FRANKLIN STREET PROPERTIES CORP /MA/ Form 8-K August 31, 2004

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

> > FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported) August 31, 2004

\_\_\_\_\_

Franklin Street Properties Corp.

(formerly known as Franklin Street Partners Limited Partnership)

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

\_\_\_\_\_

Maryland

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

000-32615 \_\_\_\_\_

04 - 3578653

(IRS Employer Identification No.) (Commission File Number)

401 Edgewater Place, Suite 200, Wakefield, MA 01880-6210 \_\_\_\_\_ (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(781) 557-1300

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Not Applicable

\_\_\_\_\_

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the |\_| Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 8.01 Other Events

On August 13, 2004, Franklin Street Properties Corp. ("FSP Corp." or the

"Registrant"), a Maryland corporation, four wholly-owned acquisition subsidiaries of FSP Corp., each a Delaware corporation (the "Acquisition Subs"), and four real estate investment trusts, each a Delaware corporation (the "Target REITs"), entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), providing for (i) FSP Corp.'s acquisition of each of the Target REITs by merging each Target REIT into a related Acquisition Sub, resulting in the Acquisition Sub being the surviving corporation and (ii) the issuance of approximately 10,894,994 shares of FSP Corp. Common Stock as consideration in connection with the mergers. Upon consummation of the mergers, the holders of the preferred stock of the Target REITs will become stockholders of FSP Corp.

The accompanying financial statements provide historical results of the Target REITs. This information is voluntarily and supplementally provided by FSP Corp. to assist the Target REIT stockholders in their review of the financial statements contained in a registration statement on Form S-4 to be filed by FSP Corp. as contemplated by the Merger Agreement.

In connection with the mergers, the Registrant is hereby filing as part of this Current Report on Form 8-K the financial statements and set forth below under Item 9.01.

Upon consummation of the mergers, the Registrant expects to file a Current Report under Item 2.01 of Form 8-K, "Completion of Acquisition or Disposition of Assets," reporting the information required to be set forth therein.

# FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

THIS FORM 8-K CONTAINS FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995 AND THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS. THESE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE BASED UPON FSP CORP.'S CURRENT BELIEFS AND EXPECTATIONS, BUT THEY ARE NOT GUARANTEED. FOR EXAMPLE, VARIOUS CLOSING CONDITIONS UNDER THE MERGER AGREEMENTS MAY NOT BE SATISFIED AND THE ACQUISITION MAY NOT BE COMPLETED. INVESTORS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE UPON FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Financial Statements Under Rule 3-05 of Regulation S-X

(see Index to Financial Statements at F-1)

Financial Statements of FSP Addison Circle Corp.

Financial Statements of FSP Collins Crossing Corp.

Financial Statements of FSP Montague Business Center Corp.

Financial Statements of FSP Royal Ridge Corp.

(b) Pro Forma Financial Information

N/A

(c) Exhibits

23.1 Consent of Braver and Company, P.C.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 31, 2004

REGISTRANT

FRANKLIN STREET PROPERTIES CORP.

/s/ George J. Carter

George J. Carter

President and Chief Executive Officer

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Financial Statements June 30, 2004

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(in thousands, except shares and par value amounts)	June 30, 2004
Assets:	
Real estate investments, at cost:	
Land Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,365
Buildings and improvements	46,057
	50,422
Less accumulated depreciation	2,116
Real estate investments, net	48,306
Acquired real estate leases, net of accumulated amortization of \$508 and \$349	1,230 5,592
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	5,592 20
Tenant rents receivable	
Step rent receivable Deferred leasing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$4 and \$0	561 119
Prepaid expenses and other assets	87
Total assets	\$ 55 <b>,</b> 915
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Dividends payable	\$ 1,357 
Tenant security deposits	20
	1 277
Total liabilities	1,377
Commitments and Contingencies	
Stockholders' Equity:	
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 636 shares	
authorized, issued and outstanding Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 1 share	
authorized, issued and outstanding	
Additional paid-in capital Retained deficit and dividends in excess of earnings	58,383 (3.845)
Retained deficit and dividends in excess of earnings	(3,845)
Total Stockholders' Equity	54,538
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 55,915
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Statement of Income (unaudited)

Thre	ee Months Ended	
2004	2003	
\$2,218	\$2,226	\$4, 
383	516	
338	305	
382	350	
1,103	1,171	2,
1,115	1,055	2,
20	15	
\$1,135	\$1,070	\$2,
636	636	
\$1,785	\$1,682	\$3
	Three Ju 2004 \$2,218 \$2,218 383 382 1,103 1,115 20 \$1,135 636	June 30,         2004       2003         \$2,218       \$2,226         383       516         338       305         382       350         1,103       1,171         1,115       1,055         20       15         \$1,135       \$1,070         636       636

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Statements of Cash Flows

(unaudited)

(in thousands)	For the Si: June 30, 2004	June
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net Income	\$ 2,514	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by		
(used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	760	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash	15	
Tenant rent receivables	24	
Step rent receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets	(141) (36)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,963)	
Tenant security deposits	(1, 503)	
Payment of deferred leasing costs	(84)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,074	\$
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of real estate assets	(161)	
Net cash used for investing activities	(161)	
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Dividends to stockholders	(1,287)	
Net cash used for financing activities	(1,287)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(374)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,966	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 5 <b>,</b> 592	\$

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

FSP Addison Circle Corp. (the "Company") was organized on August 21, 2002 as a

Corporation under the laws of the State of Delaware to purchase, own and operate a commercial office building located in Addison, TX (the "Property"). The Property consists of a recently constructed, ten-story Class "A" suburban office tower that contains approximately 293,787 square feet of space situated on approximately 3.62 acres of land. The Company acquired the Property on September 30, 2002.

# BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited; however, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring matters) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for these interim periods have been included.

Certain prior-year balances have been reclassified in order to conform to the current-year presentation.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.

### ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Company prepares its financial statements and related notes in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per preferred share is computed by dividing net income attributed to preferred shareholders by the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per preferred share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue shares were exercised or converted into shares. There were no potential dilutive shares outstanding at June 30, 2004 and 2003. Subsequent to the completion of the offering of preferred shares, the holders of common stock are not entitled to share in any income nor in any related dividend.

### 3. Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to qualify as a REIT, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to shareholders and to meet certain asset and income tests as well as certain other requirements. The Company will generally not be liable for federal income taxes, provided it satisfies these requirements. Even as a qualified REIT, the Company is subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property.

FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

# 4. Cash Available for Distribution

The Company evaluates its performance based on Cash Available for Distribution ("CAD") as management believes that CAD represents the most accurate measure of the Company's activity. CAD is the basis for distributions paid to equity holders.

The Company defines CAD as: net income as computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); plus certain non-cash items included in the computation of net income (depreciation and amortization and straight line rent adjustments); plus funds raised by the issuance of shares; plus the net proceeds from the sale of land; less purchases of real estate assets (including acquired leases) property and equipment ("Capital Expenditures"), and payments for deferred leasing commissions; plus (less) proceeds from (payments to) cash reserves established at the acquisition date of the property ("Cash-funded reserves"). Depreciation and amortization and straight-line rents are an adjustment to CAD, as these are non-cash items included in net income. Capital Expenditures and payments for deferred leasing commissions and the proceeds from (payments to) the funded reserve are an adjustment to CAD, as they represent cash items not reflected in income.

CAD should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP), as an indicator of the Company's financial performance, nor as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP), nor as a measure of the Company's liquidity, nor is it necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of the Company's needs. Other real estate companies may define CAD in a different manner. It is at the Company's discretion to retain a portion of CAD for operational needs. Management believes that in order to facilitate a clear understanding of the results of the Company, CAD should be examined in connection with net income and cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities in the financial statements.

The calculation of cash available for distribution is shown in the following table:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Jun	ths Ended a 30,
(in thousands)	2004	2003	2004	2003
Net income	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 135	\$ 1,070	\$ 2,514	\$ 2,136
Depreciation and amortization	382	350	760	724
Straight line rent	(116)	(80)	(141)	(161)
Purchase of land and building			(161)	
Proceeds from (establish) funded reserve	44		284	
Payment of deferred lease origination costs	(44)		(123)	
Cash Available for Distribution	\$ 1,401	\$ 1,340	\$ 3,133	\$ 2,699

The Company's cash distributions for the periods ended June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)

Quarter Paid	2004	2003
First Quarter	\$ 1,265	\$ 850
Second Quarter	1,288	1,302
Third Quarter	_	1,292
Fourth Quarter	-	1,277
Dividends Paid	\$ 2,553	\$ 4,271

Cash distributions are declared and paid based on the total outstanding shares as of the record date and are typically paid in the quarter following the quarter that CAD is generated.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

# 5. Related Party Transactions

The Company executed a management agreement with FSP Property Management LLC, an affiliate of FSP, that provides for a management fee equal to 1% of collected revenues and is cancelable with 30 days notice by either party. Fees incurred under the agreement were \$20,149 and \$20,049 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively and \$40,207 and \$39,826 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Financial Statements December 31, 2003 and 2002

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and for the period August 21, 2002 (date of inception)

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[LETTERHEAD OF BRAVER AND COMPANY, P.C.]

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholders FSP Addison Circle Corp.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of FSP Addison Circle Corp. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the period from August 21, 2002 (date of inception) to December 31, 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FSP Addison Circle Corp. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the initial period ended December 31, 2002, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Braver and Company, P.C. Newton, Massachusetts January 23, 2004

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except shares and par value amounts) December 31, 2003

Assets:

Real estate investments, at cost:	
Land	\$ 4,365
Buildings and improvements	45,895
	50,260
Less accumulated depreciation	1,519
Real estate investments, net	48,741
	1 200
Acquired real estate leases, net of accumulated amortization of \$349 and \$27	1,389
Cash and cash equivalents	3,330
Cash-funded reserves Restricted cash	2,636
	35 25
Tenant rents receivable Step rent receivable	25 421
-	421 39
Deferred leasing costs Prepaid expenses and other assets	
Prepala expenses and other assets	51
Total assets	¢ 56 667
IOTAL ASSETS	\$ 56,667
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,055
Dividends payable	1,265
Tenant security deposits	35
Total liabilities	3,355
Commitments and Contingencies:	
Stockholders' Equity:	
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 636 shares	
authorized, issued and outstanding	
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 1 share	
authorized, issued and outstanding	
Additional paid-in capital	 58,383
Retained deficit and dividends in excess of earnings	(5,071)
Retained deficit and dividends in excess of earnings	(J, U / ± /
	EO 010
Total Stockholders' Equity	53,312
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 56,667

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2003	· _
=======================================		
Revenue:		
Rental	\$8,554	\$ 2 <b>,</b>
Expenses:		
Rental operating expenses	1,783	
Real estate taxes and insurance	1,354	I
Depreciation and amortization	1,497	
Interest		З,
Total expenses	4,634	4,
Income (loss) before interest income	3,920	(2,
Interest income	85	
Net income (loss) before common dividends	4,005	(2,
Dividends paid to common shareholders		
Net income (loss) attributable to preferred shareholders	\$4,005	\$(3 <b>,</b>
Weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding, basic and diluted	636	
Net income (loss) per preferred share, basic and diluted	\$6 <b>,</b> 297	\$ (5,

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# F-12

FSP Addison Circle Corp. Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the Period August 21, 2002 (date of inception) to December 31, 2002

				Retained Deficit	.
			Additional	and Dividends	Т
	Preferred	Common	Paid in	in Excess of	Stock
(in thousands, except shares)	Stock	Stock	Capital	Earnings	E

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Private offering of 636 shares, net	\$ \$	\$58,383	\$	Ş
Dividends	 		(1,070)	
Net loss	 		(2,869)	
Balance, December 31, 2002	 	58,383	(3,939)	
Dividends	 		(5,137)	
Net income	 		4,005	
Balance, December 31, 2003	\$ \$	\$58,383	\$(5,071)	\$

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)	For the Year Ended ( December 31, 2003
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income (loss)	\$ 4,005
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by	÷ 1,005
(used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	1,497

Depreciation and amortization	1,497
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Cash-funded reserve	83
Restricted cash	9
Tenant rent receivables	(25)
Step rent receivable	(322)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	29
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	165
Tenant security deposits	(9)
Payment of deferred leasing costs	(39)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	5,393
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of real estate assets Purchase of acquired real estate leases	(25) 
Net cash used for investing activities	(25)

Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from sale of company stock	
Syndication costs	
Dividends to stockholders	(4,721)
Proceeds from long-term debt	
Principal payments on long-term debt	
	·
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(4,721)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	647
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,683
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 330
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid for:	
Interest	\$
Disclosure of non-cash financing activities:	
Dividends declared but not paid	\$ 1,265

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 1. Organization

\_\_\_\_\_

FSP Addison Circle Corp. (the "Company") was organized on August 21, 2002 as a Corporation under the laws of the State of Delaware to purchase, own and operate a commercial office building located in Addison, TX (the "Property"). The Property consists of a recently constructed, ten-story Class "A" suburban office tower that contains approximately 293,787 square feet of space situated on approximately 3.62 acres of land. The Company acquired the Property on September 30, 2002.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The results of operations from inception to December 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for other interim periods or for the full fiscal year.

# ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Company prepares its financial statements and related notes in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions

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that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

REAL ESTATE AND DEPRECIATION

Real estate assets are stated at the lower of cost or fair value, as appropriate, less accumulated depreciation.

Costs related to property acquisition and improvements are capitalized. Typical capital items include new roofs, site improvements, various exterior building improvements and major interior renovations. Funding for capital improvements typically is provided by cash set aside at the time the Property was purchased.

Routine replacements and ordinary maintenance and repairs that do not extend the life of the assets are expensed as incurred. Typical expense items include interior painting, landscaping and minor carpet replacements. Funding for repairs and maintenance items typically is provided by cash flows from operating activities.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Category	Years
Building - Commercial	39
Building Improvements	15-39
Furniture and equipment	5-7

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

REAL ESTATE AND DEPRECIATION (continued)

The following schedule reconciles the cost of the Property as shown in the Offering Memorandum as to the amounts shown on the Company's Balance Sheets:

(in thousands)
Price per Offering Memorandum \$51,500
Plus: Acquisition fees 318
 Other acquisition costs 155
Total Acquisition Costs \$51,973

These costs are reported in the Company's Balance Sheets as follows:

Land	\$ 4,365
Building	45,870
Acquired real estate leases	1,738
Total reported on Balance Sheets	\$51,973

The Company evaluates its assets used in operations by identifying indicators of impairment and by comparing the sum of the estimated undiscounted future cash flows for each asset to the asset's carrying value. When indicators of impairment are present and the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying value of such asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's current carrying value and its fair value based on discounting its estimated future cash flows. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, no such indicators of impairment were identified.

# ACQUIRED REAL ESTATE LEASES

Acquired real estate leases are the estimated value of legal and leasing costs related to acquired leases that were included in the purchase price when the Company acquired the Property. Under SFAS No. 141 "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141"), which was approved by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASE") in June 2001, the Company is required to segregate these costs from its investment in real estate. The Company subsequently amortizes these costs on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the related leases. Amortization expense of \$349,000 and \$27,000 is included in depreciation and amortization in the Company's Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the period ended December 31, 2002, respectively.

Acquired real estate lease costs included in the purchase price of the property were \$1,738,000 and are being amortized over the weighted-average period of six years in respect of the leases assumed.

The estimated annual amortization expense for the five years succeeding December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in thousands)	
2004	\$ 321
2005	\$ 321
2006	\$ 321
2007	\$ 321
2008	\$ 105

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### CASH-FUNDED RESERVES

The Company has set aside funds in anticipation of future capital needs of the Property. These funds typically are used for the payment of real estate assets and deferred leasing commissions; however, there is no legal restriction on their use and they may be used for any Company purpose.

RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of tenant security deposits.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company accounts for investments in debt securities under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities". The Company typically classifies its debt securities as available-for-sale.

There were no investments in marketable securities at December 31, 2003 and 2002.

# CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISKS

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments are financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk. The Company maintains its cash balances and short-term investments principally in one bank which the Company believes to be creditworthy. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the bank and believes that the risk of loss is minimal. Cash balances held with various financial institutions frequently exceed the insurance limit of \$100,000 provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

For the periods ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, rental income was derived from various tenants. As such, future receipts are dependent upon the financial strength of the lessees and their ability to perform under the lease agreements.

The following tenants represent greater than 10% of total revenue:

	Year	Period
	Ended	Ended
	December 31,	December, 31
	2003	2002
McLeod USA Telecommunications Services, Inc.	31%	31%
The Staubach Company	28%	28%
J.D. Edwards World Solutions Company	20%	20%

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company estimates that the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, cash-funded reserves, and restricted cash approximate their fair values based on their short-term maturity and prevailing interest rates.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### STEP RENT RECEIVABLE

Certain leases provide for fixed increases over the life of the lease. Rental revenue is recognized on the straight-line basis over the related lease term; however, billings by the Company are based on required minimum rentals in accordance with the lease agreements. Step rent receivable, which is the cumulative revenue recognized in excess of amounts billed by the Company, was \$421,000 and \$99,000 at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

### TENANT RENTS RECEIVABLE

Tenant rents receivable are reported at the amount the Company expects to collect on balances outstanding at year-end. Management monitors outstanding

balances and tenant relationships and concluded that any realization losses would be immaterial.

# SYNDICATION FEES

Syndication fees are selling commissions and other costs associated with the initial offering of the Company's preferred shares. Such costs, in the amount of \$5,227,000 have been reported as a reduction in Stockholders' Equity in the Company's Balance Sheets.

# REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has retained substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the Company's commercial property and accounts for its leases as operating leases. Rental income from leases, which may include rent concession (including free rent and tenant improvement allowances) and scheduled increases in rental rates during the lease term, is recognized on a straight-line basis. The Company does not have any percentage rent arrangements with its commercial property tenants. Reimbursable costs are included in rental income in the period earned. A schedule showing the components of rental revenue is shown below.

(in thousands)	Year ended December 31, 2003	Period Ended December, 31 2002
Income from leases Straight-line rent adjustment Reimbursable expenses	\$7,153 322 1,079	\$1,823 99 180
Total	\$8,554	\$2,102

# INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognized when the related services are performed and the earnings process is complete.

# INCOME TAXES

The Company has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a REIT, the Company generally is entitled to a tax deduction for dividends paid to its shareholders, thereby effectively subjecting the distributed net income of the Company to taxation at the shareholder level only. The Company must comply with a variety of restrictions to maintain its status as a REIT. These restrictions include the type of income it can earn, the type of assets it can hold, the number of shareholders it can have and the concentration of their ownership, and the amount of the Company's taxable income that must be distributed annually.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

NET INCOME PER SHARE

The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128

"Earnings per Share", which specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for the Company's net income per share. Basic net income per preferred share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per preferred share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue shares were exercised or converted into shares. There were no potential dilutive shares outstanding at December 31, 2003 and 2002. Subsequent to the completion of the offering of preferred shares, the holders of common stock are not entitled to share in any income nor in any related dividend.

# 3. Recent Accounting Standards

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146 "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities". This statement was effective January 1, 2003. SFAS No. 146 replaces current accounting literature and requires the recognition of costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

# 4. Income Taxes

The Company files as a REIT under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to qualify as a REIT, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to shareholders and to meet certain asset and income tests as well as certain other requirements. The Company will generally not be liable for federal income taxes, provided it satisfies these requirements. Even as a qualified REIT, the Company is subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property.

For the period ended December 31, 2002, the Company incurred a net operating loss for income tax purposes of approximately \$2,932,000 that can be carried forward until it expires in the year 2022.

At December 31, 2003, the Company's net tax basis of its real estate assets was \$50,421,000.

The following schedule reconciles net income (loss) to taxable income subject to dividend requirements:

(in thousands)	Year Ended December 31, 2003	Period Ended December 31, 2002
GAAP net income (loss)	\$ 4,005	\$(2,869)
Add: Book depreciation and amortization Less: Tax depreciation and amortization Straight-line rents	1,497 (1,193) (322)	370 (323) (99)
Taxable income (loss) (1)	\$ 3 <b>,</b> 987	\$(2,921)

(1) A tax loss is not subject to a dividend requirement.

The following schedule reconciles cash dividends paid to the dividends paid deduction:

	Year Ended	Period Ended
	December 31,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2003	2002

Cash dividends paid	\$ 4,721	\$ 220
Less: Return of Capital	(734)	(220)
Dividends paid deduction	\$ 3,987	\$

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FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

5. Cash Available for Distribution

The Company evaluates its performance based on Cash Available for Distribution ("CAD") as management believes that CAD represents the most accurate measure of the Company's activity. CAD is the basis for distributions paid to equity holders.

The Company defines CAD as: net income as computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); plus certain non-cash items included in the computation of net income (depreciation and amortization and straight line rent adjustments); plus funds raised by the issuance of shares; plus the net proceeds from the sale of land; less purchases of real estate assets (including acquired leases), property and equipment ("Capital Expenditures"), and payments for deferred leasing commissions; plus (less) proceeds from (payments to) cash reserves established at the acquisition date of the property ("Cash-funded reserves"). Depreciation and amortization and straight-line rents are an adjustment to CAD, as these are non-cash items included in net income. Capital Expenditures, payments for deferred leasing commissions and the proceeds from (payments to) the funded reserve are an adjustment to CAD, as they represent cash items not reflected in income.

CAD should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP), as an indicator of the Company's financial performance, nor as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP), nor as a measure of the Company's liquidity, nor is it necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of the Company's needs. Other real estate companies may define CAD in a different manner. It is at the Company's discretion to retain a portion of CAD for operational needs. Management believes that in order to facilitate a clear understanding of the results of the Company, CAD should be examined in connection with net income and cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities in the financial statements.

The calculation of cash available for distribution is shown in the following table:

	Period Ended December 31,	
(in thousands)	2003	2002
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,005	\$ (2,869)
Depreciation and amortization	1,497	370
Straight line rent	(322)	(99)
Proceeds from offering of shares, net		58 <b>,</b> 383
Purchase of land and building	(25)	(50,235)
Proceeds from (establish) funded reserve	83	(2,719)
Payment of deferred lease origination costs		(1,738)

Cash Available for Distribution	\$ 5,238	\$ 1,093	
The Company's cash distributions for the periods en 2002 are summarized as follows:	ded December 3	1, 2003 and	
(in thousands)			
Quarter Paid	2003	3 200	02
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	\$ 850 1,302 1,292 1,277	2 -	  20
	\$ 4,721	\$ 22	20

Cash distributions are declared and paid based on the total outstanding shares as of the record date and are typically paid in the quarter following the quarter that CAD is generated.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 6. Capital Stock

# PREFERRED STOCK

Generally, each holder of Shares of Preferred Stock is entitled to receive ratably all dividends, if any, declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available. The right to receive dividends shall be non-cumulative, and no right to dividends shall accrue by reason of the fact that no dividend has been declared in any prior year. Each holder of Shares will be entitled to receive, to the extent that funds are available therefore, \$100,000 per Share, before any payment to the holder of Common Stock, out of distributions to stockholders upon liquidation, dissolution or the winding up of the Company; the balance of any such funds available for distribution will be distributed among the holders of Shares and the holder of Common Stock, pro rata based on the number of shares held by each; provided, however, that for these purposes, one share of Common Stock will be deemed to equal one-tenth of a share of Preferred Stock.

In addition to certain voting rights provided in the corporate agreements, the holder of Shares, acting by consent of at least 51%, shall have the further right to approve or disapprove a proposed sale of the Property, the merger of the Company with any other entity and amendments to the corporate charter. A vote of the holders of 66.67% of the Shares is required for the issue of any additional shares of capital stock. Holders of Shares have no redemption or conversion rights.

# COMMON STOCK

Franklin Street Properties Corp. ("FSP"), is the sole holder of the Company's Common Stock. FSP has the right, as one class together with the holders of Preferred Stock, to vote to elect the directors of the Company and to vote on

all matters except those voted by the holders of Shares of Preferred Stock. Subsequent to the completion of the offering of the preferred shares the holders of common shares are not entitled to share in any income, nor in any related dividend.

7. Related Party Transactions

The Company executed a management agreement with FSP Property Management LLC, an affiliate of FSP, that provides for a management fee equal to 1% of collected revenues and is cancelable with 30 days notice by either party. For the period ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, fees incurred under the agreement were \$79,000 and \$19,000, respectively.

An acquisition fee of \$318,000 and other costs of \$67,000 were paid in 2002 to an affiliate of the Common Shareholder. Such fees were included in the cost of the real estate.

Syndication fees of \$5,227,000 were paid in 2002 to an affiliate of the Common Shareholder for services related to syndication of the Company's preferred stock.

During 2002, the Company borrowed and repaid in full a note payable to FSP, principal of \$51,500,000, with interest equal to the Citizens Bank base rate. Interest paid to FSP was \$240,000. The average interest rate during the time the loan was outstanding was 4.44%.

A commitment fee of \$3,657,000 was paid to FSP for obtaining the first mortgage loan. Such amount is included in interest expense on the Statement of Operations.

The Company paid a dividend of \$313,000 to the common shareholder relating to earnings of the Company prior to the completion of the offering of preferred shares.

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# FSP Addison Circle Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

8. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company, as lessor, has minimum future rentals due under non-cancelable operating leases as follows:

(in thousands)	Year Ending December 31,	Amount
	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 6,684 6,636 5,698 3,101 2,369 943
		\$ 25,431

In addition, the lessees are liable for real estate taxes and certain operating

expenses of the Property.

Upon acquiring the commercial rental property in September, 2002, the Company was assigned the lease agreements between the seller of the Property and the existing tenants. The original lease periods range from five to ten years with renewal options.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Financial Statements June 30, 2004

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# F-23

# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Balance Sheet (unaudited)

(in thousands, except shares and par value amounts)

Assets:

Real estate investments, at cost: Land Buildings and improvements

Less accumulated depreciation

Real estate investments, net

Acquired real estate leases, net of accumulated amortization of \$588 and \$349, respectively Acquired favorable real estate lease, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,266 and \$791, respect

Cash and cash equivalents Cash-funded reserves Restricted cash Tenant rents receivable Step rent receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets \_\_\_\_\_ Total assets Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Dividends payable Tenant security deposits \_\_\_\_\_ Total liabilities \_\_\_\_\_ Commitments and Contingencies Stockholders' Equity: Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 555 shares authorized, issued and outstanding Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 1 share authorized, issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained deficit and dividends in excess of earnings \_\_\_\_\_ Total Stockholders' Equity \_\_\_\_\_ Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity \_\_\_\_\_

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Statement of Income (unaudited)

(in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)

For t Three Mc Ende June 3 \_\_\_\_\_ 2004 \_\_\_\_\_

Rental	\$1,747
Expenses:	
Rental operating expenses Real estate taxes and insurance Depreciation and amortization Interest	506 238 321 
Total expenses	1,065
Income (loss) before interest income	682
Interest income	18
Net income (loss) before common dividends	700
Dividends paid to common shareholders	
Net income (loss) attributable to preferred shareholders	\$ 700
Weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding, basic and diluted	555
Net income (loss) per preferred share, basic and diluted	\$1,261

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(in thousands)	For the Six Mc June 30, 2004
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net Income (loss)	\$ 1,452
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by	
(used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	648
Amortization of favorable lease	475
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Restricted cash	
Tenant rent receivables	14
Step rent receivable	(166)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(25)

Accounts payable and accrued expenses Tenant security deposits	(1,599)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	799
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of real estate assets Purchase of acquired real estate leases	(9)
Net cash used for investing activities	(9)
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from sale of company stock	
Syndication costs Dividends to stockholders	(1,234)
Proceeds from long-term debt Principal payments on long-term debt	
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(1,234)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(444)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,066
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 4,622
	·

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid for: Interest

\$ --

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

FSP Collins Crossing Corp. (the "Company") was organized on January 16, 2003 as a Corporation under the laws of the State of Delaware to purchase, own and operate a commercial office building located in Richardson, TX (the "Property"). Completed in 1999, the Property consists of an eleven story Class "A" suburban office tower that contains approximately 298,766 square feet of space situated on approximately ten acres of land (including an undeveloped parcel containing approximately 3.5 acres). The company acquired the Property on March 3, 2003.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited; however, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and in conjunction with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring matters) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for these interim periods have been included.

Certain prior-year balances have been reclassified in order to conform to the current-year presentation.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2003

# ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Company prepares its financial statements and related notes in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per preferred share is computed by dividing net income attributed to preferred shareholders by the weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per preferred share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue shares were exercised or converted into shares. There were no potential dilutive shares outstanding at June 30, 2004 and 2003. Subsequent to the completion of the offering of preferred shares, the holders of common stock are not entitled to share in any income nor in any related dividend.

# 3. Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to qualify as a REIT, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to shareholders and to meet certain asset and income tests as well as certain other requirements. The Company will generally not be liable for federal income taxes, provided it satisfies these requirements. Even as a qualified REIT, the Company is subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

# 4. Cash Available for Distribution

The Company evaluates its performance based on Cash Available for Distribution ("CAD") as management believes that CAD represents the most accurate measure of

the Company's activity. CAD is the basis for distributions paid to equity holders.

The Company defines CAD as: net income as computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); plus certain non-cash items included in the computation of net income (depreciation and amortization, and straight line rent adjustments); plus funds raised by the issuance of shares; plus the net proceeds from the sale of land; less purchases of real estate assets (including acquired leases): property and equipment ("Capital Expenditures"), payments for deferred leasing commissions and payments for deferred lease origination costs; plus (less) proceeds from (payments to) cash reserves established at the acquisition date of the property (cash-funded reserves). Depreciation and amortization and straight-line rents are an adjustment to CAD, as these are non-cash items included in net income. Capital Expenditures, payments of deferred leasing commissions and payments for deferred lease origination costs and the proceeds from (payments to) the funded reserve are an adjustment to CAD, as they represent cash items not reflected in income.

CAD should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP), as an indicator of the Company's financial performance, nor as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP), nor as a measure of the Company's liquidity, nor is it necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of the Company's needs. Other real estate companies may define CAD in a different manner. It is at the Company's discretion to retain a portion of CAD for operational needs. Management believes in order to facilitate a clear understanding of the results of the Company, CAD should be examined in connection with net income and cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities in the financial statements.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)		2004		2003		2004		2003
Net income	\$	700	\$	(2,585)	\$	1,452	\$	(2,343)
Depreciation and amortization		321		266		648		354
Amortization of favorable leases		218				475		
Straight line rent		(83)		(83)		(167)		(111)
Proceeds from offering of shares, net				29,880				51,100
Purchase of land and building		(9)		(192)		(9)		(45,379)
Establish funded reserve				(2,130)				(2,130)
Cash Available for Distribution	\$	1,147	\$	25 <b>,</b> 156	\$	2,399	\$	1,491

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The calculation of CAD is shown in the following table:

The Company's cash distributions for the period ended June 30, 2004 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)

Quarter Paid	2004	2003
First Quarter	\$1 <b>,</b> 331	\$
Second Quarter	1,234	209
Third Quarter		1,036
Fourth Quarter		1,147
Dividends Paid	\$2,565	\$2,392

Cash distributions are declared and paid based on the total outstanding shares as of the record date and are typically paid in the quarter following the quarter that CAD is generated.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

# 5. Related Party Transactions

The Company executed a management agreement with FSP Property Management LLC, an affiliate of FSP, that provides for a management fee equal to 1% of collected revenues and is cancelable with 30 days notice by either party. Fees incurred under the agreement were \$18,654 and \$18,714 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively and \$37,551 and \$24,970 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Financial Statements December 31, 2003

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# [LETTERHEAD OF BRAVER AND COMPANY, P.C.]

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholders FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Page

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of FSP Collins Crossing Corp. as of December 31, 2003, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from January 16, 2003 (date of inception) to December 31, 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FSP Collins Crossing Corp. as of December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the initial period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Braver and Company, P.C. Newton, Massachusetts January 23, 2004

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Balance Sheet

(in thousands, except shares and par value amounts)

Assets:

Real estate investments, at cost: Land Buildings and improvements

Less accumulated depreciation

Real estate investments, net

Acquired real estate leases, net of accumulated amortization of \$349 Acquired favorable real estate lease, net of accumulated amortization of \$791 Cash and cash equivalents Cash-funded reserves Restricted cash Tenant rents receivable

\_\_\_\_\_

Step rent receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets

Total assets

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:

Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Dividends payable Tenant security deposits

Total liabilities

Commitments and Contingencies:

Total Stockholders' Equity

\_\_\_\_\_

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Statement of Operations

(in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)	For the Period January 16, 2003 (date of inception) to December 31, 2003
	December 51, 2005
Revenue:	
Rental	\$ 5,672
Total revenue	5,672
Expenses:	
Rental operating expenses	1,399
Real estate taxes and insurance	760
Depreciation and amortization	1,080

Interest	3,444
Total expenses	6,683
Net loss before interest income	(1,011)
Interest income	35
Net loss before common dividends	(976)
Dividends paid to common shareholder	373
Net loss attributable to preferred shareholders	\$(1,349)
Weighted average number of preferred shares outstanding, basic and diluted ====================================	555
Net loss per preferred share, basic and diluted	\$(2,431)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Period January 16, 2003 (date of inception) to December 31, 2003

(in thousands, except shares)	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Deficit and Dividends in Excess of Earnings	Sto	
Private offering of 555 shares, net	\$	\$	\$ 51,100	\$	\$	
Dividends				(3,723)		
Net loss				(976)		
Balance, December 31, 2003	\$	\$	\$ 51,100	\$ (4,699)	\$	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Statement of Cash Flows

	For the Period January 16, 2003 (date of inception) to
(in thousands)	December 31, 2003
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢ (07.0)
Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	\$ (976)
used for operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	1,080
Amortization of favorable lease	791
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Cash-funded reserve	(2,124)
Restricted cash	(115)
Tenant rents receivable	(25)
Step rent receivable	(279)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(43)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Tenant security deposits	1,467 115
Net cash used for operating activities	(109)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of real estate assets	(38,246)
Purchase of acquired real estate lease	(2,267)
Purchase of acquired favorable real estate lease	(5,144)
Net cash used for investing activities	(45,657)
Cash flows from financing activities:	55,510
Proceeds from sale of company stock Syndication costs	(4,410)
Dividends to stockholders	(2,392)
Proceeds from long-term debt	45,175
Principal payments on long-term debt	(45,175)
Not each provided by financing activities	40.700
Net cash provided by financing activities	48,708
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,942
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,942
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid for:	
Interest	\$ 3,444
Disclosure of non-goah financing activities:	
Disclosure of non-cash financing activities: Dividends declared but not paid	\$ 1,331
Protacuan accrated but not bard	Y I,JJI

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 1. Organization

FSP Collins Crossing Corp. (the "Company") was organized on January 16, 2003 as a Corporation under the laws of the State of Delaware to purchase, own and operate a commercial office building located in Richardson, TX (the "Property"). Completed in 1999, the Property consists of an eleven story Class "A" suburban office tower that contains approximately 298,766 square feet of space situated on approximately ten acres of land (including an undeveloped parcel containing approximately 3.5 acres). The company acquired the Property on March 3, 2003.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The results of operations from inception to date are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for other interim periods or for the full fiscal year.

### ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Company prepares its financial statements and related notes in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# REAL ESTATE AND DEPRECIATION

Real estate assets are stated at the lower of cost or fair value, as appropriate, less accumulated depreciation.

Costs related to property acquisition and improvements are capitalized. Typical capital items include new roofs, site improvements, various exterior building improvements and major interior renovations. Funding for capital improvements typically is provided by cash set aside at the time the Property was purchased.

Routine replacements and ordinary maintenance and repairs that do not extend the life of the assets are expensed as incurred. Typical expense items include interior painting, landscaping and minor carpet replacements. Funding for repairs and maintenance items typically is provided by cash flows from operating activities.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Category	Years
Building - Commercial	39
Building Improvements	15-39
Furniture and Equipment	5-7

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FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

REAL ESTATE AND DEPRECIATION (continued)

The following schedule reconciles the cost of the property as shown in the Offering Memorandum as to the amounts shown on the Company's Balance Sheet:

(in thousands)

\_\_\_\_\_

Price	per Offering Memorandum	\$45 <b>,</b> 175
Plus:	Acquisition fees	277
Plus:	Other acquisition costs	205
Tota	al Acquisition Costs	\$45 <b>,</b> 657
======		

These costs are reported in the Company's Balance Sheet as follows:

Land	\$ 4,022
Building	34,224
Acquired real estate leases	2,267
Acquired favorable real estate lease	5,144
Total reported on Balance Sheet	\$45 <b>,</b> 657

The Company evaluates its assets used in operations by identifying indicators of impairment and by comparing the sum of the estimated undiscounted future cash flows for each asset to the asset's carrying value. When indicators of impairment are present and the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying value of such asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's current carrying value and its fair value based on discounting its estimated future cash flows. At December 31, 2003, no such indicators of impairment were identified.

# ACQUIRED REAL ESTATE LEASES

Acquired real estate leases represents the estimated value of legal and leasing costs related to acquired leases that were included in the purchase price when the Company acquired the Property. Under SFAS No. 141 "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141"), which was approved by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") in June 2001, the Company is required to segregate these costs from its investment in real estate. The Company subsequently amortizes these costs on a straight-line basis over the weighted-average remaining life of the related leases. Amortization expense of \$349,000 is included in Depreciation and Amortization in the Company's Statement of Operations for the period ended December 31, 2003.

Acquired real estate lease costs included in the purchase price of the property were \$2,267,000 and are being amortized over the period of five years in respect of the leases assumed. Detail of the acquired real estate lease costs as of December 31, 2003:

(in thousands)
----Cost \$ 2,267
Accumulated amortization 349
-----Book value \$ 1,918
------

The estimated annual amortization expense for the five years succeeding December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in thousands)	
2004	\$ 418
2005	\$ 418
2006	\$ 418
2007	\$ 418
2008	\$ 244

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

ACQUIRED FAVORABLE REAL ESTATE LEASE

Acquired favorable real estate lease is the estimated benefit the Company receives when the lease payments due under a tenant's lease exceed the market rate of the lease at the date the property was acquired. Under SFAS 141 the Company is required to report this value separately from its investment in real estate. The Company subsequently amortizes this amount on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the tenant's lease. Amortization of \$791,000 is shown as a reduction of rental income in the Company's Statement of Operations for the period ended December 31, 2003.

The acquired favorable real estate leases included in the purchase price of the property was \$5,144,000 and is being amortized over the period of five years in respect of the lease assumed. Details of the acquired favorable real estate lease as of December 31, 2003:

Book value	\$ 4,353
Cost Accumulated amortization	\$ 5,144 791
(in thousands)	

The estimated annual amortization expense for the five years succeeding December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in thousands)	
2004	\$ 950
2005	\$ 950
2005	\$ 950

2007	\$ 950
2008	\$ 553

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

# CASH-FUNDED RESERVES

The Company has set aside funds in anticipation of future capital needs of the Property. Although these funds typically are used for the payment of real estate assets and deferred leasing commissions, there is no legal restriction on their use and they may be used for any Company purpose.

RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of tenant security deposits.

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company accounts for investments in debt securities under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities". The Company typically classifies its debt securities as available-for-sale.

There were no investments in marketable securities at December 31, 2003.

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FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISKS

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments are financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk. The Company maintains its cash balances and short-term investments principally in one bank which the Company believes to be creditworthy. The Company periodically assesses the financial condition of the bank and believes that the risk of loss is minimal. Cash balances held with various financial institutions frequently exceed the insurance limit of \$100,000 provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

For the period ended December 31, 2003 rental income was derived from various tenants. As such, future receipts are dependent upon the financial strength of the lessees and their ability to perform under the lease agreements.

The following tenant represents greater than 10% of total revenue:

INET

80%

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company estimates that the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, cash-funded reserves and restricted cash approximate their fair values based on their short-term maturity and prevailing interest rates.

# STEP RENT RECEIVABLE

Certain leases provide for fixed increases over the life of the lease. Rental revenue is recognized on the straight-line basis over the related lease term; however, billings by the Company are based on required minimum rentals in accordance with the lease agreements. Step rent receivable, which is the cumulative revenue recognized in excess of amounts billed by the Company, is \$279,000 at December 31, 2003.

# TENANT RENTS RECEIVABLE

Tenant rents receivable are reported at the amount the Company expects to collect on balances outstanding at year-end. Management monitors outstanding balances and tenant relationships and concluded that any realization losses would be immaterial.

# SYNDICATION FEES

Syndication fees are selling commissions and other costs associated with the initial offering of the Company's preferred shares. Such costs, in the amount of \$4,410,000 have been reported as reduction in Stockholders' Equity in the Company's Balance Sheet.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has retained substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the Company's commercial properties and accounts for its leases as operating leases. Rental income from leases, which may include rent concession (including free rent and tenant improvement allowances) and scheduled increases in rental rates during the lease term, is recognized on a straight-line basis. The Company does not have any percentage rent arrangements with its commercial property tenants. Reimbursable costs are included in rental income in the period earned. A schedule showing the components of rental revenue is shown below.

(in thousands)	Period Ended December, 31 2003
Income from leases Straight-line rent adjustment Reimbursable expenses Amortization of favorable lease	\$ 5,559 279 625 (791)
Total	\$ 5,672

# INTEREST INCOME

Interest income is recognized when the related services are performed and the earnings process is complete.

### INCOME TAXES

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a REIT, the Company generally is entitled to a tax deduction for dividends paid to its shareholders, thereby effectively subjecting the distributed net income of the Company to taxation at the shareholder level only. The Company must comply with a variety of restrictions to maintain its status as a REIT. These restrictions include the type of income it can earn, the type of assets it can hold, the number of shareholders it can have and the concentration of their ownership, and the amount of the Company's taxable income that must be distributed annually.

# NET INCOME PER SHARE

The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 "Earnings per Share", which specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for the Company's net income per share. Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue shares were exercised or converted into shares. There were no potential dilutive shares outstanding at December 31, 2003. Subsequent to the completion of the offering of preferred shares, the holders of common stock are not entitled to share in any income nor any related dividend.

# 3. Recent Accounting Standards

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146 "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities". This statement was effective January 1, 2003. SFAS No. 146 replaces current accounting literature and requires the recognition of costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. The Company does not anticipate that the adoption of this statement will have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 4. Income Taxes

The Company files as a REIT under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to qualify as a REIT, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to shareholders and to meet certain asset and income tests as well as certain other requirements. The Company will generally not be liable for federal income taxes, provided it satisfies their requirements. Even as a qualified REIT, the Company is subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property.

At December 31, 2003, the Company's net tax basis of its real estate assets was \$41,634,000.

The following schedule reconciles GAAP net income to taxable income subject to dividend requirements:

	Period Ended
	December 31,
(in thousands)	2003

GAAP net	loss	\$ (976)
Add:	Book depreciation and amortization Amortization for favorable lease	1,080 791
Less:	Deferred rent Tax depreciation and amortization Straight-line rents	481 (812) (279)
Taxable	income subject to dividend requirement	\$ 285

The following schedule reconciles cash dividends paid to the dividends paid deduction:

(in thousands)	Period Ended December 31, 2003
Cash dividends paid Less: Return of Capital	\$ 2,392 (2,107)
Dividends paid deduction	\$ 285

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# FSP Collins Crossing Corp. Notes to Financial Statements

# 5. Cash Available for Distribution

The Company evaluates its performance based on Cash Available for Distribution ("CAD") as management believes that CAD represents the most accurate measure of the Company's activity. CAD is the basis for distributions paid to equity holders.

The Company defines CAD as: net income as computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"); plus certain non-cash items included in the computation of net income (depreciation and amortization, and straight line rent adjustments); plus funds raised by the issuance of shares; plus the net proceeds from the sale of land; less purchases of real estate assets (including acquired leases): property and equipment ("Capital Expenditures"), payments for deferred leasing commissions and payments for deferred lease origination costs; plus (less) proceeds from (payments to) cash reserves established at the acquisition date of the property (cash-funded reserves). Depreciation and amortization and straight-line rents are an adjustment to CAD, as these are non-cash items included in net income. Capital Expenditures, payments of deferred leasing commissions and payments for deferred lease origination costs and the proceeds from (payments to) the funded reserve are an adjustment to CAD, as they represent cash items not reflected in income.