

HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE & CABLE CORP

Form 10-Q

August 12, 2005

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES**  
**EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

Commission file number 1-11484

**HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

**13-3652685**  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**1201 Third Avenue, Suite 3400 Seattle, WA 98101-3034**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**(206) 654-0204**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock as of the latest possible date:

Common Stock, \$.001 par value  
(Class)

12,727,938 Shares  
(Outstanding at August 12, 2005)

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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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## Part I. Financial Information

## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

## Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

|  | <u>June 30, 2005</u> | <u>December 31, 2004</u> |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|
|  | <u>(unaudited)</u>   |                          |
| <b>Assets</b>                                    |                      |                          |
| Current assets:                                  |                      |                          |
| Cash and cash equivalents                        | \$ 19,694            | 8,376                    |
| Restricted cash                                  | 10,868               | 555                      |
| Accounts receivable, net                         | 32,333               | 6,013                    |
| Current deferred tax asset                       | 3,331                | 158                      |
| Other current assets                             | 9,167                | 5,968                    |
|  | <u>75,393</u>        | <u>21,070</u>            |
| Total current assets                             | 75,393               | 21,070                   |
| Property, plant and equipment, net               | 166,105              | 129,401                  |
| Goodwill   | 8,908                | 10,336                   |
| Other intangibles, less accumulated amortization | 48,182               | 4,761                    |
| Deferred costs                                   | 1,634                | 2,321                    |
| Deferred tax asset                               | 3,443                | 4,725                    |
| Investment in affiliate                          |                      | 15,967                   |
| Other assets                                     | 6,227                | 3,704                    |
|  | <u>\$ 309,892</u>    | <u>192,285</u>           |
| Total assets                                     | \$ 309,892           | 192,285                  |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>       |                      |                          |
| Current liabilities:                             |                      |                          |
| Current instalments of long-term debt            | \$ 21,745            | 27,685                   |
| Accounts payable                                 | 12,162               | 806                      |
| Accruals   | 19,454               | 4,085                    |
| Interest rate swaps                              | 1,048                |                          |
| Other current liabilities                        | 5,584                | 2,453                    |
| Due to related parties                           | 598                  | 546                      |
|  | <u>60,591</u>        | <u>35,575</u>            |
| Total current liabilities                        | 60,591               | 35,575                   |
| Long-term debt, excluding current instalments    | 171,623              | 71,715                   |
| Interest rate swaps                              | 2,739                |                          |
| Deferred credits and other liabilities           | 2,599                | 3,475                    |
|  | <u>237,552</u>       | <u>110,765</u>           |
| Total liabilities                                | 237,552              | 110,765                  |

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Commitments and Contingencies

Stockholders' equity:

Cumulative Convertible Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; \$70.00 liquidation value. Authorized

200,000 shares; issued and outstanding 30,000 shares in 2005 and 2004

Common stock, \$.001 par value. Authorized 25,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding

12,727,938 shares in 2005 and 12,683,647 in 2004

|  |            |           |
|--|------------|-----------|
|  | 14         | 14        |
| Additional paid-in capital                 | 156,857    | 155,438   |
| Accumulated deficit                        | (103,293)  | (103,411) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income     | 18,762     | 29,479    |
|  | <hr/>      | <hr/>     |
| Total stockholders' equity                 | 72,340     | 81,520    |
|  | <hr/>      | <hr/>     |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 309,892 | 192,285   |
|  | <hr/>      | <hr/>     |

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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## Part I. Financial Information

## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) Income

For the Three and Six Month Periods Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |           | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
|  | 2005                           | 2004      | 2005                         | 2004      |
| Telephone service revenues, net                  | \$ 30,725                      | \$ 14,690 | \$ 51,100                    | \$ 30,151 |
| Operating expenses:                              |                                |           |                              |           |
| Selling, general and administrative              | 15,767                         | 5,623     | 26,211                       | 11,393    |
| Depreciation and amortization                    | 6,499                          | 3,003     | 10,952                       | 5,970     |
| Total operating expenses                         | 22,266                         | 8,626     | 37,163                       | 17,363    |
| Income from operations                           | 8,459                          | 6,064     | 13,937                       | 12,788    |
| Other income (expenses):                         |                                |           |                              |           |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains, net             | (893)                          | (1,724)   | (4,499)                      | 1,974     |
| Interest expense                                 | (3,270)                        | (2,302)   | (7,109)                      | (4,751)   |
| Interest income                                  | 192                            | 664       | 353                          | 1,250     |
| Fair value changes on interest rate swaps        | (3,787)                        |           | (3,787)                      |           |
| Equity in earnings of affiliate                  |                                |           | 934                          |           |
| Other, net                                       | 334                            | 66        | 370                          | 135       |
| Net income before income taxes                   | 1,035                          | 2,768     | 199                          | 11,396    |
| Income tax expense                               | (154)                          | (310)     | (29)                         | (1,276)   |
| Net income                                       | \$ 881                         | \$ 2,458  | \$ 170                       | \$ 10,120 |
| Cumulative convertible preferred stock dividends | (26)                           | (26)      | (52)                         | (52)      |
| Net income attributable to common stockholders   | 855                            | 2,432     | 118                          | 10,068    |
| Comprehensive loss adjustments                   | (6,036)                        | (1,211)   | (10,717)                     | (168)     |
| Total comprehensive (loss) income                | \$ (5,181)                     | \$ 1,221  | \$ (10,599)                  | \$ 9,900  |
| Earnings per common share:                       |                                |           |                              |           |

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|   |            |            |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Basic   | \$ 0.07    | \$ 0.20    | \$ 0.01    | \$ 0.82    |
| Diluted   | \$ 0.06    | \$ 0.19    | \$ 0.01    | \$ 0.79    |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: |            |            |            |            |
| Basic   | 12,726,356 | 12,348,794 | 12,724,078 | 12,323,814 |
| Diluted   | 14,597,898 | 12,882,306 | 14,403,485 | 12,872,001 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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## Part I. Financial Information

## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Equity

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

|  | <u>Shares</u>     | <u>Common<br/>Stock</u> | <u>Preferred<br/>Stock</u> | <u>Additional<br/>Paid-in<br/>Capital</u> | <u>Accumulated<br/>deficit</u> | <u>Accumulated<br/>Other<br/>Comprehensive<br/>Income</u> | <u>Total<br/>Stockholders<br/>Equity</u> |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Balances at December 31, 2004                    | 12,683,647        | \$ 14                   |                            | 155,438                                   | (103,411)                      | 29,479  | \$ 81,520                                |
| Net settlement of stock option exercise          | 38,291            |                         |                            | (338)                                     |                                |   | (338)                                    |
| Common stock granted to Directors                | 6,000             |                         |                            | 103                                       |                                |   | 103                                      |
| Stock based compensation                         |                   |                         |                            | 1,654                                     |                                |   | 1,654                                    |
| Cumulative convertible preferred stock dividends |                   |                         |                            |   | (52)                           |   | (52)                                     |
| Net income                                       |                   |                         |                            |   | 170                            |   | 170                                      |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment          |                   |                         |                            |   |                                | (10,717)  | (10,717)                                 |
| Balances at June 30, 2005                        | <u>12,727,938</u> | <u>\$ 14</u>            |                            | <u>156,857</u>                            | <u>(103,293)</u>               | <u>18,762</u>   | <u>\$ 72,340</u>                         |

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.



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## Part I. Financial Information

## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

For the Six Month Periods Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

(In thousands)

(unaudited)

|  | <u>2005</u> | <u>2004</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Net cash provided by operating activities                    | \$ 21,308   | 14,762      |
| Cash flows from investing activities:                        |             |             |
| Construction of telecommunication networks                   | (7,271)     | (3,216)     |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired            | (7,125)     |             |
| Grant funding received for capital expenditures              |             | 214         |
| Proceeds from sale of assets                                 | 257         | 29          |
| Net cash used in investing activities                        | (14,139)    | (2,973)     |
| Cash flows from financing activities:                        |             |             |
| Repayments of long-term debt                                 | (85,347)    | (14,381)    |
| Proceeds from new long-term debt borrowings                  | 109,720     |             |
| Deferred financing costs paid under long-term debt agreement | (5,861)     |             |
| Proceeds from exercise of options                            |             | 689         |
| Dividends paid   |             | (52)        |
| Funding of debt service account                              | (11,796)    |             |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities          | 6,716       | (13,744)    |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash              | (2,567)     | (187)       |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                    | 11,318      | (2,142)     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period             | 8,376       | 21,191      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                   | \$ 19,694   | 19,049      |

Summary of non-cash transactions:

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On February 28, 2005, the Company assumed debt of EUR 66M (\$80.5 million at historical exchange rates) on acquisition of subsidiaries.

See accompanying notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

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Part I. Financial Information

HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements of Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp. ( HTCC ) with its directly owned consolidated subsidiaries, Hungarotel Tavkozlesi Rt. ( Hungarotel ), PanTel Tavkozlesi es Kommunikacios Kft. ( PanTel ) and PanTel Technocom Kft. ( PanTel Technocom ) (together the Company ) include all adjustments, consisting mainly of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair statement of the results of the interim periods. PanTel owns and consolidates several minor non-Hungarian subsidiaries within the Central and Eastern European region. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). In preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, management is required to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2004, including the notes thereto, set forth in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ).

(b) Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ( EPS ) is computed by dividing income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The computation of diluted EPS is similar to the computation of basic EPS, except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares from the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, and the conversion of the convertible preferred stock, where dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options were exercised, or preferred securities were converted and the proceeds were used to acquire shares of common stock at the average market price during the reporting period.



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## Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

The following is a reconciliation from basic (loss) earnings per share to diluted (loss) earnings per share for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

|   | 3 months ended |            | 6 months ended |            |
|---|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|
|   | 2005           | 2004       | 2005           | 2004       |
| <b>(\$ in thousands, except share data)</b>   |                |            |                |            |
| Net income attributable to common stockholders (A)                                      | \$ 855         | \$ 2,432   | \$ 118         | \$ 10,068  |
| plus: preferred stock dividends   | 26             | 26         | 52             | 52         |
| Net income (B)  | \$ 881         | \$ 2,458   | \$ 170         | \$ 10,120  |
| Determination of shares:  |                |            |                |            |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding basic (C)                                    | 12,726,356     | 12,348,794 | 12,724,078     | 12,323,814 |
| Assumed conversion of dilutive stock options and cumulative convertible preferred stock | 1,871,542      | 533,512    | 1,679,407      | 548,187    |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted (D)                                  | 14,597,898     | 12,882,306 | 14,403,485     | 12,872,001 |
| Net income per common share:  |                |            |                |            |
| Basic (A/C)   | \$ 0.07        | \$ 0.20    | \$ 0.01        | \$ 0.82    |
| Diluted (B/D)   | \$ 0.06        | \$ 0.19    | \$ 0.01        | \$ 0.79    |

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Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004, 2,550,000 and 2,530,000 stock options and warrants, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share since such options and warrants had an exercise price in excess of the average market value of the Company's common stock during the periods.

(c) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company uses the Hungarian forint ( HUF ) as the functional currency for its Hungarian subsidiaries. The Hungarian subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Results of operations are translated using the average exchange rates prevailing throughout the period. The effects of exchange rate fluctuations on translating HUF assets and liabilities into U.S. dollars are accumulated as part of other comprehensive income in stockholders' equity.

The Company uses the local currency of PanTel's non-Hungarian subsidiaries to be the functional currency of those subsidiaries. Accordingly, foreign currency assets and liabilities of the non-Hungarian subsidiaries are translated into HUF using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Results of operations are translated using the average exchange rates prevailing throughout the period. The effects of exchange rate fluctuations on translating the local currency assets and liabilities of the non-Hungarian subsidiaries into HUF are accumulated as part of foreign exchange gains/(losses) in the consolidated statement of operations.

Foreign exchange fluctuations related to intercompany balances are included in equity if such balances are intended to be long-term in nature. At the time the Company settles such balances, the resulting gain or loss is reflected in the consolidated statement of operations. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions and the marking to market of assets or liabilities not denominated in Hungarian forints are included in operations in the period in which they occur. The translation of the subsidiaries' forint denominated financial statements into U.S. dollars, as of June 30, 2005, has been affected by the weakening of the Hungarian forint against the U.S. dollar from 180.29 as of December 31, 2004 to 204.79 as of June 30, 2005, an approximate 12% decrease in value.

(d) Stock Based Compensation

The Company follows the provisions of SFAS No. 123 Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, which allows entities to continue to apply the provisions of Accounting Principles Board ( APB ) Opinion No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees in measuring compensation cost for stock based compensation awards, and to provide pro forma net income and pro forma earnings per share



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(unaudited)

disclosures for employee stock option grants made in 1995 and thereafter as if the fair-value-based method, as defined in SFAS No. 123 had been applied.

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for stock based compensation awards granted under its long-term incentive plans. The fair values of stock options were estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Had the Company determined compensation cost for options issued under the plans based on the fair value at the grant date in conformity with SFAS No. 123, the Company's net pro forma earnings and earnings per share would have been as follows:

|   | Three Months Ended<br>June 30 |              | Six Months Ended<br>June 30 |              |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
|   | 2005                          | 2004         | 2005                        | 2004         |
| Net Income As reported  | 855                           | 2,432        | 118                         | 10,068       |
| Plus: stock-based compensation (income) expense included in reported earnings | (56)                          |              | 1,695                       | 14           |
| Less: stock-based compensation expense determined under fair-value method     | (605)                         | (37)         | (1,270)                     | (120)        |
| <b>Net Income Pro forma</b>   | <b>194</b>                    | <b>2,395</b> | <b>543</b>                  | <b>9,962</b> |
| <b>Earnings per share - Basic:</b>  |                               |              |                             |              |
| As reported   | 0.07                          | 0.20         | 0.01                        | 0.62         |
| Pro forma   | 0.02                          | 0.19         | 0.04                        | 0.81         |
| <b>Earnings per share - Diluted:</b>  |                               |              |                             |              |
| As reported   | 0.06                          | 0.19         | 0.01                        | 0.79         |
| Pro forma   | 0.01                          | 0.19         | 0.04                        | 0.77         |

Effective October 1, 2004, the Company accounts for all of its outstanding options under the variable method of accounting. The variable method of accounting requires the Company to accrue an expense or benefit as the market price of the Company's common stock changes. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, the Company recognized \$0.1 million of compensation benefit related to the variable method of accounting. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company recognized \$1.7 million of compensation expense related to the variable method of accounting.



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## Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

For purposes of the pro forma calculation under SFAS 123, the fair value of each option grant has been estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

|                              | <b>For the six months ended<br/>June 30</b> |             |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|
|                              | <b>2005</b>                                 | <b>2004</b> |
| Risk free rate               | 4.47%                                       | 4.29%       |
| Expected option life (years) | 10  | 10          |
| Volatility                   | 43.0%                                       | 53.4%       |

## (e) Derivative Instruments

The Company accounts for derivatives and hedging activities in accordance with FASB Statement No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended by FASB Statement No. 138, which requires that all derivative instruments be recorded on the balance sheet as either assets or liabilities and be measured at their respective fair values. The accounting treatment of changes in fair value is dependent upon whether or not a derivative instrument is designated as a hedge and if so, the type of hedge and its effectiveness as a hedge.

For derivatives that are not designated as hedges, changes in fair value are recorded immediately in earnings.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage interest rate movements on its bank debt. The Company's interest rate swaps are used for the purpose of hedging interest rate exposure, which exists because of the variable interest rate component of the Company's credit agreement. For most hedging relationships, the Company formally documents the hedging relationship and its risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, the hedging instrument, the nature of the risk being hedged, how the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the hedged risk will be assessed, and a description of the method of measuring ineffectiveness. Changes in the fair value of such derivatives are recorded as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet with an offset to current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on the derivative being designated as a hedge transaction and the type of hedge transaction.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

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At June 30, 2005, cash of \$13,926,000 comprised the following: \$199,000 on deposit in the United States, the equivalent of \$258,000 on deposit in Austria, Bulgaria, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia, and \$13,469,000 on deposit with banks in Hungary consisting of \$599,000 denominated in U.S. dollars, the equivalent of \$1,410,000

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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

denominated in euro and the equivalent of \$11,460,000 denominated in Hungarian forints.

Cash equivalents amounted to approximately \$5,768,000 at June 30, 2005 and consisted of Hungarian government securities, denominated in Hungarian forints, purchased under agreements to resell upon maturity within three months.

Restricted cash of \$10,868,000 at June 30, 2005, was comprised of a euro 9 million deposit in a debt service reserve account, which is required under the terms of the Company's Credit Agreement.

(3) **Related Parties**

The amount due to related parties totalling \$598,000 at June 30, 2005, represents cumulative preferred stock dividends in arrears and was due to TDC A/S ( TDC ), which held 63% of the Company's outstanding common stock and 100% of the Company's preferred shares as of June 30, 2005.

Torben V. Holm has served as the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer since May 19, 2005. Alex Wurtz has served as the head of the Company's Corporate Business Development since June 9, 2005. Messrs. Holm and Wurtz are employees of TDC. TDC owns 63% of the Company's common stock. The Company and TDC have not reached an agreement regarding Mr. Holm's services as President and Chief Executive Officer for the Company or Mr. Wurtz's services as head of Corporate Business Development.

(4) **Fair Value of Derivative Instruments**

Under the terms of its credit agreement, the Company is required to enter into interest-rate hedges to manage its interest rate exposure on its debt. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for any purpose other than hedging related to its debt obligations and Company policy prohibits holding or issuing derivative instruments for trading purposes.

By using derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates, the Company exposes itself to the credit risk of the counterparty. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform its obligations under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes the Company, which creates a credit risk for the Company. When the fair value

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of a derivative contract is negative, the Company owes the counterparty and, therefore, it does not have any credit risk. Company policy requires that counterparties to the Company's hedging activities be substantial and creditworthy

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(unaudited)

commercial banks. The risk of counterparty non-performance associated with the hedge contract is not considered by the Company to be material.

The Company assesses interest rate cash flow risk by continually identifying and monitoring changes in interest rate exposures that may adversely impact the Company's future interest payments and by evaluating hedging opportunities. The Company's existing bank credit agreement exposes the Company to variability in interest payments due to changes in interest rates. To limit this variability, the Company has entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage fluctuations in cash flows resulting from interest rate risk. These interest rate swaps have changed 100% of the variable-rate cash flow exposure on the Company's credit agreement into fixed cash flows. Under the terms of the interest rate swaps, the Company receives variable interest rate payments from the hedging counterparty and makes fixed interest rate payments, thereby creating the equivalent of fixed-rate debt.

The Company's interest rate swaps were recorded at fair value on June 30, 2005 and resulted in a \$3.8 million interest rate swap liability.

The estimated fair values of the Company's interest rate swaps are based on quoted market prices provided by the counterparty to the interest rate swaps and represent the estimated amounts that the Company would pay or receive to terminate the contracts.

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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(6) Segment Disclosures

The Company operates in a single segment, telecommunications. The acquisition of PanTel on February 28, 2005, means that the Company can now offer telecommunications services to a wider range of customers. The Company has three service categories, telephone services, network services and other service and product revenues. The Company's chief operating decision maker monitors the revenue streams of the various service categories and operations are managed and financial performance is evaluated based on the delivery of services to customers over an integrated network.

Products and Services

The Company groups its products and services into the following categories:

*Telephone Services* local dial tone and switched products and services that provide incoming and outgoing calls both domestically and internationally for residential and business customers. Wholesale voice revenues are earned through carrying other operators' traffic on the Company's network. This category includes reciprocal compensation revenues and expenses (i.e. interconnect).

*Network Services* point-to-point dedicated services that provide a private transmission channel for the Company's customers' exclusive use between two or more locations, both in local and long distance applications. Point to point dedicated services include data transmission, virtual private network (VPN), hosting and managed leased lines.

*Other Service and Product Revenues* PBX hardware sales and service revenues, as well as miscellaneous other telephone service revenues. Revenues from Internet services such as ADSL Internet access and dial-up are included here.

The revenues generated by these products and services for the periods ended June 30 were as follows:

**3 months ended**

**6 months ended**

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|                                    | 2005      | 2004      | 2005      | 2004      |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>(\$ in thousands)</b>           |           |           |           |           |
| Telephone services                 | \$ 16,210 | \$ 12,646 | \$ 29,891 | \$ 26,132 |
| Network services                   | 11,907    | 1,627     | 17,417    | 3,186     |
| Other service and product revenues | 2,608     | 417       | 3,792     | 833       |
|                                    | \$ 30,725 | \$ 14,690 | \$ 51,100 | \$ 30,151 |

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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

Major Customers

For the periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, none of the Company's customers accounted for more than 10% of the Company's total revenues.

(7) Goodwill, Intangible and Other Long-Lived Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives are tested at least annually for impairment. The Company completed its annual impairment test as of January 1, 2005. Based upon the results, the Company concluded that there is no impairment to the carrying value of goodwill reported in its financial statements.

Intangible assets that have finite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Concession rights are amortized over the twenty-five year concession period using the straight-line method. The rights of way that the Company has to operate its country-wide telecommunications network along the Hungarian National Railway ( MAV ) are amortized over the 50 year contract period, of which 44 years are remaining. Rights of use refer to the rights to use the existing networks owned by third parties. Rights of use are amortized as follows:

|             |                 |
|-------------|-----------------|
| Years 1-9   | 7.7% per annum  |
| Years 10-14 | 3.07% per annum |
| Years 15-44 | 0.51% per annum |

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Annual Concession Fees

Under the historical regulatory structure in which Hungarotel received its operating licenses it paid a one-time concession fee and was required to pay annual concession fees based on net telephone service revenues that varied between 0.1% and 2.3% depending on the concession area. In 2001, the Hungarian government made changes to the Communications Act, whereby the concession system was replaced with a notification system. Under the notification system, other telecommunications providers can enter the Company's markets by paying a nominal fee. The Company believes that this change violated the terms upon which it received its concessions which would have required competitors entering the



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Company's markets to pay fees similar to the Company. Therefore, the Company has accrued but withheld the payment of concession fees for 2001 in the amount of HUF 157 million (approximately \$0.8 million at June 30, 2005 exchange rates) and believes that it does not owe any more concession fees for 2002 and future periods. The Company is currently in discussions with the Ministry regarding the mutual termination or amendment of its concession agreements.

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The Company is involved in various other legal matters arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters and the issue described above will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

(9) PanTel Acquisition and Final Purchase Allocation

On June 30, 2005 the Company completed its final purchase allocation of the PanTel business that was acquired on February 28, 2005. The Company engaged a professional valuation firm to determine the estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of February 28, 2005. In accordance with SFAS No. 141 Business Combinations, the Company is required to allocate the cost of an acquired business based on the estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The purchase price for the PanTel business was arrived at by arms length negotiations between the Company and the sellers. The total purchase price of \$120.1 million included: (i) the payment of cash of EUR 26.9 million (\$35.4 million at historical exchange rates), (ii) 250,000 shares at a fair value of \$2.7 million, (iii) transaction costs of \$1.5 million and (iv) debt assumed of EUR 66.0 million (\$80.5 million at historical exchange rates). Under the purchase method of accounting, the purchase price is allocated to the net tangible and intangible assets based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of the acquisition. \$30.2 million has been calculated as negative goodwill that represents the excess of the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired over the purchase price. Negative goodwill is due to the decision of the majority shareholder of the PanTel business to divest its investments in Central and Eastern Europe. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, negative goodwill has been proportionally allocated to reduce long-lived assets.

The closing of the transaction occurred on February 28, 2005 and the results of the PanTel business for the four months ended June 30, 2005 (and the Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2005) have been consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.

The following represents the final allocation of the purchase price paid for the PanTel business based on the book values of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities as of February 28, 2005:

| <u>in thousands (USD)</u> | <u>February 28,<br/>2005</u> |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current assets            | 48,232                       |

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|                               |         |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Fixed assets, net             | 62,425  |
| Intangible assets             | 49,488  |
| Other non-current assets      | 1,940   |
|                               | <hr/>   |
| Total assets acquired         | 162,085 |
|                               | <hr/>   |
| Current liabilities           | 41,658  |
| Long-term debt                | 80,514  |
| Other non-current liabilities | 346     |
|                               | <hr/>   |
| Total liabilities assumed     | 122,518 |
|                               | <hr/>   |
| Net assets acquired           | 39,567  |
|                               | <hr/>   |

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## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

(unaudited)

The following table presents unaudited summarized combined results of operations of the Company and PanTel, on a pro forma basis, as though the companies had been combined as of January 1, 2004:

|                                       | Three months ended<br>June 30,<br>2005 | Three months ended<br>June 30,<br>2004 | Six months ended<br>June 30,<br>2005 | Six months ended<br>June 30,<br>2004 |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>(000 s USD), except share data</b> |  |  |                                      |                                      |
| Revenues, net                         | \$ 30,725                              | \$ 27,075                              | \$ 62,096                            | \$ 57,030                            |
| Income from operations                | 8,459                                  | 9,148                                  | 17,131                               | 15,747                               |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains, net  | (893)                                  | (2,565)                                | (3,239)                              | 5,055                                |
| Interest expense                      | 3,270                                  | 3,846                                  | 7,609                                | 6,491                                |
| Net income                            | 855                                    | 4,020                                  | 3,582                                | 14,657                               |
| Net income per share                  | \$ 0.07                                | \$ 0.33                                | \$ 0.28                              | \$ 1.19                              |

The above unaudited pro forma summarized results of operations are intended for informational purposes only and, in the opinion of management, are not indicative of the results of operations of the Company had the acquisition actually taken place as of January 1, 2004. The unaudited pro forma summarized results of operations do not include potential cost savings from operating efficiencies or synergies that may result from the acquisition.

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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

**Introduction**

Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp. ( HTCC or the Registrant and, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, the Company ) principally provides telecommunications services in Hungary through its three Hungarian operating subsidiaries (Hungarotel Tavkozlesi Rt. Hungarotel and PanTel Tavkozlesi es Kommunikacios Kft. and PanTel Technocom Kft., which are hereinafter referred to as PanTel ). Hungarotel principally provides fixed line voice, data and Internet services to residential and business customers within 3 defined regions of Hungary through the local networks that Hungarotel has built in those regions. Hungarotel recently began offering its services to other areas in Hungary outside of its local networks. PanTel has built a nationwide fiber optical network in Hungary to compete with the former national monopoly in the provision of voice, data and Internet services primarily to businesses throughout Hungary. PanTel uses its network capacity to transport voice, data, and Internet services on a wholesale basis for other telecommunications and Internet service providers in Hungary. PanTel's network also extends into other countries in the Central and Eastern European region. PanTel has interconnection arrangements in place with several major international telecommunications service operators which provide for interconnection at international telecommunications hubs in Amsterdam, Frankfurt and Vienna.

Hungarotel provides fixed-line services to approximately 187,000 customers as at June 30, 2005. With the completion of the PanTel acquisition on February 28, 2005, the Company has added an additional 31,000 access lines that are serviced through PanTel's country-wide fiber optical backbone network.

The Company's goal is to provide the broadest array of telecommunications services with exceptional quality and service at reasonable prices by becoming the most efficient full service telecommunications provider in Central and Eastern Europe. The primary risks facing the Company are the ability to retain existing customers and attract new customers in a highly competitive market that is constantly in flux due to a challenging regulatory environment, new competitive fixed line telephony entrants, mobile telephony penetration and macroeconomic factors. The Company's success depends upon its operating and marketing strategies, as well as market acceptance of telecommunications services within Hungary and the Central and Eastern European region. The Company plans to continue building on the reputation of PanTel as the most competitive alternative in the business customer market within Hungary. The Company is further seeking to solidify and expand its presence in the Hungarian telecommunications market through strategic merger, acquisition or alliance opportunities. The Company is also continuing to explore wireless service solutions so that it can be a full service provider in Hungary thereby providing traditional fixed line, data and wireless telephony for residential and business customers.

**Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 and Three Months Ended June 30, 2004**

The functional currency of the Company's Hungarian subsidiaries is the Hungarian forint. The average Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rate for the three months ended June 30, 2005 was 198.23, as compared to an average Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rate for

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the three months ended June 30, 2004 of 209.30. When comparing the three months ended June 30, 2005 to the three months ended June 30, 2004, it should be noted that all U.S. dollar reported amounts have been affected by this 5% appreciation in the Hungarian subsidiaries functional currency. In addition, when comparing the three month periods, it should also be noted that the 2005 quarterly results have been affected by the inclusion of PanTel for the period.

*Net Revenues*

|   | Quarter ended |             |            |
|---|---------------|-------------|------------|
|   | June 30,      |             |            |
|   | 2005          | 2004        | % change   |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b>                          |               |             |            |
| Measured service revenues                             | 12.3          | 7.7         | 60         |
| Subscription revenues                                 | 6.3           | 6.0         | 5          |
| Interconnect charges:                                 |               |             |            |
| Incoming  | 0.5           | 0.6         | (17)       |
| Outgoing (including access cost)                      | (4.3)         | (2.0)       | (115)      |
| Net   | (3.8)         | (1.4)       | (171)      |
| <b>Net measured service and subscription revenues</b> | <b>14.8</b>   | <b>12.3</b> | <b>20</b>  |
| Connection fees                                       | 0.2           | 0.5         | (60)       |
| Wholesale revenues, net                               | 1.1           | 0           | n/a        |
| Other operating revenues, net :                       |               |             |            |
| Provision of direct lines                             | 9.3           | 1.1         | 745        |
| ADSL access, VPN services                             | 2.2           | 0.1         | 2,100      |
| Internet services                                     | 1.9           | 0.1         | 1,800      |
| Other   | 1.2           | 0.6         | 100        |
| Other operating revenues, net total                   | 14.6          | 1.9         | 668        |
| <b>Telephone Service Revenues, Net</b>                | <b>30.7</b>   | <b>14.7</b> | <b>109</b> |

The Company recorded a 109% increase in net telephone service revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004.

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**Measured Service Revenues**

Measured service revenues increased in functional currency terms by approximately 51% between the periods. A decrease in Hungarotel's revenues by approximately \$1.6 million has been offset by the addition of PanTel's revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2005, which were approximately \$5.8 million.

*Hungarotel's* measured service revenues in functional currency terms decreased by 20% as a result of:

A 3.5% decrease in average access lines in service from approximately 192,700 for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, to approximately 187,000 during the quarter ended June 30, 2005. Approximately 3.1% of the 3.5% decrease occurred in the residential customer group as a result of further mobile penetration and economic conditions that resulted in some customers not being able to afford telephony services in general or choosing to continue with their mobile service provider and drop their fixed line service when deciding to reduce their monthly communication expenses. The remaining 0.4% of the 3.5% decrease is attributed to business customers due primarily to increased competition from both fixed line operators and mobile providers.

An overall decrease in call minutes by 16.3%. This is partially correlated to the decrease in the number of lines serviced over the same period in the prior year. However, the principal cause of the decrease in call minutes is that calls from the Company's customers to mobile subscribers decreased by 20.6% over the prior year. The decrease is attributed to increased competition from mobile providers who offer mobile to mobile calls at rates that are significantly lower than fixed line to mobile rates due to adverse regulatory conditions with respect to the interconnect prices permitted to be charged by mobile operators to fixed line operators, which interconnect charges are higher than the interconnect charges mobile carriers charge each other.

As of June 2004, the Company began offering discounts on its listed call tariffs to some of its significant business customers.

The Company is focusing on retaining its historic fixed line business customer base by offering discounts to its listed call tariffs in exchange for fixed term contracts. The Company is also promoting higher margin products such as ADSL connections to customers. Penetration for higher cost products like ADSL connections is expected to be limited due to the economic conditions in the Company's historical operating areas. On April 1, 2005, Hungarotel entered competitors' markets outside of its historic fixed wireline operating areas and the Company believes that it can challenge the incumbents on service and price. The same call tariffs were in use at Hungarotel during the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 apart from the business customer discounts described above.

*PanTel*

The inclusion of PanTel in the Company's consolidated results for the three months ended June 30, 2005 contributed \$5.8 million in measured service revenues. PanTel's measured service revenues come primarily from business customers and this revenue is expected to continue to grow by attracting additional customers with better service and pricing than its competitors.





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HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Subscription Revenues**

Subscription revenues increased in functional currency terms by approximately 1% as a result of (i) \$0.5 million in subscription fees from PanTel for the three months ended June 30, 2005; offset by (ii) customer transfers from higher monthly fee subscriptions to lower monthly fee subscriptions within Hungarotel; (iii) no Universal Service revenues recorded for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$0.2 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004; and (iv) a 3.5% decrease in average access lines in service for Hungarotel between the two periods.

No Universal Service revenues were accrued for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Previously, the Hungarian government set up a Universal Services fund to provide (i) country-wide access to fixed line telecommunications services at reasonable prices, (ii) public pay telephones, (iii) operator assisted services, and (iv) free emergency services. The funds received by the Company from the Universal Services Fund were based upon the number of customers, which meet certain requirements defined in government regulations. The Company believes its prior contract, which expired June 30, 2004, continues to apply to the revenues that have been accrued up to June 30, 2004. The Company has entered into a new Universal Service Provider agreement with the Ministry with effect from July 1, 2004. Under this new agreement, as a result of the strict conditions stipulated to receive funds for being a Universal Services Provider, the Company does not expect to receive any money in the future for being a Universal Services Provider.

**Interconnect Charges**

Net measured service and subscription revenues have been reduced by net interconnect charges which totalled \$3.8 million and \$1.4 million during the three month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company is paid a per minute interconnection fee for completing long distance wireline and mobile calls over the Company's network to the Company's customers (incoming). The Company pays interconnection fees to other national wireline and mobile operators to terminate calls from the Company's customers (outgoing). As a percentage of measured service and subscription revenues, net interconnect charges have increased from 10% for the three months ended June 30, 2004 to 20% for the three months ended June 30, 2005. This increase is primarily due to the inclusion of PanTel's interconnection fees for the three months ended June 30, 2005 and the fact that PanTel has lower margins on call revenues than Hungarotel has. New interconnect prices were made effective from June 15, 2004 and, as a result, fixed line operators' interconnect prices were reduced significantly, 38% in Hungarotel's case, whereas the mobile operators' interconnect prices were not changed. The majority of Hungarotel's interconnect expenses relate to mobile network terminated calls. As a result, interconnect expenses continue to be charged at rates comparable to the same period in the prior year, while interconnect revenues were reduced by 38%. The Company, along with other fixed line operators in Hungary, legally challenged the rate reduction decision because the Company believes that the newly arbitrated interconnect fees to be charged by the fixed line operators are less than the actual cost of terminating those calls.

**Connection Fees**

In 1997 and 1998 during the construction of the Company's networks, the Company connected a substantial number of its current residential customer base. The Company has been amortizing to revenue the connection fees received back in 1997 and 1998 over the last 7 years



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while at the same time amortizing as an expense over 7 years the initial cash outlay for connecting those customers. The amortization period for revenues and expenses for those customers is coming to an end, which has resulted in a 60% reduction in connection revenues. The revenue attributable to the addition of new customers, added to the Company's network after 1998, is significantly lower than that attributable to customers from 1998 and earlier.

**Wholesale Voice Revenues**

Wholesale voice net revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2005 are due to the inclusion of these service revenues from PanTel. Wholesale voice is a relatively low margin service but remains an attractive service to the Company's customers. Because of the high volume nature of the business, it provides a good contribution. In addition, it complements other business products such as leased lines and Internet bandwidth when bundling services for business customers.

**Other Operating Revenues**

Other operating revenues, which include revenues generated from the provision of direct lines, ADSL access, VPN services, operator services, Internet services and other miscellaneous telephone service revenues, increased to \$14.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004. In functional currency terms, other operating revenues increased approximately 611% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, as compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004. This increase is primarily due to the inclusion of PanTel in the quarter ended June 30, 2005. The significant products driving this revenue line are leased line services, provision of dark fiber (the Company sells fiber optic capacity), Virtual Private Networks and Internet revenues.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

|                                     | <b>Quarter ended<br/>June 30,</b> |             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
|                                     | <b>2005</b>                       | <b>2004</b> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b>        |                                   |             |
| Selling, general and administrative | \$ 15.8                           | \$ 5.6      |

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 182% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004. The inclusion of PanTel's selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 contributed an additional \$8.7 million of selling, general and administrative expenses compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004.

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In functional currency terms, selling, general and administrative expenses of Hungarotel increased approximately 1% for the three months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004. The 1% increase is due to the \$0.3 million higher operating and personnel expenses at Hungarotel offset by the decreasing number of new connection fee charges amortized during the three months ended June 30, 2005 in relation to the number of connection fee charges that have been fully amortized (see discussion of amortization of connection fees above). In U.S. dollar terms, however, such increase in costs in functional currency terms has been further increased by the 5% appreciation of the Hungarian forint combined with a 542% increase in the Company's U.S. dollar denominated operating expenses between the periods.

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This 542% increase is primarily due to a \$1.3 million increase in personnel costs related to one time retirement and termination payments.

*Depreciation and Amortization*

|                               | Quarter ended<br>June 30, |        |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|
|                               | 2005                      | 2004   |
| (dollars in millions)         |                           |        |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 6.5                    | \$ 3.0 |

Depreciation and amortization charges increased \$3.5 million, or 117%. This increase is due primarily to the inclusion of \$3.3 million of depreciation and amortization related to PanTel for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

*Income from Operations*

|                        | Quarter ended<br>June 30, |        |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--------|
|                        | 2005                      | 2004   |
| (dollars in millions)  |                           |        |
| Income from operations | \$ 8.5                    | \$ 6.1 |

Income from operations increased by 38% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004. Contributing to such an increase were higher net telephone service revenues partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses and higher depreciation and amortization expenses.

*Foreign Exchange Losses*

|                       | Quarter ended<br>June 30, |      |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------|
|                       | 2005                      | 2004 |
| (dollars in millions) |                           |      |

|                         |        |        |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| Foreign exchange losses | \$ 0.9 | \$ 1.7 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|

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## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Foreign exchange losses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 resulted primarily from (i) the weakening of the Hungarian forint against the euro on the Company's average EUR 150 million denominated debt outstanding during the period; and (ii) the realized foreign exchange losses on Hungarotel's U.S. dollar denominated invoices paid off during the period. At June 30, 2005, the Hungarian forint had weakened by approximately 0.1% against the euro and 7% against the U.S. dollar, as compared to March 31, 2005 levels. The foreign exchange losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 resulted primarily from the devaluation of the Hungarian forint against the euro on the Company's average EUR 49.4 million denominated debt and against the U.S. dollar 25 million denominated debt outstanding during the period. At June 30, 2004, the Hungarian forint had devalued by approximately 2% against the euro, and by approximately 2% against the U.S. dollar as compared to March 31, 2004 levels. When non-Hungarian forint debt is re-measured into Hungarian forints, the Company reports foreign exchange gains/losses in its consolidated financial statements as the Hungarian forint appreciates/devalues against such non-forint currencies. See the *Inflation and Foreign Currency* and *Market Risk Exposure* sections below.

*Interest Expense*

|                       | Quarter ended<br>June 30, |        |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|
|                       | 2005                      | 2004   |
| (dollars in millions) |                           |        |
| Interest expense      | \$ 3.3                    | \$ 2.3 |

Interest expense increased 43% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2004. This 43% increase is the result of: (i) the inclusion of PanTel's \$1.2 million interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2005; and (ii) higher average debt levels outstanding between the periods; partially offset by lower average interest rates paid on the Company's borrowings during the quarter ended June 30, 2005 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004. As a result of the lower interest rates on the Company's borrowings, the Company's weighted average interest rate on its debt obligations decreased from 6.43% for the three months ended June 30, 2004, to 4.84% for the three months ended June 30, 2005, a 25% decrease. See *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section below.

*Interest Income*

|                       | Quarter ended<br>June 30, |        |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|
|                       | 2005                      | 2004   |
| (dollars in millions) |                           |        |
| Interest income       | \$ 0.2                    | \$ 0.7 |

Interest income decreased 71% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to three months ended June 30, 2004, due to lower interest rates and lower Hungarian forint deposits between the periods.





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## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

*Fair Value Changes on Interest Rate Swaps*

|   | <u>Quarter ended June 30,</u> |             |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|
|   | <u>2005</u>                   | <u>2004</u> |
| (dollars in millions)                     |                               |             |
| Fair value changes on interest rate swaps | \$ 3.8                        | \$          |

Fair value changes on interest rate swaps amounted to a \$3.8 million loss for the three months ended June 30, 2005. The loss recorded for the period is the result of significant downward movements in the market value of the interest rate swaps between the swap contract date and June 30, 2005.

*Income Tax Expense*

|                       | <u>Quarter ended June 30,</u> |             |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|                       | <u>2005</u>                   | <u>2004</u> |
| (dollars in millions) |                               |             |
| Income tax expense    | \$ 0.2                        | \$ 0.3      |

The income tax expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 has been calculated based upon the estimated effective tax rate for the full year.

*Net Income*

|                       | <u>Quarter ended June 30,</u> |             |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|                       | <u>2005</u>                   | <u>2004</u> |
| (dollars in millions) |                               |             |
| Net income            | \$ 0.9                        | \$ 2.4      |

As a result of the factors discussed above, the Company recorded net income attributable to common stockholders of \$0.9 million, or \$0.07 per share, or \$0.06 per share on a diluted basis, for the three months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to net income attributable to common stockholders of \$2.4 million, or \$0.20 per share, or \$0.19 per share on a diluted basis, for the three months ended June 30, 2004.

**Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 to Six Months Ended June 30, 2004**

The functional currency of the Company's Hungarian subsidiaries is the Hungarian forint. The average Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rate for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was 192.61, as compared to an average Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rate for the six months ended June 30, 2004 of 208.69. When comparing the six months ended June 30, 2005 to the six months ended June 30, 2004, it should be noted that all U.S. dollar reported amounts have been affected by this 8% appreciation in the Hungarian subsidiaries' functional currency. In addition, when comparing the six month periods, it should also be noted that the 2005 results have been affected by the inclusion of PanTel as of March 1, 2005.

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## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

*Net Revenues*

|   | Year-to-date<br>June 30, |             | % change  |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
|   | 2005                     | 2004        |           |
| (dollars in millions)                                 |                          |             |           |
| Measured service revenues                             | 21.3                     | 15.8        | 35        |
| Subscription revenues                                 | 12.6                     | 12.3        | 2         |
| Interconnect charges:                                 |                          |             |           |
| Incoming  | 1.2                      | 1.3         | (8)       |
| Outgoing  | (7.2)                    | (4.1)       | (76)      |
| Net   | (6.0)                    | (2.8)       | (114)     |
| <b>Net measured service and subscription revenues</b> | <b>27.9</b>              | <b>25.3</b> | <b>10</b> |
| Connection fees                                       | 0.5                      | 1.1         | (55)      |
| Wholesale revenues, net                               | 1.5                      | 0           | n/a       |
| Other operating revenues, net :                       |                          |             |           |
| Provision of direct lines                             | 13.3                     | 2.1         | 533       |
| ADSL access, VPN services                             | 3.2                      | 0.2         | 1,500     |
| Internet services                                     | 2.6                      | 0.2         | 1,200     |
| Other   | 2.1                      | 1.3         | 62        |
| Other operating revenues, net total                   | 21.2                     | 3.8         | 458       |
| <b>Telephone Service Revenues, Net</b>                | <b>51.1</b>              | <b>30.2</b> | <b>69</b> |

The Company recorded a 69% increase in net telephone service revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004.

**Measured Service Revenues**

Measured service revenues increased in functional currency terms by approximately 25% between the periods. An approximate 20% decrease in Hungarotel's revenues (approximately \$3.4 million) has been offset by the addition of PanTel's revenues, for the four months ended June 30, 2005 (approximately \$7.6 million).

*Hungarotel's* measured service revenues in functional currency decreased by 20% as a result of:

A 3.3% decrease in average access lines in service from approximately 193,300 for the six months ended June 30, 2004, to approximately 187,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2005. Approximately 2.9% of the 3.3% decrease occurred in the residential customer group as a result of further mobile penetration and economic conditions that resulted in some customers not being able to afford telephony services in general or choosing to continue with their mobile service provider and drop their fixed line service when deciding to reduce their monthly communication expenses. The remaining 0.4% of the 3.3% decrease is attributed to business customers due primarily to increased competition from both fixed line operators and mobile providers.

An overall decrease in call minutes by 14.5%. This is partially correlated to the decrease in the number of lines serviced over the same period in the prior year. However, the principal cause of the decrease in call minutes is that calls from the Company's customers to mobile subscribers decreased by 21.1% over the prior year. The decrease is attributed to increased competition from mobile providers who offer mobile to mobile calls at rates that are significantly lower than fixed line to mobile rates due to adverse regulatory conditions with respect to the interconnect prices permitted to be charged by mobile

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operators to fixed line operators, which interconnect charges are higher than the interconnect charges mobile carriers charge each other.

As of June 2004 the Company began offering discounts on its listed call tariffs to some of its significant business customers.

The Company is focusing on retaining its historic fixed line business customer base by offering discounts to its listed call tariffs in exchange for fixed term contracts. The Company is also promoting higher margin products such as ADSL connections to customers. Penetration for higher cost products like ADSL connections is expected to be limited due to the economic conditions in the Company's historical operating areas. On April 1, 2005, Hungarotel entered competitors' markets outside of its historic fixed wireline operating areas and the Company believes that it can challenge the incumbents on service and price. The same call tariffs were in use at Hungarotel during the six months ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 apart from the business customer discounts described above.

*PanTel*

The inclusion of PanTel in the Company's consolidated results for the six months ended June 30, 2005 added \$7.6 million in measured service revenues. PanTel's measured service revenues come primarily from business customers and this revenue is expected to continue to grow by attracting additional customers with better service and pricing than its competitors.

**Subscription Revenues**

Subscription revenues decreased in functional currency terms by approximately 5% as a result of (i) a 3.3% decrease in average access lines in service between the two periods; (ii) customer transfers from higher monthly fee subscriptions to lower monthly fee subscriptions within Hungarotel; and (iii) no Universal Service revenues recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004; partially offset by (iv) \$0.6 million in subscription fees from PanTel for four months of the six month period ended June 30, 2005.

No Universal Service revenues were accrued for the six months ended June 30, 2005. Previously, the Hungarian government set up a Universal Services fund to provide (i) country-wide access to fixed line telecommunications services at reasonable prices, (ii) public pay telephones, (iii) operator assisted services, and (iv) free emergency services. The funds received by the Company from the Universal Services Fund were based upon the number of customers, which meet certain requirements defined in government regulations. The Company believes its prior contract, which expired June 30, 2004, continues to apply to the revenues that have been accrued up to June 30, 2004. The Company has entered into a new Universal Service Provider agreement with the Ministry with effect from July 1, 2004. Under this new agreement, as a result of the strict conditions stipulated to receive funds for being a Universal Services Provider, the Company does not expect to receive any money in the future for being a Universal Services Provider.

**Interconnect Charges**

Net measured service and subscription revenues have been reduced by net interconnect charges which totalled \$6.0 million and \$2.8 million during the six month periods ended June 30,

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2005 and 2004, respectively. The Company is paid a per minute interconnection fee for completing long distance wireline and mobile calls over the Company's network to the Company's customers (incoming). The Company pays interconnection fees to other national wireline and mobile operators to terminate calls from the Company's customers (outgoing). As a percentage of measured service and subscription revenues, net interconnect charges have increased from 10% for the six months ended June 30, 2004 to 18% for the six months ended June 30, 2005. This increase is primarily due to the inclusion of PanTel's interconnection fees for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and the fact that PanTel has lower margins on call revenues than Hungarotel has. New interconnect prices were made effective from June 15, 2004 and, as a result, fixed line operators' interconnect prices were reduced significantly, 38% in Hungarotel's case, whereas the mobile operators' interconnect prices were not changed. The majority of Hungarotel's interconnect expenses relate to mobile network terminated calls. As a result, interconnect expenses continue to be charged at rates comparable to the same period in the prior year, while interconnect revenues were reduced by 38%. The Company, along with other fixed line operators in Hungary, legally challenged the rate reduction decision because the Company believes that the newly arbitrated interconnect fees to be charged by the fixed line operators are less than the actual cost of terminating those calls.

#### **Connection Fees**

In 1997 and 1998 during the construction of the Company's networks, the Company connected a substantial number of its current residential customer base. The Company has been amortizing to revenue the connection fees received back in 1997 and 1998 over the last 7 years while at the same time amortizing as an expense over 7 years the initial cash outlay for connecting those customers. The amortization period for revenues and expenses for those customers is coming to an end, which has resulted in a 55% reduction in connection revenues. The revenue attributable to the addition of new customers, added to the Company's network after 1998, is significantly lower than that attributable to customers from 1998 and earlier.

#### **Wholesale Voice Revenues**

Wholesale voice net revenues were \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005 due to the inclusion of these service revenues from PanTel. Wholesale voice is a relatively low margin service but remains an attractive service to the Company's customers. Because of the high volume nature of the business, it provides a good contribution margin. In addition, it complements other business products such as leased lines and Internet bandwidth when bundling services for business customers.

#### **Other Operating Revenues**

Other operating revenues, which include revenues generated from the provision of direct lines, ADSL access, VPN services, operator services, Internet services and other miscellaneous telephone service revenues, increased to \$21.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. In functional currency terms, other operating revenues increased approximately 420% for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. This increase is primarily due to the inclusion of PanTel for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The significant products driving this revenue line are leased line services, provision of dark fiber (the Company sells fiber optic capacity), Virtual Private Networks and Internet revenues.





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*Selling, General and Administrative*

|                                     | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                                     | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| (dollars in millions)               |                     |             |
| Selling, general and administrative | \$ 26.2             | \$ 11.4     |

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 131% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. The inclusion of PanTel's selling, general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2005 contributed an additional \$11.6 million of selling, general and administrative expenses compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004.

In functional currency terms, selling, general and administrative expenses of Hungarotel decreased approximately 6% for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. The 6% decrease is due to the decreasing number of new connection fee charges amortized during the six months ended June 30, 2005 in relation to the number of connection fee charges that have been fully amortized (see discussion of amortization of connection fees above). In U.S. dollar terms, however, such decrease in costs in functional currency terms has been offset by the 8% appreciation of the Hungarian forint combined with a 212% increase in the Company's U.S. dollar denominated operating expenses between the periods. This 212% increase is primarily due to a \$1.7 million non-cash compensation charge related to variable option accounting of the Company's stock option plans during the period, as well as one time payments made in the current period related to retirement and termination obligations. Variable option accounting requires the Company to determine a value related to its outstanding stock options, for the period, by applying the difference between the Company's stock price at a period end and the option exercise prices for the options outstanding. The value determined is recorded in the income statement as either an increase or decrease to compensation expense depending on the number of stock options outstanding from one period to another as well as changes in the price of the Company's stock from one period to another.

*Depreciation and Amortization*

|                               | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                               | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| (dollars in millions)         |                     |             |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 10.9             | \$ 5.9      |

Depreciation and amortization charges increased \$5.0 million, or 85%. This increase is due primarily to the inclusion of \$4.6 million of depreciation and amortization related to PanTel for the four months ended June 30, 2005.

*Income from Operations*

|                              | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                              | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b> |                     |             |
| Income from operations       | \$ 13.9             | \$ 12.8     |

Income from operations increased by 9% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. Contributing to such an increase were higher

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net telephone service revenues partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses and higher depreciation and amortization expenses.

*Foreign Exchange (Losses) Gains*

|                                 | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                                 | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b>    |                     |             |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains | \$ (4.5)            | \$ 2.0      |

Foreign exchange losses for the six months ended June 30, 2005 resulted primarily from (i) the weakening of the Hungarian forint against the euro on Hungarotel's average EUR 84 million denominated debt outstanding between February 21, 2005 (refinancing date) and June 30, 2005; (ii) the weakening of the Hungarian forint against the euro on PanTel's average EUR 66 million denominated debt outstanding between February 28, 2005 and June 30, 2005; and (iii) the realized foreign exchange losses on Hungarotel's U.S. dollar denominated invoices and debt paid off during the period; partially offset by (iv) a realized foreign exchange gain of \$0.5 million on the repayment of Hungarotel's previous loan on February 21, 2005. At June 30, 2005, the Hungarian forint had weakened by approximately (i) 1.6% against the euro as compared to the February 21, 2005 level; (ii) 2% against the euro as compared to the February 28, 2005 level; and (iii) 12% against the U.S. dollar, as compared to December 31, 2004 levels. The foreign exchange gains for the six months ended June 30, 2004 resulted primarily from the appreciation of the Hungarian forint against the euro on the Company's average EUR 50.4 million denominated debt. At June 30, 2004, the Hungarian forint had appreciated in value by approximately 4% against the euro as compared to December 31, 2003 levels. When non-Hungarian forint debt is re-measured into Hungarian forints, the Company reports foreign exchange gains/losses in its consolidated financial statements as the Hungarian forint appreciates/devalues against such non-forint currencies. See the *Inflation and Foreign Currency* and *Market Risk Exposure* sections below.

*Interest Expense*

|                              | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                              | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b> |                     |             |
| Interest expense             | \$ 7.1              | \$ 4.8      |

Interest expense increased 48% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. This 48% increase is the result of: (i) the inclusion of PanTel's \$1.6 million interest expense for the four months ended June 30, 2005; (ii) the write-off of \$1.5 million of deferred financing costs related to Hungarotel's previous syndicated loan repaid on February 21, 2005; and (iii) higher average debt levels outstanding between the periods; partially offset by lower average interest rates paid on the Company's borrowings during the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2004. As a result of the lower interest rates on the Company's borrowings, the

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Company's weighted average interest rate on its debt obligations decreased from 6.56% for the three months ended March 31, 2004, to 5.01% for the three months ended March 31, 2005, a 24% decrease. See *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section below.

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*Interest Income*

|                       | Year-to-date |        |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------|
|                       | 2005         | 2004   |
| (dollars in millions) |              |        |
| Interest income       | \$ 0.4       | \$ 1.3 |

Interest income decreased 70% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to six months ended June 30, 2004, due to lower interest rates and lower Hungarian forint deposits between the periods.

*Fair Value Changes on Interest Rate Swaps*

|   | Year-to-date |      |
|---|--------------|------|
|   | 2005         | 2004 |
| (dollars in millions)                     |              |      |
| Fair value changes on interest rate swaps | \$ 3.8       | \$   |

Fair value changes on interest rate swaps amounted to a \$3.8 million loss for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The loss recorded for the period is the result of significant downward movements in the market value of the interest rate swaps between the swap contract date and June 30, 2005.

*Equity in Earnings of Affiliate*

|                                 | Year-to-date |      |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------|
|                                 | 2005         | 2004 |
| (dollars in millions)           |              |      |
| Equity in earnings of affiliate | \$ 0.9       | \$   |

Equity in earnings of affiliate for the six months ended June 30, 2005 represents the 25% equity ownership of PanTel in January and February 2005, prior to the Company obtaining 100% of PanTel on February 28, 2005.

*Income Tax Expense*

|                              | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                              | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b> |                     |             |
| Income tax expense           | \$ 0.1              | \$ 1.3      |

The income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 has been calculated based upon the estimated effective tax rate for the full year.

*Net Income*

|                              | <u>Year-to-date</u> |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                              | <u>2005</u>         | <u>2004</u> |
| <b>(dollars in millions)</b> |                     |             |
| Net income                   | \$ 0.1              | \$ 10.1     |

As a result of the factors discussed above, the Company recorded net income attributable to common stockholders of \$0.1 million, or \$0.01 per share, or \$0.01 per share on a diluted basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to net income attributable to common

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stockholders of \$10.1 million, or \$0.82 per share, or \$0.79 per share on a diluted basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Net cash provided by operating activities totalled \$21.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$14.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2004. This \$6.5 million increase is due to (i) the 8% appreciation of the Hungarian forint against the U.S. dollar between the two periods; and (ii) the inclusion of PanTel's \$8.7 million operating cash flow for the period of March - June 2005 (iii) partially offset by one-time personnel payments made by the Company during the period. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the Company used \$14.1 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, in investing activities. The \$14.1 million used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2005 is due to (i) \$7.3 million to fund additions to the Company's telecommunications networks, and (ii) \$7.1 million for the acquisition of the PanTel business net of cash acquired. Financing activities generated net cash of \$6.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$13.7 million used by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Cash flows from financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were the result of (i) the drawing down of \$110 million under the new credit agreement, (ii) the \$74.3 million repayment of the Company's previous loans, (iii) the scheduled repayment of \$11.0 million from the new facility, (iv) the \$5.9 million payment of financing related costs and (v) an \$11.8 million principal and interest payment on the new credit agreement.

The Company's contractual cash obligations as disclosed in its December 31, 2004 Form 10-K filing have materially changed as of June 30, 2005 due to the purchase of the PanTel business on February 28, 2005. The Company's major contractual cash obligations as of June 30, 2005 (at June 30, 2005 exchange rates) are as follows:

## Cash Payments Due by Period

(in thousands)

|                          | <b>Total</b>      | <b>1 Year<br/>or Less</b> | <b>2 3 Years</b> | <b>4-5 Years</b> | <b>After 5<br/>Years</b> |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Obligation</b>        |                   |                           |                  |                  |                          |
| Long Term Debt           | \$ 224,186        | 32,685                    | 89,433           | 80,321           | 21,747                   |
| Operating Leases         | 11,563            | 4,035                     | 5,703            | 1,601            | 224                      |
| Construction Commitments | 2,980             | 2,852                     | 128              |                  |                          |
| <b>Total</b>             | <b>\$ 238,729</b> | <b>39,572</b>             | <b>95,264</b>    | <b>81,922</b>    | <b>21,971</b>            |

The acquisition of PanTel on February 28, 2005 resulted in additional cash obligations within the normal course of operations. The Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet its contractual cash obligations is subject to many factors, including regulatory developments, macroeconomic factors, competition and customer behavior and acceptance of additional fixed line telecommunications services.

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Under the Company's Credit Agreement, the ratio of the Company's total net borrowings to EBITDA is a measurement of financial performance and becomes the basis for determining the Applicable Margin of the Credit Agreement. The Company must also maintain a minimum ratio of debt service cover.



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The ratios are calculated based on the Company's U.S. dollar consolidated financial statements translated into euros. This exposes the Company to the possible risk of not meeting its debt covenant ratios, as measured in euro terms, due to the effect of currency movements on translation of its Hungarian forint denominated assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses into euros. While management seeks to manage the business to be in compliance with the Credit Agreement and related covenants, the Company operates in a regulated environment which is subject to many factors outside of management's control (i.e. the government's political, social and public policy agenda).

#### **Inflation and Foreign Currency**

During 2004, high Hungarian forint interest rates attracted foreign investors into the market and, as a result, the Hungarian forint appreciated against the euro, as well as the U.S. dollar. As a result of this strengthening, the Company recorded an exchange gain of \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. During the first six months of 2005, the Hungarian forint weakened against the euro and the U.S. dollar due to a decrease in Hungarian interest rates and, more generally, an increase in U.S. interest rates that resulted in investors divesting from emerging markets and investing in U.S. government securities, resulting in a foreign exchange loss of \$4.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. See Item 3 *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk* (Market Risk Exposure below).

The Company generates substantially all of its revenues in Hungarian forints and incurs operating and other expenses, including capital expenditures, predominantly in Hungarian forints but also in U.S. dollars and euros. In addition, certain items in the balance sheet accounts are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the operating subsidiaries. Accordingly, when such accounts are translated into the functional currency, the Company is subject to foreign exchange gains and losses which are reflected as a component of net income. When the subsidiaries financial statements are translated into U.S. dollars for financial reporting purposes, the Company is subject to translation adjustments, the effect of which is reflected as a component of stockholders' equity.

While the Company has the ability to increase the prices it charges for its services generally commensurate with increases in the Hungarian Consumer Price Index (CPI) pursuant to its licenses from the Hungarian government, and as regulated by the government, it may choose not to implement the full amount of the increase permitted due to competitive and other concerns. In addition, the rate of increase in the Hungarian CPI may not be sufficient to offset potential negative exchange rate movements and as a result, the Company may be unable to generate cash flows to the degree necessary to meet its obligations in currencies other than the Hungarian forint.

#### **Change in Control**

On April 12, 2005, TDC A/S (TDC) completed a transaction to purchase Ashmore Investment Management's entire equity and debt holdings in the Company. TDC now owns 63% of the Company's outstanding common stock and 66% of the Company's outstanding common stock on a fully diluted basis.

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#### HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### **Related Party Transactions**

Torben V. Holm has served as the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer since May 19, 2005. Alex Wurtz has served as the head of the Company's Corporate Business Development since June 9, 2005. Messrs. Holm and Wurtz are employees of TDC. TDC owns 63% of the Company's common stock. The Company and TDC have not reached an agreement regarding Mr. Holm's services as President and Chief Executive Officer for the Company or Mr. Wurtz's services as head of Corporate Business Development.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2005, FASB issued SFAS Statement No. 154, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, which replaces APB Opinion No. 20, *Accounting Changes*, and FASB Statement No. 3, *Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements*. The Statement changes the accounting for, and reporting of, a change in accounting principle. Statement 154 applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes required by an accounting standard when the standard does not include specific transition provisions. Statement 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Earlier application is permitted for accounting changes and corrections of errors during fiscal years beginning after June 1, 2005.

In March 2005, FASB issued FASB Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations*, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143. FIN 47 clarifies that the term *conditional asset retirement obligation* as used in FASB Statement No. 143, *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, refers to a legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and (or) the method of settlement are conditional on a future event that may or may not be within the control of the entity. The interpretation also clarifies when an entity should have sufficient information to reasonably estimate the fair value of an asset retirement obligation. The provisions of FIN 47 are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2005 (December 31, 2005 for calendar-year enterprises). FIN 47 requires that the amount recognized as an asset retirement cost shall be measured as of the date the asset retirement obligation was incurred. An entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially adopting FIN 47 as a change in accounting principle. Further, an entity shall compute on a pro forma basis and disclose in the footnotes to the financial statements for the beginning of the earliest year presented and at the end of all years presented the amount of the liability for asset retirement obligations as if FIN 47 had been applied during all periods affected. Retrospective application of interim financial information is permitted but not required. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of this interpretation to determine the impact on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

### **Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on the Company's estimates and assumptions and are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the statements. Words such as *believes*, *anticipates*, *estimates*, *expects* and similar expressions are



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intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements (including oral representations) are only predictions or statements of current plans, which the Company reviews continuously. For all forward-looking statements, the Company claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The following important factors, along with those factors discussed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the Company's other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, could affect future results and could cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements:

Changes in the growth rate of the overall Hungarian, European Union and Central and Eastern European economies such that inflation, interest rates, currency exchange rates, business investment and consumer spending are impacted;

Materially adverse changes in economic conditions in Hungary and Central Europe;

Material changes in available technology;

The effect of Hungarian regulatory and legislative initiatives and proceedings including those relating to the terms of interconnection, access charges, universal service, unbundled networks, resale rates and the continued liberalization of the Hungarian telecommunications marketplace;

Changes in European Union laws and regulations, which may require Hungary and other countries to revise their telecommunications laws;

The overall effect of competition in the markets for the services that the Company currently provides and competition in the markets for services that the Company may enter into;

The entry into the Company's markets by new competitors;

The final outcome of certain legal proceedings affecting the Company;

The Company's accounting policies which are subject to regulatory review;

The timing and profitability of the Company's entry into new markets;

Employee retention;

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The Company's ability to successfully integrate PanTel and other businesses or companies that the Company may acquire into the Company's operations;

Changes in interest rates;

Changes in the currency exchange markets particularly in the Hungarian forint-euro exchange rate, the Hungarian forint-U.S. dollar exchange rate and the euro-U.S. dollar exchange rate which affect the Company's financial statements and its ability to repay debt;

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Political changes in Hungary;

The Company's relationships with its controlling stockholder; and

The Company's dependence on cash flow from its subsidiaries and certain restrictions on the payment of dividends by its subsidiaries.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

Market Risk Exposure

*Currency Exchange Rate Risks*

The Company is exposed to various types of risk in the normal course of its business, including the risk from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Company operations, including approximately 95% of net revenues and approximately 80% of operating expenses are Hungarian forint based. Therefore, the Company is subject to exchange rate risk with respect to its non-Hungarian forint denominated expenses, primarily euros and U.S. dollars, due to the variability between the Hungarian forint and the U.S. dollar and euro. The Company is also exposed to exchange rate risk since the Company has debt obligations in euros and U.S. dollars. If the Hungarian forint weakens in the currency exchange markets versus the U.S. dollar or euro, the Company would have to generate more revenue in Hungarian forints to settle such debt obligations. The Hungarian forint/euro exchange rate changed from 245.93 as of December 31, 2004 to 247.36 as of June 30, 2005, an approximate 0.6% depreciation in the value of the Hungarian forint. At the same time, the Hungarian forint/U.S. dollar exchange rate changed from 180.29 as of December 31, 2004 to 204.79 as of June 30, 2005, an approximate 12% depreciation in value. Due to its limited exposure with respect to non-Hungarian forint denominated expenses, the Company has not entered into any agreements to manage its foreign currency risks related to such expenses but the Company continues to monitor the exchange rate risk related to such expenses.

The debt obligations of the Company are euro and U.S. dollar denominated. The Company's policy is to consider utilizing foreign exchange rate hedging instruments or purchases of euro and U.S. dollar in advance in order to reduce its exposure to exchange rate risks associated with cash payments in euros and dollars under the Company's debt obligations. The Company did not have any open foreign currency hedging instruments at June 30, 2005. Company policy requires that counterparties to any hedging instrument be substantial and creditworthy multinational commercial banks, which are recognized market makers.

Given the Company's debt obligations, which include euro and U.S. dollar denominated debt, exchange rate fluctuations in operational currencies can have a significant impact on the financial statements in connection with foreign exchange gains/losses and the resulting debt balances.

For example, if a 5% change in Hungarian forint/euro exchange rates were to occur, the Company's euro denominated debt, in U.S. dollar terms, would increase or decrease by \$8.5 million assuming that the U.S. dollar/forint rate did not change. A 5% change in the Hungarian forint/U.S.

dollar rate along with a 5% change in Hungarian forint/euro rates would result in an

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\$8.1 million to \$9.0 million increase in the debt balance or a decrease of \$8.1 million to \$9.0 million.

*Interest Rate Risks*

The Company is exposed to interest rate risks because its outstanding U.S. dollar denominated debt obligation accrues interest at a variable rate tied to market interest rates. The interest rate on the U.S. dollar denominated obligation is based on USD LIBOR. If a 1% change in USD LIBOR interest rates were to occur, the Company's interest expense would increase or decrease by approximately \$0.3 million annually based upon the Company's June 30, 2005 U.S. dollar denominated debt level. The Company evaluates market interest rates and the costs of interest rate hedging instruments by reviewing historical variances between market rates and rates offered by lending institutions on hedging instruments, as well as market expectations of future interest rates.

As of June 30, 2005, the Company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it has exchanged 100% of the variable interest rate on its euro denominated debt for a fixed rate. The swap agreement is valid until December 31, 2010.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered in this report. Based on this evaluation, such officers concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2005 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.



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Part II. Other Information

HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

- (a) None.
- (b) In 1999 the Company issued 30,000 shares of Preferred Stock Series A with a liquidation value of \$70 per share. At the end of the second quarter 2005, the preferred shares were held by TDC A/S. Any holder of such Preferred Shares is entitled to receive cumulative cash dividends payable in arrears at the annual rate of 5%, compounded annually, on the liquidation value. As of June 30, 2005, the total arrearage on the Preferred Shares was \$598,000.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

- (a) The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Registrant was held on May 19, 2005.
- (b) Not Applicable.
- (c) First Matter Voted on at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Registrant: Election of Directors

|                        | <u>Votes Cast For</u> | <u>Votes Withheld</u> |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Ole Bertram            | 11,822,082            | 65,971                |
| Kim Frimer             | 11,868,862            | 19,191                |
| Jesper Helmuth Larsen  | 11,842,564            | 45,489                |
| Christian Eyde Moeller | 11,868,862            | 19,191                |
| John B. Ryan           | 11,881,504            | 6,549                 |
| William E. Starkey     | 11,881,544            | 6,499                 |

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Second Matter Voted on at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Registrant: Ratification of the appointment of KPMG Hungaria Kft. as auditors of the Registrant for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005.

| <u>For</u> | <u>Against</u> | <u>Abstain</u> |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 11,863,874 | 15,660         | 8,519          |

(d) Not Applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None

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## Part II. Other Information

## HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Item 6. Exhibits****Exhibit****Number****Description**

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| 2     | Plan of acquisition, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation or succession (none)  |
| 3(i)  | Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant, as amended, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 26, 2004 (File #333-115871) and incorporated herein by reference                           |
| 3(ii) | By-laws of the Registrant, as amended, filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on May 26, 2004 (File #333-115871) and incorporated herein by reference  |
| 4.1   | Certificate of Incorporation of and By-Laws of the Registrant (see exhibits 3(i) and 3(ii))   |
| 4.2   | Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock of Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp., filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference |
| 10.1  | Termination Agreement between the Registrant and Jan Mulder dated as of June 22, 2005   |
| 10.2  | Summary of Board of Director Compensation   |
| 10.3  | Form of reissued Warrants to Purchase Common Stock of Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp. dated as of June 15, 2005   |
| 10.4  | Form of reissued Amended and Restated Unsecured Notes issued by Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp. dated as of June 15, 2005 with the attached terms and conditions  |
| 11    | Statement re computation of per Share Earnings (not required)   |
| 15    | Letter re unaudited interim financial information (not required)  |
| 18    | Letter re change in accounting principles (none)  |
| 19    | Report furnished to security holders (none)   |
| 22    | Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security holders (none)   |
| 24    | Power of Attorney (none)  |

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Part II. Other Information

HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

- 31.1 Certification of Torben V. Holm, President and Chief Executive Officer, required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 31.2 Certification of William T. McGann, Controller and Treasurer, required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 32.1 Certification of Torben V. Holm, President and Chief Executive Officer, required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. 1350
- 32.2 Certification of William T. McGann, Controller and Treasurer, required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. 1350

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Part II. Other Information

HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Hungarian Telephone and Cable Corp.

August 12, 2005

By: /s/Torben V. Holm  
Torben V. Holm  
President and Chief Executive Officer

August 12, 2005

By: /s/William McGann  
William McGann  
Principal Accounting Officer,  
Principal Financial Officer, Controller  
and Treasurer

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**HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE CORP.**

Index to Exhibits\*

| <u>Exhibit No.</u> | <u>Description</u>  |
|--------------------|---|
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\* The other exhibits listed in the List of Exhibits in the Report on Form 10-Q have been incorporated by reference into such Report.