GILDAN ACTIVEWEAR INC Form 6-K February 16, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of: February, 2005 Commission File Number: 1-14830

GILDAN ACTIVEWEAR INC.

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

725 Montée de Liesse Ville Saint-Laurent, Quebec Canada H4T 1P5

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ___ Form 40-F __X

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes ____ No <u>X</u>

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the Registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-_N/A_.

MESSAGE TO SHAREHOLDERS

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to provide results for the three months ended January 2, 2005.

We are pleased to have again delivered sales and earnings growth in excess of expectations. Industry conditions continue to be strong, and the Gildan brand continues to have excellent momentum in all of our served markets.

The Company reported record net earnings for the first quarter of a fiscal year of U.S. \$8.4 million or U.S. \$0.28 per share, on a diluted basis, compared with U.S. \$2.9 million or U.S. \$0.10 per share in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. After adjusting prior year results for the impact on cost of sales of revaluing opening inventories, due to the adoption of the U.S. dollar as the Company's functional currency with effect from October 6, 2003, net earnings in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 were U.S. \$5.0 million or U.S. \$0.17 per share. After adjusting prior year comparatives, the year-over-year increase in net earnings and diluted E.P.S was 68.0% and 64.7% respectively.

Compared to last year, the increase in first quarter net earnings was driven by continuing growth in unit sales volumes, higher selling prices and more favourable product-mix, together with the continuing ramp-up of the Rio Nance textile facility. These positive factors were partially offset by higher SG&A expenses, increased costs for cotton, energy and transportation and the impact of lower capacity utilization on the efficiency of Gildan's Canadian yarn-spinning operations.

Sales in the first quarter were U.S. \$109.0 million, representing an increase of 39.8% over the first quarter of fiscal 2004. The significant growth in sales revenues was due to improved selling prices, a 27.5% increase in unit sales volumes, and a higher-valued product-mix within the T-shirt category.

Gross margins in the first quarter were 29.7%, compared with 27.1% in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. Before the impact of the functional currency adjustment on cost of sales in the first quarter of last year, comparative gross margins were 29.8%. The positive gross margin impact of higher selling prices and more favourable product-mix was offset by higher cotton, energy and transportation costs and higher costs for our Canadian yarn-spinning operations.

On February 1, 2005 the Company announced that it is closing its two Canadian yarn-spinning operations, located in Long Sault, Ontario and in Montréal, Québec. The majority of the equipment will be transferred to a new yarn-spinning facility in Clarkton, North Carolina, which will be leased and operated by the Company's yarn-spinning joint-venture with Frontier Spinning Mills.

Gildan's Canadian yarn-spinning facilities provide yarn for its Canadian textile manufacturing operations. In order to be globally cost-competitive, Gildan is expanding its textile operations in Central America and the Caribbean basin, and utilizing its textile operations in Canada to produce shorter-run, higher-value product-lines. This has resulted in lower requirements for commodity yarns from the Canadian yarn-spinning facilities, with the result that they are no longer able to operate at an efficient level of capacity utilization.

Furthermore, under the Caribbean Basin Trade Partnership Act (CBTPA) enacted by the U.S. in 2000, it is not economic for Gildan to utilize yarn from its Canadian yarn-spinning facilities to supply its offshore textile operations, which must use yarn spun in the U.S. in order to be eligible for duty-free access to U.S. markets. Approximately 85% of Gildan's overall sales are currently made to the U.S. The new Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA), which is expected to be implemented by the U.S. in 2005, will also allow duty-free access from Gildan's offshore manufacturing hubs for products using regionally-spun yarn, but this new legislation will still not provide for the use of Canadian yarn.

In addition to the impact of lower capacity utilization on Gildan's Canadian yarn-spinning facilities, their cost structure has also been negatively impacted by the recent appreciation of the Canadian dollar and by the deregulation of electricity costs in the province of Ontario. Electricity is a major input in the cost structure of yarn-spinning operations. The relocation of yarn-spinning to the U.S. will also result in lower transportation costs for both cotton and yarn to be consumed by Gildan's offshore textile facilities. At current exchange rates, Gildan anticipates that the annual cost saving from the relocation and consolidation of its yarn-spinning operations will be in the order of U.S. \$4.0 million after-tax, or U.S. \$0.13 per diluted share.

The Company is maintaining its full year diluted E.P.S. guidance for fiscal 2005 of approximately U.S. \$2.60 per share, before a special charge for the closure of its Canadian yarn-spinning facilities. The resulting special charge, estimated at approximately U.S. \$7.8 million after-tax or \$0.26 per diluted share, consists mainly of the loss on disposal of fixed assets that are not being transferred to the new U.S joint venture facility and severance costs. This charge will be reflected in the second quarter of fiscal 2005. After taking account of this charge, full year diluted E.P.S. is estimated at approximately U.S. \$2.34. The Company's full year earnings guidance reflects unit sales growth of approximately 20% over fiscal 2004, which will fully utilize the Company's available production capacity, and also assumes sequentially lower unit selling prices in the second half of the fiscal year, reflecting the possible flow-through of lower cotton prices. On this basis, full year sales are projected at approximately U.S. \$640 million, up approximately 20% from U.S. \$533 million in fiscal 2004.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I wish to take this opportunity to thank our shareholders for their confidence and support.

Glenn J. Chamandy
Preisident and Chief Executive Officer

Gildan Activewear Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands of U.S. dollars)

January 2, 2005 equivalents \$	October 3, 2004 52,381 \$	January 4, 2004 60,671 \$	37,490	Accounts receiv	vable 49,099 85,317	45,760	Cash and cash Inventories 142,376
116,615 139,248	Prepaid expen	ses and deposits 5	5,872 3,243	4,923 Future	e income taxes 8,818	8,149 6,0	49
_							
258,546 273,99	5 233,470	Fixed	d assets 234,99	22 211,693 19	90,295 Other assets 3,	739 3,127	3,520
Total asse	ets \$ 497,277	\$ 488,815	\$ 427,2	85			
-							

Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 65,363 \$ 74,607 \$ 56,599 Income taxes payable 2,364 1,966 4,016 Current portion of long-term debt 19,711 18,610 19,409 87,438 95,183 80,024 Long-term debt 41,153 37,979 57,198 Future income taxes 29,235 28,058 22,725 Non-controlling interest 2,860 Shareholders' equity: Share capital (note 3) 78,579 78,170 75,753 Contributed surplus 881 681 220 Retained earnings 230,883 222,496 165,117 Cumulative translation adjustment 26,248 26,248 26,248 336,591 327,595 267,338 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$ 497,277 \$ 488,815 \$ 427,285 See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

Gildan Activewear Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Earnings (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data)

Three months ended

<u>January 2, 2005 January 4, 2004</u> (unaudited) (unaudited) Sales \$108,957 \$77,959 Cost of sales 76,577 56,859

Gross profit 32,380 21,100 Selling, general and administrative expenses 16,327 11,397

Earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization 16,053 9,703 Depreciation and amortization 5,880 4,932

Interest expense 1,201 1,589

Earnings before income taxes 8,972 3,182 Income taxes 585 310

Net earnings \$ 8,387 \$ 2,872

Basic EPS (note 4) \$ 0.28 \$ 0.10 Diluted EPS (note 4) \$ 0.28 \$ 0.10

Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings (In thousands of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended

January 2, 2005 January 4, 2004

January 2, 2003 January 4, 2004	(unaudited)
Desired comings beginning of the good-	(unaudited)
Retained earnings, beginning of the period	\$
222,496	\$
162,245 Net earnings 8,387	
2,872	
Retained earnings, end of the period	\$
230,883	\$
165,117	
See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.	

Gildan Activewear Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands of U.S. dollars)

Three months ended

<u>January 2, 2005</u> <u>January 4, 2004</u> (unaudited) (unaudited) Cash flows from operating activities: Net earnings \$ 8,387 \$ 2,872 Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization 5,880 4,932 Stock based compensation 200 — Future income taxes (183) 122 Loss on disposal of fixed assets 325 40 Unrealized foreign exchange gain (159) (33)
14,450 7,933 Net changes in non-cash working capital balances: Accounts receivable 37,701 19,201 Inventories (25,305) (35,745) Prepaid expenses and deposits (2,560) (1,242) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (12,286) (9,854) Income taxes payable 236 21
12,236 (19,686) Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of capital leases and other long-term debt (375) (1,171) Increase in long-term debt 1,281 4,125 Proceeds from the issuance of shares 409 263
1,315 3,217 Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of fixed assets, net of disposals (22,089) (16,123) (Increase) decrease in other assets (54) 19
(22,143) (16,104) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 302 723
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (8,290) (31,850) during the period Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period \$ 60,671 \$ 69,340
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 52,381 \$ 37,490
See accompanying notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(For the period ended January 2, 2005) (Tabular amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data) (unaudited)

1. Basis of presentation:

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The January 2, 2005 unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include the full consolidation of Cedartown Manufacturing LLC ("Cedartown"), the Company's 50% owned joint venture with Frontier Spinning Mills, Inc. Historically, the Company has accounted for its investment in Cedartown using the proportionate consolidation method (see Note 2, Significant account policies below).

The Company's revenues and income are subject to seasonal variations. Consequently, the results of operations for the first quarter ended January 2, 2005 are traditionally not indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified in order to conform with the current's year's presentation.

All amounts in the attached notes are unaudited unless specifically identified.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The Company applied the same accounting policies in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements, as disclosed in Note 2 of its audited consolidated financial statements in the Company's annual report for the year ended October 3, 2004, except as noted below.

The following policy has been applied for the first time in this quarter following a new Accounting Guideline issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA");

Variable interest entities (AcG-15)

The CICA issued a guideline on accounting for variable interest entities ("VIEs") titled Accounting Guideline 15 – Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities ("AcG-15"), which proposes guidelines to harmonize with corresponding guidance in the United States. A VIE is any type of legal structure not controlled by voting equity but rather by/or through contractual or other financial arrangements. This guideline requires the Company to identify VIEs in which it has an interest, determine whether it is the primary beneficiary of such entities and, if so, to consolidate the VIE. A primary beneficiary is an enterprise that will absorb a majority of the VIE's expected losses, receive a majority of its expected residual return, or both. We have determined that the Company's joint venture with Frontier Spinning Mills, Inc. (Cedartown Manufacturing LLC) meets the criteria for being a VIE and that the Company is the primary beneficiary of the entity.

The Company elected to early adopt this standard on October 4, 2004, the beginning of its 2005 fiscal year, in order to minimize any potential difference between Canadian and U.S. GAAP. The consolidation of Cedartown at October 4, 2004, the beginning of the Company's 2004 fiscal year, increased total assets by \$7.9 million and total liabilities by \$5.0 million, while creating a non-controlling interest of \$2.9 million. The Company's net earnings will not be affected by this change.

The consolidation of the Company's interest in Cedartown did not result in any material change in the underlying tax, legal or credit risks facing the Company.

3. Share capital:

Three months ended

January 2, 2005

January 4, 2004

Shares Book Value Shares Book Value

Authorized without limit as to number and without par value:

First preferred shares, issuable in series, non-voting

Second preferred shares, issuable in series, non-voting

Class A subordinate voting shares, participating, one vote per

share Class B multiple voting shares, participating, eight votes per share

g, eight votes per share Issued and outstanding:
Total outstanding, beginning of period 29,699 \$78,170 23,426

Class A subordinate voting shares:

Shares issued under employee share purchase plan 1 33 2 47 Shares issued pursuant to exercise of

stock options 19 376 15 216

\$72,023

Total outstanding, end of period 29,719 78,579 23,443 72,286

Class B multiple voting shares 0 0 6,094 3,467

29,719 \$78,579 29,537 \$75,753

The Company has obtained approval from the Toronto Stock Exchange to renew the stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to a maximum of 500,000 of the Company's Class A subordinate voting shares in the open market commencing December 22, 2004 and ending December 21, 2005. As at January 2, 2005 no shares have been repurchased under this plan.

At the annual and special meeting of the shareholders on February 2, 2005, our shareholders approved a special resolution to amend our Articles of Incorporation in order to change each of the issued and outstanding Class A subordinate voting shares into one newly-created common share and to remove the Class B multiple voting shares and the Class A subordinate voting shares, effectively eliminating our dual class voting structure.

On December 1, 2004, our Board of Directors adopted a shareholder rights plan, which became effective that same day. At the annual and special meeting of the shareholders on February 2, 2005, our shareholders approved a resolution confirming the ratification of the shareholder rights plan. The objectives of the shareholder rights plan are to provide the Board of Directors and the shareholders with adequate time to assess any unsolicited take-over bid for the Company and where appropriate, give the Board of Directors sufficient time to pursue other alternatives for

maximizing shareholder value. The shareholder rights plan was not adopted in response to any specific proposal to acquire control of the Company nor is the Board of Directors currently aware of any pending or threatened take-over bid for the Company.

On March 1, 2004, the holders of the Class B multiple voting shares converted all their issued and outstanding shares into Class A subordinate voting shares on a one-for-one basis for no consideration.

4. Earnings per share:

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

Three months ended

January 2, 2005 January 4, 2004

Basic earnings per share:

Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding 29,704 29,524

Basic earnings per share \$ 0.28 \$ 0.10

Diluted earnings per share: stock options 181 268

Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding 29,704 29,524

Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding 29,885 29,792

Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.28 \$ 0.10

Stock-Based Compensation and Other Stock-Based Payments:

Effective the commencement of our 2004 fiscal year, the Company follows the fair value-based method to account for all transactions whereby goods and services are received in exchange for stock-based compensation and other stock-based payments. Under the fair value method, compensation cost is measured at fair value at the date of grant and is expensed over the award's vesting periods. The following disclosure is required to report the pro forma net earnings and earnings per share as if the fair value-based method had been used to account for employee stock options granted during fiscal 2003.

Three months ended

Plus impact of

Net earnings, as reported based method for all war		Deduct: 003 26 83	Total st	ock-based	employe	ee compensation ex	xpense de	termined u	ınder fair value
Pro forma net earnings	\$ 8,361 \$ 2,789								
Earnings per share: As reported	Basic: 0.28 0.10	As repor Pro forma	ted \$	0.28 \$ 0.09	0.10	Pro forma	0.28	0.09	Diluted:

The weighted average fair value of the remaining 34,329 options granted in fiscal 2003 is CAD \$10.86 per, which is recognized over the vesting period for purposes of calculating pro forma net earnings. As at January 4, 2004, there were 121,206 of the options granted in fiscal 2003 outstanding having a weighted average fair value of CAD \$10.65 per share. The Company only accounts for forfeitures as they occur. The weighted average fair value of the stock options granted during fiscal 2003 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: expected dividend yield of nil; expected volatility of 34.94%; risk-free interest rate of 3.63%; and expected lives of 3 years.

5. Guarantees:

Significant guarantees that have been provided to third parties are the following:

The Company, including certain of its subsidiaries, have granted irrevocable standby letters of credit and surety bonds, issued by highly rated financial institutions, to third parties to indemnify them in the event the Company does not perform its contractual obligations. As at January 2, 2005, the maximum potential liability under these guarantees was \$24.9 million of which \$8.7 million was surety bonds and \$16.2 million was for standby letters of credit and corporate guarantees. The standby letters of credit mature at various dates during 2005 and the surety bonds are automatically renewed on an annual basis.

As at January 2, 2005, the Company has not recorded a liability with respect to these guarantees, as the Company does not expect to make any payments for the aforementioned items.

6. Financial instruments:

The following table summarizes the Company's commitments to buy and sell foreign currencies as at January 2, 2005 and January 4, 2004:

Notional amount Exchange rate Maturity

2005: Buy contracts: Foreign exchange contracts CAD\$ 42,840

0.7251 to 0.7896 January to September 2005

\$32,573

Sell contracts:

Foreign exchange contracts £ 5,435

1.8815 to 1.9197

January 2005 to March 2006

\$10,317

€ 19,259

1.3308 to 1.3721

January 2005 to March 2006

\$26,085 2004: Sell contracts: Foreign exchange contracts £ 10,200

1.1740 to 1.2202

January to October 2004

\$12,148

€ 5,390

1.6660 to 1.6850 January to October 2004

\$ 9,010

7. Segmented information:

The Company manufactures and sells activewear apparel. The Company operates in one business segment.

For the three-month period ended January 2, 2005 and January 4, 2004 the Company had one individual customer who accounted for 36.4% and 22.5% of total sales, respectively.

Sales were derived from customers located in the following geographic areas:

Three months ended

January 2, 2005 January 4, 2004

United States \$ 95,571 \$66,775 Canada 6,820 6,459 Europe and other 6,566 4,725

\$108,957 \$77,959

Fixed assets by geographic areas are as follows:

<u>January 2, 2005</u> October 3, 2004 <u>January 4, 2004</u> (audited)

Canada \$ 79,711 \$ 82,034 \$ 91,695 Caribbean basin, Central America and Mexico 114,170 101,653 74,322 United States 41,111

28,006 24,278

\$234,992 \$211,693 \$190,295

Other information:			

(a) The following items were included in the determination of the Company's net earnings:

Three months ended

January 2, 2005 January 4, 2004

Depreciation expense of fixed assets \$ 5,684 \$ 4,755 Interest expense on long-term debt 1,319 1,589 Foreign exchange (gain) loss (604) 761 Amortization expense of deferred start-up costs 87 79 Amortization of deferred financing costs and other 110 97 Investment income (119) (134)

(b) Supplemental cash flow disclosure:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest 1,237 1,579

Income taxes 82 86 Non-cash transactions:

Additions

of fixed assets included in accounts payable 3,997 968

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash balances with banks \$29,581 \$24,649

Short-term investments 22,800

12,841

\$52,381 \$37,490

9. Subsequent event:

The Company announced on February 1, 2005 that it will close its two Canadian yarn-spinning operations at the end of March 2005. A majority of the equipment will be transferred to a new yarn-spinning facility in Clarkton, North Carolina, which will be operated by the Company's yarn-spinning joint-venture with Frontier Spinning Mills Inc. The Company anticipates that the closure costs will be approximately \$7.8 million after tax or \$0.26 per diluted share. The closure costs will consist mainly of severance and the loss on disposal of fixed assets that are not being transferred. This charge will be expensed in the second quarter of fiscal 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three months ended January 2, 2005, and with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("2004 MD&A") in the fiscal 2004 Annual Report, including the sections on critical accounting estimates and risks.

All financial information contained in this Interim MD&A and the Interim Company's Consolidated Financial Statements has been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), except for certain information discussed in the paragraph entitled Non-GAAP Financial Measures on page 19 of this Interim MD&A. The Company's financial results are reconciled to U.S. GAAP at the end of its fiscal year. The effect of significant differences between Canadian and U.S. GAAP is discussed in Note 16 to the Company's 2004 Consolidated Financial Statements. All amounts in this report are in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated. Gildan Activewear's Audit and Finance Committee and its Board of Directors have reviewed this MD&A to ensure consistency with the approved strategy of the Company.

For additional information relating to the Company, readers may review the documentation filed by the Company with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities (including the Company's Annual Information Form) available at www.sedar.com and with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (including the Annual Report on 40-F) available at www.sec.gov.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

We are a rapidly growing, vertically-integrated manufacturer and marketer of premium quality basic activewear for sale principally into the wholesale imprinted activewear market in the Canadian, United States, European and other international apparel markets. Our sales continue to be predominately in our historical markets in the United States and Canada. During the past four years we established a strong base for future growth in Europe, where, as of January 2005, we had set up a network of 36 distributors in 20 countries. We entered the Australian market in fiscal 2004. We manufacture and sell premium quality T-shirts, placket collar sport shirts and fleece products in a variety of weights, sizes, colors and styles. We sell our products as "blanks", which are ultimately decorated with designs and logos for sale to customers.

To support its sales in the various markets, the Company has modern textile facilities located in Canada and Honduras. The Company is currently constructing textile facilities in both the Dominican Republic and Nicaragua, which are scheduled for start-up in fiscal 2005. All of the Company's sewing facilities are located in Central America, Mexico and the Caribbean basin. Due to the growing demand for its products, the Company also utilizes third party contractors to complement its vertically-integrated production.

The Company distributes its products in Canada and the U.S. out of distribution centres, and uses third party warehouses in Europe and Australia to service its international customers. The corporate head office is located in Montreal, Canada and over 8,000 full-time employees work in the Company's facilities worldwide.

Results of Operations

Sales

Sales for the three months ended January 2, 2005 were \$109.0 million, up 39.8% from \$78.0 million for the three months ended January 4, 2004. The significant growth in sales revenues was due to improved selling prices, a 27.5% increase in unit sales volumes, and a higher-valued product-mix within the T-shirt category.

The S.T.A.R.S. market and market share data for the U.S. wholesale distributor market for the fourth quarter of calendar 2004 excludes sales by three large distributors who have discontinued their participation in the report and the value of the report is therefore reduced compared to prior years. With this caveat, the table below summarizes the S.T.A.R.S. data for the quarter ended December 31, 2004. In calculating year-over-year growth rates, S.T.A.R.S. has adjusted prior period comparatives to exclude sales through distributors no longer participating in the S.T.A.R.S. report. Although prior year market share data have not been restated on a comparable basis by S.T.A.R.S., this information has been extrapolated from the information provided in the S.T.A.R.S. report.

	Gildan
	Market Share
	<u>Q1 2004</u>
	Gildan
	Market Share
	<u>Q1 2005</u>
	Gildan
	<u>Unit growth</u>
	Q1 2005 vs Q1 2004
	Industry
	<u>Unit growth</u>
	Q1 2005 vs Q1 2004
	26.9 %
	30.2 %
T-shirts	
1-5111113	13.5 %
	13.3 %
	1.1 %
	20.9 %
	20.9 %
	24 6 6
	24.6 %
Sport shirts	
	18.6 %
	0.8 %
	13.5 %
	18.6 %
Fleece	
	56.2 %
	12.9 %

During the first quarter of fiscal 2005, Gildan also experienced strong growth with non-S.T.A.R.S. distributors.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2005 the Company continued to expand its European business, with an increase of 15.3% in unit sales. We continue to expect to achieve our forecasted growth in Europe and Australia in fiscal 2005. The Company has maintained its leading market share position in Canada.

Gross Margin

Gross margin increased from 27.1% in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 to 29.7% for the first quarter of fiscal 2005. Before the impact of the functional currency adjustment on cost of sales in the first quarter of last year, comparative gross margins were 29.8%. The positive gross margin impact of higher selling prices and more favourable product-mix was offset by higher cotton, energy and transportation costs and higher costs for the Canadian yarn-spinning operations.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$16.3 million or 15.0% of sales for the first quarter of fiscal 2005, compared to \$11.4 million or 14.6% of sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. In addition to reflecting the continuing development of the organization to manage the Company's growth and expansion plans, SG&A increased due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar, the timing of professional and consulting fees and increased volume-related selling and distribution costs. As a percentage of sales, these expenses are higher in the first quarter of the fiscal year due to the seasonality of the business. The Company expects that for fiscal 2005, SG&A expenses will be at a similar level as a percentage of sales as fiscal 2004.

Depreciation and Interest Expense

Depreciation expense increased from \$4.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2004 to \$5.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The increase in depreciation expense is the result of the Company's continued investment in capital expenditures to provide for long-term sales growth.

Interest expense has decreased to \$1.2 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2005 from \$1.6 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. The decrease is the result of the reduction in overall debt following the first scheduled principal repayment made in June 2004 on the Company's U.S. Senior Notes.

Income taxes

The income tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2005 was 6.5% compared to 9.7% for the first quarter of the prior fiscal year. The Company continues to anticipate that the effective tax rate will range between 5%-6% for fiscal 2005 as sales continue to grow in its international operations and are increasingly sourced from its offshore textile facilities.

Earnings

Net earnings were \$8.4 million or \$0.28 per share on a diluted basis in the first quarter of fiscal 2005 compared to \$2.9 million or \$0.10 per share on a diluted basis in the first quarter of fiscal 2004. Excluding the impact of the change to the U.S. dollar functional currency, net earnings were \$5.0 million or \$0.17 per share on a diluted basis for the first quarter of fiscal 2005.

Compared to last year, the increase in first quarter net earnings was driven by higher selling prices and continuing growth in unit sales volumes, together with more favourable product-mix. These positive factors were partially offset by higher SG&A expenses, increased raw material costs and the impact of lower capacity utilization on the efficiency of the Canadian yarn-spinning operations.

Balance Sheet

Accounts receivable decreased to \$49.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2005 from \$85.3 million at October 3, 2004 and increased by \$3.3 million compared to the first quarter of the prior year. The reduction in receivables compared with October 3, 2004 was due to lower seasonal sales combined with a reduction in days sales outstanding on trade accounts receivable. The increase in accounts receivable from the first quarter of fiscal 2004 is due to the 39.8% increase in sales over the prior year offset by a reduction in days sales outstanding. Inventories have increased by \$25.8 million from October 3, 2004 and by \$3.1 million from the first quarter of fiscal 2004 to \$142.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The Company traditionally builds up inventory levels in the first quarter to meet peak sales demand in the summer. The build up in the current year is in line with the Company's sales forecast.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company invested \$22.1 million in fixed assets mainly for the textile facilities in the Dominican Republic and Honduras along with the expansion of our U.S. distribution centre to prepare for entry into the retail channel. In the first quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company invested \$16.1 million in fixed assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has in recent years funded its capital requirements with cash generated from operations. A revolving credit facility has been periodically utilized to finance seasonal peak working capital requirements. The Company's primary uses of financing on an ongoing basis are related to capital expenditures for new manufacturing facilities, inventory financing, accounts receivable funding, servicing the interest payments on our U.S. Senior Notes as well as scheduled annual repayments of principal over the next three years.

As a result of the seasonal nature of the apparel business, working capital requirements are variable throughout the year. For the quarter ended January 2, 2005, cash inflows from operating activities, including changes in non-cash working capital balances, amounted to \$12.2 million compared with a use of cash of \$19.7 million during the same period last year. The increase in cash inflow was mainly due a reduction in days sales outstanding and a smaller build up of seasonal inventory in the first quarter of fiscal 2005. The Company's need for working capital typically grows throughout the first two quarters as inventories are built up for the peak selling period in the third quarter.

At January 2, 2005, none of the Company's revolving bank facility was utilized. Total indebtedness1 at January 2, 2005, amounted to \$60.9 million compared to \$56.6 million at October 3, 2004 and \$76.6 million at January 4, 2004.

Continued sales growth in fiscal 2005 will result in increased working capital requirements mainly to finance trade accounts receivable and inventory. For fiscal 2005, the Company estimates to spend between \$85 million to \$90 million on capital expenditures. The Company expects to continue to have sufficient liquidity and capital resources throughout 2005 to fund its working capital requirements, capital expenditures and the June 2005 repayment on its U.S. Senior Notes.

Total assets were \$497.3 million at January 2, 2005 compared to \$488.8 million at October 3, 2004 and \$427.3 million at January 4, 2004. Working capital was \$171.1 million at the end of the first quarter of fiscal 2005 compared to \$178.8 million at October 3, 2004, and \$153.4 million at January 4, 2004.

1 Total long-term debt. See Non-GAAP Financial Measure on page 19.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Operating Leases

We have no commitments that are not reflected in our balance sheets except for operating leases and other purchase obligations, which are included in the table of contractual obligations below. As disclosed in Note 5 to our Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, we have issued standby letters of credit and corporate guarantees primarily from various servicing agreements amounting to \$16.2 million at January 2, 2005.

Derivative Financial Instruments

From time to time, the Company uses forward foreign exchange contracts, primarily in Canadian dollars and Euros, to hedge cash flows related to sales and disbursements in foreign currencies (non-U.S. dollar). A forward foreign exchange contract represents an obligation to exchange a foreign currency with a counterparty at a predetermined rate. Credit risk exists in the event of failure by a counterparty to meet its obligations. The Company reduces this risk by dealing only with highly rated counterparties, normally major North American financial institutions. The Company's exposure to foreign currency fluctuations is described in more detail in the "Risks" section of the 2004 MD&A.

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Forward foreign exchange contracts are entered into with maturities not exceeding twenty-four months.

The following table summarizes the Company's commitments to buy and sell foreign currencies as at January 2, 2005 and January 4, 2004:

Notional amount Exchange rate Maturity

Notional U.S. equivalent

2005: Buy contracts: Foreign exchange contracts CAD\$ 42,840

0.7251 to 0.7896 January to September 2005 \$32,573

Sell contracts:

Foreign exchange contracts £ 5,435

1.8815 to 1.9197 January 2005 to March 2006

\$10,317

€ 19,259

1.3308 to 1.3721 January 2005 to March 2006

\$26,085 2004: Foreign exchange contracts £ 10,200 Sell contracts:

> 1.1740 to 1.2202 January to October 2004 \$12,148

€ 5,390

1.6660 to 1.6850 January to October 2004 \$ 9,010

Contractual Obligations

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contractual obligations that will require it to disburse cash over future periods. The following table sets forth the Company's contractual obligations for the following items as at January 2, 2005:

Payments Due by Period

a		
(in millions)	T 1	
	Total	
	Less than	
	1 year 1 – 3	
	years	
	4 – 5	
	years	
	After	
	5 years	
Long Term Debt \$ 60 .7 \$ 19 .2 \$ 39 .2 \$	2.3—	
Comital Lance		
Capital Lease		
Obligations 0 .3 0 .1 0 .2 — —		
Operating Leases 8 .3 2 .0 3 .3 1 .8 1 .2		

Purchase Obligations 122 .3 109 .9 12 .4 — —

Other Long Term
Obligations 68 .9 64 .1 4 .8 — —
Total Contractual
Obligations \$ 260 .5 \$ 195 .3 \$ 59 .9 \$ 4 .1 \$ 1 .2

Management expects that cash flow from its operating earnings, together with its year-end cash balances and unutilized bank facilities, will be sufficient to meet foreseeable cash needs for fiscal 2005.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table sets forth certain summarized unaudited quarterly financial and other data for the periods presented. The financial data have been derived from the Company's unaudited financial statements that, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of such quarterly data. The operating results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period.

	2005	
(in millions, except per share data)	Q1	
Unit sales (Dozen) 5.1 Sales \$	109.0 Net earnings 8.4 Basic EPS 0.28 Diluted EPS 0.28	
Total assets 497.3 Total long-term fina	ancial liabilities \$ 73.2	
Weighted average # of shares outstandin	g (in thousands)	
Basic 29,704 Diluted 29,885		
(in millions, avant non share deta)	2004	
(in millions, except per share data)	Q1	
	Q2	

Q3

Q4

Unit sales (Dozen) 4.0 7.6 8.4 2.9 14.3 26.2 16.8 Basic EPS	6.9 Sales \$ 78.0 \$ 141.4 \$ 168.4 \$ 145.6 Net earnings 0.10 0.48 0.89 0.57 Diluted EPS 0.10 0.48 0.88 0.56
Total assets 427.3 447.6 457.3	488.8 Total long-term financial liabilities \$ 79.9 \$ 81.2
\$ 60.9	
\$ 66.0	

Weighted average # of shares outstanding (in thousands)

Basic 29,524 29,576 29,628 29,635