WD 40 CO Form 10-K October 18, 2010 Table of Contents

# **UNITED STATES**

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

### Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-K**

(Mark One)

x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2010

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number: 000-06936

# WD-40 COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

95-1797918

(I.R.S. Employer

**Identification No.)** 

92110

**Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction

of incorporation or organization)

1061 Cudahy Place, San Diego, California

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code) Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (619) 275-1400

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

 Title of each class
 Name of each exchange on which registered

 Common Stock, \$0.001 par value
 The NASDAQ Stock Market, LLC

 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

**Title of each class** 

## Edgar Filing: WD 40 CO - Form 10-K

#### None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes "No"

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, a ccelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

The aggregate market value (closing price) of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of February 28, 2010 was approximately \$488,284,000.

As of October 12, 2010, there were 16,732,665 shares of the registrant s common stock outstanding.

#### **Documents Incorporated by Reference:**

The Proxy Statement for the annual meeting of stockholders on December 14, 2010 is incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10 through 14 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### WD-40 COMPANY

#### **ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K**

#### For the

#### Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2010

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### PART I

Item 1.	Business	1
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	6
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	18
Item 2.	Properties	18
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	19
Item 4.	Removed and Reserved	20
	PART II	
Item 5.	Market for Registrant s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	21
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	21
Item 7.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	22
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	43
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	43
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	44
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	44
Item 9B.	Other Information	45
	PART III	
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	46
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	46
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	46
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	46
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	46
	PART IV	
<u>Item 15.</u>	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules	47

#### PART I

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than those that are purely historical are forward-looking statements which reflect the Company s current views with respect to future events and financial performance.

These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. The words aim, believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate other expressions that indicate future events and trends identify forward-looking statements. These statements include, but are not limited to, references to the near-term growth expectations for multi-purpose maintenance products and homecare and cleaning products, the impact of changes in product distribution, competition for shelf space, the impact of competition on product pricing, the level of promotional and advertising spending, plans for and success of product innovation, the impact of new product introductions on the growth of sales, the impact of customer mix and costs of raw materials, components and finished goods costs on gross margins, the impact of promotional programs on sales, the rate of sales growth in the Asia-Pacific segment, direct European countries and Eastern and Northern Europe, foreign currency exchange rates and fluctuations in those rates, the impact of changes in inventory management, the effect of future income tax provisions and audit outcomes on tax rates, and the effects of, and changes in, worldwide economic conditions and legal proceedings and other risk factors identified in Item 1A of this report.

As used in this report, the terms we, our, us and the Company refer to WD-40 Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, unless the context suggests otherwise. Amounts and percents in tables and discussions may not total due to rounding.

#### Item 1. Business

#### Overview

WD-40 Company is a global consumer products company dedicated to delivering unique, high value and easy-to-use solutions for a wide variety of maintenance needs of doer and on-the-job users by leveraging and building the brand fortress of the Company. The Company was founded in 1953 and its headquarters are located in San Diego, California. For more than four decades, the Company sold only one product, WD-40<sup>®</sup>, a multi-purpose maintenance product which acts as a lubricant, rust preventative, penetrant, cleaner and moisture displacer. Over the years, the Company has further developed the WD-40 product and acquired several brands worldwide, many of which have been homecare and cleaning product brands, in order to build a fortress of brands that deliver a unique high value to end users. In addition, some of these brand acquisitions have provided the Company with access to existing distribution channels for other of its existing brands and have also provided the Company with economies of scale in areas such as sales, manufacturing and administration. The Company s acquisitions include the following:

3-IN-ONE® brand of general purpose and specialty maintenance products in fiscal year 1996;

Lava<sup>®</sup> brand of heavy-duty hand cleaners in fiscal year 1999;

2000 Flushes<sup>®</sup> automatic toilet bowl cleaners, X-14<sup>®</sup> automatic toilet bowl cleaners and hard surface cleaners and Carpet Fresh<sup>®</sup> rug and room deodorizers, all of which were associated with the Global Household Brands acquisition, and Solvol<sup>®</sup> brand of heavy-duty hand cleaners in Australia in fiscal year 2001;

Spot Shot® brand, whose primary product was a carpet stain remover; in fiscal year 2002; and

1001<sup>®</sup> line of carpet and household cleaners in the United Kingdom (U.K.) in fiscal year 2004.

The Company is focused on and committed to innovation and renovation of its products. The Company sees innovation and renovation as important factors to the long-term growth of its brands, and it intends to continue to work on future product, packaging and promotional innovations and renovations. The Company is also focused on expanding its current brands in existing markets with new product development. The Company s product development team, Team Tomorrow, supports new product development and current product improvement for all of the Company s brands. Since its inception in fiscal year 2003, Team Tomorrow has made an innovation impact on most of the Company s fortress of brands. Key innovations for the Company s products include, but are not limited to, WD-40 Smart Straw, WD-40 Trigger Pro<sup>®</sup>, 3-IN-ONE Professional Garage Door Lube, Spot Shot Pet Clean which is a non-aerosol Spot Shot trigger product, and a mildew stain remover under the X-14 brand. In addition, during fiscal year 2010, the Company launched Blue Works , a new brand of multi-purpose maintenance products.

The Company s core strategic initiatives and the areas where it will continue to focus its time and resources in future periods include: (i) expanding geographically in countries where end users could benefit from or continue to benefit from using the WD-40 brand; (ii) maximizing its position in the multi-purpose maintenance products line by focusing its research and development resources to leverage its multi-purpose maintenance products and adjacent categories; (iii) developing its business through acquisitions, joint ventures and/or other strategic partnerships; and (iv) leveraging the trust the WD-40 brand has established with its wide user base to grow the Company s revenues and profits.

The Company s brands are sold in various locations around the world. Multi-purpose maintenance products are sold worldwide in markets such as North, Central and South America, Asia, Australia and the Pacific Rim, Europe, the Middle East and Africa. Homecare and cleaning products are sold primarily in North America, the U.K., Australia and the Pacific Rim.

#### Financial Information About Operating Segments

The Company s operating segments are determined consistent with the way management organizes and evaluates financial information internally for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company is organized on the basis of geographical area into the following segments: the Americas, Europe and Asia-Pacific.

The Company s management reviews product performance on the basis of sales, which comes from its two product lines multi-purpose maintenance products and homecare and cleaning products. The Company sells its products primarily through mass retail and home center stores, warehouse club stores, grocery stores, hardware stores, automotive parts outlets and industrial distributors and suppliers. The financial information required by this item is included in Note 14 Business Segments and Foreign Operations of the Company s consolidated financial statements, included in Item 15 of this report, and in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations , included in Item 7 of this report.

#### Products

#### Multi-Purpose Maintenance Products

The WD-40 brand is a market leader among multi-purpose maintenance products and is sold as an aerosol spray, a non-aerosol trigger spray and in liquid form through retail chain stores, hardware stores, warehouse club stores, automotive parts outlets and industrial distributors and suppliers. WD-40 products are sold worldwide in markets such as North, Central and South America, Asia, Australia and the Pacific Rim, Europe, the Middle East and Africa. WD-40 products have a wide variety of consumer uses in, for example, household, marine, automotive, construction, repair, sporting goods and gardening applications, in addition to numerous industrial applications.

The 3-IN-ONE brand consists of multi-purpose drip oil and spray lubricant products, as well as other specialty maintenance products. The drip oil is an entry-level lubricant with unique spout options that allow precise

applications for small mechanisms and assemblies, tool maintenance and threads on screws and bolts. 3-IN-ONE Oil is the market share leader among drip oils for household consumers. It also has wide industrial applications in such areas as locksmithing, HVAC, marine, farming, construction and jewelry manufacturing. In addition to the drip oil line of products, the 3-IN-ONE brand also includes a professional line of products known as 3-IN-ONE Professional, which is a line of high quality, great value multi-purpose maintenance products. The high quality of the 3-IN-ONE brand and its established distribution network have enabled these products to gain international acceptance. 3-IN-ONE products are sold primarily in the U.S., Europe, Canada, Latin America, Australia and Asia.

The Blue Works brand consists of a line of industrial grade, specialty maintenance products that includes lubricants, penetrants, degreasers and cleaners designed specifically for the needs of industrial users. Blue Works products were launched in the U.S. during the second quarter of fiscal year 2010 and are currently sold through the industrial channel. This industrial channel represents a smaller market and experiences slower growth with different sales cycles than do other distribution channels where the Company currently sells its products. The Company plans to launch Blue Works products in selected markets in Europe during fiscal year 2011 and expects that the Blue Works brand will contribute to the multi-purpose maintenance products line over time.

#### Homecare and Cleaning Products

The X-14 brand is a line of quality products designed for unique cleaning needs. X-14 is sold as a liquid mildew stain remover and two types of automatic toilet bowl cleaners. X-14 is sold primarily in the U.S. through grocery and mass retail channels.

The 2000 Flushes brand is a line of long-lasting automatic toilet bowl cleaners which includes a variety of formulas. 2000 Flushes is sold primarily in the U.S. and Canada through grocery and mass retail channels.

The Carpet Fresh brand is a line of room and rug deodorizers sold as powder, aerosol foam and trigger spray products. Carpet Fresh is sold primarily through grocery and mass retail channels in the U.S., U.K. and Australia. In the U.K., Carpet Fresh is sold under the 1001 brand name. In Australia, Carpet Fresh is sold under the No Vac brand name.

The Spot Shot brand is sold as an aerosol carpet stain remover and a liquid trigger carpet stain and odor eliminator. The brand also includes environmentally friendly products such as Spot Shot Instant Carpet Stain & Odor Eliminator and Spot Shot Pet Clean, which are non-toxic and biodegradable. Spot Shot products are sold primarily through grocery and mass retail channels, warehouse club stores and hardware and home center stores in the U.S. and Canada. Spot Shot products are also sold in the U.K. under the 1001 brand name.

The 1001 brand includes carpet and household cleaners and rug and room deodorizers which are sold primarily through mass retail, grocery and home center stores in the U.K. The brand was acquired to introduce the Company s other homecare and cleaning product formulations under the 1001 brand in order to expand the Company s homecare and cleaning products business into the U.K. market. During fiscal year 2004, the Carpet Fresh and Spot Shot brands were introduced under the 1001 brand in the U.K.

The Lava and Solvol brands consist of heavy-duty hand cleaner products which are sold in bar soap and liquid form through hardware, grocery, industrial, automotive and mass retail channels. Lava is sold primarily in the U.S., while Solvol is sold exclusively in Australia.

Financial information about operating segments and product lines appears in Note 14 Business Segments and Foreign Operations of the consolidated financial statements, included in Item 15 of this report.

#### Sources and Availability of Components and Raw Materials

The Company relies on a limited number of suppliers, including sole suppliers, for certain of its raw materials, packaging, product components and other necessary supplies. The Company s primary components and raw materials include aerosol cans and petroleum-based products, which are manufactured from commodities that are subject to volatile price changes. The availability of these components and raw materials is affected by a variety of supply and demand factors, including global market trends, plant capacity decisions and natural disasters. The Company expects these components and raw materials to continue to be readily available in the future, although the Company will continue to be exposed to volatile price changes.

#### **Research and Development**

The Company recognizes the importance of innovation and renovation to its long-term success and is focused on and committed to research and new product development activities. The Company s product development team, Team Tomorrow, engages in consumer research, product development, current product improvement and testing activities, and also leverages its development capabilities by partnering with a network of outside resources including the Company s current and prospective outsource suppliers. The Company incurred research and development expenses of \$5.3 million, \$4.8 million and \$3.6 million in fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. None of this research and development activity was customer-sponsored.

#### Seasonality

During times in the Company s history, it has achieved its highest quarterly sales levels during the fourth quarter of its fiscal year. These patterns were largely reflective of the customers seasonal purchasing patterns, as well as the timing of the Company s promotional activities. Due to new product introductions and international sales growth, the Company did not experience such trends during fiscal years 2010, 2009 or 2008, and such trends may not exist in future years.

#### Manufacturing

The Company outsources the manufacturing of its finished products to various third-party contract manufacturers. The Company uses contract manufacturers in the United States, Canada, Brazil, Argentina, U.K., Australia, China, South Korea and India. Although the Company does not typically have definitive minimum purchase obligations included in the contract terms with its contract manufacturers, when such obligations have been included, they have been immaterial to date. Supply needs are communicated by the Company to its contract manufacturers, and the Company is committed to purchase the products manufactured based on orders and short-term projections, ranging from two to five months, provided to the contract manufacturers. In addition, the Company has expanded its manufacturer sourcing outside of its traditional contract manufacturing and distribution model in order to support certain product introductions.

In addition to the commitments to purchase products from contract manufacturers described above, the Company may also enter into commitments with other manufacturers from time to time to purchase finished goods and components to support innovation initiatives and/or supply chain initiatives.

#### Significant Customer

Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. is a significant U.S. and global mass retail customer and offers a variety of the Company s products. Sales to Wal-Mart stores and its affiliates worldwide accounted for approximately 9 percent of the Company s consolidated net sales in fiscal year 2010 and approximately 10 percent of the Company s consolidated net sales in each of fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Accounts receivable from Wal-Mart stores and its affiliates worldwide accounted for approximately 9 percent of the Company s accounts receivable from Wal-Mart stores and its affiliates worldwide accounted for approximately 9 percent of the Company s accounts receivable at August 31, 2010 and 2009.

#### Order Backlog

Order backlog is not a significant factor in the Company s business.

#### Competition

The markets for the Company s products, particularly those related to its homecare and cleaning products, are highly competitive. The Company s products compete both within their own product classes as well as within product distribution channels, competing with many other products for store placement and shelf space. Competition in international markets varies by country. The Company is aware of many competing products, some of which sell for lower prices or are produced and marketed by companies with greater financial resources than those of the Company. The Company relies on the awareness of its brands among consumers, the value offered by those brands as perceived by consumers, product innovation and renovation and its multiple channel distributions as its primary strategies. New products typically encounter intense competition, which may require substantial advertising and promotional support and activities. When or if a new product achieves consumer acceptance, ongoing advertising and promotional support may be required to maintain its relative market position.

#### Trademarks and Patents

The Company owns numerous patents, but relies primarily upon its established trademarks, brand names and marketing efforts, including advertising and sales promotion, to compete effectively. The WD-40, 3-IN-ONE, Lava, Solvol, X-14, 2000 Flushes, Carpet Fresh and No Vac, Spot Shot and 1001 trademarks are registered in various countries throughout the world.

#### Employees

At August 31, 2010, the Company employed 316 people worldwide: 142 by the United States parent corporation (including 5 of whom are based in the Malaysia regional office); 8 by the Canada subsidiary; 117 by the U.K. subsidiary (including 60 in the U.K., 19 in Germany, 17 in France, 13 in Spain and 8 in Italy); 14 by the Australia subsidiary; 33 by the China subsidiary; and 2 by WD-40 Manufacturing Company, the Company s manufacturing subsidiary.

#### Financial Information About Foreign and Domestic Operations

For detailed information about the Company s foreign and domestic operations, including net sales and total assets by reportable segment and long-lived assets by geography, refer to Note 14 Business Segments and Foreign Operations of the consolidated financial statements, included in Item 15 of this report.

#### Access to SEC Filings

The Company s Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are available through the Investors section of the Company s website at www.wd40company.com. These reports can be accessed free of charge from the Company s website as soon as reasonably practicable after the Company electronically files such materials with, or furnishes them to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Information contained on the Company s website is not included as a part of, or incorporated by reference into, this report.

Interested readers may also read and copy any materials that the Company files at the SEC Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Readers may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains an internet site (www.sec.gov) that contains the Company s reports.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following risks and uncertainties, as well as other factors described elsewhere in this report or in other SEC filings by the Company, could adversely affect the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations.

# The Company s financial results could suffer if the Company is unable to implement and successfully manage its core strategic initiatives or if the Company s core strategic initiatives do not achieve the intended results.

There is no assurance that the Company will be able to implement and successfully manage its core strategic initiatives, including its four major strategic initiatives, or that the core strategic initiatives will achieve the intended results, which include sales volume growth. The Company s four major strategic initiatives include: (i) expanding geographically in countries where end users could benefit from or continue to benefit from using the WD-40 brand; (ii) maximizing its position in the multi-purpose maintenance products line by focusing its research and development resources to leverage its multi-purpose maintenance products and adjacent categories; (iii) developing its business through acquisitions, joint ventures and/or other strategic partnerships; and (iv) leveraging the trust the WD-40 brand has established with its wide user base to grow the Company s revenues and profits. If the Company is unable to implement and successfully manage its core strategic initiatives in accordance with its business plans, the Company s business and financial results could be adversely affected. Moreover, the Company cannot be certain that implementation of its core strategic initiatives will necessarily advance its business or financial results as intended.

# Cost increases in finished goods, components, raw materials, transportation and other necessary supplies or services could harm the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

Increases in the cost of finished goods, components and raw materials and increases in the cost of transportation and other necessary supplies or services may harm the Company s financial condition and results of operations. Petroleum-based products and aerosol cans, which constitute a significant portion of the costs for many of the Company s products, have experienced significant price volatility in the past, and may continue to do so in the future. Fluctuations in oil prices have also impacted the Company s cost of transporting its products. As component and raw material costs are the principal contributors to the cost of goods sold for all of the Company s products, any significant fluctuation in the costs of components and raw material impact on the gross margins realized on the Company s products. Specifically, aerosol can prices are exposed to fluctuations resulting from changes in the cost of tinplate used to manufacture such cans. In the event there is significant volatility in the Company s cost of goods or increases in raw material and/or component costs or the costs of transportation and other necessary supplies or services, the Company may not be able to maintain its gross margins if it chooses not to raise its product sales prices. Should the Company choose to increase product sales prices to offset cost increases, such increases may adversely affect demand and unit sales. Sustained increases in the cost of raw materials, components, transportation and other necessary supplies or services, or significant volatility in such costs, could have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

# Reliance on a limited base of third-party contract manufacturers, logistics providers and suppliers of raw materials and components may result in disruption to the Company s business and this could adversely affect the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

The Company relies on a limited number of third-party contract manufacturers, logistics providers and suppliers, including single or sole source suppliers for certain of its raw materials, packaging, product components and other necessary supplies. The Company does not have direct control over the management or business of these third parties, except indirectly through terms as negotiated in service or supply contracts. Should the terms of doing business with the Company s primary third-party contract manufacturers, suppliers and/or logistics providers change or should the Company have a disagreement with or be unable to maintain relationships with such third parties or such third parties experience financial difficulties, the Company s business may be disrupted

which could have an adverse effect on the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, if the Company is unable to contract with third-party manufacturers or suppliers at the quantity and quality levels needed for its business, the Company could experience disruptions in production and its financial results could be adversely affected.

#### Global economic conditions may negatively impact the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

A general weakening or decline in the global economy or a reduction in business or consumer spending or confidence, could delay or significantly decrease purchases of the Company s products by its customers, which include retail and home center stores, warehouse club stores, grocery stores, hardware stores, automotive parts outlets and industrial distributors and suppliers. Consumer purchases of discretionary items, which may include the Company s multi-purpose maintenance products and homecare and cleaning products, often decline during periods where disposable income is reduced or there is economic uncertainty, and this may negatively impact the Company s financial condition and results of operations. In addition, during unfavorable or uncertain economic times, consumers may increase purchases of lower-priced or non-branded products and the Company s competitors may increase their level of promotional activities to maintain sales volumes, both of which may negatively impact the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

The Company s sales and operating results may be affected by uncertain or changing economic and market conditions, including inflation, deflation, prolonged weak consumer demand or other changes which may affect the principal markets in which the Company conducts its business. If economic or market conditions in the United States or other key global markets deteriorate, the Company may experience material adverse effects on its business, financial condition and results of operations. In recent periods, particularly in fiscal year 2009, consumer and business confidence and spending deteriorated significantly as the economy entered a recession. Although global economic conditions improved in fiscal year 2010, there is still uncertainty in the global economy, and there is no guarantee that the global economy will remain in this improved state.

Adverse economic and market conditions could also harm the Company s business by negatively affecting the parties with whom it does business, including its customers, retailers, distributors and wholesalers, and third-party contract manufacturers and suppliers. These conditions could impair the ability of the Company s customers to pay for products they have purchased from the Company. As a result, allowances for doubtful accounts and write-offs of accounts receivable from the Company s customers may increase. In addition, the Company s third-party contract manufacturers and its suppliers may experience financial difficulties that could negatively affect their operations and their ability to supply the Company with finished goods and the raw materials, packaging, and components required for the Company s products.

# The Company faces significant competition in its markets, particularly those related to its homecare and cleaning products, which could lead to reduced profitability.

The Company faces significant competition from other consumer products companies, both in the U.S. and in international markets. Many of the Company s products, particularly its homecare and cleaning products, compete with other widely advertised brands within each product category and with private label brands and generic non-branded products of the Company s customers in certain categories, which are typically sold at lower prices. The Company also encounters competition from similar and alternative products, many of which are produced and marketed by major national or multinational companies.

The Company s products generally compete on the basis of product performance, brand recognition, price, quality or other benefits to consumers. Advertising, promotion, merchandising and packaging also have a significant impact on consumer purchasing decisions. A newly introduced consumer product, whether improved or newly developed, usually encounters intense competition requiring substantial expenditures for advertising, sales promotion and trade merchandising. If a product gains consumer acceptance, it normally requires continued advertising, promotional support and product improvements to maintain its relative market position.

Some of the Company s competitors are larger and have financial resources greater than those of the Company. These competitors may be able to spend more aggressively on advertising and promotional activities, introduce competing products more quickly and respond more effectively to changing business and economic conditions than the Company. In addition, the Company s competitors may attempt to gain market share by offering products at sales prices at or below those typically offered by the Company.

Competitive activity may require the Company to increase its investment in marketing or reduce sales prices and may lead to reduced profit margins or a loss of market share, either of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors or that competitive pressures faced by the Company will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

# Global operations outside the U.S. expose the Company to uncertain conditions, foreign currency exchange rate risk and other risks in international markets.

The Company s sales outside of the U.S. were approximately 54% of consolidated net sales in fiscal year 2010 and its strategy includes expanding its operations globally. The Company faces, and will continue to face, substantial risks associated with having global operations outside the U.S., including:

economic or political instability in its international markets, including Latin America, the Middle East, parts of Asia, Eastern Europe and Russia;

restrictions on or costs relating to the repatriation of foreign profits to the U.S., including possible taxes or withholding obligations on any repatriations; and

the imposition of tariffs or trade restrictions or other governmental actions. These risks could have a significant impact on the Company s ability to sell its products on a competitive basis in global markets outside the U.S. and could have a material adverse effect on the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company is also exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk with respect to its sales, expenses, profits, assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Although the Company uses instruments to hedge certain foreign currency risks, it is not fully protected against foreign currency fluctuations and, therefore, the Company s reported earnings may be affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Moreover, any favorable impacts to profit margins or financial results from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates are likely to be unsustainable over time.

Additionally, the Company s global operations outside the U.S. are subject to risks relating to appropriate compliance with legal and regulatory requirements in local jurisdictions, potential difficulties in staffing and managing local operations, potentially higher incidence of fraud or corruption, credit risk of local customers and distributors and potentially adverse tax consequences.

#### Sales volume growth may be difficult to achieve.

The Company s ability to achieve sales volume growth will depend on its ability to (i) execute its core strategic initiatives, which include among other things, geographic expansion and business development through acquisitions, joint ventures, licensing and/or other strategic partnerships, (ii) drive growth within its existing markets through innovation, renovation and enhanced merchandising and marketing of its established brands and (iii) capture market share from its competitors. In order to protect the Company s existing market share or capture additional market share from its competitors, the Company may need to increase its expenditures related

to promotions and advertising or introduce and establish new products. In past periods, the Company has also increased sales prices on certain of its products in response to increased costs for components and raw materials. Sales price increases may slow sales volume growth or create declines in volume in the short term as customers adjust to sales price increases. In addition, a change in the strategies of the Company s existing customers, including shelf simplification, the discontinuation of certain product offerings or the shift in shelf space to competitors products could reduce the Company s sales and potentially offset sales volume increases achieved as a result of other sales growth initiatives. If the Company is unable to increase market share in its existing product lines by developing product improvements, investing adequately in its existing brands, building usage among new customers, developing, acquiring or successfully launching new products, or successfully penetrating new and developing markets globally, the Company may not achieve its sales volume growth objectives.

#### Dependence on key customers could adversely affect the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations.

A limited number of customers, which include mass retail customers, account for a large percentage of the Company s net sales. The Company expects that a significant portion of its revenues will continue to be derived from this limited number of customers. As a result, changes in the strategies of the Company s largest customers, including shelf simplification, a reduction in the number of brands they carry or a shift in shelf space to private label or competitors products, may harm the Company s sales. The loss of, or reduction in, orders from any of the Company s most significant customers could have a material adverse effect on the Company s brand values, business, financial condition and results of operations. Large customers also seek price reductions, added support or promotional concessions, all of which may negatively impact the Company s ability to maintain existing profit margins.

In addition, the Company s business is based primarily upon individual sales orders, and the Company typically does not enter into long-term contracts with its customers. Accordingly, these customers could reduce their purchasing levels or cease buying products from the Company at any time and for any reason. The Company is also subject to changes in customer purchasing patterns. These types of changes may result from changes in the manner in which customers purchase and manage inventory levels, or display and promote products within their stores. Other potential factors such as customer disputes regarding shipments, fees, merchandise condition or related matters may also impact operating results. If the Company ceases doing business with a significant customer or if sales of its products to a significant customer materially decrease, the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations may be harmed.

#### The Company may not successfully develop and introduce new products and line extensions.

The Company s future performance and growth depend, in part, on its ability to successfully develop and introduce new products as both brand extensions and/or line extensions. The Company cannot be certain that it will successfully achieve those goals. The Company competes in several product categories where there are frequent introductions of new products and line extensions. The ability of the Company to understand consumer preferences is key to maintaining and improving the competitiveness of its product offerings. The development and introduction of new products, as well as the renovation of current product and product lines, require substantial and effective research, development and marketing expenditures, which the Company may be unable to recoup if the new or renovated products do not gain widespread market acceptance. There are inherent risks associated with new product development and marketing efforts, including product development or launch delays, which could result in the Company not being first to market, the failure of new products and line extensions to achieve anticipated levels of market acceptance and the cost of failed product introductions. As the Company continues to focus on innovation and renovation, the Company s business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected in the event that the Company is not able to effectively develop and introduce new or renovated products and line extensions.

# Government regulations and environmental laws and regulations could result in material costs or otherwise adversely affect the Company s financial condition and results of operations.

The manufacturing, packaging, storage, distribution and labeling of the Company s products and the manner in which the Company s business operations are conducted must comply with extensive federal, state and foreign laws and regulations. If the Company is not successful in complying with all such regulations or changes to existing regulations, it could be fined and this could adversely affect the Company s financial condition and results of operations. It is also possible that governments will increase regulation of the transportation, storage or use of certain chemicals, to enhance homeland security or protect the environment and that such regulation could negatively impact the Company s ability to obtain raw materials, components and/or finished goods or could result in increased costs. In the event that such regulations result in increased product costs, the Company may not be in a position to raise selling prices, and therefore an increase in costs could have a material adverse effect on the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations.

Some of the Company's products have chemical compositions that are controlled by various state, federal and international laws and regulations. The Company is required to comply with these laws and regulations and seeks to anticipate regulatory developments that could impact the Company's ability to continue to produce and market its products. The Company invests in research and development to maintain product formulations that comply with such laws and regulations. There can be no assurance that the Company will not be required to alter the chemical composition of one or more of the Company's products in a way that will have an adverse effect upon the product's efficacy or marketability. A delay or other inability of the Company to complete product research and development in response to any such regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

In previous years, the California Air Resources Board (CARB), one of the most influential state environmental agencies in the United States, has released regulations that have required the Company to reformulate certain of its multi-purpose maintenance products. During 2008, CARB approved regulatory amendments to establish lower limits for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in certain regulated consumer products, including multi-purpose lubricants and penetrants and aerosol spot removers, which will require reductions in the levels of VOCs in each product category by dates specified in the amendments. For multi-purpose lubricants and penetrants, the amendments require a reduction in VOC levels from the current standard of 50% by weight to 25% by December 31, 2013 and to 10% by December 31, 2015. For aerosol spot removers, the amendments require a reduction in VOC levels from the current standard of 18% by weight to 15% by December 31, 2012. The Company is required to reformulate certain of its multi-purpose maintenance products and its Spot Shot brand aerosol spot remover in order to comply with these lower limits on VOC content. There can be no assurance that reformulation of the Company s products can be accomplished at a commercially reasonable cost or without having an adverse impact on product performance. The inability of the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company is also subject to numerous environmental laws and regulations that impose various environmental controls on its business operations, including, among other things, the discharge of pollutants into the air and water, the handling, use, treatment, storage and clean-up of solid and hazardous wastes and the investigation and remediation of soil and groundwater affected by hazardous substances. Such laws and regulations may otherwise relate to various health and safety matters that impose burdens upon the Company s operations. These laws and regulations govern actions that may have adverse environmental effects and also require compliance with certain practices when handling and disposing of hazardous wastes. These laws and regulations also impose strict, retroactive and joint and several liability for the costs of, and damages resulting from, cleaning up current sites, past spills, disposals and other releases of hazardous substances. The Company believes that its expenditures related to environmental matters have not had, and are not currently expected to have, a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, the environmental laws under which the Company operates are complicated, often become increasingly more stringent and may be applied retroactively.

Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Company will not be required to incur additional expenditures to remain in or to achieve compliance with environmental laws in the future or that any such additional expenditures will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s business, financial condition or results of operations

# If the success and reputation of one or more of the Company s leading brands erodes, its business, financial condition and results of operations could be negatively impacted.

The financial success of the Company is directly dependent on the success and reputation of its brands, particularly its WD-40 brand. The success and reputation of the Company s brands can suffer if marketing plans or product development and improvement initiatives do not have the desired impact on the brands image or do not attract customers as intended. The Company s brands can also be adversely impacted due to the activities and pressures placed on them by the Company s competitors. Further, the Company s business, financial condition and results of operations could be negatively impacted if one of its leading brands suffers damage to its reputation due to real or perceived quality or safety issues. Although the Company makes every effort to prevent brand erosion and preserve its reputation and the reputation of its brands, there can be no assurance that such efforts will be successful.

#### Goodwill and intangible assets are subject to impairment risk.

The Company assesses the potential impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill during the second fiscal quarter of each fiscal year and otherwise when there is evidence that events or changes in circumstances indicate that an impairment condition may exist. The Company also assesses its definite-lived intangible assets for potential impairment when events and circumstances indicate that such impairment may exist. Events and circumstances that the Company considers important which could trigger impairment include matters such as the following:

Significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results;

Significant changes in the extent or manner to which an acquired asset is being utilized by the Company;

Significant negative industry or global economic trends;

Significant decline in the Company s stock price for a sustained period;

Decreased market capitalization relative to net book value;

Unanticipated competitive activities;

Loss of key distribution;

Change in consumer demand;

Loss of key personnel; and

Acts by governments and courts.

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The Company assesses potential impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of intangible assets and the implied fair value of goodwill to their carrying values. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value. The Company assesses potential impairment of intangible assets using a two-step process. The Company compares the undiscounted future cash flows of the intangible assets to the

carrying value. If the undiscounted cash flows of the asset are less than the carrying value, the Company assesses potential impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of intangible assets to their carrying values. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.

The Company estimates fair value using a discounted cash flow approach that requires significant management judgment and estimates with respect to, among other considerations, forecasted sales revenue, advertising and promotional expenses, cost of products sold, gross margins, operating margins, the success of product innovations and introductions, customer retention, tax rates, terminal growth values and the selection of appropriate discount and royalty rates. Many of the factors used in assessing fair value are outside the control of management, and it is reasonably likely that assumptions and estimates will change in future periods. These changes could result in future impairments to the Company s intangible assets and goodwill.

The Company faces challenges related to its homecare and cleaning product brands, which have short differentiated life cycles and often need continuous innovation, renovation and/or continuous marketing support to address consumers changing needs and tastes. As a result of the dynamic nature of this product line, the ability to understand consumer preferences and innovate and/or renovate is key to the ongoing success of the homecare and cleaning product brands. In the event that the Company is unable to meet consumer preferences through innovation and/or renovation or achieve forecasted sales revenue levels, its homecare and cleaning product brands and product offerings may be at risk of future impairment.

During fiscal year 2009, the Company recorded impairments to certain of its homecare and cleaning product brands based on the results of its annual or subsequent events and circumstances driven impairment tests. During the second quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company determined, while performing its annual impairment tests, that its indefinite-lived intangible asset related to its Carpet Fresh brand was impaired as of February 28, 2009. Due to the declines in profit margin and forecasted sales revenue for the Carpet Fresh brand, both of which occurred during the second quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company concluded that the Carpet Fresh trade name was impaired by \$2.8 million as of February 28, 2009. The decline in forecasted sales revenue for the Carpet Fresh brand resulted from the Company strategic decision to focus its research and development resources on its multi-purpose maintenance products and not its homecare and cleaning products, the loss of distribution with a significant U.S. mass retail customer and assumed lower future foreign currency exchange rates in the U.K. and Australia. While some of these factors also impacted the indefinite-lived intangible assets related to the Company s other homecare and cleaning product brands, they did not result in impairment to any of such other indefinite-lived intangible assets as of February 28, 2009.

During the third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2009, the Company reevaluated its indefinite-lived intangible assets and determined that indicators of potential impairment existed due to lower than forecasted sales revenue for several of its homecare and cleaning products, including the Carpet Fresh, X-14, Spot Shot and 2000 Flushes brands. As a result, the Company tested these indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment for both periods. For the test conducted during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company concluded that no impairment existed as of May 31, 2009. For the test conducted during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2009, the Company concluded that the intangible assets associated with its Carpet Fresh and X-14 trade names were impaired by \$3.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, as of August 31, 2009.

Due to the continued sales declines in fiscal year 2009 and the lower level of forecasted sales for the Carpet Fresh and X-14 brands which have been caused by a variety of factors, including lost distribution and the Company's strategic decision to focus its research and development resources on its multi-purpose maintenance products, the Company concluded that these two brands should no longer be considered to have indefinite lives. As a result, effective August 31, 2009, the Company changed the classification of the Carpet Fresh and X-14 trade names from indefinite-lived to definite-lived intangible assets. The Company began to amortize the Carpet Fresh and X-14 trade names on a straight-line basis effective September 1, 2009 based on their estimated remaining useful lives of thirteen and eight years, respectively.

Since the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2009, no impairment of the Company s indefinite-lived or definite-lived intangible assets related to its homecare and cleaning product brands has been identified or recorded. However, if significant marketing and other initiatives related to these brands are not successful, they could potentially become impaired in the future.

Negative changes in the Company s assumptions and estimates, such as royalty rates, forecasted sales revenue, advertising and promotional expenses, cost of products sold, gross margins, operating margins, the success of product innovations and introductions, customer retention, development of new and/or alternative distribution channels, tax rates and terminal growth values, could result in impairment of its intangible assets.

The Company will continue to closely monitor events and circumstances that could result in impairment of its intangible assets. It is possible that changes in circumstances or in the variables, assumptions and estimates used by the Company to assess the fair value of its intangible assets, could change in the future and require the Company to record impairment charges.

# The Company s operating results and financial performance may not meet expectations which could adversely affect the Company s stock price.

The Company cannot be sure that its operating results and financial performance, which include sales growth, net income, earnings per common share, gross margin and cash flows, will meet expectations. If the Company s assumptions and estimates are incorrect or do not come to fruition, or if the Company does not achieve all of its key goals or core strategic initiatives, then the Company s actual performance could vary materially from its internal and market expectations. Failure to meet or exceed these expectations could cause the market price of the Company s stock to decline. The Company s operating results and financial performance may be influenced by a number of factors, including the following:

Significant increases in the costs of finished goods, components, raw materials and/or transportation;

The impact of general economic and market conditions in the U.S. and in other countries in which the Company currently does business;

Changes in product sales prices by the Company or its competitors and consumer and customer reactions to such sales price changes;

The introduction of new products and line extensions by the Company or its competitors;

The mix of products sold with varying profitability in a given period;

The mix of products sold within different channels and countries with varying profitability in a given period;

The Company s ability to control internal costs;

The effectiveness of the Company s advertising, marketing and promotional programs;

The availability and cost of debt financing;

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The ability of the Company to execute its core strategic initiatives and to maintain and enhance profits in the face of a consolidating retail environment;

The ability of the Company to achieve its business plans, including sales volume growth and sales pricing plans, as a result of high levels of competitive activity;

The ability of the Company to maintain key customer relationships;

The ability of the Company to maintain key supplier, third-party contract manufacturer and logistics provider relationships;

The ability of the Company to generate expected cost savings and efficiencies;

The ability of the Company to maintain the value of its brands;

The ability of major customers and other debtors to meet their obligations as they come due;

The failure of parties contracting with the Company to perform their obligations and the loss of or inability to renew contracts of importance to the Company s performance;

The Company s reliance on brokers for the grocery and industrial channels;

The ability to successfully manage regulatory, tax and legal matters, including resolution of pending matters within current estimates;

The substantial costs associated with regulatory compliance;

The ability of the Company to attract and retain qualified personnel;

The expenses associated with the potential impairment of the Company s goodwill, trade names and other intangible assets and the potential impairment or obsolescence of its property, plant and equipment;

The ability to maintain the overall quality of new and existing products;

The ability of the Company to penetrate and grow domestic and international markets and distribution channels;

The ability of the Company to manage the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations in the countries in which it does business;

The impact of foreign import and export restrictions or other trade regulations;

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Changes to cash flow resulting from the Company s operating results, tax payments, tax settlements, debt repayments, dividend payments and share repurchases;

The ability of the Company to manage inventory at appropriate levels, including decisions regarding obsolescence;

Changes in accounting policies and accounting standards;

The impact of any litigation or product liability claims; and

Fluctuations in federal, state, local and foreign taxes.

In addition, sales volume growth, whether due to acquisitions or internal growth, can place burdens on management resources and financial controls that, in turn, can have a negative impact on operating results and financial condition of the Company. To some extent, the Company plans its expense levels in anticipation of future revenues. If actual revenues fall short td>

Page 6 of 6 Pages

### SIGNATURE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this statement is true, complete and correct.

Dated this 13th day of February, 2017

> Huber Capital Management, LLC

By:/s/ Gary Thomas Gary Thomas Principal, COO/CCO