exercise on such date of warrants to purchase 17,953 of our preferred shares that expire upon the consummation of this offering into 11,050 preferred shares (representing 198,900 ordinary shares after the share split described below), and the conversion on such date of all outstanding ordinary A shares, ordinary B shares, preferred shares and preferred shares issuable upon the exercise of such outstanding warrants into ordinary shares;

excluding 1,396,746 ordinary shares reserved for issuance under our equity incentive plans as of August 19, 2014, of which there were outstanding options to purchase 1,115,640 shares at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.30 per share;

excluding warrants to purchase 777,996 of our ordinary shares that will remain outstanding after this offering; and

assuming the issuance to our founder, Dr. Amit Goffer, of 326,034 ordinary shares immediately prior to the closing of this offering, such that the value of his ownership interest equals 6% of our valuation, in accordance with our Articles of Association and our Fourth Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement.

For more information regarding the securities that Dr. Goffer has the right to receive, see Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Arrangements with Founder.

Unless otherwise indicated, this prospectus:

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reflects the exercise immediately prior to the closing of this offering of our outstanding warrants described above that expire upon the consummation of this offering and the related forfeiture of 6,903 of such warrants in connection with the cashless exercise of certain warrants, and the conversion of all outstanding ordinary A shares, ordinary B shares, preferred shares and preferred shares issuable upon the exercise of such warrants into ordinary shares;

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gives effect to the adoption of our amended articles of association immediately prior to the closing of this offering, which will replace our articles of association currently in effect;

gives effect to an 18-for-1 share split of our ordinary shares effected on August 25, 2014 by means of a share dividend of 17 ordinary shares for each ordinary share then outstanding;

assumes an offering of 3,350,000 ordinary shares and an initial public offering price of \$15.00 per ordinary share, the midpoint of the estimated initial public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus; and

assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to 502,500 additional ordinary shares from us.

Table of Contents**Summary Consolidated Financial Data**

The summary consolidated financial data set forth below for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2013 is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and are presented elsewhere in this prospectus. The summary consolidated financial statement data for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, and as of June 30, 2014, is derived from our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements presented elsewhere in this prospectus. In the opinion of management, these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of our financial position and operating results for these periods.

You should read the following summary consolidated financial data in conjunction with, and it is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our consolidated financial statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus and other information provided in this prospectus, including Selected Consolidated Financial Data and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. The historical results set forth below are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected in future periods and results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year.

	Year Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2013	2013	2014
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Statements of Operations Data:				
Revenues	\$ 972	\$ 1,588	\$ 797	\$ 945
Cost of revenues	983	2,017	1,074	1,368
Gross loss	(11)	(429)	(277)	(423)
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	1,757	2,463	1,062	2,158
Sales and marketing, net	2,334	4,091	1,644	2,891
General and administrative	1,657	1,762	801	1,382
Total operating expenses	5,748	8,316	3,507	6,431
Operating loss	5,759	8,745	3,784	6,854
Financial expenses, net	878	3,410	1,656	2,855
Loss before income taxes	6,637	12,155	5,440	9,709
Income taxes	21	22	12	32
Net loss	\$ 6,658	\$ 12,177	\$ 5,452	\$ 9,741
Net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted(1)	\$ (41.26)	\$ (74.53)	\$ (32.72)	\$ (59.42)
Weighted average number of shares used in computing net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted	185,688	185,688	185,688	187,398
Pro forma net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted(2)(3)		\$ (2.54)		\$ (1.42)
Pro forma weighted average number of shares used in computing net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted(2)		4,349,664		6,304,194

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	As of June 30, 2014	
	Actual(4)	As Adjusted(5)
	(in thousands)	
Balance Sheet Data:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 904	46,203
Total assets	5,236	49,471
Convertible preferred share warrant liability(6)	4,968	
Accumulated deficit	(36,647)	(41,538)
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)	(2,612)	47,110

- (1) Net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted, is calculated by dividing our net loss excluding dividends accrued on our convertible preferred shares outstanding during the period presented by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period presented. See Note 2u to our consolidated financial statements presented elsewhere in this prospectus.
- (2) Pro forma net loss per ordinary share and pro forma weighted average number of shares outstanding assume the conversion of our preferred shares, including preferred shares issuable in connection with the exercise of outstanding warrants, into ordinary shares, which will occur immediately prior to the closing of this offering, but does not include the issuance of shares in connection with this offering. For additional information on the conversion of the preferred shares, see Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.
- (3) Pro forma net loss per ordinary share, basic and diluted, assumes an adjustment to net loss in order to eliminate the revaluation expenses of our warrants liability. See Note 2e to our consolidated financial statements presented elsewhere in this prospectus.
- (4) Reflects the payment of \$0.5 million of offering expenses through June 30, 2014.
- (5) As adjusted gives effect to (a) the conversion of our preferred shares, including preferred shares issuable in connection with the exercise of outstanding warrants, into ordinary shares, which will occur immediately prior to the closing of this offering, (b) the receipt of \$0.4 million by us upon the closing of this offering from the exercise of warrants prior to the closing of this offering, (c) the issuance of 326,034 ordinary shares to our founder, Dr. Amit Goffer (see Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Arrangements with Founder) and (d) the issuance and sale of ordinary shares by us in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$15.00 per ordinary share, the midpoint of the range on the front cover of this prospectus, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Excludes (a) \$0.7 million received by us after June 30, 2014 in connection with the exercise of warrants and (b) \$13.0 million received by us after June 30, 2014 in connection with our series E financing round.
- (6) The elimination of convertible preferred share warrant liability relates to the exercise of warrants to purchase convertible preferred shares upon the closing of this offering and the corresponding reclassification of such liability to additional paid-in capital.

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in our ordinary shares involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks described below and all other information contained in this prospectus before you decide to buy our ordinary shares. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In that event, the trading price of our ordinary shares would likely decline and you might lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Business and Our Industry

We currently rely, and in the future will rely, on sales of our ReWalk systems and related service contracts and extended warranties for our revenue, and we may not be able to achieve or maintain market acceptance.

We currently rely, and in the future will rely, on sales of our ReWalk systems and related service contracts and extended warranties for our revenue. ReWalk is a new product, and market acceptance and adoption depend on educating people with limited upright mobility and health care providers as to the distinct features, ease-of-use, positive lifestyle impact and other benefits of ReWalk compared to alternative technologies and treatments. ReWalk may not be perceived to have sufficient potential benefits compared with these alternatives. Users may also choose other therapies due to disadvantages of ReWalk, including the time it takes for a user to put on ReWalk, the slower pace of ReWalk compared to a wheelchair, the weight of ReWalk when carried, which makes it more burdensome for a companion to transport than a wheelchair, and the requirement that users be accompanied by a trained companion. Also, we believe that healthcare providers tend to be slow to change their medical treatment practices because of perceived liability risks arising from the use of new products and the uncertainty of third-party reimbursement. Accordingly, healthcare providers may not recommend ReWalk until there is sufficient evidence to convince them to alter the treatment methods they typically recommend, such as prominent healthcare providers or other key opinion leaders in the spinal cord injury community recommending ReWalk as effective in providing identifiable immediate and long-term health benefits.

In addition, health insurance companies and other third-party payors may not provide adequate coverage or reimbursement for our products. We may be unable to sell ReWalk systems on a profitable basis if third-party payors deny coverage, limit reimbursement or reduce their levels of payment, or if our costs of production increase faster than increases in reimbursement levels. In addition, we may not obtain coverage and reimbursement approvals in a timely manner. Our failure to receive such approvals would negatively impact market acceptance of ReWalk.

Achieving and maintaining market acceptance of ReWalk could be negatively impacted by many other factors, including, but not limited to:

lack of sufficient evidence supporting the benefits of ReWalk over competitive products or other available treatment, or lifestyle management, methodologies;

results of clinical studies relating to ReWalk or similar products;

claims that ReWalk, or any component thereof, infringes on patent or other intellectual property rights of third-parties;

perceived risks associated with the use of ReWalk or similar products or technologies;

the introduction of new competitive products or greater acceptance of competitive products;

adverse regulatory or legal actions relating to ReWalk or similar products or technologies; and

problems arising from the outsourcing of our manufacturing capabilities, or our existing manufacturing and supply relationships. Any factors that negatively impact sales of ReWalk would adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

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The market for medical exoskeletons is new and unproven, and important assumptions about the potential market for our products may be inaccurate.

The market for medical exoskeletons is new and unproven. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict the future size and rate of growth of the market. We cannot be certain whether the market will continue to develop or if medical exoskeletons will achieve and sustain a level of market acceptance and demand sufficient for us to continue to generate revenue and achieve profitability.

Limited sources exist to obtain reliable market data with respect to the number of mobility impaired individuals and the incurrence of spinal cord injuries in our target markets. In addition, there are no third-party reports or studies regarding what percentage of those with limited mobility or spinal cord injuries would be able to use exoskeletons in general, or our current or planned future products in particular. In order to use our current products marketed to those with paraplegia, users must have healthy hands and shoulders, weigh less than 220 pounds/100 kilograms and be between 5 ft. 1 inch and 6 ft. 6 inches/1.55 meters and 2 meters. Users must also not have balance, brain or vestibular disorders that would affect their balance. Future products for those with paraplegia, quadriplegia or other mobility impairments or spinal cord injuries may have the same or other restrictions. Our business strategy is based, in part, on our estimates of the number of mobility impaired individuals and the incurrence of spinal cord injuries in our target markets and the percentage of those groups that would be able to use our current and future products. Our assumptions may be inaccurate and may change.

If the medical exoskeleton market fails to develop or develops more slowly than we expect, or if we have relied on sources or made assumptions that are not accurate, our business could be adversely affected.

In addition, because we operate in a new market, the actions of our competitors could adversely affect our business. Adverse events such as product defects or legal claims with respect to competing or similar products could cause reputational harm to the exoskeleton market on the whole. Further, adverse regulatory findings or reimbursement-related decisions with respect to other exoskeleton products could negatively impact the entire market and, accordingly, our business.

We have a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our business plan and prospects.

Although we were incorporated in 2001, we did not begin selling ReWalk Rehabilitation until 2011, and we did not begin selling ReWalk Personal in Europe until 2012. We expect to begin selling ReWalk Personal in the United States in the third quarter of 2014 as we received FDA clearance to do so in June 2014. Therefore, we have limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our business plan and prospects. Our business plan and prospects must be considered in the light of the potential problems, delays, uncertainties and complications encountered in connection with a newly established business. The risks include, but are not limited to, that:

a market will not develop for our products;

we will not be able to develop scalable products and services, or that although scalable, our products and services will not be economical to market;

we will not be able to establish brand recognition and competitive advantages for our products;

we will not receive necessary regulatory clearances or approvals for our products; and

our competitors market an equivalent or superior product or hold proprietary rights that preclude us from marketing our products. There are no assurances that we can successfully address these challenges. If we are unsuccessful, our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially and adversely affected.

If we are unable to expand our sales, marketing and training infrastructure, we may fail to increase our sales.

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A key element of our business strategy is the continued expansion of our sales and marketing infrastructure, through the hiring, training, retaining and motivating of skilled sales and marketing representatives with industry

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experience and knowledge. In order to grow our business efficiently, we must coordinate the expansion of this infrastructure with the timing of regulatory approvals, decisions regarding reimbursements, and other factors in various geographies. Developing a sales and marketing infrastructure is expensive and time consuming and an inability to develop such an organization in a timely manner, or in coordination with regulatory or other developments, could inhibit potential sales and delay the successful adoption of ReWalk.

We expect to face significant challenges as we manage and grow our sales and marketing infrastructure and work to retain the individuals who make up those networks. Recently hired sales representatives require training and take time to achieve full productivity. If we fail to train recent hires adequately, or if we experience high turnover in our sales force in the future, we cannot be certain that new hires will become as productive as may be necessary to maintain or increase our sales. In addition, if we are not able to recruit and retain a network of internal trainers, we may not be able to successfully train customers on the use of ReWalk, which could inhibit new sales and harm our reputation. If we are unable to expand our sales, marketing and training capabilities, we may not be able to effectively commercialize ReWalk, or enhance the strength of our brand, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

The health benefits of ReWalk have not been substantiated by long-term clinical data, which could limit sales.

Although our interim analysis of an ongoing study demonstrates improvements in secondary physical conditions such as reduction in pain and spasticity and improving bowel and urinary tract function, decreasing pain, emotional and psychosocial benefits, the health benefits of our current ReWalk products have not been substantiated by long-term clinical data. As a result, potential customers and healthcare providers may be slower to adopt or recommend ReWalk and third-party payors may not be willing to provide coverage or reimbursement for our products. In addition, future studies or clinical experience may indicate that treatment with our current or future ReWalk products is not superior to treatment with alternative products or therapies. Such results could slow the adoption of our products and significantly reduce our sales.

We may fail to secure or retain adequate coverage or reimbursement for ReWalk by third-party payors.

We expect that in the future a significant source of payment for ReWalk systems will be private insurance plans and managed care programs, government programs such as the Veterans Administration, Medicare and Medicaid, workers compensation and other third-party payors. Currently, no uniform policy of coverage and reimbursement for electronic exoskeleton medical technology exists among third-party payors in the United States or elsewhere. To date, payments for our products have been made primarily by self-payers, through case-by-case determinations by third-party payors and by negotiating the cost of a ReWalk into accident settlements. There is limited clinical data related to ReWalk, and third-party payors may consider use of ReWalk to be experimental and therefore refuse to cover it. For example, Aetna recently announced its determination that certain lower-limb prostheses, including ReWalk, are experimental and investigational because there is inadequate evidence of their effectiveness. Private insurance companies do not currently cover or provide reimbursement for any medical exoskeleton products for personal use, including ReWalk, and may never provide such coverage.

Many private third-party payors use coverage decisions and payment amounts determined by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or CMS, which administers the Medicare program, as guidelines in setting their coverage and reimbursement policies. In the future, we will pursue economic benefit clinical studies for CMS, which we expect to demonstrate the secondary medical benefits and long-term cost savings potential of ReWalk. While we believe that a positive response from CMS in respect of such studies will broaden coverage by private insurers, we expect that it could take three to five years to receive a decision from CMS. Even with a positive decision from CMS regarding ReWalk Personal, future action by CMS or other government agencies may diminish possible payments to physicians, outpatient centers and/or hospitals that purchase ReWalk Rehabilitation, and possible payments to individuals who purchase ReWalk Personal. Additionally, a decision by CMS to provide reimbursement could influence other payors, including private insurers. If CMS declines to provide for reimbursements of ReWalk or if its reimbursement price is lower than that of other payors, ReWalk

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may not be reimbursed at a cost-effective level or at all. Those private third-party payors that do not follow the Medicare guidelines may adopt different coverage and reimbursement policies for purchase of ReWalk, or use of ReWalk Rehabilitation at a hospital or rehabilitation center. In addition, we expect that the purchase of ReWalk Rehabilitation systems will require the approval of senior management at hospitals or rehabilitation facilities, inclusion in the hospitals or rehabilitation facilities budget process for capital expenditures, and in the case of ReWalk Personal, fundraising and financial planning or assistance.

Third-party payors are developing increasingly sophisticated methods of controlling healthcare costs. These cost control methods include prospective payment systems, capitated rates, benefit redesigns and an exploration of other cost-effective methods of delivering healthcare. These cost control methods potentially limit the amount that healthcare providers may be willing to pay for electronic exoskeleton medical technology, if they provide coverage at all. We may be unable to sell ReWalk systems on a profitable basis if third-party payors deny coverage or provide insufficient levels of reimbursement.

We depend on a single third-party to manufacture ReWalk and a limited number of third-party suppliers for certain components of ReWalk.

We have contracted with Sanmina Corporation, a well-established contract manufacturer with expertise in the medical device industry, for the manufacture of all of our products and the sourcing of all of our components and raw materials. Pursuant to this contract, Sanmina manufactures ReWalk, pursuant to our specifications, at its facility in Ma'alot, Israel. We may terminate our relationship with Sanmina at any time upon written notice. In addition, either we or Sanmina may terminate the relationship in the event of a material breach, subject to a 30-day cure period. For our business strategy to be successful, Sanmina must be able to manufacture our products in sufficient quantities, in compliance with regulatory requirements and quality control standards, in accordance with agreed upon specifications, at acceptable costs and on a timely basis. Increases in our product sales, whether forecasted or unanticipated, could strain the ability of Sanmina to manufacture an increasingly large supply of our current or future products in a manner that meets these various requirements. In addition, although we are not restricted from engaging an alternative manufacturer, and have the capabilities to manufacture ReWalk in-house, the process of moving our manufacturing activities would be time consuming and costly, and may limit our ability to meet our sales commitments, which could harm our reputation and could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We also rely on third-party suppliers, which contract directly with Sanmina, to supply certain components of ReWalk. Sanmina does not have long-term supply agreements with most of their suppliers and, in many cases, makes purchases on a purchase order basis. Sanmina's ability to secure adequate quantities of such products may be limited. Suppliers may encounter problems that limit their ability to manufacture components for our products, including financial difficulties or damage to their manufacturing equipment or facilities. If Sanmina fails to obtain sufficient quantities of high quality components to meet demand on a timely basis, we could lose customer orders, our reputation may be harmed and our business could suffer.

Sanmina generally uses a small number of suppliers for ReWalk. Depending on a limited number of suppliers exposes us to risks, including limited control over pricing, availability, quality and delivery schedules. If any one or more of our suppliers ceases to provide sufficient quantities of components in a timely manner or on acceptable terms, Sanmina would have to seek alternative sources of supply. It may be difficult to engage additional or replacement suppliers in a timely manner. Failure of these suppliers to deliver products at the level our business requires would limit our ability to meet our sales commitments, which could harm our reputation and could have a material adverse effect on our business. Sanmina also may have difficulty obtaining similar components from other suppliers that are acceptable to the FDA or other regulatory agencies, and the failure of Sanmina's suppliers to comply with strictly enforced regulatory requirements could expose us to regulatory action including warning letters, product recalls, termination of distribution, product seizures or civil penalties. It could also require Sanmina to cease using the components, seek alternative components or technologies and we could be forced to modify our products to incorporate alternative components or technologies, which could result in a requirement to seek additional regulatory approvals. Any disruption of this nature or increased expenses could harm our commercialization efforts and adversely affect our operating results.

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We also rely on a limited number of suppliers for the batteries used by ReWalk and do not maintain any long-term supply agreement with respect to batteries. If we or our third-party distributors fail to obtain sufficient quantities of batteries in a timely manner, our reputation may be harmed and our business could suffer.

Our future growth and operating results will depend on our ability to develop and commercialize new products and penetrate new markets.

In the next few years, we expect that a significant portion of our revenues will be derived from ReWalk products that we adapt for use by individuals with quadriplegia and other mobility impairments besides paraplegia. As such, our future results will depend on our ability to successfully develop and commercialize such products. We cannot ensure you that we will be able to introduce new products or products currently under development for additional indications in a timely manner, or at all. In addition, we may not be able to clinically demonstrate the medical benefits of our products for new indications, and we do not yet have any clinical data demonstrating the benefits of our products for indications other than paraplegia. We may also be unable to gain necessary regulatory approvals to enable us to market ReWalk for additional indications or the regulatory process may be more costly and time consuming than expected.

Even if we are successful in the design and development of new products, our growth and results of operations will depend on our ability to penetrate new markets and gain acceptance by the quadriplegia community and non-spinal cord injury markets such as the stroke and multiple sclerosis communities. We may not be able to gain such market acceptance in these communities in a timely manner, or at all.

While they will utilize the same core technology platform, our new products and products currently under development will have design features and components that differ from our current products. Accordingly, these products will also be subject to the risks described above under We currently rely, and in the future will rely, on sales of our ReWalk systems and related service contracts and extended warranties for our revenue. To the extent we are unable to successfully develop and commercialize products to address indications other than paraplegia, we will not meet our projected results of operations and future growth.

We operate in a competitive industry that is subject to rapid technological change, and we expect competition to increase.

There are several other companies developing technology and devices that compete with ReWalk. Our principal competitors in the medical exoskeleton market consist of Ekso Bionics, Rex Bionics, Cyberdyne, and Parker Hannifin. These companies have products currently available for institutional use and some are in the early stages of the FDA clearance process for personal use. We expect some of such products to become available for personal use in the next few years. In addition, we compete with alternative devices and alternative therapies, including treadmill-based gait therapies, such as those offered by Hocoma, AlterG, Aretech and Reha Technology. These or other medical device or robotics companies, academic and research institutions, or others, may develop new technologies or therapies that provide a superior walking experience, are more effective in treating the secondary medical conditions that we target or are less expensive than ReWalk or future products. Our technologies and products could be rendered obsolete by such developments. We may also compete with other treatments and technologies that address the secondary medical conditions that ReWalk seeks to mitigate.

Our competitors may respond more quickly to new or emerging technologies, undertake more extensive marketing campaigns, have greater financial, marketing and other resources than we do or may be more successful in attracting potential customers, employees and strategic partners. In addition, potential customers, such as hospitals and rehabilitation centers, could have long-standing or contractual relationships with competitors or other medical device companies. Potential customers may be reluctant to adopt ReWalk, particularly if it competes with or has the potential to compete with or diminish the need/utilization of products or treatments supported through these existing relationships. If we are not able to compete effectively, our business and results of operations will be negatively impacted.

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We have incurred net losses since our inception.

We have experienced operating losses since our inception in 2001. We expect that we will continue to incur losses for at least the next two years as we continue to commercialize our ReWalk systems, expand our sales and marketing capabilities, continue our ongoing research and development and continue to develop the corporate infrastructure necessary to market and sell our products. Additionally, following this offering, we expect general and administrative expenses to increase due to the additional operational and reporting costs associated with being a public company. Our ability to achieve profitability and positive cash flow is subject to the risks described in this section. If we are unable to become profitable with positive cash flow, the value of your investment will be adversely affected.

We may not have sufficient funds to meet our future capital requirements.

We believe that the combination of the proceeds of this offering and our other current sources of liquidity will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for at least the next 24 months. However, if we require additional funds during that period or in later periods, we may need to seek additional sources of funds, including potentially by selling additional equity securities, borrowing or selling or licensing our assets. However, we may be unable to obtain additional funds on reasonable terms, or at all. As a result, we may be required to reduce the scope of, or delay or eliminate, some or all of our current and planned commercialization and research and development activities. We also may have to reduce marketing, customer service or other resources devoted to our business. Any of these actions could materially harm our business and results of operations. Any sale of additional equity may result in dilution to our shareholders and agreements governing any borrowing arrangement may contain covenants that could restrict our operations.

We utilize independent distributors who are free to market products that compete with ReWalk.

While we expect that the percentage of our sales generated from independent distributors will decrease over time as we increase our direct sales efforts in the United States in response to the receipt of FDA clearance for ReWalk Personal, we believe that a meaningful percentage of our sales will continue to be generated by independent distributors in the future. None of our independent distributors has been required to sell our products exclusively. Our distributor agreements generally have one year initial terms and automatic renewals for an additional year. If any of our key independent distributors were to cease to distribute our products, our sales could be adversely affected. In such a situation, we may need to seek alternative independent distributors or increase our reliance on our other independent distributors or our direct sales representatives, which may not prevent our sales from being adversely affected. Additionally, to the extent that we enter into additional arrangements with independent distributors to perform sales, marketing, or distribution services, the terms of the arrangements could cause our product margins to be lower than if we directly marketed and sold our products.

We are dependent on a single facility for the manufacturing and assembly of our products.

All manufacturing and assembly of our products is conducted at a single facility of our contract manufacturer, Sanmina, located in Ma'alot, Israel. Accordingly, we are highly dependent on the uninterrupted and efficient operation of this facility. If operations at this facility were to be disrupted as a result of equipment failures, earthquakes and other natural disasters, fires, accidents, work stoppages, power outages, acts of war or terrorism or other reasons, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In particular, this facility is located in the north of Israel within range of rockets that have from time to time been fired into the country during armed conflicts with Hezbollah in Lebanon. Although our manufacturing and assembly operations could be transferred elsewhere, either in-house or to an alternative Sanmina facility, the process of relocating these operations would cause delays in production. Lost sales or increased costs that we may experience during the disruption, or a forced relocation, of operations may not be recoverable under our insurance policies, and longer-term business disruptions could result in a loss of customers. If this were to occur, our business, financial condition and operations could be materially negatively impacted.

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We may receive a significant number of warranty claims or our ReWalk system may require significant amounts of service after sale.

Sales of ReWalk generally include a two-year warranty for parts and services, other than for normal wear and tear. We also provide customers with the option to purchase an extended warranty for up to an additional three years. If product returns or warranty claims are significant or exceed our expectations, we could incur unanticipated expenditures for parts and services, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

Defects in our products or the software that drives them could adversely affect the results of our operations.

The design, manufacture and marketing of ReWalk involve certain inherent risks. Manufacturing or design defects, unanticipated use of ReWalk, or inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of ReWalk can lead to injury or other adverse events. In addition, because the manufacturing of our products is outsourced to Sanmina, our original equipment manufacturer, we may not be aware of manufacturing defects that could occur. Such adverse events could lead to recalls or safety alerts relating to ReWalk (either voluntary or required by the FDA or similar governmental authorities in other countries), and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of ReWalk from the market. A recall could result in significant costs. To the extent any manufacturing defect occurs, our agreement with Sanmina contains a limitation on Sanmina's liability, and therefore we could be required to incur the majority of related costs. Product defects or recalls could also result in negative publicity, damage to our reputation or, in some circumstances, delays in new product approvals.

When a human exoskeleton is used by a paralyzed individual to walk, the individual relies completely on the exoskeleton to hold him or her upright. In addition, ReWalk incorporates sophisticated computer software. Complex software frequently contains errors, especially when first introduced. Our software may experience errors or performance problems in the future. If any part of ReWalk's hardware or software were to fail, the user could experience death or serious injury. Additionally, users may not use ReWalk in accordance with safety protocols and training, which could enhance the risk of death or injury. Any such occurrence could cause delay in market acceptance of ReWalk, damage to our reputation, additional regulatory filings, product recalls, increased service and warranty costs, product liability claims and loss of revenue relating to such hardware or software defects.

The medical device industry has historically been subject to extensive litigation over product liability claims. We have been, and anticipate that as part of our ordinary course of business we may be, subject to product liability claims alleging defects in the design, manufacture or labeling of our products. A product liability claim, regardless of its merit or eventual outcome, could result in significant legal defense costs and high punitive damage payments. Although we maintain product liability insurance, the coverage is subject to deductibles and limitations, and may not be adequate to cover future claims. Additionally, we may be unable to maintain our existing product liability insurance in the future at satisfactory rates or adequate amounts.

We may not be able to enhance our product offerings through our research and development efforts.

In order to increase our sales and our market share in the exoskeleton market, we must enhance and broaden our research and development efforts and product offerings in response to the evolving demands of people with paraplegia or paralysis and healthcare providers, as well as competitive technologies. We may not be successful in developing, obtaining regulatory approval for, or marketing our proposed products. In addition, notwithstanding our market research efforts, our future products may not be accepted by consumers, their caregivers, healthcare providers or third-party payors who reimburse consumers for our products. The success of any proposed product offerings will depend on numerous factors, including our ability to:

identify the product features that people with paraplegia or paralysis, their caregivers and healthcare providers are seeking in a medical device that restores upright mobility and successfully incorporate those features into our products;

develop and introduce proposed products in sufficient quantities and in a timely manner;

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adequately protect our intellectual property and avoid infringing upon the intellectual property rights of third-parties;

demonstrate the safety, efficacy and health benefits of proposed products; and

obtain the necessary regulatory approvals for proposed products.

If we fail to generate demand by developing products that incorporate features desired by consumers, their caregivers or healthcare providers, or if we do not obtain regulatory clearance or approval for proposed products in time to meet market demand, we may fail to generate sales sufficient to achieve or maintain profitability. We have in the past experienced, and we may in the future experience, delays in various phases of product development, including during research and development, manufacturing, limited release testing, marketing and customer education efforts. Such delays could cause customers to delay or forego purchases of our products, or to purchase our competitors' products. Even if we are able to successfully develop proposed products when anticipated, these products may not produce sales in excess of the costs of development, and they may be quickly rendered obsolete by changing consumer preferences or the introduction by our competitors of products embodying new technologies or features.

There is no long-term clinical data with respect to the effects of ReWalk, and our products could cause unforeseen negative effects.

While short-term clinical studies have established the safety of ReWalk, there is no long-term clinical data with respect to the safety or physical effects of ReWalk. Future results and experience could indicate that our products are not safe for long-term use or cause unexpected complications or other unforeseen negative effects. Because ReWalk users generally do not have feeling in their lower body, users may not immediately notice damaging effects, which could exacerbate their impact. If in the future ReWalk is shown to be unsafe or cause such unforeseen effects, we could be subject to mandatory product recalls, suspension or withdrawal of FDA clearance or approval, significant legal liability or harm to our business reputation.

We may enter into collaborations, in-licensing arrangements, joint ventures, strategic alliances or partnerships with third-parties that may not result in the development of commercially viable products or the generation of significant future revenues.

In the ordinary course of our business, in the future we may enter into collaborations, in-licensing arrangements, joint ventures, strategic alliances or partnerships to develop ReWalk and to pursue new markets. Proposing, negotiating and implementing collaborations, in-licensing arrangements, joint ventures, strategic alliances or partnerships may be a lengthy and complex process. We may not identify, secure, or complete any such transactions or arrangements in a timely manner, on a cost-effective basis, on acceptable terms or at all. We have limited institutional knowledge and experience with respect to these business development activities, and we may also not realize the anticipated benefits of any such transaction or arrangement. In particular, these collaborations may not result in the development of products that achieve commercial success or result in significant revenues and could be terminated prior to developing any products. For example, we have entered into an arrangement with Yaskawa for the distribution of our products in certain Asian markets, which may not be as productive or successful as we hope.

If we pursue collaborations, in-licensing arrangements, joint ventures, strategic alliances or partnerships, we may not be in a position to exercise sole decision making authority regarding the transaction or arrangement, which could create the potential risk of creating impasses on decisions, and our collaborators may have economic or business interests or goals that are, or that may become, inconsistent with our business interests or goals. It is possible that conflicts may arise with our collaborators. Our collaborators may act in their self-interest, which may be adverse to our best interest, and they may breach their obligations to us. Any such disputes could result in litigation or arbitration which would increase our expenses and divert the attention of our management. Further, these transactions and arrangements are contractual in nature and may be terminated or dissolved under the terms of the applicable agreements.

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Exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar, the euro and the NIS may negatively affect our earnings.

The U.S. dollar is our functional and reporting currency. In 2013, most of our revenues were denominated in U.S. dollars, approximately half of our expenses were denominated in U.S. dollars, and the remainder of our expenses were denominated in NIS and euros. In 2014, we expect that the denominations of our revenues and expenses will be consistent with what we experienced in 2013. Accordingly, any appreciation of the NIS or euro relative to the U.S. dollar would adversely impact our net loss or net income, if any. We have in the past engaged in limited hedging activities, and any hedging strategies that we may implement in the future to mitigate currency risks, such as forward contracts, options and foreign exchange swaps related to transaction exposures, may not eliminate our exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations. For further information, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk Foreign Currency Risk.

We may seek to grow our business through acquisitions of complementary products or technologies, and the failure to manage acquisitions, or the failure to integrate them with our existing business, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

From time to time, we may consider opportunities to acquire other products or technologies that may enhance our product platform or technology, expand the breadth of our markets or customer base, or advance our business strategies. Potential acquisitions involve numerous risks, including:

problems assimilating the acquired products or technologies;

issues maintaining uniform standards, procedures, controls and policies;

unanticipated costs associated with acquisitions;

diversion of management's attention from our existing business;

risks associated with entering new markets in which we have limited or no experience; and

increased legal and accounting costs relating to the acquisitions or compliance with regulatory matters.

We have no current commitments with respect to any acquisition. We do not know if we will be able to identify acquisitions we deem suitable, whether we will be able to successfully complete any such acquisitions on favorable terms or at all, or whether we will be able to successfully integrate any acquired products or technologies. Our potential inability to integrate any acquired products or technologies effectively may adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

If there are significant disruptions in our information technology systems, our business, financial condition and operating results could be adversely affected.

The efficient operation of our business depends on our information technology systems. We rely on our information technology systems to effectively manage sales and marketing data, accounting and financial functions, inventory management, product development tasks, research and development data, customer service and technical support functions. Our information technology systems are vulnerable to damage or interruption from earthquakes, fires, floods and other natural disasters, terrorist attacks, attacks by computer viruses or hackers, power losses, and computer system or data network failures. In addition, our data management application is hosted by a third-party service provider whose security and information technology systems are subject to similar risks, and ReWalk systems contain software which could be subject to computer virus or hacker attacks or other failures.

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The failure of our or our service providers' information technology systems or ReWalk's software to perform as we anticipate or our failure to effectively implement new information technology systems could disrupt our entire operation or adversely affect our software products and could result in decreased sales, increased overhead costs, and product shortages, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition and operating results.

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If we fail to properly manage our anticipated growth, our business could suffer.

Our rapid growth has placed, and we expect that it will continue to place, a significant strain on our management team and on our financial resources. Failure to manage our growth effectively could cause us to misallocate management or financial resources, and result in losses or weaknesses in our infrastructure, which could materially adversely affect our business. Additionally, our anticipated growth will increase the demands placed on our suppliers, resulting in an increased need for us to manage our suppliers and monitor for quality assurance. Any failure by us to manage our growth effectively could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our business objectives.

We depend on the knowledge and skills of our senior management.

We have benefited substantially from the leadership and performance of our senior management. For example, we depend on our Chief Executive Officer's experience successfully scaling an early stage medical device company, as well as the experience of other members of management. In addition, we depend on the personal experiences with paralysis of our founder, President and Chief Technology Officer in the development of our products. We carry key man insurance on Dr. Amit Goffer, our founder, President and Chief Technology Officer, but not on any other executive officer, and the amount of such coverage would likely be insufficient to offset the impact to our business of the loss of his services. Our success will depend on our ability to retain our current management. Competition for senior management in our industry is intense and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to retain our personnel. The loss of the services of certain members of our senior management could prevent or delay the implementation and completion of our strategic objectives, or divert management's attention to seeking qualified replacements.

Risks Related to Government Regulation

We are subject to extensive governmental regulations relating to the manufacturing, labeling and marketing of our products.

Our medical products and manufacturing operations are subject to regulation by the FDA, the European Union, the Ministry of Health in Israel, and other governmental authorities both inside and outside of the United States. These agencies enforce laws and regulations that govern the development, testing, manufacturing, labeling, storage, installation, servicing, advertising, promoting, marketing, distribution, import, export and market surveillance of ReWalk.

Our products are regulated as medical devices in the United States under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or FFDC, as implemented and enforced by the FDA. Under the FFDC, medical devices are classified into one of three classes—Class I, Class II or Class III—depending on the degree of risk associated with the medical device and the extent of control needed to provide reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. Classification of a device is important because the class to which a device is assigned determines, among other things, the necessity and type of FDA review required prior to marketing the device. See Business Government Regulation.

In June 2014, the FDA granted our petition for *de novo* classification, which is a route to market for medical devices that are low to moderate risk, but are not substantially equivalent to a predicate device, and classified ReWalk as Class II subject to certain special controls. The special controls established in the *de novo* order include compliance with medical device consensus standards; performance of a postmarket surveillance clinical study demonstrating a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness in urban terrain; non-clinical performance testing of the system's function and durability; a training program; and labeling related to device use and user training. In order for us to market ReWalk, we must comply with both general controls, including controls related to quality, facility registration, reporting of adverse events and labeling, and the special controls established for the device. Failure to comply with the general and special controls could lead to removal of ReWalk from the market, which would have a material adverse effect on our business.

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Following the introduction of a product, the governmental agencies will periodically review our manufacturing processes and product performance, and we are under a continuing obligation that all applicable regulatory requirements continue to be met. The process of complying with the applicable good manufacturing practices, adverse event reporting, clinical trial and other requirements can be costly and time consuming, and could delay or prevent the production, manufacturing or sale of ReWalk. In addition, if we fail to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, it could result in fines, delays or suspensions of regulatory clearances, closure of manufacturing sites, seizures or recalls of products and damage to our reputation. Recent changes in enforcement practice by the FDA, European Union and other agencies have resulted in increased enforcement activity, which increases the compliance risk that we and other companies in our industry are facing. In addition, governmental agencies may impose new requirements regarding registration, labeling or prohibited materials that may require us to modify or re-register ReWalk once it is already on the market or otherwise impact our ability to market ReWalk in those countries. The process of complying with these governmental regulations can be costly and time consuming, and could delay or prevent the production, manufacturing or sale of ReWalk.

If we or our third-party manufacturers or suppliers fail to comply with the FDA's Quality System Regulation, our manufacturing operations could be interrupted.

We, Sanmina and some of our suppliers are required to comply with the FDA's QSR which covers the methods and documentation of the design, testing, production, control, quality assurance, labeling, packaging, sterilization, storage and shipping of our products. We and Sanmina and our suppliers are also subject to the regulations of foreign jurisdictions regarding the manufacturing process if we or our distributors market our products abroad. We continue to monitor our quality management in order to improve our overall level of compliance. Our facilities are subject to periodic and unannounced inspection by U.S. and foreign regulatory agencies to audit compliance with the QSR and comparable foreign regulations. If our facilities or those of Sanmina or our suppliers are found to be in violation of applicable laws and regulations, or if we or Sanmina or our suppliers fail to take satisfactory corrective action in response to an adverse inspection, the regulatory authority could take enforcement action, including any of the following sanctions:

untitled letters, warning letters, fines, injunctions, consent decrees and civil penalties;

customer notifications or repair, replacement, refunds, detention or seizure of our products;

operating restrictions or partial suspension or total shutdown of production;

refusing or delaying requests for 510(k) marketing clearance or PMA approvals of new products or modified products;

withdrawing 510(k) marketing clearances or PMA approvals that have already been granted;

refusing to provide Certificates for Foreign Government;

refusing to grant export approval for our products; or

pursuing criminal prosecution.

Any of these sanctions could impair our ability to produce ReWalk in a cost-effective and timely manner in order to meet our customers demands, and could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition. We may also be required to bear other costs or take other actions that may have a negative impact on our future sales and our ability to generate profits.

We are subject to various laws and regulations, including fraud and abuse laws and anti-bribery laws, which, if violated, could subject us to substantial penalties.

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Medical device companies such as ours have faced lawsuits and investigations pertaining to alleged violations of numerous statutes and regulations, including anti-corruption laws and health care fraud and abuse laws, such as the federal False Claims Act, the federal Anti-Kickback Statute and the U.S. Foreign Corrupt

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Practices Act, or the FCPA. See Business Government Regulation. U.S. federal and state laws, including the federal Physician Payments Sunshine Act, or the Sunshine Act, and the implementation of Open Payments regulations under the Sunshine Act, require medical device companies to disclose certain payments made to healthcare providers and teaching hospitals or funds spent on marketing and promotion of medical device products. It is widely anticipated that public reporting under the Sunshine Act and implementing Open Payments regulations will result in increased scrutiny of the financial relationships between industry, physicians and teaching hospitals. These anti-kickback, anti-bribery, public reporting and aggregate spend laws affect our sales, marketing and other promotional activities by limiting the kinds of financial arrangements, including sales programs, we may have with hospitals, rehabilitation centers, physicians or other potential purchasers or users of ReWalk. They also impose additional administrative and compliance burdens on us. In particular, these laws influence, among other things, how we structure our sales offerings, including discount practices, customer support, education and training programs and physician consulting and other service arrangements. If we are in violation of any of these requirements or any actions are instituted against us, and we are not successful in defending ourselves or asserting our rights, those actions could have a significant impact on our business, including the imposition of significant criminal and civil fines and penalties, exclusion from federal healthcare programs or other sanctions.

The FCPA applies to companies, such as us following this offering, with a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act. The FCPA and other anti-bribery laws to which various aspects of our operations may be subject generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. In various jurisdictions, our operations require that we and third parties acting on our behalf routinely interact with government officials, including medical personnel who may be considered government officials for purposes of these laws because they are employees of state-owned or controlled facilities. Other anti-bribery laws to which various aspects of our operations may be subject, including the United Kingdom Bribery Act, also prohibit improper payments to private parties and prohibit receipt of improper payments. Our policies prohibit our employees from making or receiving corrupt payments, including, among other things, to require compliance by third parties engaged to act on our behalf. Our policies mandate compliance with these anti-bribery laws, however, we operate in many parts of the world that have experienced governmental and/or private corruption to some degree. As a result, the existence and implementation of a robust anti-corruption program cannot eliminate all risk that unauthorized reckless or criminal acts have been or will be committed by our employees or agents. Violations of these laws, or allegations of such violations, could disrupt our business and harm our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and reputation.

If we are found to have violated laws protecting the confidentiality of patient health information, we could be subject to civil or criminal penalties, which could increase our liabilities and harm our reputation or our business.

There are a number of federal, state and foreign laws protecting the confidentiality of certain patient health information, including patient records, and restricting the use and disclosure of that protected information. In particular, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, or HHS, promulgated patient privacy rules under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or HIPAA. These privacy rules protect medical records and other personal health information by limiting their use and disclosure, giving individuals the right to access, amend and seek accounting of their own health information and limiting most use and disclosures of health information to the minimum amount reasonably necessary to accomplish the intended purpose. If we or any of our service providers are found to be in violation of the promulgated patient privacy rules under HIPAA, we could be subject to civil or criminal penalties, which could increase our liabilities, harm our reputation and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

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Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property

Our success depends in part on our ability to obtain and maintain protection for the intellectual property relating to or incorporated into our products.

Our success depends in part on our ability to obtain and maintain protection for the intellectual property relating to or incorporated into our products. We seek to protect our intellectual property through a combination of patents, trademarks, confidentiality and invention assignment agreements with our employees and certain of our contractors and confidentiality agreements with certain of our consultants, scientific advisors and other vendors and contractors. In addition, we rely on trade secrets law to protect our proprietary software and product candidates/products in development.

The patent position of robotic and exoskeleton inventions can be highly uncertain and involves many new and evolving complex legal, factual and technical issues. Patent laws and interpretations of those laws are subject to change and any such changes may diminish the value of our patents or narrow the scope of protection. In addition, we may fail to apply for or be unable to obtain patents necessary to protect our technology or products or enforce our patents due to lack of information about the exact use of technology or processes by third parties. Also, we cannot be sure that any patents will be granted in a timely manner or at all with respect to any of our patent pending applications or that any patents that are granted will be adequate to protect our intellectual property for any significant period of time or at all.

Litigation to establish or challenge the validity of patents, or to defend against or assert against others infringement, unauthorized use, enforceability or invalidity claims, can be lengthy and expensive and may result in our patents being invalidated or interpreted narrowly and our not being granted new patents related to our pending patent applications. Even if we prevail, litigation may be time-consuming and force us to incur significant costs, and any damages or other remedies awarded to us may not be valuable and management's attention could be diverted from managing our business. In addition, U.S. patents and patent applications may be subject to interference proceedings, and U.S. patents may be subject to re-examination proceedings in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. Foreign patents may also be subject to opposition or comparable proceedings in the corresponding foreign patent offices. Any of these proceedings may be expensive and could result in the loss of a patent or denial of a patent application, or the loss or reduction in the scope of one or more of the claims of a patent or patent application.

In addition, we seek to protect our trade secrets, know-how and confidential information that is not patentable by entering into confidentiality and invention assignment agreements with our employees and certain of our contractors and confidentiality agreements with certain of our consultants, scientific advisors and other vendors and contractors. However, we may fail to enter into the necessary agreements, and even if entered into, these agreements may be breached or otherwise fail to prevent disclosure, third-party infringement or misappropriation of our proprietary information, may be limited as to their term and may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of unauthorized disclosure or use of proprietary information. Enforcing a claim that a third party illegally obtained and is using our trade secrets is expensive and time consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable.

We also have taken precautions to initiate reasonable safeguards to protect our information technology systems. However, these measures may not be adequate to safeguard our proprietary intellectual property, which could lead to the loss or impairment of our intellectual property or to expensive litigation to defend our rights against competitors who may be better funded and have superior resources. In addition, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or reverse engineer certain aspects of our products that we consider proprietary or our proprietary information may otherwise become known or may be independently developed by our competitors or other third parties. If other parties are able to use our proprietary technology or information, our ability to compete in the market could be harmed.

Further, unauthorized use of our intellectual property may have occurred, or may occur in the future, without our knowledge.

If we are unable to obtain or maintain adequate protection for intellectual property, or if any protection is reduced or eliminated, competitors may be able to use our technologies, resulting in harm to our competitive position.

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Our patents and proprietary technology and processes may not provide us with a competitive advantage.

Robotics and exoskeleton technologies have been developing rapidly in recent years. We are aware of several other companies developing competing exoskeleton devices for individuals with limited mobility and we expect the level of competition and the pace of development in our industry to increase. See Business Competition. While we believe our tilt-sensor technology provides a more natural and superior method of exoskeleton activation, which creates a better user experience, a variety of other activation and control methods exist for exoskeletons, several of which are being developed by our competitors, or may be developed in the future. As a result, our patent portfolio and proprietary technology and processes may not provide us with a significant advantage over our competitors, and competitors may be able to design and sell alternative products that are equal to or superior to our products without infringing on our patents. In addition, our current patents will expire and we may be unable to adequately develop new technologies and obtain future patent protection to preserve our competitive advantage. If we are unable to maintain a competitive advantage, our business and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

Even in instances where others are found to infringe on our patents, many countries have laws under which a patent owner may be compelled to grant licenses for the use of the patented technology to other parties. In addition, many countries limit the enforceability of patents against other parties, including government agencies or government contractors. In the