EMAGIN CORP Form S-1/A November 23, 2009

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 23, 2009

Registration No. 333- 160147

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

eMagin Corporation
(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Delaware (State or other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 3679 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 56-1764501 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3006 Northup Way, Suite 103, Bellevue, WA 98004 (425)-284-5200

(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices and principal place of business)

Andrew G. Sculley, Chief Executive Officer eMagin Corporation 3006 Northup Way, Suite 103, Bellevue, WA 98004 (425)-284-5200

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

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APPROXIMATE DATE OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC: From time to time after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box: o

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. o

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated Filer o Smaller reporting x company

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

	Amount to be	Propo maxir offering	num g price	1	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price	reg	nount of
Title of each class of securities to be registered	registered	per sl	nare		(1) fee		ee (2)
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, issuable							
upon exercise of Warrants	1,682,502	\$	1.80	\$	3,028,504	\$	169.00
Total	1,682,502		1.80	\$	3,028,504	\$	169.00

- (1) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) and Rule 457(g) under the Securities Act of 1933, using the average of the sale prices as reported on the OTCBB on November 11, 2009 which was \$1.80 per share.
- (2) The registrant previously paid a filing fee in the amount of \$284.00

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED NOVEMBER 23, 2009

eMagin Corporation

1,682,502 SHARES OF

COMMON STOCK

This prospectus relates to the resale by the selling stockholders of up to 1,682,502 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants. The selling stockholders may sell common stock from time to time in the principal market on which the stock is traded at the prevailing market price or in negotiated transactions. We will pay the expenses of registering these shares.

Our common stock is listed on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "EMAN". The last reported sales price per share of our common stock as reported by the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board on November 11, 2009 was \$1.84.

Investing in these securities involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 8.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. You should read this prospectus carefully before you invest.

The date of this prospectus is November ___, 2009.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. This Prospectus is included in the Registration Statement that was filed by eMagin Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement becomes effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the sale is not permitted.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information contained in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all the information you should consider before investing in the securities. Before making an investment decision, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the "risk factors" section, the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

We design, develop, manufacture, and market OLED (organic light emitting diode) on silicon microdisplays, virtual imaging products which utilize OLED microdisplays, and related products. We also perform research in the OLED field. Our virtual imaging products integrate OLED technology with silicon chips to produce high-resolution microdisplays smaller than one-inch diagonally which, when viewed through a magnifier, create virtual images that appear comparable in size to that of a computer monitor or a large-screen television. Our products enable our original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") customers to develop and market improved or new electronic products. We believe that virtual imaging will become an important way for increasingly mobile people to have quick access to high resolution data, work, and experience new more immersive forms of communications and entertainment.

Our first commercial product, the SVGA+ (Super Video Graphics Array of 800x600 picture elements plus 52 added columns of data) OLED microdisplay was initially offered for sampling in 2001, and our first SVGA-3D (Super Video Graphics Array plus built-in stereovision capability) OLED microdisplay was shipped in early 2002. These products are being applied or considered for near-eye and headset applications in products such as entertainment and gaming headsets, handheld Internet and telecommunication appliances, viewfinders, and wearable computers to be manufactured by OEM customers for military, medical, industrial, and consumer applications. We market our products globally.

In 2006 we introduced our OLED-XL technology, which provides longer luminance half life and enhanced efficiency of eMagin's SVGA+ and SVGA-3D product lines. We are in the process of completing development of 2 additional OLED microdisplays, namely the SVGA 3DS (SVGA 3D shrink, a smaller format SVGA display with a new cell architecture with embedded features) and an SXGA (1280 x 1024 picture elements).

In January 2005 we announced the world's first personal display system to combine OLED technology with head-tracking and 3D stereovision, the Z800 3DVisor(tm), which was first shipped in mid-2005. This product was recognized as a Digital Living Class of 2005 Innovators, and received the Consumer Electronics Association's coveted Consumer Electronics Show (CES) 2006 Best of Innovation Awards for the entire display category as well as a Design and Innovations Award for the electronic gaming category. In February 2007 the Z800 3DVisor, as integrated in Chatten Associates' head-aimed remote viewer, was recognized as one of Advanced Imaging's Solutions of the Year.

We believe that our OLED microdisplays offer a number of significant advantages over the more widely used liquid crystal displays, including greatly increased power efficiency, less weight and wider viewing angles. Using our active matrix OLED technology, many computer and electronic system functions can be built directly into the OLED microdisplay, resulting in compact, high resolution, power efficient systems. We have developed our own intellectual property and accumulated over 6 years of manufacturing know-how to create high performance OLED microdisplays.

As the first to exploit OLED technology for microdisplays, and with the support of our partners and the development of our intellectual property, we believe that we enjoy a significant advantage in the commercialization of microdisplays for virtual imaging. We believe we are currently the only company to sell active matrix small molecule OLED-on-silicon microdisplays.

eMagin Corporation was created through the merger of Fashion Dynamics Corporation ("FDC"), which was organized on January 23, 1996 under the laws of the State of Nevada and FED Corporation ("FED"), a developer and manufacturer of optical systems and microdisplays for use in the electronics industry. FDC had no active business operations other than to acquire an interest in a business. On March 16, 2000, FDC acquired FED. The merged company changed its name to eMagin Corporation. Following the merger, the business conducted by eMagin is the business conducted by FED prior to the merger.

Our website is located at www.emagin.com and our e-commerce site is www.3dvisor.com. The contents of our website are not part of this Prospectus.

The Offering

Common stock offered by selling stockholders

Up to 1,682,502 shares, consisting of the following:

- · up to 312,502 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$1.13 per share;
- up to 1,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share;
- up to 370,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share.

18,644,404 shares assuming the full exercise of the warrants of the underlying shares of which are included in this prospectus.*

outstanding after the offering

Common Stock to be

Use of Proceeds

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the common stock; however, we will receive proceeds from the exercise of our warrants.

Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board Symbol

EMAN

*The information above regarding the common stock to be outstanding after the offering is based on 16,961,902 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding as of November 11, 2009.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". The statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 and the balance sheet data at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are derived from our audited financial statements which are included elsewhere in this registration statement. The statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the balance sheet data at December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 are derived from our audited financial statements which are not included in this registration statement. The statements of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 and the balance sheet data at September 30, 2009 are derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 12, 2009 which are included elsewhere in the registration statement. The balance sheet data at September 30, 2008 was derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2008. The historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for future periods. The following information is presented in thousands, except per share data.

Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:

	2008		Yea 2007	ır I	Ended Decer 2006	nb	er 31, 2005 (thousands)		2004				ths Ended ber 30, 2008	
Revenue	\$ 18,739		\$ 17,554		\$ 8,169		\$ 3,745		\$ 3,593		\$ 17,103		\$ 13,469	
Cost of goods														
sold	10,673		12,628		11,359		10,219		5,966		7,345		8,110	
Gross profit (loss)	8,066		4,926		(3,190)	(6,474)	(2,373)	9,758		5,359	
Operating expenses:														
Research and														
development	2,081		2,949		4,406		4,020		898		1,376		1,614	
Selling, general and														
administrative	6,254		6,591		8,860		6,316		4,428		5,083		4,797	
Total operating														
expenses	8,335		9,540		13,266		10,336		5,326		6,459		6,411	
(Loss) income from														
operations	(269)	(4,614)	(16,456)	(16,810)	(7,699)	3,299		(1,052)
Other (expense)														
income, net	(1,590)	(13,874)	1,190		282		(5,012)	(376)	(1,383)
Net (loss)														
income	\$ (1,859)	\$ (18,488)	\$ (15,266)	\$ (16,528)	\$ (12,711)	\$ 2,923		\$ (2,435)
(Loss) income per share, basic	\$ (0.13)	\$ (1.59)	\$ (1.52)	\$ (1.94)	\$ (1.98)	\$ 0.18		\$ (0.18)

(Loss) income per share, diluted	\$ (0.13) \$ (1.59) \$ (1.52) \$ (1.94) \$ (1.98) \$ 0.12	\$ (0.18)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:							
Basic	14,175	11,633	10,058	8,541	6,428	16,134	13,855
Diluted	14,175	11,633	10,058	8,541	6,428	24,471	13,855

Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:

					Dec	ember 31,						Septer (una	mber udite	
		2008		2007		2006	(tl	2005 housands)		2004		2009		2008
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,404	\$	713	\$	1,415	\$	6,727	\$	13,457	\$	3,709	\$	1,272
Working capital (deficit)	\$	3,300	\$	(4,708)	\$	(305)	\$	8,868	\$	14,925	\$	7,296	\$	(3,555)
Total assets	\$	10,104	\$	6,648	\$	7,005	\$	14,142	\$	18,436	\$	11,814	\$	9,191
Long-term obligations	\$		\$	60	\$	2,229	\$	56	\$	22	\$		\$	38
Total shareholders' equity (capital	ф	2.661	ф	(4.170)	ф	(1.164)	Ф	10.401	Ф	16 447	ф	0.242	Ф	(2,000)
deficit)	\$	3,661	\$	(4,170)	\$	(1,164)	\$	10,401	\$	16,447	\$	8,243	\$	(2,888)

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors and the other information included herein as well as the information included in other reports and filings made with the SEC before investing in our common stock. The following factors, as well as other factors affecting our operating results and financial condition, could cause our actual future results and financial condition to differ materially from those projected. The trading price of our common stock could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose part or all of your investment.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR FINANCIAL RESULTS

We have a history of losses since our inception and may incur losses in the future.

Our accumulated losses are \$198 million as of September 30, 2009. We have not yet achieved profitability on a full year basis. We had two profitable quarters in 2008 and three profitable quarters in 2009. We can give no assurances that we will continue to be profitable in the future. We cannot assure investors that we will sustain profitability or that we will not incur operating losses in the future.

We may not be able to execute our business plan due to a lack of cash from operations.

Historically, we have not produced positive cash flows from operations. However, we have generated positive cash flows the past five quarters. We anticipate that our cash from operations will be sufficient to meet our requirements over the next twelve months. In the event that cash flow from operations is less than anticipated and we are unable to secure additional funding to cover our expenses, in order to preserve cash, we may have to reduce expenditures and effect reductions in our corporate infrastructure, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our ability to continue our current level of operations. No assurance can be given that if additional financing is necessary, that it will be available, or if available, will be on acceptable terms.

We may be subject to fines, sanctions, and/or penalties of an indeterminable nature as a result of potential violations of federal securities laws.

In July 2006, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with Stillwater LLC ("Stillwater"), which provided for the purchase and sale of a 6% senior secured convertible note in principal amount of up to \$500,000 (the "Stillwater Note") and a warrant to purchase 70% of the number of shares issuable upon conversion of the Stillwater Note, at our sole discretion by delivery of a notice to Stillwater on December 14, 2006. We then filed a registration statement on Form S-3 to register the resale by Stillwater of up to 41,088,445 shares of our common stock. In July 2007, we amended the agreements with Stillwater. Amending the Stillwater agreements without first withdrawing the Registration Statement on Form S-3 may be inconsistent with Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), and we may be subject to fines, sanctions and/or penalties of an indeterminable nature as a result of potential violations of federal securities laws. If we are assessed fines and penalties our business will be materially affected.

The issuance of shares of common stock in connection with the conversion of the Notes may have not have been in compliance with certain state and federal securities laws and any damages that we may have to pay as a result of such issuance could have a material adverse effect on our revenues, profits, results of operations, financial condition and future prospects.

Our operating results have significant fluctuations.

In addition to the variability resulting from the short-term nature of commitments from our customers, other factors contribute to significant periodic quarterly fluctuations in results of operations. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the receipt and timing of orders and the timing of delivery of orders;
- the inability to adjust expense levels or delays in adjusting expense levels, in either case in response to lower than expected revenues or gross margins;
- the volume of orders relative to our manufacturing capacity;
- · product introductions and market acceptance of new products or new generations of products;
- · changes in cost and availability of labor and components;
- · product mix;
- · variation in operating expenses; regulatory requirements, foreign currency fluctuations and changes in duties and tariffs;
- · pricing and availability of competitive products and services; and
- · changes, whether or not anticipated, in economic conditions.

Accordingly, the results of any past periods should not be relied upon as an indication of our future performance.

RISKS RELATED TO MANUFACTURING

The manufacture of active matrix OLED microdisplays is new and could result in manufacturing issues or delays.

Ours is an evolving technology and we are pioneers in this active matrix OLED microdisplay manufacturing technique. We cannot assure you that we will be able to produce our products in sufficient quantity and quality to maintain existing customers and attract new customers. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will not experience manufacturing problems which could result in delays in delivery of orders or product introductions.

We are dependent on a single manufacturing line.

We currently manufacture our products on a single manufacturing line. If we experience any significant disruption in the operation of our manufacturing facility or a serious failure of a critical piece of equipment, we may be unable to supply microdisplays to our customers. For this reason, some OEMs may also be reluctant to commit a broad line of products to our microdisplays without a second production facility in place. However, we try to maintain product inventory to fill the requirements under such circumstances. Interruptions in our manufacturing could be caused by manufacturing equipment problems, the introduction of new equipment into the manufacturing process or delays in the delivery of new manufacturing equipment. Lead-time for delivery of manufacturing equipment can be extensive. No assurance can be given that we will not lose potential sales or be unable to meet production orders due to production interruptions in our manufacturing line. In order to meet the requirements of certain OEMs for multiple manufacturing sites, we will have to expend capital to secure additional sites and may not be able to manage multiple sites successfully.

We rely on key sole source and limited source suppliers.

We depend on a number of sole source or limited source suppliers for certain raw materials, components, and services. These include circuit boards, graphic integrated circuits, passive components, materials and chemicals, and equipment support. We maintain several single-source supplier relationships, either because alternative sources are not available or because the relationship is advantageous due to performance, quality, support, delivery, capacity, or price considerations. Even where alternative sources of supply are available, qualification of the alternative suppliers and establishment of reliable supplies could result in delays and a possible loss of sales, which could be detrimental to operating results. We do not manufacture the silicon integrated circuits on which we incorporate our OLED technology. Instead, we provide the design layouts to a sole semiconductor contract manufacturer who manufactures the integrated circuits on silicon wafers. Our inability to obtain sufficient quantities of components and other materials or services on a timely basis could result in manufacturing delays, increased costs and ultimately in reduced or delayed sales or lost orders which could materially and adversely affect our operating results.

Our results of operations, financial condition, and business would be harmed if we were unable to balance customer demand and capacity.

As customer demand for our products, particularly new products, changes we must be able to ramp up or adjust our production capacity to meet demand. We are continually taking steps to address our manufacturing capacity needs for our products. If we are not able to increase our capacity or if we increase our capacity too quickly, our business and results of operations could be adversely impacted. If we experience delays or unforeseen costs associated with adjusting our capacity levels, we may not be able to achieve our financial targets. For some of our products, vendor lead times exceed our customers' required delivery time causing us to order to forecast rather than order based on actual demand. Ordering raw material and building finished goods based on forecasts exposes us to numerous risks including potential inability to service customer demand in an acceptable timeframe, holding excess inventory or having unabsorbed manufacturing overhead.

Variations in our production yields impact our ability to reduce costs and could cause our margins to decline and our operating results to suffer.

All of our products are manufactured using technologies that are highly complex. The number of usable items, or yield, from our production processes may fluctuate as a result of many factors, including but not limited to the following:

- · variability in our process repeatability and control;
- · contamination of the manufacturing environment or equipment;
- · equipment failure, power outages, or variations in the manufacturing process;
- · lack of consistency and adequate quality and quantity of piece parts and other raw materials;
- · defects in packaging either within or outside our control; and
- · any transitions or changes in our production process, planned or unplanned.

We could experience manufacturing interruptions, delays, or inefficiencies if we are unable to timely and reliably procure components from single-sourced suppliers.

We maintain several single-source supplier relationships, either because alternative sources are not available or because the relationship is advantageous due to performance, quality, support, delivery, capacity, or price considerations. If the supply of a critical single-source material or component is delayed or curtailed, we may not be able to ship the related product in desired quantities and in a timely manner. Even where alternative sources of supply are available, qualification of the alternative suppliers and establishment of reliable supplies could result in delays and a possible loss of sales, which could harm operating results.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

We have a license agreement with Eastman Kodak regarding the manufacture of OLED microdisplays.

We rely upon Eastman Kodak to protect and enforce key patents held by Eastman Kodak, relating to OLED display technology that we have licensed. Some of Eastman Kodak's key patents have expired and others expire at various times in the future. Our license with Eastman Kodak could terminate if we fail to perform any material term or covenant under the license agreement. Since our license from Eastman Kodak is non-exclusive, Eastman Kodak could also elect to become a competitor itself or to license OLED technology for microdisplay applications to others who have the potential to compete with us. The occurrence of any of these events could have a material adverse impact on our business.

We may not be successful in protecting our intellectual property and proprietary rights.

We rely on a combination of patents, trade secret protection, licensing agreements and other arrangements to establish and protect our proprietary technologies. If we fail to successfully enforce our intellectual property rights, our competitive position could suffer, which could harm our operating results. Patents may not be issued for our current patent applications, third parties may challenge, invalidate or circumvent any patent issued to us, unauthorized parties could obtain and use information that we regard as proprietary despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, rights granted under patents issued to us may not afford us any competitive advantage, others may independently develop similar technology or design around our patents, our technology may be available to licensees of Eastman Kodak, and protection of our intellectual property rights may be limited in certain foreign countries. On April 30, 2007, the U.S. Supreme Court, in KSR International Co. vs. Teleflex, Inc., mandated a more expansive and flexible approach towards a determination as to whether a patent is obvious and invalid, which may make it more difficult for patent holders to secure or maintain existing patents. Any future infringement or other claims or prosecutions related to our intellectual property could have a material adverse effect on our business. Any such claims, with or without merit, could be time consuming to defend, result in costly litigation, divert management's attention and resources, or require us to enter into royalty or licensing agreements. Such royalty or licensing agreements, if required, may not be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all. Protection of intellectual property has historically been a large yearly expense for eMagin. We have not been in a financial position to properly protect all of our intellectual property, and may not be in a position to properly protect our position or stay ahead of competition in new research and the protecting of the resulting intellectual property.

In addition to patent protection, we also rely on trade secrets and other non-patented proprietary information relating to our product development and manufacturing activities. We try to protect this information through appropriate efforts to maintain its secrecy, including requiring employees and third parties to sign confidentiality agreements. We cannot be sure that these efforts will be successful or that the confidentiality agreements will not be breached. We also cannot be sure that we would have adequate remedies for any breach of such agreements or other misappropriation of our trade secrets or that our trade secrets and proprietary know-how will not otherwise become known or be independently discovered by others.

RISKS RELATED TO THE MICRODISPLAY INDUSTRY

The commercial success of the microdisplay industry depends on the widespread market acceptance of microdisplay systems products.

The market for microdisplays is emerging. Our success will depend on consumer acceptance of microdisplays as well as the success of the commercialization of the microdisplay market. As an OEM supplier, our customer's products must also be well accepted. At present, it is difficult to assess or predict with any assurance the potential size, timing and viability of market opportunities for our technology in this market.

The microdisplay systems business is intensely competitive.

We do business in intensely competitive markets that are characterized by rapid technological change, changes in market requirements and competition from both other suppliers and our potential OEM customers. Such markets are typically characterized by price erosion. This intense competition could result in pricing pressures, lower sales, reduced margins, and lower market share. Our ability to compete successfully will depend on a number of factors, both within and outside our control. We expect these factors to include the following:

- our success in designing, manufacturing and delivering expected new products, including those implementing new technologies on a timely basis;
- · our ability to address the needs of our customers and the quality of our customer service;
- the quality, performance, reliability, features, ease of use and pricing of our products;
- · successful expansion of our manufacturing capabilities;
- · our efficiency of production, and ability to manufacture and ship products on time;
- the rate at which original equipment manufacturing customers incorporate our product solutions into their own products;
- · the market acceptance of our customers' products; and
- · product or technology introductions by our competitors.

Our competitive position could be damaged if one or more potential OEM customers decide to manufacture their own microdisplays, using OLED or alternate technologies. In addition, our customers may be reluctant to rely on a relatively small company such as eMagin for a critical component. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully against current and future competition, and the failure to do so would have a materially adverse effect upon our business, operating results and financial condition.

The display industry may be cyclical.

Our business strategy is dependent on OEM manufacturers building and selling products that incorporate our OLED displays as components into those products. Industry-wide fluctuations could cause significant harm to our business. The OLED microdisplay sector may experience overcapacity, if and when all of the facilities presently in the planning stage come on line, leading to a difficult market in which to sell our products.

Our competitors have many advantages over us.

As the microdisplay market develops, we expect to experience intense competition from numerous domestic and foreign companies including well-established corporations possessing worldwide manufacturing and production facilities, greater name recognition, larger retail bases and significantly greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than us, as well as from emerging companies attempting to obtain a share of the various markets in which our microdisplay products have the potential to compete. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully against current and future competition, and the failure to do so would have a materially adverse effect upon our business, operating results and financial condition.

Our products are subject to lengthy OEM development periods.

We sell most of our microdisplays to OEMs who will incorporate them into products they sell. OEMs determine during their product development phase whether they will incorporate our products. The time elapsed between initial sampling of our products by OEMs, the custom design of our products to meet specific OEM product requirements, and the ultimate incorporation of our products into OEM consumer products is significant often with a duration of between one and three years. If our products fail to meet our OEM customers' cost, performance or technical

requirements or if unexpected technical challenges arise in the integration of our products into OEM consumer products, our operating results could be significantly and adversely affected. Long delays in achieving customer qualification and incorporation of our products could adversely affect our business.

Our products will likely experience rapidly declining unit prices.

In the markets in which we expect to compete, prices of established products tend to decline significantly over time. In order to maintain our profit margins over the long term, we believe that we will need to continuously develop product enhancements and new technologies that will either slow price declines of our products or reduce the cost of producing and delivering our products. While we anticipate many opportunities to reduce production costs over time, there can be no assurance that these cost reduction plans will be successful, that we will have the resources to fund the expenditures necessary to implement certain cost-saving measures, or that our costs can be reduced as quickly as any reduction in unit prices. We may also attempt to offset the anticipated decrease in our average selling price by introducing new products, increasing our sales volumes or adjusting our product mix. If we fail to do so, our results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

Our success depends on attracting and retaining highly skilled and qualified technical and consulting personnel.

We must hire highly skilled technical personnel as employees and as independent contractors in order to develop our products. The competition for skilled technical employees is intense and we may not be able to retain or recruit such personnel. We must compete with companies that possess greater financial and other resources than we do, and that may be more attractive to potential employees and contractors. To be competitive, we may have to increase the compensation, bonuses, stock options and other fringe benefits offered to employees in order to attract and retain such personnel. The costs of attracting and retaining new personnel may have a materially adverse affect on our business and our operating results.

Our success depends in a large part on the continuing service of key personnel.

Changes in management could have an adverse effect on our business. We are dependent upon the active participation of several key management personnel and will also need to recruit additional management in order to expand according to our business plan. The failure to attract and retain additional management or personnel could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial performance.

The ineffectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting could result in a loss of investor confidence in our financial reports and have an adverse effect on our stock price.

Pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Section 404"), and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC to implement Section 404, we included in our Form 10-K an annual report by our management regarding the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. The report includes, among other things, an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of our fiscal year. Our assessment is that although we have made substantial improvements in our internal control over financial reporting, we continue to have material weaknesses. Management will continue to make improvements in this regard.

As of September 30, 2009, even though we made significant improvement, our internal control over financial reporting was ineffective due to the presence of material weaknesses, as more fully described in Item 4T of the Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 12, 2009. This could result in a loss of investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which may have an adverse effect on our stock price.

Our operating results are substantially dependent on the development and acceptance of new products and technology innovations.

Our future success may depend on our ability to develop new and lower cost solutions for existing and new markets and for customers to accept those solutions. We must introduce new products in a timely and cost-efficient manner, and we must secure production orders for those products from our customers. The development of new products is a highly complex process, and we historically have experienced delays in completing the development and introduction of new products. Some or all of those technologies or products may not successfully make the transition from the research and development lab. Even when we successfully complete a research and development effort with respect to a particular product or technology, it may fail to gain market acceptance. The successful development and introduction of these products depends on a number of factors, including the following:

- · achievement of technology breakthroughs required to make commercially viable devices;
- the accuracy of our predictions of market requirements;
- · acceptance of our new product designs;
- · acceptance of new technology in certain markets;

- the availability of qualified research and development and product development personnel;
- · our timely completion of product designs and development;
- · our ability and available resources to expand sales;
- our ability to develop repeatable processes to manufacture new products in sufficient quantities and at low enough costs for commercial sales;
- · our customers' ability to develop competitive products incorporating our products; and
- · acceptance of our customers' products by the market.

If any of these or other factors become problematic, we may not be able to develop and introduce these new products in a timely or cost-effective manner.

If government agencies discontinue or curtail their funding for our research and development programs our business may suffer.

Changes in federal budget priorities could adversely affect our contract revenue. Historically, government agencies have funded a significant part of our research and development activities. When the government changes budget priorities, such as in time of war or for other reasons, our funding has the risk of being redirected to other programs. Government contracts are also subject to the risk that the government agency may not appropriate and allocate all funding contemplated by the contract. In addition our government contracts generally permit the contracting authority to terminate the contract for the convenience of the government. The full value of the contracts would not be realized if they were prematurely terminated. We may be unable to incur sufficient allowable costs to generate the full estimated contract values. Furthermore, the research and development and product procurement contracts of the customers we supply may be similarly impacted. If the government funding is discontinued or reduced, our ability to develop or enhance products could be limited and our business results or operations and financial conditions could be adversely affected.

Our business depends on new products and technologies.

The market for our products is characterized by rapid changes in product, design and manufacturing process technologies. Our success depends to a large extent on our ability to develop and manufacture new products and technologies to match the varying requirements of different customers in order to establish a competitive position and become profitable. Furthermore, we must adopt our products and processes to technological changes and emerging industry standards and practices on a cost-effective and timely basis. Our failure to accomplish any of the above could harm our business and operating results.

We generally do not have long-term contracts with our customers.

Our business has primarily operated on the basis of short-term purchase orders. We receive some longer term purchase agreements, and procurement contracts, but we cannot guarantee that we will continue to do so. Our current purchase agreements can be cancelled or revised without penalty, depending on the circumstances. We plan production primarily on the basis of internally generated forecasts of demand based on communications with customers, and available industry data which makes it difficult to accurately forecast revenues. If we fail to accurately forecast operating results, our business may suffer and the value of your investment in eMagin may decline.

Our business strategy may fail if we cannot continue to form strategic relationships with companies that manufacture and use products that could incorporate our active matrix OLED technology.

Our prospects could be significantly affected by our ability to develop strategic alliances with OEMs for incorporation of our active matrix OLED microdisplay technology into their products. While we intend to continue to establish strategic relationships with manufacturers of electronic consumer products, personal computers, chipmakers, lens makers, equipment makers, material suppliers and/or systems assemblers, there is no assurance that we will be able to continue to establish and maintain strategic relationships on commercially acceptable terms, or that the alliances we do enter in to will realize their objectives. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business depends to some extent on international transactions.

We purchase needed materials from companies located abroad and may be adversely affected by political and currency risk, as well as the additional costs of doing business with foreign entities. Some customers in other countries have longer receivable periods or warranty periods. In addition, many of the foreign OEMs that are the most likely long-term purchasers of our microdisplays expose us to additional political and currency risk. We may find it necessary to locate manufacturing facilities abroad to be closer to our customers which could expose us to various

risks, including management of a multi-national organization, the complexities of complying with foreign laws and customs, political instability and the complexities of taxation in multiple jurisdictions.

Our business may expose us to product liability claims.

Our business may expose us to potential product liability claims. Although no such claims have been brought against us to date, and to our knowledge no such claim is threatened or likely, we may face liability to product users for damages resulting from the faulty design or manufacture of our products. While we plan to maintain product liability insurance coverage, there can be no assurance that product liability claims will not exceed coverage limits, fall outside the scope of such coverage, or that such insurance will continue to be available at commercially reasonable rates, if at all.

Our business is subject to environmental regulations and possible liability arising from potential employee claims of exposure to harmful substances used in the development and manufacture of our products.

We are subject to various governmental regulations related to toxic, volatile, experimental and other hazardous chemicals used in our design and manufacturing process. Our failure to comply with these regulations could result in the imposition of fines or in the suspension or cessation of our operations. Compliance with these regulations could require us to acquire costly equipment or to incur other significant expenses. We develop, evaluate and utilize new chemical compounds in the manufacture of our products. While we attempt to ensure that our employees are protected from exposure to hazardous materials, we cannot assure you that potentially harmful exposure will not occur or that we will not be liable to employees as a result.

Current adverse economic conditions may adversely impact our business, operating results and financial condition.

The current economic conditions and market instability may affect our customers and suppliers. Any adverse financial or economic impact to our customers may impact their ability to pay timely, or result in their inability to pay. It may also impact their ability to fund future purchases, or increase the sales cycles which could lead to a reduction in revenue and accounts receivable. Our suppliers may increase their prices or may be unable to supply needed raw materials on a timely basis which could result in our inability to meet customers' demand or affect our gross margins. Our suppliers may, also, impose more stringent payment terms on us. The timing and nature of any recovery in the credit and financial markets remains uncertain, and there can be no assurance that market conditions will improve in the near future or that our results will not be materially and adversely affected.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR STOCK

The substantial number of shares that are or will be eligible for sale could cause our common stock price to decline even if eMagin is successful.

Sales of significant amounts of common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could materially affect the market price of our common stock. These sales might also make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and price that we deem appropriate. As of November 11, 2009, we have outstanding common shares of 16,961,902 plus (i) options to purchase 2,822,916 shares, (ii) warrants to purchase 9,267,821 shares and (iii) convertible preferred stock convertible into 7,652,000 shares of common stock.

We have a staggered board of directors and other anti-takeover provisions, which could inhibit potential investors or delay or prevent a change of control that may favor you.

Our Board of Directors is divided into three classes and our Board members are elected for terms that are staggered. This could discourage the efforts by others to obtain control of eMagin. Some of the provisions of our certificate of incorporation, our bylaws and Delaware law could, together or separately, discourage potential acquisition proposals or delay or prevent a change in control. In particular, our board of directors is authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock (less any outstanding shares of preferred stock) with rights and privileges that might be senior to our common stock, without the consent of the holders of the common stock.

Changes in internal controls or accounting guidance could cause volatility in our stock price.

Guidance regarding implementation and interpretation of the provisions of Section 404 continues to be issued by the standards-setting regulators. As a result of the ongoing interpretation of new guidance and the audit testing to be completed in the future, our internal controls over financial reporting may include an unidentified material weakness which would result in receiving an adverse opinion on our internal controls over financial reporting from our independent registered public accounting firm. This could result in significant additional expenditures responding to

the Section 404 internal control audit, heightened regulatory scrutiny and potentially an adverse effect to the price of our stock.

In addition, due to increased regulatory scrutiny surrounding publicly traded companies, the possibility exists that a restatement of past financial results could be necessitated by an alternative interpretation of present accounting guidance and practice. Although management does not currently anticipate that this will occur, a potential result of such interpretation could be an adverse effect on our stock price.

The market price of our common stock may be volatile.

The market price of our common stock has been subject to wide fluctuations. During our four most recently completed fiscal quarters, the closing price of our stock ranged from \$0.34 to \$1.95 and decreased to a low of \$0.21 on October 10, 2008. The market price of our common stock in the future is likely to continue to be subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors, including, but not limited to, the following:

- · variations in our operating results and financial conditions;
- · actual or anticipated announcements of technical innovations, new product developments, or design wins by us or our competitors;
- · general conditions in the semiconductor and flat panel display industries; and
- · worldwide economic and financial conditions.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

We and our representatives may from time to time make written or oral statements that are "forward-looking," including statements contained in this prospectus and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, reports to our stockholders and news releases. All statements that express expectations, estimates, forecasts or projections are forward-looking statements. In addition, other written or oral statements which constitute forward-looking statements may be made by us or on our behalf. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "forecasts," "may," "should," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in or suggested by such forward-looking statements. Among the important factors on which such statements are based are assumptions concerning our ability to obtain additional funding, our ability to compete against our competitors, our ability to integrate our acquisitions and our ability to attract and retain key employees.

USE OF PROCEEDS

This prospectus relates to shares of our common stock that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling stockholders. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock in this offering. However, we will receive the sale price of any common stock we sell to the selling stockholders upon exercise of the warrants owned by the selling stockholders. We expect to use the proceeds received from the exercise of the warrants, if any, for general working capital purposes. We have not declared or paid any dividends and do not currently expect to do so in the near future.

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "EMAN.OB." The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices as reported by the NASDAQ Bulletin Board Market for the periods indicated.

	High	Low
Fiscal 2006		
First Quarter	\$ 7.10	\$ 4.60
Second Quarter	\$ 5.70	\$ 2.50
Third Quarter	\$ 3.80	\$ 1.80
Fourth Quarter	\$ 2.50	\$ 1.01
Fiscal 2007		
First Quarter`	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.26
Second Quarter	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.42
Third Quarter	\$ 1.64	\$ 0.65
Fourth Quarter	\$ 1.75	\$ 0.85
Fiscal 2008		
First Quarter	\$ 1.47	\$ 0.88
Second Quarter	\$ 1.05	\$ 0.63
Third Quarter	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.52
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.21
Fiscal 2009		
First Quarter	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.32

Second Quarter	\$ 1.40	\$ 0.60
Third Quarter	\$ 2.08	\$ 0.97
Fourth Quarter (as of November 11, 2009)	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.55

As of November 11, 2009, there were 503 holders of record of our common stock. Because brokers and other institutions hold many of the shares on behalf of shareholders, we are unable to determine the actual number of shareholders represented by these record holders.

Dividends

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We currently anticipate that we will retain all future earnings to fund the operation of our business and do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". The statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 and the balance sheet data at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are derived from our audited financial statements which are included elsewhere in this registration statement. The statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the balance sheet data at December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004 are derived from our audited financial statements which are not included in this registration statement. The statements of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 and the balance sheet data at September 30, 2009 are derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 12, 2009 which are included elsewhere in the registration statement. The balance sheet data at September 30, 2008 was derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2008. The historical results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for future periods. The following information is presented in thousands, except per share data.

Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:

			Ve	ar En	ded Dece	mh	er 31						hs Ended per 30,	
	2008		2007	ai Lii	2006	1110	2005		2004		2009	CIIIC	2008	
	2000		2007		2000		(thousands)	2001		2007		2000	
Revenue	\$ 18,739	\$	3 17,554	\$	8,169		\$ 3,745	,	\$ 3,593		\$ 17,103		\$ 13,469	
Cost of goods sold	10,673		12,628		11,359		10,219		5,966		7,345		8,110	
Gross profit	10,075		12,020		11,557		10,217		5,700		7,515		0,110	
(loss)	8,066		4,926		(3,190)	(6,474)	(2,373)	9,758		5,359	
Operating expenses:														
Research and														
development	2,081		2,949		4,406		4,020		898		1,376		1,614	
Selling, general and														
administrative	6,254		6,591		8,860		6,316		4,428		5,083		4,797	
Total operating														
expenses	8,335		9,540		13,266		10,336		5,326		6,459		6,411	
(Loss) income from														
operations	(269)	(4,614)	(16,456)	(16,810)	(7,699)	3,299		(1,052)
Other (expense)														
income, net	(1,590)	(13,874)	1,190		282		(5,012)	(376)	(1,383)
Net (loss)														
income	\$ (1,859) \$	(18,488) \$	(15,266)	\$ (16,528)	\$ (12,711)	\$ 2,923		\$ (2,435)
~ \ \ .														
(Loss) income	\$ (0.13	\ 4	(1.50	\ ¢	(1.52	`	\$ (1.94	`	¢ (1.00	,	\$ 0.18		\$ (0.18	`
per share, basic (Loss) income	φ (0.13) \$	5 (1.59) \$	(1.32)	φ (1.94)	\$ (1.98)	φ 0.18		φ (0.18)
per share,														
diluted	\$ (0.13) \$	6 (1.59) \$	(1.52)	\$ (1.94)	\$ (1.98)	\$ 0.12		\$ (0.18)

Weighted							
average							
number of							
shares							
outstanding:							
Basic	14,175	11,633	10,058	8,541	6,428	16,134	13,855
Diluted	14,175	11,633	10,058	8,541	6,428	24,471	13,855

Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:

					Dec	ember 31,						Septer (una	nber udite	
		2008		2007		2006	(t	2005 housands)		2004		2009		2008
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,404	\$	713	\$	1,415	\$	6,727	\$	13,457	\$	3,709	\$	1,272
Working	Φ	2 200	ф	(4.700)	ф	(205)	Ф	0.060	Ф	14.025	ф	7.006	ф	(2.555)
capital (deficit) Total assets	\$ \$	3,300 10,104	\$ \$	(4,708) 6,648	\$ \$	(305) 7,005	\$ \$	8,868 14,142	\$ \$	14,925 18,436	\$ \$	7,296 11,814	\$ \$	(3,555) 9,191
Long-term		10,101		ŕ		ŕ	·	,		,	·	11,011		·
obligations Total	\$		\$	60	\$	2,229	\$	56	\$	22	\$		\$	38
shareholders' equity (capital														
deficit)	\$	3,661	\$	(4,170)	\$	(1,164)	\$	10,401	\$	16,447	\$	8,243	\$	(2,888)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Introduction

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes thereto. Our fiscal year ends December 31. This document contains certain forward-looking statements including, among others, anticipated trends in our financial condition and results of operations and our business strategy. (See Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors"). These forward-looking statements are based largely on our current expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from these forward-looking statements. Important factors to consider in evaluating such forward-looking statements include (i) changes in external factors or in our internal budgeting process which might impact trends in our results of operations; (ii) unanticipated working capital or other cash requirements; (iii) changes in our business strategy or an inability to execute our strategy due to unanticipated changes in the industries in which we operate; and (iv) various competitive market factors that may prevent us from competing successfully in the marketplace.

Overview

We design and manufacture miniature displays, which we refer to as OLED-on-silicon-microdisplays, and microdisplay modules for virtual imaging, primarily for incorporation into the products of other manufacturers. Microdisplays are typically smaller than many postage stamps, but when viewed through a magnifier they can contain all of the information appearing on a high-resolution personal computer screen. Our microdisplays use organic light emitting diodes, or OLEDs, which emit light themselves when a current is passed through the device. Our technology permits OLEDs to be coated onto silicon chips to produce high resolution OLED-on-silicon microdisplays.

We believe that our OLED-on-silicon microdisplays offer a number of advantages in near to the eye applications over other current microdisplay technologies, including lower power requirements, less weight, fast video speed without flicker, and wider viewing angles. In addition, many computer and video electronic system functions can be built directly into the OLED-on-silicon microdisplay, resulting in compact systems with lower expected overall system costs relative to alternate microdisplay technologies.

Since our inception in 1996 through 2004, we derived the majority of our revenues from fees paid to us under research and development contracts, primarily with the U.S. federal government. We have devoted significant resources to the development and commercial launch of our products. We commenced limited initial sales of our SVGA+ microdisplay in May 2001 and commenced shipping samples of our SVGA-3D microdisplay in February 2002. As of November 11, 2009, we have a backlog of approximately \$4.6 million in products ordered for delivery through June 30, 2010. This backlog consists of non-binding purchase orders and purchase agreements. These products are being applied or considered for near-eye and headset applications in products such as thermal imagers, night vision goggles, entertainment headsets, handheld Internet and telecommunication appliances, viewfinders, and wearable computers to be manufactured by original equipment manufacturer (OEM) customers. We have also shipped a limited number of our Z800 3DVisor personal display systems. In addition to marketing OLED-on-silicon microdisplays as components, we also offer microdisplays as an integrated package, which we call Microviewer that includes a compact lens for viewing the microdisplay and electronic interfaces to convert the signal from our customer's product into a viewable image on the microdisplay.

We hold a license from Eastman Kodak for use of their OLED related technology and we have developed a strong portfolio of our own patents, manufacturing know-how and technology to create high performance OLED-on-silicon microdisplays and related optical systems. We believe our technology and intellectual property portfolio, gives us a leadership position in OLED and OLED-on-silicon microdisplay technology. We believe that we are the only company to demonstrate publicly and market full-color small molecule OLED-on-silicon microdisplays.

Company History

We began as a developmental stage company. As of January 1, 2003, we were no longer classified as a development stage company. We have transitioned to manufacturing our product and intend to significantly increase our marketing, sales, and research and development efforts, and expand our operating infrastructure. Currently, most of our operating expenses are labor related and therefore semi-fixed. If we are unable to generate significant revenues, our net losses in any given period could be greater than expected.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") defines "critical accounting policies" as those that require application of management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods. Not all of the accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. However, the following policies could be deemed to be critical within the SEC definition.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

Revenue on product sales is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, such as when a purchase order or contract is received from the customer, the price is fixed, title and risk of loss to the goods has changed and there is a reasonable assurance of collection of the sales proceeds. We obtain written purchase authorizations from our customers for a specified amount of product at a specified price and consider delivery to have occurred at the time of shipment. We record a reserve for estimated sales returns, which is reflected as a reduction of revenue at the time of revenue recognition. Products sold directly to consumers have a thirty day right of return. Revenue on consumer products is deferred until the right of return has expired.

Revenues from research and development activities relating to firm fixed-price contracts are generally recognized on the percentage-of-completion method of accounting as costs are incurred (cost-to-cost basis). Revenues from research and development activities relating to cost-plus-fee contracts include costs incurred plus a portion of estimated fees or profits based on the relationship of costs incurred to total estimated costs. Contract costs include all direct material and labor costs and an allocation of allowable indirect costs as defined by each contract, as periodically adjusted to reflect revised agreed upon rates. These rates are subject to audit by the other party.

Use of Estimates

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management utilizes certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

eMagin's cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term investments, accounts payable and debt are stated at cost which approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Stock-based Compensation

eMagin maintains several stock equity incentive plans. The 2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP") provides our employees with the opportunity to purchase common stock through payroll deductions. Employees purchase stock semi-annually at a price that is 85% of the fair market value at certain plan-defined dates. As of November 11, 2009, the number of shares of common stock available for issuance was 300,000. As of November 11, 2009, the plan had not been implemented.

The 2003 Stock Option Plan (the"2003 Plan") provides for grants of shares of common stock and options to purchase shares of common stock to employees, officers, directors and consultants. Under the 2003 plan, an ISO grant is granted at the market value of our common stock at the date of the grant and a non-ISO is granted at a price not to be less than 85% of the market value of the common stock. These options have a term of up to 10 years and vest over a schedule determined by the Board of Directors, generally over a five year period. The amended 2003 Plan provides for an annual increase in common stock available for issuance by 3% of the diluted shares outstanding on January 1 of each year for a period of 9 years which commenced January 1, 2005.

The 2008 Incentive Stock Plan ("the 2008 Plan") adopted and approved by the Board of Directors on November 5, 2008 provides for shares of common stock and options to purchase shares of common stock to employees, officers,

directors and consultants. The 2008 Plan has an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares. As of November 11, 2009, there were 498,533 shares of common stock issued to consultants and there were 1,278,841 options granted from the plan.

The Company accounts for the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors by estimating the fair value of stock awards at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. Stock-based compensation expense is reduced for estimated forfeitures and is amortized over the vesting period using the straight-line method.

Results of Operations

The following table presents certain financial data as a percentage of total revenue for the periods indicated. Our historical operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results for any future period.

							Nine	Month	s Ended	
		Year E	nded Dec	ember	31,		Se	er 30,		
	2008		2007		2006		2009		2008	
							(Unaud	ited)	
Revenue	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%
Cost of goods sold	57		72		139		43		60	
Gross profit (loss)	43		28		(39)	57		40	
Operating expenses:										
Research and development	11		17		54		8		12	
Selling, general and administrative	33		38		109		29		36	
Total operating expenses	44		55		163		37		48	
(Loss) income from operations	(1)	(27)	(202)	21		(8)
Other (expense) income, net	(9)	(78)	15		(1)	(10)
Net (loss) income	(10)%	(105)%	(187)%	19	%	(18)%

The following table presents certain financial data for the periods indicated. Our historical operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results for any future period.

	Ye	ar en		Nine Mo Septer							
	2008		2007		2009		2008				
							(Unaudited)				
			(In thous	ands,	except per	share	data)				
Revenue	\$ 18,739	\$	17,554	\$	8,169	\$	17,103	\$	13,469		
Cost of goods sold	10,673		12,628		11,359		7,345		8,110		
Gross profit (loss)	8,066		4,926		(3,190)		9,758		5,359		
Operating expenses:											
Research and development	2,081		2,949		4,406		1,376		1,614		
Selling, general and administrative	6,254		6,591		8,860		5,083		4,797		
Total operating expenses	8,335		9,540		13,266		6,459		6,411		
(Loss) income from operations	(269)		(4,614)		(16,456)		3,299		(1,052)		
Other (expense) income, net	(1,590)		(13,874)		1,190		(376)		(1,383)		
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,859)	\$	(18,488)	\$	(15,266)	\$	2,923	\$	(2,435)		
Net (loss) income per share, basic	\$ (0.13)	\$	(1.59)	\$	(1.52)	\$	0.18	\$	(0.18)		
Net (loss) income per share, diluted	\$ (0.13)	\$	(1.59)	\$	(1.52)	\$	0.12	\$	(0.18)		
10											
19											

THREE MONTHS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER30, 2009 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER30, 2008

Revenues

Revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$6.1 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, as compared to approximately \$5.2 million and \$13.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively, an increase of approximately 18% and 27%, respectively. Higher revenue for the three and nine month periods was due to increased customer demand and product availability.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, product revenue increased approximately \$1.1 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008. The increase was due to higher customer demand and increased product availability for our OLED displays in the first nine months of 2009 as compared to the first nine months of 2008. For the three months ended September 30, 2009, contract revenue decreased approximately \$0.2 million as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2008 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The change in revenue is a result of fluctuations in contract activity.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold includes direct and indirect costs associated with production. Cost of goods sold for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$2.6 million and \$7.3 million as compared to approximately \$2.8 million and \$8.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, a decrease of approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenues improved from 54% for the three months ended September 30, 2008 to 43% for the three months ended September 30, 2009. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenues improved from 60% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 to 43% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Cost of goods is comprised primarily of material and labor cost. The labor portion of cost of goods is mostly fixed. Improved manufacturing yield, lower royalty expense and lower warranty expense resulted in a lower cost of goods sold percentage.

The following table outlines product, contract and total gross profit and related gross margins for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	2009 2008		2008	2009		2008		
	(unaudited)				(unaudited)			
Product revenue gross profit	\$ 3,264	\$	1,769	\$	8,743	\$	4,109	
Product revenue gross margin	62 9	%	42 %		60 %		37 %	
Contract revenue gross profit	\$ 236	\$	615	\$	1,015	\$	1,250	
Contract revenue gross margin	28 9	%	61 %		40 %		54 %	
Total gross profit	\$ 3,500	\$	2,384	\$	9,758	\$	5,359	
Total gross margin	57 9	%	46 %		57 %		40 %	

The gross profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$3.5 million and \$9.8 million as compared to approximately \$2.4 million and \$5.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of \$1.1 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. Gross margin was 57% for the three months ended September 30, 2009 up from 46% for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Gross margin was 57% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The

increase was mainly attributed to the fuller utilization of our fixed production overhead due to improved yields and a reduction in royalty and warranty expenses. See Note 11 to the September 30, 2009 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Commitments and Contingencies for further discussion on the royalty payments.

The product gross profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$3.3 million and \$8.7 million as compared to approximately \$1.8 million and \$4.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of \$1.5 million and \$4.6 million, respectively. Product gross margin was 62% for the three months ended September 30, 2009 up from 42% for the three

months ended September 30, 2008. Product gross margin was 60% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 up from 37% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The increase was attributed to the fuller utilization of our fixed production overhead due to improved yields and a reduction in royalty and warranty expenses. See Note 11 to the September 30, 2009 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Commitments and Contingencies for further discussion on the royalty payments.

The contract gross profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million as compared to approximately \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, a decrease of \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Contract gross margin was 28% for the three months ended September 30, 2009 down from 61% for the three months ended September 30, 2008. Contract gross margin was 40% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 down from 54% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. The contract gross margin is dependent upon the mix of costs, internal versus external third party costs, with the external third party costs causing a lower gross margin and reducing the contract gross profit.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development. Research and development expenses include salaries, development materials and other costs specifically allocated to the development of new microdisplay products, OLED materials and subsystems. Research and development expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$0.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, as compared to \$0.3 million and \$1.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of approximately \$0.2 million and a decrease of approximately \$0.2 million, respectively. The increase of \$0.2 million was primarily due to the lower allocation of research and development resources and expenses related to contracts to cost of goods sold offset by the reduction in expense due to the streamlining of the research and development effort in the subsystems area. The decrease of \$0.2 million was primarily related to the reduction in expense due to the streamlining of the research and development effort in the subsystems area.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist principally of salaries, fees for professional services including legal fees, as well as other marketing and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were approximately \$1.8 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, as compared to approximately \$1.3 million and \$4.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, an increase of approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. The increase of \$0.5 million for the three months is primarily related to an increase of personnel costs, non-cash compensation, and professional services. The increase of \$0.3 million for the nine months is primarily related to an increase in personnel costs, non-cash compensation, and tradeshow costs, offset by a decrease in reserve for allowance for bad debts.

Other Income (Expense), net. Other income (expense), net consists primarily of interest income earned on investments, interest expense related to the secured debt, and income from the licensing of intangible assets.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, interest expense was approximately \$76 thousand and \$417 thousand, respectively, as compared to \$508 thousand and \$1.7 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the interest expense associated with debt was \$7 thousand and \$48, respectively, loan fees associated with the new line of credit was \$7 thousand, and the amortization of the deferred costs associated with the debt was \$62 thousand and \$362 thousand, respectively. The breakdown of the interest expense for the three and nine month period in 2008 was as

follows: interest expense associated with debt of approximately \$177 thousand and \$501 thousand, respectively; the amortization of the deferred costs and waiver fees associated with the debt of approximately \$331 thousand and \$1.2 million, respectively; and the amortization of the debt discount associated with the debt of approximately \$0 and \$25 thousand, respectively. The decrease in interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 was primarily a result of carrying a lower balance on our line of credit, the repayment and conversion of the 8% Senior Secured Convertible Notes in December 2008, and lower deferred debt issuance costs.

Other income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$1 thousand and \$41 thousand, respectively, as compared to \$84 thousand and \$294 thousand, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008. The other income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was interest income of approximately \$1 thousand and \$3 thousand, respectively, and for a settlement of a liability, \$0 and \$38 thousand, respectively. Other income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 was interest income of approximately \$2 thousand and \$6 thousand, respectively; \$142 thousand and \$396 thousand, respectively, was income from a gain on the license of intangible assets; \$0 and \$18 thousand, respectively, of income from equipment salvage; and is offset by approximately \$60 thousand and \$126 thousand, respectively, of expense from registration payment arrangements. See Note 11 to the September 30, 2009 Condensed Consolidated Finance Statements: Commitments and Contingencies – Royalty Payments for additional information.

Year Ended December 31, 2008 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately \$1.1 million to a total of approximately \$18.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from approximately \$17.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, representing an increase of 7%. This increase was primarily due to increased contract revenue from research and development projects. Our contract revenue increased approximately \$1.6 million while our product revenue decreased approximately \$0.5 million. Our current expectation is that total revenue will continue to grow in 2009 if we successfully execute our business plan.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold includes direct and indirect costs associated with production of our products. Cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$10.7 million and \$12.6, respectively, a decrease of \$1.9 million. The decrease included an inventory write-off of approximately \$0.4 million in 2007 related to a non-recurring production issue that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2007. An increase in yield in 2008 accounted for the remaining difference.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenues improved from 72% in 2007 to 57% in 2008. Cost of goods is comprised primarily of material and labor cost. The labor portion of cost of goods is mostly fixed. Increased display production output volume and improved manufacturing yield results in a lower cost of goods sold percentage.

The gross profit was approximately \$8.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the gross profit was approximately \$4.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. The gross margin was 43% for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to the gross margin of 28% for the year ended December 31, 2007. The gross margin improvement was attributed primarily to improved manufacturing yield.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses include salaries, development materials and other costs specifically allocated to the development of new microdisplay products, OLED materials and subsystems. Research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2008 were approximately \$2.1 million as compared to approximately \$2.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2007, a decrease of \$0.8 million. The 29% decrease was due to the re-deployment of research and development personnel to production contract services which are included in cost of goods sold and to a streamlining of the research and development effort in the subsystems area which resulted in expense reductions.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses for employees in the functional areas of business development, finance, information technology, quality assurance and other corporate expenses. This includes fees for professional services, such as audit and legal fees associated with audit, SEC filings, and other public company related matters, as well as other marketing and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$0.3 million to a total of approximately \$6.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$6.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. The 5% decrease was primarily related to a reduction of marketing expenses, personnel costs and other cost reductions.

Other (Expense) Income

Other (expense) income, net consists primarily of interest income earned on investments, interest expense related to the secured debt, loss from the change in the derivative liability, loss on the extinguishment of debt and other income from the licensing of intangible assets.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, interest expense was approximately \$2.0 million as compared to \$3.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was comprised of interest associated with debt of approximately \$0.7 million; the amortization of the deferred costs associated with debt of approximately \$1.3 million; the amortization of the debt discount associated with debt of \$25 thousand; and other expenses of approximately \$2 thousand. Interest expense for 2007 consisted of interest expense associated with debt of approximately \$418 thousand; and the amortization of the debt discount associated with the debt of approximately \$1.9 million. The majority of the decrease in interest expense in 2008 as compared to 2007 was a reduction in the amortization of debt discount associated with debt of \$1.9 million offset by an increase in the amortization of deferred costs associated with debt of \$0.9 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the change in the derivative liability was \$0 compared to a loss of approximately \$853 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2007. The loss on extinguishment of debt was \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to a loss of \$10.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. Other income for the year ended December 31, 2008 was approximately \$400 thousand which consisted of interest income of approximately \$11 thousand; approximately \$18 thousand of income from equipment salvage; gain on the license of intangibles of \$557 thousand; and offset by approximately \$186 thousand of liquidated damages expense related to registration payment arrangements as compared to approximately \$815 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2007 which consisted of interest income of approximately \$43 thousand, a gain on the license of intangible assets of \$869 thousand, offset by a write-off of a miscellaneous receivable of \$103 thousand, and other income of \$7 thousand.

Year Ended December 31, 2007 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2006

Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately \$9.4 million to a total of approximately \$17.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from approximately \$8.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2006, representing an increase of 115%. This increase was due to increased microdisplay demand and increased production capabilities. Contract revenue increased approximately \$1.2 million while our product revenue increased approximately \$8.2 million. Average price per unit for microdisplays was \$371 in 2007 and \$386 in 2006.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold includes direct and indirect costs associated with production of our products. Cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$12.6 million and \$11.4, respectively, an increase of \$1.3 million. The increase included an inventory write-off of approximately \$0.4 million and an increase in our warranty return reserve of approximately \$0.6 million, both related to a non-recurring production issue that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2007. The non-recurring production issue involved changing a production procedure without adequate testing prior to implementation. The Company has taken steps to ensure any procedural changes in the production process will be thoroughly tested prior to implementation.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenues improved from 139% in 2006 to 72% in 2007. Cost of goods is comprised primarily of material and labor cost. The labor portion of cost of goods is mostly fixed. Increased volume results in a lower cost of goods sold percentage. The improvement in cost of goods sold in 2007 was due primarily to both a streamlining of the Company's workforce in mid-2006 that had a significant full year effect on the fixed portion of cost of goods sold in 2007 and the effect of the revenue increase.

The gross profit was approximately \$4.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the gross loss was approximately (\$3.2) million for the year ended December 31, 2006. The gross margin was 28% for the year ended December 31, 2007 as compared to the gross loss of (39%) for the year ended December 31, 2006. The gross margin improvement was attributed to fuller utilization of our fixed production overhead due to higher unit production volume.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses included salaries, development materials and other costs specifically allocated to the development of new microdisplay products, OLED materials and subsystems. Research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2007 were approximately \$2.9 million as compared to approximately \$4.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in research and development personnel and related expenses.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses for employees in the functional areas of business development, finance, information technology, quality assurance and other corporate expenses. This includes fees for professional services, such as audit and legal fees associated with audit, SEC filings, and other public company related matters, as well as other marketing and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$2.3 million to a total of approximately \$6.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 from \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses was due primarily to a reduction of personnel and related expenses and a decrease in marketing expenses.

Other (Expense) Income

Other (expense) income, net consists primarily of interest income earned on investments, interest expense related to the secured debt, loss from the change in the derivative liability, loss on the extinguishment of debt and other income from the licensing of intangible assets.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, interest expense was approximately \$3.1 million as compared to \$1.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. Interest expense for 2007 consisted of interest expense associated with debt of approximately \$744 thousand; the amortization of the deferred costs associated with debt of approximately \$418 thousand; and the amortization of the debt discount associated with the debt of approximately \$1.9 million. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2006 was comprised of interest associated with debt of approximately \$124 thousand; the amortization of the deferred costs associated with the notes payable of approximately \$221 thousand; and the amortization of the debt discount associated with the debt of approximately \$956 thousand. The increase of \$1.8 million of interest expense in 2007 as compared to 2006 was comprised of an increase in the interest expense associated with debt of \$0.6 million, an increase in the amortization of deferred costs associated with debt of \$0.2 million and an increase in the amortization of the debt discount associated with debt of \$0.9 million and was a result of higher debt balances in 2007.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, the change in the derivative liability was a loss of approximately \$853 thousand as compared to a gain of approximately \$2.4 million ended December 31, 2006. The loss on extinguishment of debt was \$10.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2007 as compared to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Other income for the year ended December 31, 2007 was approximately \$815 thousand which consisted of interest income of approximately \$43 thousand, a gain on the license of intangible assets of \$869 thousand, offset by a write-off of a miscellaneous receivable of \$103 thousand, and other income of \$7 thousand as compared to \$91 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2009, we had approximately \$3.7 million of cash and investments as compared to \$2.4 million as of December 31, 2008. The change in cash and investments was primarily due to cash provided by operations of approximately \$3.5 million offset by cash used for financing and investing activities of approximately \$2.2 million.

Sources and Uses of Cash

	Year ended December 31,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2008	2007	2006	2009	2008		
Cash flow data:				(unaud	ited)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 138	\$ (1,943)	\$ (10,389)	\$ 3,451	\$ (1,908)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(311)	61	(257)	(492)	(236)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,864	1,180	5,334	(1,654)	2,703		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,691	(702)	(5,312)	1,305	559		

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Cash and cash equivalents, beginning					
of period	713	1,415	6,727	2,404	713
Cash and cash equivalents, end of					
period	\$ 2,404	\$ 713	\$ 1,415	\$ 3,709	\$ 1,272

Cash flow provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$3.5 million, attributable to our net income of approximately \$2.9 million, non-cash expenses of \$1.1 million offset by approximately \$0.6 million from the change in operating assets and liabilities. Cash flow used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was approximately \$1.9 million primarily attributable to our net loss of \$2.4 million and an increase in accounts receivable of \$1.9 million offset by non-cash expenses of \$2.5 million.

Cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$492 thousand and \$236 thousand, respectively, used for equipment purchases.

Cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$1.7 million to pay down the line of credit. Cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was approximately \$2.7 million and was comprised of approximately \$1.6 million from the sale of common stock, \$1.8 million from the line of credit, and offset by payments on debt of \$0.7 million.

Working Capital and Capital Expenditure Needs

As we have reported, our business continues to experience revenue growth. This trend, if it continues, may result in higher accounts receivable levels and may require increased production and/or higher inventory levels. We anticipate that our cash needs to fund these requirements as well as other operating or investing cash requirements over the next twelve months will be less than our current cash on hand and the cash we anticipate generating from operations. We anticipate that we will not require additional funds over the next twelve months other than perhaps for discretionary capital spending. If unanticipated events arise during the next twelve months, we believe we can raise sufficient funds. However, if we are unable to obtain sufficient funds, we may further reduce the size of our organization and/or be forced to reduce and/or curtail our production and operations, all of which could have a material adverse impact on our business prospects.

Contractual Obligations

The following chart describes the outstanding contractual obligations of eMagin as of November 11, 2009 (in thousands):

	Payments due by period						
	Total	1	l Year	2-3	3 Years	4-	5 Years
Operating lease obligations	\$ 5,104	\$	1,093	\$	2,262	\$	1,749
Line of credit	50		50		_	_	_
Purchase obligations (a)	2,595		2,595		_	_	_
Other long-term liabilities (b)	625		125		250		250
Total	\$ 8,374	\$	3,863	\$	2,512	\$	1,999

- (a) The majority of purchase orders outstanding contain no cancellation fees except for minor re-stocking fees.
- (b) This amount represents minimum royalty payments.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures.

Effect of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") became the single source of authoritative nongovernmental U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") except for additional authoritative rules and interpretive releases issued by the SEC. The Codification did not create any new GAAP standards but incorporated existing accounting and reporting standards into a new topical structure with a new referencing system to identify authoritative accounting standards, replacing the prior references to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS"), Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF"), FASB Staff Position ("FSP"), etc. Authoritative standards included in the Codification are designated by their ASC topical reference, and new standards will be designated as Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU"), with a year and assigned sequence number. Beginning with the interim report for the quarter ended September 30, 2009, the Company adopted the Codification and it had no effect on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows .

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Rate Risk. We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchanges rates.

Interest Rate Risk. We hold our assets in cash and cash equivalents. We do not hold derivative financial instruments or equity securities.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk. Our revenue and expenses are denominated in U.S. dollars. We have conducted some transactions in foreign currencies and expect to continue to do so; we do not anticipate that foreign exchange gains or losses will be significant. We have not engaged in foreign currency hedging to date.

Our international business is subject to risks typical of international activity, including, but not limited to, differing economic conditions; change in political climates; differing tax structures; and other regulations and restrictions. Accordingly, our future results could be impacted by changes in these or other factors.

BUSINESS

Recent Developments

We have entered into an agreement effective as of September 1, 2009 (the "Agreement"), with Access Business Finance, LLC ("Access") pursuant to which we may borrow an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000. The Agreement provides that from time to time we may request advances in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) Borrowing Base less the Availability Reserves and (ii) the Maximum Amount. The interest on the notes is equal to the Prime Rate plus 4.00% but may not be less than 7.25%. The term of the Agreement is for one year and will automatically renew for successive one year terms unless, at least 60 days' prior to the end of the current term, we give Access prior written notice of our intent not to renew or if Access, at least ten days prior to the end of the current term, gives us written notice of its intent not to renew. Our obligations under the Agreement are secured by our assets.

As previously reported on a Form 8-K that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2008, pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") entered into on December 18, 2008 between the Company and Stillwater on December 22, 2008 (the "Closing"), the Company sold Stillwater for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,033,000 an aggregate of 4,033 shares of its Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"), which have a stated value of \$1,000 per share, a conversion price of \$0.75 per share and have the rights and preferences set forth in the Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock filed with the Secretary of State for the State of Delaware on December 19, 2008 (the "Certificate of Designations"), and warrants to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share (the "Warrants"). The Warrants terminate on December 22, 2013.

Pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Preferred Stock exclusively to repay \$4,033,000 of its Amended and Restated 8% Senior Secured Convertible Notes (the "Notes") which matured on December 22, 2008.

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the members of the Company's board of directors, and certain executive officers executed lockup agreements pursuant to which, subject to the terms of the lockup agreement, they were restricted from selling the Company's stock that they beneficially own for 180 days from the Closing.

On December 18, 2008, the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with three holders ("Holders") of its outstanding Notes. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, on December 22, 2008, the Holders exchanged \$1,700,000 of their outstanding Notes and accrued and unpaid interest thereon and received 1,706 shares of the Preferred Stock (the amount of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on the Notes exchanged divided by \$1,000).

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company filed the Certificate of Designations with the State of Delaware on December 19, 2008. The Certificate of Designations designates 10,000 shares of its Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock has a stated value of \$1,000 and has a conversion price of \$0.75 per share. The Preferred Stock does not pay interest. The holders of the Preferred Stock are not entitled to receive dividends unless the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend for holders of its common stock and then the dividend shall be equal to the amount that such holder would have been entitled to receive if the holder converted its Preferred Stock into shares of its common stock. Each share of Preferred Stock has voting rights equal to (i) the number of shares of its common stock issuable upon conversion of such shares of Preferred Stock at such time (determined without regard to the shares of common stock so issuable upon such conversion in respect of accrued and unpaid dividends on such share of Preferred Stock) when the Preferred Stock votes together with its common stock or any other class or series of its stock and (ii) one vote per share of Preferred Stock when such vote is not covered by the immediately preceding clause. The Company may at its option redeem the Preferred Stock by providing the required notice to the holders of the Preferred Stock and paying an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of shares for all of

such holder's shares of outstanding Preferred Stock to be redeemed.

The Company also entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with Stillwater to register for resale the shares of the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Stock sold in the offering and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants. Subject to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company is required to file a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") within 30 days following the date that the Company is permitted to file a registration statement by (i) the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and (ii) the agreements set forth on Schedule B to the Registration Rights Agreement, which as of the date of the Exchange Agreement, December 22, 2008 prohibits the Company from filing the initial Registration Statement until certain other registration statements are filed which as of November 11, 2009 have not been completed. After filing the Registration Statement, the Company is to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, (the "Act") as promptly as possible after the filing thereof, but in no event later than 90 days after the filing date (or no later than 120 days after the filing date in the event of SEC "full review" of the Registration Statement). The Holders of Notes that exchanged their Notes pursuant to the Exchange Agreement received the same registration rights as Stillwater.

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company claims an exemption from the registration requirements of the Act for the private placement of these securities pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder since, among other things, the transaction did not involve a public offering, the investors were accredited investors and/or qualified institutional buyers, the investors had access to information about the Company and their investment, the investors took the securities for investment and not resale, and the Company took appropriate measures to restrict the transfer of the securities.

Securities Purchase Agreement – April 2008

On April 2, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which it sold to certain qualified institutional buyers and accredited investors (the "Investors") an aggregate of 1,586,539 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Shares"), and warrants to purchase an additional 793,273 shares of common stock, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,650,000. The purchase price of the common stock was \$1.04 per share and the strike price of the corresponding warrant was \$1.30 per share. The warrants have been repriced to \$1.13 as of December 22, 2008. The warrants expire April 2, 2013.

The Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with the Investors to register for resale the Shares sold in the offering and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants. Subject to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company is required to file a registration statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") within 45 days of the closing, to use its best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") as promptly as possible after the filing thereof, but in no event later than 90 days after the filing date and no later than 120 days after the filing date in the event of SEC review of the registration statement.

If the registration statement is not effective within the grace periods ("Event Date"), or the Company cannot maintain its effectiveness ("Event Date"). the Company must pay partial liquidated damages ("damages") in cash to each Investor equal to 2% of the aggregate purchase price paid by each Investor under the Purchase Agreement on the Event Date and each monthly anniversary of the Event Date (or on a pro-rata basis for any portion of a month) until the registration statement is effective. The Company is not liable for any damages with respect to the registration of the warrants or warrant shares. The maximum damages payable to each Investor is 36% of the aggregate purchase price. If the Company fails to pay the damages to the Investors within 7 days after the date payable, the Company must pay interest at a rate of 15% per annum to each Investor which accrues daily from the date payable until damages are paid in full.

The Company accounted for the registration payment arrangement under the guidance of EITF 00-19-2, "Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements", ("EITF 00-19-2") which requires the contingent obligation to make future payments be recognized and measured in accordance with FASB Statement No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies", ("Statement 5") and FASB Interpretation No. 14, "Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss", ("Interpretation 14"). The Company estimated \$399 thousand to be the maximum potential damages that the Company may be required to pay the Investors if the registration statement is not effective within three years of the signing of the agreement. The Company estimated \$186 thousand to be a reasonable estimate of the potential damages that may be due to the Investors based on the anticipated filing date. As a result, the Company recorded a liability of \$186 thousand in the December 31, 2008 consolidated balance sheets and the associated expense in other income (expense) in the consolidated statements of operations for the period ended December 31, 2008.

The Company claims an exemption from the registration requirements of the Act for the private placement of these securities pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder since, among other things, the transaction did not involve a public offering, the investors were accredited investors and/or qualified institutional buyers, the investors had access to information about the company and their investment, the investors took the securities for investment and not resale, and the Company took appropriate measures to restrict the transfer of the securities.

This prospectus covers the resale of the 312,502 shares of common stock underlying the Warrants.

Moriah Capital Loan Agreement and Amendments

As previously reported on a Form 8-K that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 10, 2007, the Company and Moriah Capital LP ("Moriah") entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of August 7, 2007 (the "Loan and Security Agreement"), which was amended as of January 30, 2008 by Amendment No. 1 and on March 18, 2008 by Amendment No. 2 (collectively, the "Original Agreement").

As previously reported on a Form 8-K that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 26, 2008, the Company and Moriah entered into Amendment No. 3 to the Loan and Security Agreement dated August 20, 2008 (the "Amendment No. 3"). Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company issued Moriah an Amended and Restated Convertible Revolving Loan Note (the "Amended Note"). The maturity date of the Amended Note was extended to August 7, 2009 and the maximum amount that the Company can borrow pursuant to the Amended Note was increased to \$3,000,000. The maturity date of the original revolving loan note had previously been extended to August 20, 2008. On August 7, 2009, the maturity date of the Amended Note, the Company repaid the outstanding balance owed on the Amended Note and elected not to renew the Amended Note.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company issued Moriah a warrant, which terminates on August 7, 2013, to purchase up to 370,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share. In connection with Amendment No 3, the Company paid Moriah \$85,000 in fees. As previously reported, pursuant to the Original Agreement, the Company issued Moriah warrants to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company and Moriah entered into an Amended and Restated Securities Issuance agreement (the "Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement"). In connection with a Securities Issuance Agreement, dated as of August 7, 2007 (the "Original Securities Issuance Agreement"), the Company issued Moriah 162,500 shares of the Company's common stock (the "2007 Shares"). Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, Moriah agreed to waive the Company's obligation to buy back the 2007 Shares with respect to 125,000 of such shares and to defer the Company's obligation to buy back 37,500 of such 2007 Shares (collectively, the "Put Waiver"). Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Agreement, the Company is issuing Moriah 485,000 shares of its Common Stock (of which 125,000 shares were issued in consideration for the Put Waiver from Moriah and 360,000 shares were issued in lieu of the issuance to Moriah of the Contingent Issued Shares (as described in the Original Securities Issuance Agreement)). Additionally, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, the Company has also granted Moriah a put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell to the Company 162,500 shares of its common stock issued under the Amended and Restated Securities Agreement for \$195,000, pro-rated for any portion thereof (the "2007 Put Price"). The 2007 Put Option shall automatically be deemed exercised by Moriah unless Moriah delivers written notice to the Company at any time between July 1, 2009 and August 1, 2009 that it does not wish to exercise the 2007 Put Option. The Company also granted Moriah a second put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell 360,000 of the shares issued to Moriah pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Purchase Agreement to the Company for \$234,000 (the "2008 Put Option"). The 2008 Put Option shall automatically be deemed exercised by Moriah unless Moriah delivers written notice to the Company at any time between July 1, 2009 and August 1, 2009 that Moriah does not wish to exercise the 2008 Put option in whole or in part. Moriah elected not to exercise its put options as a result the put options expired on August 7, 2009.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company and Moriah entered into an Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement (the "Amended Registration Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Amended Registration Rights Agreement, the Company agreed to use its best efforts to file a registration statement to register the 485,000 shares of the Company's common stock issued pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrant, provided that the Company is permitted under applicable securities rules and regulations and after the certain other registration statements that the Company was obligated to file on behalf of selling shareholders have been declared effective.

On August 19, 2008, the Holders of the Amended Notes and the Investors in the Purchase Agreement consented to the Company's execution of the Amended Note, Amendment No. 3, Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, and the Amended Registration Rights Agreement. In consideration for the consent, a total of 144,000 shares of common stock were issued to the Holders and Investors based on individual participation in the Amended Notes and Securities Purchase Agreement on September 4, 2008.

The Company claims an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, amended (the "Act") for the private placement of the above-referenced securities pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Act since, among other things, these transactions did not involve a public offering and the Company took appropriate measures to restrict the transfer of the securities.

The foregoing description of Amendment No. 3 to the Loan and Security Agreement, the Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Note, the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, and the Amendment to the Registration Rights Agreement does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the entire text of the agreements.

This prospectus covers the resale of the 1,370,000 shares of common stock underlying the Warrants.

General

eMagin Corporation ("eMagin, "we," "our," or "us,") is a leader in OLED (organic light emitting diode) technology. We design, develop, manufacture, and market OLED on silicon microdisplays, virtual imaging products which utilize OLED microdisplays, and related products. We also perform research in the OLED field. Our virtual imaging products integrate OLED technology with silicon chips to produce high-resolution microdisplays smaller than one-inch diagonally which, when viewed through a magnifier, create virtual images that appear comparable in size to that of a computer monitor or a large-screen television. Our products enable our original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") customers to develop and market improved or new electronic products. We believe that virtual imaging will become an important way for increasingly mobile people to have quick access to high resolution data, work, and experience new more immersive forms of communications and entertainment.

We believe our OLED microdisplays offer a number of significant advantages over the more widely used liquid crystal displays, including greatly increased power efficiency, less weight, and wider viewing angles. Using our active matrix OLED technology, many computer and electronic system functions can be built directly into the OLED microdisplay, resulting in compact, high resolution, power efficient systems. We have developed our own intellectual property and accumulated over 6 years of manufacturing know-how to create high performance OLED microdisplays.

As the first to exploit OLED technology for microdisplays, and with the support of our partners and the development of our intellectual property, we believe that we enjoy a significant advantage in the commercialization of microdisplays for virtual imaging. We believe we are currently the only company to sell active matrix small molecule OLED-on-silicon microdisplays.

eMagin Corporation was created through the merger of Fashion Dynamics Corporation ("FDC"), which was organized on January 23, 1996 under the laws of the State of Nevada and FED Corporation ("FED"), a developer and manufacturer of optical systems and microdisplays for use in the electronics industry. Simultaneous with this merger, we changed our name to eMagin Corporation. eMagin is incorporated in the state of Delaware.

We derive the majority of our revenue from sales of our OLED microdisplay products. We also generate revenue from sales of optics, microdisplays combined with optics ("microviewers"), and virtual imaging systems (primarily our Z800 3DVisor TM). In addition we earn revenue from non-recurring engineering ("NRE") projects and under government contracts that support some of our research and development programs.

Using our active matrix OLED technology, many computer and video electronic system functions can be built directly into the OLED microdisplay, resulting in compact systems with expected lower overall system costs relative to alternative microdisplay technologies. Already proven in commercialized military and commercial systems, our portfolio of OLED microdisplays deliver high-resolution, flicker-free virtual images, working effectively even in extreme temperatures and high-vibration conditions with greatly increased system level power efficiency, less weight and wider viewing angles.

Our Technology Platforms

Small Molecule, Top-Emitting Active Matrix OLED Technology

There are two basic classes of OLED technology, dubbed single molecule or small molecule (monomer) and polymer. Our microdisplays are currently based upon active matrix small molecule OLED technology, which we refer to as active matrix OLED ("AMOLED") because we build the displays directly on silicon chips. Our AMOLED technology uniquely permits millions of individual low-voltage light sources to be built on low-cost, silicon computer chips to produce single color, white or full-color display arrays. AMOLED microdisplays offer a number of advantages over current liquid crystal microdisplays, including lower power requirements, less weight and wider viewing angles. Using our OLED technology, many computer and video electronic system functions can be built directly into the silicon chip, under the OLED film, resulting in very compact, integrated systems with lowered overall system costs relative to alternative technologies.

OLEDs are thin films of stable organic materials that emit light of various colors when a voltage is impressed across them. OLEDs are emissive devices, which mean they create their own light, as opposed to liquid crystal displays, which require a separate light source. As a result, OLED devices use less power and can be capable of higher brightness and fuller color than liquid crystal microdisplays. Because the light they emit is Lambertian, which means that it appears equally bright from most forward directions, a moderate movement in the eye does not change the image brightness or color as it does in other technologies.

We have developed numerous and significant enhancements to OLED technology as well as key silicon circuit designs to effectively incorporate the OLED film on a silicon integrated circuit. For example, we have developed a unique, top-emitting structure for our OLED devices that enables OLED displays to be built on opaque silicon integrated circuits rather than only on glass. Our OLED devices emit full visible spectrum light that is isolated with color filters to create full color images. Our microdisplays have a brightness that can be greater than that of a typical notebook computer and can have a potential useful life of over 50,000 operating hours, in certain applications. New materials and device improvements, such as our recently developed OLED-XL technology, offer potential for even better performance for brightness, efficiency, and lifespan. In addition to our active matrix OLED technology, we

have developed compact optic and lens enhancements which, when coupled with the microdisplay, provide the high quality large screen appearance that we believe a large proportion of the marketplace demands.

We believe that our AMOLED technology provides significant advantages over other microdisplay technologies in our targeted microdisplay markets. We believe these key advantages include:

- · Low power consumption for improved battery life and longer system life;
- · High-speed performance resulting in clear video images;
- · Wide angle light emission resulting in large apparent screen size;
- · Wide operating temperature range;
- · Good environmental stability (vibration and humidity);
- · Low manufacturing cost; and
- · Low cost system solutions.

Prism Optics

High quality, large view lenses with a wide range for eye positioning are essential for using our displays in near-eye systems. We have developed advanced molded plastic prism lenses which permit our AMOLED microdisplays to provide large field of view images that can be viewed for extended periods with reduced eye-fatigue. We have engaged a firm to manufacture our lenses in order to provide them in larger quantities to our customers and are using them in our own Z800 3DVisor personal display systems.

Our Market Opportunities

The growth potential of our selected target market segments have been investigated using information gathered from key industry market research firms, including DisplaySearch, Frost and Sullivan, Fuji-Chimera, McLaughlin Group, Nikkei, and others. Such data was obtained using published reports and data obtained at industry symposia. We have also relied substantially on market projections obtained privately from industry leaders, industry analysts, and current and potential customers.

Most markets involve near-eye imaging applications for products such as viewfinders, such as for digital cameras, or for head-wearable displays. These near-to-eye viewing products have been recently characterized by the McLaughlin Consulting Group as the Personal Viewer Market. The McLaughlin Group forecasts the total Personal Viewer Market to reach as much as 16.0 million units and \$5.7 billion in revenue by 2012.

Head-wearable display products incorporate microdisplays mounted in or on eyeglasses, goggles, simple headbands, helmets, or hardhats, and are often referred to as head-mounted displays (HMDs) or headsets. Head-wearable displays may block out surroundings for a fully immersive experience, or be designed as "see-through" or "see-around" to the user's surroundings. They may contain one (monocular) or two (binocular) displays. Some of the increased current interest is due to accelerating the timetable to adapt such systems to military applications such as night vision and fire and rescue applications. The virtual-imaging markets we are targeting broadly fall into the categories of military, industrial/medical, and consumer though many products serve multiple markets ("dual use"). Within each of these market sectors, we believe that our OLED microdisplays, when combined with compact optic lenses, will become a key component for a number of mobile electronic products.

Military/First Responder

Properly implemented, we believe that head-mounted systems incorporating our microdisplays increases effectiveness by allowing hands-free operation and increasing situational awareness with enough brightness to be used in daylight, yet controllable for nighttime light security. As a COTS (commercial off the shelf) component, OLED microdisplays intrinsically demonstrate performance characteristics important to military and other demanding commercial and industrial applications, including high contrast, wide dimming range, shock and vibration resistance and insensitivity to high G-forces. The image does not suffer from flicker or color breakup in vibrating environments, and the

microdisplay's wide viewing angle allows ease of viewing for long periods of time. Most importantly, our OLED's very low power consumption reduces battery weight and increases allowed mission length. The OLED's inherent wide temperature range is especially of interest for military applications because the display can turn on instantly at temperatures far below freezing and can operate at very high temperatures in desert conditions. Our recently announced SXGA OLED-XLTM microdisplay provides power advantages over other microdisplay technologies, particularly liquid crystal displays which require backlights and heaters and cannot provide instant-on capabilities at low temperatures.

Our products' military applications primarily fall into three broad areas: (1) helmet-mounted displays for situational awareness and data, (2) night vision/thermal imaging goggles and viewers, and (3) training and simulation devices. Similar systems are of interest for other military applications as well as for demanding operations such as urban security, homeland defense, fire and rescue.

Situational Awareness. Situational awareness products include head mounted displays which are used to display mapping, logistics and status and handheld imagers for border patrol and training. In certain situations these products are combined with a weapon system in order to give the user the capability of selecting targets without direct exposure. Our OLED microdisplays have already been commercially implemented into a number of military situational awareness programs including: US Army Land Warrior Program, U.S. Army Mounted Warrior Program, US Army Remote Viewer Program, Felin Fantassin à Equipements et Liaisons Intégrés Program (French Infantryman with Networked Equipment), and Israeli Advanced Integrated Soldier System, among others.

Night Vision/Thermal Imaging. Night Vision Goggles allow the user to see in low light conditions. The most modern versions usually include two different technologies: infrared/thermal, and image intensification. Third and fourth generation military devices usually use some combination of the two modes. Thermal imagers detect infrared energy (heat) and convert it into an electronic signal. The resulting signal needs to be presented on a display. Heat sensed by an infrared camera can be very precisely quantified, or measured, allowing the user to not only monitor thermal performance, but also identify and evaluate the relative severity of heat-related problems. Thermal imaging systems can be stand-alone handheld systems or integrated as part of the aiming mechanism for a larger system. Our OLED microdisplays are typically targeted to uncooled systems, as opposed to systems that require external cooling in order to increase their sensitivity. Advances in sensor technology, both in sensitivity and resolution as well as economic efficiency, have been driving factors in the adoption of thermal technologies for military applications. The power efficiency and environmental ruggedness of our products are strong competitive advantages, particularly in these small hand-held non-cooled systems.

Training and Simulation. Our OLED microdisplays and our Z800 3DVisor have been acquired by OEMs for use with their simulation and training products. The Z800's capability to integrate 360 degree head tracking and stereo vision, as well as its wide field of view are attractive attributes for any simulation or virtual reality system. Examples of commercialized training and simulation products include: Quantum 3D Expedition System, NVIS Virtual Binocular SSV, and Virtually Better's Virtual Iraq.

Military Market Size. The McLaughlin Group reports that in 2012 sales of thermal weapons sights are forecast to reach \$525M and sales of enhanced night vision systems are projected to reach \$1.75B, propelled by both higher volumes and higher prices for added capabilities of color, higher resolution, and digital connectivity. Sales of helmet-mounted personal viewers for situational awareness are forecast to reach \$330M in 2012, with growth resulting from higher definition and color displays, Our displays have already been commercialized for situational awareness and night vision/thermal imaging applications by military systems integrators including Elbit, Insight Technologies, Intevac Vision Systems, Nivisys, Oasys Technology, Qioptiq, Rockwell Collins, Saab, Sagem, and Thales, among many others. Night Vision Equipment Corporation's HelmetIR-50TM, a lightweight, military helmet mounted thermal imager, which provides hands-free operation and allows viewers to see through total darkness, battlefield obscurants, and even foliage, is the first OLED-equipped product to be listed on the US Government's GSA schedule. Similar systems are of interest for other military applications as well as for related operations such as urban security, fire and rescue.

Commercial, Industrial, and Medical

We believe that a wide variety of commercial and industrial markets offer significant opportunities due to increasing demand for instant data accessibility in mobile workplaces. Some examples of potential microdisplay applications include: immediate access to inventory such as parts, tools and equipment availability; instant accessibility to maintenance or construction manuals; routine quality assurance inspection; endoscopic surgery; and real-time viewing of images and data for a variety of applications. As one potential example, a user wearing a HMD while using test equipment, such as oscilloscopes, can view technical data while simultaneously probing printed circuit boards. Current commercial products equipped with our OLED microdisplays in these sectors include those produced by Liteye, FLIR Systems, NordicNeuroLab, VRmagic GmbH, Sensics, and Total Fire Group, among others.

Consumer

We believe that the most significant driver of the longer term near-eye virtual imaging microdisplay market is growing consumer demand for mobile access to larger volumes of information and entertainment in smaller packages. This desire for mobility has resulted in the development of mobile video Personal Viewer products in two general categories: (i) an established market for electronic viewers incorporated in products such as viewfinders for digital cameras and video cameras which may potentially also be developed as personal viewers for cell phones and (ii) an emerging market for headset-application platforms which include accessories for mobile devices, portable DVD systems, electronic games, and other entertainment, and wearable computers.

As our OLED displays are manufactured in increasingly higher volumes at reduced costs, we believe that our OLED microdisplay products will be increasingly well positioned to compete with and displace liquid crystal displays in the rapidly growing consumer market as demand for higher-resolution, and better image quality evolves to meet the wish for more sophisticated Personal Viewers. Examples of potential applications for mobile Personal Viewers include handheld personal computers and mobile devices (such as smartphones, iPodsTM), whose small, direct view screens are often limitations, but which are now capable of running software applications that would benefit from a larger display accessory and entertainment and gaming video headset systems, which permit individuals to privately view television, including HDTV, video CDs, DVDs and video games on virtual large screens or stereovision.

Our Products

Our commercial microdisplay products based on our SVGA series OLED microdisplays, first introduced in 2001, have received award recognition including: SID Display of the Year and Electronic Products Magazine Product of the Year. In 2008 we introduced engineering samples of our SXGA OLED microdisplays. We are in the process of completing development of the SVGA 3DS (SVGA 3D shrink, a smaller format SVGA display with new cell architecture with embedded features). In 2006 we introduced our OLED-XL technology, which provides longer luminance half life and enhanced efficiency for all of our microdisplay product lines. These OLED and OLED-XL products are being applied or considered for near-eye and headset applications in products to be manufactured by OEM customers for a wide variety of military, medical, industrial, and consumer applications. We offer our products to OEMs and other buyers as both separate components, integrated bundles coupled with our own optics, or full systems. We also offer engineering support to enable customers to quickly integrate our products into their own product development programs and offer design of customized displays with resolutions or features to meet special customer requirements.

SVGA+ OLED Microdisplay Series (Super Video Graphics Array of 800x600 plus 52 added columns of data). Our 0.62 inch diagonal SVGA+ OLED microdisplays have a resolution of 852x600 triad pixels (1.53 million picture elements). The product was dubbed "SVGA+" because it has 52 more display columns than a standard SVGA display, permitting users to run either (1) standard SVGA (800 x 600 pixels) to interface to the analog output of many portable computers or (2) 852 x 480, using all the data available from a DVD player in a 16:9 wide screen entertainment format. The display also has an internal NTSC monochrome video decoder for low power night vision systems. SVGA+ Rev3 OLED-XL microdisplay, the most power efficient OLED solution for near-eye personal viewer applications, uses less than 115 mW power in monochrome, such as for thermal imaging applications, and lower than 175 mW at 400 cd/m2 for full color video. This new microdisplay has simpler calibration over temperature and is ideal for demanding binocular luminance and color matching. It also shares all the functional and design characteristics of eMagin's original SVGA OLEDs, responding instantly at temperatures as low as -40 degrees C.

SVGA-3D OLED Microdisplay (Super Video Graphics Array plus built-in stereovision capability). Our 0.59 inch diagonal SVGA-3D OLED microdisplays have a resolution of 800x600 triad pixels (1.44 million picture elements). A built-in circuit provides compatibility with single channel frame sequential stereoscopic vision without additional external components. The SVGA-3D OLED-XL is primarily used as components of our Z800 3DVisor.

SXGA OLED-XL (Super eXtended Graphics Array, 1280 x 1024). Our SXGA OLED microdisplay with 0.77 inch diagonal active area provides 3,932,160 sub-pixels in an active area that is only 26% larger than our SVGA+ microdisplay. The 1280 x 1024 triad pixel array comprises triads of vertical sub-pixels stacked side by side to make up each 12 x 12mm color pixel. The SXGA OLED-XL microdisplay offers both analog and digital signal processing, requiring less than 200mW under typical operation. The new SXGA microdisplays provide versatility and flexibility for OEM developers though a FPGA driver design available on a separate, lower power driver board, or as source code for integration into end product electronics for maximum power efficiency. The supported video formats are SXGA, 720p, DVGA (through 1280 x 960 pixel doubling, and both frame sequential and field sequential stereovision. Additional enhancements include increased pixel uniformity, improved color gamut, on-chip temperature sensor and compensation, and compatibility with both analog RGB and digital video signals. On-board circuitry ensures consistent color and brightness over a wide range of operating temperatures.

Lens and Design Reference Kit s. We offer a WF05 prism optic, with mounting brackets or combined with OLED microdisplays to form an optic-display module. We provide Design Reference Kits, which include a microdisplay and associated electronics to help OEMs evaluate our microdisplay products and to assist their efforts to build and test new products incorporating our microdisplays.

Integrated Modules. We provide near-eye virtual imaging modules that incorporate our OLED-on-silicon microdisplays with our lenses and electronic interfaces for integration into OEM products. We have shipped customized modules to several customers, some of which have incorporated our products into their own commercial products.

Z800 3DVisorTM Our Z800 3DVisorsTM give users the ability to work with their hands while simultaneously viewing information or video on the display. The Z800 3DVisor enables more versatile portable computing, using a 0.59-inch diagonal microdisplay (SVGA-3D capable of delivering an image that appears comparable to that of a 19-inch monitor at 22 to 24 inches from the eye, or a 105 inch movie screen at 12 foot distance.) Our systems are currently being used for personal entertainment, electronic gaming, and military training and simulation, among other applications. This product has received industry recognition including: Digital Living Class 2005 Innovators, Consumer Electronics Association's Consumer Electronics Show (CES) 2006 Best of Innovation Awards for the entire display category as well as a Design and Innovations Award for the electronic gaming category, and, was recognized as one of Advanced Imaging's Solutions of the Year, as integrated in Chatten Associates' head-aimed remote viewer. We sell the Z800 3DVisor to individual buyers, OEM systems and equipment customers, through distributors, and through our e-commerce website, www.3dvisor.com. The contents of our e-commerce website are not part of this Report.

Government Contract Funding

We derive a portion of our revenue from funding that we receive pursuant to research contracts or subcontracts funded by various agencies of the U.S. Government. The revenue that we recognize from these contracts represents reimbursement by various U.S. Government entities. Our recent contracts have been awarded for development of power efficient microdisplay for US Army Night Vision, development of ultra-high resolution display for US Army telemedicine, and development of display technology for US Navy aircraft. Our government contracts require us to conduct the research effort described in the statement of work section of the contract. These contracts may be modified or terminated at the discretion of the government and typically are subject to appropriation and allocation of the required funding on an annual basis. On contracts for which we are the prime contractor, we subcontract portions of the work to various entities and institutions.

Our Strategy

Our strategy is to strengthen our leadership position as a worldwide supplier of microdisplays and virtual imaging technology solutions for applications in high growth segments of the electronics industry by capitalizing on our experience and expertise in active matrix OLED technology. We aim to provide microdisplay and complementary accessories to enable OEM customers to develop and manufacture new and enhanced electronic products. Some key elements of our strategy to achieve these objectives include the following:

- Strengthen our technology leadership. As the first to exploit AMOLED microdisplays, we believe that we enjoy a significant advantage in bringing this technology to market. By continuing to invest in research and development, and protecting our intellectual property, we expect to further develop performance improvements and provide a competitive edge for our customers who integrate our displays into their end products.
- Optimize microdisplay manufacturing efficiencies while protecting proprietary processes. We intend to reduce our production costs primarily through increasing manufacturing yield and lowering fixed costs through reduced cycle time and increased automation, as well as equipment upgrades. We outsource certain portions of microdisplay production, such as chip fabrication, to minimize both our costs and time to market. We intend to retain the OLED-related processes in-house, where we have a core competency and manufacturing expertise. We also believe that by keeping these processes under tight control we can better protect our proprietary technology and process know-how. This strategy will also enhance our ability to continue to optimize and customize processes and devices to meet customer needs.
- Build and maintain strong design capabilities. We employ in-house design capabilities supplemented by outsourced design services. Building and maintaining this capability will allow us to reduce engineering costs, accelerate the design process and enhance design accuracy to respond to our customers' needs as new markets develop. In addition, we intend to maintain a product design staff capable of rapidly developing prototype products for our customers and strategic partners. Contracting third party design support to meet demand and for specialized design skills will also remain a part of our overall long term strategy.
- Leverage strategic relationships. External relationships play an important role in our research and development efforts. Suppliers, equipment vendors, government organizations, contract research groups, external design companies, customer and corporate partners, consortia, and university relationships all enhance the overall research and development effort and bring us new ideas and solutions. In addition, we participate in industry associations such as Society Information Display, FlexTech Alliance (formerly known as United States Display Consortium), OLED Association, Consumer Electronics Association, and the Association of the United States Army, among others. Furthermore, we have established a CRADA (Cooperative Research and Development Agreement) with the US Army/RDECOM/NVESD for the purpose of evaluating and characterizing new and existing AMOLED microdisplay configurations. We believe that strategic relationships allow us to better determine the demands of the marketplace and, as a

result, allow us to focus our future research and development activities to satisfy our customers' evolving requirements.

Sales and Marketing

We primarily provide our OLED display and optics components for OEMs to incorporate into their branded products and sell through their own well-established distribution channels. We have traditionally marketed and sold our products to customers through targeted selling, promotions, select advertising and attendance at trade shows. We identify companies with end products and applications for which we believe our products will provide a key differentiator. Marketing efforts focus on identifying prospects and communicating the product performance attributes foremost in the minds of purchasing decision-makers. This approach is intended to ensure the highest possible return on investment for our marketing expense.

We market our products in North America, Asia, and Europe directly from our sales office located in our Bellevue, Washington facility. We also have a local sales representative in Japan. We market our Z800 3DVisor through select value-added resellers and on-line through Amazon and our e-commerce site, www.3dvisor.com. We intend to continue to expand our global sales, marketing and distribution capabilities.

An OEM design cycle typically requires between 6 and 36 months, depending on the uniqueness of the market, the complexity of the end product, or in the case of military OEM customers, government procurement schedules. Because our microdisplays are the main functional component that defines many of our customers' end products, we work closely with customers to provide technical assistance throughout the product evaluation and integration process.

Customers

Customers for our products include both large multinational and smaller OEMs. We maintain relationships with OEMs in a diverse range of industries encompassing the military, industrial, medical, and consumer market sectors. During 2008, 61% of our net revenue was to firms based in the United States and 39% was to international firms as compared to 51% domestic revenue and 49% international revenue during 2007. In 2008, we had 10 customers that accounted for more than 63% of our total revenue as compared to 10 customers that accounted for more than 54% of our total revenue in 2007. In 2008, we had 2 customers that accounted for more than 10% of our total revenue as compared to 2007 when we did not have any customers that accounted for more than 10% of our total revenue.

Backlog

As of November 11, 2009, we had a backlog of approximately \$4.6 million for purchases through June 2010. This backlog primarily consists of non-binding purchase orders and purchase agreements but does not include expected revenue from R&D contracts or expected NRE (non-recurring engineering) programs under development.

The majority of our backlog consists of non-binding purchase orders or purchase agreements for delivery over the next six months. Most purchase orders are subject to rescheduling or cancellation by the customer with no or limited penalties. We believe that the backlog metric is of limited utility in predicting future sales because many of our OEM customers operate on a ship-to-order basis. Variations in the magnitude and duration of purchase orders and customer delivery requirements may result in substantial fluctuations in backlog from period to period.

Manufacturing Facilities

We are located at IBM's Microelectronics Division facility, known as the Hudson Valley Research Park, located about 70 miles north of New York City in Hopewell Junction, New York. We lease approximately 33,000 square feet of space which houses our own equipment for OLED microdisplay fabrication and research and development, includes a 16,300 square foot class 10 clean room space, additional lower level clean room space, assembly space and administrative offices.

Facilities services provided by IBM include our clean room, pure gases, high purity de-ionized water, compressed air, chilled water systems, and waste disposal support. This infrastructure provided by our lease with IBM provides us with many of the resources of a larger corporation without the added overhead costs. It further allows us to focus our resources more efficiently on our product development and manufacturing goals.

We believe manufacturing efficiency is an important factor for success, especially in the consumer markets. We currently have the equipment needed for profitable production in place. We plan to add equipment to increase capacity and yield over the next two years to meet expected demand for our microdisplays.

Competition

The industry in which we operate is highly competitive. We face competition from legacy technologies such as cathode ray tubes (CRTs), liquid crystal on silicon microdisplays (LCOS), and transmissive liquid crystal displays (LCDs) as well as from alternative flat panel display technologies such as field emission and virtual scanning retinal displays. There are many large and small companies that manufacture or have in development products based on these technologies.

Currently, in the high resolution microdisplay market, we face competition from liquid crystal microdisplay manufacturers, such as those sold by Kopin. We are not aware of any current manufacturers of high resolution OLED microdisplays that compete with our microdisplay products.

In the future, we believe that our key competition will come from LCOS and small transmissive LCDs. While we believe that OLED technology has the capability to provide higher quality images, greater environmental ruggedness, reduced electronics cost and complexity, and improved power efficiency advantages over either type of liquid crystal based microdisplays, there is no assurance that these benefits will be fully realized or that liquid crystal manufacturers will not suitably improve these parameters to reduce these potential advantages of OLEDs.

To our knowledge, the only other companies that have publicly stated plans to commercially develop OLED microdisplays for near-eye applications are MicroEmissive Displays (MED) in Britain and MicroOLED in France. Though MED had raised substantial funds and created a new production facility, the company ceased business operations in 2008. We may also compete with potential licensees of Universal Display Corporation, Eastman Kodak, or Cambridge Display Technology, among others, each of which potentially can license OLED technology portfolios. If other new OLED-based companies enter our markets with directly relevant display designs and without manufacturing and reliability issues, we will face competition, though we believe that our progress to date in this area gives us a substantial head start.

Intellectual Property

We believe we have developed a substantial intellectual property portfolio of patents, trade secrets and manufacturing know-how. It is important to protect our investment in technology by obtaining and enforcing intellectual property rights, including rights under patent, trademark, trade secret and copyright laws. We seek to protect inventions we consider significant by applying for patents in the United States and other countries when appropriate. Our intellectual property covers a wide range of materials, device structures, processes, and fabrication techniques, primarily concentrated in the following areas:

- · OLED Materials, Structures, and Processes;
- · Display Color Processing and Sealing;
- · Active Matrix Circuit Methodologies and Designs;
- · Lenses and Tracking (Eye and Head);
- · Ergonomics and Industrial Design;
- · Wearable Computer Interface Methodology; and
- · Legacy Field Emission and General Display Technologies.

We believe that, in addition to patent protection, our success is dependent upon non-patentable trade secrets and technical expertise. To protect this information and know-how from unauthorized use or disclosure, we use nondisclosure agreements and other measures to protect our proprietary rights, and we require all employees, and where appropriate, contractors, consultants, advisors and collaborators to enter into confidentiality and non-competition agreements. We believe that our intellectual property portfolio, coupled with our strategic relationships and accumulated manufacturing know-how in OLED, gives us a significant advantage over potential competitors.

Employees

As of November 11, 2009, we had a total of 66 full time and part time staff. None of our employees are represented by a labor union. We have not experienced any work stoppages and consider our relations with our employees to be good.

Available Information

Our website address is www.emagin.com. We make available free of charge through our website our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, our Proxy Statements and all amendments to such reports filed under the Securities and Exchange Act after we electronically file such material with, or furnish such material to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These reports may be accessed from our website by following the links under "Investors," then "SEC Filings." The information found on our website is not part of this or any other report we file with or furnish to the SEC. We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements in this Annual Report or in other reports filed with the SEC, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless we are required to do so by law. A copy of this Annual Report and our other reports is available without charge upon written request to Investor Relations, eMagin Corporation, 3006 Northup Way, Suite 103, Bellevue, WA 98004.

We also post on our website the charters of our Audit, Compensation, Governance and Nominating committees, our Codes of Ethics and any amendments of or waiver to those codes of ethics, and other corporate governance materials recommended by the SEC as they occur, as well as earnings press releases and other business-related press releases. Our e-commerce site for sales of our Z800 3DVisor is www.3dvisor.com. The contents of this website are not part of this Report.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Our corporate offices are located in Bellevue, Washington. Our Washington location includes administrative, finance, operations, research and development and sales and marketing functions and consists of leased space of approximately 5,100 square feet. The lease expires in August 2014. Our manufacturing facility is located in Hopewell Junction, New York, where we lease approximately 33,000 square feet from IBM. The NY facility houses our equipment for OLED microdisplay fabrication, assembly operations, research and development, and administrative functions. The lease expires in May 2014. We believe our facilities are adequate for our current and near-term needs.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth the names of our directors and executive officers as of November 11, 2009:

Name	Age	Position
Andrew G. Sculley	57	Chief Executive Officer and President
Paul Campbell (4)	53	Chief Financial Officer
Susan K. Jones	57	Chief Business Officer, Secretary
Adm. Thomas Paulsen (Ret.) (2)(3*)	72	Chairman of the Board, Director
Claude Charles (1)(2)(3)(5)	72	Director
Paul Cronson	52	Director
Irwin Engelman (1*)	74	Director
Dr. Jacob Goldman (2*)(3)	87	Director
Brig. Gen. Stephen Seay (Ret.) (1)(3)	62	Director

- (1) Audit Committee
- (2) Governance & nominating Committee
- (3) Compensation Committee
- (4) On May 8, 2009, Paul Campbell became the Chief Financial Officer.
- (5) As of September 1, 2009, Claude Charles is a member of the Governance & nominating and the Compensation Committees.

Andrew G. Sculley became the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President on June 1, 2008. Mr. Sculley served as the General Manager of Kodak's OLED systems Business Unit and Vice President of Kodak's Display Business from 2004 to 2008. From 2003 to 2006, he served on the Board of Directors of SK Display, a joint venture between Sanyo and Kodak. From 1996 to 2001 Mr. Sculley served as the Manager of Operations, CFO and member of the Board of Directors of Kodak Japan Ltd., where he managed Distribution, Information Technologies, Legal, Purchasing and Finance. Previously, he held positions in strategic planning and finance in Eastman Kodak Company. Mr. Sculley holds an MBA from Carnegie-Mellon University and an MS in physics from Cornell University. He attended Harvard University's International Senior Management Program while an executive at Kodak.

Paul Campbell became the Company's Chief Financial Officer as of May 8, 2009. Prior to this date, Paul Campbell had served as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer since April 15, 2008. Mr. Campbell is a partner with Tatum, LLC ("Tatum"), an executive services firm, since November 2007. Mr. Campbell served as the Chief Financial Officer of four public companies, including Checkers Drive-In Restaurants, Inc., which until 2006 was traded on the Nasdaq and as Chief Financial Officer of Famous Dave's of America, Inc., a publicly held company currently trading on the Nasdaq. Mr. Campbell also served as Chief Financial Officer of Sonus Corporation, a medical device retailer, and of Organic To Go, Inc., an emerging publicly-held food company, from May 2007 through October 2007. From 2001 through April 2007, Mr. Campbell owned and operated Campbell Capital, LLC, a consulting and investment firm in Seattle, Washington providing strategic planning and financing services to small businesses. Mr. Campbell received his Masters of Business Administration from Pepperdine University and his Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Economics from the University of California at Santa Barbara.

Susan K. Jones has served as Executive Vice President and Secretary since 1992, Chief Marketing and Strategy Officer since 2001, and assumed responsibility of Chief Business Officer in 2008. Ms. Jones has more than 30 years of industrial experience, including senior research, management, and marketing assignments at Texas Instruments and Merck, Sharp, & Dohme Pharmaceuticals. Ms. Jones serves on the boards or chairs committees for industry organizations including IEEE, SPIE, and SID. Ms. Jones served as a director of eMagin Corporation from 1993 to 2000 and was a director of Virtual Vision, Inc. Ms. Jones graduated from Lamar University with a B.S. in chemistry and biology, holds more than a dozen patents, and has authored more than 100 papers and talks.

^{*} Committee Chair

Rear Admiral Thomas Paulsen (ret.) has served as a director since July 2003 and Non-Executive Chairman of the Board since 2007. He served as Interim CEO and President from January 2008 to May 2008. Admiral Paulsen served for over 34 years in the US Navy in Command Control, Communications and Intelligence (C3I),

Telecommunications, Network Systems Operations, Computers and Computer Systems Operations until his retirement in 1994 as a Rear Admiral. He then served as Chief Information Officer for Williams Telecommunications. Admiral Paulsen has served as a director of Umbanet, Inc. since 2002. Since 2000, Admiral Paulsen has served on the Board of Governors of the Institute of Knowledge Management, George Washington University. Since 1994, he has served as the Chairman of the Advisory Board

and President Emeritus of the Center for Advanced Technologies (CAT) and a Managing Partner on the National Knowledge and Intellectual Property Management Taskforce, a not-for-profit company headquartered in Dallas, Texas, and is a member of the Board of Governors for the Japanese American National Museum, Los Angeles, California.

Claude Charles has served as a director since April of 2000. Mr. Charles has served as President of Azur Capital Limited since 1999. From 1996 to 1998 Mr. Charles was Chairman of Equinox Group Holdings. Prior to 1996, Mr. Charles has also served as a director and in senior executive positions at SG Warburg and Co. Ltd., Peregrine Investment Holdings, Trident International Finance Ltd., and Dow Banking Corporation. Mr. Charles holds a B.S. in economics from the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania and a M.S. in international finance from Columbia University. Paul Cronson has served as a director since July of 2003. Mr. Cronson is Managing Director of Larkspur Capital Corporation, which he co-founded in 1992. Larkspur is a broker dealer that is a member of FINRA and advises companies seeking private equity or debt. Mr. Cronson's career in finance began in 1979 at Laidlaw, Adams Peck where he worked in asset management and corporate finance. From 1983 to 1985, Mr. Cronson worked with Samuel Montagu Co., Inc. in London, where he marketed eurobond issuers and structured transactions. Subsequently from 1985 to 1987, he was employed by Chase Investment Bank Ltd., where he structured international debt securities and he developed "synthetic asset" products using derivatives. Returning to the U.S., he joined Peter Sharp Co., where he managed a real estate portfolio, structured financings and assisted with capital market investments until 1992. Mr. Cronson received his BA from Columbia College in 1979, and his MBA from Columbia College in 1982. He is on the Board of the Evelyn Sharp Foundation in New York, a private foundation supporting various not for profit endeavors.

Irwin Engelman has served as a director since May of 2005. He is currently a consultant to various industrial companies and is a director of Sanford C. Bernstein Mutual Funds, a publicly-traded company, and chairman of its audit committee. From November 1999 until April 2002, he served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of YouthStream Media Networks, Inc., a media and retailing company serving high school and college markets. From 1992 until April 1999, he served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MacAndrews and Forbes Holdings, Inc., a privately-held financial holding company. From November 1998 until April 1999, he also served as Vice Chairman, Chief Administrative Officer and a director of Revlon, Inc., a publicly-traded consumer products company. From 1978 until 1992, he served as an executive officer of various public companies including International Specialty Products, Inc. (a subsidiary of GAF Holdings Inc.), CitiTrust Bancorporation, General Foods Corporation and The Singer Company. Mr. Engelman received a BBA in Accounting from Baruch College in 1955 and a Juris Doctorate from Brooklyn Law School in 1961. He was admitted practice law in the State of New York in 1962. In addition, he was licensed as a CPA in the State of New Jersey in 1966.

Dr. Jack Goldman joined our board of directors in February of 2003. Dr. Goldman is the retired senior vice-president for R&D and chief technical officer of the Xerox Corporation. While at Xerox, he founded and directed the celebrated Xerox PARC laboratory. Prior to joining Xerox, Dr. Goldman was Director of Ford Motor Company's Scientific Research Laboratory. He also served as Visiting Edwin Webster Professor at MIT. Dr. Goldman presently serves on the Boards of Directors of Umbanet Inc. and Medis Technologies Inc., and he has served on the Boards of Xerox, General Instrument Corp., United Brands, Intermagnetics General, GAF and Bank Leumi USA. He has also been active in government and professional advisory roles including service on the US Dept. of Commerce Technical Advisory Board, chairman of Statutory Visiting Committee of The National Bureau of Standards (National Institute of Standards and Technology), vice-president of the American Association for the Advancement of Science and president of the Connecticut Academy of Science and Engineering.

General Stephen M. Seay was elected to the Board of Directors in January 2006. In his 33-year Army career, General Seay held a wide variety of command and staff positions, most importantly as a soldier's soldier volunteering for deployment on Operation Iraqi Freedom, 2004-2005. Simultaneously, he was Commanding General, Joint Contracting Command-Iraq, Head of Contracting Authority, Operation Iraqi Freedom and Program Executive Officer for Simulation, Training and Instrumentation. He previously served as Program Manager for a joint automation system, headed the Joint Target Oversight Council and was Commanding General, Simulation, Training and Instrumentation Command (STRICOM), Army Materiel Command. Earlier, as a Field Artillery officer, he commanded at all levels, rising to corps artillery commander. He served as Chief of Staff, United States Army, Europe (Forward) and National Security Element, Taszar, Hungary, during Operation Joint Endeavor. He held resource

management, operations research, and acquisition positions during three tours on Department of the Army staff. General Seay holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of New Hampshire and a Master of Science degree from North Carolina State University.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is posted on our website at http://www.emagin.com/investors.

We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 10 of Form 8-K regarding an amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of this Code of Business Conduct and Ethics by filing a Current Report on Form 8-K with the SEC, disclosing such information.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our directors and executive officers and persons who own more than 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of eMagin common stock to file reports of initial ownership of common stock and other equity securities and subsequent changes in that ownership with the SEC. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent stockholders are required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors and greater than 10% beneficial owners were complied with.

General Information Concerning the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of eMagin is classified into three classes: Class A, Class B and Class C. As of December 31, 2008, Irwin Engelman is the only Class A Director, and will hold office until the next Annual Meeting of our stockholders. Paul Cronson, Admiral Thomas Paulsen, and General Stephen Seay are Class B directors who will hold office until the next Annual Meeting. Claude Charles and Dr. Jacob Goldman are Class C directors who will hold office until the next Annual Meeting. There was no Annual Meeting held during 2008. In each case, each director will hold office until his successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified in the manner provided in our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and our Amended and Restated Bylaws, or as otherwise provided by applicable law.

Our Board of Directors held 19 meetings during 2008. Our independent directors met in executive session on a periodic basis in connection with regular meetings, as well as in their capacity as members of our Audit Committee and Compensation Committee.

Admiral Thomas Paulsen was not an independent director during the period January through May 2008 when he was acting Interim CEO and President. As of June 1, 2008, Admiral Paulsen was an independent director. No change occurred in Admiral Paulsen's compensation as a director of the Company as a result of his accepting this temporary position.

Compensation of Directors

Non-management directors receive options under the 2003 and 2008 Stock Option Plans. Under these Plans, a grant of options to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock will automatically be granted on the date a director is first elected or re-elected, or otherwise validly appointed to the Board with an exercise price per share equal to 100% of the market value of one share on the date of grant. Such options granted will expire ten years after the date of grant and will become exercisable in four equal installments commencing on the date of grant and annually thereafter. For calendar years 2007 and 2008, Directors received an annual cash retainer of \$10,000 and an annual stock retainer of 25,000 options, fully vested, at market price on the date of issuance. Directors are also granted options based on committee assignments consisting of options to purchase 5,000 shares per year for members of the Compensation committee, 10,000 shares for the governance committee and 15,000 shares for the audit committee. Each committee chair will receive 5,000 additional shares. In 2008 and 2009 the chairs of the Audit and the Governance and Nominating committees receive additional 10,000 options. In addition, each non-management director receives \$1,000 for each in-person Board meeting, and \$500 for each teleconference meeting or Committee meeting. Directors are eligible for reimbursement for ordinary expenses incurred in connection with attendance at such meetings.

Admiral Thomas Paulsen was not an independent director during the period January through May 2008 when he was acting Interim CEO and President. As of June 1, 2008, Admiral Paulsen was an independent director. No change occurred in Admiral Paulsen's compensation as a director of the Company as a result of his accepting this temporary position.

Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is responsible for determining the adequacy of our internal accounting and financial controls, supervising matters relating to audit functions, reviewing and setting internal policies and procedures regarding audits, accounting and other financial controls, reviewing the results of our audit performed by the independent public accountants, and recommending the selection of independent public accountants. The Audit Committee has adopted an Audit Charter, which is posted on our website at http://www.emagin.com/investors. The Audit Committee is composed of three Directors, Claude Charles, Irwin Engelman, and General Stephen Seay. The Board has determined that each of the members of the Audit Committee is unrelated, an outside member with no other affiliation with us and is independent. The Board has determined that Mr. Engelman is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC. During 2008, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings via teleconference.

Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee determines matters pertaining to the compensation and expense reporting of certain of our executive officers, and administers our stock option, incentive compensation, and employee stock purchase plans. The Compensation Committee is presently composed of four Directors, Jack Goldman, Thomas Paulsen, Claude Charles and Stephen Seay, each of whom the Board has determined to be independent and none of whom has been an employee of the Company, except as noted above. During 2008, the Compensation Committee held 5 meetings in person or through a conference call.

Governance and Nominating Committee. The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for considering potential Board members, nominating Directors for election to the Board, implementing the Company's corporate governance and ethics policies, and for all other purposes outlined in the Governance and Nominating Committee Charter, which is posted on our website at http://www.emagin.com/investors. The Governance and Nominating Committee is composed of Jack Goldman, Claude Charles and Thomas Paulsen, each of whom the Board has determined to be independent, except as noted above. During 2008, the Governance and Nominating Committee held 2 meetings in person or through a conference call.

Nomination of Directors

As provided in its charter and our company's corporate governance principles, the Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for identifying individuals qualified to become directors. The Governance and Nominating Committee seeks to identify director candidates based on input provided by a number of sources, including (1) the Governance and Nominating Committee members, (2) our other directors, (3) our stockholders, (4) our Chief Executive Officer or Chairman, and (5) third parties such as professional search firms. In evaluating potential candidates for director, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers the entirety of each candidate's credentials.

Qualifications for consideration as a director nominee may vary according to the particular areas of expertise being sought as a complement to the existing composition of the Board of Directors. However, at a minimum, candidates for director must possess:

- · high personal and professional ethics and integrity;
- · the ability to exercise sound judgment;
- the ability to make independent analytical inquiries;
- · a willingness and ability to devote adequate time and resources to diligently perform Board and committee duties; and
- the appropriate and relevant business experience and acumen.

In addition to these minimum qualifications, the Governance and Nominating Committee also takes into account when considering whether to nominate a potential director candidate the following factors:

- · whether the person possesses specific industry expertise and familiarity with general issues affecting our business:
- whether the person's nomination and election would enable the Board to have a member that qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" as such term is defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") in Item 401 of Regulation S-K;
- · whether the person would qualify as an "independent" director under the listing standards of the OTC Bulletin Board;
- the importance of continuity of the existing composition of the Board of Directors to provide long term stability and experienced oversight; and
- the importance of diversified Board membership, in terms of both the individuals involved and their various experiences and areas of expertise.

Shareholder Communications

Shareholders requesting communication with Directors can do so by writing to eMagin Corporation, c/o Corporate Secretary, 3006 Northup Way, Suite 203, Bellevue, WA 98004, or emailing to sjones@emagin.com At this time we do not screen communications received and would forward any requests directly to the named Director. If no Director was named in a general inquiry, the Secretary would contact either the Chairman or the Chairman of a particular

committee, as appropriate. We do not provide the physical address, email address, or phone numbers of Directors to outside parties without a Director's permission.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

This section describes the compensation program for our executive officers. In particular, this section focuses on our 2008 compensation program and related decisions.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

The objectives of our compensation program are as follows:

- Reward performance that drives substantial increases in shareholder value, as evidenced through both future operating profits and increased market price of our common shares; and
- · Attract, hire and retain well-qualified executives.

The compensation level of our executives generally reflects their unique position and incentive to positively affect our future operating performance and shareholder value. Part of the compensation of our executives is from equity compensation, primarily through stock option grants or restricted stock awards. The stock option exercise price is generally the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. Therefore, a gain is only recognized if the value of the stock increases, which promotes a long term alignment between the interests of the Company's executives and its shareholders. For that reason, stock options are a component of 100% of our employees' salary package.

Specific salary and bonus levels, as well as the amount and timing of equity incentive grants, are determined informally and judgmentally, on an individual-case basis, taking into consideration each executive's unique talents and experience as they relate to our needs. Executive compensation is paid or granted pursuant to each executive's compensation agreement. Compensation adjustments are made occasionally based on changes in an executive's level of responsibility or on changed local and specific executive employment market conditions.

The Board of Directors has established a Compensation Committee, comprised exclusively of independent outside directors which approves all compensation and awards to executive management. The members of the Compensation Committee have extensive executive level experience in other companies and bring a perspective of reasonableness to compensation matters with our Company. In addition, the Compensation Committee compares executive compensation practices of similar companies at similar stages of development.

Generally on its own initiative, at least annually, the Compensation Committee reviews the performance of executives and establishes compensation levels based on the performance evaluation, historical compensation levels of the executives, levels of responsibility and contributions to the Company, and comparable position studies provided by independent sources. With respect to equity compensation, the Compensation Committee approves all option grants, generally based on the recommendation of the president and chief executive officer and has delegated granting authority to the president and chief executive officer or, on occasion, his designee. Executives are eligible to receive bonus compensation at the discretion of the Compensation Committee, which is primarily based on the achievement of certain goals and objectives and the executive's contributions to the Company. Executives also are entitled to participate in the same benefit plans that are available to other Company employees.

Compensation for the Chairman

From January through May 2008, Admiral Paulsen served as Interim Chief Executive Officer. Admiral Paulsen receives an annual stipend of \$60,000 for serving as Non-Executive Chairman of the Board, an annual cash retainer of \$10,000 for serving as a director, and meetings fees. No change occurred in Admiral Paulsen's compensation as a result of his accepting the temporary position of Interim Chief Executive Officer and President.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information regarding compensation paid to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and our highest paid executive officer, all of whose total annual salary and bonus for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 exceeded \$100,000.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and principal		Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards		Option awardson	pon-equit ncenti v plan d npe nsati	ualified eferred pe nsa t io	All Other ompensation		Total
position	Year	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)		(\$), (a)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)		(\$)
Andrew G. Sculley, President and Chief Executive Officer (1)	2008 2007 2006	161,923	- -	-	-	287,150	-	- -	- -	_	449,073
	2000										
K.C. Park, Interim President and Chief Executive											
Officer (2)	2008	105,817	60,000	-	(7)	42,371	-	-	75,000	(8)	283,188
	2007 2006	313,462 200,000	-	40,000	(9)	-	-	-	-		353,462 200,000
	2000	200,000	_	_		_	_	_	-		200,000
Gary Jones, President and Chief Executive Officer (3)	2008	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
	2007	102,060	-	430,000	(10)	-	-	-	51,638	(11)	583,698
	2006	368,170	-	-		-	-	-	127,928	(12)	496,098
Paul Campbell, Chief	2008	203,539	-	-		-	-	-	-		203,539

Financial Officer (4)										
Officer (1)	2007	_	-	_	_	_	_	_		_
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
	2000									
Michael D.										
Fowler,										
Interim										
Chief										
Financial										
Officer (5)	2008	84,808	-	-	-	-	-	-		84,808
	2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
I I D										
John D. Atherly,										
Chief										
Financial										
Officer (6)	2008	44,628	_	_	_	_	_	_		44,628
0111661 (0)	2007	243,000	-	_	_	_	_	_		243,000
	2006	242,308	-	-	-	-	-	-		242,308
Susan										
Jones,										
Executive										
Vice										
President,										
Chief										
Business										
Officer,										
and	2008	329,916						189,325	(13)	519,241
Secretary	2008	278,888	-	-	_	-	-	189,323	(13)	454,072
	2007	289,163	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	-	81,379	(13)	370,542
	2000	207,103	-	_	_	_		01,579	(13)	310,372
41										

- (1) Mr. Sculley has been serving as our President and Chief Executive Officer as of June 1, 2008.
- (2) Dr. Park was appointed Interim President and Chief Executive Officer in January 2007 and resigned his post in January 2008. Prior to January 2007, Dr. Park served as Executive Vice President of International Operations. Dr. Park provided consulting services from February 1, 2008 through August 1, 2008.
- (3) Mr. Jones resigned as President and Chief Executive Officer in January 2007.
- (4) Mr. Campbell served as our Interim Chief Financial Officer from April 15, 2008 through May 8, 2009 when he became the Chief Financial Officer.
- (5) Mr. Fowler resigned as Interim Chief Financial Officer as of April 14, 2008.
- (6) Mr. Atherly resigned as Chief Financial Officer in January 2008.
- (7) This amount represents options issued pursuant to Mr. Park's consulting agreement.
- (8) This amount represent consulting fees paid pursuant to Mr. Park's consulting agreement.
- (9) This amount represents a retention bonus in the form of a stock grant that was issued to the named executive officer.
- (10) This amount represents a payment in the form of a stock grant pursuant to Mr. Jones' severance agreement. Previously granted options that remained unexercised were also forfeited pursuant to the severance agreement.
- (11) This amount represents legal and accounting fee reimbursement for the benefit of the named executive officer.
- (12) This amount represents relocation expense reimbursement for the benefit of the named executive officer.
- (13) This amount represents deferred dollar amount earned in sales incentive compensation by the named executive officer.

Column note:

(a) The amounts in this column represent the fair value of option awards to the named executive officer as computed on the date of the option grants using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table sets forth information regarding stock option awards to our named executive officers under our stock option plans for the year ended December 31, 2008 as follows:

		All Other Option	Exercise or	
		Awards: Number	Base Price	
		of Securities	of Options	Total Grant
		Underlying	Awards	Date Fair
Name	Grant Date	Options (#)	(\$/Sh)	Value (\$)
Andrew G. Sculley	June 2, 2008 (1)	500,000	0.81	287,150
K.C. Park	May 1, 2008 (2)	70,453	0.97	24,461
K.C. Park	August 1, 2008 (2)	37,500	0.68	17,910

- (1) 1/3 of the grant is exercisable immediately; 1/3 of the grant is exercisable on the first anniversary and the remaining 1/3 is exercisable on the second anniversary.
- (2) The grant is exercisable immediately.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information with respect to the outstanding equity awards of our principal executive officers and principal financial officer during 2008, and each person who served as an executive officer of eMagin Corporation as of December 31, 2008:

		OUTST	ANDING EQUIT	Y AWAR	DS AT YEA	AR-END			
			Option awards	Y AWAR	RDS AT YEA	Number of shares	Market value of shares or	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of unearned	Equity incentive plan awards: Market or payout value of unearned shares,
	Number of securities underlying	Number of securities	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of securities			or units of stock that	units of stock that	shares other rights that	units or other rights that
Name and principal	unexercised options (#)	underlying unexercised options (#)	underlying unexercised options	Options exercise price	Option expiration	not vested	have not vested	have not vested	have not vested
	Exercisable	Unexercisable	(#), (a)	(\$)	Date	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Andrew G. Sculley, President and Chief Executive Officer (1)	166,667	333,333	500,000	0.81	June 2, 2015	_	_	_	_
K.C. Park, Interim President and Chief Executive					May 1,				
Officer (2)	70,453	-	70,453	0.97	2018 August 1,	-	-	-	-
	37,500	-	37,500	0.68	2018	-	-	-	-
Susan Jones, Executive Vice President, Chief	48,750	-	48,750	2.60	May 17, 2009	-	-	-	-

Business Officer, and Secretary

Secretary						
					January 11,	
	16,770	-	16,770	2.60	2010	
					January 11,	
	9,685	-	9,685	2.60	2010	
					March 17,	
	16,250	-	16,250	2.60	2010	
					November	
	11,700	-	11,700	2.60	30, 2012	
					April 24,	
	11,932	-	11,932	2.60	2013	
					August 30,	
	7,159	-	7,159	2.60	2013	
					December	
	7,159	-	7,159	2.60	1, 2013	

- (1) Mr. Sculley is the President and Chief Executive Officer as of June 1, 2008.
- (2) Dr. Park was appointed Interim President and Chief Executive Officer in January 2007 and resigned his post in January 2008. The options were granted pursuant to his consulting agreement. Column note:

On November 3, 2006, a reverse stock split, ratio of 1-for-10, became effective. All stock options presented reflect the stock split.

(a) The options in this column were repriced. On July 21, 2006, certain employees agreed to cancel a portion of their existing stock options in return for repricing the remaining stock options at \$2.60 per share. The repriced unvested options continued to vest on the original schedule.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested

No executive officer identified in the Summary Compensation Table above exercised an option in fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

The following table sets forth information regarding stock option awards to our named executive officers under our stock option plans for the year ended December 31, 2008 as follows:

		All Other Option Awards: Number	Base Price	T. 10
		of Securities	of Options	Total Grant
		Underlying	Awards	Date Fair
Name	Grant Date	Options (#)	(\$/Sh)	Value (\$)
Andrew G. Sculley	June 2, 2008 (1)	500,000	0.81	287,150
K.C. Park	May 1, 2008 (2)	70,453	0.97	24,461
K.C. Park	August 1, 2008 (2)	37,500	0.68	17,910

- (1) 1/3 of the grant vests immediately; 1/3 of the grant vests on the first anniversary and the remaining 1/3 vests on the second anniversary.
- (2) The grant vests immediately.

Pension Benefits

eMagin does not have any plan which provides for payments or other benefits at, following, or in connection with retirement.

Non-qualified Deferred Compensation

eMagin does not have any defined contribution or other plan which provides for the deferral of compensation on a basis that is not tax-qualified.

Employment Agreements

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company entered into a revised executive employment agreement with Susan K. Jones, Chief Marketing and Strategy Officer. The agreement was effective for an initial term of three years. The agreement provides for an annual salary, benefits made available by the Company to its employees and eligibility for an incentive bonus pursuant to one or more incentive compensation plans established by the Company from time to time. The Company may terminate the employment of Ms. Jones at any time with or without notice and with or without cause (as such term is defined in the agreements). If Ms. Jones' employment is terminated without cause, or if Ms. Jones resigns with good reason (as such term is defined in the agreements), or Ms. Jones' position is terminated or significantly changed as result of change of control (as such term is defined in the agreements), Ms. Jones shall be entitled to receive salary until the end of the agreement's full term or twelve months, whichever is greater, payment for accrued vacation, and bonuses which would have been accrued during the term of the agreement. If Ms. Jones voluntarily terminates employment with the Company, other than for good reason or is terminated with cause (as such term is defined in the agreement), she shall cease to accrue salary, vacation, benefits, and other compensation on the date of the voluntary or with cause termination. The Executive Employment Agreement includes other conventional terms and also contains invention assignment, non-competition, non-solicitation and non-disclosure provisions. On April 17, 2006, the parties entered into amendments to the employment agreements pursuant to which the parties clarified that the Company has agreed to pay for health benefits equivalent to medical and dental benefits provided during Ms. Jones' full time employment until the end of the agreement's full term or twenty-four (24) months,

whichever is greater.

Effective January 30, 2008, the Company entered into an amended employment agreement with Susan K. Jones, Chief Business Officer. The amended agreement provides for an annual base salary of \$315 thousand, an extension of the term of the agreement to January 31, 2010, modification and clarification of the basis for the incentive component of her salary, provision for payment in the event Ms. Jones voluntarily terminates her employment, and extension of the change-of-control/material change/termination-without-cause compensation payout periods to the greater of 18 months or the remaining term of the amended employment agreement.

Effective January 31, 2008, K.C. Park resigned as Interim Chief Executive Officer, President and Director. Dr. Park and the Company entered into a Separation Agreement and General Release ("Separation Agreement"). The Company recorded severance expense of \$60,000. Dr. Park

and the Company also entered into a Consulting Agreement ("Agreement") for the term, February 1 through August 1, 2008. Dr. Park was paid a sum of \$75.000. In addition to the compensation, Dr. Park received non-qualified stock options to acquire 56,250 shares of common stock which are fully vested and exercisable on the dates of the grant. On May 1, 2008, Dr. Park received non-qualified stock options to acquire 51,703 shares of common stock at the fair market value and are fully vested.

Effective January 2, 2008, John Atherly resigned as Chief Financial Officer. There was no separation agreement executed between Mr. Atherly and the Company.

Effective December 27, 2007, Michael D. Fowler became the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer. Effective April 14, 2008, Michael D. Fowler, the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer, resigned his position with the Company. There was no separation agreement executed between Mr. Fowler and the Company.

Effective April 15, 2008, Mr. Paul Campbell was serving as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer pursuant to an agreement between the Company and Tatum, LLC, dated April 2, 2008 (the "Tatum Agreement"). Pursuant to the Tatum Agreement, for a minimum term of three months, Mr. Campbell will be paid a salary of \$24,500 per month and the Company will also pay Tatum, LLC a fee of \$10,500 per month plus \$300 per business day. Either party may terminate the Tatum Agreement by providing the other with at least 30 days notice.

Effective June 1, 2008, Andrew G. Sculley became the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President pursuant to an employment agreement dated May 13, 2008, which contemplates that the Company is to use its reasonable, good faith efforts to cause Mr. Sculley to be elected as a member of the Company's Board of Directors. Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Sculley will be paid a salary of \$300,000, per annum, increasing to \$310,000, per annum, after six months and to \$320,000, per annum, at the end of the first year. Mr. Sculley was granted 500,000 qualified stock options. The options vest as follows: 166,667 shares vest immediately, 166,667 vests on the first anniversary date, and 166,666 vests on the second anniversary date. If Mr. Sculley voluntarily terminates his employment with the Company, other than for good reason as defined in the employment agreement, he shall cease to accrue salary, personal time off, benefits and other compensation on the date of voluntary termination. The Company may terminate Mr. Sculley's employment with or without cause. If the Company terminates without cause, Mr. Sculley will be entitled to one year of salary.

On May 8, 2009 (the "Effective Date"), the Company and Paul Campbell entered in an Employment Agreement (the "Employment Agreement"). Pursuant to the Employment Agreement, Mr. Campbell, who is currently serving as the Company's interim Chief Financial Officer, will serve as the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Treasurer. The Employment Agreement terminates 36 months from the Effective Date. Pursuant to the Employment Agreement, Mr. Campbell's salary is \$282,000 per annum. The Company's board may also award a bonus to Mr. Campbell. Pursuant to the Employment Agreement, the Company shall issue Mr. Campbell options to purchase up to 340,000 shares of the Company's common stock, which are exercisable at \$1.09 per share, the market price on the date of grant. The options vest as follows: one third of the options vest as of the Effective Date, one third of the options vest on the first anniversary of the Employment Agreement and one third of the options vest on the second anniversary of the Employment Agreement. If Mr. Campbell voluntarily terminates his employment with the Company, other than for good reason as defined in the employment agreement, he shall cease to accrue salary, personal time off, benefits and other compensation on the date of voluntary termination. The Company may terminate Mr. Campbell's employment with or without cause. If the Company terminates without cause, Mr. Campbell will be entitled to one year of salary.

In connection with the employment of Paul Campbell, the Company entered into an agreement with Tatum LLC ("Tatum"). Pursuant to the agreement with Tatum, the Company paid Tatum a signing fee of \$97,700 and shall pay Tatum \$1,000 per month for as long as Mr. Campbell is employed by eMagin. In addition, the Company will grant Tatum 60,000 options with the same vesting and exercise price as Mr. Campbell's and will pay Tatum 15% of any cash bonus that is paid to Mr. Campbell.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change-in-Control

The following table sets forth information regarding potential payments and benefits our principal executive officers would receive upon termination of employment under specified circumstances, assuming that the triggering event in question occurred on December 31, 2008, the last business day of the fiscal year:

								In	voluntary
	V	oluntary	V	oluntary	In	voluntary	Involuntary	Te	rmination
	Re	signation	Re	esignation	Te	ermination	Termination	1	with a
	W	/o Good	f	or Good		without	with	C	hange in
Name]	Reason		Reason		Cause	Cause	(Control
Andrew Sculley									
Cash severance	\$	_	\$	310,000(1)	\$	310,000(1)	\$	_\$	310,000(1)
Vesting of stock options	\$		\$	—(2\$		(2 §)	_\$	—(2)
Susan Jones									
Cash severance	\$	157,500(1)	\$	472,500(1)	\$	472,500(1)	\$	_\$	472,500(1)
Post-termination health and welfare	\$	_	\$	10,820(3)	\$	10,820(3)	\$	_\$	10,820(3)
Vesting of stock options	\$	_	\$	—(4\$		(4 \$)	-\$	—(4)

- (1) This amount reflects the lump sum that is payable within thirty days of the triggering event to the named executive. All calculations were made as of December 31, 2008 using then current salary figures for the named executive.(2) This amount reflects the value of the stock options awards that were unvested as of December 31, 2008 which would accelerate and vest under the terms of eMagin's option plans following a triggering event.
- (3) This amount reflects the COBRA payments for health and dental benefits that eMagin would make on behalf of the named executive.
- (4) This amount would reflect the value of the stock option awards that were unvested as of December 31, 2008 which would accelerate and vest under the terms of eMagin's option plans following a triggering event. As of December 31, 2008, all stock options were fully vested.

Director Compensation Arrangements

The following table sets forth with respect to the named director, compensation information inclusive of equity awards and payments made in the year ended December 31, 2008. The table includes only directors that were not employees of eMagin Corporation. Any director who was also an executive officer is included in the Summary Compensation Table.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

					Change in		
					pension		
					value and		
	Fees				nonqualified		
	earned or	Stock		Non-equity	deferred	All other	
	paid in	awards	Option	incentive plan	compensation	compensation	
Name	cash(\$)	(\$)	awards(\$)	compensation(\$)	earnings(\$)	(\$)	Total(\$)
Claude Charles	20,500	-	39,035	-	-	-	59,535
Paul Cronson	18,500	-	24,263	-	-	-	42,763
Irwin Engelman	21,000	-	39,035	-	-	-	60,035
Jack Goldman	22,500	-	39,035	-	-	_	61,535

Thomas Paulsen	84,000	-	34,111	-	-	-	118,111
Stephen Seay	19,500	-	34,111	-	-	-	53,611
46							

The following table sets forth information with respect to the outstanding equity awards of our directors as of December 31, 2008:

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT YEAR-END Option awards

			Option awards	JIII AWA	AKDS AT T	CAK-LIND	Stock	awards	
			opion a waras				500011		Equity
									incentive
									plan
									awards:
									Market
								Equity	or
								incentive	payout
							Market	plan	value
							value	awards:	of
						Number	of	Number	unearned
			Equity			of	shares	of	shares,
			incentive			shares	or	unearned	units
	Number	Number	plan			or units	units	shares	or
	of		vards: Number			of	of	other	other
	securities	securities	of			stock	stock	rights	rights
		underlying	securities			that	that	that	that
		unexercised		Ontions					
Mana and			underlying	Options	Ontina	have	have	have	have
Name and	options		unexercised	exercise	Option	not	not	not	not
principal	(#)	(#)	options	price	expiration	vested	vested	vested	vested
position	Exercisable	Jnexercisable	(#), (a)	(\$)	Date	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Claude	1.000		1.000	2.50	January 2,				
Charles	1,000	-	1,000	3.50	2010	-	-	-	-
	075		07.5	2.60	July 2,				
	975	-	975	2.60	2010	-	-	-	-
	6 7 0		6 2 0	• 60	September				
	650	-	650	2.60	2, 2010	-	-	-	-
					April 5,				
	3,250	-	3,250	2.60	2011	-	-	-	-
					June 15,				
	1,950	-	1,950	2.60	2014	-	-	-	-
					September				
	975	-	975	2.60	30, 2015	-	-	-	-
					December				
	3,900	-	3,900	2.60	31, 2015	-	-	-	-
					November				
	12,700	-	12,700	1.51	23, 2017	-	-	-	-
					December				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.44	3, 2017	-	-	-	-
					January 2,				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.35	2018	-	-	-	-
					July 24,				
	30,000	-	30,000	0.70	2018	-	-	-	-
Paul					July 2,				
Cronson	4,875	-	4,875	2.60	2010	-	-	-	-

	1.625		1.605	2.60	June 15,				
	1,625	-	1,625	2.60	2014	-	-	-	-
	2 000		2,000	2.60	December 21, 2015				
	3,900	-	3,900	2.60	31, 2015 November	-	-	-	-
	10,400		10,400	1.51	23, 2017				
	10,400	-	10,400	1.31	December	-	-	-	-
	25,000		25,000	1.44	3, 2017	_			
	23,000	_	25,000	1.77	January 2,	_		_	_
	25,000	_	25,000	1.35	2018	_	_	_	_
	23,000		23,000	1.33	2010				
Irwin					October 3,				
Engelman	3,900	_	3,900	2.60	2012	_	_	_	_
	- ,,, , ,		-,, -,		September				
	975	-	975	2.60	30, 2015	_	-	-	_
					October 3,				
	163	-	163	2.60	2015	-	-	-	-
					November				
	5,038	-	5,038	1.51	23, 2017	-	-	-	-
					December				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.44	3, 2017	-	-	-	-
					January 2,				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.35	2018	-	-	-	-
					July 24,				
	30,000	-	30,000	0.70	2018	-	-	-	-
Jacob					July 2,				
Goldman	650	-	650	2.60	2010	-	-	-	-
					September				
	3,900	-	3,900	2.60	2, 2010	-	-	-	-
	2.112		2.112	2.60	June 15,				
	2,113	-	2,113	2.60	2014	-	-	-	-
	650		650	2.60	September				
	650	-	650	2.60	30, 2015	-	-	-	-
	400		400	2.60	October 3, 2015				
	488	-	488	2.60	December	-	-	-	-
	3,900		3,900	2.60	31, 2015				
	3,900	-	3,900	2.00	November	-	-	-	-
	12,026	_	12,026	1.51	23, 2017	_	_	_	_
	12,020	-	12,020	1.51	December				_
	25,000	_	25,000	1.44	3, 2017	_	_	_	_
	23,000		23,000	1.17	January 2,				
	25,000	_	25,000	1.35	2018	_	_	_	_
	22,000		22,000	1.55	July 24,				
	30,000	_	30,000	0.70	2018	_	_	_	_
	2 0,000		,000	2.7.0	_010				
Thomas					July 30,				
Paulsen	3,900	_	3,900	2.60	2010	_	_	_	_
	3,700	_	3,700	2.00					
	3,700	_	3,700	2.00	June 15,				
	1,300	_	1,300	2.60		-	-	-	-

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	1,625	_	1,625	2.60	September 30, 2015	_	_	_	_
	1,023		1,023	2.00	October 3,				
	3,250	_	3,250	2.60	2015	_	_	_	-
					December				
	813	-	813	2.60	31, 2015	-	-	-	-
					November				
	11,213	-	11,213	1.51	23, 2017	-	-	-	-
					December				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.44	3, 2017	-	-	-	-
	25.000		25.000	1.05	January 2,				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.35	2018	-	-	-	-
	20,000		20,000	0.70	July 24,				
	20,000	-	20,000	0.70	2018	-	-	-	-
Stephen					February				
Seay	3,900	_	3,900	2.60	14, 2016	_	_	_	_
Scay	3,700		3,700	2.00	November				
	3,900	_	3,900	1.51	23, 2017	_	_	_	_
	- ,		- 7		December				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.44	3, 2017	-	-	-	-
					January 2,				
	25,000	-	25,000	1.35	2018	-	-	-	-
					July 24,				
	20,000	-	20,000	0.70	2018	-	-	-	-
47									

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of the members of our Compensation Committee has been an officer or employee of eMagin during years ending December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008, except as noted below. In addition, during the most recent fiscal year, no eMagin executive officer served on the Compensation Committee (or equivalent), or the Board, of another entity whose executive officer(s) served on our Compensation Committee or Board. On January 31, 2008, Dr. K.C. Park resigned as our Interim Chief Executive Officer and President and Thomas Paulsen, a director and Chairman of both the Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee, assumed that role on an interim basis until June 1, 2008 when Andrew G. Sculley, Jr. joined the Company as Chief Executive Officer and President. No change in Admiral Paulsen's compensation occurred as a result of his accepting the temporary position of Interim Chief Executive Officer and President.

Compensation Committee Report

The Committee has reviewed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and discussed that analysis with management. Based on its review and discussions with management, the Committee recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in eMagin's 10-K. This report is provided by the following independent directors, who comprise the Committee:

Thomas Paulsen (Chairman) Jacob Goldman Stephen Seay

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth the number of shares known to be owned by all persons who own at least 5% of eMagin's outstanding common stock, the Company's directors, the executive officers, and the directors and executive officers as a group as of October 16, 2009, unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise indicated, the stockholders listed in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated.

Common	Percentage
Stock	of
Beneficially	Common
Owned	Stock
13,137,958	35.8%
5,079,856	13.8%
1,951,037	5.3%
634,715	1.7%
610,031	1.7%
195,400	*%
208,727	*%
267,101	*
165,076	*
152,800	*
333,334	*
113,333	*
2,680,517	7.3
	Stock Beneficially Owned 13,137,958 5,079,856 1,951,037 634,715 610,031 195,400 208,727 267,101 165,076 152,800 333,334 113,333

^{*}Less than 1*% of the outstanding common stock

^{**} Beneficial Ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock subject to options, warrants, or preferred shares exercisable or convertible within 60 days of November 11, 2009 are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of the person holding such option or warrant. Percentages are based on a total of 36,704,639 shares: 16,961,902 shares of common stock outstanding on November 11, 2009 and 19,742,737 shares issuable upon the exercise of options, warrants exercisable and preferred shares convertible on or within 60 days of November 11, 2009, as described below.

⁽¹⁾ This figure represents: (i) 2,969,819 shares of common stock owned by Stillwater LLC, which includes 276,084 shares of common stock owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation, in which the sole member of Stillwater LLC is the investment manager of Rainbow Gate Corporation; (ii) warrants held by Stillwater LLC to purchase 3,853,472 shares of common stock, which includes warrants to purchase 737,620 shares of common stock held by Rainbow Gate Corporation, in which the sole member of Stillwater LLC is the investment manager of Rainbow Gate Corporation; and (iii) 6,314,667 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares which includes 937,333 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares held by Rainbow Gate Corporation, in which the sole member of Stillwater LLC is the investment manager of Rainbow Gate Corporation. Mortimer D.A. Sackler exercises the sole voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Stillwater LLC as sole member, and Mortimer D.A. Sackler exercises the sole voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Rainbow Gate Corporation as investment manager; therefore Stillwater LLC is deemed to beneficially own the shares held by Rainbow Gate as "beneficially owned" but Stillwater LLC disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares.

(2) This figure represents: (i) 1,257,629 shares of common stock owned by Ginola Limited, which include: 276,084 shares of common stock held indirectly by Rainbow Gate Corporation, in which the sole shareholder of Ginola Limited is also the sole shareholder of Rainbow Gate Corporation; 65,080 shares of common stock owned by Mount Union Corp.; 57,372 shares of common stock owned by Chelsea Trust Company Limited, as trustee (Ginola Limited disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares owned by Mount Union Corp. and Chelsea Trust Company Limited, as trustee); and 284,736 shares of common stock owned by Crestflower Corporation, in which the sole shareholder of Crestflower Corporation is Ginola Limited; and (ii) warrants held by Ginola Limited to purchase 1,814,227 shares of common stock, which include: warrants to purchase 737,620 shares of common stock held by Rainbow Gate Corporation; in which the sole shareholder of Ginola Limited is also the sole shareholder of Rainbow Gate Corporation; warrants to purchase 32,540 shares of common stock owned by Mount Union Corp.; warrants to purchase 27,273 shares of common stock held indirectly by Chelsea Trust Company Limited, as trustee (Ginola Limited disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares owned by Mount Union Corp. and Chelsea Trust Company Limited, as trustee); and

warrants to purchase 120,193 shares of common stock held by Crestflower Corporation, in which the sole shareholder of Crestflower Corporation is Ginola Limited; and (iii) 2,008,000 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares, which includes 937,333 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares held by Rainbow Gate Corporation, in which the sole shareholder of Ginola Limited is also the sole shareholder of Rainbow Gate Corporation. Stillwater LLC and Ginola Limited are beneficially owned by separate individuals and therefore do not exert voting control over one another. However, Stillwater LLC does include the shares held by Rainbow Gate as "beneficially owned" since the sole member of Stillwater LLC is investment manager and sole director of Rainbow Gate Corporation and exerts voting control over such shares but Stillwater LLC disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares. Jonathan White, Steven Meiklejohn, and Joerg Fischer exercise the shared voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Mount Union Corp. Stuart Baker, Joerg Fischer, Charles Lubar, Christopher Mitchell, Leslie Schreyer and Jonathan White exercise the shared voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Chelsea Trust Company Limited. Jonathan White, Joerg Fischer and Steven Meiklejohn exercise the shared voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Crestflower Corporation. Jonathan White, Joerg Fischer, John Crellin and Steven Meiklejohn are the directors of Ginola Limited and exercise the shared voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Ginola Limited.

- (3) This figure represents (1) 276,084 shares of common stock owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation; (ii) warrants to purchase 737,620 shares of common stock; and (iii) 937,333 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares. Mortimer D.A. Sackler exercises the sole voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Rainbow Gate Corporation but disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares.
- (4) This figure represents shares of common stock owned by Gary Jones and Susan Jones who are married to each other, including (i) 395,268 shares of common stock owned by Gary Jones and 158,792 shares of common stock owned by Susan Jones; and (ii) 80,655 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options held by Susan Jones. Mr. and Mrs. Jones disclaim beneficial ownership of 500,000 shares of common stock.
- (5) This figure represents 22,981 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Cronson, 199,583 shares of common stock underlying warrants, 120,800 shares of common stock underlying options, and 266,667 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares held directly and indirectly by Paul Cronson. This includes (i) 12,097 shares of common stock held indirectly by a family member of Paul Cronson; and (ii) 3,783 shares of common stock, 186,666 shares of common stock underlying warrants and 266,667 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares held indirectly by Navacorp III, LLC. Mr. Cronson exercises the sole voting power with respect to the shares held in the name of Navacorp III, LLC.
- (6) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (7) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (8) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (9) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (10) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (11) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (12) This figure represents shares of common stock underlying options.
- (13) This figure represents: (i) 577,041 shares of common stock; (ii) warrants held to purchase 199,583 shares of common stock; (iii) 266,667 shares of common stock underlying convertible preferred shares; and (iv) 1,637,226 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table sets forth the aggregate information of our equity compensation plans in effect as of December 31, 2008:

	N. 1 C			Number of securities
	Number of		1	remaining available for
	securities to be Weighted-average future issuance und			future issuance under
	issued upon exercise exercise price of equity compensation pla			
	of outstanding optionsutstanding optionscluding securities reflecte			
Plan	warrants and rights	warra	ants and rights	in first column
Equity compensation plans approved by security	1,323,480	\$	1.23	2,055,595
holders				
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	292,193	\$	3.41	

TRANSFER AGENT

Our transfer agent for our common stock is Continental Stock Transfer, 17 Battery Place, New York, NY 10004.

INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

Our Articles of Incorporation, as amended and restated, provide to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware that our directors or officers shall not be personally liable to us or our shareholders for damages for breach of such director's or officer's fiduciary duty. The effect of this provision of our Articles of Incorporation, as amended and restated, is to eliminate our rights and our shareholders (through shareholders' derivative suits on behalf of our company) to recover damages against a director or officer for breach of the fiduciary duty of care as a director or officer (including breaches resulting from negligent or grossly negligent behavior), except under certain situations defined by statute. We believe that the indemnification provisions in our Articles of Incorporation, as amended, are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and officers.

Our By Laws also provide that the Board of Directors may also authorize us to indemnify our employees or agents, and to advance the reasonable expenses of such persons, to the same extent, following the same determinations and upon the same conditions as are required for the indemnification of and advancement of expenses to our directors and officers. As of the date of this Registration Statement, the Board of Directors has not extended indemnification rights to persons other than directors and officers.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants to permit the resale of these shares of common stock by the holders of the warrants from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will receive proceeds of \$2,334,127 from the exercise of the warrants. We will bear all fees and expenses incident to our obligation to register the shares of common stock.

The selling stockholders and any of their pledgees, donees, transferees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed prices, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at varying prices determined at the time of sale or negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- · ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits investors;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- · privately negotiated transactions;
- to cover short sales made after the date that this registration statement is declared effective by the Commission:
- through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether through an options exchange or otherwise;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling stockholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the selling stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated. The selling stockholders do not expect these commissions and discounts to exceed what is customary in the types of transactions involved.

The selling stockholders may from time to time pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the shares owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus, or under an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of selling stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling stockholders under this prospectus.

In connection with the sale of our common stock or interests therein, the selling stockholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the common stock in the course of hedging the positions they assume. The selling stockholders may also sell shares of our common stock short and if such short sale shall take place after the date that this registration statement is declared effective by the Commission, the selling stockholders may deliver these securities to close out such short sales, or loan or pledge the common stock to broker-dealers that in turn may sell these securities. The selling stockholders may also enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions or the creation of one or more derivative securities which require the delivery to such broker-dealer or other financial institution of shares offered by this prospectus, which shares such broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction).

Upon us being notified in writing by a selling stockholder that any material arrangement has been entered into with a broker-dealer for the sale of common stock through a block trade, special offering, exchange distribution or secondary distribution or a purchase by a broker or dealer, a supplement to this prospectus will be filed, if required, pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act, disclosing (i) the name of each such selling stockholder and of the participating broker-dealer(s), (ii) the number of shares involved, (iii) the price at which such the shares of common stock were sold, (iv)the commissions paid or discounts or concessions allowed to such broker-dealer(s), where applicable, (v) that such broker-dealer(s) did not conduct any investigation to verify the information set out or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, and (vi) other facts material to the transaction. In addition, upon us being notified in writing by a selling stockholder that a done or pledgee intends to sell more than 500 shares of common stock, a supplement to this prospectus will be filed if then required in accordance with applicable securities law.

The selling stockholders also may transfer the shares of common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the shares may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Discounts, concessions, commissions and similar selling expenses, if any, that can be attributed to the sale of securities will be paid by the selling stockholder and/or the purchasers.

We have advised each selling stockholder that it may not use shares registered on this registration statement to cover short sales of common stock made prior to the date on which this registration statement shall have been declared

effective by the Commission. If a selling stockholder uses this prospectus for any sale of the common stock, it will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act unless an exemption therefrom is available. The selling stockholders will be responsible to comply with the applicable provisions of the Securities Act and Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder promulgated, including, without limitation, Regulation M, as applicable to such selling stockholders in connection with resales of their respective shares under this registration statement.

Under the securities laws of some states, the shares of common stock may be sold in such states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states the shares of common stock may not be sold unless such shares have been registered or qualified for sale in such state or an exemption from registration or qualification is available and is complied with.

There can be no assurance that any selling stockholder will sell any or all of the shares of common stock registered pursuant to the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part.

Once sold under the registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, the shares of common stock will be freely tradable in the hands of persons other than our affiliates.

We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

COMMON STOCK

We are authorized to issue up to 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value. As of November 11, 2009, there were 16,961,902 shares of common stock outstanding. Holders of the common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders. Holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefor. Upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of our company, the holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all of our assets which are legally available for distribution after payment of all debts and other liabilities and liquidation preference of any outstanding common stock. Holders of common stock have no preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The outstanding shares of common stock are validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

PREFERRED STOCK

We are authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value. The 10,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock authorized are undesignated as to preferences, privileges and restrictions. As the shares are issued, the Board of Directors must establish a "series" of the shares to be issued and designate the preferences, privileges and restrictions applicable to that series.

The Company filed the Certificate of Designations with the State of Delaware on December 19, 2008. The Certificate of Designations designates 10,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock as Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock has a stated value of \$1,000 and has a conversion price of \$.75 per share. The Preferred Stock does not pay interest. The holders of the Preferred Stock are not entitled to receive dividends unless the Company's Board of Directors declared a dividend for holders of the Company's common stock and then the dividend shall be equal to the amount that such holder would have been entitled to receive if the holder converted its Preferred Stock into shares of the Company's common stock. Each share of Preferred Stock has voting rights equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such shares of Preferred Stock at such time (determined without regard to the shares of Common Stock so issuable upon such conversion in respect of accrued and unpaid dividends on such share of Preferred Stock) when the Preferred Stock votes together with the Company's Common Stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company and (ii) one vote per share of Preferred Stock when such vote is not covered by the immediately preceding clause. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, the Preferred Stock is entitled to receive liquidation preference before the Common Stock. The Company may at its option redeem the Preferred Stock by providing the required notice to the holders of the Preferred Stock and paying an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of shares for all of such holder's shares of outstanding Preferred Stock to be redeemed. As of November 11, 2009, there were 5,739 shares of Preferred

Stock issued.

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The table below sets forth information concerning the resale of the shares of common stock by the selling stockholders. We will not receive any proceeds from the resale of the common stock by the selling stockholders. We will receive proceeds from the exercise of the warrants. Assuming all the shares registered below are sold by the selling stockholders, none of the selling stockholders will continue to own any shares of our common stock registered pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

The following table also sets forth the name of each person who is offering the resale of shares of common stock by this prospectus, the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each person based on its ownership of the shares of common stock underlying the warrants, as of November 11, 2009 to the extent known to us, assuming exercise of the warrants held by the selling stockholders on that date, without regard to any limitations on exercise, the number of shares of common stock that may be sold in this offering and the number of shares of common stock each person will own after the offering, assuming they sell all of the shares offered.

Except as described below the selling stockholders do not have and within the past three years have not had any position, office or other material relationship with us or any of our predecessors or affiliates.

In accordance with the terms of registration rights agreements with the holders of the shares of common stock and the warrants, this prospectus generally covers the resale of at least the sum of (i) the number of shares of common stock issued and (ii) the shares of common stock issued and issuable upon exercise of the related warrants, determined as if the outstanding warrants were exercised, as applicable, in full, as of the trading day immediately preceding the date this registration statement was initially filed with the SEC.

					Percentage
			Percentage		of
	Shares of		of		common
	Common		Common	Beneficial	Stock
	Stock	Beneficial	Stock	Ownership	Owned
	Included in	Ownership	Before	After the	After
	Prospectus	Before	Offering	Offering	Offering
Name of Selling Security Holder	(i)	Offering (ii)	(ii)	(iii)	(iii)
Iroquois Master Fund Ltd. (1)	72,116	408,543	1.1 %	336,427	*
Kettle Hill Master Fund, Ltd. (2)	86,539	235,362	*	148,823	*
Kettle Hill Partners, LP (3)	55,289	212,391	*	157,102	*
Kettle Hill Partners II, LP (4)	98,558	172,633	*	74,075	*
Moriah Capital L.P. (5)	1,370,000	1,547,914	4.22 %	177,914	*
Total	1,682,502	2,576,843		894,341	

^{*} Less than 1% of the outstanding common stock

- (i) Represents 1,682,502 shares issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants.
- (ii) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock subject to options or warrants currently exercisable or convertible, or exercisable or convertible within 60 days of November 11, 2009 are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of the person holding such option or warrant. Percentage prior to offering is based on 36,704,639 shares: 16,961,902 shares of common stock outstanding as of November 11, 2009 and 19,742,737 shares issuable upon exercise of options, warrants exercisable and convertible preferred stock on or within 60 days of October 16, 2009.
- (iii) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock subject to options or warrants currently exercisable or convertible, or exercisable or convertible within 60 days of November 11, 2009 are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of the person holding such option or warrant. Percentage prior to offering is based on 36,704,639 shares: 16,961,902 shares of common stock outstanding as of November 11, 2009 and 19,742,737 shares issuable upon exercise of options, warrants exercisable and convertible preferred stock on or within 60 days of November 11, 2009. It assumes all shares offered in this prospectus are sold.
- (1) Represents (i) 149,761 shares of common stock and (ii) 258,782 shares underlying warrants of which 72,116 are exercisable at \$1.13 per share and being registered with this prospectus.
- (2) Represents (i) 148,823 shares of common stock and (ii) 86,539 shares underlying warrants which are exercisable at \$1.13 per share which are being registered with this prospectus. Kettle Hill Capital Management, LLC acts as investment manager for Kettle Hill Master Fund, Ltd. Andrew Y. Kurita has voting and dispositive power over the shares beneficially owned by Kettle Hill Master Fund, Ltd, but Mr. Kurita disclaims beneficial ownership except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein. Other than in

- connection with April 2008 offering the Company has had no formal relationship with Kettle Hill Master Fund within the last 3 years. The address for Kettle Hill Master Fund, Ltd. is c/o Kettle Hill Capital Management, LLC, 101 Park Avenue, 23rd Floor, New York NY 10178, Attn: Andrew Y. Kurita.
- (3) Represents (i) 157,102 shares of common stock and (ii) 55,289 shares underlying warrants which are exercisable at \$1.13 per share which are being registered with this prospectus. Kettle Hill Capital Management, LLC acts as investment manager for Kettle Hill Partners, LP. Andrew Y. Kurita has voting and dispositive power over the shares beneficially owned by Kettle Hill Partners, LP, but Mr. Kurita disclaims beneficial ownership except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein. Other than in connection with April 2008 offering the Company has had no formal relationship with Kettle Hill Partners, LP within the last 3 years. The address for Kettle Hill Partners, LP is 101 Park Avenue, 23rd Floor, New York NY 10178, Attn: Andrew Y. Kurita.
- (4) Represents (i) 74,075 shares of common stock and (ii) 98,558 shares underlying warrants which are exercisable at \$1.13 per share which are being registered with this prospectus. Kettle Hill Capital Management, LLC acts as investment manager for Kettle Hill Partners II, LP. Andrew Y. Kurita has voting and dispositive power over the shares beneficially owned by Kettle Hill Partners II, LP, but Mr. Kurita disclaims beneficial ownership except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein. Other than in connection with April 2008 offering the Company has had no formal relationship with Kettle Hill Partners II, LP within the last 3 years. The address for Kettle Hill Partners II, LP is 101 Park Avenue, 23rd Floor, New York NY 10178, Attn: Andrew Y. Kurita.
- (5) Represents 1,370,000 shares underlying warrants of which 1,000,000 are exercisable at \$1.50 per share, and 370,000 are exercisable at \$1.30 per share and being registered in this prospectus.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PERSONS, PROMOTERS AND CERTAIN CONTROL PERSONS

As previously reported on a Form 8-K that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2008, pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") entered into on December 18, 2008 between the Company and Stillwater LLC ("Stillwater"), on December 22, 2008 (the "Closing"), the Company sold Stillwater for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,033,000 an aggregate of 4,033 shares of its Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"), which have a stated value of \$1,000 per share, a conversion price of \$0.75 per share and have the rights and preferences set forth in the Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock filed with the Secretary of State for the State of Delaware on December 19, 2008 (the "Certificate of Designations"), and warrants to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share (the "Warrants"). The Warrants terminate on December 22, 2013. Stillwater beneficially owns 35.8% of the Company's common stock.

Pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Preferred Stock exclusively to repay \$4,033,000 of its Amended and Restated 8% Senior Secured Convertible Notes (the "Notes") which matured on December 22, 2008.

Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the members of the Company's board of directors, and certain executive officers executed lockup agreements pursuant to which, subject to the terms of the lockup agreement, they were restricted from selling the Company's stock that they beneficially own for 180 days from the Closing.

On December 18, 2008, the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with three holders ("Holders") of its outstanding Notes, (i) Navacorp III LLC whose managing member, Paul Cronson, is a member of its board of directors; (ii) Ginola Limited who beneficially owns 13.8% of the shares of common stock; and (iii) Rainbow Gate Corporation who beneficially owns 5.3% of common stock. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, on December 22, 2008, the Holders exchanged \$1,700,000 of their outstanding Notes and accrued and unpaid interest thereon and received 1,706 shares of the Preferred Stock (the amount of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on the Notes exchanged divided by \$1,000).

The Company also entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with Stillwater to register for resale the shares of the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Stock sold in the offering and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants. Subject to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company is required to file a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") within 30 days following the date that it is permitted to file a registration statement by (i) the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and (ii) the agreements set forth on Schedule B to the Registration Rights Agreement, which as of November 11, 2009 prohibits the Company from filing the initial Registration Statement until certain other registration statements are filed. After filing the Registration Statement, the Company is to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") as promptly as possible after the filing thereof, but in no event later than 90 days after the filing date (or no later than 120 days after the filing date in the event of SEC "full review" of the Registration Statement). The Holders of Notes that exchanged their Notes pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, (i.e., Rainbow Gate Corporation, Ginola Limited and Navacorp III LLC), received the same registration rights as Stillwater.

In connection with the issuance of the Shares and the warrants pursuant to the December 22, 2008 Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company was required to lower the exercise prices of existing Series F warrants from \$3.31 to \$2.50 per share pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions of the Series F warrants.

On April 2, 2008, the Company completed a private placement of its common stock with several institutional investors, including Stillwater (as defined above) and Ginola Limited, for gross proceeds of \$1,650,000. The transaction involved the sale of 1,586,539 shares of common stock at \$1.04 per share, or the 5-day average closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading days immediately preceding the closing date. The Company also

issued warrants to the investors to purchase 793,273 shares of common stock at a price of \$1.30 per share which were repriced on December 22, 2008 to \$1.13 as a result of the Exchange Agreement discussed above. Pursuant to the transaction, the Company filed a registration statement on April 29, 2008 for the common stock shares as well as for the common stock shares underlying the warrants issued in the transaction to the investors, but the Company made a request for withdrawal of the registration statement on May 27, 2009. On June 22, 2009, the Company filed a registration statement for the common stock shares as well as for the common stock shares underlying the warrants issued in the transaction to the investors. Stillwater and Ginola Limited are beneficial owners of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. The common stock and common stock shares underlying the warrants beneficially owned by Stillwater and Ginola Limited are no longer being registered pursuant to this amendment to the registration statement.

On April 2, 2008, Stillwater, a beneficial owner of more than 5%, invested \$500 thousand and received 480,769 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase additional 240,385 shares of common stock. Ginola Limited, a beneficial owner of more than 5%, invested \$250 thousand and received 240,385 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 120,193 shares of common stock. Crestflower Corporation invested \$250 thousand and received 240,385 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase additional 120,193 shares of common stock. Ginola Limited is the sole shareholder of Crestflower Corporation.

As previously reported in the Form 8-K of the Company dated as of July 25, 2007, on July 23, 2007, the Company entered into Amendment Agreements (the Amendment Agreements") with the note holders and issued 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Notes ("Amended Notes") to the note holders in the principal amount equal to the principal amount outstanding as of July 23, 2007. The due date for the principal payment was extended to December 21, 2008 and the interest rate increased to 8%. The Amended Notes were convertible into 8,407,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price for approximately \$5,770,000 of principal was revised from \$2.60 to \$.75 per share and the conversion price of \$.35 per share for \$250,000 of principal was unchanged. \$3,010,000 of the Notes can convert into 3,010 shares of the Company's newly formed Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred") at a conversion price of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred was convertible into common stock at the same price allowable by the Amended Notes, subject to adjustment as provided for in the Certificate of Designations. The Amendment Agreements adjusted the exercise price, except for the Stillwater Warrant (as defined above), from \$3.60 to \$1.03 per share for 1,553,468 warrants and required the issuance of 3,831,859 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share pursuant to which the note holders may acquire common stock, until July 21, 2011.

Two employees and one board member participated in the Amendment Agreements. Olivier Prache, Senior VP of Display Operations, had an Amended Note of \$10,000 which was convertible into 13,333 shares, received 9,333 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share, and has 5,385 warrants which are exercisable at \$3.60 per share. John Atherly, former CFO as of January 2, 2008, had an Amended Note of \$40,000 which was convertible into 53,333 shares and received 37,333 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share. Paul Cronson, Board member, through Navacorp III, LLC, had an Amended Note of \$200,000 which was convertible into 266,666 shares and received 186,666 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share.

Stillwater is a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Rainbow Gate Corporation, a corporation in which its investment manager is the sole member of Stillwater and its controlling shareholder is the same as Ginola Limited, had an Amended Note of \$700,000 which was convertible into 933,333 shares and received 653,333 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share. Ginola Limited had an Amended Note of \$800,000 which was convertible into 1,066,333 shares and received 746,666 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share.

On March 28, 2007, the Company entered into an amendment to the Stillwater Agreement (as defined above), originally dated July 21, 2006. On April 9, 2007, the sale of the Stillwater Note (as defined above) and Stillwater Warrant was complete and the Company issued a 6% Senior Secured Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$500,000 and warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.48. On July 23, 2007, Stillwater elected to convert \$250,000 of the principal amount of the Stillwater Note and approximately \$2,167 of accrued and unpaid interest. Stillwater received 720,476 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.35. The remaining 50% was amended to an 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Note on July 23, 2007.

On July 21, 2006, the Company entered into several Note Purchase Agreements for the sale of approximately \$5.99 million of senior secured debentures (the "Notes") and warrants to purchase approximately 1.8 million shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. The investors purchased \$5.99 million principal amount of Notes with conversion prices of \$2.60 per share that may convert into approximately 2.3 million shares of common stock and 5 year warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share into approximately 1.6 million shares of common stock. If the Notes are not converted, 50% of the principal amount will be due on July 21, 2007 and the remaining 50% will be due on January 21, 2008. If the due date falls on a non-business day, the payment date will be due on the next business day. Commencing September 1, 2006, 6% interest is payable in quarterly installments on outstanding Notes. The outstanding Notes were amended to 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Notes on July 23, 2007.

In the Note Purchase transaction, two employees and one board member participated. Olivier Prache, Senior VP of Display Operations, purchased a \$30,000 promissory note which was convertible into 11,539 shares and received 8,077 warrants which are exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Mr. Prache converted \$20,000 of his promissory note and received 7,693 shares. John Atherly, former CFO as of January 2, 2008, purchased a \$40,000 promissory note which was convertible into 15,385 shares and received 10,770 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Paul Cronson, board member, through Navacorp III, LLC purchased a \$200,000 promissory note which was convertible into 76,923 shares and received 53,847 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share.

Stillwater is a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Rainbow Gate Corporation, a corporation in which its investment manager is the sole member of Stillwater and its controlling shareholder is the same as Ginola Limited's, purchased a \$700,000 promissory note which was convertible into 269,231 shares and received 188,462 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Ginola Limited purchased an \$800,000 promissory note which was convertible into 307,693 shares and received 215,385 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Stillwater disclaims beneficial ownership of shares owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation.

The Company has entered into a financial advisory agreement with Larkspur Capital Corporation. Paul Cronson, a director of the Company, is a founder and shareholder of Larkspur Capital Corporation. The Company has agreed to pay a minimum fee of \$500 thousand to Larkspur Capital Corporation in the event certain transactions occur, i.e. sale

of the Company's assets or change of control.

Director Independence

The Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. Thomas Paulsen, Claude Charles, Jacob Goldman, Irwin Engelman, and Stephen Seay are each independent directors as of November 11, 2009. Thomas Paulsen was not an independent director during the period January through May 2008 when he was acting Interim CEO and President. As of June 1, 2008, Thomas Paulsen is an independent director.

The Board of Directors has established a compensation committee which is currently comprised of Thomas Paulsen, Jacob Goldman, Claude Charles and Stephen Seay each of whom is independent as of November 11, 2009. Thomas Paulsen was not an independent director during the period January through May 2008 when he was acting Interim CEO and President. As of June 1, 2008, Thomas Paulsen is an independent director.

The Board of Directors has established a corporate governance and nominating committee, which is comprised of Thomas Paulsen, Claude Charles and Jacob Goldman, each of whom is independent as of November 11, 2009. Thomas Paulsen was not an independent director during the period January through May 2008 when he was acting Interim CEO and President. As of June 1, 2008, Thomas Paulsen is an independent director.

The Board of Directors has a separately designated audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which is currently comprised of Claude Charles, Irwin Engelman, and Stephen Seay. The members of the Audit Committee are independent as of November 11, 2009.

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

All future transactions, if any, between us and any of our officers, directors and principal security holders and their affiliates, as well as any transactions between us and any entity with which our officers, directors or principal security holders are affiliated, will be approved in accordance with applicable law governing the approval of the transactions.

Promoter and Certain Control Persons

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LEGAL MATTERS

Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP will issue an opinion with respect to the validity of the shares of common stock being offered hereby.

EXPERTS

Eisner LLP, Independent Registered Public Accountants, have audited, as set forth in their report thereon appearing in this Prospectus and Registration Statement, our consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2008 and the financial statement schedule included in item 16. The consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule referred to above are included herein in reliance upon the auditors' opinion based on their expertise in accounting and auditing.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, relating to the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus, and reference is made to such registration statement. This prospectus constitutes the prospectus of eMagin Corp., filed as part of the registration statement, and it does not contain all information in the registration statement, as certain portions have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

We are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which requires us to file reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such reports, proxy statements and other information may be inspected at public reference facilities of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington D.C. 20549. Copies of such material can be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Because we file documents electronically with the SEC, you may also obtain this information by visiting the SEC's Internet website at http://www.sec.gov.

eMAGIN CORPORATION INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Stockholders eMagin Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of eMagin Corporation (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity (capital deficit) and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts - listed in the index at item 16. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits include consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of eMagin Corporation as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/ Eisner LLP

New York, New York March 27, 2009

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	(December 31, 2008 2007 (In thousands, excep share and per share amounts)		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,404	\$	713
Investments – held to maturity	Ψ	97	Ψ	94
Accounts receivable, net		3,643		2,383
Inventory		2,374		1,815
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		796		850
Total current assets		9,314		5,855
Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements, net		381		292
Intangible assets, net		47		51
Other assets		_	_	232
Deferred financing costs, net		362		218
Total assets	\$	10,104	\$	6,648
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DE	FICI	(T)		
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,026	\$	620
Accrued compensation		837		891
Other accrued expenses		804		729
Advance payments		694		35
Deferred revenue		164		179
Current portion of debt		1,691		7,089
Other current liabilities		798		1,020
Total current liabilities		6,014		10,563
Long-term debt			_	60
Total liabilities		6,014		10,623
Commitments and continuencies				
Commitments and contingencies				
Redeemable common stock,: 522,500 shares redeemable as of December 31, 2008 and				
162,500 shares redeemable as of December 31, 2007		429		195
102,500 shares redecinable as of December 31, 2007		72)		173
Shareholders' equity (capital deficit):				
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value: authorized 10,000,000 shares:				
Series B Convertible Preferred stock, (liquidation preference of \$5,739,000) stated				
value \$1,000 per share, \$.001 par value: 10,000 shares designated and 5,739 issued as of	:			
December 31, 2008		_	_	_
Common stock, \$.001 par value: authorized 200,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding,				
15,213,959 shares in 2008 and 12,458,400 shares in 2007, net of redeemable common				
stock		15		12
Additional paid in capital		204,818		195,131
Accumulated deficit		(201,172)		(199,313)

Total shareholders' equity (capital deficit)	3,661	(4,170)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (capital deficit)	\$ 10,104	\$ 6,648
See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Year Ended December 31,								
	2008 2007 2006								
Revenue:	(In thousands, except per share data)								
Product revenue	\$15,730								
Contract revenue	3,009		186						
Total revenue, net	18,739		17,554		8,169				
Cost of goods sold:									
Product revenue	9,086		11,889		11,226				
Contract revenue	1,587		739		93				
Cost of goods sold	10,673		12,628		11,359				
Gross profit (loss)	8,066		4,926		(3,190)			
Operating expenses:									
Research and development	2,081		2,949		4,406				
Selling, general and administrative	6,254		6,591	8,860					
Total operating expenses	8,335		9,540		13,266				
Loss from operations	(269		(4,614		(16,456)			
Other income (expense):									
Interest expense	(1,990)	(3,087)	(1,306)			
Loss on extinguishment of debt			(10,749)	_				
(Loss) gain on warrant derivative liability	_		(853		2,405				
Other income, net	400		815		91				
Total other (expense) income, net	(1,590)	(13,874)	1,190				
Net loss	\$(1,859)	\$(18,488)	\$(15,266)			
Loss per share, basic and diluted	\$(0.13)	\$(1.59)	\$(1.52)			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:									
Basic and diluted	14,175		11,633		10,058				

See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIT) (In thousands)

	Preferred Stock Shares Amoun	t	Common Stoc Shares Am	k	Additional Paid- in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity (Capital Deficit)
Balance, December 31, 2005	— \$	_	9,997 \$	10 5	175,950	\$ (165,559)) \$ 10,401
Debt conversion	_	_	85	_	220	-	_ 220
Issuance of common stock for services			254		580		_ 580
Stock-based		_	234	_	380	-	
compensation	_	_	_	_	2,891	-	2,891
Stock options			5		10		10
exercised Net loss	<u> </u>		5	_	10	- (15,266)	— 10 (15,266)
Balance,						(15,200)	(12,200)
December 31, 2006	— \$	_	10,341 \$	10	179,651	\$ (180,825)	\$ (1,164)
Debt conversion	<u>—</u>		797	1	310	<u>-</u>	_ 311
Issuance of			1,5,1		310		311
common stock for services	_	_	1,310	1	1,129	-	
Exercise of common stock			10		3		_ 3
warrants Stock-based	<u>—</u>	_	10	_	3	-	_ 3
compensation	_	_	_	_	1,652	-	
Expiration of derivative							
liability- warrants	_			_	2,653	-	_ 2,653
Beneficial					,		,
conversion					5.070		5.070
premium Fair value of	_	_	_	_	5,078	-	5,078
warrants issued	_		_	_	4,655	-	4,655
Net loss	_	_	_	_		(18,488)	(18,488)
Balance, December 31, 2007	 \$		12,458 \$	12 5	5 195,131	\$ (199,313)) \$ (4,170)
	·		,		,	, , -,	() - /
Sale of preferred							
stock, net of issuance costs	4		_	_	3,933	-	_ 3,933

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Sale of common							
stock, net of							
issuance costs	_	_	1,587	2	1,578	_	1,580
Debt conversion	2		718	1	1,956	_	1,957
Issuance of							
common stock for							
services	_	_	326	_	303	_	303
Stock-based							
compensation					928	_	928
Put option waiver	_	_	125		150	_	150
Fair value of							
warrants issued	_		_	_	883	_	883
Deemed dividend,							
put option	_	_	_	_	(44)	_	(44)
Net loss	_		_			(1,859)	(1,859)
Balance,							
December 31,							
2008	6 \$	_	15,214 \$	15 \$ 2	204,818 \$	(201,172) \$	3,661

See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2008	2007	2006		
		(In	thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net loss	\$	(1,859) \$	(18,488) \$	(15,266)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		223	392	841		
Amortization of deferred financing and waiver fees		1,295	418	221		
Increase (reduction) of provision for sales returns and doubtful accounts		499	(79)	(39)		
Stock based compensation		928	1,652	2,891		
Issuance of common stock for services, net		95	1,130	553		
Amortization of discount on notes payable		25	1,925	956		
Loss (gain) on warrant derivative liability		_	853	(2,405)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt			10,749			
Loss on other asset		_	_	157		
Write-off of miscellaneous receivable			103			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(1,759)	(1,390)	(42)		
Inventory		(559)	670	1,354		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		399	1	389		
Advance payments		659	(409)	384		
Deferred revenue		(15)	53	30		
Accounts payable, accrued compensation, and accrued expenses		429	(381)	(566)		
Other current liabilities		(222)	858	153		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		138	(1,943)	(10,389)		
Cash flows from investing activities:			() /	(-))		
Purchase of equipment		(308)	(16)	(204)		
Proceeds from maturity of (purchase of) investments – held to maturity		(3)	77	(51)		
Purchase of intangibles and other assets		_	_	(2)		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(311)	61	(257)		
Cash flows from financing activities:		(311)	O1	(257)		
Proceeds from sale of preferred stock, net of issuance costs		3,933				
Proceeds from sale of common stock, net of issuance costs		1,580				
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants		1,500	3	10		
Borrowings from line of credit		1,934	1,108	10		
Proceeds from long-term debt		1,754	500	5,970		
Payments related to deferred financing costs		(117)	(368)	(591)		
Payments of long-term debt and capitalized lease obligations		(5,466)	(63)	(55)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,864	1,180	5,334		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,691	(702)			
· ·		713	1,415	(5,312)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	Φ		·	6,727		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,404 \$	713 \$	1,415		
Cook maid for interest	Φ	702 🚓	40C P	100		
Cash paid for interest	\$	702 \$	426 \$	128		
Cash paid for taxes	\$	44 \$	78 \$	40		

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Supplemental non-cash transactions:			
**			
Conversion of debt to common stock	\$ 251	\$ 311 \$	220
Conversion of debt to convertible preferred stock – series B	\$ 1,706	\$ — \$	
Issuance of 485,000 and 162,500 shares of common stock for deferred			
financing costs in 2008 and 2007, respectively.	\$ 340	\$ 195 \$	
Issuance of 1,120,000 shares of common stock underlying warrants for			
deferred financing costs in 2008.	\$ 715	\$ — \$	

See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

eMAGIN CORPORATION NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS

eMagin Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiary (the "Company") designs, develops, manufactures, and markets OLED on silicon microdisplays, virtual imaging products which utilize OLED microdisplays. The Company's products are sold mainly in North America, Asia, and Europe.

Note 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying audited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of eMagin Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiary. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain items in the prior years' consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Use of estimates

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management utilizes certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue and cost recognition

Revenue is recognized when products are shipped to customers, net of allowances for anticipated returns. The Company's revenue-earning activities generally involve delivering products, and revenues are considered to be earned when the Company has completed the process by which it is entitled to such revenues. Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, selling price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. We record a reserve for estimated sales returns, which is reflected as a reduction of revenue at the time of revenue recognition. The Company defers revenue recognition on products sold directly to the consumer with a maximum thirty day right of return. Revenue is recognized upon the expiration of the right of return.

The Company also earns revenues from certain R&D activities under both firm fixed-price contracts and cost-type contracts, including some cost-plus-fee contracts. Revenues relating to firm fixed-price contracts are generally recognized on the percentage-of-completion method of accounting as costs are incurred (cost-to-cost basis). Revenues on cost-plus-fee contracts include costs incurred plus a portion of estimated fees or profits based on the relationship of costs incurred to total estimated costs. Contract costs include all direct material and labor costs and an allocation of allowable indirect costs as defined by each contract, as periodically adjusted to reflect revised agreed upon rates. These rates are subject to audit by the other party.

Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs

Shipping and handling fees billed to customers are netted against the shipping and handling costs which are recorded as cost of sales.

Research and development expenses

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments-held to maturity

Securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and are carried at amortized cost on the accompanying balance sheet.

Accounts receivable

The majority of the Company's commercial accounts receivable is due from Original Equipment Manufacturers ("OEM's"). Credit is extended based on evaluation of a customer's financial condition and, generally, collateral is not required. Accounts receivable are payable in U.S. dollars, are due within 30-90 days and are stated at amounts due from customers net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Any account outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms is considered past due.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects an estimate of probable losses inherent in the accounts receivable balance. The allowance is determined based on a variety of factors, including the length of time receivables are past due, historical experience, the customer's current ability to pay its obligation, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. The Company will record a specific reserve for individual accounts when the Company becomes aware of a customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or deterioration in the customer's operating results or financial position. If circumstances related to customers change, the Company would further adjust estimates of the recoverability of receivables.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in first-out method. Cost includes materials, labor, and manufacturing overhead related to the purchase and production of inventories. The Company regularly reviews inventory quantities on hand, future purchase commitments with the Company's suppliers, and the estimated utility of the inventory. If the Company review indicates a reduction in utility below carrying value, the inventory is reduced to a new cost basis.

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Depreciation on equipment is calculated using the straight-line method of depreciation over its estimated useful life. Amortization of leasehold improvements is calculated by using the straight-line method over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or lease terms. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

In accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," the Company performs impairment tests on its long-lived assets when circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If required, recoverability is tested by comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows of the asset or asset group to its carrying value. Impairment losses, if any, are recognized based on the excess of the assets' carrying amounts over their estimated fair values.

Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets consist of patents that are amortized over their estimated useful lives of fifteen years using the straight line method. Total intangible amortization expense was approximately \$4 thousand for each of the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. The accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2008 was \$18 thousand.

Advertising

Costs related to advertising and promotion of products is charged to sales and marketing expense as incurred. Advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 was \$0, \$10 thousand, and \$296 thousand, respectively.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS No. 109"). SFAS No. 109 requires that the Company recognize deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined on the basis of the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their respective financial reporting amounts ("temporary differences") at enacted tax rates in effect for the years in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. The Company records an estimated valuation allowance on its deferred income tax assets if it is more likely than not that these deferred income tax assets will not be realized.

Loss per common share

In accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share", net loss per common share amounts ("basic EPS") is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and excluding any potential dilution. Net loss per common share amounts assuming dilution ("diluted EPS") reflects the potential dilution from the exercise of stock options and warrants. These common equivalent shares have been excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for all periods presented as their effect is antidilutive. The years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 do not include options, warrants, convertible notes, redeemable stock, and convertible preferred stock to purchase common equivalent shares of 22,069,412, 17,728,020, and 6,832,620, respectively, as their effect would be antidilutive.

Comprehensive income (loss)

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", requires companies to report all changes in equity during a period, except those resulting from investment by owners and distributions to owners, for the period in which they are recognized. Comprehensive income (loss) is the total of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) items, such as unrealized gains or losses on foreign currency translation adjustments. Comprehensive income (loss) must be reported on the face of the annual financial statements. The Company's operations did not give rise to any material items includable in comprehensive income (loss), which were not already in net loss for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006. Accordingly, the Company's comprehensive loss is the same as its net income (loss) for the periods presented.

Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under the provisions of SFAS No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment", which requires the Company to recognize expense related to the fair value of the Company's share-based compensation issued to employees and directors. We adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective transition method. Compensation cost recognized for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 includes a) compensation cost for all share-based compensation granted prior to, but not vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No.123 and b) compensation cost for all share-based compensation granted beginning January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No.123R. The compensation cost was recognized using the straight-line attribution method. See Note 11 for a further discussion on stock-based compensation.

Fair value of financial instruments

At December 31, 2008, the Company's cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term investments, accounts payable and debt are shown at cost which approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are deposited with financial institutions which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. To date, the Company has not experienced any loss associated with this risk.

Note 3 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements," ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not

require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of the information. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FSP 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157", which provides a one year deferral of the effective date of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company adopted SFAS 157 as of January 1, 2008, with the exception of the application of the statement to non-recurring non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities for which it will defer the adoption until January 1, 2009. In October 2008, the FASB issued FASP FAS 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active" ("FSP 157-3"). FSP 157-3 clarified the application of FAS 157 in situations where the market for that financial asset is not active. FSP 157-3 was effective upon issuance, including prior periods for which financial statements had not been issued. The adoption of SFAS 157 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities — including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115," ("SFAS 159") which is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. This statement also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option is elected would be reported in earnings. The Company has adopted SFAS 159 and has elected not to measure any additional financial instruments and other items at fair value and therefore the adoption of SFAS 159 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 ("SFAS 161"). SFAS 161 requires entities to provide greater transparency about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. SFAS 161 is effective prospectively for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the disclosure implications of this statement.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, ("SFAS 162"), which identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This statement became effective November 15, 2008. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB ratified EITF No. 07-5, "Determining Whether an Instrument (or an Embedded Feature) is Indexed to an Entity's Own Stock " ("EITF 07-5"). EITF 07-5 provides that an entity should use a two-step approach to evaluate whether an equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded feature) is indexed to its own stock, including evaluating the instrument's contingent exercise and settlement provisions. EITF 07-5 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and must be applied to all instruments outstanding on the date of adoption. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of this EITF 07-5 on its consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

Note 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables consisted of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	2008		2007	
Trade receivables	\$ 4,500	\$	2,741	
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(857)		(358)	
Net receivables	\$ 3,643	\$	2,383	

Note 5 - INVENTORY

The components of inventory were as follows (in thousands):

	Decen	December 31,		
	2008		2007	
Raw materials	\$ 1,109	\$	1,069	
Work in process	280		370	
Finished goods	985		376	
Total inventory	\$ 2,374	\$	1,815	

Note 6 – PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,		
2	2008		2007
\$	180	\$	537
	383		310
	233		3
\$	796	\$	850
	\$	2008 \$ 180 383 233	2008 \$ 180 \$ 383 233

Note 7 – EQUIPMENT, FURNITURE AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements consist of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,			
	2008		2007	
Computer hardware and software	\$ 1,039	\$	1,025	
Lab and factory equipment	3,612		3,318	
Furniture, fixtures, and office equipment	306		306	
Assets under capital leases	66		66	
Leasehold improvements	473		473	
Total equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements	5,496		5,188	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,115)		(4,896)	
Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements, net	\$ 381	\$	292	

Depreciation expense was \$219 thousand, \$388 thousand, and \$837 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. Assets under capital leases are fully amortized.

Note 8 - DEBT

Debt is as follows (in thousands):

	Decembe	er 31,
	2008	2007
Current portion of debt:		
Other debt	\$ 60 \$	5 44
Line of credit	1,631	1,108
8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Notes	_	5,962
Less: Unamortized discount on notes payable		(25)
Current portion of debt, net	1,691	7,089
Long-term debt:		
Other debt	_	60
Long-term debt, net	_	60
Total debt, net	\$ 1,691	7,149

The total debt will mature as of December 31, 2009. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, approximately \$1.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, of deferred debt issuance costs and waiver fees were amortized to interest expense. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, interest expense includes interest paid or accrued of approximately \$667 thousand and \$836 thousand, respectively, on outstanding debt.

8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Notes

On July 23, 2007, an investor elected to convert approximately \$252 thousand of the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Note ("Original Note") representing \$250 thousand of the principal amount of the Note due on July 23, 2007 and approximately \$2 thousand of accrued and unpaid

interest. The investor received 720,476 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.35.

On July 23, 2007, the Company entered into Amended Agreements with the note holders of the Original Notes issued July 21, 2006 and March 28, 2007 and agreed to issue each holder an 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Note ("Amended Note") in the principal amount equal to the principal amount outstanding as of July 23, 2007 which was in total approximately \$6.0 million. The significant changes to the Amended Notes include the following:

- the due dates have been changed from July 23, 2007 and January 21, 2008 to December 21, 2008;
- the annual interest rate has been changed from 6% to 8%;
- the Amended Notes are convertible into 8,407,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price for \$5.8 million of principal is at a conversion price of \$0.75, originally \$2.60, and the conversion price for \$250,000 of principal remains the same at \$0.35;
- the Agreement adjusts the exercise price of the amended Warrants from \$3.60 to \$1.03 per share for 1,553,468 shares of common stock and requires the issuance of warrants for an additional 3,831,859 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share with an expiration date of July 21, 2011. The warrants are subject to anti-dilution adjustment rights;
- 50% of the Amended Notes can be converted into the Company's newly designated Series A Senior Secured Convertible Preferred Stock which is convertible into common stock at the same rate as the Amended Notes:
- the liquidated damages of 1% per month will no longer accrue and the deferred balance at July 23, 2007 is forgiven; and
- there is no minimum cash or cash equivalents balance requirement.

Under the guidance of EITF 96-19, "Debtor's Accounting for a Modification or Exchange of Debt Instruments", the Company determined the change in the present value of the expected cash flows between the Amended Notes and the Original Notes issued July 21, 2006 was greater than 10%; therefore (a) for financial reporting purposes, the modifications to the Original Notes issued July 21, 2006 were treated as an extinguishment of debt and (b) on July 23, 2007, the Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of approximately \$10.7 million reflecting the difference between (i) the recorded amount of debt, net of related discounts, of approximately \$4.8 million and (ii) the fair value of the new debt instrument of approximately \$10.7, which was determined by multiplying the number of convertible shares underlying the note by the closing market price of the common stock on July 23, 2007 plus the change in the fair value of the warrants on July 23, 2007, the date of the modification, of approximately \$4.7 million, which was considered a fee paid by the debtor to the creditor under EITF 96-19. The Company has also recorded a beneficial conversion charge of approximately \$5.1 million on the Amended Notes, which was calculated by multiplying the intrinsic value of the common stock by the underlying convertible shares, adjusting the Amended Notes to their face value of approximately \$5.8 million. The Original Note issued on March 28, 2007 and amended on July 23, 2007 was not treated as an extinguishment but a modification.

On August 16, 2007, an investor elected to convert approximately \$58 thousand of the Amended Note. The investor received 76,923 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.75.

On December 22, 2008, the Company paid approximately \$4.03 million to its 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Note Holders ("the Amended Note Holders") which was comprised of approximately \$4.01 million of principal and approximately \$0.02 million of accrued interest. The remaining Note Holders elected to convert approximately \$1.95 million to equity. See Note 10 – Shareholders' Equity for additional information.

Line of Credit

On August 7, 2007, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Moriah Capital, L.P. ("Moriah") and established a revolving line of credit (the "Loan") of \$2.5 million. The Company was permitted to borrow an amount not to exceed 90% of its domestic eligible accounts receivable and 50% of its eligible inventory capped at \$600 thousand. As part of the transaction, the Company issued 162,500 shares of unregistered common stock valued at \$195 thousand and paid a servicing fee of \$82.5 thousand to Moriah which were amortized to interest expense over the life of the agreement. In conjunction with entering into this loan and issuing unregistered common stock, the Company granted Moriah registration rights. In addition, the Company granted Moriah a put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell to the Company the 162,500 shares of its common stock for \$195,000, or prorated for any portion thereof for one year from the issue date ("the 2007 Put Option"). The Loan was convertible into shares of the Company's common stock

pursuant to the terms of the Loan Conversion Agreement. The Loan was to mature on August 7, 2008, however Moriah extended the maturity date to August 20, 2008 when the loan agreement was further amended as explained below.

On January 30, 2008, the Company amended and restated its Loan agreement ("Amended Loan Agreement") with Moriah. The Amended Loan Agreement's borrowing base calculation was modified to include 70% of eligible foreign accounts receivable. The Amended Loan Agreement eliminated the optional conversion of principal up to \$2.0 million into common stock. In connection with the Amended Loan Agreement, the Company entered into a Warrant Issuance Agreement and issued a Warrant to purchase 750,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$1.50 per share with an expiration date of January 29, 2013.

The Amended Loan Agreement has specific terms to which the Company must comply including (a) maintaining a lockbox account into which payments from related accounts receivable must be deposited, (b) periodic certifications as to borrowing base amounts equaling or exceeding net balances outstanding under the Line of Credit, and (c) a requirement that a registration statement with respect to shares held or to be issued to the lender be filed within thirty days of January 30, 2008. A delay in establishing the required lockbox account created a technical default under the Line of Credit agreement. Similarly, the production and subsequent discovery of defective displays resulted in an inadvertent overstatement of inventory during December 2007, January 2008 and early February 2008 that created a technical default under the agreement. Finally, the Company was not able to complete the registration of shares within the thirty day timeframe mandated in the amended agreement. On March 25, 2008 the Company received a waiver from the lender (a) waiving compliance with the lockbox account requirement through March 14, 2008, (b) waiving compliance with the borrowing base requirement in so far as it related exclusively to the defective displays inadvertently included in inventory, and (c) extending the period for filing a registration statement for certain shares held or to be issued to the lender until April 29, 2008. The Company established a lockbox account by March 14, 2008 and filed a registration statement with the SEC on April 29, 2008.

Effective March 25, 2008, the Company amended the Warrant Issuance Agreement ("Amended Warrant Agreement") with Moriah. In connection with such amendment, the Company issued a waiver fee in the form of a Warrant to purchase an additional 250,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$1.50 expiring March 25, 2013.

The Company determined the fair value of the 1,000,000 warrants to be \$729 thousand of which \$168 thousand was expensed immediately and \$561 thousand was amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan. The following assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the warrants: dividend yield of 0%; risk free interest rates of 2.61 % and 2.96%; expected volatility of 90.9% and 92.3%; and expected contractual term of 5 years.

The Company and Moriah entered into Amendment No. 3 to the Loan and Security Agreement dated August 20, 2008 (the "Amendment No. 3"). Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company issued Moriah an Amended and Restated Revolving Loan Note (the "Amended Note") and the maturity date has been extended to August 7, 2009. The Company paid Moriah \$85 thousand in servicing fees. The servicing fees are amortized to interest expense over the life of the agreement.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the following changes were made to the Loan: the maximum amount the Company can borrow has been increased to \$3 million; the borrowing base calculation was modified to increase eligible foreign accounts receivable to 80% and increased the eligible inventory to the lesser of 70% or \$800 thousand; and financial covenants have been added. The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants at December 31, 2008.

The Company issued Moriah a warrant, which terminates on August 7, 2013, to purchase up to 370,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share. The Company determined the fair value of the warrants to be approximately \$154 thousand which was recorded as a deferred debt issuance cost. The following assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the warrants: dividend yield of 0%; risk free interest rates of 3.16 %; expected volatility of 87.7%; and expected contractual term of 5 years. The deferred debt issuance costs are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company and Moriah, also, entered into an Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement. The Company issued 485,000 shares of unregistered common stock valued at approximately \$340 thousand which was recorded as a deferred debt issuance cost. It will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the agreement. In addition, the holders of the Amended 8% Notes and the investors in the Purchase Agreement (See Note 10) consented to the Amended Note and received a total of 144,000 shares of unregistered common stock valued at approximately \$101 thousand which was recorded as waiver fees and expensed to interest expense.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company and Moriah entered into an Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement (the "Amended Registration Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Amended Registration Rights Agreement, the Company agreed to use its best efforts to file a registration statement to register the 485,000 shares of the company's common stock issued pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrant, provided that the Company is permitted to under applicable securities rules and regulations and after the certain other registration statements that the Company was obligated to file on behalf of selling shareholders have been declared effective.

Note 9 - INCOME TAXES

Loss before income taxes consists of the following (in thousands):

	For the	For the years ended December 31,							
	2008	2007	2006						
Domestic	\$ (1,859)	\$ (18,488)	\$ (15,266)						
Total	\$ (1,859)	\$ (18,488)	\$ (15,266)						

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of (a) temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, and (b) operating losses and tax credit carryforwards.

The tax effects of significant items comprising the Company's deferred taxes as of December 31 are as follows (numbers are in thousands):

	For the years ended December 31,						
	2008 2007				2006		
Federal and state net operating loss carryforwards	\$	40,964	\$	42,266	\$	41,554	
Research and development tax credit carryforwards		1,454		1,397			
Stock based compensation		879		609		279	
Depreciation and amortization		466		552		(63)	
Other provisions and expenses not currently deductible		851		585		304	
Total deferred tax assets		44,614		45,409		42,074	
Less valuation allowance		(44,614)		(45,409)		(42,074)	
Net deferred tax asset	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

SFAS No. 109 requires that the tax benefit of net operating losses, temporary differences and credit carryforwards be recorded as an asset to the extent that management assesses that realization is "more likely than not." Realization of the future tax benefits is dependent on the Company's ability to generate sufficient taxable income within the carryforward period. Because of the Company's history of operating losses, management believes that realization of the deferred tax assets arising from the above-mentioned future tax benefits is currently not likely and, accordingly, has provided a valuation allowance.

As of December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company has net deferred tax assets of approximately of \$44.6, \$45.4, and \$42.0 million, respectively, primarily resulting from the future tax benefit of net operating loss carryforwards. The valuation allowance decreased by \$795 thousand during 2008 and increased by \$3.3 million and \$4.7 million during 2007 and 2006, respectively.

As of December 31, 2008, eMagin has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$120.3 million. The federal research and development tax credit carryforwards are approximately \$1.5 million. The net operating losses and tax credit carryforwards will be available to offset future taxable income, if any, through December 2028. The utilization of net operating losses is subject to a limitation due to the change of ownership provisions under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code and similar state provisions. Such limitation may result in the expiration of the net operating losses before their utilization. The Company has done analysis regarding prior year ownership changes, and it has been determined that the Section 382 limitation on the utilization of net operating losses will not materially affect the Company's ability to utilize its net operating losses.

The difference between the statutory federal income tax rate on the Company's pre-tax income and the Company's effective income tax rate is summarized as follows:

	For the years	For the years ended December 31,				
	2008	2007	2006			
U.S. Federal income tax benefit at federal statutory rate	34%	34%	34%			
Change in valuation allowance	43%	(18)%	(32) %			
Change in effective state tax rate	(75)%	_	_			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	(20)%	_			
Other, net	(2)%	4%	(2)%			
	0%	0%	0%			

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, on January 1, 2007. The Company did not have unrecognized tax benefits which would require an adjustment to the January 1, 2007 beginning balance of retained earnings. The Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits at

December 31, 2007 or at December 31, 2008. The Company recognizes interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 the Company recognized no interest and penalties.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and New York. The tax years 2005-2007 remain open to examination by major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

Note 10 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

Preferred Stock – Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ("the Preferred Stock – Series B")

The Company has designated 10,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock as Preferred Stock – Series B at a stated value of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred Stock – Series B is convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share. The Preferred Stock – Series B does not pay interest. The holders of the Preferred Stock – Series B are not entitled to receive dividends unless the Company's Board of Directors declare a dividend for holders of the Company's common stock and then the dividend shall be equal to the amount that such holder would have been entitled to receive if the holder converted its Preferred Stock – Series B into shares of the Company's common stock. Each share of Preferred Stock – Series B has voting rights equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such shares of Preferred Stock – Series B at such time (determined without regard to the shares of Common Stock so issuable upon such conversion in respect of accrued and unpaid dividends on such share of Preferred Stock) when the Preferred Stock – Series B votes together with the Company's Common Stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company and (ii) one vote per share of Preferred Stock when such vote is not covered by the immediately preceding clause. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, the Preferred Stock – Series B is entitled to receive liquidation preference before the Common Stock. The Company may at its option redeem the Preferred Stock – Series B by providing the required notice to the holders of the Preferred Stock – Series B and paying an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of shares for all of such holder's shares of outstanding Preferred Stock – Series B to be redeemed.

On December 22, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Company sold and issued an aggregate of 4,033 shares of its Preferred Stock – Series B for an aggregate price of approximately \$4.03 million and warrants to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share. The net proceeds received after expenses were approximately \$3.93 million. The fair value of the warrants was recorded as equity and there was no impact on the consolidated financial position of the results of operations. In addition, the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with three holders ("Holders") of its outstanding Amended Notes. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, the Holders exchanged \$1.7 million of their outstanding Amended Notes and unpaid interest of \$6 thousand, and received 1,706 shares of the Preferred Stock – Series B. There was no gain or loss on the extinguishment of debt.

As of December 31, 2008, there were 5,739 shares of Preferred Stock – Series B issued and outstanding.

Preferred Stock – Series A Senior Secured Convertible Preferred Stock ("the Preferred Stock – Series A")

The Company designated but did not issue 3,198 shares of the Company's preferred stock as Series A Senior Secured Convertible Preferred Stock ("the Preferred Stock - Series A") at a stated value of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred Stock - Series A was entitled to cumulative dividends which accrued at a rate of 8% per annum, payable on December 21, 2008. Each share of the Preferred Stock - Series A had voting rights equal to (1) in any case in which the Preferred Stock - Series A voted together with the Company's Common Stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company, the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such shares of Preferred Stock - Series A at such time (determined without regard to the shares of Common Stock so issuable upon such conversion in respect of accrued and unpaid dividends on such share of Preferred Stock - Series A) and (2) in any case not covered by the immediately preceding clause one vote per share of Preferred Stock - Series A. Preferred Stock - Series A had a mandatory redemption at December 21, 2008. As of December 21, 2008, there were no shares issued or outstanding.

Common Stock

2008

On December 22, 2008, an investor converted \$250 thousand of the principal amount of the Amended Note and approximately \$1 thousand of accrued and unpaid interest totaling \$251 thousand and received 717,620 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.35.

On December 22, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Company sold and issued 5,739 shares of Preferred Stock – Series B at a stated value of \$1,000 per share (see Preferred Stock above for additional information). The Preferred Stock – Series B is convertible into Common Stock at a conversion price of \$0.75. The Company may at its option redeem the Preferred Stock – Series B by providing the required notice to the holders of the Preferred Stock – Series B and paying an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of shares for all of such holder's shares of outstanding Preferred Stock – Series B to be redeemed. The total shares of Common Stock underlying the Preferred Stock – Series B is 7,652,000. As mentioned above in Preferred Stock – Series B, warrants were issued to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share. The warrants terminate on December 22, 2013.

The Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement to register for resale of the shares of the Company's common stock issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Stock sold in the offering and the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants. Subject to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company is required to file a registration statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") within 30 days following the date that the Company is permitted to file a registration statement by (i) the rules and regulations of the SEC and (ii) the agreements set forth on Schedule B to the Registration Rights Agreement, which as of December 18, 2008 prohibit the Company from filing the initial Registration Statement until certain other registration statements are filed. After filing the Registration Statement, the Company is to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") as promptly as possible but in no event later than 90 days after the filing date (or no later than 120 days after the filing date in the event of SEC "full review" of the Registration Statement). The Holders that exchanged their Notes pursuant to the Exchange Agreement received the same registration rights.

As a result of the December 22, 2008 Securities Purchase Agreement, the outstanding 650,000 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants that were issued to participants of the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were repriced from \$3.31 to \$2.50 and the April 2, 2008 Common Stock Purchase Warrants were repriced from \$1.28 to \$1.13. The repricing of the warrants had no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

On August 20, 2008, the Company and Moriah Capital entered into Amendment No. 3 to the Loan and Security Agreement ("Amendment No. 3") effective August 7, 2008. The Company issued Moriah a warrant, which terminates on August 7, 2013, to purchase up to 370,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share.

In addition, the Company and Moriah entered into an Amended and Restated Securities Issuance agreement (the "Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement") on August 20, 2008. On August 7, 2007, in connection with the Securities Issuance Agreement, (the "Original Securities Issuance Agreement"), the Company issued Moriah 162,500 shares of the Company's common stock (the "2007 Shares"). With respect to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, Moriah agreed to waive the Company's obligation to buy back the 2007 Shares with respect to 125,000 of such shares with a redemption amount of \$150,000 and to extend the Company's obligation to buy back 37,500 of such 2007 Shares for an additional 12 month period. The Company issued Moriah 485,000 shares of its Common Stock of which 125,000 shares were issued as additional consideration for the extension of the loan and security agreement and 360,000 shares were issued in lieu of the issuance to Moriah of the Contingent Issued

Shares (as described in the Original Securities Issuance Agreement). Additionally, Moriah has a put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell to the Company 162,500 shares of its common stock for \$195,000, pro-rated for any portion thereof, relating to the remaining 37,500 shares subject to the 2007 Put Option and the 125,000 shares issued to extend the loan and security agreement, the Put Waiver shares. In conjunction with the issuance of the 360,000 shares, the Company granted Moriah a put option pursuant to which such shares can be put to the Company for \$234,000 (the "2008 Put Option"). The 2007 and 2008 Put Option shall automatically be deemed exercised by Moriah unless Moriah delivers written notice to the Company at any time between July 1, 2009 and August 1, 2009 that Moriah does not wish to exercise the 2007 and 2008 Put options in whole or in part.

The shares underlying the put options are presented as redeemable common stock and presented separately from permanent equity. As of December 31, 2008, an aggregate of 522,500 shares related to the 2007 and 2008 put options are presented on the balance sheet as redeemable common stock in the amount of \$429,000, representing the amount for which the shares may be redeemed at the option of the holders at such date.

The Company and Moriah entered into an Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement (the "Amended Registration Rights Agreement") and the Company agreed to use its best efforts to file a registration statement to register the 485,000 shares of the Company's common stock issued and the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrant.

On August 19, 2008, the Holders of the Amended Notes and the Investors in the Purchase Agreement consented to the Company's execution of the Amended Note, Amendment No. 3, Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, and the Amended Registration Rights Agreement. In consideration for the consent, a total of 144,000 shares of common stock valued at \$101,000 were issued to the Holders and Investors based on individual participation in the Amended Notes and Purchase Agreement on September 4, 2008.

As a result of the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, the outstanding 650,000 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants that were issued to participants of the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were repriced from \$3.45 to \$3.31 and the April 2, 2008 Common Stock Purchase Warrants were repriced from \$1.30 to \$1.28. The repricing of the warrants had no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

On April 2, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement ("Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company sold and issued 1,586,539 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.001 per share, at a price of \$1.04 per share and warrants to purchase an additional 793,273 shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.65 million. The net proceeds received after expenses were approximately \$1.58 million. The warrants are exercisable at a price of \$1.30 per share and expire on April 2, 2013.

As a result of the Purchase Agreement, the outstanding 650,000 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants that were issued to participants of the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were repriced from \$4.09 to \$3.45. The repricing of the warrants had no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

A registration rights agreement was entered into on April 2, 2008 in connection with the private placement which required the Company to file a registration statement for the resale of the common stock and the shares underlying the warrants within 45 days of the signing of the agreement. The Company must use its best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective within 90 days of the signing of the agreement or if a SEC review occurs, 120 days. In addition, the Company must use its best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement until all common stock has been sold or may be sold without volume restrictions pursuant to Rule 144(k) of the Securities Act.

If the registration statement is not effective within the grace periods ("Event Date") or the Company cannot maintain its effectiveness ("Event Date"), the Company must pay partial liquidated damages ("damages") in cash to each investor equal to 2% of the aggregate purchase price paid by each investor under the Purchase Agreement on the Event Date and each monthly anniversary of the Event Date (or on a pro-rata basis for any portion of a month) until the registration statement is effective. The Company is not liable for any damages with respect to the warrants or warrant shares. The maximum damages payable to each investor is 36% of the aggregate purchase price. If the Company fails to pay the damages to the investors within 7 days after the date payable, the Company must pay interest at a rate of 15% per annum to each investor which accrues daily from the date payable until damages are paid in full.

The Company filed the registration statement within the 45 day period however the Company was notified that the registration statement was under review by the SEC. The amended registration statement was not filed by August 2, 2008 which was the 120th day from the signing of the purchase agreement and therefore the registration statement is not effective. As of December 31, 2008, the registration statement is not effective.

The Company accounted for the registration payment arrangement under the guidance of EITF 00-19-2, "Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements", ("EITF 00-19-2") which requires the contingent obligation to make future payments be recognized and measured in accordance with FASB Statement No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies", ("Statement 5") and FASB Interpretation No. 14, "Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss", ("Interpretation 14"). The Company estimated \$399 thousand to be the maximum potential damages that the Company may be required to pay the investors if the registration statement is not effective within three years of the signing of the agreement. The Company estimated \$186 thousand to be a reasonable estimate of the potential damages that may be due to the investors. As a result, the Company recorded a liability of \$186 thousand in the consolidated balance sheets and the associated expense in other income (expense) in the consolidated statements of operations. Effective March 25, 2008, the Company amended the Warrant Issuance Agreement ("Amended Warrant Agreement") with Moriah. In connection with such amendment, the Company issued a Warrant to purchase an additional 250,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$1.50 expiring March 25, 2013.

On January 30, 2008, the Company amended and restated its Loan and Security Agreement ("Amended Loan Agreement") with Moriah. As part of the amended agreement, the Loan Conversion agreement was terminated which eliminated the optional conversion of principal up to \$2.0 million into common stock at \$1.50. In connection with the Amended Loan agreement, the Company issued a Warrant to purchase 750,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$1.50 per share with an expiration date of January 29, 2013. Effective March 25, 2008, the Company amended the Warrant Issuance Agreement with Moriah. In connection with such amendment, the Company issued a Warrant to purchase an additional 250,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$1.50 expiring March 25, 2013.

The Company determined the fair value of the 1,000,000 warrants issued to Moriah to be \$729 thousand. The Company valued the warrants using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company recorded \$168 thousand as interest expense and the remaining \$561 thousand was recorded as deferred debt issuance costs and amortized over the life of the loan. The following assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the warrants: dividend yield of 0%; risk free interest rates of 2.61 % and 2.96%; expected volatility of 90.9% and 92.3%; and expected contractual term of 5 years.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, there were no stock options and warrants exercised. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company also issued approximately 326,000 shares of common stock for payment of approximately \$303 thousand for services rendered and to be rendered in the future. As such, the Company recorded the fair value of the services rendered in prepaid expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

On August 16, 2007, an investor elected to convert approximately \$58 thousand of the Amended Note. The investor received 76,923 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.75.

On August 7, 2007, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Moriah Capital, L.P. ("Moriah) and established a revolving line of credit (the "Loan") of \$2.5 million. As part of the transaction, the Company issued 162,500 shares of unregistered common stock valued at \$195 thousand, recognized as deferred financing costs, and paid a servicing fee of \$82,500 to Moriah which was amortized to interest expense over the life of the agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2007 approximately \$116 thousand was amortized to interest expense. In conjunction with entering into this loan and issuing unregistered common stock, the Company granted Moriah registration rights. The Loan was convertible into shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the terms of the Loan Conversion agreement. The Loan matured on August 8, 2008 however the Company had the option of extending it an additional year. On January 30, and March 25, 2008, the loan agreement was amended.

A registration rights agreement was entered into in connection with the Loan which requires the Company to file a registration statement for the resale of the common stock issued. The Company must use its best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the end of a specified grace period and also maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement until all shares of common stock have been sold or may be sold without volume restrictions pursuant to Rule 144(k) of the Securities Act.

Additionally, the Company granted Moriah a put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell to the Company the 162,500 shares of its common stock for \$195 thousand, or prorated for any portion thereof ("the Put Option"). The Put Option expires if the Put Option is not exercised during the Put Period which is the earlier of a) ten business days commencing on the anniversary date of the loan agreement or b) ten business days commencing on the date which is nine months after the registration statement for the registration of the issued 162,500 shares of common stock is declared effective. The shares underlying the put option are presented as redeemable common stock on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and presented separately from permanent equity.

On July 23, 2007, the Company entered into Agreements with the note holders and agreed to issue each holder an Amended Note in the principal amount equal to the principal amount outstanding as of July 23, 2007 which was in total approximately \$6.0 million. The Amended Notes were convertible into 8,407,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price for \$5.8 million of principal was at a conversion price of \$0.75 and the conversion price for \$250 thousand of principal remains the same at \$0.35. The Agreement adjusted the exercise price of the amended Warrants from \$3.60 to \$1.03 per share for 1,553,468 shares of common stock and required the issuance of warrants for an additional 3,831,859 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share with an expiration date of July 21, 2011. The warrants are subject to anti-dilution adjustment rights. 50% of the Amended Notes were convertible into the Company's newly designated Series A Senior Secured Convertible Preferred Stock which was convertible into common stock at the same rate as the Amended Notes.

The Company had recorded the fair value of the warrants associated with the Note as a liability as the warrant agreement required a potential net-cash settlement in the first year of the warrant agreement if the registration statement is not effective as required by EITF 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock" ("EITF 00-19"). The liability was adjusted to fair value at each reporting period. As of July 23, 2007, the potential net-cash settlement had expired. As a result, the fair value of the warrant liability on July 23, 2007, approximately \$2.7 million, was reversed. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company recorded losses of approximately \$0.8 million from the change in the fair value of the warrant derivative liability. The change in the fair value of the warrant liability was recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations as other income (expense).

On July 23, 2007, an investor converted \$250 thousand of the principal amount of the Original Note due on July 23, 2007 and approximately \$2 thousand of accrued and unpaid interest totaling \$252 thousand and received 720,476 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.35. On August 16, 2007, an investor elected to convert approximately \$58 thousand of the Amended Note. The investor received 76,923 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.75.

On March 28, 2007, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement for the sale of \$500 thousand of 6% senior secured convertible debentures (the "Note") and warrants to purchase approximately 1,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. The investor purchased the Note with a conversion price of \$0.35 per share that may convert into approximately 1,400,000 shares of common stock and issued warrants exercisable at \$0.48 per share for approximately 1,000,000 shares of common stock expiring in July 2011. On April 9, 2007, the Company closed the transaction and received approximately \$460 thousand, net of offering costs of approximately \$40 thousand, which are amortized over the life of the Note. The Note was amended on July 23, 2007 as described in Footnote 8: Debt.

As a result of the issuance of the Note, the outstanding 116,573 Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrants, that were issued to certain accredited and/or institutional investors pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated January 9, 2004, were re-priced from \$2.60 to \$0.35 and the outstanding 650,000 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants, that were issued to certain accredited and/or institutional investors pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were re-priced from \$8.60 to \$7.12. As a result of the issuance of the Amended Notes the outstanding 650,000 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants that were issued to certain accredited and/or institutional investors pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were re-priced from \$7.12 to \$4.39 in accordance with the anti-dilution provision of the original agreement. These warrants were further re-priced in connection with the loan agreement with Moriah from \$4.39 to \$4.09. The repricing of the warrants had no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, there were no stock options exercised and the Company received approximately \$3 thousand in proceeds for warrants exercised. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company also issued approximately 1.3 million shares of common stock for payment of approximately \$1.1 million for services rendered and to be rendered in the future. In addition, the Company issued 162,500 shares of common stock subject to a put option for payment of approximately \$0.2 million for services rendered. As such, the Company recorded the fair value of the services rendered in prepaid expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007.

2006

At the Company's 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on October 20, 2006, the Company's shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation to effect a reverse stock split of the issued and outstanding common stock on a ratio of 1-for-10. On November 3, 2006, the reverse stock split became effective. The Company has adjusted its shareholders' equity accounts by reducing its stated capital and increasing its additional paid-in capital by approximately \$91 thousand as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 to reflect the reduction in outstanding shares as a result of the reverse stock split.

On July 21, 2006, the Company entered into several Note Purchase Agreements for the sale of approximately \$5.99 million of senior secured debentures (the "Notes") and warrants to purchase approximately 1.8 million shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. The investors purchased \$5.99 million principal amount of Notes with conversion prices of \$2.60 per share that may convert into approximately 2.3 million shares of common stock and 5 year warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share into approximately 1.6 million shares of common stock. If the Notes are not converted, 50% of the principal amount will be due on July 23, 2007 and the remaining 50% will be due on January 21, 2008. Commencing September 1, 2006, 6% interest is payable in quarterly installments on outstanding notes. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company paid approximately \$124 thousand of interest to investors. The Company received approximately \$5.4 million, net of deferred financing costs of approximately \$0.6 million which are amortized over the life of the Notes. The Company amortized approximately \$221 thousand of deferred financing costs in 2006. For the year ended December 31, 2006, two note holders converted their promissory notes valued at approximately \$220 thousand and were issued an aggregate of approximately 85,000 shares.

Under EITF 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock", the fair value of the warrants, \$3.6 million, have been recorded as a liability since the warrant agreement requires a potential net-cash settlement in the first year of the warrant agreement if the registration statement is not effective. As of December 31, 2006, the registration statement is effective. The liability will be adjusted to fair value at each reporting period. The change in the fair value of the warrants will be recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations as other income (expense). For the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, the Company recorded approximately \$2.4 million of gain from the change in the fair value of the derivative liability.

An additional \$0.5 million was to be invested through the exercise of a warrant to purchase approximately 192,000 shares of common stock at \$2.60 per share on or prior to December 14, 2006, or at the election of the Company, by the purchase of additional Notes and warrants. The Company determined the relative fair value of the warrants to be approximately \$157,000 which was recorded as an other asset. The following assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the warrant:

Dividend yield	0	%
Risk free interest rates	5.25	%
Expected volatility	122	%
	0.4	1
Expected term (in years)	years	S

The investor elected not to exercise its warrants prior to December 14, 2006. The fair value of the warrants which was recorded as an other asset was written off as a sales, general and administrative expense.

In connection with the Notes, a registration rights agreement was entered into which requires the Company to file a registration statement for the resale of the common stock underlying the Notes and the warrants. The Company must use its best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the end of a specified grace period and also maintain the effectiveness of the registration statement until all shares of common stock underlying the Notes and the warrants have been sold or may be sold without volume restrictions pursuant to Rule 144(k) of the Securities Act. If the Company fails to have the registration statement declared effective within the grace period or fails to maintain the effectiveness as set forth in the preceding sentence, the Company is required to pay each investor cash payments equal to 1.0% of the aggregate purchase price monthly until the failure is cured. If the Company fails to pay the liquidated damages, interest at 16.0% will accrue until the liquidated damages are paid in full. The registration statement was filed and declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission within the specified grace period.

The Company accounts for the registration rights agreement as a separate freestanding instrument and accounts for the liquidated damages provision as a derivative liability subject to SFAS 133. The estimated fair value of the derivative liability is based on an estimate of the probability and costs of cash penalties being incurred. The Company

determined that the fair value of the liability was immaterial and it is not recorded in accrued liabilities. The Company will revalue the potential liability at each balance sheet date.

As a result of the issuance of the Notes, the outstanding 116,576 Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrants, that were issued to certain accredited and/or institutional investors pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated January 9, 2004, were re-priced from \$5.50 to \$2.60 and the outstanding 650,001 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants, that were issued to certain accredited and/or institutional investors pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated October 25, 2004, were re-priced from \$10.90 to \$8.60.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company received approximately \$10 thousand for the exercise of 5,000 options and there were no warrants exercised. For year ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued approximately 254,000 shares of common stock in lieu of cash payments in the amount of approximately \$580 thousand as compensation for services rendered and to be rendered in the future. The fair value of the services was measured at market value of the common stock at the time of payment. As such, the Company recorded the fair value of the services rendered in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The 2004 Non-Employee Compensation Plan (the "2004 Plan") was established to help the Company retain consultants, professionals and service providers. The Board of Directors will select the recipient of the awards, the nature of the awards and the amount. At the 2006 Annual Shareholder meeting, the shareholders approved an increase in the number of authorized shares of common stock usable from 200,000 to 950,000. This number is subject to adjustment in the event of a recapitalization, reorganization or similar event.

Note 11 - STOCK COMPENSATION

Employee stock purchase plan

In 2005, the stockholders approved the 2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). The ESPP provides the Company's employees with the opportunity to purchase common stock through payroll deductions. Employees purchase stock semi-annually at a price that is 85% of the fair market value at certain plan-defined dates. At December 31, 2008, the number of shares of common stock available for issuance was 300,000. As of December 31, 2008, the plan had not been implemented.

Incentive compensation plans

In 2000, the Company established the 2000 Stock Option Plan (the "2000 Plan"). The Plan permits the granting of options and stock purchase rights to employees and consultants of the Company. The 2000 Plan allows for the grant of incentive stock options meeting the requirements of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") or non-qualified stock options which are not intended to meet such requirements.

In 2003, the Company established the 2003 Stock Option Plan (the "2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan provided for the granting of options to purchase an aggregate of 920,000 shares of the common stock to employees and consultants. On July 2, 2003, the shareholders approved the plan and the 2003 Plan was subsequently amended by the Board of Directors on July 2, 2003 to reduce the number of additional shares that may be provided for issuance under the "evergreen" provisions of the 2003 Plan. The amended 2003 Plan provides for an increase of 200,000 shares in January 2004 and an annual increase on January 1 of each year for a period of nine (9) years commencing on January 1, 2005 of 3% of the diluted shares outstanding. The shareholders approved an amendment to the 2003 Plan to provide grants of shares of common stock in addition to options to purchase shares of common stock.

The 2008 Incentive Stock Plan ("the 2008 Plan") adopted and approved by the Board of Directors on November 5, 2008 provides for shares of common stock and options to purchase shares of common stock to employees, officers, directors and consultants. The 2008 Plan has an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares. As of December 31, 2008, no options or shares of common stock were granted from this plan.

Vesting terms of the options range from immediate vesting to a ratable vesting period of 5 years. Option activity for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 is summarized as follows:

			Weighted	
			Average	
			Remaining	
		Weighted	Contractual	Aggregate
	Number of	Average	Life (In	Intrinsic
	Shares	Exercise Price	Years)	Value
Balances at December 31, 2005	1,805,264	\$ 10.90		
Options granted	185,744	4.30		
Options exercised	(5,000)	2.10		
Options forfeited	(453,115)	7.47		

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Options cancelled	(467,148)	11.97		
Balances at December 31, 2006	1,065,745 \$	2.94		
Options granted	228,577	1.41		
Options exercised	_	_		
Options forfeited	(203,943)	2.90		
Options cancelled	(196,056)	2.67		
Balances at December 31, 2007	894,323 \$	2.62		
Options granted	927,253	0.89		
Options exercised	<u> </u>	_		
Options forfeited	(205,903)	2.29		
Options cancelled	<u>—</u>	_		
Balances at December 31, 2008	1,615,673 \$	1.63	6.43 \$	1,440
Vested or expected to vest at				
December 31, 2008(1)	1,568,953 \$	1.51	6.43 \$	_
Exercisable at December 31, 2008	1,148,476 \$	1.79	6.61 \$	_

⁽¹⁾ The expected to vest options are the result of applying the pre-vesting forfeiture rate assumptions to total unvested options.

At December 31, 2008, there were 2,055,595 shares available for grant under the 2008 Plan, 2003 Plan and 2000 Plan.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the difference between the exercise price of the underlying options and the quoted price of the Company's common stock for the options that were in-the-money. As of December 31, 2008 there were 8,000 options that were in-the-money. The Company's closing stock price was \$0.54 as of December 31, 2008. The Company issues new shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2008:

		Options Outstanding Weighted			Options	Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Average Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Ave	ghted rage se Price	Number Exercisable	A Exe	eighted verage ercisable Price
0.34 -	· ·						
\$ \$0.97	759,553	7.39	\$	0.80	404,620	\$	0.79
1.00 -		0.74					
\$ \$1.44	388,577	8.71		1.38	358,397		1.41
2.60 -							
\$ \$2.70	430,343	2.98		2.61	352,959		2.61
3.50 -							
\$ \$5.80	8,000	3.55		5.51	8,000		5.51
6.60 -							
\$ \$22.50	29,200	2.57		10.91	24,500		10.90
	1,615,673	6.43	\$	1.63	1,148,476	\$	1.79

On July 21, 2006, certain employees and Directors of the Company agreed to cancel approximately 467,000 shares underlying existing stock options in return for the re-pricing of approximately 869,000 existing options at \$2.60 per share having a weighted average original exercise price of \$11.97. Option grants that have not been re-priced remain unchanged. The unvested options which were re-priced continue to vest on original vesting schedules, but in no event vest prior to January 19, 2007. Previously vested options which were re-priced were fully vested on January 19, 2007. Re-priced grants will be forfeited if the individual leaves voluntarily. The Company has accounted for the re-pricing and cancellation transactions as a modification under SFAS No. 123R.

Stock based compensation

The Company accounts for the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment , (SFAS 123(R)). Under SFAS 123(R), the fair value of stock awards is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. Stock-based compensation expense is reduced for estimated forfeitures and is amortized over the vesting period using the straight-line method.

The following table summarizes the allocation of stock-based compensation to expense categories for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands):

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2008		2007		2006	
Cost of revenue	\$ 134	\$	215	\$	343	
Research and development	237		357		435	

Selling, general, and administrative	557	1,080	2,113
Total stock compensation expense	\$ 928 \$	1,652 \$	2,891

At December 31, 2008, total unrecognized compensation costs related to stock options was approximately \$0.6 million, net of estimated forfeitures. Total unrecognized compensation cost will be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.5 years. The total fair value of the shares that vested in 2008 was \$0.6 million.

The Company recognizes compensation expense for options granted to non-employees in accordance with the provision of Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") consensus Issue 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling Goods or Services," which requires using a fair value options pricing model and re-measuring such stock options to the current fair market value at each reporting period as the underlying options vest and services are rendered.

In determining the fair value of stock options granted during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the following key assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model:

	For the year	For the years ended December 31,				
	2008	2007	2006			
Dividend yield	0%	0%	0%			
	1.71% -	3.28% -	4.59% -			
Risk free interest rates	3.37%	4.23%	4.82%			
		105%	123% -			
Expected volatility	87% -92%	-106%	126%			
Expected term (in years)	5 years	5 years	5 years			

We have not declared or paid any dividends and do not currently expect to do so in the near future. The risk-free interest rate used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model is based on the implied yield currently available on U.S. Treasury securities with an equivalent term. Expected volatility is based on the weighted average historical volatility of the Company's common stock for the most recent five year period. The expected term of options represents the period that eMagin's stock-based awards are expected to be outstanding and was determined based on historical experience and vesting schedules of similar awards.

Warrants

At December 31, 2008, 12,279,239 warrants to purchase shares of common stock are outstanding and exercisable at exercise prices ranging from \$0.35 to \$24.10 and expiration dates ranging from January 8, 2009 to December 22, 2013.

	Outstanding Warra	ınts
	Weig	hted
	Aver	rage
	Exer	cise
	Shares Pri	ce
Balances at December 31, 2005	2,619,725 \$	10.20
Warrants granted	1,805,037	3.49
Warrants exercised	<u> </u>	_
Warrants expired	(876,588)	6.90
Balances at December 31, 2006	3,548,174 \$	7.05
Warrants granted	4,831,859	0.88
Warrants exercised	(9,524)	0.35
Warrants expired	(30,000)	4.26
Balances at December 31, 2007	8,340,509 \$	2.65
Warrants granted	4,038,740	1.22
Warrants exercised	_	_
Warrants expired	(100,009)	27.60
Balances at December 31, 2008	12,279,239 \$	1.88

Note 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Royalties

The Company, in accordance with a royalty agreement with Eastman Kodak, is obligated to make minimum annual royalty payments of \$125 thousand which commenced on January 1, 2001. Under this agreement, the Company must pay to Eastman Kodak a certain percentage of net sales with respect to certain products, which percentages are defined in the agreement. The percentages are on a sliding scale depending on the amount of sales generated. Any minimum royalties paid will be credited against the amounts due based on the percentage of sales. The royalty agreement terminates upon the expiration of the issued patent which is the last to expire.

Effective May 30, 2007, Kodak and eMagin entered into an intellectual property agreement where eMagin assigned Kodak the rights, title, and interest to a Company owned patent currently not being used by the Company and in consideration, Kodak waived the royalties due under existing licensing agreements for the first six months of 2007, and reduced the royalty payments by 50% for the second half of 2007 and for the entire calendar year of 2008. In addition, the minimum royalty payment was delayed until December 1st for the years 2007 and 2008. The Company recorded approximately \$556 thousand and \$868 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as income from the license of intangible assets and included this amount in other income on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, royalty expense of approximately \$1.1 million, \$1.2 million, and \$515 thousand, respectively, is included in cost of goods sold.

Operating leases

The Company leases office facilities and office, lab and factory equipment under operating leases expiring in 2009. The Company currently has lease commitments for space in Hopewell Junction, New York and Bellevue, Washington.

The Company's manufacturing facilities are leased from IBM in Hopewell Junction, New York. eMagin leases approximately 40,000 square feet to house its equipment for OLED microdisplay fabrication and for research and development, an assembly area and administrative offices. The lease expires May 31, 2009. The Company is currently in negotiations to extend the lease.

In July 2005, eMagin signed a sub-lease agreement for approximately 19,000 square feet in Bellevue Washington. The leased space is used as the Company's corporate headquarters. This lease will expire August 31, 2009. The Company is currently reviewing potential office spaces for lease.

The future minimum lease payments through 2009 are \$619 thousand. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 was approximately \$1.3 million, \$1.3 million, and \$1.3 million, respectively.

Employee benefit plans

eMagin has a defined contribution plan (the 401(k) Plan) under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, which is available to all employees who meet established eligibility requirements. Employee contributions are generally limited to 15% of the employee's compensation. Under the provisions of the 401(k) Plan, eMagin may match a portion of the participating employees' contributions. There was no matching contribution to the 401(k) Plan for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Legal proceedings

A former employee ("plaintiff") of the Company commenced legal action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, on or about October 12, 2007, alleging that the plaintiff was subject to gender based discrimination and retaliation in violation of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Case No. 07-CV-8827 (KMK) . The plaintiff seeks unspecified compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorneys' fees. On November 26, 2007, the Company served and filed its Answer, in which it denied the material allegations of the Complaint and asserted numerous affirmative defenses. This action is presently in the discovery stage. The Company disputes the allegations of the Complaint and intends on vigorously defending this action.

On December 6, 2005, New York State Urban Development Corporation commenced action against eMagin in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York asserting breach of contract and seeking to recover a \$150,000 grant which was made to eMagin based on goals set forth in the agreement for recruitment of employees. On July 13, 2006, eMagin agreed to a settlement with the New York State Urban Development Corporation to repay \$112,200 of the \$150,000 grant. The settlement requires that repayments be made on a monthly basis in the amount of \$3,116.67 per month commencing August 1, 2006 and ending on July 1, 2009. As of December 31, 2008, approximately \$59,617 remains outstanding to the New York Urban Development Corporation, of which \$37,800 will be forgiven if payments are timely.

Note 13 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On December 22, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Stillwater LLC, a beneficial owner of more than 5%, pursuant to which the Company sold and issued an aggregate of 4,033 shares of its Preferred Stock – Series B for an aggregate price of approximately \$4.03 million and warrants to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share. The proceeds from the Securities Purchase Agreement were used to pay approximately \$4.01 million of the outstanding principal of its Amended Notes and approximately \$0.02 million of accrued interest. One employee had an Amended Note of \$10 thousand which was repaid. Alexandra Global Master Fund Ltd ("Alexandra"), a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock, had its Amended Note of \$3 million repaid.

In addition, the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with three holders ("Holders") of its outstanding Amended Notes. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, the Holders exchanged \$1.7 million of their outstanding Amended Notes and unpaid interest, \$6 thousand, and received 1,706 shares of the Preferred Stock. Paul Cronson, Board member, through Navacorp III, LLC - a Note holder, exchanged an Amended Note of \$200 thousand for 200 shares of Preferred Stock – Series B. Rainbow Gate Corporation, a corporation whose investment manager is the sole member of Stillwater LLC and whose controlling shareholder is the same as Ginola Limited's, exchanged an Amended Note of \$700 thousand and accrued interest of \$3 thousand for 703 shares of Preferred Stock – Series B. Ginola Limited, a beneficial owner of more than 5%, exchanged an Amended Note of \$800 thousand and accrued interest of \$3 thousand for 803 shares of Preferred stock – Series B. Stillwater LLC disclaims beneficial ownership of shares owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation. On December 22, 2008, Stillwater LLC converted its \$250 thousand Amended Note and accrued interest of approximately \$1.2 thousand to 717,620 shares of Common Stock.

On April 2, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement ("Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company sold and issued 1,586,539 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.001 per share, at a price of \$1.04 per share and warrants to purchase an additional 793,273 shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.65 million. The net proceeds received after expenses were approximately \$1.58 million. The warrants are exercisable at a price of \$1.30 per share and expire on April 2, 2013.

Stillwater LLC, as a beneficial owner of more than 5%, invested \$500 thousand and received 480,769 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase additional 240,385 shares of common stock. Ginola Limited, as a beneficial owner of more than 5%, invested \$250 thousand and received 240,385 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 120,193 shares of common stock. Crestflower Corporation invested \$250 thousand and received 240,385 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase additional 120,193 shares of common stock. Ginola Limited and Crestflower share the same directors; however, Ginola Limited disclaims beneficial ownership of shares owned by Crestflower Corporation.

2007

On July 23, 2007, the Company entered into Agreements with the note holders and issued 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Notes ("Amended Notes") to the note holders in the principal amount equal to the principal amount outstanding as of July 23, 2007. The due date for the principal payment was extended to December 21, 2008 and the interest rate increased to 8%. The Amended Notes were convertible into 8,407,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price for approximately \$5,770,000 of principal was revised from \$2.60 to \$.75 per share and the conversion price of \$.35 per share for \$250,000 of principal was unchanged. \$3,010,000 of the Notes were convertible into 3,010 shares of the Company's newly formed Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred") at a conversion price of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred was convertible into common stock at the same price allowable by the Amended Notes, subject to adjustment as provided for in the Certificate of Designations. The Amended Notes adjusted the exercise price from \$3.60 to \$1.03 per share for 1,553,468 warrants and required the issuance of 3,831,859 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share pursuant to which the note holders may acquire common stock until July 21, 2011.

Stillwater LLC was a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Rainbow Gate Corporation, a corporation whose investment manager is the sole member of Stillwater LLC and whose controlling shareholder is the same as Ginola Limited's, had an Amended Note of \$700 thousand which was convertible into 933,333 shares and received 653,333 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share. Ginola Limited had an Amended Note of \$800 thousand which was convertible into 1,066,333 shares and received 746,666 warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share. Stillwater LLC disclaimed beneficial ownership of shares owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation.

Two employees and one board member participated in the Agreements. Olivier Prache, Senior VP of Display Operations, had an Amended Note of \$10 thousand which was convertible into 13,333 shares, received 9,333 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share, and has 5,385 warrants which are exercisable at \$3.60 per share. John Atherly, former CFO as of January 2, 2008, had an Amended Note of \$40 thousand which was convertible into 53,333 shares and received 37,333 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share. Paul Cronson, Board member, through Navacorp III, LLC, had an Amended Note of \$200 thousand which was convertible into 266,666 shares and received 186,666 warrants which are exercisable at \$1.03 per share.

Alexandra Global Master Fund Ltd ("Alexandra") was a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Alexandra had an Amended Note of \$3 million which was convertible into 4 million shares and received 2.8 million warrants exercisable at \$1.03 per share.

On March 28, 2007, the Company entered into an amendment to the Stillwater Agreement, originally dated July 21, 2006. On April 9, 2007, the sale of the Stillwater Note and Warrant was complete and the Company issued a 6%

Senior Secured Convertible Note in the principal amount of \$500,000 and warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.48. On July 23, 2007, Stillwater elected to convert \$250,000 of the principal amount of the Note and approximately \$2,167 of accrued and unpaid interest. Stillwater received 720,476 shares of Common Stock at the conversion price of \$0.35. The remaining 50% was amended to an 8% Amended Senior Secured Convertible Note on July 23, 2007.

A family member of an outside director of eMagin was the holder of a Series A warrant to purchase an aggregate of 4,286 shares of common stock. As a result of the Stillwater transaction, the exercise price of all Series A warrants was reduced from \$5.50 to \$0.35 per share.

On July 21, 2006, the Company entered into several Note Purchase Agreements for the sale of approximately \$5.99 million of senior secured debentures (the "Notes") and warrants to purchase approximately 1,800,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. The investors purchased \$5.99 million principal amount of Notes with conversion prices of \$2.60 per share that may convert into approximately 2.3 million shares of common stock and 5 year warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share into approximately 1,600,000 million shares of common stock. If the Notes are not converted, 50% of the principal amount will be due on July 23, 2007 and the remaining 50% will be due on January 21, 2008. Commencing September 1, 2006, 6% interest was payable in quarterly installments on outstanding notes. The Notes were amended on July 23, 2007.

In the Note Purchase transaction, two employees and a board member participated. Olivier Prache, Senior VP of Display Operations, purchased a \$30 thousand promissory note which may be converted into 11,539 shares and received 8,077 warrants which are exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Mr. Prache converted \$20 thousand of his promissory note and received 7,693 shares. John Atherly, CFO, purchased a \$40 thousand promissory note which may be converted into 15,385 shares and received 10,770 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Paul Cronson, Board member, through Navacorp III, LLC purchased a \$200 thousand promissory note which may be converted into 76,923 shares and received 53,847 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. The Notes were amended on July 23, 2007.

Stillwater LLC is a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's common stock. Rainbow Gate Corporation, a corporation whose investment manager is the sole member of Stillwater LLC and whose controlling shareholder is the same as Ginola Limited's, purchased a \$700 thousand promissory note which may be converted into 269,231 shares and received 188,462 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Ginola Limited purchased an \$800 thousand promissory note which may be converted into 307,693 shares and received 215,385 warrants exercisable at \$3.60 per share. Stillwater LLC disclaims beneficial ownership of shares owned by Rainbow Gate Corporation. The Notes were amended on July 23, 2007.

A family member of an outside director of eMagin is the holder of a Series A warrant to purchase an aggregate of 4,286 shares of common stock. As a result of the Note Purchase transaction, the exercise price of all Series A warrants was reduced from \$5.50 to \$2.60 per share. Family members of an outside director of eMagin are holders of Series F warrants to purchase an aggregate of 10,000 shares of common stock. As a result of the Note Purchase transaction, the exercise price of all Series F warrants was reduced from \$10.90 to \$8.60 per share.

eMagin has entered into a financial advisory agreement with Larkspur Capital Corporation. Paul Cronson, a director of eMagin, is a founder and shareholder of Larkspur Capital Corporation. The Company has agreed to pay a minimum fee of \$500 thousand to Larkspur Capital Corporation in the event certain transactions occur, i.e. sale of the Company's assets or change of control.

Note 14 – SEPARATION AND EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company entered into a revised executive employment agreement with Susan K. Jones, Chief Marketing and Strategy Officer. The agreement is effective for an initial term of three years. The agreement provides for an annual salary, benefits made available by the Company to its employees and eligibility for an incentive bonus pursuant to one or more incentive compensation plans established by the Company from time to time. The Company may terminate the employment of Ms. Jones at any time with or without notice and with or without cause (as such term is defined in the agreements). If Ms, Jones' employment is terminated without cause, or if Ms. Jones resigns with good reason (as such term is defined in the agreements), or Ms. Jones' position is terminated or significantly changed as result of change of control (as such term is defined in the agreements), Ms. Jones shall be entitled to receive salary until the end of the agreement's full term or twelve months, whichever is greater, payment for accrued vacation, and bonuses which would have been accrued during the term of the agreement. If Ms. Jones voluntarily terminates employment with the Company, other than for good reason or is terminated with cause (as such term is defined in the agreement), she shall cease to accrue salary, vacation, benefits, and other compensation on the date of the voluntary or with cause termination. The Executive Employment Agreement includes other conventional terms and also contains invention assignment, non-competition, non-solicitation and non-disclosure provisions. On April 17, 2006, the parties entered into amendments to the employment agreements pursuant to which the parties clarified that the Company has agreed to pay for health benefits equivalent to medical and dental benefits provided during Ms. Jones' full time employment until the end of the agreement's full term or twenty-four (24) months, whichever is greater.

Effective January 30, 2008, the Company entered into an amended employment agreement with Susan K. Jones, Chief Business Officer. The amended agreement provides for an annual base salary of \$315 thousand, an extension of the term of the agreement to January 31, 2010, modification and clarification of the basis for the incentive component of her salary, and extension of the change-of-control/material change/termination-without-cause compensation payout periods to the greater of 18 months or the remaining term of the amended employment agreement.

Effective January 31, 2008, K.C. Park resigned as Interim Chief Executive Officer, President and Director. Dr. Park and the Company entered into a Separation Agreement and General Release ("Separation Agreement"). The Company recorded severance expense of \$60,000. Dr. Park and the Company also entered into a Consulting Agreement ("Agreement") for the term, February 1 through August 1, 2008. Dr. Park was paid a sum of \$75,000. In addition to the compensation, Dr. Park received non-qualified stock options to acquire 56,250 shares of common stock which are fully vested and exercisable on the dates of the grant. On May 1, 2008, Dr. Park received non-qualified stock options to acquire 51,703 shares of common stock at the fair market value and are fully vested. Effective January 2, 2008, John Atherly resigned as Chief Financial Officer. There was no separation agreement executed between Mr. Atherly and the Company.

Effective December 27, 2007, Michael D. Fowler became the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer. Effective April 14, 2008, Michael D. Fowler, the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer, resigned his position with the Company. There was no separation agreement executed between Mr. Fowler and the Company.

Effective April 15, 2008, Mr. Paul Campbell began serving as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer pursuant to an agreement between the Company and Tatum, LLC, dated April 2, 2008 (the "Tatum Agreement"). Pursuant to the Tatum Agreement, for a minimum term of three months, Mr. Campbell will be paid a salary of \$24,500 per month and the Company will also pay Tatum a fee of \$10,500 per month plus \$300 per business day. The Tatum Agreement was modified in January 2009 to exclude the \$300 per business day. Either party may terminate the Tatum Agreement by providing the other with at least 30 days notice.

Effective June 1, 2008, Andrew G. Sculley became the Company's Chief Executive Officer, President and Director pursuant to an employment agreement dated May 13, 2008. Pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Sculley will be paid a salary of \$300,000, per annum, increasing to \$310,000, per annum, after six months and to \$320,000, per annum, at the end of the first year. Mr. Sculley was granted 500,000 qualified stock options. The options vest as follows: 166,667 shares vest immediately, 166,667 vests on the first anniversary date, and 166,666 vests on the second anniversary date. If Mr. Sculley voluntarily terminates his employment with the Company, other than for good reason as defined in the employment agreement, he shall cease to accrue salary, personal time off, benefits and other compensation on the date of voluntary termination. The Company may terminate Mr. Sculley's employment with or without cause. If the Company terminates without cause, Mr. Sculley will be entitled to one year of salary.

Note 15 - CONCENTRATIONS

The Company had two customers that each accounted for 11% of its total revenue in 2008. There were no customers that accounted for more than 10% of its total revenue in 2007. In 2006, the Company had one customer that accounted for 13% of its total revenue.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, approximately 61% of the company's net revenues were derived from customers in the United States and approximately 39% of the Company's net revenues were derived from international customers. For the year ended December 31, 2007, approximately 51% of the Company's net revenues were derived from customers in the United States and approximately 49% of the Company's net revenues were derived from international customers. For the year ended December 31, 2006, approximately 59% of the Company's net revenues were derived from customers in the United States and approximately 41% of the Company's net revenues were derived from international customers.

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, there were five customers which comprised 60% and 54%, respectively, of the outstanding accounts receivable. The Company had two customers that each accounted for 19% and one customer accounted for 12% of its outstanding accounts receivable in 2008. There were two customers that accounted for 11% and 20% of its outstanding accounts receivable in 2007.

The Company purchases principally all of its silicon wafers from a single supplier located in Taiwan.

Note 16 – QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Summarized quarterly financial information for 2008 and 2007 are as follows (in thousands except per share data):

	Quarters Ended										
	March 31,				June 30, Se			eptember	Γ	December	
		2008			2008			30, 2008		31, 2008	
Revenues	\$	2,665		\$	5,619		\$	5,185	\$	5,270	
Gross margin	\$	352		\$	2,623		\$	2,384	\$	2,707	
Net (loss) income	\$	(2,674)	\$	(122)	\$	361	\$	576	
Net (loss) income per share – basic	\$	(0.21))	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.02	\$	0.04	
Net (loss) income per share – diluted	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.02	\$	0.03	
Weighted average number of shares											
outstanding – basic		12,621			14,321			14,617		15,113	
Weighted average number of shares											
outstanding –diluted		12,621			14,321			23,430		23,907	

	Quarters Ended								
	March 31,	June 30,	September	December					
	2007	2007	30, 2007	31, 2007					
Revenues	\$3,609	\$4,232	\$5,071	\$4,642					
Gross margin	\$494	\$1,286	\$2,012	\$1,134					
Net loss	\$(2,937	\$(1,728	\$(12,651	\$(1,172)					
Net loss per share – basic and diluted	\$(0.27	\$(0.15	\$(1.06	\$(0.10)					
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic and									
diluted	10,792	11,176	11,935	12,249					

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

ASSETS	3	eptember 0, 2009 naudited)		ecember 31, 2008
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,709	\$	2,404
Investments – held to maturity	Ψ	97	Ψ	97
Accounts receivable, net		4,111		3,643
Inventory		2,065		2,374
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		885		796
Total current assets		10,867		9,314
Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements, net		811		381
Intangible assets, net		44		47
Other assets		92		
Deferred financing costs, net		_	_	362
Total assets	\$	11,814	\$	10,104
		,		Í
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	728	\$	1,026
Accrued compensation		807		837
Other accrued expenses		985		804
Advance payments		116		694
Deferred revenue		220		164
Debt		_	_	1,691
Other current liabilities		715		798
Total current liabilities		3,571		6,014
Commitments and contingencies				
Redeemable common stock: 522,500 redeemable shares as of December 31, 2008		_	-	429
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value: authorized 10,000,000 shares:		_	_	_
Series B Convertible Preferred stock, (liquidation preference of \$5,739,000)				
stated value \$1,000 per share, \$.001 par value: 10,000 shares designated and 5,739				
issued				
and outstanding at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.		_	_	_
Common stock, \$.001 par value: authorized 200,000,000 shares, issued and				
outstanding, 16,961,902 shares as of September 30, 2009 and 15,213,959 as of		17		15
December 31, 2008, net of redeemable common stock Additional paid-in capital		206,475		204,818
Accumulated deficit		(198,249)		(201,172)
				3,661
Total shareholders' equity		8,243		3,001

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

\$ 11,814 \$ 10,104

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (unaudited)

		Months Ended otember 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2009	2008	2009	2008				
Revenue:								
Product	\$ 5,260	\$ 4,181	\$ 14,560	\$ 11,139				
Contract	847	1,004	2,543	2,330				
Total revenue, net	6,107	5,185	17,103	13,469				
Cost of goods sold:								
Product	1,996	2,412	5,817	7,030				
Contract	611	389	1,528	1,080				
Total cost of goods sold	2,607	2,801	7,345	8,110				
Total cost of goods sold	2,007	2,001	7,545	0,110				
Gross profit	3,500	2,384	9,758	5,359				
Operating expenses:								
Research and development	463	306	1,376	1,614				
Selling, general and administrative	1,772	1,293	5,083	4,797				
Total operating expenses	2,235	1,599	6,459	6,411				
Income (loss) from operations	1,265	785	3,299	(1,052)			
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense	(76) (508) (417) (1,677)			
Other income, net	1	84	41	294				
Total other income (expense)	(75) (424) (376) (1,383)			
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,190	\$ 361	\$ 2,923	\$ (2,435)			
In a man (loss) man share that	¢ 0.07	¢ 0 02	¢ 0.10	¢ (0.10				
Income (loss) per share, basic Income (loss) per share, diluted	\$ 0.07 \$ 0.04	\$ 0.02 \$ 0.02	\$ 0.18 \$ 0.12	\$ (0.18 \$ (0.18)			
meome (1055) per snate, unuted	Ψ 0.0-	ψ 0.02	ψ 0.12	ψ (0.10)			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:								

Basic	16,513,101	14,617,235	16,133,646	13,854,860
Diluted	26,592,267	23,430,416	24,471,486	13,854,860

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands)

	Preferre Shares	ed Stoc Amo		Common Stock Shares Amount					cumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity		
Balance,	21111111		, 0,110	Silwi es		.10 0.110		Cupital		2 011011	_	iquity
December 31,												
2008	6	\$	_	15,214	\$	15	\$	204,818	\$	(201,172)	\$	3,661
				-)	·		Ċ	- /	•		·	- /
Issuance of												
common stock												
for services	_	-	_	499			-	304			-	304
Expiration of put												
options		_		522		1		428			-	429
Exercise of												
common stock												
warrants	_	-		727		1		(1)		_	-	
Stock-based												
compensation	_	-		_	_		-	926			-	926
Net income	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	2,923		2,923
Balance,												
September 30,												
2009 (unaudited)	6	\$	_	16,962	\$	17	\$	206,475	\$	(198,249)	\$	8,243

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements .

eMAGIN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	September 30,				
		2009		2008	
		(unau		2006	
Cash flows from operating activities:		(unau			
Net income (loss)	\$	2,923	\$	(2,435)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)	Ψ	2,723	Ψ	(2, 133)	
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		65		183	
Amortization of deferred financing and waiver fees		362		1,152	
(Reduction of) increase in provision for sales returns and doubtful accounts		(423)		241	
Stock-based compensation		926		845	
Amortization of common stock issued for services		178		88	
Amortization of discount on notes payable		_		25	
T.J.					
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(45)		(1,860)	
Inventory		309		(163)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(54)		254	
Deferred revenue		56		(54)	
Accounts payable, accrued compensation, other accrued expenses, and advance					
payments		(725)		94	
Other current liabilities		(121)		(277)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,451		(1,908)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of equipment		(492)		(236)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(492)		(236)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from sale of common stock, net of issuance costs		_		1,580	
Proceeds from debt		_		1,934	
Payments related to deferred financing costs		_		(117)	
Payments of debt and capital leases		(1,654)		(694)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(1,654)		2,703	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,305		559	
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period		2,404		713	
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$	3,709	\$	1,272	
Cash paid for interest	\$	67	\$	524	
Cash paid for taxes	\$	46	\$	31	
Common stock issued for services charged to prepaid expenses	\$	126	\$	202	

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Nine Months Ended

eMAGIN CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1: Description of the Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Business

eMagin Corporation (the "Company") designs, develops, manufactures, and markets OLED (organic light emitting diode) on silicon microdisplays, virtual imaging products which utilize OLED microdisplays. The Company's products are sold mainly in North America, Asia, and Europe.

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of eMagin Corporation and its subsidiary reflect all adjustments, including normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation. Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to instructions, rules and regulations prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Company believes that the disclosures provided herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading when these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. The results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Reclassifications

Certain operating expense amounts have been reclassified from Selling, General, and Administrative to Research and Development in order to conform with prior year's presentation.

Use of Estimates

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management utilizes certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, selling price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. The Company records a reserve for estimated sales returns, which is reflected as a reduction of revenue at the time of revenue recognition. The Company defers revenue recognition on products sold directly to the consumer with a maximum thirty day right of return. Revenue is recognized upon the expiration of the right of return.

The Company also earns revenues from certain R&D activities under both firm fixed-price contracts and cost-type contracts, including some cost-plus-fee contracts. Revenues relating to firm fixed-price contracts are generally recognized on the percentage-of-completion method of accounting as costs are incurred (cost-to-cost basis). Revenues on cost-plus-fee contracts include costs incurred plus a portion of estimated fees or profits based on the relationship of costs incurred to total estimated costs. Contract costs include all direct material and labor costs and an allocation of allowable indirect costs as defined by each contract, as periodically adjusted to reflect revised agreed upon rates. These rates are subject to audit by the other party.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Note 2: Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") became the single source of authoritative nongovernmental U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") except for additional authoritative rules and interpretive releases issued by the SEC. The Codification did not create any new GAAP standards but incorporated existing accounting and reporting standards into a new topical structure with a new referencing system to identify authoritative accounting standards, replacing the prior references to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS"), Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF"), FASB Staff Position ("FSP"), etc. Authoritative standards included in the Codification are designated by their ASC topical reference, and new standards will be designated as Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU"), with a year and assigned sequence number. Beginning with the interim report for this third quarter, the Company adopted the Codification and it had no effect on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Note 3: Receivables

The majority of the Company's commercial accounts receivable are due from Original Equipment Manufacturers ("OEM's"). Credit is extended based on evaluation of a customer's financial condition and, generally, collateral is not required. Accounts receivable are payable in U.S. dollars, are due within 30-90 days and are stated at amounts due from customers, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Any account outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms is considered past due.

The Company determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by considering a number of factors, including the length of time the trade accounts receivable are past due, historical experience, the customer's current ability to pay its obligations, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. The Company will record a specific reserve for individual accounts when the Company becomes aware of a customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or deterioration in the customer's operating results or financial position. If circumstances related to customers change, the Company would further adjust estimates of the recoverability of receivables.

Receivables consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Sept	ember		
	30,	2009	De	cember
	(una	udited)	31	, 2008
Accounts receivable	\$	4,545	\$	4,500
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(434)		(857)
Net receivables	\$	4,111	\$	3,643

Note 4: Net Income (Loss) per Common Share

The net income (loss) per common share ("basic EPS") is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and excluding any potential dilution. Net income (loss) per common share assuming dilution ("diluted EPS") is computed by reflecting potential dilution from the exercise of stock options, warrants, convertible preferred stock and redeemable stock.

The following table presents a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted EPS calculations (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three Mor		30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Numerator:	2009		2008		2009		2008
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,190	\$	361	\$	2,923	\$	(2,435)
Adjustment for interest expense on							
convertible notes, net of taxes	_	_	121		_	-	
	\$ 1,190	\$	482	\$	2,923	\$	(2,435)
Denominator:							
Weighted average shares outstanding for							
basic earnings per share	16,513,101		14,617,235		16,133,646		13,854,860
Effective of dilutive shares:							
Dilution from stock options and warrants	2,427,166		365,216		685,840		_
Redeemable stock	_	_	117,277		_	_	_
Convertible notes	_	_	8,330,688		_	_	
Convertible preferred stock	7,652,000		_	_	7,652,000		_
Dilutive potential common shares	10,079,166		8,813,181		8,337,840		
Weighted average shares outstanding for	. ,		. ,		,		
diluted earnings per share	26,592,267		23,430,416		24,471,486		13,854,860

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, there were stock options and warrants outstanding to acquire 3,498,592 and 10,226,638 shares, respectively, of the Company common stock which were excluded from the calculation of its diluted earnings per share as their effect would be anti-dilutive. The convertible preferred stock is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as all shares are assumed converted.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, there were stock options, warrants and convertible notes outstanding to acquire 10,901,343 and 20,376,584 shares, respectively, of the Company's common stock which were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company also excluded 360,000 and 522,500 redeemable shares, respectively as their effect would be anti-dilutive. The convertible notes are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as all shares are assumed converted.

Note 5: Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in first-out method. The Company reviews the value of its inventory and reduces the inventory value to its net realizable value based upon current market prices and contracts for future sales. The

components of inventories are as follows (in thousands):

	September					
	30,					
	2	cember				
	(unaudited)		31, 2008			
Raw materials	\$	824	\$	1,109		
Work in process		324		280		
Finished goods		917		985		
Total inventory	\$	2,065	\$	2,374		

Note 6: Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets:

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	September				
	30,	30,			
	2009	2009 Decem			
	(unaudited)	3	31, 2008		
Vendor prepayments	\$ 418	\$	180		
Other prepaid expenses *	467		383		
Other assets	<u>-</u>	_	233		
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 885	\$	796		
*No individual amounts greater than 5% of current assets.					

Note 7: Debt

Debt, all of which is current, is as follows (in thousands):

Debt, an or which is earrent, is as follows (in thousands).			
	September		
	30,		
		December	
	2009	31,	
	(unaudited)	2008	
Line of credit	\$ —	- \$ 1,631	
Other debt		- 60	
Total debt	\$ —	- \$ 1,691	

The Company's line of credit with Moriah Capital, L.P. ("Moriah") matured on August 7, 2009 and the Company repaid a total of approximately \$232 thousand in principal due on the line of credit. The Company did not renew its loan agreement with Moriah.

The Company entered into an agreement effective as of September 1, 2009 (the "Agreement"), with Access Business Finance, LLC ("Access") pursuant to which it may borrow an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000. The Agreement provides that from time to time the Company may request advances in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) Borrowing

Base less the Availability Reserves and (ii) the Maximum Amount as defined in the Agreement. The interest on the line of credit is equal to the Prime Rate plus 4.00% but may not be less than 7.25%. The term of the Agreement is for one year and will automatically renew for successive one year terms unless, at least 60 days' prior to the end of the current term, the Company gives Access prior written notice of its intent not to renew or if Access, at least ten days prior to the end of the current term, gives the Company written notice of its intent not to renew. The Company's obligations under the Agreement are secured by its assets. As of September 30, 2009, the Company had not borrowed on its line of credit. The Company paid \$25,000 in annual loan fees to Access which were charged to prepaid expense and will be amortized over the life of the Agreement. As of September 30, 2009, \$2,000 had been amortized to interest expense.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, approximately \$61 thousand and \$362 thousand, respectively, of deferred debt issuance costs were amortized to interest expense. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, interest expense includes interest paid or accrued of approximately \$15 thousand and \$55 thousand, respectively, on outstanding debt.

Note 8: Stock-based Compensation

The Company uses the fair value method of accounting for share-based compensation arrangements. The fair value of stock options is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. Stock-based compensation expense is reduced for estimated forfeitures and is amortized over the vesting period using the straight-line method.

The following table summarizes the allocation of non-cash stock-based compensation to the expense categories for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,				September 30,			
	2009 2008				2009		2008	
Cost of revenue	\$ 25	\$	31	\$	111	\$	106	
Research and development	39		58		165		192	
Selling, general and administrative	317		149		650		547	
Total stock compensation expense	\$ 381	\$	238	\$	926	\$	845	

At September 30, 2009, total unrecognized non-cash compensation cost related to stock options was approximately \$415 thousand, net of forfeitures. Total unrecognized compensation cost will be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.2 years.

Options granted to non-employees are measured at the grant date using a fair value options pricing model and remeasured to the current fair market value at each reporting period as the underlying options vest and services are rendered. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, there were 60,000 options granted to consultants. The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options granted: dividend yield -0%; risk free interest rates -1.44% to 1.64%; expected volatility -71.4% to 84.1%; and expected term -3 years.

There were 411,600 and 1,278,841 options granted to employees and directors during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 171,000 and 919,253 options granted to employees and directors during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008. The following key assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options granted:

	Tor the wine	Tof the Mile Months Effect			
	September	30,			
	2009	2008			
Dividend yield	0%	0%			
	2.02 to	2.46 to			
Risk free interest rates	2.51%	3.37 %			
	80.3 to	88.4 to			
Expected volatility	86.4%	92.3 %			
Expected term (in years)	4.0 to 5.5	5			

The Company has not declared or paid any dividends and do not currently expect to do so in the near future. The risk-free interest rate used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model is based on the implied yield currently available on U.S. Treasury securities with an equivalent term. Expected volatility is based on the weighted average historical volatility of the Company's common stock for the most recent five year period. The expected term of options represents the period that the Company's stock-based awards are expected to be outstanding and was determined based on historical experience and vesting schedules of similar awards.

The 2008 Incentive Stock Plan ("the 2008 Plan") adopted and approved by the Board of Directors on November 5, 2008 provides for shares of common stock and options to purchase shares of common stock to employees, officers, directors and consultants. The 2008 Plan has an aggregate of 2,000,000 shares. As of September 30, 2009, 1,278,841 options were granted from this plan with a fair value of approximately \$814 thousand and 498,533 shares were issued with a fair value of approximately \$304 thousand. At September 30, 2009, there were 222,626 shares available for

For the Nine Months Ended

grant.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 is presented in the following tables:

			eighted verage	Average Remaining Contractual	A	Aggregate	
	Number of Exercise		ercise	Life (In		Intrinsic	
	Shares	Price		Years)		Value	
Outstanding at January 1, 2009	1,615,673	\$	1.63				
Options granted	1,278,841		1.03				
Options exercised	_	-					
Options forfeited	(71,598)		2.60				
Options cancelled	_	-					
Outstanding at September 30, 2009	2,822,916	\$	1.33	6.37	\$	1,549,944	
Vested or expected to vest at September 30, 2009 (1)	2,740,781	\$	1.29	6.37	\$	1,068,090	
Exercisable at September 30, 2009	2,001,564	\$	1.39	6.71	\$	1,068,090	

	Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable			
		Weighted						
		Average						
		Remaining	W	Veighted		W	eighted	
		Contractual	A	Average		A	verage	
	Number	Life (In	E	Exercise	Number	Exe	ercisable	
	Outstanding	Years)	Price		Price Exercisable		Price	
0.34 -								
\$ \$0.98	1,226,793	6.56	\$	0.83	895,127	\$	0.81	
1.00 -								
\$ \$1.44	1,200,177	7.40		1.20	773,390		1.24	
2.60 -								
\$ \$2.70	358,746	2.75		2.62	298,847		2.61	
3.50 -								
\$ \$22.50	37,200	2.03		9.75	34,200		9.54	
	2,822,916	6.37	\$	1.33	2,001,564	\$	1.39	

(1) The expected to vest options are the result of applying the pre-vesting forfeiture rate assumptions to total unvested options.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the difference between the exercise price of the underlying options and the quoted price of the Company's common stock. There were 2,417,970 options in-the-money at September 30, 2009. The Company's closing stock price was \$1.65 as of September 30, 2009. The Company issues new shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options.

Note 9: Shareholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

The Company has designated 10,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock as Preferred Stock – Series B at a stated value of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred Stock – Series B is convertible into common stock at a conversion price of \$0.75 per share. The Preferred Stock – Series B does not pay interest. The holders of the Preferred Stock – Series B are

not entitled to receive dividends unless the Company's Board of Directors declare a dividend for holders of the Company's common stock and then the dividend shall be equal to the amount that such holder would have been entitled to receive if the holder converted its Preferred Stock – Series B into shares of the Company's common stock. Each share of Preferred Stock – Series B has voting rights equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such shares of Preferred Stock – Series B at such time (determined without regard to the shares of Common Stock so issuable upon such conversion in respect of accrued and unpaid dividends on such share of Preferred Stock) when the Preferred Stock – Series B votes together with the Company's Common Stock or any other class or series of stock of the Company and (ii) one vote per share of Preferred Stock when such vote is not covered by the immediately preceding clause. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, the Preferred Stock – Series B is entitled to receive liquidation preference before the Common Stock. The Company may at its option redeem the Preferred Stock – Series B by providing the required notice to the holders of the Preferred Stock – Series B and paying an amount equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of shares for all of such holder's shares of outstanding Preferred Stock – Series B to be redeemed. As of September 30, 2009, there were 5,739 shares of Preferred Stock – Series B issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, there were no stock options exercised. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, there were 2.9 million warrants exercised on a cashless basis resulting in 727 thousand shares of common stock issued. No warrants were exercised for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company issued 42,857 and 498,533 shares of common stock, respectively, for payment of approximately \$45 thousand and \$304 thousand, respectively, for services rendered and to be rendered in the future. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company issued 629,400 and 811,400 shares of common stock, respectively, for payment of approximately \$441 thousand and \$643 thousand, respectively, for services rendered and to be rendered in the future. The Company recorded the fair value of the services rendered and to be rendered in the future in prepaid expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

At December 31, 2008, the 522,500 shares underlying the 2007 and 2008 put options ("put options") granted to Moriah were presented on the balance sheet as redeemable common stock in the amount of \$429,000 which represented the amount for which the shares may be redeemed at the option of Moriah. On August 7, 2009, the put options expired when Moriah elected not to exercise its put options. At September 30, 2009, the 522,500 shares were classified as permanent equity on the balance sheet.

Note 10: Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or tax returns. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of changes in tax rates will be recognized as income or expense in the period that the change occurs. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is recorded when it is more likely than not that some or all of the benefit from the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Changes in circumstances, assumptions and clarification of uncertain tax regimes may require changes to any valuation allowances associated with the Company's deferred tax assets.

The tax years 2005-2008 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject. In the event that the Company is assessed interest or penalties at some point in the future, it will be classified in the financial statements as general and administrative expense.

Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

Royalty Payments

The Company, in accordance with a royalty agreement with Eastman Kodak, must pay to Eastman Kodak a certain percentage of net sales with respect to certain products, which percentages are defined in the agreement. The percentages are on a sliding scale depending on the amount of sales generated. Any minimum royalties paid will be credited against the amounts due based on the percentage of sales. The royalty agreement terminates upon the expiration of the issued patent which is the last to expire.

Effective May 30, 2007, Kodak and eMagin entered into an intellectual property agreement where eMagin has assigned Kodak the rights, title, and interest to a Company owned patent currently not being used by the Company and in consideration, Kodak waived the royalties due under the existing licensing agreements for the first six months of 2007, and reduced the royalty payments by 50% for the second half of 2007 and for the entire calendar year of 2008.

In addition, the minimum royalty payment was delayed until December 1st for the years 2007 and 2008. The Company recorded approximately \$142 thousand and \$396 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively, as income from the license of intangible assets and included this amount as other income in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Royalty expense (including amounts imputed – see above) was approximately \$284 thousand and \$792 thousand, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Effective January 1, 2009, the royalty payments are to be calculated at 100%. The minimum annual royalty payment of \$125 thousand was paid in January 2009.

In late 2008, the Company began evaluating the status of its manufacturing process and the use of the IP associated with its license agreement. After this analysis and after making a few changes to its manufacturing process, the Company determined it was no longer using the IP covered under the license agreement. As such, future royalty payments will be limited to the minimum royalty payment amount of \$125,000 plus any residual royalties on sales of product produced prior to the manufacturing process change if such amount exceeds the minimum royalty payment. The associated royalty liability has been reduced to royalties on inventory produced prior to the manufacturing process changes. The Company is in discussions with the licensor regarding its position on the license agreement and the final outcome of these discussions is yet to be determined. As of September 30, 2009, the Company believes that the total royalty owed is \$250 thousand which is based on applying the royalty formula to only the sold displays produced prior to the manufacturing process changes. Until a final outcome is reached, the Company will continue to recognize the reduced royalty liability as stated above. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company estimated that the royalty would be approximately \$1.0 million if the Company applied the royalty formula to all sold displays produced without consideration of the change in the manufacturing process. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded \$250 thousand as royalty expense in its consolidated statements of operations and the associated liability on its consolidated balance sheet as the Company believes that is the amount due under the agreement. 95

Contractual Obligations

The Company leases office facilities and office, lab and factory equipment under operating leases. Certain leases provide for payments of monthly operating expenses. The Company currently has lease commitments for space in Hopewell Junction, New York and Bellevue, Washington. In May 2009, the Company renewed its lease with IBM until May 31, 2014 with the option of extending the lease for five years. The Company's prior lease in Bellevue, Washington expired August 31, 2009. The Company signed a lease agreement for 5,100 square feet of office space effective September 1, 2009 through August 31, 2014 which will reduce the Company's monthly rent by approximately \$26 thousand. Rent expense was approximately \$336 thousand and \$1.1 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and \$332 thousand and \$996 thousand, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Note 12: Subsequent Events

In preparing the Company's financial statements, the Company evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 12, 2009, the date on which this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was filed with the SEC.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

The following table sets forth an itemization of all estimated expenses, all of which we will pay, in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities being registered:

NATURE OF EXPENSE AMOUNT

SEC Registration fee	\$ 357
Accounting fees and expenses	25,000*
Legal fees and expenses	30,000*
Miscellaneous	0
TOTAL	\$ 55,357*

^{*} Estimated.

ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

Our Articles of Incorporation, as amended and restated, provide to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware that our directors or officers shall not be personally liable to us or our shareholders for damages for breach of such director's or officer's fiduciary duty. The effect of this provision of our Articles of Incorporation, as amended and restated, is to eliminate our rights and our shareholders (through shareholders' derivative suits on behalf of our company) to recover damages against a director or officer for breach of the fiduciary duty of care as a director or officer (including breaches resulting from negligent or grossly negligent behavior), except under certain situations defined by statute. We believe that the indemnification provisions in our Articles of Incorporation, as amended, are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and officers.

Our By Laws also provide that the Board of Directors may also authorize us to indemnify our employees or agents, and to advance the reasonable expenses of such persons, to the same extent, following the same determinations and upon the same conditions as are required for the indemnification of and advancement of expenses to our directors and officers. As of the date of this Registration Statement, the Board of Directors has not extended indemnification rights to persons other than directors and officers.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable.

ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.

As previously reported on a Form 8-K that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2008, pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") entered into on December 18, 2008 between the Company and an accredited Investor ("Investor") on December 22, 2008 (the "Closing"), the Company sold the Investor for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,033,000 an aggregate of 4,033 shares of its Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"), which have a stated value of \$1,000 per share, a conversion price of

\$0.75 per share and have the rights and preferences set forth in the Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock filed with the Secretary of State for the State of Delaware on December 19, 2008 (the "Certificate of Designations"), and warrants to purchase 1,875,467 shares of common stock at \$1.03 per share. The warrants terminate on December 22, 2013.

On December 22, 2008, the Company entered into an Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with three holders ("Exchange Holders") of its outstanding Amended Notes (as defined below). Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, on December 22, 2008, the Exchange Holders exchanged \$1,700,000 of their outstanding Amended Notes and accrued and unpaid interest thereon and received 1,706 shares of the Preferred Stock (the amount of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on the Amended Notes exchanged divided by \$1,000).

On August 26, 2008, the Company and Moriah Capital, L.P. ("Moriah") entered into Amendment No. 3 to the Loan and Security Agreement dated as of August 20, 2008 (the "Amendment No. 3"). Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company issued Moriah a warrant, which terminates on August 7, 2013, to purchase up to 370,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share.

Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the Company and Moriah entered into an Amended and Restated Securities Issuance agreement (the "Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement"). In connection with a Securities Issuance Agreement, dated as of August 7, 2007 (the "Original Securities Issuance Agreement"), the Company issued Moriah 162,500 shares of the Company's common stock (the "2007 Shares"). Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, Moriah agreed to waive the Company's obligation to buy back the 2007 Shares with respect to 125,000 of such shares and to defer the Company's obligation to buy back 37,500 of such 2007 Shares (collectively, the "Put Waiver"). Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Agreement, the Company is issuing Moriah 485,000 shares of its Common Stock (of which 125,000 shares were issued in consideration for the Put Waiver from Moriah and 360,000 shares were issued in lieu of the issuance to Moriah of the Contingent Issued Shares (as described in the Original Securities Issuance Agreement)). Additionally, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, the Company has also granted Moriah a put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell 162,500 shares of its common stock issued under the Amended and Restated Securities Agreement for \$195,000, pro-rated for any portion thereof (the "2007 Put Price"). The 2007 Put Option shall automatically be deemed exercised by Moriah unless Moriah delivers written notice to the Company at any time between July 1, 2009 and August 1, 2009 that it does not wish to exercise the 2007 Put Option. The Company also granted Moriah a second put option pursuant to which Moriah can sell 360,000 of the shares issued to Moriah pursuant to the Amended and Restated Securities Purchase Agreement to the Company for \$234,000 (the "2008 Put Option"). The 2008 Put Option shall automatically be deemed exercised by Moriah unless Moriah delivers written notice to the Company at any time between July 1, 2009 and August 1, 2009 that Moriah does not wish to exercise the 2008 Put option in whole or in part.

On August 19, 2008, the Holders (as defined below) of the Amended Notes and the Investors in the Purchase Agreement (as defined below) consented to the Company's execution of the Amendment No. 3, Amended and Restated Securities Issuance Agreement, and the Amended Registration Rights Agreement. In consideration for the consent, a total of 144,000 shares of common stock were issued to the Holders and Investors based on individual participation in the Amended Notes and Securities Purchase Agreement on September 4, 2008.

On April 2, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which it sold to certain qualified institutional buyers and accredited investors an aggregate of 1,586,539 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and warrants to purchase an additional 793,273 shares of common stock, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,650,000. The purchase price of the common stock was \$1.04 per share and the strike price of the corresponding warrant was \$1.30 per share. The warrants expire April 2, 2013. The warrants contain provisions protecting against dilution resulting from the sale of additional shares of the Company's common stock for less than the exercise price of the warrants, or the market price of the common stock, on the date of such issuance or sale. On December 22, 2008, the outstanding warrants were re-priced to \$1.13.

The Company and Moriah entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Loan and Security Agreement dated as of March 25, 2008 (the "Amendment No. 2"). Pursuant to the Amendment No. 2, Moriah waived the Company's noncompliance with Sections 7.2, 7.3, 8.11, 9.1, 9.3, 9.5(c) and 11.5 of the Loan and Security Agreement to the extent such noncompliance resulted solely from the Company's inadvertently misstating the amount of its inventory that contained defective parts (the "Defective Inventory Count"), provided that on or before April 8, 2008 the Company repays Moriah all prior Advances (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement), which exceed the Maximum Credit (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) if any, as a result of the Defective Inventory Count. Pursuant to the Amendment No. 2, the Company has advised Moriah of certain delays in implementing the Lockbox Agreement, as required under the Loan and Security Agreement, which, if unwaived, would result in the Company's noncompliance with section 2.1(f) of the Loan and Security Agreement and with Section 3 of the Post-Closing Agreement between the Company and Moriah, dated August 7, 2007. Moriah agreed to waive noncompliance with Sections 2.1(f) of the Loan and Security Agreement and Security Agreement in reliance on the Company's representation and warranty that all lockbox arrangements required to be implemented under Section 2.1(f) of the Loan and Security Agreement and under Section 3 of the Post-Closing Agreement have been consummated and are in full force and effect as of March 12, 2008.

On January 30, 2008, the Company and Moriah entered into a Warrant Issuance Agreement (the "Warrant Issuance Agreement"). The Company and Moriah entered into Amendment No. 1 to the Warrant Issuance Agreement. Pursuant to the Amendment No. 1 to Warrant Issuance Agreement, the Company issued Moriah a Warrant to purchase 250,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share until March 25, 2013 (the "March 2008 Warrant"). Pursuant to the Amendment No. 1 to the Warrant Issuance Agreement, Section 3.2 of the Warrant Issuance Agreement was amended to provide that the Company has to file by April 29, 2008 a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission to register 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants issued to Moriah (including the March 2008 Warrant and a warrant to purchase 750,000 shares of the Common Stock which was previously issued to Moriah).

The Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, effective as of August 7, 2007 with Moriah. In connection with the transaction, the Company issued 162,500 shares of its common stock, which shares had an aggregate market value at the Closing Date of \$195,000. On July 23, 2007, the Company entered into Amendment Agreements with the holders of the Notes (as defined below) issued July 21, 2006 and March 28, 2007 (each a "Holder" and collectively, the "Holders") and agreed to issue each Holder an amended and restated Note (the "Amended Notes") in the principal amount equal to the principal amount outstanding as of July 23, 2007 and an amended and restated Warrant (as defined below) (the "Amended Warrant").

The changes to the Amended Notes include the following:

The due date for the outstanding Notes (totaling after conversions an aggregate of \$6,020,000) has been extended to December 21, 2008;

The Amended Notes are convertible into (i) 8,407,612 shares of the Company's common stock. The conversion price for \$5,770,000 of principal was revised from \$2.60 to \$0.75 per share. The conversion price of \$0.35 per share for \$250,000 of principal was unchanged;

\$3,010,000 of the Amended Notes can convert into (ii) 3,010 shares of the Company's newly formed Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Preferred") at a conversion price of \$1,000 per share. The Preferred is convertible into common stock at the same price allowable by the Amended Notes, subject to adjustment as provided for in the Certificate of Designations;

Except for the Stillwater Note (as defined below), the Amendment Agreements adjusted the exercise price of the Amended Warrants from \$3.60 to \$1.03 per share for 1,553,468 shares of common stock and require the issuance of warrants exerciseable for an additional 3,831,859 shares of common stock exercisable at \$1.03 per share pursuant to which the Holders may acquire common stock, until July 21, 2011; and

As of July 23, 2007 the interest rate was raised from 6% to 8%.

On March 28, 2007, we entered into an amendment of the Note Purchase Agreement (the "Stillwater Note Purchase Agreement") for the sale of \$500 thousand of senior secured debentures (the "Stillwater Note") and warrants to purchase approximately 1.0 million shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share. The investor purchased the Stillwater Note with a conversion price of \$0.35 per share that may convert into approximately 1.4 million shares of common stock and warrants exercisable at \$0.48 per share into approximately 1.0 million shares of common stock expiring in 4.2 years. If the Stillwater Notes are not converted, 50% of the principal amount will be due on July 21, 2007 and the remaining 50% will be due on January 21, 2008. 6% interest is payable in quarterly installments on outstanding notes with the first installment to be paid June 1, 2007. On April 9, 2007, we closed the transaction and received approximately \$460 thousand, net of offering costs of approximately \$40 thousand which are amortized over the life of the Stillwater Note.

In 2006, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 114,855 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$2.64 per share to employees as compensation for services performed on behalf of our company. In addition, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 3,900 shares of common stock at a price equal to \$2.60 per share to a director as compensation for services performed on our behalf as his capacity as director of our company.

On July 21, 2006, we entered into several Note Purchase Agreements, including the Stillwater Note Purchase Agreement, for the sale of approximately \$5.99 million of senior secured debentures (the "Notes") together with warrants to purchase approximately 1.8 million shares of common stock. The Notes may convert into approximately \$2.3 million shares at a conversion price of \$2.60. The 5 year warrants are exercisable at \$3.60 per share into approximately 1.6 million shares of common stock. 50% of the aggregate principal amount matures on July 21, 2007 and the remaining 50% matures on January 21, 2008. For the year ended December 31, 2006, two note holders converted their promissory notes valued at approximately \$0.22 million and were issued an aggregate of approximately 85 thousand shares.

On October 20, 2005, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company sold and issued 1,661,906 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, at a price of \$5.50 per share and warrants to purchase up to 997,143 shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$9.14 million. The warrants are exercisable at a price of \$10.00 per share and expire on April 20, 2011. Of the 997,143 warrants, 664,763 of the warrants are exercisable on or after May 20, 2006. The remaining 332,381 are exercisable after March 31, 2007.

In 2005, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 267,900 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$12.10 per share to employees as compensation for services performed on behalf of our company. In addition, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 49,750 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$6.80 per share to directors as compensation for services performed on our behalf in each of their capacities as directors of our company.

On January 9, 2004, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with several accredited institutional and private investors whereby such investors purchased an aggregate of 333,336 shares of common stock and 431,221 warrant shares for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$4.2 million. The shares of common stock were priced at a 20% discount to the average closing price of the stock from December 30, 2003 to January 6, 2004, which ranged from \$13.80 to \$19.40 per share during the period for an average closing price of \$12.60 per share. In addition, the investors received warrants to purchase an aggregate of 200,002 shares of common stock (subject to anti-dilution adjustments) exercisable at a price of \$17.40 per share for a period of five (5) years. The warrants were priced at a 10% premium to the average closing price of the stock for the pricing period. In connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement, eMagin also issued additional warrants to the investors to acquire an aggregate of 231,219 shares of common stock. On April 9, 2007, the 116,573 outstanding Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrants were re-priced to \$0.35.

In February 2004, the Company and all of the holders of the Secured Convertible Notes (the "Notes"), which were due in November 2005, entered into an agreement whereby the holders agreed to an early conversion of 100% of the principal amount of the Notes aggregating \$7.825 million, together with all of the accrued interest of approximately \$742,000 on the Notes, into 1,139,462 shares of the Company's common stock. In consideration of the Noteholders agreeing to the early conversion of the Notes, eMagin agreed to issue the Noteholders warrants to purchase an aggregate of 250,000 shares of common stock (the "warrants"), which warrants are exercisable at a price of \$27.60 per share. 150,000 of the warrants (series D warrants) expired on December 31, 2005. The remaining 100,000 of the warrants (series E warrants) are exercisable until June 10, 2008.

n August 2004, the Company and certain of the holders of its outstanding Class A, B and C common stock purchase warrants entered into an agreement pursuant to which the Company and the holders of the warrants agreed to the \$9.00 re-pricing and exercise of Class A, B and C common stock purchase warrants. As a condition to the transaction, the holders of the warrants agreed to limit the right of participation that they were granted in January 9, 2004. As a result of the transaction, the holders agreed to re-price and exercise approximately, 209,989 Class A, B and/or C common stock purchase warrants for an aggregate of \$1,889,900.

On October 21, 2004, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which eMagin sold and issued 1,033,453 shares of common stock, and series F common stock warrants to purchase 512,976 of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,772,500. The common stock was priced at \$10.50. The Series F Warrants are exercisable from April 25, 2005 until April 25, 2010 at an exercise price of \$12.10 per share, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of specific events, including stock dividends, stock splits, combinations or reclassifications of the Company's common stock or distributions of cash or other assets. In addition, the Series F Warrants contain provisions protecting against dilution resulting from the sale of additional shares of the Company's common stock for less than the exercise price of the Series F Warrants, or the market price of the common stock, on the date of such issuance or sale.

On October 28, 2004, eMagin entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which eMagin sold and issued 274,048 shares of common stock, and series F common stock purchase warrants to purchase eMagin's common stock to purchasers for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,877,500. The common stock was priced at \$10.50. The Series F Warrants are exercisable from April 25, 2005 until April 25, 2010 to purchase up to 137,024 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$12.10 per share, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of specific events, including stock dividends, stock splits, combinations or reclassifications of eMagin's common stock or distributions of cash or other assets. In addition, the Series F Warrants contain provisions protecting against dilution resulting from the sale of additional shares of eMagin's common stock for less than the exercise price of the Series F Warrants, or the market price of the common stock, on the date of such issuance or sale. On April 9, 2007, the outstanding 650,001 Series F Common Stock Purchase Warrants were re-priced to \$7.12.

In 2004, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 313,300 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$15.30 per share to employees as compensation for services performed on behalf of our company. In addition, we issued options to purchase an aggregate of 16,250 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$17.70 per share to directors as compensation for services performed on our behalf in each of their capacities as directors of our company.

*All of the above issuances and sales were deemed to be exempt under Rule 506 of Regulation D and Section (2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. No advertising or general solicitation was employed in offering the securities. The offerings and sales were made to a limited number of persons, all of whom were accredited investors, business associates of eMagin or executive officers of eMagin, and transfer was restricted by eMagin in accordance with the requirement of the Securities Act of 1933. In addition to representations by the above-reference persons, we have made independent determinations that 11 of the above-referenced person were accredited or sophisticated investors, and that they were capable of analyzing the merits and risks of their investment, and that they understood the speculative nature of their investment. Furthermore, all of the above-referenced persons were provided with access to our Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following exhibits and financial statement schedule: Schedule II – Valuation and Qualifying Accounts are included as part of this Form S-1/A. References to "the Company" in this Exhibit List mean eMagin Corp., a Delaware corporation.

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger between Fashion Dynamics Corp., FED Capital Acquisition Corporation and FED Corporation dated March 13, 2000 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed on March 17, 2000).
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.2 to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed on June 14, 2001).
3.2	Amended Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to exhibit A to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed on June 13, 2003).
3.3	Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.3 to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed on June 14, 2001).
3.4	Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2008).
4.1	Form of Warrant dated as of April 25, 2003 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2003).
4.2	Form of Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrant dated as of January 9, 2004 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2004).
4.3	Form of Series B Common Stock Purchase Warrant dated as of January 9, 2004 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2004).
4.4	Form of Series C Common Stock Purchase Warrant dated as of January 9, 2004 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2004).
4.5	Form of Series D Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on March 4, 2004).
4.6	Form of Series E Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on March 4, 2004).
4.7	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on August 26, 2008).

4.8	Form of Amended and Restated Secured Revolving Loan Note (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on August 26, 2008).
4.9	Form of Series F Warrant (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on October 26, 2004).
4.10	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant dated October 20, 2005, filed October 31, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
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4.11	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2008).
5.1	Consent of Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP (filed herewith).
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10.1	2000 Stock Option Plan, (incorporated by reference to Annex A to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on March 14, 2000).*
10.2	Form of Agreement for Stock Option Grant pursuant to 2003 Stock Option Plan (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on March 14, 2000).*
10.3	Nonexclusive Field of Use License Agreement relating to OLED Technology for miniature, high resolution displays between the Eastman Kodak Company and FED Corporation dated March 29, 1999 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.6 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2000 filed on April 30, 2001).
10.4	Amendment Number 1 to the Nonexclusive Field of Use License Agreement relating to the LED Technology for miniature, high resolution displays between the Eastman Kodak Company and FED Corporation dated March 16, 2000 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.7 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2000 filed on April 30, 2001).
10.5	Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated May 28, 1999 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 30, 2001).
10.6	Amendment Number 1 to the Lease between International Bushiness Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated July 9, 1999 (incorporated by reference to exhibits 10.8 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 30, 2001)
10.7	Amendment Number 2 to the Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated January 29, 2001 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.11 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 filed on March 30, 2001).
10.8	Amendment Number 3 to Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated May 28, 2002 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008).
10.9	Amendment Number 4 to Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated December 14, 2004 (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 20, 2004).
10.10	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of April 25, 2003 by and among eMagin and the investors identified on the signature pages thereto, filed April 28, 2003, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.11	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of April 25, 2003 by and among eMagin and certain initial investors identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2003).

10.12	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of January 9, 2004 by and among eMagin and the investors identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2004).
10.13	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of January 9, 2004 by and among eMagin and certain initial investors identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 9, 2004).
10.14	Master Amendment Agreement dated as of February 17, 2004 by and among eMagin and the investors identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 4, 2004).
10.15	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of February 17, 2004 by and among eMagin and certain initial investors identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 4, 2004).
10.16	Letter Agreement amending the Master Amendment Agreement dated as of March 1, 2004 by and among eMagin and the parties to the Master Amendment Agreement (incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 4, 2004).
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10.17	Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated May 28, 1999, as filed in the Registrant's Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2000 (incorporated by reference to the Form 10-K filed on March 30, 2001).
10.18	Amendment Number 2 to the Lease between International Business Machines Corporation and FED Corporation dated January 29, 2001, as filed in the Registrant's Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Form 10-K filed March 30, 2001).
10.19	Secured Note Purchase Agreement entered into as of November 27, 2001, by and among eMagin Corporation and certain investors named therein, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated December 18, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Form 8-K filed December 18, 2001).
10.20	2004 Non-Employee Compensation Plan, filed July 7, 2004, as filed in the Registrant's Form S-8, incorporated herein by reference.*
10.21	Form of Letter Agreement by and among eMagin and the holders of the Class A, Class B and Class C common stock purchase warrants, filed August 9, 2004, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.22	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of October 21, 2004 by and among eMagin and the purchasers listed on the signature pages thereto, filed October 26, 2004 as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.23	Placement Agency Agreement dated as of October 21, 2004 by and among eMagin and W.R. Hambrecht & Co., LLC, filed October 26, 2004, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.24	Agreement, dated as of June 29, 2004, by and between eMagin and Larkspur Capital Corporation, filed October 26, 2004, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.25	Sublease Agreement dated as of July 14, 2005 by and between eMagin and Cap Gemini U.S., LLC, filed August 2, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.26	Amended and Restated 2003 Stock Option Plan, filed September 1, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, incorporated herein by reference.*
10.27	Amended and Restated 2004 Non-Employee Compensation Plan, filed September 1, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, incorporated herein by reference.*
10.28	2005 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, filed September 1, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement, incorporated herein by reference.*
10.29	Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of October 20, 2005, by and among eMagin and the purchasers listed on the signature pages thereto, filed October 31, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.

10.3	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of October 20, 2005, by and among eMagin and the purchasers listed on the signature pages thereto, filed October 31, 2005, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.3	Employment Agreement effective as of January 1, 2006 by and between eMagin and Gary Jones, filed January 27, 2006, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.3	Employment Agreement effective as of January 1, 2006 by and between eMagin and Susan Jones, filed January 27, 2006, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference.
10.3	Amendment to Employment Agreement as of April 17, 2006 by and between eMagin and Gary Jones.
10.3	Amendment to Employment Agreement as of April 17, 2006 by and between eMagin and Susan Jones.
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10.35 Form of Note Purchase Agreement dated July 21, 2006, by and among the Company and the investors named on the signature pages thereto, (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008). 10.36 Form of Note Purchase Agreement dated July 21, 2006, by and between the Company and Stillwater LLC, (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008). 10.37 2004 Amended and Restated Non-Employee Compensation Plan, filed September 21, 2006, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement incorporated herein by reference.* 10.38 Executive Separation and Consulting Agreement dated as of January 11, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Gary W. Jones, filed January 19, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K/A incorporated herein by reference. 10.39 Letter Agreement dated as of February 12, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Dr. K.C. Park, filed February 16, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.40 Allonge to the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Notes Due 2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference.
between the Company and Stillwater LLC, (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008). 10.37 2004 Amended and Restated Non-Employee Compensation Plan, filed September 21, 2006, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement incorporated herein by reference.* 10.38 Executive Separation and Consulting Agreement dated as of January 11, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Gary W. Jones, filed January 19, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K/A incorporated herein by reference. 10.39 Letter Agreement dated as of February 12, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Dr. K.C. Park, filed February 16, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.40 Allonge to the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Notes Due 2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference.
filed September 21, 2006, as filed in the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement incorporated herein by reference.* 10.38 Executive Separation and Consulting Agreement dated as of January 11, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Gary W. Jones, filed January 19, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K/A incorporated herein by reference. 10.39 Letter Agreement dated as of February 12, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Dr. K.C. Park, filed February 16, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.40 Allonge to the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Notes Due 2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference.
January 11, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Gary W. Jones, filed January 19, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K/A incorporated herein by reference. 10.39 Letter Agreement dated as of February 12, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Dr. K.C. Park, filed February 16, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.40 Allonge to the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Notes Due 2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference.
eMagin Corporation and Dr. K.C. Park, filed February 16, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.40 Allonge to the 6% Senior Secured Convertible Notes Due 2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference. 10.42 Note Purchase Agreement as of April 9, 2007 by and between
2007-2008 of eMagin Corporation dated as of March 9, 2007, filed March 13, 2007, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K incorporated herein by reference. 10.41 First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement as of March 28, 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference. 10.42 Note Purchase Agreement as of April 9, 2007 by and between
 2007 by and between eMagin Corporation and Stillwater LLC, as filed in the Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 26, 2007 incorporated herein by reference. Note Purchase Agreement as of April 9, 2007 by and between
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Form 8-K dated April 25, 2007 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008).
10.43 6% Senior Secured Convertible Note, dated April 9, 2007, by and between the Company and Stillwater LLC, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on April 26, 2007.
10.44 Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated April 9, 2007, by and between the Company and Stillwater LLC, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on April 26, 2007.
Employment Agreement between the Company and Tatum, LLC, dated December 26, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on January 3, 2008.

	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K/A as filed on February 8, 2008.
10.47	Amendment No. 1 to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of January 30, 2008, to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated August 7, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K/A as filed February 8, 2008.
10.48	Warrant Issuance Agreement, dated January 30, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K/A as filed February 8, 2008.
10.49	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed on March 31, 2008.
10.50	Amendment No. 2 to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2008 to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated August 7, 2007, as amended on January 30, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed March 31, 2008.
10.51	Amendment No. 1 to Warrant Issuance Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2008, as amended on January 30, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed March 31, 2008.
10.52	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed on April 4, 2008.
10.53	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed April 4, 2008 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed November 12, 2008).
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10.54	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed April 4, 2008.
10.55	Agreement between the Company and Tatum, LLC, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, filed April 18, 2008.
10.56	Employment Agreement effective as of June 1, 2008 by and between eMagin and Andrew Sculley, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K/A as filed August 19, 2008.
10.57	Amendment No. 3 to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008 to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated August 7, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed August 26, 2008.
10.58	Warrant Issuance Agreement No. 2, dated August 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed August 26, 2008.
10.59	Amended and restated Securities Issuance Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed August 26, 2008.
10.60	Amendment, dated August 20, 2008, to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 7, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K, as filed August 26, 2008.
10.61	Loan and Security Agreement between Moriah Capital, L.P. and eMagin Corporation, dated as of August 7, 2007, (incorporated by reference to the Company's Form S-1A as filed February 2, 2009)**
10.62	Amendment Agreement, dated as of July 23, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on July 25, 2007.
10.63	Form of Amended and Restated 8% Senior Secured Convertible Note due 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on July 25, 2007.
10.64	Form of Amended and Restated Common Stock Purchase Warrant, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on July 25, 2007.
10.65	Form of Amendment No. 1 to Patent and Security Agreement, , filed July 25, 2007, Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on July 25, 2007.
10.66	

	Form of Lockbox Agreement, filed July 25, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed on July 25, 2007.
10.67	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated December 18, 2008 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 22, 2008).
10.68	Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 18, 2008 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.2 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 22, 2008).
10.69	Exchange Agreement, dated December 18, 2008 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 99.3 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 22, 2008).
10.70	Employment Agreement effective as of May 8, 2009 by and between eMagin and Paul Campbell, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed May 14, 2009.
10.71	Amendment Number 6 to the lease between International Business Machines Corporation and eMagin Corporation dated May 27, 2009 (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-k filed on June 19, 2009).
10.72	Lease between Northup Building LLC and eMagin dated May 28, 2009 (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-k filed on June 19, 2009).
23.1	Consent of Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).
23.2	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (filed herewith).

^{*} Each of the Exhibits noted by an asterisk is a management compensatory plan or arrangement.

** The confidential portions of this exhibit have been omitted and flied separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 16.

eMAGIN CORPORATION SCHEDULE II – VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Year Ended	Beginni Baland	ee E	narged to xpenses (In ousands)	Amounts Written Off	Ending Balance
December 31, 2008	\$ (358) \$	509	\$ 10	\$ (857)
December 31, 2007	\$ (443) \$	_	- \$ 85	\$ (358)
December 31, 2006	\$ (487) \$	_	- \$ 44	\$ (443)

ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to:

- (1) File, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement to:
- (i) Include any prospectus required by Section 10(a) (3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act");
- (ii) Reflect in the prospectus any facts or events which, individually or together, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of the securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement, and,
- (iii) Include any additional or changed material information on the plan of distribution.
- (2) For determining liability under the Securities Act, treat each post-effective amendment as a new registration statement of the securities offered, and the offering of the securities at that time to be the initial bona fide offering.
- (3) File a post-effective amendment to remove from registration any of the securities that remain unsold at the end of the offering.
- (4) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, treat the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b) (1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act as part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

- (5) For the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities: The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
 - 1. Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
 - 2. Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
 - 3. The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - 4. Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

- (6) For determining any liability under the Securities Act, treat each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus as a new registration statement for the securities offered in the registration statement, and that offering of the securities at that time as the initial bona fide offering of those securities.
- (7) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (8) Each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-1 and has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, in the City of Bellevue, State of Washington on November 23, 2009.

EMAGIN CORP.

Date: November 23, 2009 By: /s/ ANDREW G. SCULLEY

Andrew G. Sculley

Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 23, 2009 By: /s/ PAUL CAMPBELL

Paul Campbell

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal

Accounting Officer)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Andrew G. Sculley his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agent with full powers of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this Registration Statement, any Amendments thereto and any Registration Statement of the same offering which is effective upon filing pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent, each acting alone, full powers and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all said attorney-in-fact and agent, acting alone, or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated below.

Signature	Title	Date
	Chief Executive Office and	
/// 1 0 0 11	President	N 1 22 2000
/s/ Andrew G. Sculley Andrew G. Sculley	(Principal Executive Officer)	November 23, 2009
	Chief Financial Officer	November 23, 2009
	(Principal Financial Officer and	
/s/ Paul Campbell	Principal Accounting Officer)	
Paul Campbell	1	
/s/ Thomas Paulsen	Director	November 23, 2009
Thomas Paulsen		

/s/ Claude Charles Claude Charles	Director	November 23, 2009
/s/ Paul Cronson Paul Cronson	Director	November 23, 2009
/s/ Irwin Engelman Irwin Engelman	Director	November 23, 2009
Dr. Jacob E. Goldman	Director	November 23, 2009
/s/ Brig. Gen. Stephen Seay Brig. Gen. Stephen Seay	Director	November 23, 2009